

1                                   A bill to be entitled  
2           An act relating to cannabis regulation; amending s.  
3           381.986, F.S.; revising the course and examination  
4           requirements for qualified physicians and medical  
5           directors; prohibiting qualified physicians from  
6           engaging in certain advertising for their practices  
7           relating to marijuana for medical use; providing  
8           exceptions; authorizing qualified physicians to  
9           perform patient examinations and evaluations through  
10          telehealth for renewals of physician certifications  
11          for the medical use of marijuana under certain  
12          circumstances; requiring a qualified physician to  
13          conduct a physical examination of each new patient  
14          before conducting any examination through telehealth;  
15          revising the frequency with which qualified physicians  
16          must evaluate existing qualified patients for a  
17          physician certification for the medical use of  
18          marijuana; requiring that the physician certification  
19          pattern review panel consist of at least one qualified  
20          physician; revising the data that the panel is  
21          required to track and report; revising the frequency  
22          with which a medical marijuana use registry  
23          identification card must be renewed; prohibiting the  
24          Department of Health from renewing the license of a  
25          medical marijuana treatment center under certain

26 | circumstances; prohibiting medical marijuana treatment  
27 | centers and certain other individuals and entities  
28 | from employing qualified physicians or having direct  
29 | or indirect economic interests in qualified physician  
30 | practices and medical marijuana testing laboratories;  
31 | authorizing the department to sample marijuana from  
32 | medical marijuana treatment centers for testing for  
33 | specified purposes; authorizing the department to  
34 | sample marijuana delivery devices from a dispensing  
35 | facility to determine safety; requiring that a medical  
36 | marijuana treatment center recall all marijuana,  
37 | rather than only edibles, under certain circumstances;  
38 | revising advertising requirements for medical  
39 | marijuana treatment centers to prohibit radio and  
40 | television advertising; creating the Medical Marijuana  
41 | Testing Advisory Council adjunct to the department;  
42 | providing a purpose; requiring the department to  
43 | provide staff and administrative support for the  
44 | advisory council; providing for membership and  
45 | meetings of the advisory council; requiring that  
46 | members of the advisory council serve without  
47 | compensation; providing that members are not entitled  
48 | to reimbursement for per diem or travel expenses;  
49 | requiring the advisory council to submit an annual  
50 | report to the Governor and Legislature; requiring that

51 such report be posted on the department's website;  
52 authorizing the department and certain employees to  
53 acquire, possess, test, transport, and dispose of  
54 marijuana; amending s. 381.988, F.S.; prohibiting a  
55 certified medical marijuana testing laboratory from  
56 having an economic interest in or financial  
57 relationship with a medical marijuana treatment  
58 center; providing construction; authorizing the  
59 department and certain employees to acquire, possess,  
60 test, transport, and dispose of marijuana; amending s.  
61 456.47, F.S.; authorizing the use of telehealth to  
62 treat a qualified patient for the medical use of  
63 marijuana; amending s. 581.217, F.S.; providing and  
64 revising definitions; requiring hemp extract and hemp  
65 extract products distributed in the state to be  
66 registered with the Department of Agriculture and  
67 Consumer Services; requiring the annual renewal of  
68 such registration; providing registration certificate  
69 application requirements; authorizing the department  
70 to analyze a sample of hemp extract or hemp extract  
71 product and inspect their labels to ensure compliance  
72 with certain requirements; requiring the department to  
73 deny registration certificate applications under  
74 certain circumstances; prohibiting the sale of hemp  
75 extract and hemp extract products intended for

76 ingestion to persons under 21 years of age;  
 77 authorizing the department to make certain  
 78 determinations and issue final orders regarding  
 79 unregistered hemp extract and hemp extract products;  
 80 authorizing the department to issue and enforce stop-  
 81 sale orders and revoke or suspend the registration of  
 82 any hemp extract or hemp extract product under certain  
 83 circumstances; authorizing the department to impose a  
 84 certain administrative fine; reenacting ss. 893.02 (3),  
 85 916.1085(1) (a), 944.47 (1) (a), 951.22(1) (h),  
 86 985.711(1) (a), to incorporate the amendment made by  
 87 the act; providing an effective date.

88

89 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

90

91 Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section  
 92 381.986, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (d),  
 93 subsections (14) through (17) are renumbered as subsections (15)  
 94 through (18), respectively, present paragraphs (a) and (c) of  
 95 subsection (3), paragraphs (a), (g), and (j) of subsection (4),  
 96 paragraph (a) of subsection (7), and paragraphs (b), (e), and  
 97 (h) of subsection (8) are amended, a new paragraph (c) is added  
 98 to subsection (3), paragraph (i) is added to present subsection  
 99 (14), and a new subsection (14) is added to that section, to  
 100 read:

HB 679

2022

101 381.986 Medical use of marijuana.—  
102 (3) QUALIFIED PHYSICIANS AND MEDICAL DIRECTORS.—  
103 (a) Before being approved as a qualified physician,~~as~~  
104 ~~defined in paragraph (1)(m),~~ and before each license renewal, a  
105 physician must successfully complete a 6-hour ~~2-hour~~ course and  
106 subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical  
107 Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association which  
108 address the potential health and safety risks and benefits of,  
109 and the appropriate dosages for, prescribing marijuana for  
110 medical use and ~~encompass~~ the requirements of this section and  
111 any rules adopted hereunder. The course and examination shall be  
112 administered at least annually and may be offered in a distance  
113 learning format, including an electronic, online format that is  
114 available upon request. The price of the course may not exceed  
115 \$500. A physician who has met the physician education  
116 requirements of former s. 381.986(4), Florida Statutes 2016,  
117 before June 23, 2017, shall be deemed to be in compliance with  
118 this paragraph from June 23, 2017, until 90 days after the  
119 course and examination required by this paragraph become  
120 available.  
121 (c) With respect to his or her practice relating to  
122 marijuana for medical use under this section, a qualified  
123 physician may not engage in radio or television advertising or  
124 advertising that is visible to members of the public from any  
125 street, sidewalk, park, or other public place, except:

126 1. The qualified physician's practice may have a sign that  
127 is affixed to the outside or hanging in the window of the  
128 premises which identifies the qualified physician, a department-  
129 approved practice name, or a department-approved logo. A  
130 qualified physician's practice name and logo may not contain  
131 wording or images commonly associated with marketing targeted  
132 toward children or which promote the recreational use of  
133 marijuana.

134 2. A qualified physician may engage in Internet  
135 advertising and marketing for his or her practice under the  
136 following conditions:

137 a. All advertisements must be approved by the department.

138 b. An advertisement may not have any content that  
139 specifically targets individuals under the age of 18, including  
140 cartoon characters or similar images.

141 c. An advertisement may not be an unsolicited pop-up  
142 advertisement.

143 d. Opt-in marketing must include an easy and permanent  
144 opt-out feature.

145 (d)-(e) Before being employed as a medical director, as  
146 defined in paragraph (1)(i), and before each license renewal, a  
147 medical director must successfully complete a 6-hour ~~2-hour~~  
148 course and subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical  
149 Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association which  
150 address the potential health and safety risks and benefits of,

151 and the appropriate dosages for, prescribing marijuana for  
152 medical use and ~~encompass~~ the requirements of this section and  
153 any rules adopted hereunder. The course and examination shall be  
154 administered at least annually and may be offered in a distance  
155 learning format, including an electronic, online format that is  
156 available upon request. The price of the course may not exceed  
157 \$500.

