By Senator Rodriguez

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to child welfare; amending s. 39.407, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Children and Families, under certain circumstances, to place children in its custody in therapeutic group homes for residential mental health treatment without prior court approval; revising definitions; defining the term "therapeutic group home"; providing that the department, rather than the Agency for Health Care Administration, shall appoint qualified evaluators to conduct suitability assessments of certain children in the department's custody; specifying qualifications for evaluators conducting suitability assessments for placement in a therapeutic group home; revising requirements for suitability assessments; specifying when the department must provide a copy of the assessment to the quardian ad litem and the court; revising the department's and the agency's rulemaking authority; providing an effective date.

2021

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 39.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse examination of person with or requesting child custody.—

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(6) Children who are in the legal custody of the department may be placed by the department, without prior approval of the

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court, in a residential treatment center licensed under s. 394.875, a therapeutic group home, or a hospital licensed under chapter 395 for residential mental health treatment only pursuant to this section or may be placed by the court in accordance with an order of involuntary examination or involuntary placement entered pursuant to s. 394.463 or s. 394.467. All children placed in a residential treatment program under this subsection must have a guardian ad litem appointed.

- (a) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 2.1. "Residential treatment" or "residential treatment program" means a placement for observation, diagnosis, or treatment of an emotional disturbance in a residential treatment center licensed under s. 394.875, a therapeutic group home, or a hospital licensed under chapter 395.
- 1.2. "Least restrictive alternative" means the treatment and conditions of treatment that, separately and in combination, are no more intrusive or restrictive of freedom than reasonably necessary to achieve a substantial therapeutic benefit or to protect the child or adolescent or others from physical injury.
- 3. "Suitable for residential treatment" or "suitability" means a determination concerning a child or adolescent with an emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(5) or a serious emotional disturbance as defined in s. 394.492(6) that each of the following criteria is met:
  - a. The child requires residential treatment.
- b. The child is in need of a residential treatment program and is expected to benefit from mental, emotional, or behavioral health treatment.
  - c. An appropriate, less restrictive alternative to

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residential treatment is unavailable.

- 4. "Therapeutic group home" means a 24-hour residential program providing community-based mental health treatment and mental health support services to children who meet the criteria in s. 394.492(5) or (6) in a nonsecure, homelike setting that meets the requirements of a single-family unit or a community residential home as defined in s. 419.001. Notwithstanding s. 419.001(1)(a), a therapeutic group home may provide a living environment for up to 16 unrelated residents.
- (b) Whenever the department believes that a child in its legal custody is emotionally disturbed and may need residential treatment, an examination and suitability assessment must be conducted by a qualified evaluator who is appointed by the department Agency for Health Care Administration. This suitability assessment must be completed before the placement of the child in a residential treatment program center for emotionally disturbed children and adolescents or a hospital.
- 1. The qualified evaluator for placement in a residential treatment center or a hospital must be a psychiatrist or a psychologist licensed in this state Florida who has at least 3 years of experience in the diagnosis and treatment of serious emotional disturbances in children and adolescents and who has no actual or perceived conflict of interest with any inpatient facility or residential treatment center or program.
- 2. The qualified evaluator for placement in a therapeutic group home must be a psychiatrist licensed under chapter 458, a psychologist licensed under chapter 490, or a mental health counselor licensed under chapter 491 who has at least 2 years of experience in the diagnosis and treatment of serious emotional

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or behavioral disturbance in children and adolescents and who has no actual or perceived conflict of interest with any residential treatment center or program.

- (c) Consistent with the requirements of this section Before a child is admitted under this subsection, the child shall be assessed for suitability for residential treatment by a qualified evaluator who has conducted an a personal examination and assessment of the child and has made written findings that:
- 1. The child appears to have an emotional disturbance serious enough to require  $\frac{\text{treatment in a}}{\text{program}}$  residential treatment program and is reasonably likely to benefit from the treatment.
- 2. The child has been provided with a clinically appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose of the treatment.
- 3. All available modalities of treatment less restrictive than residential treatment have been considered, and a less restrictive alternative that would offer comparable benefits to the child is unavailable.

A copy of the written findings of the evaluation and suitability assessment must be provided to the department, to the guardian ad litem, and, if the child is a member of a Medicaid managed care plan, to the plan that is financially responsible for the child's care in residential treatment, all of whom must be provided with the opportunity to discuss the findings with the evaluator.

(d) Immediately upon placing a child in a residential treatment program under this section, the department must notify the guardian ad litem and the court having jurisdiction over the

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child. Within 5 days after the department's receipt of the assessment, the department shall and must provide the guardian ad litem and the court with a copy of the assessment by the qualified evaluator.

- (e) Within 10 days after the admission of a child to a residential treatment program, the director of the residential treatment program or the director's designee must ensure that an individualized plan of treatment has been prepared by the program and has been explained to the child, to the department, and to the guardian ad litem, and submitted to the department. The child must be involved in the preparation of the plan to the maximum feasible extent consistent with his or her ability to understand and participate, and the guardian ad litem and the child's foster parents must be involved to the maximum extent consistent with the child's treatment needs. The plan must include a preliminary plan for residential treatment and aftercare upon completion of residential treatment. The plan must include specific behavioral and emotional goals against which the success of the residential treatment may be measured. A copy of the plan must be provided to the child, to the quardian ad litem, and to the department.
- (f) Within 30 days after admission, the residential treatment program must review the appropriateness and suitability of the child's placement in the program. The residential treatment program must determine whether the child is receiving benefit toward the treatment goals and whether the child could be treated in a less restrictive treatment program. The residential treatment program shall prepare a written report of its findings and submit the report to the guardian ad litem

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and to the department. The department must submit the report to the court. The report must include a discharge plan for the child. The residential treatment program must continue to evaluate the child's treatment progress every 30 days thereafter and must include its findings in a written report submitted to the department. The department may not reimburse a facility until the facility has submitted every written report that is due.

- (g)1. The department must submit, at the beginning of each month, to the court having jurisdiction over the child, a written report regarding the child's progress toward achieving the goals specified in the individualized plan of treatment.
- 2. The court must conduct a hearing to review the status of the child's residential treatment plan no later than 60 days after the child's admission to the residential treatment program. An independent review of the child's progress toward achieving the goals and objectives of the treatment plan must be completed by a qualified evaluator and submitted to the court before its 60-day review.
- 3. For any child in residential treatment at the time a judicial review is held pursuant to s. 39.701, the child's continued placement in residential treatment must be a subject of the judicial review.
- 4. If at any time the court determines that the child is not suitable for continued residential treatment, the court shall order the department to place the child in the least restrictive setting that is best suited to meet his or her needs.
  - (h) After the initial 60-day review, the court must conduct

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a review of the child's residential treatment plan every 90 days.

(i) The department <u>may adopt rules to administer this</u>

<u>subsection</u> <u>must adopt rules for implementing timeframes for the completion of suitability assessments by qualified evaluators and a procedure that includes timeframes for completing the 60-day independent review by the qualified evaluators of the child's progress toward achieving the goals and objectives of the treatment plan which review must be submitted to the court. The Agency for Health Care Administration must adopt rules for the registration of qualified evaluators, the procedure for selecting the evaluators to conduct the reviews required under this section, and a reasonable, cost-efficient fee schedule for qualified evaluators.</u>

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.