	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION
	ADOPTED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N)
	ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION (Y/N)
	FAILED TO ADOPT (Y/N)
	WITHDRAWN (Y/N)
	OTHER
1	Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Government Operations
2	Subcommittee
3	Representative Brannan offered the following:
4	
5	Amendment (with title amendment)
5 6	Amendment (with title amendment) Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:
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6	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:
6 7	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 316.066,
6 7 8	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 316.066, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
6 7 8 9	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 316.066, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 316.066 Written reports of crashes.—
6 7 8 9	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 316.066, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 316.066 Written reports of crashes.— (2)(a) Crash reports that reveal the identity, home or
6 7 8 9 10	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 316.066, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 316.066 Written reports of crashes.— (2)(a) Crash reports that reveal the identity, home or employment telephone number or home or employment address of, or
6 7 8 9 10 11	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 316.066, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 316.066 Written reports of crashes.— (2)(a) Crash reports that reveal the identity, home or employment telephone number or home or employment address of, or other personal information concerning the parties involved in
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 316.066, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 316.066 Written reports of crashes.— (2)(a) Crash reports that reveal the identity, home or employment telephone number or home or employment address of, or other personal information concerning the parties involved in the crash and that are held by an any agency, as defined in s.

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Constitution for a period of 60 days after the date the report is filed.

(b) Crash reports held by an agency under paragraph (a) may be made immediately available to the parties involved in the crash, their legal representatives, their licensed insurance agents, their insurers or insurers to which they have applied for coverage, persons under contract with such insurers to provide claims or underwriting information, prosecutorial authorities, law enforcement agencies, the Department of Transportation, county traffic operations, victim services programs, radio and television stations licensed by the Federal Communications Commission, newspapers qualified to publish legal notices under ss. 50.011 and 50.031, and any federal, state, or local governmental agency or any private person or entity acting on behalf of a federal, state, or local governmental agency in carrying out its functions, but not for redistribution to any person or entity not listed in this subsection. Crash reports held by an agency under paragraph (a) that do not contain the home or employment street addresses, driver license or identification card numbers, dates of birth, and home and employment telephone numbers of the parties involved in the crash may be made immediately available to radio and television stations licensed by the Federal Communications Commission and newspapers qualified to publish legal notices under ss. 50.011 and 50.031. A crash report may also be made available to any

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third party acting on behalf of a person or entity authorized
under this section to access the crash report, except that the
third party may disclose the crash report only to the person or
entity authorized to access the crash report under this section
on whose behalf the third party has sought the report. in
accordance with paragraph (f), free newspapers of general
circulation, published once a week or more often, of which at
least 7,500 copies are distributed by mail or by carrier as
verified by a postal statement or by a notarized printer's
statement of press run, which are intended to be generally
distributed and circulated, and which contain news of general
interest with at least 10 pages per publication, available and
of interest to the public generally for the dissemination of
news. For the purposes of this section, the following products
or publications are not newspapers as referred to in this
section: those intended primarily for members of a particular
profession or occupational group; those with the primary purpose
of distributing advertising; and those with the primary purpose
of publishing names and other personal identifying information
concerning parties to motor vehicle crashes. This section shall
not prevent an agency, pursuant to a memorandum of
understanding, from providing data derived from crash reports to
a third party solely for the purpose of identifying vehicles
involved in crashes if such data does not reveal the identity,
home or employment telephone number or home or employment
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- address, or other personal information, as defined in s.

 119.0712(2)(b) and 18 U.S.C. s. 2725(3), of the parties involved in the crash.
- (c) Any local, state, or federal agency that is authorized to have access to crash reports by any provision of law shall be granted such access in the furtherance of the agency's statutory duties.
- As a condition precedent to accessing a crash report within 60 days after the date the report is filed, a person must present a valid driver license or other photographic identification, proof of status, or identification that demonstrates his or her qualifications to access that information and file a written sworn statement with the state or local agency in possession of the information stating that information from a crash report made confidential and exempt by this section will not be used for any commercial solicitation of accident victims, or knowingly disclosed to any third party for the purpose of such solicitation during the period of time that the information remains confidential and exempt. Such written sworn statement must be completed and sworn to by the requesting party for each individual crash report that is being requested within 60 days after the report is filed. In lieu of requiring the written sworn statement, an agency may provide crash reports by electronic means pursuant to a memorandum of understanding to third-party vendors under contract with one or more insurers,

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but only when such contract states that information from a crash report made confidential and exempt by this section will not be used for any commercial solicitation of accident victims by the vendors, or knowingly disclosed by the vendors to any third party for the purpose of such solicitation, during the period of time that the information remains confidential and exempt, and only when a copy of such contract is furnished to the agency as proof of the vendor's claimed status.

