1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the United States Space Force;
3	amending s. 61.703, F.S.; revising the definition of
4	the term "uniformed service" to include the United
5	States Space Force; amending s. 92.51, F.S.; revising
6	the Armed Forces officers authorized to take or
7	administer specified oaths, affidavits, or
8	acknowledgements to include United States Space Force
9	officers; amending s. 97.021, F.S.; revising the
10	definition of the term "uniformed services" to include
11	the United States Space Force; amending s. 115.01,
12	F.S.; revising the military service branches for which
13	any county or state official who is called to active
14	service may receive a leave of absence; amending s.
15	163.3175, F.S.; updating military base names; amending
16	s. 210.04, F.S.; adding post exchanges operated by the
17	United States Space Force to those that are exempt
18	from paying tax on cigarettes sold; amending s.
19	250.01, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
20	"armed forces" to include the United States Space
21	Force; amending s. 250.43, F.S.; revising the armed
22	forces uniforms that are protected from imitation to
23	include uniforms of the United States Space Force;
24	amending s. 250.52, F.S.; prohibiting persons from
25	soliciting or persuading another not to enlist with
26	the United States Space Force when the country is at
27	war or there are indications of a pending war;
28	amending s. 295.061, F.S.; revising the definition of
29	the term "United States Armed Forces" to include the

Page 1 of 54

1	
30	United States Space Force; amending s. 296.02, F.S.;
31	revising the definition of the term "peacetime
32	service" to include service in the United States Space
33	Force; amending s. 331.304, F.S.; revising the names
34	of specified former Air Force bases to reflect they
35	are Space Force bases; amending s. 461.002, F.S.;
36	providing an exception to graduate podiatric
37	physicians practicing in the United States Space
38	Force; amending s. 466.002, F.S.; providing an
39	exemption to graduate dentists or dental surgeons
40	practicing in the United States Space Force; amending
41	s. 496.415, F.S.; prohibiting a person from
42	representing or claiming to be a member of the United
43	States Space Force in connection with any solicitation
44	or charitable or sponsor sales promotion; amending s.
45	540.08, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
46	"member of the armed forces" to include members of the
47	United States Space Force; amending s. 695.031, F.S.;
48	including members of the United States Space Force and
49	the United States Air Force as servicemembers who may
50	acknowledge certain instruments; amending s. 718.113,
51	F.S.; including the official flag that represents the
52	United States Space Force as a flag that may be
53	displayed by a condominium owner; amending s. 720.304,
54	F.S.; including the official flag that represents the
55	United States Space Force as a flag that may be
56	displayed by a homeowner; amending s. 790.25, F.S.;
57	authorizing members of the United States Space Force
58	to own, possess, and lawfully use firearms and other
I	

Page 2 of 54

59	weapons, ammunition, and supplies when on duty, when
60	training or preparing themselves for military duty, or
61	while subject to recall or mobilization; amending s.
62	817.312, F.S.; prohibiting a person from unlawfully
63	using the uniforms, medals, or insignia of the United
64	States Space Force; amending s. 1000.36, F.S.;
65	revising the definition of the term "uniformed
66	services" to include the United States Space Force;
67	amending s. 1003.051, F.S.; revising the definition of
68	the term "military student" to include a student who
69	is a dependent of a current or former member of the
70	United States Space Force; reenacting ss. 373.324(7),
71	409.1664(1)(c), 520.14(1), 627.7283(5), 689.27(1)(d),
72	790.015(5), 790.06(4) and (11)(b), 790.062(1),
73	790.065(13), 790.0655(2)(d), and 948.21(1), (2), and
74	(3), F.S., which reference the definition of the term
75	"servicemember," to incorporate the amendment made to
76	s. 250.01, F.S., in references thereto; providing
77	effective dates.
78	
79	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
80	
81	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (20) of section
82	61.703, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
83	61.703 Definitions.—As used in this part:
84	(20) "Uniformed service" means any of the following:
85	(a) Active and reserve components of the Army, Navy, Air
86	Force, Marine Corps, <u>Space Force,</u> or Coast Guard of the United
87	States.
I	

Page 3 of 54

1

2022438e1

88	Sectio	n 2.	Subse	ection	(1)	of	section	92.51,	Florida
89	Statutes, i	s am	ended	to re	ad:				

90 92.51 Oaths, affidavits, and acknowledgments; taken or 91 administered by commissioned officer of United States Armed 92 Forces.-

(1) Oaths, affidavits, and acknowledgments required or 93 94 authorized by the laws of this state may be taken or 95 administered within or without the United States by or before 96 any commissioned officer in active service of the Armed Forces 97 of the United States with the rank of second lieutenant or 98 higher in the Army, Air Force, Space Force, or Marine Corps or ensign or higher in the Navy or Coast Guard when the person 99 100 required or authorized to make and execute the oath, affidavit, 101 or acknowledgment is a member of the Armed Forces of the United 102 States, the spouse of such member or a person whose duties 103 require the person's presence with the Armed Forces of the 104 United States.

Section 3. Subsection (42) of section 97.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.021 Definitions.-For the purposes of this code, exceptwhere the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term:

(42) "Uniformed services" means the Army, Navy, Air Force,
Marine Corps, <u>Space Force</u>, and Coast Guard, the commissioned
corps of the Public Health Service, and the commissioned corps
of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

113 Section 4. Section 115.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to 114 read:

115 115.01 Leave of absence for military service.—Any county or 116 state official of the state, subject to the provisions and

Page 4 of 54

1	
117	conditions hereinafter set forth, may be granted leave of
118	absence from his or her office, to serve in the volunteer forces
119	of the United States, or in the National Guard of any state, or
120	in the regular Army <u>, or Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Space</u>
121	Force of the United States, when the same shall be called into
122	active service of the United States during war between the
123	United States and a foreign government.
124	Section 5. Paragraph (n) of subsection (2) of section
125	163.3175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
126	163.3175 Legislative findings on compatibility of
127	development with military installations; exchange of information
128	between local governments and military installations
129	(2) Certain major military installations, due to their
130	mission and activities, have a greater potential for
131	experiencing compatibility and coordination issues than others.
132	Consequently, this section and the provisions in s.
133	163.3177(6)(a), relating to compatibility of land development
134	with military installations, apply to specific affected local
135	governments in proximity to and in association with specific
136	military installations, as follows:
137	(n) Patrick <u>Space</u> Air Force Base and Cape Canaveral <u>Space</u>
138	Air Force Station, associated with Brevard County and Satellite
139	Beach.
140	Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section
141	210.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
142	210.04 Construction; exemptions; collection
143	(4) No tax shall be required to be paid:
144	(a) Upon cigarettes sold at post exchanges, ship service
145	stores, ship stores, slop chests, or base exchanges to members

Page 5 of 54

146 of the Armed Services of the United States when such post 147 exchanges, ship service stores, or base exchanges are operated 148 under regulations of the Army, Navy, or Air Force, or Space 149 Force of the United States on military, naval, space force, or 150 air force reservations in this state or when such ship stores or 151 slop chests are operated under the regulations of the United 152 States Navy on ships of the United States Navy; however, it is 153 unlawful for anyone, including members of the Armed Services of the United States, to purchase such tax-exempt cigarettes for 154 155 purposes of resale. Any person who resells, or offers for resale, tax-exempt cigarettes purchased at post exchanges, ship 156 157 service stores, ship stores, slop chests, or base exchanges is 158 guilty of a violation of the cigarette tax law, punishable as 159 provided in s. 210.18(1).

Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 250.01, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

162

167

250.01 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:

(4) "Armed forces" means the United States Army, Navy, Air
Force, Marine Corps, <u>Space Force</u>, and Coast Guard.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 250.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

250.43 Wearing of uniform and insignia of rank; penalty.-

168 (2) Every person other than an officer or enlisted person
169 of the Florida National Guard, naval militia, or marine corps of
170 this state, any other state, Puerto Rico, or the District of
171 Columbia, or of the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or
172 Air Force, or Space Force, who wears the uniform of the United
173 States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, Space Force,
174 National Guard, Naval Militia, or Marine Corps or any part of

Page 6 of 54

175 such uniform, or a uniform or part of uniform similar thereto, 176 or in imitation thereof, within the bounds of the state, except 177 in cases where the wearing of such uniform is permitted by the 178 laws of the United States and the regulations of the Secretary 179 of Defense, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. This section 180 181 does not prohibit persons in the theatrical profession from 182 wearing such uniforms while actually engaged in such profession, in any playhouse or theater, in a production in no way 183 184 reflecting upon such uniform; does not prohibit the uniform rank 185 of civic societies parading or traveling in a body or assembling 186 in a lodge room; and does not apply to cadets of any military 187 school or to Boy Scouts or Girl Scouts.

188 Section 9. Section 250.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to 189 read:

190 250.52 Unlawful to persuade citizens not to enlist; 191 penalty.-Whenever the United States is at war, or our foreign 192 relations tend to indicate an impending war or state of war, a 193 person may not solicit or persuade a citizen of the United 194 States not to enlist or serve in the Army, Air Force, Space 195 Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, or Navy, or in any reserve 196 component thereof, or in the Florida National Guard, or publicly 197 attempt to dissuade any such citizen from enlisting. This 198 section does not apply to the soliciting or persuading done by 199 any person related by affinity or consanguinity to the person 200 solicited or persuaded or whose advice is requested by the 201 person solicited or persuaded. Any person who violates this 202 section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 203 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Page 7 of 54

CS for SB 438

2022438e1

204	Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
205	295.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
206	295.061 Active duty servicemembers; death benefits
207	(1) As used in this section, the term:
208	(b) "United States Armed Forces" means the United States
209	Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, <u>Space Force,</u> and Coast
210	Guard.
211	Section 11. Subsection (7) of section 296.02, Florida
212	Statutes, is amended to read:
213	296.02 DefinitionsFor the purposes of this part, except
214	where the context clearly indicates otherwise:
215	(7) "Peacetime service" means Army, Navy, Marines, Coast
216	Guard, or Air Force <u>, or Space Force</u> service that is not during a
217	wartime era as defined in s. 1.01(14).
218	Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 331.304, Florida
219	Statutes, is amended to read:
220	331.304 Spaceport territory.—The following property shall
221	constitute spaceport territory:
222	(1) Certain real property located in Brevard County that is
223	included within the 1998 boundaries of Patrick Space Force Base,
224	formerly Patrick Air Force Base; Cape Canaveral Space Force
225	Station, formerly Cape Canaveral Air Force Station; $_{ au}$ or John F.
226	Kennedy Space Center. The territory consisting of areas within
227	the John F. Kennedy Space Center and the Cape Canaveral <u>Space</u>
228	Air Force Station may be referred to as the "Cape Canaveral
229	Spaceport."
230	Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 461.002, Florida
231	Statutes, is amended to read:
232	461.002 Exceptions

Page 8 of 54

233 (3) This chapter shall not apply to the practice of 234 podiatric medicine by graduate podiatric physicians in the 235 United States Army, Air Force, Space Force, Marines, Navy, 236 Public Health Service, Coast Guard, or United States Department 237 of Veterans Affairs in the discharge of their official duties. 238 Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 466.002, Florida 239 Statutes, is amended to read: 240 466.002 Persons exempt from operation of chapter.-Nothing in this chapter shall apply to the following practices, acts, 241 242 and operations: 243 (3) The practice of dentistry in the discharge of their 244 official duties by graduate dentists or dental surgeons in the 245 United States Army, Air Force, Space Force, Marines, Navy, 246 Public Health Service, Coast Guard, or United States Department of Veterans Affairs. 247 248 Section 15. Subsection (6) of section 496.415, Florida 249 Statutes, is amended to read: 250 496.415 Prohibited acts.-It is unlawful for any person in 251 connection with the planning, conduct, or execution of any 252 solicitation or charitable or sponsor sales promotion to: 253 (6) Falsely state that he or she is a member of or 254 represents a charitable organization or sponsor, or falsely 255 state or represent that he or she is a member of or represents 256 the United States Air Force, United States Army, United States 257 Coast Guard, United States Marine Corps, United States Navy, 258 United States Space Force, the National Guard, or a law 259 enforcement or emergency service organization. Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 540.08, Florida 260 261 Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 9 of 54

262

540.08 Unauthorized publication of name or likeness.-

263 (3) If a person uses the name, portrait, photograph, or other likeness of a member of the armed forces without obtaining 264 265 the consent required in subsection (1) and such use is not 266 subject to any exception listed in this section, a court may 267 impose a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per violation in addition 268 to the civil remedies contained in subsection (2). Each commercial transaction constitutes a violation under this 269 270 section. As used in this section, the term "member of the armed 271 forces" means an officer or enlisted member of the Army, Navy, 272 Air Force, Marine Corps, Space Force, or Coast Guard of the 273 United States, the Florida National Guard, and the United States 274 Reserve Forces, including any officer or enlisted member who 275 died as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty.

276 Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 695.031, Florida 277 Statutes, is amended to read:

278 695.031 Affidavits and acknowledgments by members of armed 279 forces and their spouses.-

280 (1) In addition to the manner, form and proof of 281 acknowledgment of instruments as now provided by law, any person 282 serving in or with the Armed Forces of the United States, including the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Space Force, 283 284 Coast Guard, or any component or any arm or service of any thereof, including any female auxiliary of any thereof, and any 285 286 person whose duties require his or her presence with the Armed 287 Forces of the United States, as herein designated, or otherwise 288 designated by law or military or naval command, may acknowledge 289 any instrument, wherever located, either within or without the state, or without the United States, before any commissioned 290

Page 10 of 54

291 officer in active service of the Armed Forces of the United 292 States, as herein designated, or otherwise designated by law, or 293 military or naval command, or order, with the rank of second 294 lieutenant or higher in the Army, Air Force, Space Force, or 295 Marine Corps, or of any component or any arm or service of any 296 either thereof, including any female auxiliary of any thereof, 297 or ensign or higher in the Navy or United States Coast Guard, or 298 of any component or any arm or service of either thereof, 299 including any female auxiliary of any thereof.

300 Section 18. Subsection (4) of section 718.113, Florida 301 Statutes, is amended to read:

302 718.113 Maintenance; limitation upon improvement; display 303 of flag; hurricane shutters and protection; display of religious 304 decorations.-

305 (4) Any unit owner may display one portable, removable 306 United States flag in a respectful way and, on Armed Forces Day, 307 Memorial Day, Flag Day, Independence Day, and Veterans Day, may 308 display in a respectful way portable, removable official flags, not larger than 4 1/2 feet by 6 feet, that represent the United 309 310 States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Space Force, or 311 Coast Guard, regardless of any declaration rules or requirements 312 dealing with flags or decorations.

