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A bill to be entitled An act relating to insurance; amending s. 215.555, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "covered policy" under the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund in relation to certain collateral protection insurance policies; amending s. 440.381, F.S.; revising the annual audit requirement for construction classes to apply to policies having estimated annual premiums of at least a specified amount; amending s. 624.413, F.S.; providing circumstances under which certain persons are deemed to have control and are subject to specified requirements; authorizing the Office of Insurance Regulation to apply specified criteria to specified applications to make certain determinations; creating s. 624.46227, F.S.; authorizing any association, trust, or pool created for the purpose of forming a risk management mechanism or providing selfinsurance for a public entity to use communications media technology to establish a quorum and conduct public business; amending s. 626.221, F.S.; exempting certain applicants for licensure as all-lines adjusters from a required examination; amending s. 626.856, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "company employee adjuster"; amending s. 627.062, F.S.; authorizing the use of a certain modeling

Page 1 of 35

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indication for residential property insurance rate filings; amending s. 627.0628, F.S.; revising the membership of the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology; amending s. 627.0629, F.S.; authorizing insurers to file certain insurance rating plans based on specified windstorm mitigation construction standards under certain circumstances; amending s. 627.0665, F.S.; revising the number of days of advance written notice that an insurer must give a named insured when a policy premium is increased under certain circumstances; revising notification requirements for insurers who have automatic bank withdrawal agreements with insureds to include notices when withdrawal amounts increase above a specified threshold; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; revising conditions for determining the ineligibility of condominiums for wind-only coverage; amending s. 627.421, F.S.; deleting a requirement for electronic transmission of certain documents to include specified notices; deleting a requirement that paper copies of policies be provided upon request; amending ss. 627.701 and 627.712, F.S.; revising policyholder acknowledgment statement requirements for property insurance policies having certain hurricane deductibles or windstorm or contents coverage

Page 2 of 35

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exclusions, respectively; amending s. 627.7152, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "assignment agreement"; specifying the addresses to which a notice of intent must be served; amending s. 627.7276, F.S.; revising notice requirements for motor vehicle policies that do not provide coverage for bodily injury and property damage liability; amending ss. 634.171, 634.317, and 634.419, F.S.; authorizing licensed personal lines or general lines agents to solicit, negotiate, advertise, or sell motor vehicle service agreements, home warranty contracts, and service warranty contracts, respectively, without a sales representative license; making technical changes; reenacting ss. 624.424(10) and 627.351(6)(v), F.S., relating to annual statements and other information and Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 215.555, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 626.865(1)(e), F.S., relating to public adjuster's qualifications, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 626.856, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 626.8734(1)(b), F.S., relating to nonresident all-lines adjuster license qualifications, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 626.221, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting

Page 3 of 35

s. 627.7153(1) and (2)(d), F.S., relating to policies restricting assignment of post-loss benefits under a property insurance policy, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 627.7152, F.S., in references thereto; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Effective June 1, 2023, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 215.555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

"Covered policy" means any insurance policy covering

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215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.-

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(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

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residential property in this state, including, but not limited to, any homeowner, mobile home owner, farm owner, condominium association, condominium unit owner, tenant, or apartment building policy, or any other policy covering a residential structure or its contents issued by any authorized insurer, including a commercial self-insurance fund holding a certificate

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of authority issued by the Office of Insurance Regulation under

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s. 624.462, the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, and any joint underwriting association or similar entity created under

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law. The term "covered policy" includes any collateral

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protection insurance policy covering personal residences which

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protects both the borrower's and the lender's financial interests, in an amount at least equal to the coverage amount for the dwelling in place under the lapsed homeowner's policy, the coverage amount that the homeowner has been notified of by the collateral protection insurer, or the coverage amount the homeowner requests from the collateral protection insurer, if such collateral protection insurance policy can be accurately reported as required in subsection (5). Additionally, covered policies include policies covering the peril of wind removed from the Florida Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association or from the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, created under s. 627.351(6), or from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, created under s. 627.351(2), by an authorized insurer under the terms and conditions of an executed assumption agreement between the authorized insurer and such association or Citizens Property Insurance Corporation. Each assumption agreement between the association and such authorized insurer or Citizens Property Insurance Corporation must be approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation before the effective date of the assumption, and the Office of Insurance Regulation must provide written notification to the board within 15 working days after such approval. "Covered policy" does not include any policy that excludes wind coverage or hurricane coverage or any reinsurance agreement and does not include any policy otherwise meeting this definition which is