- (e) This subsection does not prevent the dissemination or publication of news to the general public by any legitimate media entitled to access confidential and exempt information pursuant to this section.
- may be made available 60 days after the date the report is filed to any person or entity eligible to access crash reports under paragraph (b), or in accordance with any of the permissible uses listed in 18 U.S.C. s. 2721(b) and pursuant to the resale and redisclosure requirements in 18 U.S.C. s. 2721(c). Free newspapers of general circulation published once a week or more often, of which at least 7,500 copies are distributed by mail or by carrier as verified by a postal statement or by a notarized printer's statement of press run, which are intended to be generally distributed and circulated, which contain news of general interest with at least 10 pages per publication, available and of interest to the public generally for the

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dissemination of news, and which request 10 or more crash reports within a 24-hour period before 60 days have elapsed after the report is filed may not have access to the home, cellular, employment, or other telephone number or the home or employment address of any of the parties involved in the crash. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2019, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

- agency electronically as data elements within a computerized database, or if personal information from a crash report is entered into a computerized database, such crash data held by an agency is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s.

 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Sixty days after the date the crash report is filed, an agency may provide crash data derived from the crash report which includes personal information to entities eligible to access crash report under paragraphs (b), or in accordance with any of the permissible uses listed in 18 U.S.C. s. 2721(b) and pursuant to the resale and redisclosure requirements in 18 U.S.C. s. 2721(c). Such data shall be provided pursuant to a memorandum of understanding.
- (h) This subsection is subject to the Open Government

 Sunset Review Act in accordance with s 119.15 and shall stand

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repealed on October 2, 2027, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

- (3)(a) Any driver failing to file the written report required under subsection (1) commits a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- (b) Any employee of a state or local agency in possession of information made confidential and exempt by this section who knowingly discloses such confidential and exempt information to a person not entitled to access such information under this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (c) Any person, knowing that he or she is not entitled to obtain information made confidential and exempt by this section, who obtains or attempts to obtain such information commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (d) Any person who knowingly uses confidential and exempt information in violation of a filed written sworn statement, memorandum of understanding, or contractual agreement required by this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (e) In addition to penalties outlined in paragraphs (c) and (d), a person who obtains a crash report, or crash data, and

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165	who knowingly discloses or knowingly uses personal information
166	revealed in the report for a purpose not permitted
167	under 18 U.S.C. s. 2721(b) is liable to the individual to whom
168	the information pertains, who may bring a civil action in any
169	court of competent jurisdiction. The court may award:
170	1. Actual damages, but not less than liquidated damages in
171	the amount of \$2,500.
172	2. Punitive damages upon proof of willful or reckless
173	disregard of the law.
174	3. Reasonable attorney fees and other litigation costs
175	reasonably incurred.
176	4. Such other preliminary and equitable relief as the
177	court determines to be appropriate.
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179	This paragraph does not apply to radio and television stations
180	licensed by the Federal Communications Commission and newspapers
181	qualified to publish legal notices under ss. 50.011 and 50.031.
182	Section 2. Subsection (11) of section 316.650, Florida
183	Statutes, is amended to read:
184	316.650 Traffic citations.—
185	(11) (a) As used in this subsection, the term "driver
186	information" means a driver's date of birth, driver license or
187	identification card number, address excluding the five-digit zip
188	code, telephone number, motor vehicle license plate number, and
189	trailer tag number. The term does not include the driver's name.

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	(b)1	L. D:	rive	er ir	nformat	cion	n c	ontaine	d in a	a ur	nifo	rm t	raffic	<u> </u>
citat	ion	held	by	an a	agency	is	exe	empt fro	om s.	119	0.07	(1)	and s	<u>.</u>
24(a)	, Ar	rt. I	of	the	State	Con	nst	itution	. This	s pa	arag	raph	appl:	ies
to dr	iver	inf	orma	atior	n held	by	an	agency	befo	re,	on,	or	after	the
effec	tive	e date	<u>e of</u>	f the	e exemp	otic	on.							

- 2. An agency may release driver information in accordance with any of the permissible uses listed in 18 U.S.C. s. 2721(b) in the same manner applicable to the release of personal information contained in a motor vehicle record pursuant to s. 119.0712(2)(b).
- 3. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government
 Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand
 repealed on October 2, 2027, unless reviewed and saved from
 repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
- (c) Driver information contained in a uniform traffic citation, including which includes but is not limited to, the accused person's name and address, shall not be used for commercial solicitation purposes. However, the use of such driver information contained in a uniform traffic citation shall not be considered a commercial purpose when used for publication in a newspaper or other news periodical, when used for broadcast by radio or television, or when used to inform a person of the availability of driver safety training.
- Section 3. (1) The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that crash reports that reveal personal information

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/HB 1121 (2022)

Amendment No.