158 (4) PHYSICIAN CERTIFICATION.—

159 (a) A qualified physician may issue a physician  
160 certification only if the qualified physician:

161 1. Conducted an a ~~physical~~ examination of ~~while physically~~  
162 ~~present in the same room as the patient and a full assessment of~~  
163 the medical history of the patient. For an initial  
164 certification, the examination must be a physical examination  
165 conducted while physically present in the same room as the  
166 patient. For a certification renewal, the examination may be  
167 conducted through telehealth under s. 456.47 only if such  
168 examination is conducted by the same qualified physician who  
169 conducted the examination for initial certification. If a  
170 patient changes his or her qualified physician, the new  
171 qualified physician must conduct an initial physical examination  
172 of the patient while physically present in the same room before  
173 conducting any examination through telehealth.

174 2. Diagnosed the patient with at least one qualifying  
175 medical condition.

176           3. Determined that the medical use of marijuana would  
177 likely outweigh the potential health risks for the patient, and  
178 such determination must be documented in the patient's medical  
179 record. If a patient is younger than 18 years of age, a second  
180 physician must concur with this determination, and such  
181 concurrence must be documented in the patient's medical record.

182           4. Determined whether the patient is pregnant and  
183 documented such determination in the patient's medical record. A  
184 physician may not issue a physician certification, except for  
185 low-THC cannabis, to a patient who is pregnant.

186           5. Reviewed the patient's controlled drug prescription  
187 history in the prescription drug monitoring program database  
188 established pursuant to s. 893.055.

189           6. Reviews the medical marijuana use registry and  
190 confirmed that the patient does not have an active physician  
191 certification from another qualified physician.

192           7. Registers as the issuer of the physician certification  
193 for the named qualified patient on the medical marijuana use  
194 registry in an electronic manner determined by the department,  
195 and:

196           a. Enters into the registry the contents of the physician  
197 certification, including the patient's qualifying condition and  
198 the dosage not to exceed the daily dose amount determined by the  
199 department, the amount and forms of marijuana authorized for the  
200 patient, and any types of marijuana delivery devices needed by

HB 679

2022

201 the patient for the medical use of marijuana.

202 b. Updates the registry within 7 days after any change is  
203 made to the original physician certification to reflect such  
204 change.

205 c. Deactivates the registration of the qualified patient  
206 and the patient's caregiver when the physician no longer  
207 recommends the medical use of marijuana for the patient.

208 8. Obtains the voluntary and informed written consent of  
209 the patient for medical use of marijuana each time the qualified  
210 physician issues a physician certification for the patient,  
211 which shall be maintained in the patient's medical record. The  
212 patient, or the patient's parent or legal guardian if the  
213 patient is a minor, must sign the informed consent acknowledging  
214 that the qualified physician has sufficiently explained its  
215 content. The qualified physician must use a standardized  
216 informed consent form adopted in rule by the Board of Medicine  
217 and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, which must include, at a  
218 minimum, information related to:

219 a. The Federal Government's classification of marijuana as  
220 a Schedule I controlled substance.

221 b. The approval and oversight status of marijuana by the  
222 Food and Drug Administration.

223 c. The current state of research on the efficacy of  
224 marijuana to treat the qualifying conditions set forth in this  
225 section.

- 226 d. The potential for addiction.
- 227 e. The potential effect that marijuana may have on a
- 228 patient's coordination, motor skills, and cognition, including a
- 229 warning against operating heavy machinery, operating a motor
- 230 vehicle, or engaging in activities that require a person to be
- 231 alert or respond quickly.
- 232 f. The potential side effects of marijuana use, including
- 233 the negative health risks associated with smoking marijuana.
- 234 g. The risks, benefits, and drug interactions of
- 235 marijuana.
- 236 h. That the patient's de-identified health information
- 237 contained in the physician certification and medical marijuana
- 238 use registry may be used for research purposes.
- 239 (g) A qualified physician must evaluate an existing
- 240 qualified patient at least once every 34 ~~30~~ weeks before issuing
- 241 a new physician certification. The evaluation may be conducted
- 242 through telehealth as defined in s. 456.47. A physician must:
- 243 1. Determine if the patient still meets the requirements
- 244 to be issued a physician certification under paragraph (a).
- 245 2. Identify and document in the qualified patient's
- 246 medical records whether the qualified patient experienced either
- 247 of the following related to the medical use of marijuana:
- 248 a. An adverse drug interaction with any prescription or
- 249 nonprescription medication; or
- 250 b. A reduction in the use of, or dependence on, other

HB 679

2022

251 types of controlled substances as defined in s. 893.02.

252 3. Submit a report with the findings required pursuant to  
253 subparagraph 2. to the department. The department shall submit  
254 such reports to the Consortium for Medical Marijuana Clinical  
255 Outcomes Research established pursuant to s. 1004.4351.

256 (j) The Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic  
257 Medicine shall jointly create a physician certification pattern  
258 review panel that shall review all physician certifications  
259 submitted to the medical marijuana use registry and consists of  
260 at least one member who is a qualified physician. The panel  
261 shall track and report the number of physician certifications  
262 and the qualifying medical conditions, dosage, supply amount,  
263 total milligrams dispensed for each qualified patient under each  
264 qualified physician's care, and form of marijuana certified. The  
265 panel shall report the data both by individual qualified  
266 physician, including his or her specialty and type of practice,  
267 and in the aggregate, by county, and statewide. The physician  
268 certification pattern review panel shall, beginning January 1,  
269 2018, submit an annual report of its findings and  
270 recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate,  
271 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

272 (7) IDENTIFICATION CARDS.—

273 (a) The department shall issue medical marijuana use  
274 registry identification cards for qualified patients and  
275 caregivers who are residents of this state, which must be

276 renewed every 2 years ~~annually~~. The identification cards must be  
 277 resistant to counterfeiting and tampering and must include, at a  
 278 minimum, the following:

279 1. The name, address, and date of birth of the qualified  
 280 patient or caregiver.

281 2. A full-face, passport-type, color photograph of the  
 282 qualified patient or caregiver taken within the 90 days  
 283 immediately preceding registration or the Florida driver license  
 284 or Florida identification card photograph of the qualified  
 285 patient or caregiver obtained directly from the Department of  
 286 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

287 3. Identification as a qualified patient or a caregiver.

288 4. The unique numeric identifier used for the qualified  
 289 patient in the medical marijuana use registry.

290 5. For a caregiver, the name and unique numeric identifier  
 291 of the caregiver and the qualified patient or patients that the  
 292 caregiver is assisting.

293 6. The expiration date of the identification card.

