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CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

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Representative Sirois offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 73-255 and insert:

Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 259.105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

259.105 The Florida Forever Act.-

- (2)(a) The Legislature finds and declares that:
- 1. Land acquisition programs have provided tremendous financial resources for purchasing environmentally significant lands to protect those lands from imminent development or alteration, thereby ensuring present and future generations'

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access to important waterways, open spaces, and recreation and conservation lands.

- 2. The continued alteration and development of the state's natural and rural areas to accommodate the state's growing population have contributed to the degradation of water resources, the fragmentation and destruction of wildlife habitats, the loss of outdoor recreation space, and the diminishment of wetlands, forests, working landscapes, and coastal open space.
- 3. The potential development of the state's remaining natural areas and escalation of land values require government efforts to restore, bring under public protection, or acquire lands and water areas to preserve the state's essential ecological functions and invaluable quality of life.
- 4. It is essential to protect the state's ecosystems by promoting a more efficient use of land, to ensure opportunities for viable agricultural activities on working lands, and to promote vital rural and urban communities that support and produce development patterns consistent with natural resource protection.
- 5. The state's groundwater, surface waters, and springs are under tremendous pressure due to population growth and economic expansion and require special protection and restoration efforts, including the protection of uplands and springsheds that provide vital recharge to aquifer systems and

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are critical to the protection of water quality and water quantity of the aquifers and springs. To ensure that sufficient quantities of water are available to meet the current and future needs of the natural systems and citizens of the state, and assist in achieving the planning goals of the department and the water management districts, water resource development projects on public lands, if compatible with the resource values of and management objectives for the lands, are appropriate.

- 6. The needs of urban, suburban, and small communities in the state for high-quality outdoor recreational opportunities, greenways, trails, and open space have not been fully met by previous acquisition programs. Through such programs as the Florida Communities Trust and the Florida Recreation Development Assistance Program, the state shall place additional emphasis on acquiring, protecting, preserving, and restoring open space, ecological greenways, and recreation properties within urban, suburban, and rural areas where pristine natural communities or water bodies no longer exist because of the proximity of developed property.
- 7. Many of the state's unique ecosystems, such as the Florida Everglades, are facing ecological collapse due to the state's burgeoning population growth and other economic activities. To preserve these valuable ecosystems for future generations, essential parcels of land must be acquired to facilitate ecosystem restoration.

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- 8. Access to public lands to support a broad range of outdoor recreational opportunities and the development of necessary infrastructure, if compatible with the resource values of and management objectives for such lands, promotes an appreciation for the state's natural assets and improves the quality of life.
- 9. Acquisition of lands, in fee simple, less than fee interest, or other techniques shall be based on a comprehensive science-based assessment of the state's natural resources which targets essential conservation lands by prioritizing all current and future acquisitions based on a uniform set of data and planned so as to protect the integrity and function of ecological systems and working landscapes, and provide multiple benefits, including preservation of fish and wildlife habitat, recreation space for urban and rural areas, and the restoration of natural water storage, flow, and recharge.
- 10. The state has embraced performance-based program budgeting as a tool to evaluate the achievements of publicly funded agencies, build in accountability, and reward those agencies which are able to consistently achieve quantifiable goals. While previous and existing state environmental programs have achieved varying degrees of success, few of these programs can be evaluated as to the extent of their achievements, primarily because performance measures, standards, outcomes, and goals were not established at the outset. Therefore, the Florida

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Forever program shall be developed and implemented in the context of measurable state goals and objectives.

11.a. The state must play a major role in the recovery and management of its imperiled species through the acquisition, restoration, enhancement, and management of ecosystems that can support the major life functions of such species. It is the intent of the Legislature to support local, state, and federal programs that result in net benefit to imperiled species habitat by providing public and private land owners meaningful incentives for acquiring, restoring, managing, and repopulating habitats for imperiled species. It is the further intent of the Legislature that public lands, both existing and to be acquired, identified by the lead land managing agency, in consultation with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission for animals or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for plants, as habitat or potentially restorable habitat for imperiled species, be restored, enhanced, managed, and repopulated as habitat for such species to advance the goals and objectives of imperiled species management for conservation, recreation, or both, consistent with the land management plan without restricting other uses identified in the management plan. It is also the intent of the Legislature that of the proceeds distributed pursuant to subsection (3), additional consideration be given to acquisitions that achieve a combination of conservation goals, including the restoration,

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enhancement, management, or repopulation of habitat for imperiled species. The council, in addition to the criteria in subsection (9), shall give weight to projects that include acquisition, restoration, management, or repopulation of habitat for imperiled species. The term "imperiled species" as used in this chapter and chapter 253, means plants and animals that are federally listed under the Endangered Species Act, or statelisted by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. As part of the state's role, all state lands that have imperiled species habitat shall include as a consideration in management plan development the restoration, enhancement, management, and repopulation of such habitats. In addition, the lead land managing agency of such state lands may use fees received from public or private entities for projects to offset adverse impacts to imperiled species or their habitat in order to restore, enhance, manage, repopulate, or acquire land and to implement land management plans developed under s. 253.034 or a land management prospectus developed and implemented under this chapter. Such fees shall be deposited into a foundation or fund created by each land management agency under s. 379.223, s. 589.012, or s. 259.032(9)(c), to be used solely to restore, manage, enhance, repopulate, or acquire imperiled species habitat.

