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A bill to be entitled An act relating to sanitary sewer lateral inspection programs; amending ss. 125.569 and 166.0481, F.S.; defining the term "continuous monolithic pipe system"; authorizing counties and municipalities, respectively, to access sanitary sewer laterals within their jurisdiction for specified purposes; requiring counties and municipalities to notify a private property owner that within a specified timeframe the county or municipality intends to access the owner's sanitary sewer lateral; providing that counties and municipalities that establish evaluation and rehabilitation programs are legally and financially responsible for all work done; providing requirements for repairs to a sanitary sewer lateral; requiring counties and municipalities that establish such programs to consider economical methods for the counties and municipalities, rather than the property owners, to complete such work; authorizing a program established by a county or a municipality to evaluate and rehabilitate sanitary sewer laterals on residential and commercial properties to use state or local funds allocated for environmental preservation or the protection of water quality; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 125.569, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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125.569 <u>County</u> sanitary sewer lateral <u>inspections</u> inspection programs for counties.

(1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Sanitary sewer lateral" means a privately owned pipeline connecting a property to the main sewer line which is maintained and repaired by the property owner.
- (b) "Continuous monolithic pipe system" means a pipe system with no joints or seams, including all points where it connects to the structure, the mainline, and the cleanout.
- (2) A county may access a sanitary sewer lateral within its jurisdiction to investigate, clean, repair, recondition, or replace the sanitary sewer lateral.
- (3) By July 1, 2022, Each county is encouraged to establish an evaluation and rehabilitation program for sanitary sewer laterals on residential and commercial properties within the county's jurisdiction to identify and reduce extraneous flow from leaking sanitary sewer laterals. At a minimum, the program may do all of the following:
- (a) Establish a system to identify defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer laterals on residential and

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commercial properties within the jurisdiction of the county. If a county identifies a defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral and initiates a program to eliminate extraneous flow, the county:

- 1. Shall notify the property owner of the issue by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice must specify that within 14 days after receiving the notice, the county will access the owner's property to address the defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral. The notice must identify the issue, inform the property owner that the owner will be indemnified and held harmless in the repair process, and provide a proposed timeline and plan for the duration of the project, including start and completion dates.
- 2. Is responsible for any repair work done on the private property. If any disruption of the property is necessary to access the sanitary sewer lateral, the county shall ensure that the property is restored to at least its pre-work condition after the repair is complete. Any repair work done to a sanitary sewer lateral must meet all of the following requirements:
- a. Provide one continuous monolithic pipe system. The connections for the structure, mainline, and cleanout must be installed and integrated into the continuous monolithic pipe system by a plumber licensed by a municipality or county; and
- b. Be inspected using a lateral launch or similar CCTV camera system conducted by a Pipeline Assessment Certification

Program (PACP) and Lateral Assessment Certification Program

(LACP) certified camera operator. The contractor must produce
and provide the county with a PACP and LACP certified report
describing the conditions of the continuous monolithic pipe
system and the respective connections to the main sewer pipe and
the structure.

- (b) Consider economical methods for the county a property owner to repair or replace a defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral.
- (c) Establish and maintain a publicly accessible database to store information concerning properties where a defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral has been identified. For each property, the database must include, but is not limited to, the address of the property, the names of any persons the county notified concerning the faulty sanitary sewer lateral, and the date and method of such notification.
- (d) Use state or local funds allocated for the purpose of environmental preservation or the protection of water quality.
- Section 2. Section 166.0481, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 166.0481 <u>Municipal</u> sanitary sewer lateral <u>inspections</u> inspection programs for municipalities.
  - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Sanitary sewer lateral" means a privately owned pipeline connecting a property to the main sewer line which is

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maintained and repaired by the property owner.

- (b) "Continuous monolithic pipe system" means a pipe system with no joints or seams, including all points where it connects to the structure, the mainline, and the cleanout.
- (2) A municipality may access a sanitary sewer lateral within its jurisdiction to investigate, clean, repair, recondition, or replace the sanitary sewer lateral.
- (3) By July 1, 2022, Each municipality is encouraged to establish an evaluation and rehabilitation program for sanitary sewer laterals on residential and commercial properties within the municipality's jurisdiction to identify and reduce extraneous flow from leaking sanitary sewer laterals. At a minimum, the program may do all of the following:
- (a) Establish a system to identify defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer laterals on residential and commercial properties within the jurisdiction of the municipality. If a municipality identifies such a defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral and initiates a program to eliminate extraneous flow, the municipality:
- 1. Shall notify the property owner of the issue by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice must specify that within 14 days after receiving the notice, the municipality intends to access the owner's property to address the defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral. The notice must identify the issue, inform the property owner

that the owner will be indemnified and held harmless in the repair process, and provide a proposed timeline and plan for the duration of the project, including start and completion dates.

- 2. Is responsible for any repair work done on the private property. If any disruption of the property is necessary to access the sanitary sewer lateral, the municipality shall ensure that the property is restored to at least its pre-work conditions after the repair is complete. Any repair work done to a sanitary sewer lateral must meet all of the following requirements:
- a. Provide one continuous monolithic pipe system. The connections for the structure, mainline, and cleanout must be installed and integrated into the continuous monolithic pipe system by a plumber licensed by a municipality or county; and
- b. Be inspected using a lateral launch or similar CCTV camera system and conducted by a Pipeline Assessment

  Certification Program (PACP) and Lateral Assessment and

  Certification Program (LACP) certified camera operator. The contractor must produce and provide the municipality with a PACP and LACP certified report describing the conditions of the continuous monolithic pipe system and the respective connections to the main sewer pipe and the structure.
- (b) Consider economical methods for the municipality a property owner to repair or replace a defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral.

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(c) Establish and maintain a publicly accessible database
to store information concerning properties where a defective,
damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral has been
identified. For each property, the database must include, but is
not limited to, the address of the property, the names of any
persons the municipality notified concerning the faulty sanitary
sewer lateral, and the date and method of such notification.

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- (d) Use state or local funds allocated for the purpose of environmental preservation or the protection of water quality.
  - Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.