Page 5 of 35

issued by a surplus lines insurer or a reinsurer. All commercial residential excess policies and all deductible buy-back policies that, based on sound actuarial principles, require individual ratemaking <u>must shall</u> be excluded by rule if the actuarial soundness of the fund is not jeopardized. For this purpose, the term "excess policy" means a policy that provides insurance protection for large commercial property risks and that provides a layer of coverage above a primary layer insured by another insurer.

Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 440.381, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.381 Application for coverage; reporting payroll; payroll audit procedures; penalties.—

(3) The Financial Services Commission, in consultation with the department, shall establish by rule minimum requirements for audits of payroll and classifications in order to ensure that the appropriate premium is charged for workers' compensation coverage. The rules <u>must shall</u> ensure that audits performed by both carriers and employers are adequate to provide that all sources of payments to employees, subcontractors, and independent contractors <u>are have been</u> reviewed and that the accuracy of classification of employees <u>is has been</u> verified. The rules <u>must require shall provide</u> that employers in all classes other than the construction class be audited <u>at least not less frequently than</u> biennially and may provide for more

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frequent audits of employers in specified classifications based on factors such as amount of premium, type of business, loss ratios, or other relevant factors. In no event shall Employers in the construction class, generating more than the amount of premium required to be experience rated must $_{\tau}$ be audited at least less than annually. The annual audits required for construction classes must shall consist of physical onsite audits of policies only if the estimated annual premium is \$10,000 or more. Payroll verification audit rules must include, but need not be limited to, the use of state and federal reports of employee income, payroll and other accounting records, certificates of insurance maintained by subcontractors, and duties of employees. At the completion of an audit, the employer or officer of the corporation and the auditor must print and sign their names on the audit document and attach proof of identification to the audit document.

Section 3. Subsection (3) is added to section 624.413, Florida Statutes, to read:

624.413 Application for certificate of authority.-

(3) (a) If the aggregate percentage of ownership by persons maintaining citizenship from, residing in, or domiciled in, the same jurisdiction outside the United States is more than 10 percent of an applicant for a certificate of authority from the office, or if such persons acquire or intend to acquire in the aggregate more than 10 percent ownership in an existing stock

Page 7 of 35

insurer possessing a certificate of authority from the office, then such persons may be:

1. Deemed to have control; and

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- 2. Subject to the requirements of sworn biographical statements, legible copies of fingerprints, and authority for release of information in regard to the investigation of such persons' backgrounds as specified in s. 628.051(2)(b).
- (b) The office may apply the same criteria described in paragraph (a) to each of the following applications to determine if a person is deemed to have control and is subject to the requirements of a sworn biographical statement, legible copies of fingerprints, and authority for release of information in regard to the investigation of the person's background as specified in s. 628.051(2)(b):
- 1. A certificate of authority to form multiple-employer welfare arrangements under s. 624.437.
- 2. A certificate of authority to act as an insurance administrator under s. 626.8805.
 - 3. A permit to form domestic insurer under s. 628.051.
- 195 <u>4. An acquisition of control stock or voting securities</u> 196 <u>under s. 628.461.</u>
 - 5. An acquisition of ownership interest or control stock of a specialty insurer under s. 628.4615.
 - 6. A certificate of authority to transact insurance as a domestic reciprocal insurer under s. 629.081.

Page 8 of 35

201	7. A license to issue motor vehicle service agreements				
202	under s. 634.041.				
203	8. A license to issue home warranties under s. 634.304.				
204	9. A license to issue service warranties under s. 634.404.				
205	10. A certificate of authority to operate as a prepaid				
206	limited health service organization under s. 636.008.				
207	11. A license to operate as a discount plan organization				
208	under s. 636.204.				
209	12. A certificate of authority to operate as a health				
210	maintenance organization under s. 641.21.				
211	13. A certificate of authority to operate as a prepaid				
212	health clinic under s. 641.405.				
213	14. A certificate of authority to offer continuing care				
214	contracts under ss. 651.022-651.0245.				
215	Section 4. Section 624.46227, Florida Statutes, is created				
216	to read:				
217	624.46227 Meeting requirements.—Any association, trust, or				
218	pool authorized by state law and created for the purpose of				
219	forming a risk management mechanism or providing self-insurance				
220	for public entities in this state may use communications media				
221	technology to establish a quorum and conduct public business.				
222	Section 5. Paragraph (j) of subsection (2) of section				
223	626.221, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (1) of				
224	that section is republished, to read:				
225	626.221 Examination requirement; exemptions				