313 Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 314 720.304, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

315 720.304 Right of owners to peaceably assemble; display of 316 flag; SLAPP suits prohibited.-

317 (2) (a) Any homeowner may display one portable, removable
318 United States flag or official flag of the State of Florida in a
319 respectful manner, and one portable, removable official flag, in

Page 11 of 54

320 a respectful manner, not larger than $4 \ 1/2$ feet by 6 feet, which 321 represents the United States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine 322 Corps, Space Force, or Coast Guard, or a POW-MIA flag, 323 regardless of any covenants, restrictions, bylaws, rules, or 324 requirements of the association. 325 Section 20. Subsection (3) of section 790.25, Florida 326 Statutes, is amended to read: 327 790.25 Lawful ownership, possession, and use of firearms 328 and other weapons.-329 (3) LAWFUL USES.-The provisions of ss. 790.053 and 790.06 330 do not apply in the following instances, and, despite such 331 sections, it is lawful for the following persons to own, 332 possess, and lawfully use firearms and other weapons, 333 ammunition, and supplies for lawful purposes: 334 (a) Members of the Militia, National Guard, Florida State Defense Force, Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Space Force, 335 336 Coast Guard, organized reserves, and other armed forces of the 337 state and of the United States, when on duty, when training or 338 preparing themselves for military duty, or while subject to 339 recall or mobilization; 340 (b) Citizens of this state subject to duty in the Armed 341 Forces under s. 2, Art. X of the State Constitution, under chapters 250 and 251, and under federal laws, when on duty or 342

343 when training or preparing themselves for military duty;

344 (c) Persons carrying out or training for emergency 345 management duties under chapter 252;

346 (d) Sheriffs, marshals, prison or jail wardens, police
347 officers, Florida highway patrol officers, game wardens, revenue
348 officers, forest officials, special officers appointed under the

Page 12 of 54

349 provisions of chapter 354, and other peace and law enforcement 350 officers and their deputies and assistants and full-time paid 351 peace officers of other states and of the Federal Government who 352 are carrying out official duties while in this state;

353 (e) Officers or employees of the state or United States 354 duly authorized to carry a concealed weapon;

(f) Guards or messengers of common carriers, express companies, armored car carriers, mail carriers, banks, and other financial institutions, while actually employed in and about the shipment, transportation, or delivery of any money, treasure, bullion, bonds, or other thing of value within this state;

360 (q) Regularly enrolled members of any organization duly 361 authorized to purchase or receive weapons from the United States 362 or from this state, or regularly enrolled members of clubs 363 organized for target, skeet, or trap shooting, while at or going 364 to or from shooting practice; or regularly enrolled members of 365 clubs organized for modern or antique firearms collecting, while 366 such members are at or going to or from their collectors' gun 367 shows, conventions, or exhibits;

368 (h) A person engaged in fishing, camping, or lawful hunting 369 or going to or returning from a fishing, camping, or lawful 370 hunting expedition;

(i) A person engaged in the business of manufacturing, repairing, or dealing in firearms, or the agent or representative of any such person while engaged in the lawful course of such business;

(j) A person firing weapons for testing or target practice under safe conditions and in a safe place not prohibited by law or going to or from such place;

Page 13 of 54

378

(k) A person firing weapons in a safe and secure indoor 379 range for testing and target practice;

380 (1) A person traveling by private conveyance when the 381 weapon is securely encased or in a public conveyance when the 382 weapon is securely encased and not in the person's manual 383 possession;

384 (m) A person while carrying a pistol unloaded and in a 385 secure wrapper, concealed or otherwise, from the place of 386 purchase to his or her home or place of business or to a place 387 of repair or back to his or her home or place of business;

388 (n) A person possessing arms at his or her home or place of 389 business;

390 (o) Investigators employed by the several public defenders of the state, while actually carrying out official duties, 391 provided such investigators: 392

393

1. Are employed full time;

394 2. Meet the official training standards for firearms 395 established by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training 396 Commission as provided in s. 943.12(5) and the requirements of 397 ss. 493.6108(1)(a) and 943.13(1)-(4); and

398 3. Are individually designated by an affidavit of consent 399 signed by the employing public defender and filed with the clerk 400 of the circuit court in the county in which the employing public defender resides. 401

402 (p) Investigators employed by the capital collateral 403 regional counsel, while actually carrying out official duties, 404 provided such investigators:

405

1. Are employed full time;

406

2. Meet the official training standards for firearms as

Page 14 of 54

435

2022438e1

407 established by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training 408 Commission as provided in s. 943.12(1) and the requirements of 409 ss. 493.6108(1)(a) and 943.13(1)-(4); and

410 3. Are individually designated by an affidavit of consent 411 signed by the capital collateral regional counsel and filed with 412 the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the 413 investigator is headquartered.

(q)1. A tactical medical professional who is actively operating in direct support of a tactical operation by a law enforcement agency provided that:

a. The tactical medical professional is lawfully able to
possess firearms and has an active concealed weapons permit
issued pursuant to s. 790.06.

b. The tactical medical professional is appointed to a law
enforcement tactical team of a law enforcement agency by the
head of the law enforcement agency.

423 c. The law enforcement agency has an established policy
424 providing for the appointment, training, and deployment of the
425 tactical medical professional.

d. The tactical medical professional successfully completes
a firearms safety training and tactical training as established
or designated by the appointing law enforcement agency.

e. The law enforcement agency provides and the tactical
medical professional participates in annual firearm training and
tactical training.

432 2. While actively operating in direct support of a tactical
433 operation by a law enforcement agency, a tactical medical
434 professional:

a. May carry a firearm in the same manner as a law

Page 15 of 54

436 enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10 and, 437 notwithstanding any other law, at any place a tactical law 438 enforcement operation occurs.

b. Has no duty to retreat and is justified in the use of
any force which he or she reasonably believes is necessary to
defend himself or herself or another from bodily harm.

442 c. Has the same immunities and privileges as a law 443 enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10, in a civil or 444 criminal action arising out of a tactical law enforcement 445 operation when acting within the scope of his or her official 446 duties.

3. This paragraph may not be construed to authorize a
tactical medical professional to carry, transport, or store any
firearm or ammunition on any fire apparatus or EMS vehicle.

450 4. The appointing law enforcement agency shall issue any 451 firearm or ammunition that the tactical medical professional 452 carries in accordance with this paragraph.

453 5. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "tactical 454 medical professional" means a paramedic, as defined in s. 455 401.23, a physician, as defined in s. 458.305, or an osteopathic 456 physician, as defined in s. 459.003, who is appointed to provide 457 direct support to a tactical law enforcement unit by providing 458 medical services at high-risk incidents, including, but not 459 limited to, hostage incidents, narcotics raids, hazardous 460 surveillance, sniper incidents, armed suicidal persons, 461 barricaded suspects, high-risk felony warrant service, fugitives 462 refusing to surrender, and active shooter incidents.

463 Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 464 817.312, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 16 of 54

465 466

476

490 491

492

493

817.312 Unlawful use of uniforms, medals, or insignia.(1)(a) A person may not:

467 1. Misrepresent himself or herself as a member or veteran
468 of the United States Air Force, United States Army, United
469 States Coast Guard, United States Marine Corps, United States
470 Navy, United States Space Force, or National Guard; or

471 2. Wear the uniform of or any medal or insignia authorized
472 for use by members or veterans of the United States Air Force,
473 United States Army, United States Coast Guard, United States
474 Marine Corps, United States Navy, or the National Guard which he
475 or she is not authorized to wear

477 while soliciting for charitable contributions or for the purpose 478 of material gain, including, but not limited to, obtaining 479 employment or public office resulting in receiving compensation.