294 (8) MEDICAL MARIJUANA TREATMENT CENTERS.—

295 (b) An applicant for licensure as a medical marijuana  
 296 treatment center shall apply to the department on a form  
 297 prescribed by the department and adopted in rule. The department  
 298 shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54  
 299 establishing a procedure for the issuance and biennial renewal  
 300 of licenses, including initial application and biennial renewal

301 fees sufficient to cover the costs of implementing and  
302 administering this section, and establishing supplemental  
303 licensure fees for payment beginning May 1, 2018, sufficient to  
304 cover the costs of administering ss. 381.989 and 1004.4351. The  
305 department shall identify applicants with strong diversity plans  
306 reflecting this state's commitment to diversity and implement  
307 training programs and other educational programs to enable  
308 minority persons and minority business enterprises, as defined  
309 in s. 288.703, and veteran business enterprises, as defined in  
310 s. 295.187, to compete for medical marijuana treatment center  
311 licensure and contracts. Subject to the requirements in  
312 subparagraphs (a)2.-4., the department shall issue a license to  
313 an applicant if the applicant meets the requirements of this  
314 section and pays the initial application fee. The department  
315 shall renew the licensure of a medical marijuana treatment  
316 center biennially if the licensee meets the requirements of this  
317 section and pays the biennial renewal fee. However, the  
318 department may not renew the license of a medical marijuana  
319 treatment center that has not begun to cultivate, process, and  
320 dispense marijuana by the date on which the medical marijuana  
321 treatment center is required to renew its license. An individual  
322 may not be an applicant, owner, officer, board member, or  
323 manager on more than one application for licensure as a medical  
324 marijuana treatment center. An individual or entity may not be  
325 awarded more than one license as a medical marijuana treatment

326 center. An applicant for licensure as a medical marijuana  
327 treatment center must demonstrate:

328 1. That, for the 5 consecutive years before submitting the  
329 application, the applicant has been registered to do business in  
330 the state.

331 2. Possession of a valid certificate of registration  
332 issued by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services  
333 pursuant to s. 581.131.

334 3. The technical and technological ability to cultivate  
335 and produce marijuana, including, but not limited to, low-THC  
336 cannabis.

337 4. The ability to secure the premises, resources, and  
338 personnel necessary to operate as a medical marijuana treatment  
339 center.

340 5. The ability to maintain accountability of all raw  
341 materials, finished products, and any byproducts to prevent  
342 diversion or unlawful access to or possession of these  
343 substances.

344 6. An infrastructure reasonably located to dispense  
345 marijuana to registered qualified patients statewide or  
346 regionally as determined by the department.

347 7. The financial ability to maintain operations for the  
348 duration of the 2-year approval cycle, including the provision  
349 of certified financial statements to the department.

350 a. Upon approval, the applicant must post a \$5 million

351 performance bond issued by an authorized surety insurance  
352 company rated in one of the three highest rating categories by a  
353 nationally recognized rating service. However, a medical  
354 marijuana treatment center serving at least 1,000 qualified  
355 patients is only required to maintain a \$2 million performance  
356 bond.

357       b. In lieu of the performance bond required under sub-  
358 subparagraph a., the applicant may provide an irrevocable letter  
359 of credit payable to the department or provide cash to the  
360 department. If provided with cash under this sub-subparagraph,  
361 the department shall deposit the cash in the Grants and  
362 Donations Trust Fund within the Department of Health, subject to  
363 the same conditions as the bond regarding requirements for the  
364 applicant to forfeit ownership of the funds. If the funds  
365 deposited under this sub-subparagraph generate interest, the  
366 amount of that interest shall be used by the department for the  
367 administration of this section.

368       8. That all owners, officers, board members, and managers  
369 have passed a background screening pursuant to subsection (9).

370       9. The employment of a medical director to supervise the  
371 activities of the medical marijuana treatment center.

372       10. A diversity plan that promotes and ensures the  
373 involvement of minority persons and minority business  
374 enterprises, as defined in s. 288.703, or veteran business  
375 enterprises, as defined in s. 295.187, in ownership, management,

376 and employment. An applicant for licensure renewal must show the  
377 effectiveness of the diversity plan by including the following  
378 with his or her application for renewal:

379 a. Representation of minority persons and veterans in the  
380 medical marijuana treatment center's workforce;

381 b. Efforts to recruit minority persons and veterans for  
382 employment; and

383 c. A record of contracts for services with minority  
384 business enterprises and veteran business enterprises.

385 (e) A licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall  
386 cultivate, process, transport, and dispense marijuana for  
387 medical use. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may  
388 not contract for services directly related to the cultivation,  
389 processing, and dispensing of marijuana or marijuana delivery  
390 devices, except that a medical marijuana treatment center  
391 licensed pursuant to subparagraph (a)1. may contract with a  
392 single entity for the cultivation, processing, transporting, and  
393 dispensing of marijuana and marijuana delivery devices. A  
394 licensed medical marijuana treatment center must, at all times,  
395 maintain compliance with the criteria demonstrated and  
396 representations made in the initial application and the criteria  
397 established in this subsection. Upon request, the department may  
398 grant a medical marijuana treatment center a variance from the  
399 representations made in the initial application. Consideration  
400 of such a request shall be based upon the individual facts and

401 | circumstances surrounding the request. A variance may not be  
402 | granted unless the requesting medical marijuana treatment center  
403 | can demonstrate to the department that it has a proposed  
404 | alternative to the specific representation made in its  
405 | application which fulfills the same or a similar purpose as the  
406 | specific representation in a way that the department can  
407 | reasonably determine will not be a lower standard than the  
408 | specific representation in the application. A variance may not  
409 | be granted from the requirements in subparagraph 2. and  
410 | subparagraphs (b)1. and 2.

411 |         1. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may  
412 | transfer ownership to an individual or entity who meets the  
413 | requirements of this section. A publicly traded corporation or  
414 | publicly traded company that meets the requirements of this  
415 | section is not precluded from ownership of a medical marijuana  
416 | treatment center. To accommodate a change in ownership:

417 |             a. The licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall  
418 | notify the department in writing at least 60 days before the  
419 | anticipated date of the change of ownership.

420 |             b. The individual or entity applying for initial licensure  
421 | due to a change of ownership must submit an application that  
422 | must be received by the department at least 60 days before the  
423 | date of change of ownership.

424 |             c. Upon receipt of an application for a license, the  
425 | department shall examine the application and, within 30 days

HB 679

2022

426 after receipt, notify the applicant in writing of any apparent  
427 errors or omissions and request any additional information  
428 required.

429 d. Requested information omitted from an application for  
430 licensure must be filed with the department within 21 days after  
431 the department's request for omitted information or the  
432 application shall be deemed incomplete and shall be withdrawn  
433 from further consideration and the fees shall be forfeited.

434  
435 Within 30 days after the receipt of a complete application, the  
436 department shall approve or deny the application.

437 2. A medical marijuana treatment center, and any  
438 individual or entity who directly or indirectly owns, controls,  
439 or holds with power to vote 5 percent or more of the voting  
440 shares of a medical marijuana treatment center, may not acquire  
441 direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares or  
442 other form of ownership of any other medical marijuana treatment  
443 center.

444 3. A medical marijuana treatment center and any individual  
445 or entity that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds  
446 with power to vote 5 percent or more of the voting shares of a  
447 medical marijuana treatment center may not employ a qualified  
448 physician or have any direct or indirect economic interest in a  
449 qualified physician's practice or a marijuana testing  
450 laboratory.

451        ~~4.3.~~ A medical marijuana treatment center may not enter  
452 into any form of profit-sharing arrangement with the property  
453 owner or lessor of any of its facilities where cultivation,  
454 processing, storing, or dispensing of marijuana and marijuana  
455 delivery devices occurs.

