	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
01/18/2022	•	
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The Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs (Berman) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 39 - 403

4 and insert:

Section 1. This act may be cited as "Greyson's Law."

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Section 2. Subsections (2) through (23) of section 61.046,

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Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (24), respectively, and a new subsection (2) is added to that

section to read:

61.046 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:



(2) "Child" has the same meaning as in s. 39.01(11). Section 3. Paragraph (t) of subsection (3) of section 61.13, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (w), paragraph (c) of subsection (2) is amended, and new paragraphs (t) and (v) are added to subsection (3) of that section, to read:

61.13 Support of children; parenting and time-sharing; powers of court.-

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- (c) The court shall determine all matters relating to parenting and time-sharing of each minor child of the parties in accordance with the best interests of the child and in accordance with the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, except that modification of a parenting plan and time-sharing schedule requires a showing of a substantial, material, and unanticipated change of circumstances.
- 1. It is the public policy of this state that each $\frac{minor}{minor}$ child has frequent and continuing contact with both parents after the parents separate or the marriage of the parties is dissolved and to encourage parents to share the rights and responsibilities, and joys, of childrearing. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, there is no presumption for or against the father or mother of the child or for or against any specific time-sharing schedule when creating or modifying the parenting plan of the child.
- 2. The court shall order that the parental responsibility for a minor child be shared by both parents if determined to be in the best interests of the child based on reasonable factors, including, but not limited to, the time-sharing factors in

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subsection (3), unless the court finds that shared parental responsibility would be detrimental to the child. There is The following evidence creates a rebuttable presumption that shared parental responsibility is not in the best interests of the child and would be detrimental of detriment to the child if it is proven by clear and convincing evidence that:

- a. A parent has been convicted of a misdemeanor of the first degree or higher involving domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28 and chapter 775;
 - b. A parent meets the criteria of s. 39.806(1)(d); or
- c. A parent has been convicted of or had adjudication withheld for an offense enumerated in s. 943.0435(1)(h)1.a., and at the time of the offense:
 - (I) The parent was 18 years of age or older.
- (II) The victim was under 18 years of age or the parent believed the victim to be under 18 years of age;
- d. A parent or child has reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger of becoming a victim of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, caused by the other parent upon a review of all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the factors in s. 741.30(6)(b); or
- e. There is domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28; sexual violence, as defined in s. 784.046(1)(c); child abuse, as defined in s. 39.01(2); child abandonment, as defined in s. 39.01(1); or child neglect, as defined in s. 39.01(50), by a parent against the other parent, or against a child or children who the parents share in common, regardless of whether a cause of action has been brought or is currently pending in the court. Whether or not there is a conviction of any offense of domestic



violence or child abuse or the existence of an injunction for protection against domestic violence, the court shall consider evidence of domestic violence or child abuse as evidence of detriment to the child.

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> A parent may rebut the presumption that shared parental responsibility is not in the best interests of the child upon a specific finding in writing by the court that the parent poses no significant risk of harm to the child and that time-sharing is in the best interests of the child. If the presumption is rebutted, the court shall consider all time-sharing factors in subsection (3) when developing the time-sharing schedule.

- 3. If the presumption is not rebutted after the offending or convicted parent is advised by the court that the presumption exists, shared parental responsibility, including time-sharing with the child, and decisions made regarding the child, may not be granted to the offending or convicted parent. However, the offending or convicted parent is not relieved of any obligation to provide financial support.
- 4. If the court determines that shared parental responsibility would be detrimental to the child based on factors other than those in subparagraph 2., it may order sole parental responsibility for the child to one parent and make such arrangements for time-sharing as specified in the parenting plan that as will best protect the child or parent, including, but not limited to, supervised visitation by a third party at the expense of the parent without sole parental responsibility or a designated location in which to pick up and drop off the child abused spouse from further harm. Whether or not there is a

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conviction of any offense of domestic violence or child abuse the existence of an injunction for protection against domestic violence, the court shall consider evidence of domestic violence or child abuse as evidence of detriment to the child.

