



26 membership; duties.—

27 (4) DUTIES.—The council shall:

28 (b) Assess the frequency and extent to which social media  
 29 platforms are used to assist, facilitate, or support human  
 30 trafficking within this state, establish a process to detect  
 31 such use on a consistent basis, and make recommendations on how  
 32 to stop, reduce, or prevent social media platforms from being  
 33 used for such purposes.

34 Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section  
 35 16.618, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is added  
 36 to that subsection, to read:

37 16.618 Direct-support organization.—

38 (4)

39 (b) Recognizing that this state hosts large-scale events,  
 40 including sporting events, concerts, and cultural events, which  
 41 generate significant tourism to this state, produce significant  
 42 economic revenue, and often are conduits for human trafficking,  
 43 the institute must develop training that is available ~~ready~~ for  
 44 statewide dissemination ~~by not later than October 1, 2019.~~

45 1. Training must focus on detecting human trafficking,  
 46 best practices for reporting human trafficking, and the  
 47 interventions and treatment for survivors of human trafficking.

48 2. In developing the training, the institute shall consult  
 49 with law enforcement agencies, survivors of human trafficking,  
 50 industry representatives, tourism representatives, and other

51 interested parties. The institute also must conduct research to  
52 determine the reduction in recidivism attributable to the  
53 education of the harms of human trafficking for first-time  
54 offenders.

55 (f) The direct-support organization shall develop training  
56 for firesafety inspectors in the recognition and reporting of  
57 human trafficking. Such training is eligible for continuing  
58 education credit under s. 633.216(4).

59 Section 3. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (14) of  
60 section 409.175, Florida Statutes, to read:

61 409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential  
62 child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public  
63 records exemption.—

64 (14)

65 (e)1. In addition to any other preservice training  
66 required by law, foster parents, as a condition of licensure,  
67 and agency staff must successfully complete preservice training  
68 related to human trafficking which must be uniform statewide and  
69 must include, but need not be limited to:

70 a. Basic information on human trafficking, such as an  
71 understanding of relevant terminology, and the differences  
72 between sex trafficking and labor trafficking;

73 b. Factors and knowledge on identifying children at risk  
74 of human trafficking; and

75 c. Steps that should be taken to prevent at-risk youths

76 from becoming victims of human trafficking.

77 2. Foster parents, before licensure renewal, and agency  
 78 staff, during each full year of employment, must complete  
 79 inservice training related to human trafficking to satisfy the  
 80 training requirement under subparagraph (5)(b)7.

81 Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment  
 82 made by this act to section 409.175, Florida Statutes, in a  
 83 reference thereto, paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section  
 84 63.092, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

85 63.092 Report to the court of intended placement by an  
 86 adoption entity; at-risk placement; preliminary study.—

87 (3) PRELIMINARY HOME STUDY.—Before placing the minor in  
 88 the intended adoptive home, a preliminary home study must be  
 89 performed by a licensed child-placing agency, a child-caring  
 90 agency registered under s. 409.176, a licensed professional, or  
 91 an agency described in s. 61.20(2), unless the adoptee is an  
 92 adult or the petitioner is a stepparent or a relative. If the  
 93 adoptee is an adult or the petitioner is a stepparent or a  
 94 relative, a preliminary home study may be required by the court  
 95 for good cause shown. The department is required to perform the  
 96 preliminary home study only if there is no licensed child-  
 97 placing agency, child-caring agency registered under s. 409.176,  
 98 licensed professional, or agency described in s. 61.20(2), in  
 99 the county where the prospective adoptive parents reside. The  
 100 preliminary home study must be made to determine the suitability

101 of the intended adoptive parents and may be completed before  
102 identification of a prospective adoptive minor. If the  
103 identified prospective adoptive minor is in the custody of the  
104 department, a preliminary home study must be completed within 30  
105 days after it is initiated. A favorable preliminary home study  
106 is valid for 1 year after the date of its completion. Upon its  
107 completion, a signed copy of the home study must be provided to  
108 the intended adoptive parents who were the subject of the home  
109 study. A minor may not be placed in an intended adoptive home  
110 before a favorable preliminary home study is completed unless  
111 the adoptive home is also a licensed foster home under s.

112 409.175. The preliminary home study must include, at a minimum:

113 (e) Documentation of counseling and education of the  
114 intended adoptive parents on adoptive parenting, as determined  
115 by the entity conducting the preliminary home study. The  
116 training specified in s. 409.175(14) shall only be required for  
117 persons who adopt children from the department.

118

119 If the preliminary home study is favorable, a minor may be  
120 placed in the home pending entry of the judgment of adoption. A  
121 minor may not be placed in the home if the preliminary home  
122 study is unfavorable. If the preliminary home study is  
123 unfavorable, the adoption entity may, within 20 days after  
124 receipt of a copy of the written recommendation, petition the  
125 court to determine the suitability of the intended adoptive

126 | home. A determination as to suitability under this subsection  
127 | does not act as a presumption of suitability at the final  
128 | hearing. In determining the suitability of the intended adoptive  
129 | home, the court must consider the totality of the circumstances  
130 | in the home. A minor may not be placed in a home in which there  
131 | resides any person determined by the court to be a sexual  
132 | predator as defined in s. 775.21 or to have been convicted of an  
133 | offense listed in s. 63.089(4)(b)2.

134 |       Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.