456        5.4. All employees of a medical marijuana treatment center  
457 must be 21 years of age or older and have passed a background  
458 screening pursuant to subsection (9).

459        ~~6.5.~~ Each medical marijuana treatment center must adopt  
460 and enforce policies and procedures to ensure employees and  
461 volunteers receive training on the legal requirements to  
462 dispense marijuana to qualified patients.

463        ~~7.6.~~ When growing marijuana, a medical marijuana treatment  
464 center:

465            a. May use pesticides determined by the department, after  
466 consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer  
467 Services, to be safely applied to plants intended for human  
468 consumption, but may not use pesticides designated as  
469 restricted-use pesticides pursuant to s. 487.042.

470            b. Must grow marijuana within an enclosed structure and in  
471 a room separate from any other plant.

472            c. Must inspect seeds and growing plants for plant pests  
473 that endanger or threaten the horticultural and agricultural  
474 interests of the state in accordance with chapter 581 and any  
475 rules adopted thereunder.

476 d. Must perform fumigation or treatment of plants, or  
477 remove and destroy infested or infected plants, in accordance  
478 with chapter 581 and any rules adopted thereunder.

479 ~~8.7.~~ Each medical marijuana treatment center must produce  
480 and make available for purchase at least one low-THC cannabis  
481 product.

482 ~~9.8.~~ A medical marijuana treatment center that produces  
483 edibles must hold a permit to operate as a food establishment  
484 pursuant to chapter 500, the Florida Food Safety Act, and must  
485 comply with all the requirements for food establishments  
486 pursuant to chapter 500 and any rules adopted thereunder.  
487 Edibles may not contain more than 200 milligrams of  
488 tetrahydrocannabinol, and a single serving portion of an edible  
489 may not exceed 10 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol. Edibles  
490 may have a potency variance of no greater than 15 percent.  
491 Edibles may not be attractive to children; be manufactured in  
492 the shape of humans, cartoons, or animals; be manufactured in a  
493 form that bears any reasonable resemblance to products available  
494 for consumption as commercially available candy; or contain any  
495 color additives. To discourage consumption of edibles by  
496 children, the department shall determine by rule any shapes,  
497 forms, and ingredients allowed and prohibited for edibles.  
498 Medical marijuana treatment centers may not begin processing or  
499 dispensing edibles until after the effective date of the rule.  
500 The department shall also adopt sanitation rules providing the

501 standards and requirements for the storage, display, or  
502 dispensing of edibles.

503 ~~10.9.~~ Within 12 months after licensure, a medical  
504 marijuana treatment center must demonstrate to the department  
505 that all of its processing facilities have passed a Food Safety  
506 Good Manufacturing Practices, such as Global Food Safety  
507 Initiative or equivalent, inspection by a nationally accredited  
508 certifying body. A medical marijuana treatment center must  
509 immediately stop processing at any facility which fails to pass  
510 this inspection until it demonstrates to the department that  
511 such facility has met this requirement.

512 ~~11.10.~~ A medical marijuana treatment center that produces  
513 prerolled marijuana cigarettes may not use wrapping paper made  
514 with tobacco or hemp.

515 ~~12.11.~~ When processing marijuana, a medical marijuana  
516 treatment center must:

517 a. Process the marijuana within an enclosed structure and  
518 in a room separate from other plants or products.

519 b. Comply with department rules when processing marijuana  
520 with hydrocarbon solvents or other solvents or gases exhibiting  
521 potential toxicity to humans. The department shall determine by  
522 rule the requirements for medical marijuana treatment centers to  
523 use such solvents or gases exhibiting potential toxicity to  
524 humans.

525 c. Comply with federal and state laws and regulations and

526 department rules for solid and liquid wastes. The department  
527 shall determine by rule procedures for the storage, handling,  
528 transportation, management, and disposal of solid and liquid  
529 waste generated during marijuana production and processing. The  
530 Department of Environmental Protection shall assist the  
531 department in developing such rules.

532 13.d. A medical marijuana treatment center must test the  
533 ~~processed~~ marijuana using a medical marijuana testing laboratory  
534 before it is dispensed. Results must be verified and signed by  
535 two medical marijuana treatment center employees. Before  
536 dispensing, the medical marijuana treatment center must  
537 determine that the test results indicate that low-THC cannabis  
538 meets the definition of low-THC cannabis, the concentration of  
539 tetrahydrocannabinol meets the potency requirements of this  
540 section, the labeling of the concentration of  
541 tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol is accurate, and all  
542 marijuana is safe for human consumption and free from  
543 contaminants that are unsafe for human consumption. The  
544 department shall determine by rule which contaminants must be  
545 tested for and the maximum levels of each contaminant which are  
546 safe for human consumption. The Department of Agriculture and  
547 Consumer Services shall assist the department in developing the  
548 testing requirements for contaminants that are unsafe for human  
549 consumption in edibles. The department shall also determine by  
550 rule the procedures for the treatment of marijuana that fails to

HB 679

2022

551 meet the testing requirements of this section, s. 381.988, or  
552 department rule. The department may sample marijuana from ~~select~~  
553 ~~a random sample from edibles available for purchase in a~~  
554 dispensing facility which shall be tested by the department to  
555 determine that the marijuana edible meets the potency  
556 requirements of this section, is safe for human consumption, and  
557 the labeling of the tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol  
558 concentration is accurate or to verify medical marijuana testing  
559 laboratory results. The department may also sample marijuana  
560 delivery devices from a dispensing facility to determine that  
561 the marijuana delivery devices are safe for use by qualified  
562 patients. A medical marijuana treatment center may not require  
563 payment from the department for the sample. A medical marijuana  
564 treatment center must recall all marijuana which fails edibles,  
565 ~~including all edibles made from the same batch of marijuana,~~  
566 ~~which fail~~ to meet the potency requirements of this section,  
567 which is ~~are~~ unsafe for human consumption, or for which the  
568 labeling of the tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol  
569 concentration is inaccurate. The medical marijuana treatment  
570 center must retain records of all testing and samples of each  
571 homogenous batch of marijuana for at least 9 months. The medical  
572 marijuana treatment center must contract with a marijuana  
573 testing laboratory to perform audits on the medical marijuana  
574 treatment center's standard operating procedures, testing  
575 records, and samples and provide the results to the department

576 to confirm that the marijuana or low-THC cannabis meets the  
577 requirements of this section and that the marijuana or low-THC  
578 cannabis is safe for human consumption. A medical marijuana  
579 treatment center shall reserve two processed samples from each  
580 batch and retain such samples for at least 9 months for the  
581 purpose of such audits. A medical marijuana treatment center may  
582 use a laboratory that has not been certified by the department  
583 under s. 381.988 until such time as at least one laboratory  
584 holds the required certification, but in no event later than  
585 July 1, 2018.

586 14. When packaging marijuana, a medical marijuana  
587 treatment center must:

588 a.e. Package the marijuana in compliance with the United  
589 States Poison Prevention Packaging Act of 1970, 15 U.S.C. ss.  
590 1471 et seq.