- 5.3. In ordering shared parental responsibility, the court may consider the expressed desires of the parents and may grant to one party the ultimate responsibility over specific aspects of the child's welfare or may divide those responsibilities between the parties based on the best interests of the child. Areas of responsibility may include education, health care, and any other responsibilities that the court finds unique to a particular family.
- 6.4. The court shall order sole parental responsibility for a minor child to one parent, with or without time-sharing with the other parent if it is in the best interests of the $\frac{minor}{minor}$ child.
- 7.5. There is a rebuttable presumption against granting time-sharing with a minor child if a parent has been convicted of or had adjudication withheld for an offense enumerated in s. 943.0435(1)(h)1.a., and at the time of the offense:
 - a. The parent was 18 years of age or older.
- b. The victim was under 18 years of age or the parent 119 120 believed the victim to be under 18 years of age.

A parent may rebut the presumption upon a specific finding in writing by the court that the parent poses no significant risk of harm to the child and that time-sharing is in the best interests of the minor child. If the presumption is rebutted, the court shall consider all time-sharing factors in subsection

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(3) when developing a time-sharing schedule.

8.6. Access to records and information pertaining to a minor child, including, but not limited to, medical, dental, and school records, may not be denied to either parent. Full rights under this subparagraph apply to either parent unless a court order specifically revokes these rights, including any restrictions on these rights as provided in a domestic violence injunction. A parent having rights under this subparagraph has the same rights upon request as to form, substance, and manner of access as are available to the other parent of a child, including, without limitation, the right to in-person communication with medical, dental, and education providers.

- (3) For purposes of establishing or modifying parental responsibility and creating, developing, approving, or modifying a parenting plan, including a time-sharing schedule, which governs each parent's relationship with his or her minor child and the relationship between each parent with regard to his or her minor child, the best interest of the child shall be the primary consideration. A determination of parental responsibility, a parenting plan, or a time-sharing schedule may not be modified without a showing of a substantial, material, and unanticipated change in circumstances and a determination that the modification is in the best interests of the child. Determination of the best interests of the child shall be made by evaluating all of the factors affecting the welfare and interests of the particular minor child and the circumstances of that family, including, but not limited to:
- (t) Whether and to what extent the child has developed a relationship with either parent and the nature of any bond that



156 has been established between such parent and the child. 157 (u) Whether the child has expressed or exhibited behavior 158 which suggests that the child has a well-founded fear of a 159 parent. 160 (v) Clear and convincing evidence that a parent has an 161 improper motive for seeking shared parental responsibility, and 162 whether such motive will negatively interfere with that parent's 163 ability to safely and effectively share parental 164 responsibilities. 165 Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 414.0252, Florida 166 Statutes, is amended to read: 167 414.0252 Definitions.—As used in ss. 414.025-414.55, the 168 term: 169 (4) "Domestic violence" means coercive control or any 170 assault, aggravated assault, battery, aggravated battery, sexual 171 assault, sexual battery, stalking, aggravated stalking, kidnapping, false imprisonment, or other any criminal offense 172 173 that results in the physical injury or death of one family or 174 household member by another. 175 Section 5. Subsections (1) through (4) of section 741.28, 176 Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (2) through (5), 177 respectively, present subsection (2) is amended, and a new 178 subsection (1) is added to that section, to read: 179 741.28 Domestic violence; definitions.—As used in ss. 741.28-741.31: 180 181 (1) "Coercive control" means a pattern of threatening, 182 humiliating, or intimidating actions by one family or household 183 member against another family or household member, which actions