480 Section 22. Contingent upon SB 430 or similar legislation 481 extending the repeal date of the Interstate Compact on 482 Educational Opportunity for Military Children taking effect, 483 section 1000.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1000.36 Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children.—The Governor is authorized and directed to execute the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children on behalf of this state with any other state or states legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

> Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children

Page 17 of 54

494	ARTICLE I
495	
496	PURPOSEIt is the purpose of this compact to remove
497	barriers to educational success imposed on children of military
498	families because of frequent moves and deployment of their
499	parents by:
500	A. Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of
501	military families and ensuring that they are not placed at a
502	disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer of education
503	records from the previous school district or variations in
504	entrance or age requirements.
505	B. Facilitating the student placement process through which
506	children of military families are not disadvantaged by
507	variations in attendance requirements, scheduling, sequencing,
508	grading, course content, or assessment.
509	C. Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for
510	enrollment, educational programs, and participation in
511	extracurricular academic, athletic, and social activities.
512	D. Facilitating the on-time graduation of children of
513	military families.
514	E. Providing for the adoption and enforcement of
515	administrative rules implementing this compact.
516	F. Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of
517	information between and among member states, schools, and
518	military families under this compact.
519	G. Promoting coordination between this compact and other
520	compacts affecting military children.
521	H. Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the
522	educational system, parents, and the student in order to achieve

Page 18 of 54

First Engrossed (ntc)

2022438e1

523	educational success for the student.
524	
525	ARTICLE II
526	
527	DEFINITIONS.—As used in this compact, unless the context
528	clearly requires a different construction, the term:
529	A. "Active duty" means the full-time duty status in the
530	active uniformed service of the United States, including members
531	of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant
532	to 10 U.S.C. ss. 1209 and 1211.
533	B. "Children of military families" means school-aged
534	children, enrolled in kindergarten through 12th grade, in the
535	household of an active-duty member.
536	C. "Compact commissioner" means the voting representative
537	of each compacting state appointed under Article VIII of this
538	compact.
539	D. "Deployment" means the period 1 month before the service
540	members' departure from their home station on military orders
541	through 6 months after return to their home station.
542	E. "Educational records" or "education records" means those
543	official records, files, and data directly related to a student
544	and maintained by the school or local education agency,
545	including, but not limited to, records encompassing all the
546	material kept in the student's cumulative folder such as general
547	identifying data, records of attendance and of academic work
548	completed, records of achievement and results of evaluative
549	tests, health data, disciplinary status, test protocols, and
550	individualized education programs.
551	F. "Extracurricular activities" means a voluntary activity

Page 19 of 54

552 sponsored by the school or local education agency or an 553 organization sanctioned by the local education agency. 554 Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to, 555 preparation for and involvement in public performances, 556 contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and 557 club activities.

G. "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children" means the commission that is created under Article IX of this compact, which is generally referred to as the Interstate Commission.

562 H. "Local education agency" means a public authority 563 legally constituted by the state as an administrative agency to 564 provide control of, and direction for, kindergarten through 12th 565 grade public educational institutions.

566 I. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this 567 compact.

568 J. "Military installation" means a base, camp, post, 569 station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other 570 activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, 571 including any leased facility, which is located within any of 572 the several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth 573 of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American 574 Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other United States 575 Territory. The term does not include any facility used primarily 576 for civil works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control 577 projects.

578 K. "Nonmember state" means a state that has not enacted 579 this compact.

580

L. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child of a

Page 20 of 54

581 military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or 582 brought. 583 M. "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate 584 Commission adopted under Article XII of this compact which is of 585 general applicability, implements, interprets, or prescribes a 586 policy or provision of the compact, or an organizational, 587 procedural, or practice requirement of the Interstate 588 Commission, and has the force and effect of statutory law in a 589 member state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension 590 of an existing rule. 591 N. "Sending state" means the state from which a child of a 592 military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or 593 brought. 594 O. "State" means a state of the United States, the District 595 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States 596 Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana 597 Islands, and any other United States Territory. 598 P. "Student" means the child of a military family for whom 599 the local education agency receives public funding and who is 600 formally enrolled in kindergarten through 12th grade. 601 Q. "Transition" means: 602 1. The formal and physical process of transferring from 603 school to school; or 604 2. The period of time in which a student moves from one 605 school in the sending state to another school in the receiving 606 state. 607 R. "Uniformed services" means the Army, Navy, Air Force, 608 Space Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard as well as the Commissioned Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric 609

Page 21 of 54

610	Administration, and Public Health Services.
611	S. "Veteran" means a person who served in the uniformed
612	services and who was discharged or released therefrom under
613	conditions other than dishonorable.
614	
615	ARTICLE III
616	
617	APPLICABILITY
618	A. Except as otherwise provided in Section C, this compact
619	applies to the children of:
620	1. Active duty members of the uniformed services, including
621	members of the National Guard and Reserve on active-duty orders
622	pursuant to 10 U.S.C. ss. 1209 and 1211;
623	2. Members or veterans of the uniformed services who are
624	severely injured and medically discharged or retired for a
625	period of 1 year after medical discharge or retirement; and
626	3. Members of the uniformed services who die on active duty
627	or as a result of injuries sustained on active duty for a period
628	of 1 year after death.
629	B. This interstate compact applies to local education
630	agencies.
631	C. This compact does not apply to the children of:
632	1. Inactive members of the National Guard and military
633	reserves;
634	2. Members of the uniformed services now retired, except as
635	provided in Section A;
636	3. Veterans of the uniformed services, except as provided
637	in Section A; and
638	4. Other United States Department of Defense personnel and
I	Page 22 of 54

662

2022438e1

639 other federal agency civilian and contract employees not defined 640 as active-duty members of the uniformed services. 641 642 ARTICLE IV 643 644 EDUCATIONAL RECORDS AND ENROLLMENT.-645 A. If a child's official education records cannot be 646 released to the parents for the purpose of transfer, the 647 custodian of the records in the sending state shall prepare and 648 furnish to the parent a complete set of unofficial educational 649 records containing uniform information as determined by the 650 Interstate Commission. Upon receipt of the unofficial education 651 records by a school in the receiving state, that school shall 652 enroll and appropriately place the student based on the 653 information provided in the unofficial records pending 654 validation by the official records, as quickly as possible. B. Simultaneous with the enrollment and conditional 655 656 placement of the student, the school in the receiving state 657 shall request the student's official education record from the 658 school in the sending state. Upon receipt of the request, the 659 school in the sending state shall process and furnish the 660 official education records to the school in the receiving state 661 within 10 days or within such time as is reasonably determined

663 C. Compact states must give 30 days from the date of 664 enrollment or within such time as is reasonably determined under 665 the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission for students to 666 obtain any immunization required by the receiving state. For a 667 series of immunizations, initial vaccinations must be obtained

under the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission.

Page 23 of 54

within 30 days or within such time as is reasonably determinedunder the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.

670 D. Students shall be allowed to continue their enrollment 671 at grade level in the receiving state commensurate with their 672 grade level, including kindergarten, from a local education 673 agency in the sending state at the time of transition, 674 regardless of age. A student who has satisfactorily completed 675 the prerequisite grade level in the local education agency in 676 the sending state is eligible for enrollment in the next highest 677 grade level in the receiving state, regardless of age. A student 678 transferring after the start of the school year in the receiving 679 state shall enter the school in the receiving state on their 680 validated level from an accredited school in the sending state.

ARTICLE V

682

681

683 684

PLACEMENT AND ATTENDANCE.-

685 A. If a student transfers before or during the school year, 686 the receiving state school shall initially honor placement of 687 the student in educational courses based on the student's 688 enrollment in the sending state school or educational 689 assessments conducted at the school in the sending state if the 690 courses are offered. Course placement includes, but is not 691 limited to, Honors, International Baccalaureate, Advanced 692 Placement, vocational, technical, and career pathways courses. 693 Continuing the student's academic program from the previous 694 school and promoting placement in academically and career 695 challenging courses should be paramount when considering placement. A school in the receiving state is not precluded from 696

Page 24 of 54

697 performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate
698 placement and continued enrollment of the student in the
699 courses.