591 b.f. Package the marijuana in a receptacle that has a  
592 firmly affixed and legible label stating the following  
593 information:

594 (I) The marijuana or low-THC cannabis meets the  
595 requirements of subparagraph 13 ~~sub-subparagraph d.~~

596 (II) The name of the medical marijuana treatment center  
597 from which the marijuana originates.

598 (III) The batch number and harvest number from which the  
599 marijuana originates and the date dispensed.

600 (IV) The name of the physician who issued the physician

601 certification.

602 (V) The name of the patient.

603 (VI) The product name, if applicable, and dosage form,  
 604 including concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol.  
 605 The product name may not contain wording commonly associated  
 606 with products marketed by or to children.

607 (VII) The recommended dose.

608 (VIII) A warning that it is illegal to transfer medical  
 609 marijuana to another person.

610 (IX) A marijuana universal symbol developed by the  
 611 department.

612 15.12. The medical marijuana treatment center shall  
 613 include in each package a patient package insert with  
 614 information on the specific product dispensed related to:

- 615 a. Clinical pharmacology.
- 616 b. Indications and use.
- 617 c. Dosage and administration.
- 618 d. Dosage forms and strengths.
- 619 e. Contraindications.
- 620 f. Warnings and precautions.
- 621 g. Adverse reactions.

622 16.13. In addition to the packaging and labeling  
 623 requirements specified in subparagraphs 14. and 15., 11.—and  
 624 12., marijuana in a form for smoking must be packaged in a  
 625 sealed receptacle with a legible and prominent warning to keep

626 away from children and a warning that states marijuana smoke  
627 contains carcinogens and may negatively affect health. Such  
628 receptacles for marijuana in a form for smoking must be plain,  
629 opaque, and white without depictions of the product or images  
630 other than the medical marijuana treatment center's department-  
631 approved logo and the marijuana universal symbol.

632 17.14. The department shall adopt rules to regulate the  
633 types, appearance, and labeling of marijuana delivery devices  
634 dispensed from a medical marijuana treatment center. The rules  
635 must require marijuana delivery devices to have an appearance  
636 consistent with medical use.

637 18.15. Each edible shall be individually sealed in plain,  
638 opaque wrapping marked only with the marijuana universal symbol.  
639 Where practical, each edible shall be marked with the marijuana  
640 universal symbol. In addition to the packaging and labeling  
641 requirements in subparagraphs 14. and 15. ~~11. and 12.~~, edible  
642 receptacles must be plain, opaque, and white without depictions  
643 of the product or images other than the medical marijuana  
644 treatment center's department-approved logo and the marijuana  
645 universal symbol. The receptacle must also include a list of all  
646 the edible's ingredients, storage instructions, an expiration  
647 date, a legible and prominent warning to keep away from children  
648 and pets, and a warning that the edible has not been produced or  
649 inspected pursuant to federal food safety laws.

650 19.16. When dispensing marijuana or a marijuana delivery

651 device, a medical marijuana treatment center:

652 a. May dispense any active, valid order for low-THC  
653 cannabis, medical cannabis and cannabis delivery devices issued  
654 pursuant to former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, which was  
655 entered into the medical marijuana use registry before July 1,  
656 2017.

657 b. May not dispense more than one a 70-day supply of  
658 marijuana within any 70-day period to a qualified patient or  
659 caregiver. May not dispense more than one 35-day supply of  
660 marijuana in a form for smoking within any 35-day period to a  
661 qualified patient or caregiver. A 35-day supply of marijuana in  
662 a form for smoking may not exceed 2.5 ounces unless an exception  
663 to this amount is approved by the department pursuant to  
664 paragraph (4) (f).

665 c. Must have the medical marijuana treatment center's  
666 employee who dispenses the marijuana or a marijuana delivery  
667 device enter into the medical marijuana use registry his or her  
668 name or unique employee identifier.

669 d. Must verify that the qualified patient and the  
670 caregiver, if applicable, each have an active registration in  
671 the medical marijuana use registry and an active and valid  
672 medical marijuana use registry identification card, the amount  
673 and type of marijuana dispensed matches the physician  
674 certification in the medical marijuana use registry for that  
675 qualified patient, and the physician certification has not

HB 679

2022

676 | already been filled.

677 |       e. May not dispense marijuana to a qualified patient who  
678 | is younger than 18 years of age. If the qualified patient is  
679 | younger than 18 years of age, marijuana may ~~only~~ be dispensed  
680 | only to the qualified patient's caregiver.

681 |       f. May not dispense or sell any other type of cannabis,  
682 | alcohol, or illicit drug-related product, including pipes or  
683 | wrapping papers made with tobacco or hemp, other than a  
684 | marijuana delivery device required for the medical use of  
685 | marijuana and which is specified in a physician certification.

686 |       g. Must, upon dispensing the marijuana or marijuana  
687 | delivery device, record in the registry the date, time,  
688 | quantity, and form of marijuana dispensed; the type of marijuana  
689 | delivery device dispensed; and the name and medical marijuana  
690 | use registry identification number of the qualified patient or  
691 | caregiver to whom the marijuana delivery device was dispensed.

692 |       h. Must ensure that patient records are not visible to  
693 | anyone other than the qualified patient, his or her caregiver,  
694 | and authorized medical marijuana treatment center employees.

695 |       (h) A medical marijuana treatment center may not engage in  
696 | radio or television advertising or advertising that is visible  
697 | to members of the public from any street, sidewalk, park, or  
698 | other public place, except:

699 |       1. The dispensing location of a medical marijuana  
700 | treatment center may have a sign that is affixed to the outside

701 or hanging in the window of the premises which identifies the  
702 dispensary by the licensee's business name, a department-  
703 approved trade name, or a department-approved logo. A medical  
704 marijuana treatment center's trade name and logo may not contain  
705 wording or images commonly associated with marketing targeted  
706 toward children or which promote recreational use of marijuana.

707 2. A medical marijuana treatment center may engage in  
708 Internet advertising and marketing under the following  
709 conditions:

710 a. All advertisements must be approved by the department.

711 b. An advertisement may not have any content that  
712 specifically targets individuals under the age of 18, including  
713 cartoon characters or similar images.

714 c. An advertisement may not be an unsolicited pop-up  
715 advertisement.

716 d. Opt-in marketing must include an easy and permanent  
717 opt-out feature.

718 (14) MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING ADVISORY COUNCIL.—

719 (a) The Medical Marijuana Testing Advisory Council, an  
720 advisory council as defined in s. 20.03(7), is created adjunct  
721 to the department for the purpose of providing advice and  
722 expertise regarding the adoption and evaluation of policies and  
723 standards applicable to marijuana testing. Except as otherwise  
724 provided in this section, the advisory council shall operate in  
725 a manner consistent with s. 20.052.

726       (b) The department shall provide staff and administrative  
727 support for the advisory council to carry out its duties and  
728 responsibilities under this section.

729       (c) The advisory council is composed of the following  
730 members:

731       1. Two members appointed by the Governor.

732       2. Two members appointed by the Commissioner of  
733 Agriculture.

734       3. Two members appointed by the President of the Senate.

735       4. Two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of  
736 Representatives.

737       5. The dean for research of the Institute of Food and  
738 Agricultural Sciences of the University of Florida, or his or  
739 her designee.

740       6. The President of Florida Agricultural and Mechanical  
741 University, or his or her designee.