are used to harm, punish, or frighten the family or household

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L85	member and make him or her dependent on the other family or
L86	household member by isolating, exploiting, or regulating him or
L87	her. The term includes, but is not limited to:
L88	(a) Isolating the family or household member from his or
L89	her friends or family.
L90	(b) Controlling the amount of money accessible to the
L91	family or household member and how he or she spends such money.
L92	(c) Monitoring the family or household member's activities,
L93	communications, or movements.
L94	(d) Frequently engaging in conduct meant to demean,
L95	degrade, dehumanize, or embarrass the family or household
L96	member.
L97	(e) Threatening to cause physical harm to or kill a child
L98	or relative of the family or household member.
L99	(f) Threatening to publish false information or make false
200	reports to a law enforcement officer or other law enforcement
201	personnel about the family or household member.
202	(g) Damaging the family or household member's property,
203	household goods, or personal effects.
204	(h) Forcing the family or household member to participate
205	in criminal activity.
206	(3) (2) "Domestic violence" means coercive control or any
207	assault, aggravated assault, battery, aggravated battery, sexual
208	assault, sexual battery, stalking, aggravated stalking,
209	kidnapping, false imprisonment, or other any criminal offense
210	resulting in physical injury or death of one family or household
211	member by another family or household member.
212	Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and paragraph

(b) of subsection (3) of section 741.30, Florida Statutes, are



amended to read:

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741.30 Domestic violence; injunction; powers and duties of court and clerk; petition; notice and hearing; temporary injunction; issuance of injunction; statewide verification system; enforcement; public records exemption.-

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- (c) 1. The clerk of the court shall assist petitioners in seeking both injunctions for protection against domestic violence and enforcement for a violation thereof as specified in this section.
- 2. All clerks' offices shall provide simplified petition forms for the injunction, any modifications, and the enforcement thereof, including instructions for completion. The instructions must inform the petitioner that if he or she intends to seek an injunction that prohibits or limits time-sharing between the respondent and the child of the parties, he or she must state with specificity details regarding the circumstances that give rise to the petitioner fearing that the respondent imminently will abuse, remove, or hide the child from the petitioner.
- 3. The clerk of the court shall advise petitioners of the opportunity to apply for a certificate of indigence in lieu of prepayment for the cost of the filing fee, as provided in paragraph (a).
- 4. The clerk of the court shall ensure the petitioner's privacy to the extent practical while completing the forms for injunctions for protection against domestic violence.
- 5. The clerk of the court shall provide petitioners with a minimum of two certified copies of the order of injunction, one of which is serviceable and will inform the petitioner of the



process for service and enforcement.

- 6. Clerks of court and appropriate staff in each county shall receive training in the effective assistance of petitioners as provided or approved by the Florida Association of Court Clerks.
- 7. The clerk of the court in each county shall make available informational brochures on domestic violence when such brochures are provided by local certified domestic violence centers.
- 8. The clerk of the court in each county shall distribute a statewide uniform informational brochure to petitioners at the time of filing for an injunction for protection against domestic or repeat violence when such brochures become available. The brochure must include information about the effect of giving the court false information about domestic violence.
- (3) (a) The sworn petition must allege the existence of such domestic violence and must include the specific facts and circumstances upon the basis of which relief is sought.
- (b) The sworn petition shall be in substantially the following form:

PETITION FOR

INJUNCTION FOR PROTECTION AGAINST DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

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Before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Petitioner ... (Name) ..., who has been sworn and says that the following statements are true:

(a) Petitioner resides at: ... (address) ...

(Petitioner may furnish address to the court in a separate



2/2	confidential filing if, for safety reasons, the petitioner
273	requires the location of the current residence to be
274	confidential.)
275	(b) Respondent resides at:(last known address)
276	(c) Respondent's last known place of employment:(name
277	of business and address)
278	(d) Physical description of respondent:
279	Race
280	Sex
281	Date of birth
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283	Weight
284	Eye color
285	Hair color
286	Distinguishing marks or scars
287	(e) Aliases of respondent:
288	(f) Respondent is the spouse or former spouse of the
289	petitioner or is any other person related by blood or marriage
290	to the petitioner or is any other person who is or was residing
291	within a single dwelling unit with the petitioner, as if a
292	family, or is a person with whom the petitioner has a child in
293	common, regardless of whether the petitioner and respondent are
294	or were married or residing together, as if a family.
295	(g) The following describes any other cause of action
296	currently pending between the petitioner and respondent:
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298	The petitioner should also describe any previous or pending
299	attempts by the petitioner to obtain an injunction for
300	protection against domestic violence in this or any other