B. The receiving state school must initially honor placement of the student in educational programs based on current educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending state or participation or placement in like programs in the sending state. Such programs include, but are not limited to:

706

707

708

- 1. Gifted and talented programs; and
- 2. English as a second language (ESL).

709 A school in the receiving state is not precluded from performing
710 subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement and
711 continued enrollment of the student in the courses.

712 C. A receiving state must initially provide comparable services to a student with disabilities based on his or her 713 714 current individualized education program (IEP) in compliance 715 with the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities 716 Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C. s. 1400, et seq. A receiving 717 state must make reasonable accommodations and modifications to 718 address the needs of incoming students with disabilities, 719 subject to an existing section 504 or title II plan, to provide 720 the student with equal access to education, in compliance with 721 the provisions of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 29 722 U.S.C.A. s. 794, and with title II of the Americans with 723 Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 12131-12165. A school in the 724 receiving state is not precluded from performing subsequent 725 evaluations to ensure appropriate placement and continued

Page 25 of 54

726 enrollment of the student in the courses. 727 D. Local education agency administrative officials may 728 waive course or program prerequisites, or other preconditions 729 for placement in courses or programs offered under the 730 jurisdiction of the local education agency. 731 E. A student whose parent or legal guardian is an active-732 duty member of the uniformed services and has been called to 733 duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from 734 deployment to, a combat zone or combat support posting shall be 735 granted additional excused absences at the discretion of the 736 local education agency superintendent to visit with his or her 737 parent or legal quardian relative to such leave or deployment of 738 the parent or guardian. 739 740 ARTICLE VI 741 742 ELIGIBILITY.-743 A. When considering the eligibility of a child for 744 enrolling in a school: 745 1. A special power of attorney relative to the guardianship 746 of a child of a military family and executed under applicable 747 law is sufficient for the purposes of enrolling the child in 748 school and for all other actions requiring parental 749 participation and consent. 750 2. A local education agency is prohibited from charging 751 local tuition to a transitioning military child placed in the 752 care of a noncustodial parent or other person standing in loco 753 parentis who lives in a school's jurisdiction different from 754 that of the custodial parent.

Page 26 of 54

3. A transitioning military child, placed in the care of a noncustodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a school's jurisdiction different from that of the custodial parent, may continue to attend the school in which he or she was enrolled while residing with the custodial parent.

B. State and local education agencies must facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are otherwise qualified.

ARTICLE VII

GRADUATION.—In order to facilitate the on-time graduation of children of military families, states and local education agencies shall incorporate the following procedures:

A. Local education agency administrative officials shall waive specific courses required for graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed in another local education agency or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. If a waiver is not granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the local education agency must provide an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on time.

B. States shall accept exit or end-of-course exams required for graduation from the sending state; national norm-referenced achievement tests; or alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for graduation in the receiving state. If these alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a student transferring in his or her senior year, then the

Page 27 of 54

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

784

796 797

798

provisions of Article VII, Section C shall apply.

785 C. If a military student transfers at the beginning of or 786 during his or her senior year and is not eligible to graduate 787 from the receiving local education agency after all alternatives 788 have been considered, the sending and receiving local education 789 agencies must ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending 790 local education agency, if the student meets the graduation 791 requirements of the sending local education agency. If one of 792 the states in question is not a member of this compact, the 793 member state shall use its best efforts to facilitate the on-794 time graduation of the student in accordance with Sections A and 795 B of this Article.

ARTICLE VIII

799 STATE COORDINATION.-Each member state shall, through the 800 creation of a state council or use of an existing body or board, 801 provide for the coordination among its agencies of government, 802 local education agencies, and military installations concerning 803 the state's participation in, and compliance with, this compact 804 and Interstate Commission activities.

805 A. Each member state may determine the membership of its 806 own state council, but the membership must include at least: the 807 state superintendent of education, the superintendent of a 808 school district that has a high concentration of military 809 children, a representative from a military installation, one 810 representative each from the legislative and executive branches 811 of government, and other offices and stakeholder groups the 812 state council deems appropriate. A member state that does not

Page 28 of 54

829 830

831

2022438e1

813 have a school district deemed to contain a high concentration of 814 military children may appoint a superintendent from another 815 school district to represent local education agencies on the 816 state council.

B. The state council of each member state shall appoint or designate a military family education liaison to assist military families and the state in facilitating the implementation of this compact.

C. The compact commissioner responsible for the administration and management of the state's participation in the compact shall be appointed by the Governor or as otherwise determined by each member state.

D. The compact commissioner and the military family education liaison shall be ex officio members of the state council, unless either is already a full voting member of the state council.

ARTICLE IX

832 INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR 833 MILITARY CHILDREN.—The member states hereby create the 834 "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military 835 Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the 836 formation of public policy and are a discretionary state 837 function. The Interstate Commission shall:

A. Be a body corporate and joint agency of the member states and shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth herein, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by a subsequent concurrent action of the

Page 29 of 54

842 respective legislatures of the member states in accordance with 843 the terms of this compact.

B. Consist of one Interstate Commission voting
representative from each member state who shall be that state's
compact commissioner.

847 1. Each member state represented at a meeting of the848 Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote.

2. A majority of the total member states shall constitute a
quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum
is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission.

3. A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state. In the event the compact commissioner is unable to attend a meeting of the Interstate Commission, the Governor or state council may delegate voting authority to another person from their state for a specified meeting.

4. The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate
Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or electronic
communication.

860 C. Consist of ex officio, nonvoting representatives who are 861 members of interested organizations. The ex officio members, as 862 defined in the bylaws, may include, but not be limited to, 863 members of the representative organizations of military family 864 advocates, local education agency officials, parent and teacher 865 groups, the United States Department of Defense, the Education 866 Commission of the States, the Interstate Agreement on the 867 Qualification of Educational Personnel, and other interstate 868 compacts affecting the education of children of military 869 members.

870

D. Meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson

Page 30 of 54

871 may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple 872 majority of the member states, shall call additional meetings.

873 E. Establish an executive committee, whose members shall 874 include the officers of the Interstate Commission and such other 875 members of the Interstate Commission as determined by the 876 bylaws. Members of the executive committee shall serve a 1-year 877 term. Members of the executive committee are entitled to one 878 vote each. The executive committee shall have the power to act 879 on behalf of the Interstate Commission, with the exception of 880 rulemaking, during periods when the Interstate Commission is not 881 in session. The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day 882 activities of the administration of the compact, including 883 enforcement and compliance with the compact, its bylaws and 884 rules, and other such duties as deemed necessary. The United 885 States Department of Defense shall serve as an ex officio, 886 nonvoting member of the executive committee.

887 F. The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized 888 data concerning the educational transition of the children of 889 military families under this compact as directed through its 890 rules which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of 891 collection and data exchange, and reporting requirements. The 892 methods of data collection, exchange, and reporting shall, 893 insofar as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology 894 and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate 895 custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules.

G. The Interstate Commission shall create a procedure that permits military officials, education officials, and parents to inform the Interstate Commission if and when there are alleged violations of the compact or its rules or when issues subject to

Page 31 of 54

900 the jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are not addressed 901 by the state or local education agency. This section does not 902 create a private right of action against the Interstate 903 Commission or any member state.

ARTICLE X

907 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION.—The 908 Interstate Commission has the power to:

A. Provide for dispute resolution among member states.

B. Adopt rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes, and obligations as enumerated in this compact. The rules have the force and effect of statutory law and are binding in the compact states to the extent and in the manner provided in this compact.