Page 9 of 35

(1) The department may not issue any license as agent or adjuster to any individual who has not qualified for, taken, and passed to the satisfaction of the department a written examination of the scope prescribed in s. 626.241.

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- (2) However, an examination is not necessary for any of the following:
- An applicant for license as an all-lines adjuster who has the designation of Accredited Claims Adjuster (ACA) from a regionally accredited postsecondary institution in this state, Certified All Lines Adjuster (CALA) from Kaplan, Associate in Claims (AIC) from the Insurance Institute of America, Professional Claims Adjuster (PCA) from the Professional Career Institute, Professional Property Insurance Adjuster (PPIA) from the HurriClaim Training Academy, Certified Adjuster (CA) from ALL LINES Training, Certified Claims Adjuster (CCA) from AE21 Incorporated, Claims Adjuster Certified Professional (CACP) from WebCE, Inc., Accredited Insurance Claims Specialist (AICS) from Encore Claim Services, or Universal Claims Certification (UCC) from Claims and Litigation Management Alliance (CLM) whose curriculum has been approved by the department and which includes comprehensive analysis of basic property and casualty lines of insurance and testing at least equal to that of standard department testing for the all-lines adjuster license. The department shall adopt rules establishing standards for the approval of curriculum.

Page 10 of 35

251	Section 6. Section 626.856, Florida Statutes, is amended				
252	to read:				
253	626.856 "Company employee adjuster" defined.—A "company				
254	employee adjuster" means a person licensed as an all-lines				
255	adjuster who is appointed and employed on an insurer's staff of				
256	adjusters, by an affiliate, or by a wholly owned subsidiary of				
257	the insurer, and who undertakes on behalf of such insurer or				
258	other insurers under common control or ownership to ascertain				
259	and determine the amount of any claim, loss, or damage payable				
260	under a contract of insurance, or undertakes to effect				
261	settlement of such claim, loss, or damage.				
262	Section 7. Paragraph (j) of subsection (2) of section				
263	627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:				
264	627.062 Rate standards.—				
265	(2) As to all such classes of insurance:				
266	(j) With respect to residential property insurance rate				
267	filings, the rate filing:				
268	1. Must account for mitigation measures undertaken by				
269	policyholders to reduce hurricane losses.				
270	2. May use a modeling indication that is the weighted or				
271	straight average of two or more hurricane loss projection models				
272	found by the commission to be accurate or reliable pursuant to				
273	s. 627.0628.				
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275	The provisions of this subsection do not apply to workers'				

Page 11 of 35

276	compensation,	employer's	liability	insurance,	and motor	vehicle
277	insurance.					

- Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 627.0628, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 280 627.0628 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection
 281 Methodology; public records exemption; public meetings
 282 exemption.—
 - (2) COMMISSION CREATED.-

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- (b) The commission shall consist of the following 12 members:
 - 1. The insurance consumer advocate.
 - 2. The senior employee of the State Board of Administration responsible for operations of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
- 3. The Executive Director of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.
- 4. The Director of the Division of Emergency Management, or the director's designee, provided that the designee is a full-time employee of the division.
- 5. The actuary member of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Advisory Council.
 - 6. An employee of the office who is an actuary responsible for property insurance rate filings and who is appointed by the director of the office.
 - 7. Five members appointed by the Chief Financial Officer,

Page 12 of 35

301 as follows:

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- a. An actuary who is employed full time by a property and casualty insurer that was responsible for at least 1 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for homeowner insurance in the calendar year preceding the member's appointment to the commission.
- b. An expert in insurance finance who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System and who has a background in actuarial science.
- c. An expert in statistics who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System and who has a background in insurance.
- d. An expert in computer system design who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System.
- e. An expert in meteorology who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System and who specializes in hurricanes.
- 8. A licensed professional structural engineer who is a full-time faculty member in the State University System and who has expertise in wind mitigation techniques. This appointment shall be made by the Governor.
- Section 9. Subsection (9) is added to section 627.0629, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 627.0629 Residential property insurance; rate filings.-
 - (9) An insurer may file with the office a personal lines