742       7. The president or executive director of a statewide  
743 cannabis testing association, appointed by the Governor.

744       8. The president or executive director of a medical  
745 marijuana trade association that does not primarily consist of  
746 dispensaries or cannabis laboratory testing facility owners,  
747 appointed by the Governor.

748       9. A board member of a medical marijuana dispensary based  
749 in the state, appointed by the Governor.

750       10. An owner of a cannabis testing laboratory based in the

751 state, appointed by the Governor.

752 11. A laboratory scientist who holds a doctorate and who  
753 has at least 3 years of experience in cannabis laboratory  
754 testing, appointed by the Governor.

755 12. A registered qualifying patient who resides in the  
756 state, appointed by the Governor.

757 (d) The advisory council shall annually elect a chair by a  
758 majority vote of the members.

759 (e) A majority of the members of the advisory council  
760 constitutes a quorum.

761 (f) The advisory council shall meet at least three times  
762 annually at the call of the chair.

763 (g) Advisory council members shall serve without  
764 compensation and are not entitled to reimbursement for per diem  
765 or travel expenses.

766 (h) Beginning July 1, 2023, and each July 1 thereafter,  
767 the advisory council shall submit to the Governor, the President  
768 of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a  
769 report that describes the activities of the advisory council  
770 during the previous year and includes its findings and  
771 recommendations, which must include, but need not be limited to,  
772 the prevention of marijuana-related traffic infractions and  
773 accidents as a result of driving under the influence, the  
774 application of drug-free workplace policies to qualified  
775 patients, and the policies and standards applicable to marijuana

776 testing in the state to ensure marijuana products are safe. The  
777 report must also be posted on the department's website.

778 (15) ~~(14)~~ EXCEPTIONS TO OTHER LAWS.-

779 (i) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or  
780 any other provision of law, but subject to the requirements of  
781 this section, the department, including an employee of the  
782 department acting within the scope of his or her employment, may  
783 acquire, possess, test, transport, and lawfully dispose of  
784 marijuana and marijuana delivery devices as provided in this  
785 section, s. 381.988, and department rule.

786 Section 2. Subsection (11) of section 381.988, Florida  
787 Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (13), and new subsections  
788 (11) and (12) are added to that section, to read:

789 381.988 Medical marijuana testing laboratories; marijuana  
790 tests conducted by a certified laboratory.-

791 (11) A certified medical marijuana testing laboratory and  
792 its officers, directors, and employees may not have a direct or  
793 indirect economic interest in, or financial relationship with, a  
794 medical marijuana treatment center. This subsection does not  
795 prohibit a certified medical marijuana testing laboratory from  
796 contracting with a medical marijuana treatment center to provide  
797 testing services.

798 (12) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or  
799 any other provision of law, but subject to the requirements of  
800 this section, the department, including an employee of the

801 department acting within the scope of his or her employment, may  
 802 acquire, possess, test, transport, and lawfully dispose of  
 803 marijuana as provided in this section, s. 381.986, and  
 804 department rule.

805 Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section  
 806 456.47, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

807 456.47 Use of telehealth to provide services.—

808 (2) PRACTICE STANDARDS.—

809 (c) A telehealth provider may not use telehealth to  
 810 prescribe a controlled substance unless the controlled substance  
 811 is prescribed for the following:

812 1. The treatment of a psychiatric disorder;

813 2. Inpatient treatment at a hospital licensed under  
 814 chapter 395;

815 3. The treatment of a patient receiving hospice services  
 816 as defined in s. 400.601; ~~or~~

817 4. The treatment of a resident of a nursing home facility  
 818 as defined in s. 400.021; or

819 5. The treatment and evaluation of an existing qualified  
 820 patient for the medical use of marijuana in accordance with s.  
 821 381.986.

822 Section 4. Subsections (3), (7), (10), and paragraph (a)  
 823 of subsection (12) of section 581.217, Florida Statutes, are  
 824 amended, and subsection (13) is republished, to read:

825 581.217 State hemp program.—

826 (3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

827 (a) "Acceptable hemp THC level" has the same meaning as

828 provided in 7 C.F.R. s. 990.1, as that definition exists on the

829 effective date of this act.

830 (b) "Brand" means the product name appearing on the label

831 of a hemp extract product.

832 (c)-(a) "Certifying agency" has the same meaning as in s.

833 578.011(8).

834 (d)-(b) "Contaminants unsafe for human consumption"

835 includes, but is not limited to, any microbe, fungus, yeast,

836 mildew, herbicide, pesticide, fungicide, residual solvent,

837 metal, or other contaminant found in any amount that exceeds any

838 of the accepted limitations as determined by rules adopted by

839 the Department of Health in accordance with s. 381.986, or other

840 limitation pursuant to the laws of this state, whichever amount

841 is less.

842 (e)-(e) "Cultivate" means planting, watering, growing, or

843 harvesting hemp.

844 (f) "Distribute" means to sell or hold with the intent to

845 sell, offer for sale, barter, or otherwise supply to a consumer.

846 (g)-(d) "Hemp" has the same meaning as provided in 7 C.F.R.

847 s. 990.1, as that definition exists on the effective date of

848 this act means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of that

849 plant, including the seeds thereof, and all derivatives,

850 extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of

HB 679

2022

851 ~~isomers thereof, whether growing or not, that has a total delta-~~  
852 ~~9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed 0.3~~  
853 ~~percent on a dry-weight basis.~~

854 (h)~~(e)~~ "Hemp extract" means a substance or compound  
855 intended for ingestion, containing more than trace amounts of  
856 cannabinoid, or for inhalation which is derived from or contains  
857 hemp and which does not contain other controlled substances. The  
858 term does not include synthetic CBD or seeds or seed-derived  
859 ingredients that are generally recognized as safe by the United  
860 States Food and Drug Administration.

861 (i) "Hemp extract product" means a product manufactured or  
862 distributed in the state which contains hemp extract and is  
863 labeled with a brand name and descriptors including, but not  
864 limited to, flavor, size or volume, or specific cannabinoid  
865 content.

866 (j)~~(f)~~ "Independent testing laboratory" means a laboratory  
867 that:

868 1. Does not have a direct or indirect interest in the  
869 entity whose product is being tested;

870 2. Does not have a direct or indirect interest in a  
871 facility that cultivates, processes, distributes, dispenses, or  
872 sells hemp, hemp extract, or hemp extract products in the state  
873 or in another jurisdiction or cultivates, processes,  
874 distributes, dispenses, or sells marijuana, as defined in s.  
875 381.986; and

HB 679

2022

876 3. Is accredited by a third-party accrediting body as a  
877 competent testing laboratory pursuant to ISO/IEC 17025 of the  
878 International Organization for Standardization.

879 (k) "Label" means any display of written, printed, or  
880 graphic matter on, or attached to, a package or to the outside  
881 individual container or wrapper of a package containing hemp  
882 extract or a hemp extract product.

883 (l) "Labeling" means the labels and any other written,  
884 printed, or graphic matter accompanying a package.

885 (m) "Package" means a sealed, tamperproof retail package  
886 or other container designed for the sale of hemp extract or a  
887 hemp extract product directly to a consumer. This term does not  
888 include shipping containers containing properly labeled inner  
889 containers.