301	circuit, and the results of that attempt:
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303	Case numbers should be included if available.
304	(h) Petitioner is either a victim of domestic violence or
305	has reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger
306	of becoming a victim of domestic violence because respondent
307	has: (mark all sections that apply and describe in the spaces
308	below the incidents of violence or threats of violence,
309	specifying when and where they occurred, including, but not
310	limited to, locations such as a home, school, place of
311	employment, or visitation exchange)
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314	committed or threatened to commit domestic violence
315	defined in s. 741.28, Florida Statutes, as coercive control or
316	any assault, aggravated assault, battery, aggravated battery,
317	sexual assault, sexual battery, stalking, aggravated stalking,
318	kidnapping, false imprisonment, or other any criminal offense
319	resulting in physical injury or death of one family or household
320	member by another. With the exception of persons who are parents
321	of a child in common, the family or household members must be
322	currently residing or have in the past resided together in the
323	same single dwelling unit.
324	previously threatened, harassed, stalked, or physically
325	abused the petitioner.
326	attempted to harm the petitioner or family members or
327	individuals closely associated with the petitioner.
328	threatened to conceal, kidnap, or harm the petitioner's
329	child or children (provide details in paragraph (i) below).



330intentionally injured or killed a family pet. 331used, or has threatened to use, against the petitioner 332 any weapons such as guns or knives. 333physically restrained the petitioner from leaving the home or calling law enforcement. 334 335a criminal history involving violence or the threat of 336 violence (if known). 337another order of protection issued against him or her previously or from another jurisdiction (if known). 338 339destroyed personal property, including, but not limited 340 to, telephones or other communication equipment, clothing, or 341 other items belonging to the petitioner. 342engaged in any other behavior or conduct that leads the 343 petitioner to have reasonable cause to believe he or she is in 344 imminent danger of becoming a victim of domestic violence. 345 (i) Petitioner alleges the following additional specific 346 facts: ... (mark appropriate sections) ... 347 A minor child or minor children reside with the 348 petitioner whose names and ages are as follows: 349 350Petitioner needs the exclusive use and possession of 351 the dwelling that the parties share. 352Petitioner is unable to obtain safe alternative housing 353 because: 354 355Petitioner genuinely fears that respondent imminently 356 will abuse, remove, or hide the minor child or children from 357 petitioner because: ... (describe any actions taken or threats 358 made by the respondent to cause such fear, including where and



when the actions were taken or the threats were made, directly or indirectly; whether and how the respondent failed to comply with an existing parenting plan or time-sharing schedule; and any actions taken or comments made by the child or children that suggest the respondent has caused the child or children to ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 3 - 33

and insert:

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responsibility determinations; providing a short title; amending s. 61.046, F.S.; providing a definition; amending s. 61.13, F.S.; requiring a court to order shared parental responsibility if it is found to be in the best interests of the child based on certain factors; providing that clear and convincing evidence of certain conduct creates a rebuttable presumption that shared parental responsibility is not in the best interests of the child; providing additional conduct that may create a rebuttable presumption against shared parental responsibility; authorizing a parent to rebut such presumption if specified criteria are met; requiring the court to rely upon specific evidence to make required findings that the presumption has been rebutted; requiring the court to consider all time-sharing factors when developing the time-sharing schedule if such presumption is rebutted; providing for sole parental responsibility with specified time-sharing arrangements under certain circumstances; relocating

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the requirement for the court to consider certain evidence regardless of whether there is a conviction; providing additional factors that the court must consider when determining the best interests of the child; making technical and conforming changes; amending s. 414.0252, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 741.28, F.S.; providing and revising definitions; amending s. 741.30, F.S.; requiring the instructions for certain petition forms to contain specified information; revising the form for a Petition for Injunction for Protection Against Domestic Violence to require the inclusion of certain information; amending ss. 921.0024,