Page 13 of 35

326	residential property insurance rating plan that provides
327	justified premium discounts, credits, or other rate
328	differentials based on windstorm mitigation construction
329	standards developed by an independent, not-for-profit scientific
330	research organization, if such standards meet the requirements
331	of this section.
332	Section 10. Section 627.0665, Florida Statutes, is amended
333	to read:
334	627.0665 Automatic bank withdrawal agreements;
335	notification required.—Any insurer licensed to issue insurance
336	in this the state who has an automatic bank withdrawal agreement
337	with an insured party for the payment of insurance premiums for
338	any type of insurance shall give the named insured at least $\underline{10}$
339	15 days advance written notice of any increase in policy
340	premiums that results in the next automatic bank withdrawal
341	being increased by more than \$10. Such notice must be provided
342	before prior to any automatic bank withdrawal containing the of
343	an increased premium amount.
344	Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section
345	627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
346	627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans
347	(6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION.—
348	(a) The public purpose of this subsection is to ensure
349	that there is an orderly market for property insurance for
350	residents and businesses of this state.

Page 14 of 35

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The Legislature finds that private insurers are unwilling or unable to provide affordable property insurance coverage in this state to the extent sought and needed. The absence of affordable property insurance threatens the public health, safety, and welfare and likewise threatens the economic health of the state. The state therefore has a compelling public interest and a public purpose to assist in assuring that property in this the state is insured and that it is insured at affordable rates so as to facilitate the remediation, reconstruction, and replacement of damaged or destroyed property in order to reduce or avoid the negative effects otherwise resulting to the public health, safety, and welfare, to the economy of the state, and to the revenues of the state and local governments which are needed to provide for the public welfare. It is necessary, therefore, to provide affordable property insurance to applicants who are in good faith entitled to procure insurance through the voluntary market but are unable to do so. The Legislature intends, therefore, that affordable property insurance be provided and that it continue to be provided, as long as necessary, through Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, a government entity that is an integral part of the state, and that is not a private insurance company. To that end, the corporation shall strive to increase the availability of affordable property insurance in this state, while achieving efficiencies and economies, and while providing

Page 15 of 35

service to policyholders, applicants, and agents which is no less than the quality generally provided in the voluntary market, for the achievement of the foregoing public purposes. Because it is essential for this government entity to have the maximum financial resources to pay claims following a catastrophic hurricane, it is the intent of the Legislature that the corporation continue to be an integral part of the state and that the income of the corporation be exempt from federal income taxation and that interest on the debt obligations issued by the corporation be exempt from federal income taxation.

2. The Residential Property and Casualty Joint
Underwriting Association originally created by this statute
shall be known as the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.
The corporation shall provide insurance for residential and
commercial property, for applicants who are entitled, but, in
good faith, are unable to procure insurance through the
voluntary market. The corporation shall operate pursuant to a
plan of operation approved by order of the Financial Services
Commission. The plan is subject to continuous review by the
commission. The commission may, by order, withdraw approval of
all or part of a plan if the commission determines that
conditions have changed since approval was granted and that the
purposes of the plan require changes in the plan. For the
purposes of this subsection, residential coverage includes both
personal lines residential coverage, which consists of the type

of coverage provided by homeowner, mobile home owner, dwelling, tenant, condominium unit owner, and similar policies; and commercial lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by condominium association, apartment building, and similar policies.

- 3. With respect to coverage for personal lines residential structures:
- a. Effective January 1, 2014, a structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of \$1 million or more, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents replacement cost of \$1 million or more, is not eligible for coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the corporation on December 31, 2013, may continue to be covered by the corporation until the end of the policy term. The office shall approve the method used by the corporation for valuing the dwelling replacement cost for the purposes of this subparagraph. If a policyholder is insured by the corporation before being determined to be ineligible pursuant to this subparagraph and such policyholder files a lawsuit challenging the determination, the policyholder may remain insured by the corporation until the conclusion of the litigation.
- b. Effective January 1, 2015, a structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of \$900,000 or more, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents replacement cost of \$900,000 or more, is not eligible for

Page 17 of 35

coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the corporation on December 31, 2014, may continue to be covered by the corporation only until the end of the policy term.