890 (7) ~~DISTRIBUTION AND RETAIL SALE OF HEMP EXTRACT AND HEMP~~  
891 ~~EXTRACT PRODUCTS.~~—

892 (a) Hemp extract and hemp extract products may only be  
893 distributed ~~and sold~~ in the state if the extract or product:

894 1. Has a certificate of analysis prepared by an  
895 independent testing laboratory that states:

896 a. The hemp extract is from the product of a batch tested  
897 by the independent testing laboratory;

898 b. The batch contained an acceptable hemp THC level a  
899 ~~total delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that did not~~  
900 ~~exceed 0.3 percent pursuant to the testing of a random sample of~~

901 ~~the batch~~; and

902       c. The batch does not contain contaminants unsafe for

903 human consumption.

904       2. Is distributed ~~or sold~~ in a container that includes:

905       a. A scannable barcode or quick response code linked to

906 the certificate of analysis of the hemp extract or hemp extract

907 product batch by an independent testing laboratory;

908       b. The batch number;

909       c. The Internet address of a website where batch

910 information may be obtained;

911       d. The expiration date; and

912       e. The number of milligrams of each marketed cannabinoid

913 per serving.

914       3. Has a registration certificate pursuant to paragraph

915 (b).

916       (b) Each hemp extract and hemp extract product

917 manufactured or distributed in the state must be registered with

918 the department before distribution. The person or entity whose

919 name appears on the label of the hemp extract or hemp extract

920 product must apply to the department for a registration

921 certificate on a form prescribed by the department. By applying

922 to register the hemp extract or hemp extract product, the

923 applicant assumes full responsibility for the registration,

924 quality, and quantity of the extract or product manufactured or

925 distributed in the state. A hemp extract or hemp extract product

926 registration certificate is valid for 1 year after the date of  
 927 issuance and must be renewed annually on or before its  
 928 expiration date.

929 1. A completed registration certificate application must  
 930 be accompanied by all of the following:

931 a. A sample of the hemp extract or hemp extract product  
 932 and a copy of the proposed labeling as it will be manufactured  
 933 or distributed.

934 b. A certificate of analysis pursuant to paragraph (a)  
 935 which is dated no more than 30 days before the date upon which  
 936 the registration application is submitted.

937 2. The department may analyze a sample of the hemp extract  
 938 or hemp extract product and inspect the label to ensure that the  
 939 extract or product:

940 a. Meets all proposed labeling claims.

941 b. Meets all requirements under this subsection and  
 942 department rules.

943 c. Contains an acceptable hemp THC level.

944 d. Is not adulterated or misbranded pursuant to chapter  
 945 500, chapter 502, or chapter 580.

946 3. The department shall deny a registration certificate  
 947 application that does not meet the requirements of this  
 948 paragraph or department rules.

949 (c) ~~(b)~~ Hemp extract and hemp extract products manufactured  
 950 or distributed ~~or sold~~ in violation of this subsection ~~section~~

951 shall be considered adulterated or misbranded pursuant to  
 952 chapter 500, chapter 502, or chapter 580.

953 ~~(d)-(e)~~ Hemp extract and hemp extract products that are  
 954 intended for inhalation or ingestion ~~and contain hemp extract~~  
 955 may not be sold in this state to a person who is under 21 years  
 956 of age.

957 (e) The department may determine that an unregistered hemp  
 958 extract or hemp extract product presents an imminent threat to  
 959 the public health, safety, and welfare. If the department makes  
 960 such a determination, it shall issue an immediate final order  
 961 directing the manufacturer or distributor of the hemp extract or  
 962 hemp extract product to cease manufacturing or distribution  
 963 until the extract or product is registered in accordance with  
 964 this paragraph and department rules.

965 (10) VIOLATIONS.—

966 (a) A licensee must complete a corrective action plan if  
 967 the department determines that the licensee has negligently  
 968 violated this section or department rules, including  
 969 negligently:

970 1. Failing to provide the legal land description and  
 971 global positioning coordinates pursuant to subsection (5);

972 2. Failing to obtain a proper license or other required  
 973 authorization from the department; or

974 3. Producing Cannabis sativa L. that does not contain an  
 975 acceptable hemp THC level ~~has a total delta-9-~~

976 ~~tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that exceeds 0.3 percent on a~~  
 977 ~~dry-weight basis.~~

978 (b) The corrective action plan must include:

979 1. A reasonable date by which the licensee must correct  
 980 the negligent violation; and

981 2. A requirement that the licensee periodically report to  
 982 the department on compliance with this section and department  
 983 rules for a period of at least 2 calendar years after the date  
 984 of the violation.

985 (c) A licensee who negligently violates the corrective  
 986 action plan under this subsection three times within 5 years is  
 987 ineligible to cultivate hemp for 5 years following the date of  
 988 the third violation.

989 (d) If the department determines that a licensee has  
 990 violated this section or department rules with a culpable mental  
 991 state greater than negligence, the department shall immediately  
 992 report the licensee to the Attorney General and the United  
 993 States Attorney General.

994 (e) The department may issue and enforce a stop-sale  
 995 order, as provided in s. 500.172, and may revoke or suspend the  
 996 registration for any hemp extract or hemp extract product that  
 997 the department finds, or has probable cause to believe, is in  
 998 violation of subsection (7) or department rules.

999 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the  
 1000 department may, after notice and hearing, impose an

1001 administrative fine pursuant to s. 570.971 in the Class III  
 1002 category for each violation of subsection (7).

1003 (12) RULES.—By August 1, 2019, the department, in  
 1004 consultation with the Department of Health and the Department of  
 1005 Business and Professional Regulation, shall initiate rulemaking  
 1006 to administer the state hemp program. The rules must provide  
 1007 for:

1008 (a) A procedure that uses post-decarboxylation or other  
 1009 similarly reliable methods for testing the acceptable hemp THC  
 1010 level ~~delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration~~ of cultivated  
 1011 hemp.

1012 (13) APPLICABILITY.—Notwithstanding any other law:

1013 (a) This section does not authorize a licensee to violate  
 1014 any federal or state law or regulation.

1015 (b) This section does not apply to a pilot project  
 1016 developed in accordance with 7 U.S.C. 5940 and s. 1004.4473.

1017 (c) A licensee who negligently violates this section or  
 1018 department rules is not subject to any criminal or civil  
 1019 enforcement action by the state or a local government other than  
 1020 the enforcement of violations of this section as authorized  
 1021 under subsection (10).

1022 Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment  
 1023 made by this act to section 581.217, Florida Statutes, in a  
 1024 reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 893.02, Florida  
 1025 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1026           893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as  
 1027 used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless  
 1028 the context otherwise requires:

1029           (3) "Cannabis" means all parts of any plant of the genus  
 1030 Cannabis, whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin  
 1031 extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound,  
 1032 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the  
 1033 plant or its seeds or resin. The term does not include  
 1034 "marijuana," as defined in s. 381.986, if manufactured,  
 1035 possessed, sold, purchased, delivered, distributed, or  
 1036 dispensed, in conformance with s. 381.986. The term does not  
 1037 include hemp as defined in s. 581.217 or industrial hemp as  
 1038 defined in s. 1004.4473.

