2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

1415

16

1718

1920

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

By the Committees on Rules; and Appropriations

595-03330-22 20227040c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to time limitations for preadjudicatory juvenile detention care; amending s. 985.24, F.S.; requiring a child placed on supervised release detention care to comply with specified conditions under certain circumstances; prohibiting certain alleged dependent children from being placed into secure detention care; amending s. 985.26, F.S.; authorizing a court to order that a child be placed on supervised release detention care for any time period until the adjudicatory hearing is completed; requiring a court to conduct a hearing within a specified timeframe if a child has served longer than a specified number of days on supervised release detention care; prohibiting a child from being held in secure detention care for longer than a certain time period under certain circumstances; authorizing a court to extend the length of secure detention care for an increased amount of days under specified circumstances; authorizing a court to continue to extend the time period for secure detention care under specified circumstances; requiring a court to make specified findings; requiring a court to conduct a hearing to determine the continued need for secure detention care under specified circumstances; revising time limitations resulting from a continuance; deleting provisions relating to supervised release detention care and its exclusion from specified time limitations; authorizing certain electronic monitoring 595-03330-22 20227040c1

ordered by a court to be supervised by the Department of Juvenile Justice or a law enforcement agency, or both; providing construction; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Present subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 985.24, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (3), (4), and (5), respectively, a new subsection (2) is added to that section, and present subsection (3) of that section is amended, to read:

985.24 Use of detention; prohibitions.-

- (2) A child who is placed on supervised release detention care must comply with any available condition established by the department or ordered by the court, including electronic monitoring, if the court finds such a condition is necessary to preserve public safety or to ensure the child's safety or appearance in court.
- (4) (3) A child who is alleged to be dependent under chapter 39, but who is not alleged to have committed a delinquent act or violation of law, may not, under any circumstances, be placed into secure detention care.

Section 2. Section 985.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.26 Length of detention.

(1) A child may not be placed into or held in detention care for longer than 24 hours unless the court orders such detention care, and the order includes specific instructions

595-03330-22 20227040c1

that direct the release of the child from such detention care, in accordance with s. 985.255. The order shall be a final order, reviewable by appeal under s. 985.534 and the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. Appeals of such orders shall take precedence over other appeals and other pending matters.

- (2) (a) 1. A court may order that a child be placed on supervised release detention care for any time period until the adjudicatory hearing is completed. However, if a child has served 60 days on supervised release detention care, the court must conduct a hearing within 15 days after the 60th day to determine the need for continued supervised release detention care. At the hearing, upon good cause being shown that the nature of the charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense of the case or upon consideration of the totality of the circumstances, including the preservation of public safety, warranting an extension, the court may order the child to remain on supervised release detention care until the adjudicatory hearing is completed.
- $\underline{2.}$  Except as provided in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c), a child may not be held in <u>secure</u> detention care under a special detention order for more than 21 days unless an adjudicatory hearing for the case has been commenced in good faith by the court.
- 3. This section does not prohibit a court from transitioning a child between secure detention care and supervised release detention care, including electronic monitoring, if the court finds that such placement is necessary to preserve public safety or to ensure the child's safety, appearance in court, or compliance with any condition of

89

90

91

92

93

94

9596

97

98

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

595-03330-22 20227040c1

supervised release detention care. Each period of secure detention care or supervised release detention care counts toward the time limitations in this subsection, whether served consecutively or nonconsecutively.

- (b) Upon good cause being shown that the nature of the charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense of the case or upon the totality of the circumstances, including the preservation of public safety, warranting an extension, the court may extend the length of secure detention care for up to 21 an additional 9 days if the child is charged with an offense that would be, if committed by an adult, would be a capital felony, a life felony, a felony of the first or second degree, or a felony of the third second degree involving violence against any individual. The court may continue to extend the period of secure detention care in increments of up to 21 days by conducting a hearing before the expiration of the current period to determine the need for continuing the secure detention care of the child. At the hearing, the court must make the required findings in writing to extend the period of secure detention care. If the court extends the time period for secure detention care, it must ensure that an adjudicatory hearing for the case commences as soon as reasonably possible considering the totality of the circumstances, and it must prioritize the efficient disposition of those cases in which the child has served 60 or more days in secure detention care.
- (c) A prolific juvenile offender under s. 985.255(1)(f) shall be placed on supervised release detention care with electronic monitoring or in secure detention care under a special detention order until disposition. If secure detention

595-03330-22 20227040c1

care is ordered by the court, it must be authorized under this part and may not exceed:

- 1. Twenty-one days unless an adjudicatory hearing for the case has been commenced in good faith by the court or the period is extended by the court pursuant to paragraph (b); or
- 2. Fifteen days after the entry of an order of adjudication.

As used in this paragraph, the term "disposition" means a declination to file under s. 985.15(1)(h), the entry of nolle prosequi for the charges, the filing of an indictment under s. 985.56 or an information under s. 985.557, a dismissal of the case, or an order of final disposition by the court.

- (d) A prolific juvenile offender under s. 985.255(1)(f) who is taken into custody for a violation of the conditions of his or her supervised release detention must be held in secure detention until a detention hearing is held.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (2), a child may not be held in detention care for more than 15 days following the entry of an order of adjudication.
- (4) (a) The time <u>limitation</u> <u>limits</u> in <u>subsection</u> <u>subsections</u> (2) and (3) <u>does</u> <u>does</u> do not include periods of delay resulting from a continuance granted by the court for cause on motion of the child or his or her counsel or of the state. Upon the issuance of an order granting a continuance for cause on a motion by either the child, the child's counsel, or the state, the court shall conduct a hearing at the end of each 72-hour period, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, to determine the need for continued detention of the child and the need for

595-03330-22 20227040c1

further continuance of proceedings for the child or the state.

- (b) The period for supervised release detention care under this section is tolled on the date that the department or a law enforcement officer alleges that the child has violated a condition of the child's supervised release detention care until the court enters a ruling on the violation. Notwithstanding the tolling of supervised release detention care, the court retains jurisdiction over the child for a violation of a condition of supervised release detention care during the tolling period. If the court finds that a child has violated his or her supervised release detention care, the number of days that the child served in any type of detention care before commission of the violation shall be excluded from the time limits under subsections (2) and (3).
- (5) A child who was not in secure detention at the time of the adjudicatory hearing, but for whom residential commitment is anticipated or recommended, may be placed under a special detention order for a period not to exceed 72 hours, excluding weekends and legal holidays, for the purpose of conducting a comprehensive evaluation as provided in s. 985.185. Motions for the issuance of such special detention order may be made subsequent to a finding of delinquency. Upon said motion, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine the appropriateness of such special detention order and shall order the least restrictive level of detention necessary to complete the comprehensive evaluation process that is consistent with public safety. Such special detention order may be extended for an additional 72 hours upon further order of the court.
  - (6) If a child is detained and a petition for delinquency

176

177178

179

180

181

182

183

184

185

595-03330-22 20227040c1

is filed, the child  $\underline{\text{must}}$  shall be arraigned in accordance with the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure within 48 hours after the filing of the petition for delinquency.

(7) Any electronic monitoring ordered by a court as a condition of supervised release detention care pursuant to this section may be supervised by the department, a law enforcement agency, or the department and a law enforcement agency working in partnership. However, this subsection does not require a law enforcement agency to supervise a child placed on electronic monitoring.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.