- c. Effective January 1, 2016, a structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of \$800,000 or more, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents replacement cost of \$800,000 or more, is not eligible for coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the corporation on December 31, 2015, may continue to be covered by the corporation until the end of the policy term.
- d. Effective January 1, 2017, a structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of \$700,000 or more, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents replacement cost of \$700,000 or more, is not eligible for coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the corporation on December 31, 2016, may continue to be covered by the corporation until the end of the policy term.

The requirements of sub-subparagraphs b.-d. do not apply in counties where the office determines there is not a reasonable degree of competition. In such counties a personal lines residential structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of less than \$1 million, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents replacement cost of less than \$1 million, is eligible for coverage by the corporation.

Page 18 of 35

- 4. It is the intent of the Legislature that policyholders, applicants, and agents of the corporation receive service and treatment of the highest possible level but never less than that generally provided in the voluntary market. It is also intended that the corporation be held to service standards no less than those applied to insurers in the voluntary market by the office with respect to responsiveness, timeliness, customer courtesy, and overall dealings with policyholders, applicants, or agents of the corporation.
- 5.a. Effective January 1, 2009, a personal lines residential structure that is located in the "wind-borne debris region," as defined in s. 1609.2, International Building Code (2006), and that has an insured value on the structure of \$750,000 or more is not eligible for coverage by the corporation unless the structure has opening protections as required under the Florida Building Code for a newly constructed residential structure in that area. A residential structure is deemed to comply with this sub-subparagraph if it has shutters or opening protections on all openings and if such opening protections complied with the Florida Building Code at the time they were installed.
- b. Any major structure, as defined in s. 161.54(6)(a), that is newly constructed, or rebuilt, repaired, restored, or remodeled to increase the total square footage of finished area by more than 25 percent, pursuant to a permit applied for after

Page 19 of 35

July 1, 2015, is not eligible for coverage by the corporation if the structure is seaward of the coastal construction control line established pursuant to s. 161.053 or is within the Coastal Barrier Resources System as designated by 16 U.S.C. ss. 3501-3510.

- 6. With respect to wind-only coverage for commercial lines residential condominiums, effective July 1, 2014, a condominium may shall be deemed ineligible for coverage when if 50 percent or more of the units are rented more than eight times in a calendar year for a rental agreement period of less than 30 days.
- Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 627.421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 627.421 Delivery of policy.-

(1) Subject to the insurer's requirement as to payment of premium, every policy shall be mailed, delivered, or electronically transmitted to the insured or to the person entitled thereto not later than 60 days after the effectuation of coverage. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer may allow a policyholder of personal lines insurance to affirmatively elect delivery of the policy documents, including, but not limited to, policies, endorsements, notices, or documents, by electronic means in lieu of delivery by mail. Electronic transmission of a policy for commercial risks, including, but not limited to, workers' compensation and

Page 20 of 35

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employers' liability, commercial automobile liability, commercial automobile physical damage, commercial lines residential property, commercial nonresidential property, farmowners insurance, and the types of commercial lines risks set forth in s. 627.062(3)(d), constitutes delivery to the insured or to the person entitled to delivery, unless the insured or the person entitled to delivery communicates to the insurer in writing or electronically that he or she does not agree to delivery by electronic means. Electronic transmission shall include a notice to the insured or to the person entitled to delivery of a policy of his or her right to receive the policy via United States mail rather than via electronic transmission. A paper copy of the policy shall be provided to the insured or to the person entitled to delivery at his or her request. Section 13. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 627.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 627.701 Liability of insureds; coinsurance; deductibles.-(4)A personal lines residential property insurance (d)1.policy covering a risk valued at less than \$500,000 may not have a hurricane deductible in excess of 10 percent of the policy dwelling limits, unless the following conditions are met: The policyholder must personally write or type and

Page 21 of 35

provide to the insurer the following statement in his or her own

handwriting and sign his or her name, which must also be signed by every other named insured on the policy, and dated: "I do not want the insurance on my home to pay for the first (specify dollar value) of damage from hurricanes. I will pay those costs. My insurance will not."