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b. The Legislature recognizes that there have been
geographical and capacity constraints on available gopher
tortoise recipient sites that have coincided with increased
demands for such sites. The Legislature also recognizes that the
success of gopher tortoise conservation depends on participation
by privately owned lands and the use of appropriate public lands
for gopher tortoise and other imperiled species management and
recovery. To encourage adequate capacity for relocating gopher
tortoises, each lead land managing agency, in consultation with
the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, shall consider
the feasibility of using a portion of state lands as a gopher
tortoise recipient site in management plans for all state lands
under the management of the agency that are greater than 40
contiguous acres. If the lead land managing agency, in
consultation with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission,
determines that gopher tortoise recipient site management does
not conflict with the primary management objectives of the
lands, the management plan must contain a component prepared by
the agency or cooperatively with a Fish and Wildlife
Conservation Commission wildlife biologist that assesses the
feasibility of managing the lands as a recipient site for gopher
tortoises consistent with rules of the Fish and Wildlife
Conservation Commission. The feasibility assessment by the lead
land managing agency must also evaluate the economic feasibility
of establishing a gopher tortoise recipient site, including the

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initial cost and recurring management costs of operating the gopher tortoise recipient site consistent with the rules of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the revenue projections necessary to ensure the initial and recurring costs of establishing and perpetually maintaining the gopher tortoise recipient site do not create an increased recurring expense for the agency.

- 12. There is a need to change the focus and direction of the state's major land acquisition programs and to extend funding and bonding capabilities, so that future generations may enjoy the natural resources of this state.
- (b) The Legislature recognizes that acquisition of lands in fee simple is only one way to achieve the aforementioned goals and encourages the use of less-than-fee interests, other techniques, and the development of creative partnerships between governmental agencies and private landowners. Such partnerships may include those that advance the restoration, enhancement, management, or repopulation of imperiled species habitat on state lands as provided for in subparagraph (a)11. Easements acquired pursuant to s. 570.71(2)(a) and (b), land protection agreements, and nonstate funded tools such as rural land stewardship areas, sector planning, gopher tortoise recipient sites, and mitigation should be used, where appropriate, to bring environmentally sensitive tracts under an acceptable level of protection at a lower financial cost to the public, and to

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provide private landowners with the opportunity to enjoy and
benefit from their property. The owner of lands where a
conservation easement or other less-than-fee interest has been
acquired by the board or another state agency or a regional or
local government may establish a recipient site or conservation
bank on the lands to advance the restoration, enhancement,
management, or repopulation of imperiled species habitat so long
as the recipient site or operation and maintenance of the
conservation bank does not interfere with the management plan
for the conservation easement and the landowner complies with
all state and federal permitting requirements for the recipient
site or conservation bank.

- Section 2. (1) By December 31, 2022, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall streamline and improve the review of applications for public and private gopher tortoise recipient sites. Requests for additional information must be received by the applicant within 45 days after receipt of an application and the commission shall approve or deny a complete application within 45 days after receipt of such application.
- (2) By October 31, 2022, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall:
- (a) Establish an ongoing effort to encourage the establishment of new gopher tortoise recipient sites on private lands throughout the state; and

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212	(b) Update its permitting systems to create an online
213	dashboard to show permitted and available capacity for
214	reservations in permitted gopher tortoise recipient sites to
215	assist with the efficient relocation of gopher tortoises.
216	(3) By February 1, 2023, the Fish and Wildlife
217	Conservation Commission shall submit a report to the President
218	of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives
219	that includes the following information:
220	(a) The progress made in establishing new private and
221	public gopher tortoise recipient sites;
222	(b) The average time it takes to approve or deny a
223	recipient site application once a complete application is
224	received;
225	(c) Any federal action taken to modify the listing of the
226	gopher tortoise under the Endangered Species Act; and
227	(d) Any other information relevant to the gopher tortoise
228	conservation program.
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231	TITLE AMENDMENT
232	Remove lines 3-15 and insert:
233	Commission; amending s. 259.105, F.S.; providing
234	legislative findings; requiring lead land managing
235	agencies, in consultation with the Fish and Wildlife
236	Conservation Commission, to consider the use of state

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lands as gopher tortoise recipient sites in certain
management plans; requiring certain management plans
to include feasibility assessments for managing gopher
tortoise recipient sites; authorizing owners of
certain lands to establish gopher tortoise recipient
sites or conservation banks on the lands under certain
conditions; requiring the commission to streamline and
improve the review of gopher tortoise recipient site
applications and approve or deny such applications
within a specified timeframe; requiring the commission
to encourage the establishment of gopher tortoise
recipient sites on private lands and to create an
online dashboard for certain gopher tortoise recipient
site information; requiring the commission to submit a
report on gopher tortoise recipient sites to the
Legislature by a specified date; providing report
requirements; amending ss. 327.352 and 327.35215,

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