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     concerning parties, passengers, and witnesses to a crash for a
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     period of 60 days after the date the crash report is filed with
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     an agency; such personal information revealed in crash reports
     held by an agency following the 60-day period; and computerized
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     crash report data held by an agency be confidential and exempt
     from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of
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     the State Constitution. Crash reports reveal significant
     personal information, not only about parties involved in a crash
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223
     but also about passengers and other witnesses to the crash.
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     Pervasive use of the Internet and related technologies abet
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     those with malicious purposes in exploiting the use of personal
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     information revealed in crash reports, such as a party's,
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     passenger's, or witness's date of birth, driver license number,
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     and address, creating ever-expanding threats to privacy and
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     security never envisioned in generations past. Moreover, ever-
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     increasing use of information technology for the preparation,
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     submission, and management of crash reports has led agencies to
     hold vast repositories of computerized crash report data, which
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     includes such personal information. Personal information, when
     held by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in
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     driver license and motor vehicle records, is confidential
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     pursuant to the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994,
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     18 U.S.C. ss. 2721 et seq., and s. 119.0712(2), Florida
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     Statutes. These restrictions on disclosure of personal
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     information, however, have not applied to personal information
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240 revealed in crash reports. When personal information revealed in 241 crash reports or computerized crash report data is made 242 available to the public, because it comprises much of the same 243 personal information contained in driver license and motor 244 vehicle records, the protections afforded by the federal 245 Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994 are significantly 246 undermined, eroding the privacy and safety of drivers. 247 Therefore, the Legislature finds that it is a public necessity 248 to make confidential and exempt from public records requirements 249 crash reports that reveal personal information concerning 250 parties, passengers, and witnesses to a crash for a period of 60 251 days after the date the crash report is filed with an agency; 252 such personal information revealed in crash reports held by an 253 agency following the 60-day period; and computerized crash 254 report data held by an agency. 255 (2) The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity 256 that driver information contained in a uniform traffic citation 257 held by an agency be exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, 258 and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution. Uniform 259 traffic citations reveal significant personal information about 260 drivers issued a citation. Pervasive use of the Internet and 261 related technologies abet those with malicious purposes in 262 exploiting the use of personal information contained in traffic 263 citations, such as a driver's date of birth, driver license 264 number, and address, creating ever-expanding threats to privacy

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265	and security never envisioned in generations past. Driver
266	information, when held by the Department of Highway Safety and
267	Motor Vehicles in driver license and motor vehicle records, is
268	confidential pursuant to the federal Driver's Privacy Protection
269	Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. ss. 2721 et seq., and s. 119.0712(2),
270	Florida Statutes. These restrictions on disclosure of personal
271	information, however, have not applied to driver information
272	contained in uniform traffic citations. When driver information
273	contained in uniform traffic citations is made available to the
274	public, because it comprises much of the same personal
275	information contained in driver license and motor vehicle
276	records, the protections afforded by the federal Driver's
277	Privacy Protection Act of 1994 are significantly undermined,
278	eroding the privacy and safety of drivers. Therefore, the
279	Legislature finds that it is a public necessity to make exempt
280	from public records requirements driver information contained in
281	uniform traffic citations.
282	Section 4. This act shall take effect March 1, 2023.
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286	TITLE AMENDMENT
287	Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:
288	An act relating to public records; amending s. 316.066, F.S.;

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revising an exemption from public records requirements for

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. CS/HB 1121 (2022)

Amendment No.

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certain written reports of crashes; providing definitions; revising the exemption applicable to specified crash reports for a specified period of time; revising the agencies that hold records to which the exemption applies; providing exemptions from public records requirements for certain personal information revealed in crash reports and certain computerized crash report data; providing retroactive applicability; revising entities to which records may be made available; requiring certain entities to enter into a memorandum of understanding; revising conditions precedent to accessing a crash report within a specified period after a crash report is filed; requiring an agency to provide redacted crash reports to certain news media; providing construction; providing for future review and repeal; providing penalties; amending s. 316.650, F.S.; defining the term "driver information"; providing an exemption from public records requirements for driver information contained in a uniform traffic citation; providing applicability; authorizing release of driver information under certain circumstances; providing for future review and repeal; providing statements of public necessity; providing an effective date.

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