- b. If the structure insured by the policy is subject to a mortgage or lien, the policyholder must provide the insurer with a written statement from the mortgageholder or lienholder indicating that the mortgageholder or lienholder approves the policyholder electing to have the specified deductible.
- 2. A deductible subject to the requirements of this paragraph applies for the term of the policy and for each renewal thereafter. Changes to the deductible percentage may be implemented only as of the date of renewal.
- 3. An insurer shall keep the original copy of the signed statement required by this paragraph, electronically or otherwise, and provide a copy to the policyholder providing the signed statement. A signed statement meeting the requirements of this paragraph creates a presumption that there was an informed, knowing election of coverage.
- 4. The commission shall adopt rules providing appropriate alternative methods for providing the statements required by this section for policyholders who have a handicapping or disabling condition that prevents them from providing a handwritten statement.

Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 627.712, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
627.712 Residential windstorm coverage required;
availability of exclusions for windstorm or contents.—

- (2) A property insurer must make available, at the option of the policyholder, an exclusion of windstorm coverage.
 - (a) The coverage may be excluded only if:

- 1. When the policyholder is a natural person, the policyholder personally writes or types and provides to the insurer the following statement in his or her own handwriting and signs his or her name, which must also be signed by every other named insured on the policy, and dated: "I do not want the insurance on my (home/mobile home/condominium unit) to pay for damage from windstorms. I will pay those costs. My insurance will not."
- 2. When the policyholder is other than a natural person, the policyholder provides to the insurer on the policyholder's letterhead the following statement that must be signed by the policyholder's authorized representative and dated: "...(Name of entity)... does not want the insurance on its ...(type of structure)... to pay for damage from windstorms. ...(Name of entity)... will be responsible for these costs. ...(Name of entity's)... insurance will not."
- (3) An insurer issuing a residential property insurance policy, except for a condominium unit owner policy or a tenant

Page 23 of 35

policy, must make available, at the option of the policyholder, an exclusion of coverage for the contents. The coverage may be excluded only if the policyholder personally writes or types and provides to the insurer the following statement in his or her own handwriting and signs his or her signature, which must also be signed by every other named insured on the policy, and dated:

"I do not want the insurance on my (home/mobile home) to pay for the costs to repair or replace any contents that are damaged. I will pay those costs. My insurance will not."

Section 15. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 627.7152, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 627.7152 Assignment agreements.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

- (b) "Assignment agreement" means any instrument by which post-loss benefits under a residential property insurance policy or commercial property insurance policy, as that term is defined in s. 627.0625(1), are assigned or transferred, or acquired in any manner, in whole or in part, to or from a person providing services, including, but not limited to, inspecting, protecting, repairing, restoring, or replacing the protect, repair, restore, or replace property or mitigating to mitigate against further damage to the property. The term does not include fees collected by a public adjuster, as defined in s. 626.854(1).
 - (9)(a) An assignee must provide the named insured,

Page 24 of 35

CS/CS/HB 503 2022

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insurer, and the assignor, if not the named insured, with a written notice of intent to initiate litigation before filing suit under the policy. Such notice must be served at least 10 business days before filing suit, but not before the insurer has made a determination of coverage under s. 627.70131, by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the name and mailing address designated by the insurer in the policy forms or by electronic delivery to the e-mail address designated by the insurer in the policy forms at least 10 business days before filing suit, but may not be served before the insurer has made a determination of coverage under s. 627.70131. The notice must specify the damages in dispute, the amount claimed, and a presuit settlement demand. Concurrent with the notice, and as a precondition to filing suit, the assignee must provide the named insured, insurer, and the assignor, if not the named insured, a detailed written invoice or estimate of services, including itemized information on equipment, materials, and supplies; the number of labor hours; and, in the case of work performed, proof that the work has been performed in accordance with accepted industry standards. Section 16. Section 627.7276, Florida Statutes, is amended

to read:

- 627.7276 Notice of limited coverage. -
- (1) An automobile policy that does not contain coverage for bodily injury and property damage must include a notice be

Page 25 of 35

clearly stamped or printed to the effect that such coverage is
not included in the policy in the following manner:

"THIS POLICY DOES NOT PROVIDE BODILY INJURY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE LIABILITY INSURANCE OR ANY OTHER COVERAGE FOR WHICH A SPECIFIC PREMIUM CHARGE IS NOT MADE, AND DOES NOT COMPLY WITH ANY FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY LAW."

declarations declaration page and on the filing back of the policy and be printed in a contrasting color from that used on the policy and in type size at least as large as the type size used on the declarations page larger than the largest type used in the text thereof, as an overprint or by a rubber stamp impression.