1039           Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment  
 1040 made by this act to section 581.217, Florida Statutes, in a  
 1041 reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section  
 1042 916.1085, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1043           916.1085 Introduction or removal of certain articles  
 1044 unlawful; penalty.—

1045           (1)(a) Except as authorized by law or as specifically  
 1046 authorized by the person in charge of a facility, it is unlawful  
 1047 to introduce into or upon the grounds of any facility under the  
 1048 supervision or control of the department or agency, or to take  
 1049 or attempt to take or send therefrom, any of the following  
 1050 articles, which are declared to be contraband for the purposes

1051 of this section:

1052 1. Any intoxicating beverage or beverage which causes or  
1053 may cause an intoxicating effect;

1054 2. Any controlled substance as defined in chapter 893,  
1055 marijuana as defined in s. 381.986, hemp as defined in s.  
1056 581.217, or industrial hemp as defined in s. 1004.4473;

1057 3. Any firearm or deadly weapon;

1058 4. Any cellular telephone or other portable communication  
1059 device as described in s. 944.47(1)(a)6., intentionally and  
1060 unlawfully introduced inside the secure perimeter of any  
1061 forensic facility under the operation and control of the  
1062 department or agency. As used in this subparagraph, the term  
1063 "portable communication device" does not include any device that  
1064 has communication capabilities which has been approved or issued  
1065 by the person in charge of the forensic facility;

1066 5. Any vapor-generating electronic device as defined in s.  
1067 386.203, intentionally and unlawfully introduced inside the  
1068 secure perimeter of any forensic facility under the operation  
1069 and control of the department or agency; or

1070 6. Any other item as determined by the department or the  
1071 agency, and as designated by rule or by written institutional  
1072 policies, to be hazardous to the welfare of clients or the  
1073 operation of the facility.

1074 Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment  
1075 made by this act to section 581.217, Florida Statutes, in a

HB 679

2022

1076 reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section  
 1077 944.47, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1078 944.47 Introduction, removal, or possession of contraband;  
 1079 penalty.—

1080 (1)(a) Except through regular channels as authorized by  
 1081 the officer in charge of the correctional institution, it is  
 1082 unlawful to introduce into or upon the grounds of any state  
 1083 correctional institution, or to take or attempt to take or send  
 1084 or attempt to send therefrom, any of the following articles  
 1085 which are hereby declared to be contraband for the purposes of  
 1086 this section, to wit:

1087 1. Any written or recorded communication or any currency  
 1088 or coin given or transmitted, or intended to be given or  
 1089 transmitted, to any inmate of any state correctional  
 1090 institution.

1091 2. Any article of food or clothing given or transmitted,  
 1092 or intended to be given or transmitted, to any inmate of any  
 1093 state correctional institution.

1094 3. Any intoxicating beverage or beverage which causes or  
 1095 may cause an intoxicating effect.

1096 4. Any controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02(4),  
 1097 marijuana as defined in s. 381.986, hemp as defined in s.  
 1098 581.217, industrial hemp as defined in s. 1004.4473, or any  
 1099 prescription or nonprescription drug having a hypnotic,  
 1100 stimulating, or depressing effect.

1101           5. Any firearm or weapon of any kind or any explosive  
1102 substance.

1103           6. Any cellular telephone or other portable communication  
1104 device intentionally and unlawfully introduced inside the secure  
1105 perimeter of any state correctional institution without prior  
1106 authorization or consent from the officer in charge of such  
1107 correctional institution. As used in this subparagraph, the term  
1108 "portable communication device" means any device carried, worn,  
1109 or stored which is designed or intended to receive or transmit  
1110 verbal or written messages, access or store data, or connect  
1111 electronically to the Internet or any other electronic device  
1112 and which allows communications in any form. Such devices  
1113 include, but are not limited to, portable two-way pagers, hand-  
1114 held radios, cellular telephones, Blackberry-type devices,  
1115 personal digital assistants or PDA's, laptop computers, or any  
1116 components of these devices which are intended to be used to  
1117 assemble such devices. The term also includes any new technology  
1118 that is developed for similar purposes. Excluded from this  
1119 definition is any device having communication capabilities which  
1120 has been approved or issued by the department for investigative  
1121 or institutional security purposes or for conducting other state  
1122 business.

1123           7. Any vapor-generating electronic device as defined in s.  
1124 386.203, intentionally and unlawfully introduced inside the  
1125 secure perimeter of any state correctional institution.

1126 Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment  
 1127 made by this act to section 581.217, Florida Statutes, in a  
 1128 reference thereto, paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section  
 1129 951.22, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1130 951.22 County detention facilities; contraband articles.-

1131 (1) It is unlawful, except through regular channels as  
 1132 duly authorized by the sheriff or officer in charge, to  
 1133 introduce into or possess upon the grounds of any county  
 1134 detention facility as defined in s. 951.23 or to give to or  
 1135 receive from any inmate of any such facility wherever said  
 1136 inmate is located at the time or to take or to attempt to take  
 1137 or send therefrom any of the following articles, which are  
 1138 contraband:

1139 (h) Any narcotic, hypnotic, or excitative drug or drug of  
 1140 any kind or nature, including nasal inhalators, sleeping pills,  
 1141 barbiturates, marijuana as defined in s. 381.986, hemp as  
 1142 defined in s. 581.217, industrial hemp as defined in s.  
 1143 1004.4473, or controlled substances as defined in s. 893.02(4).

1144 Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment  
 1145 made by this act to section 581.217, Florida Statutes, in a  
 1146 reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section  
 1147 985.711, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1148 985.711 Introduction, removal, or possession of certain  
 1149 articles unlawful; penalty.-

1150 (1) (a) Except as authorized through program policy or

1151 operating procedure or as authorized by the facility  
1152 superintendent, program director, or manager, a person may not  
1153 introduce into or upon the grounds of a juvenile detention  
1154 facility or commitment program, or take or send, or attempt to  
1155 take or send, from a juvenile detention facility or commitment  
1156 program, any of the following articles, which are declared to be  
1157 contraband under this section:

- 1158 1. Any unauthorized article of food or clothing.
- 1159 2. Any intoxicating beverage or any beverage that causes  
1160 or may cause an intoxicating effect.
- 1161 3. Any controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02(4),  
1162 marijuana as defined in s. 381.986, hemp as defined in s.  
1163 581.217, industrial hemp as defined in s. 1004.4473, or any  
1164 prescription or nonprescription drug that has a hypnotic,  
1165 stimulating, or depressing effect.
- 1166 4. Any firearm or weapon of any kind or any explosive  
1167 substance.
- 1168 5. Any cellular telephone or other portable communication  
1169 device as described in s. 944.47(1)(a)6., intentionally and  
1170 unlawfully introduced inside the secure perimeter of any  
1171 juvenile detention facility or commitment program. As used in  
1172 this subparagraph, the term "portable communication device" does  
1173 not include any device that has communication capabilities which  
1174 has been approved or issued by the facility superintendent,  
1175 program director, or manager.

HB 679

2022

1176           6. Any vapor-generating electronic device as defined in s.  
1177 386.203, intentionally and unlawfully introduced inside the  
1178 secure perimeter of any juvenile detention facility or  
1179 commitment program.

1180           Section 10. This act shall take effect upon becoming a  
1181 law.