1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to homestead tax exemptions; amending
3	ss. 196.011, 196.075, and 196.161, F.S.; revising the
4	interest rate and penalty that applies to property
5	owners who unlawfully received a homestead exemption;
6	amending s. 196.061, F.S.; revising criteria under
7	which the rental of homestead property is not
8	considered abandonment for tax exemption purposes;
9	providing an effective date.
10	
11	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
12	
13	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section
14	196.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
15	196.011 Annual application required for exemption
16	(9)(a) A county may, at the request of the property
17	appraiser and by a majority vote of its governing body, waive
18	the requirement that an annual application or statement be made
19	for exemption of property within the county after an initial
20	application is made and the exemption granted. The waiver under
21	this subsection of the annual application or statement
22	requirement applies to all exemptions under this chapter except
23	the exemption under s. 196.1995. Notwithstanding such waiver,
24	refiling of an application or statement shall be required when
25	any property granted an exemption is sold or otherwise disposed
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26 of, when the ownership changes in any manner, when the applicant 27 for homestead exemption ceases to use the property as his or her 28 homestead, or when the status of the owner changes so as to 29 change the exempt status of the property. In its deliberations 30 on whether to waive the annual application or statement requirement, the governing body shall consider the possibility 31 32 of fraudulent exemption claims which may occur due to the waiver 33 of the annual application requirement. The owner of any property 34 granted an exemption who is not required to file an annual 35 application or statement shall notify the property appraiser 36 promptly whenever the use of the property or the status or 37 condition of the owner changes so as to change the exempt status 38 of the property. If any property owner fails to so notify the 39 property appraiser and the property appraiser determines that for any year within the prior 10 years the owner was not 40 41 entitled to receive such exemption, the owner of the property is subject to the taxes exempted as a result of such failure plus 42 43 payment of interest at the rate as set forth in s. 213.235 of 44 the unpaid taxes for each year, and a penalty of three times the 45 interest rate set forth in s. 213.235, not to exceed 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for each year 15 percent interest per annum 46 47 and a penalty of 50 percent of the taxes exempted. Except for 48 homestead exemptions controlled by s. 196.161, the property 49 appraiser making such determination shall record in the public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any property 50

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51 owned by that person or entity in the county, and such property 52 must be identified in the notice of tax lien. Such property is 53 subject to the payment of all taxes and penalties. Such lien 54 when filed shall attach to any property, identified in the 55 notice of tax lien, owned by the person who illegally or 56 improperly received the exemption. If such person no longer owns 57 property in that county but owns property in some other county 58 or counties in the state, the property appraiser shall record a 59 notice of tax lien in such other county or counties, identifying the property owned by such person or entity in such county or 60 61 counties, and it shall become a lien against such property in such county or counties. 62

63 Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 196.061, Florida64 Statutes, is amended to read:

196.061 Rental of homestead to constitute abandonment.-65 66 The rental of all or substantially all of a dwelling (1)previously claimed to be a homestead for tax purposes 67 68 constitutes shall constitute the abandonment of such dwelling as 69 a homestead, and the abandonment continues until the dwelling is 70 physically occupied by the owner. However, such abandonment of 71 the homestead after January 1 of any year does not affect the 72 homestead exemption for tax purposes for that particular year 73 unless the property is rented for more than 30 days per calendar 74 year for 2 consecutive years. The rental of a portion of a dwelling claimed to be <u>a homestead for tax purposes while the</u> 75

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76 dwelling is physically occupied by the owner does not constitute 77 the abandonment in whole or in part of the dwelling as a 78 homestead. 79 Section 3. Subsection (9) of section 196.075, Florida 80 Statutes, is amended to read: 196.075 Additional homestead exemption for persons 65 and 81 82 older.-If the property appraiser determines that for any year 83 (9) 84 within the immediately previous 10 years a person who was not entitled to the additional homestead exemption under this 85 section was granted such an exemption, the property appraiser 86 shall serve upon the owner a notice of intent to record in the 87 88 public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any 89 property owned by that person in the county, and that property 90 must be identified in the notice of tax lien. Any property that 91 is owned by the taxpayer and is situated in this state is 92 subject to the taxes exempted by the improper homestead 93 exemption, plus payment of interest at the rate as set forth in 94 s. 213.235 of the unpaid taxes for each year, and a penalty of 95 three times the interest rate set forth in s. 213.235, not to 96 exceed 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for each year and interest 97 at a rate of 15 percent per annum. However, if such an exemption 98 is improperly granted as a result of a clerical mistake or 99 omission by the property appraiser, the person who improperly received the exemption may not be assessed a penalty and 100

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101 interest. Before any such lien may be filed, the owner must be 102 given 30 days within which to pay the taxes, penalties, and 103 interest. Such a lien is subject to the procedures and provisions set forth in s. 196.161(3). 104 105 Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 196.161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 106 107 196.161 Homestead exemptions; lien imposed on property of person claiming exemption although not a permanent resident.-108 109 (1)(a) When the estate of any person is being probated or administered in another state under an allegation that such 110 person was a resident of that state and the estate of such 111 person contains real property situate in this state upon which 112 113 homestead exemption has been allowed pursuant to s. 196.031 for 114 any year or years within 10 years immediately prior to the death 115 of the deceased, then within 3 years after the death of such 116 person the property appraiser of the county where the real 117 property is located shall, upon knowledge of such fact, record a 118 notice of tax lien against the property among the public records of that county, and the property shall be subject to the payment 119 120 of all taxes exempt thereunder, plus payment of interest at the rate as set forth in s. 213.235 of the unpaid taxes for each 121 122 year, and a penalty of three times the interest rate set forth 123 in s. 213.235, not to exceed 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for 124 each year, plus 15 percent interest per year, unless the circuit 125 court having jurisdiction over the ancillary administration in

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this state determines that the decedent was a permanent resident of this state during the year or years an exemption was allowed, whereupon the lien shall not be filed or, if filed, shall be canceled of record by the property appraiser of the county where the real estate is located.

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Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

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