Section 17. Section 634.171, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

exemptions.—Salespersons for motor vehicle service agreement companies and insurers <u>must shall</u> be licensed, appointed, renewed, continued, reinstated, or terminated as prescribed in chapter 626 for insurance representatives in general. However, they <u>are shall be</u> exempt from all other provisions of chapter 626, including <u>those relating to</u> fingerprinting, photo

Page 26 of 35

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identification, education, and examination provisions. Applicable license, appointment, and other fees are as shall be those prescribed in s. 624.501. A licensed and appointed salesperson is shall be directly responsible and accountable for all acts of her or his employees and other representatives. Each service agreement company or insurer shall, on forms prescribed by the department, within 30 days after termination of the appointment, notify the department of such termination. An No employee or a salesperson of a motor vehicle service agreement company or an insurer may not directly or indirectly solicit or negotiate insurance contracts, or hold herself or himself out in any manner to be an insurance agent, unless so qualified, licensed, and appointed therefor under the Florida Insurance Code. A licensed personal lines or general lines agent is not required to be licensed as a salesperson under this section to solicit, negotiate, advertise, or sell motor vehicle service agreements. A motor vehicle service agreement company is not required to be licensed as a salesperson to solicit, sell, issue, or otherwise transact the motor vehicle service agreements issued by the motor vehicle service agreement company. Section 18. Section 634.317, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 634.317 License and appointment required; exemptions.-A No person may not solicit, negotiate, or effectuate home warranty

Page 27 of 35

contracts for remuneration in this state unless such person is licensed and appointed as a sales representative. A licensed and appointed sales representative is shall be directly responsible and accountable for all acts of the licensee's employees. A licensed personal lines or general lines agent is not required to be licensed as a sales representative under this section to solicit, negotiate, advertise, or sell home warranty contracts.

Section 19. Section 634.419, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

person or <u>an</u> entity <u>may not shall</u> solicit, negotiate, advertise, or effectuate service warranty contracts in this state unless such person or entity is licensed and appointed as a sales representative. Sales representatives <u>are shall be</u> responsible for the actions of persons under their supervision. However, a service warranty association licensed as such under this part <u>is shall</u> not <u>be</u> required to be licensed and appointed as a sales representative to solicit, negotiate, advertise, or effectuate its products. <u>A licensed personal lines or general lines agent is not required to be licensed as a sales representative under this section to solicit, negotiate, advertise, or sell service warranty contracts.</u>

Section 20. Effective June 1, 2023, for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 215.555, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (10) of

Page 28 of 35

section 624.424, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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- 624.424 Annual statement and other information. -
- (10) Each insurer or insurer group doing business in this state shall file on a quarterly basis in conjunction with financial reports required by paragraph (1)(a) a supplemental report on an individual and group basis on a form prescribed by the commission with information on personal lines and commercial lines residential property insurance policies in this state. The supplemental report shall include separate information for personal lines property policies and for commercial lines property policies and totals for each item specified, including premiums written for each of the property lines of business as described in ss. 215.555(2)(c) and 627.351(6)(a). The report shall include the following information for each county on a monthly basis:
- (a) Total number of policies in force at the end of each month.
 - (b) Total number of policies canceled.
 - (c) Total number of policies nonrenewed.
 - (d) Number of policies canceled due to hurricane risk.
 - (e) Number of policies nonrenewed due to hurricane risk.
 - (f) Number of new policies written.
 - (g) Total dollar value of structure exposure under policies that include wind coverage.
 - (h) Number of policies that exclude wind coverage.

Page 29 of 35

Section 21. Effective June 1, 2023, for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 215.555, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (v) of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.-

- (6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. -
- (v)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association become policies of the corporation. All obligations, rights, assets and liabilities of the association, including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them become those of the corporation as of July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies.
- 2. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the corporation and become policies of the corporation. All obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the association, including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them are transferred to and assumed by the corporation on July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies.

