The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

| | Pre | epared By: Th | e Professional | Staff of the Commit | tee on Education | |
|-------------|---|---------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------|
| BILL: | SB 638 | | | | | |
| INTRODUCER: | Senator Perry | | | | | |
| SUBJECT: | Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program | | | | | |
| DATE: | Novembe | r 29, 2021 | REVISED: | | | |
| ANALYST | | STAFF | DIRECTOR | REFERENCE | | ACTION |
| . Brick | | Bouck | | ED | Pre-meeting | |
| 2. | | | | AP | | |

I. Summary:

SB 638 extends the scheduled expiration of the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program from June 30, 2022, to June 30, 2023.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures. The pilot program is contingent upon legislative appropriation.

This bill takes effect upon becoming a law.

II. Present Situation:

The Legislature established the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program (pilot program) in 2017¹ to assist certain school districts in implementing comprehensive music education programs in kindergarten through grade 2, beginning with the 2017-2018 school year.²

For a school district to be eligible for participation in the pilot program, the district school superintendent must certify to the Commissioner of Education (commissioner) that specified elementary schools within the district have established a comprehensive music education program that:³

- Includes all students enrolled at the school in kindergarten through grade 2;
- Is staffed by certified music educators;
- Provides music instruction for at least 30 consecutive minutes two days a week;
- Complies with class size requirements under the law;⁴ and

¹ Section 69, ch. 2017-116, L.O.F.

² Section 1003.481(1), F.S.

³ Section 1003.481(2)(a)-(e), F.S.

⁴ The maximum number of students assigned to each teacher who is teaching core-curriculum courses in public school classrooms for prekindergarten through grade 3 may not exceed 18 students. Section 1003.03(1)(a), F.S.

• Complies with the Department of Education's standards for early childhood music education programs for students in kindergarten through grade 2.

The commissioner must select school districts for participation in the pilot program, subject to legislative appropriation, based on the school district's proximity to the University of Florida and needs-based criteria established by the State Board of Education.⁵ Selected school districts must annually receive \$150 per full-time equivalent student in kindergarten through grade 2 who is enrolled in a comprehensive music education program.⁶

The University of Florida's College of Education is required to collaborate with Florida International University's School of Music to evaluate the effectiveness of the pilot program.⁷ Upon completion, the results of the evaluation must be shared with the Florida Center for Partnerships in Arts-Integrated Teaching.

The State Board of Education is authorized to adopt rules to administer the pilot program.⁸

The Legislature appropriated \$400,000 for the pilot program in each of the 2020-2021 and 2021-2022 fiscal years.⁹ The unexpended amount of \$150,400 reverted to the state and was reappropriated and distributed to participating school districts for the 2021-2022 fiscal year.¹⁰ Of the appropriated funds, the Department of Education has authorized \$411,589 to participating school districts.¹¹ The Department of Education has authorized \$138,811 to the University of Florida to evaluate the effectiveness of the pilot program.¹²

As of August 2021, a total of 10 schools from the Alachua, Marion, and Miami-Dade school districts have been selected to participate in the program and were serving approximately 2,085 students in kindergarten through second grade.¹³

The pilot program is scheduled to expire on June 30, 2022.¹⁴

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 638 extends the scheduled expiration of the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program from June 30, 2022, to June 30, 2023.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures. The pilot program is contingent upon legislative appropriation.

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 12 *Id*.

⁵ Section 1003.481(3)(a), F.S.

⁶ Id.

⁷ Section 1003.481(4), F.S.

⁸ Section 1003.481(5), F.S.

⁹ Specific Appropriation 114, s.2, ch. 2020-111, L.O.F.; and Specific Appropriation 110, s. 2, ch. 2021-36, L.O.F.

¹⁰ Email, Office of Senator Keith Perry (Nov. 23, 2021). See also s. 33, ch. 2021-36, L.O.F.

¹¹ Email, Jessica Fowler, Florida Department of Education (Nov. 23, 2021).

¹³ Email, Office of Senator Keith Perry (Nov. 23, 2021).

¹⁴ Section 1003.481(6), F.S.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1003.481 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. **Additional Information:**

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.) Α.

None.

Β. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.