915 C. Issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions 916 concerning the meaning or interpretation of the interstate 917 compact, its bylaws, rules, and actions.

D. Enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, using all necessary and proper means, including, but not limited to, the use of judicial process.

922 E. Establish and maintain offices that shall be located 923 within one or more of the member states.

924

904 905

906

909

F. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.

925 G. Borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of 926 personnel.

H. Establish and appoint committees, including, but notlimited to, an executive committee as required by Article IX,

Page 32 of 54

929 Section E, which shall have the power to act on behalf of the 930 Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties 931 hereunder.

I. Elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation, define their duties, and determine their qualifications; and to establish the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel.

J. Accept any and all donations and grants of money,
equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive,
utilize, and dispose of it.

K. Lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of,
or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or use any property, real,
personal, or mixed.

L. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal,
or mixed.

947

M. Establish a budget and make expenditures.

N. Adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management andoperation of the Interstate Commission.

0. Report annually to the legislatures, governors,
judiciary, and state councils of the member states concerning
the activities of the Interstate Commission during the preceding
year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that
may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission.

P. Coordinate education, training, and public awareness
regarding the compact, its implementation, and operation for
officials and parents involved in such activity.

Page 33 of 54

First Engrossed (ntc)

2022438e1

958	Q. Establish uniform standards for the reporting,
959	collecting, and exchanging of data.
960	R. Maintain corporate books and records in accordance with
961	the bylaws.
962	S. Perform such functions as may be necessary or
963	appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.
964	T. Provide for the uniform collection and sharing of
965	information between and among member states, schools, and
966	military families under this compact.
967	
968	ARTICLE XI
969	
970	ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
971	A. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the
972	members present and voting, within 12 months after the first
973	Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws to govern its
974	conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the
975	purposes of the compact, including, but not limited to:
976	1. Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate
977	Commission;
978	2. Establishing an executive committee and such other
979	committees as may be necessary;
980	3. Providing for the establishment of committees and for
981	governing any general or specific delegation of authority or
982	function of the Interstate Commission;
983	4. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and
984	conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission and ensuring
985	reasonable notice of each such meeting;
986	5. Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the

Page 34 of 54

1006

2022438e1

987 officers and staff of the Interstate Commission;

988 6. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of 989 the Interstate Commission and the return of surplus funds that 990 may exist upon the termination of the compact after the payment 991 and reserving of all of its debts and obligations.

992 7. Providing "start up" rules for initial administration of 993 the compact.

994 B. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the 995 members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson, a 996 vice chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom shall have such 997 authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the 998 999 vice chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate 1000 Commission. The officers so elected shall serve without 1001 compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission; 1002 provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, 1003 the officers shall be reimbursed for ordinary and necessary 1004 costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of their 1005 responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission.

C. The executive committee has the authority and duties as 1007 may be set forth in the bylaws, including, but not limited to:

1008 1. Managing the affairs of the Interstate Commission in a 1009 manner consistent with the bylaws and purposes of the Interstate 1010 Commission;

2. Overseeing an organizational structure within, and 1011 1012 appropriate procedures for, the Interstate Commission to provide 1013 for the adoption of rules, operating procedures, and 1014 administrative and technical support functions; and 1015

3. Planning, implementing, and coordinating communications

Page 35 of 54

1016 and activities with other state, federal, and local government 1017 organizations in order to advance the goals of the Interstate 1018 Commission.

1019 D. The executive committee may, subject to the approval of 1020 the Interstate Commission, appoint or retain an executive 1021 director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for 1022 such compensation, as the Interstate Commission may deem 1023 appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to 1024 the Interstate Commission but is not a member of the Interstate 1025 Commission. The executive director shall hire and supervise such 1026 other persons as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.

1027 E. The Interstate Commission's executive director and its 1028 employees are immune from suit and liability, either personally 1029 or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss 1030 of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused 1031 or arising out of, or relating to, an actual or alleged act, 1032 error, or omission that occurred, or that such person had a 1033 reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of 1034 Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, 1035 provided that the person is not protected from suit or liability 1036 for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional 1037 or willful and wanton misconduct of the person.

1038 1. The liability of the Interstate Commission's executive 1039 director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives, 1040 acting within the scope of the person's employment or duties, 1041 for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within the person's 1042 state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the 1043 constitution and laws of that state for state officials, 1044 employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered

Page 36 of 54

1045 to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any 1046 such action. This subsection does not protect the person from 1047 suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused 1048 by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of the 1049 person.

2. The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive 1050 1051 director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the 1052 Attorney General or other appropriate legal counsel of the 1053 member state represented by an Interstate Commission 1054 representative, shall defend an Interstate Commission 1055 representative in any civil action seeking to impose liability 1056 arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that 1057 occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, 1058 duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a 1059 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of 1060 Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, 1061 provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did 1062 not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on 1063 the part of the person.

1064 3. To the extent not covered by the state involved, a 1065 member state, the Interstate Commission, and the representatives 1066 or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless 1067 in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's 1068 fees and costs, obtained against a person arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within 1069 1070 the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or 1071 responsibilities, or that the person had a reasonable basis for 1072 believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission 1073 employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the

Page 37 of 54

1077 1078

1079

2022438e1

1074 actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from 1075 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of the 1076 person.

ARTICLE XII

1080 RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION.—The 1081 Interstate Commission shall adopt rules to effectively and 1082 efficiently implement this act to achieve the purposes of this 1083 compact.

A. If the Interstate Commission exercises its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of this act, or the powers granted hereunder, the action undertaken by the Interstate Commission is invalid and has no force or effect.

B. Rules must be adopted pursuant to a rulemaking process that substantially conforms to the "Model State Administrative Procedure Act," of 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1092 1 (2000) as amended, as may be appropriate to the operations of the Interstate Commission.

1094 C. No later than 30 days after a rule is adopted, a person 1095 may file a petition for judicial review of the rule. The filing 1096 of the petition does not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from 1097 becoming effective unless a court finds that the petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success on the merits of the 1098 1099 petition. The court shall give deference to the actions of the 1100 Interstate Commission consistent with applicable law and shall 1101 not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents a 1102 reasonable exercise of the Interstate Commission's authority.

Page 38 of 54

CS for SB 438

1103

2022438e1

1104 states rejects a rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in 1105 the same manner used to adopt the compact, then the rule is 1106 invalid and has no further force and effect in any compacting 1107 state. 1108 1109 ARTICLE XIII 1110 OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION.-1111 1112 A. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of 1113 state government in each member state shall enforce this compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to 1114 1115 effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of 1116 this compact and the rules adopted under it have the force and 1117 effect of statutory law. 1118 B. All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and 1119 its adopted rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding 1120 in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this 1121 compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or 1122 actions of the Interstate Commission. C. The Interstate Commission is entitled to receive all 1123 1124 service of process in any such proceeding, and has standing to 1125 intervene in the proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide 1126 service of process to the Interstate Commission renders a 1127 judgment or order void as to the Interstate Commission, this 1128 compact, or its adopted rules. 1129 D. If the Interstate Commission determines that a member 1130 state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or 1131 responsibilities under this compact, or the bylaws or the

Page 39 of 54

D. If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting

2 adopted rules, the Interstate Commission shall:

133 1. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other 134 member states of the nature of the default, the means of curing 135 the default, and any action taken by the Interstate Commission. 136 The Interstate Commission must specify the conditions by which 137 the defaulting state must cure its default.

2. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

3. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, terminate the defaulting state from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the member states and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of the default.

E. Suspension or termination of membership in the compact may not be imposed on a member until all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of the intent to suspend or terminate membership must be given by the Interstate Commission to the Governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member states.

F. A state that has been suspended or terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of suspension or termination, including obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of suspension or termination.

G. The remaining member states of the Interstate Commission do not bear any costs arising from a state that has been found

Page 40 of 54

1161 to be in default or that has been suspended or terminated from 1162 the compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing 1163 between the Interstate Commission and the defaulting state.

H. A defaulting state may appeal the action of the Interstate Commission by petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

1170 I. The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the 1171 request of a member state, to resolve disputes that are subject 1172 to the compact and that may arise among member states and 1173 between member and nonmember states. The Interstate Commission 1174 shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding 1175 dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

1176 1. The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of 1177 its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this 1178 compact.

1179 2. The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the 1180 members, initiate legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the 1181 1182 Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the 1183 Interstate Commission has its principal offices to enforce 1184 compliance with the provisions of the compact, or its 1185 promulgated rules and bylaws, against a member state in default. 1186 The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and 1187 damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the 1188 prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, 1189 including reasonable attorney's fees.

Page 41 of 54

CS for SB 438

1194 1195

1196 1197 2022438e1

1190 3. The remedies herein are not the exclusive remedies of 1191 the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission may avail 1192 itself of any other remedies available under state law or the 1193 regulation of a profession.

ARTICLE XIV

FINANCING OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION.-

1198 A. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the 1199 payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, 1200 organization, and ongoing activities.

1201 B. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an 1202 annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of 1203 the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and 1204 its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover 1205 the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. 1206 The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based 1207 upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, 1208 which shall adopt a rule binding upon all member states.

1209 C. The Interstate Commission may not incur any obligation 1210 of any kind before securing the funds adequate to meet the 1211 obligation and the Interstate Commission may not pledge the 1212 credit of any of the member states, except by and with the 1213 permission of the member state.

D. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission are subject to audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the

Page 42 of 54

1219 Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or 1220 licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be 1221 included in and become part of the annual report of the 1222 Interstate Commission.

ARTICLE XV

1225 1226

1227

1223 1224

MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE, AND AMENDMENT.-

A. Any state is eligible to become a member state.

1228 B. The compact shall take effect and be binding upon 1229 legislative enactment of the compact into law by not less than 1230 10 of the states. The effective date shall be no earlier than 1231 December 1, 2007. Thereafter, it shall become effective and 1232 binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the 1233 compact into law by that state. The governors of nonmember 1234 states or their designees shall be invited to participate in the 1235 activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis 1236 before adoption of the compact by all states.

1237 C. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the 1238 compact for enactment by the member states. An amendment does 1239 not become effective and binding upon the Interstate Commission 1240 and the member states until the amendment is enacted into law by 1241 unanimous consent of the member states.

ARTICLE XVI

1243 1244

1245

1242

WITHDRAWAL AND DISSOLUTION.-

A. Once in effect, the compact continues in force and remains binding upon each and every member state, provided that

Page 43 of 54

1248 a member state may withdraw from the compact, specifically 1249 repealing the statute that enacted the compact into law.

1. Withdrawal from the compact occurs when a statute repealing its membership is enacted by the state, but does not take effect until 1 year after the effective date of the statute and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the withdrawing state to the Governor of each other member state.

2. The withdrawing state must immediately notify the chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall notify the other member states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within 60 days after its receipt thereof.

3. A withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.

4. Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the Interstate Commission.

B. This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of
the withdrawal or default of the member state which reduces the
membership in the compact to one member state.

C. Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes void and has no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.

Page 44 of 54

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1277	ARTICLE XVII
1278	
1279	SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION
1280	A. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and
1281	if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision is deemed
1282	unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be
1283	enforceable.
1284	B. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally
1285	construed to effectuate its purposes.
1286	C. This compact does not prohibit the applicability of
1287	other interstate compacts to which the states are members.
1288	
1289	ARTICLE XVIII
1290	
1291	BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
1292	A. This compact does not prevent the enforcement of any
1293	other law of a member state that is not inconsistent with this
1294	compact.
1295	B. All member states' laws conflicting with this compact
1296	are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
1297	C. All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission,
1298	including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the Interstate
1299	Commission, are binding upon the member states.
1300	D. All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the
1301	member states are binding in accordance with their terms.
1302	E. If any part of this compact exceeds the constitutional
1303	limits imposed on the legislature of any member state, the
1304	provision shall be ineffective to the extent of the conflict
1305	with the constitutional provision in question in that member

Page 45 of 54

1306 state. 1307 Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 1003.051, Florida 1308 Statutes, is amended to read: 1309 1003.051 Purple Star Campuses.-1310 (1) As used in this section, the term "military student" 1311 means a student who is: 1312 (a) Enrolled in a school district, charter school, or any school or educational institution participating in an 1313 1314 educational choice scholarship program established pursuant to 1315 chapter 1002; and 1316 (b) A dependent of a current member of the United States 1317 military serving on active duty in, or a former member of, the 1318 Army, Navy, Air Force, Space Force, Marine Corps, or Coast 1319 Guard; a reserve component of any branch of the United States 1320 military; or the Florida National Guard. 1321 Section 24. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1322 made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in a 1323 reference thereto, subsection (7) of section 373.324, Florida 1324 Statutes, is reenacted to read: 1325 373.324 License renewal.-1326 (7) Notwithstanding the renewal requirements in subsection 1327 (3) and s. 250.4815 for members of the Florida National Guard 1328 and the United States Armed Forces Reserves, any active water 1329 well contractor license issued under this part to a 1330 servicemember as defined in s. 250.01 or his or her spouse, both 1331 of whom reside in Florida, may not become inactive while the 1332 servicemember is serving on military orders which take him or her over 35 miles from his or her residence and shall be 1333 1334 considered an active license for up to 180 days after the

Page 46 of 54

1335 servicemember returns to his or her Florida residence. If the license renewal requirements are met within the 180-day 1336 1337 extension period, the servicemember or his or her spouse may not 1338 be charged any additional costs, such as, but not limited to, 1339 late fees or delinquency fees, above the normal license fees. This subsection does not waive renewal requirements such as 1340 1341 registering, continuing education, and all associated fees. The servicemember must present to the water management district 1342 issuing the license a copy of his or her official military 1343 1344 orders or a written verification from the member's commanding 1345 officer before the end of the 180-day period in order to qualify 1346 for the extension. 1347 Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1348 made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in a 1349 reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1350 409.1664, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 1351 409.1664 Adoption benefits for qualifying adoptive 1352 employees of state agencies, veterans, and servicemembers.-1353 (1) As used in this section, the term: 1354 (c) "Servicemember" has the same meaning as in s. 1355 250.01(19). 1356 Section 26. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1357 made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in a 1358 reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 520.14, Florida 1359 Statutes, is reenacted to read: 1360 520.14 Termination of retail installment contract for 1361 leasing a motor vehicle by a servicemember.-1362 (1) Any servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01, may 1363 terminate his or her retail installment contract for leasing a

Page 47 of 54

motor vehicle by providing the sales finance company with a written notice of termination, effective on the date specified in the notice, which date shall be at least 30 days after the receipt of the notice by the sales finance company, if any of the following criteria are met:

(a) The servicemember is required, pursuant to a permanent
change of station, to move outside the continental United
States; or

(b) The servicemember receives temporary duty orders,
temporary change of station orders, or active duty orders
outside the continental United States, provided such orders are
for a period exceeding 60 days.

