COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	ITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Criminal Justice & Public Safety Subcommittee

Representative Bush offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

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Remove lines 61-253 and insert:

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COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL DETENTION FACILITY STANDARDS FOR SHERIFFS AND CHIEF CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS. -

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There is shall be established the Florida Model Jail Standards Working Group to develop and maintain model standards for county and municipal detention facilities. The $\frac{1}{2}$ sevenmember five-member working group shall consist consisting of:

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1. Three <u>currently elected sheriffs</u>, persons appointed by the Florida Sheriffs Association.

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2. A physician licensed in the state with at least 2 years of experience in correctional health care, appointed by the

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(a)

- 3. A currently elected county commissioner, two persons appointed by the Florida Association of Counties.
- 4. An experienced jail administrator of a county jail operated by a county, appointed by the Florida Association of Counties.
- 5. A psychiatrist licensed in the state with at least 2 years of experience in correctional psychiatry, appointed by the Florida Association of Counties to develop model standards for county and municipal detention facilities.
- (b) Every sheriff, county, city, or other entity that operates a municipal detention facility or a county detention facility By October 1, 1996, each sheriff and chief correctional officer shall adopt, at a minimum, the Florida Model Jail Standards approved by the working group with reference to all of the following:
- 1.a. The construction, equipping, maintenance, and operation of county and municipal detention facilities.
- $\underline{\text{2.b.}}$ The cleanliness and sanitation of county and municipal detention facilities.
- 3. The number of county and municipal prisoners who may be housed therein per specified unit of floor space.
- $\underline{4.}$ The quality, quantity, and supply of bedding furnished to $\underline{\text{county and municipal}}$ $\underline{\text{such}}$ prisoners.
- 5. The quality, quantity, and diversity of food served to 155669 h1561-line 61.docx

county and municipal prisoners them and the manner in which it
is served.;

- <u>6.</u> The furnishing to them of medical attention and health and comfort items to county and municipal prisoners.; and
- 7. The disciplinary treatment which may be meted out to county and municipal prisoners them.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the otherwise applicable building code, a reduced custody housing area may be occupied by inmates or may be used for sleeping purposes as allowed in subsection (7). The sheriff or chief correctional officer shall provide that a reduced custody housing area shall be governed by fire and life safety standards which do not interfere with the normal use of the facility and which affect a reasonable degree of compliance with rules of the State Fire Marshal for correctional facilities.

8.2. The confinement of prisoners by classification and providing, whenever possible, for classifications which separate males from females, juveniles from adults, and felons from misdemeanants, and those awaiting trial from those convicted and, in addition, providing for the separation of special risk prisoners, such as the mentally ill, alcohol or narcotic addicts, sex deviates, suicide risks, and any other classification which the local unit may deem necessary for the safety of the prisoners and the operation of the facility

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pursuant to degree of risk and danger criteria. Nondangerous felons may be housed with misdemeanants. Special consideration must be given to the appropriate housing of pregnant women as provided under s. 944.241.

9. Requirements for the inspection of county and municipal detention facilities and the penalties for noncompliance as provided in s. 951.2302.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the otherwise applicable building code, a reduced custody housing area may be occupied by inmates or may be used for sleeping purposes as allowed in subsection (7). The sheriff or chief correctional officer shall provide that a reduced custody housing area shall be governed by fire and life safety standards which do not interfere with the normal use of the facility and which affect a reasonable degree of compliance with rules of the State Fire Marshal for correctional facilities.

(c) (b) A county or municipal detention facility which stocks medicinal drugs in quantities other than individual prescriptions must obtain the services of a consultant pharmacist or dispensing physician and comply with the licensing requirements of chapter 465. A facility which has a valid license pursuant to chapter 465 shall have that part of its medical services relating to procedures for the safe handling and storage of medicinal drugs exempt from the inspection

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requirements of this section. A facility which maintains only
individual prescriptions dispensed by a licensed pharmacist is
not required to be licensed under chapter 465.

- Section 2. Section 951.2302, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 951.2302 Inspection of county and municipal detention facilities; penalties for noncompliance with jail standards.—
 - (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Detention facility" includes a county detention facility and a municipal detention facility as those terms are defined in s. 951.23(1)(a) and (d) respectively.
- (b) "Jail standards" means the Florida Model Jail Standards established by the working group.
- (c) "Notable violation" means any violation of the jail standards that is not a serious violation.
- (d) "Serious violation" means any violation of the jail standards or other conditions or practices that appear to pose a substantial and immediate danger to the life, health, or safety of one or more inmates or employees.
- (e) "Working group" means the Florida Model Jail Standards Working Group as provided in s. 951.23(4)(a).
- 113 (2) VIOLATIONS CRITERIA.—The jail standards must identify

 114 those standards or conditions for which noncompliance by a

 115 detention facility is a serious violation or a notable

 116 violation.