Page 30 of 35

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The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall take all actions necessary to further evidence the transfers and provide the documents and instruments of further assurance as may reasonably be requested by the corporation for that purpose. The corporation shall execute assumptions and instruments as the trustees or other parties to the financing documents of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association may reasonably request to further evidence the transfers and assumptions, which transfers and assumptions, however, are effective on the date provided under this paragraph whether or not, and regardless of the date on which, the assumptions or instruments are executed by the corporation. Subject to the relevant financing documents pertaining to their outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations, the moneys, investments, receivables, choses in action, and other intangibles of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association shall be credited to the coastal account of the corporation, and those of the personal lines residential coverage account and the commercial lines residential coverage account of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be credited to the personal lines account and the commercial lines account, respectively, of the corporation.

Page 31 of 35

4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property insurance coverage who would otherwise have been eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association is eligible for coverage from the corporation as provided in this subsection.

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The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association to the corporation and the renaming of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association as the corporation does not affect the coverage with respect to covered policies as defined in s. 215.555(2)(c) provided to these entities by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The coverage provided by the fund to the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be redesignated as coverage for the coastal account of the corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coverage provided by the fund to the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be transferred to the personal lines account and the commercial lines account of the corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coastal account shall be treated, for all Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a separate participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement

premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines and commercial lines accounts shall be viewed together, for all fund purposes, as if the two accounts were one and represent a single, separate participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. The coverage provided by the fund to the corporation shall constitute and operate as a full transfer of coverage from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to the corporation.

Section 22. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 626.856, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 626.865, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

626.865 Public adjuster's qualifications, bond.-

- (1) The department shall issue a license to an applicant for a public adjuster's license upon determining that the applicant has paid the applicable fees specified in s. 624.501 and possesses the following qualifications:
- (e) Has been licensed in this state as an all-lines adjuster, and has been appointed on a continual basis for the previous 6 months as a public adjuster apprentice under s. 626.8561, as an independent adjuster under s. 626.855, or as a company employee adjuster under s. 626.856.
- Section 23. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 626.221, Florida Statutes, in a

Page 33 of 35

reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 626.8734, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

626.8734 Nonresident all-lines adjuster license qualifications.—

- (1) The department shall issue a license to an applicant for a nonresident all-lines adjuster license upon determining that the applicant has paid the applicable license fees required under s. 624.501 and:
- (b) Has passed to the satisfaction of the department a written Florida all-lines adjuster examination of the scope prescribed in s. 626.241(6); however, the requirement for the examination does not apply to:
- 1. An applicant who is licensed as an all-lines adjuster in his or her home state if that state has entered into a reciprocal agreement with the department;
- 2. An applicant who is licensed as a nonresident all-lines adjuster in a state other than his or her home state and a reciprocal agreement with the appropriate official of the state of licensure has been entered into with the department; or
- 3. An applicant who holds a certification set forth in s. 626.221(2)(j).
- Section 24. Effective upon this act becoming a law, for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 627.7152, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (1) and paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section

Page 34 of 35

627.7153, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:
627.7153 Policies restricting assignment of post-loss
benefits under a property insurance policy.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term "assignment agreement" has the same meaning as provided in s. 627.7152.
- (2) An insurer may make available a policy that restricts in whole or in part an insured's right to execute an assignment agreement only if all of the following conditions are met:
- (d) Each restricted policy include on its face the following notice in 18-point uppercase and boldfaced type:

THIS POLICY DOES NOT ALLOW THE UNRESTRICTED ASSIGNMENT OF POST-LOSS INSURANCE BENEFITS. BY SELECTING THIS POLICY, YOU WAIVE YOUR RIGHT TO FREELY ASSIGN OR TRANSFER THE POST-LOSS PROPERTY INSURANCE BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THIS POLICY TO A THIRD PARTY OR TO OTHERWISE FREELY ENTER INTO AN ASSIGNMENT AGREEMENT AS THE TERM IS DEFINED IN SECTION 627.7152 OF THE FLORIDA STATUTES.

Section 25. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

Page 35 of 35