1376 Section 27. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1377 made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in a 1378 reference thereto, subsection (5) of section 627.7283, Florida 1379 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1380

627.7283 Cancellation; return of unearned premium.-

1381 (5) The insurer must refund 100 percent of the unearned 1382 premium if the insured is a servicemember, as defined in s. 1383 250.01, who cancels because he or she is called to active duty 1384 or transferred by the United States Armed Forces to a location 1385 where the insurance is not required. The insurer may require a 1386 servicemember to submit either a copy of the official military 1387 orders or a written verification signed by the servicemember's 1388 commanding officer to support the refund authorized under this 1389 subsection. If the insurer cancels, the insurer must refund 100 1390 percent of the unearned premium. Cancellation is without 1391 prejudice to any claim originating prior to the effective date 1392 of the cancellation. For purposes of this section, unearned

Page 48 of 54

	premiums must be computed on a pro rata basis.
1394	Section 28. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1395	made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in a
1396	reference thereto, paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section
1397	689.27, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
1398	689.27 Termination by servicemember of agreement to
1399	purchase real property
1400	(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law and for the
1401	purposes of this section:
1402	(d) "Servicemember" shall have the same meaning as provided
1403	in s. 250.01.
1404	Section 29. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1405	made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in a
1406	reference thereto, subsection (5) of section 790.015, Florida
1407	Statutes, is reenacted to read:
1408	790.015 Nonresidents who are United States citizens and
1409	hold a concealed weapons license in another state; reciprocity
1410	(5) The requirement of paragraph (1)(a) does not apply to a
1411	person who:
1412	(a) Is a servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01; or
1413	(b) Is a veteran of the United States Armed Forces who was
1414	discharged under honorable conditions.
1415	Section 30. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1416	made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in
1417	references thereto, subsection (4) and paragraph (b) of
1418	subsection (11) of section 790.06, Florida Statutes, are
1419	reenacted to read:
1420	790.06 License to carry concealed weapon or firearm
1421	(4) The application shall be completed, under oath, on a

Page 49 of 54

1422 form adopted by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 1423 Services and shall include: 1424 (a) The name, address, place of birth, date of birth, and 1425 race of the applicant; 1426 (b) A statement that the applicant is in compliance with criteria contained within subsections (2) and (3); 1427 1428 (c) A statement that the applicant has been furnished a 1429 copy of or a website link to this chapter and is knowledgeable 1430 of its provisions; 1431 (d) A conspicuous warning that the application is executed 1432 under oath and that a false answer to any question, or the 1433 submission of any false document by the applicant, subjects the 1434 applicant to criminal prosecution under s. 837.06; (e) A statement that the applicant desires a concealed 1435 1436 weapon or firearms license as a means of lawful self-defense; 1437 and 1438 (f) Directions for an applicant who is a servicemember, as 1439 defined in s. 250.01, or a veteran, as defined in s. 1.01, to 1440 request expedited processing of his or her application. 1441 (11)(b) A license issued to a servicemember, as defined in s. 1442 1443 250.01, is subject to paragraph (a); however, such a license 1444 does not expire while the servicemember is serving on military 1445 orders that have taken him or her over 35 miles from his or her 1446 residence and shall be extended, as provided in this paragraph, 1447 for up to 180 days after his or her return to such residence. If 1448 the license renewal requirements in paragraph (a) are met within 1449 the 180-day extension period, the servicemember may not be charged any additional costs, such as, but not limited to, late 1450

Page 50 of 54

1451 fees or delinquency fees, above the normal license fees. The 1452 servicemember must present to the Department of Agriculture and 1453 Consumer Services a copy of his or her official military orders 1454 or a written verification from the member's commanding officer 1455 before the end of the 180-day period in order to qualify for the 1456 extension.

1457 Section 31. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1458 made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in a 1459 reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 790.062, Florida 1460 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1461 790.062 Members and veterans of United States Armed Forces; 1462 exceptions from licensure provisions.-

(1) Notwithstanding s. 790.06(2)(b), the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall issue a license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm under s. 790.06 if the applicant is otherwise qualified and:

(a) Is a servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01; or

8 (b) Is a veteran of the United States Armed Forces who was9 discharged under honorable conditions.

1470 Section 32. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1471 made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in a 1472 reference thereto, subsection (13) of section 790.065, Florida 1473 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1474

790.065 Sale and delivery of firearms.-

(13) A person younger than 21 years of age may not purchase a firearm. The sale or transfer of a firearm to a person younger than 21 years of age may not be made or facilitated by a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer. A person who violates this subsection commits a felony of the

Page 51 of 54

1480 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 1481 or s. 775.084. The prohibitions of this subsection do not apply 1482 to the purchase of a rifle or shotgun by a law enforcement officer or correctional officer, as those terms are defined in 1483 1484 s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9), or a servicemember as defined in s. 250.01. 1485 1486 Section 33. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1487 made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in a 1488 reference thereto, paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 1489 790.0655, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 1490 790.0655 Purchase and delivery of firearms; mandatory 1491 waiting period; exceptions; penalties.-1492 (2) The waiting period does not apply in the following 1493 circumstances: 1494 (d) When a rifle or shotgun is being purchased by a law 1495 enforcement officer or correctional officer, as those terms are 1496 defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9), or a 1497 servicemember as defined in s. 250.01. 1498 Section 34. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1499 made by this act to section 250.01, Florida Statutes, in 1500 references thereto, subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 1501 948.21, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read: 1502 948.21 Condition of probation or community control; 1503 military servicemembers and veterans.-1504 (1) Effective for a probationer or community controllee 1505 whose crime is committed on or after July 1, 2012, and who is a 1506 veteran, as defined in s. 1.01, or servicemember, as defined in 1507 s. 250.01, who suffers from a military service-related mental illness, traumatic brain injury, substance abuse disorder, or 1508

Page 52 of 54

1509 psychological problem, the court may, in addition to any other 1510 conditions imposed, impose a condition requiring the probationer 1511 or community controllee to participate in a treatment program 1512 capable of treating the probationer's or community controllee's 1513 mental illness, traumatic brain injury, substance abuse 1514 disorder, or psychological problem.

1515 (2) Effective for a probationer or community controllee 1516 whose crime is committed on or after July 1, 2016, and who is a veteran, as defined in s. 1.01, including a veteran who is 1517 1518 discharged or released under a general discharge, or 1519 servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01, who suffers from a 1520 military service-related mental illness, traumatic brain injury, 1521 substance abuse disorder, or psychological problem, the court may, in addition to any other conditions imposed, impose a 1522 1523 condition requiring the probationer or community controllee to 1524 participate in a treatment program capable of treating the 1525 probationer or community controllee's mental illness, traumatic 1526 brain injury, substance abuse disorder, or psychological 1527 problem.

1528 (3) Effective for a probationer or community controllee 1529 whose crime is committed on or after October 1, 2019, and who is 1530 a veteran, as defined in s. 1.01; a veteran who is discharged or 1531 released under any condition; a servicemember, as defined in s. 1532 250.01; an individual who is a current or former United States 1533 Department of Defense contractor; or an individual who is a 1534 current or former military member of a foreign allied country, 1535 who suffers from a military service-related mental illness, traumatic brain injury, substance abuse disorder, or 1536 1537 psychological problem, the court may, in addition to any other

Page 53 of 54

1538 conditions imposed, impose a condition requiring the probationer 1539 or community controllee to participate in a treatment program 1540 capable of treating the probationer or community controllee's 1541 mental illness, traumatic brain injury, substance abuse 1542 disorder, or psychological problem.

1543 Section 35. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 1544 act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

Page 54 of 54