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(3) TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF INSPECTIONS.—The jail standards
must require that each detention facility be inspected, at a
minimum, twice annually for compliance with the jail standards
as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b). Each inspection must
occur at least 120 days apart. A detention facility may not
refuse to be inspected or prevent access to the detention
facility.

- (a) One inspection must include an inspection for compliance with all jail standards. A detention facility must be provided reasonable advance notice of the date on which this inspection will occur.
- (b) One inspection must include an inspection for serious violations only. This inspection must be an unannounced inspection, with no advance notice provided to a detention facility.

(4) REINSPECTIONS.—

(a) If an inspection finds a detention facility to be noncompliant with the jail standards for a notable violation, the detention facility must correct the noncompliance within 30 days and must be reinspected within 10 days after the 30-day correction period, or upon the detention facility notifying the working group that it has corrected its noncompliance, whichever is earlier. If upon reinspection the detention facility is still found to be noncompliant, the detention facility must correct the noncompliance within 15 days and must have a second

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reinspection within 48 hours thereaf	reinspection wi	thin 48 h	hours tl	hereafter.
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- (b) If an inspection finds a detention facility to be noncompliant with the jail standards for a serious violation, the detention facility must correct the noncompliance within 24 hours and must be reinspected within 48 hours after the violation was first observed. This paragraph does not prevent reinspection from occurring before the expiration of the 24-hour period if a detention facility notifies the working group that it has cured the noncompliance before such time.
 - (5) PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE WITH JAIL STANDARDS. -
- (a) If an inspection reveals that a detention facility is noncompliant with the jail standards for a notable violation, and the noncompliance is not corrected as provided in paragraph (4)(a), the detention facility must pay into the detention facility's inmate welfare fund the following amounts for each day the detention facility is noncompliant with the jail standards:
- 1. \$500 per day for the 31st day through the 60th day of noncompliance.
- 2. \$1,000 per day for the 61st day through the 90th day of noncompliance.
- 3. \$2,000 per day for the 91st day and all remaining days the detention facility is not in compliance.
- (b) If a detention facility fails to correct a serious violation as required in paragraph (4)(b), the detention

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167	facility must pay into the detention facility's inmate welfare
168	fund \$2,000 per day until the serious violation has been
169	corrected.

- (a) and (b), if a second reinspection for a notable violation or a reinspection for a serious violation reveals that a detention facility is noncompliant with the jail standards, the detention facility must cease operations as a detention facility within 14 days and must contract with one or more other detention facilities to house the noncompliant facility's inmates until such time as the facility is determined to be in compliance with the jail standards.
- 2. The 14-day time period shall commence upon the expiration of an appeal process to be specified in the jail standards, with the detention facility failing to file a timely appeal, or upon the conclusion of the appeal process specified in the jail standards, with a denial of the appeal resulting in a finding that the detention facility is noncompliant with the jail standards.
- 3. The receiving detention facility or detention facilities must be in compliance with the jail standards in order to house the noncompliant detention facility's inmates.
- 4. If a detention facility consists of separate detention campuses, only the campus determined to be noncompliant with the

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191	Jail standards must cease operations as provided in this			
192	paragraph.			
193	5. The noncompliant detention facility is responsible for			
194	the costs accrued by another detention facility or detention			
195	facilities for housing the noncompliant detention facility's			
196	<u>inmates.</u>			
197	6. This paragraph may not be deemed to limit or prevent			
198	8 any other remedies or causes of action against a detention			
199	facility or an entity that operates a detention facility which			
200	may be brought under any other law, ordinance, or rule.			
201	(d) If any person in charge of a detention facility			
202	refuses to provide access to the detention facility or allow an			
203	inspection of the detention facility, the person's salary must			
204	be withheld for each day he or she refuses such inspection or			
205	access, and the amount withheld must be deposited into the			
206	detention facility's inmate welfare fund. This paragraph applies			
207	regardless of whether the person refusing to allow the			
208	inspection or refusing access to the detention facility is			
209	elected, appointed, or an employee of a county, a city, or any			
210	other political subdivision of the state.			
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Remove lines 6-21 and insert:

TITLE AMENDMENT

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 1561 (2022)

Amendment No.1

Florida Model Jail Standards Working Group; providing
the working group's membership; specifying that each
entity that operates a municipal or county detention
facility shall adopt the Florida Model Jail Standards
approved by the working group; specifying minimum
standards for the working group; creating s. 951.2302 ,
F.S.; defining terms; requiring the jail standards to
include criteria and standards for what actions result
in serious violations and notable violations;
specifying that the jail standards must require that
each county detention facility and municipal detention
facility be inspected, at a minimum, twice annually;
prohibiting any person in charge of a county detention
facility or municipal detention facility from refusing
to be inspected or refusing access to inspectors;
providing

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