**By** Senator Bradley

	5-00716A-22 2022718
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to patient care in health care
3	facilities; amending s. 400.488, F.S.; revising
4	provisions relating to medications and devices with
5	which unlicensed individuals may assist patients in
6	self-administration under certain circumstances;
7	amending s. 401.252, F.S.; specifying staffing
8	requirements for advanced life support ambulances
9	during interfacility transfers; providing that the
10	person occupying the ambulance who has the highest
11	medical certification in this state is in charge of
12	patient care during the transfer; amending s.
13	464.0156, F.S.; revising the list of medications that
14	a registered nurse may delegate the administration of
15	to a certified nursing assistant or home health aide;
16	amending ss. 401.25, 401.27, and 429.256, F.S.;
17	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
18	providing an effective date.
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20	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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22	Section 1. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section
23	400.488, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
24	400.488 Assistance with self-administration of medication
25	(2) Patients who are capable of self-administering their
26	own medications without assistance <u>must</u> shall be encouraged and
27	allowed to do so. However, an unlicensed person may, consistent
28	with a dispensed prescription's label or the package directions
29	of an over-the-counter medication, assist a patient whose
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5-00716A-22 2022718 30 condition is medically stable with the self-administration of 31 routine, regularly scheduled medications that are intended to be self-administered. Assistance with self-medication by an 32 unlicensed person may occur only upon a documented request by, 33 34 and the written informed consent of, a patient or the patient's 35 surrogate, guardian, or attorney in fact. For purposes of this 36 section, self-administered medications include both legend and 37 over-the-counter oral dosage forms, topical dosage forms, transdermal patches, and topical ophthalmic, otic, and nasal 38 39 dosage forms, including solutions, suspensions, sprays, 40 inhalers, and nebulizer treatments. (3) Assistance with self-administration of medication 41

41 (3) Assistance with self-administration of medication 42 includes:

(a) Taking the medication, in its previously dispensed,
properly labeled container, from where it is stored and bringing
it to the patient. For purposes of this paragraph, an insulin
syringe that is prefilled with the proper dosage by a pharmacist
and an insulin pen that is prefilled by the manufacturer are
considered medications in previously dispensed, properly labeled
containers.

50 (b) In the presence of the patient, confirming that the 51 medication is intended for that patient, orally advising the 52 patient of the medication name and purpose, opening the 53 container, removing a prescribed amount of medication from the 54 container, and closing the container.

(c) Placing an oral dosage in the patient's hand or placing the dosage in another container and helping the patient by lifting the container to his or her mouth.

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(d) Applying topical medications, including routine

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59	preventive skin care and applying and replacing bandages for
60	minor cuts and abrasions as provided by the agency in rule.
61	(e) Returning the medication container to proper storage.
62	(f) <del>For nebulizer treatments, assisting with setting up and</del>
63	cleaning the device in the presence of the patient, confirming
64	that the medication is intended for that patient, orally
65	advising the patient of the medication name and purpose, opening
66	the container, removing the prescribed amount for a single
67	treatment dose from a properly labeled container, and assisting
68	the patient with placing the dose into the medicine receptacle
69	or mouthpiece.
70	<del>(g)</del> Keeping a record of when a patient receives assistance
71	with self-administration under this section.
72	(g) Assisting with the use of a nebulizer, including
73	removing the cap of a nebulizer, opening the unit dose of
74	nebulizer solutions, and pouring the prescribed premeasured dose
75	of medication into the dispensing cup of the nebulizer.
76	(h) Using a glucometer to perform blood-glucose level
77	checks.
78	(i) Assisting with putting on and taking off antiembolism
79	stockings.
80	(j) Assisting with applying and removing an oxygen cannula
81	but not with titrating the prescribed oxygen settings.
82	(k) Assisting with the use of a continuous positive airway
83	pressure device but not with titrating the prescribed setting of
84	the device.
85	(1) Assisting with measuring vital signs.
86	(m) Assisting with colostomy bags.
87	(4) Assistance with self-administration does not include:

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88	(a) Mixing, compounding, converting, or calculating
89	medication doses, except for measuring a prescribed amount of
90	liquid medication or breaking a scored tablet or crushing a
91	tablet as prescribed.
92	(b) The preparation of syringes for injection or the
93	administration of medications by any injectable route.
94	(c) Administration of medications through intermittent
95	positive pressure breathing machines or a nebulizer.
96	<del>(d)</del> Administration of medications by way of a tube inserted
97	in a cavity of the body.
98	(d) (e) Administration of parenteral preparations.
99	(e)(f) Irrigations or debriding agents used in the
100	treatment of a skin condition.
101	(f)(g) Rectal, urethral, or vaginal preparations.
102	(g)(h) Medications ordered by the physician or health care
103	professional with prescriptive authority to be given "as
104	needed," unless the order is written with specific parameters
105	that preclude independent judgment on the part of the unlicensed
106	person, and at the request of a competent patient.
107	(h) (i) Medications for which the time of administration,
108	the amount, the strength of dosage, the method of
109	administration, or the reason for administration requires
110	judgment or discretion on the part of the unlicensed person.
111	Section 2. Section 401.252, Florida Statutes, is amended to
112	read:
113	401.252 Interfacility transfer
114	(1) When conducting an interfacility transfer, a permitted
115	advanced life support ambulance must be occupied by at least two
116	persons: one patient attendant who is a certified paramedic, a

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117	registered nurse authorized under subsection (2), or a licensed
118	physician; and one who is a certified emergency medical
119	technician, a certified paramedic, a licensed physician, or an
120	ambulance driver who meets the driver requirements of s.
121	401.281. The person occupying the ambulance who has the highest
122	medical certification in this state is in charge of patient care
123	during the interfacility transfer.
124	(2) A licensed basic or advanced life support ambulance
125	service may conduct interfacility transfers in a permitted
126	ambulance $_{m{ au}}$ using a registered nurse in place of an emergency
127	medical technician or paramedic $_{\tau}$ if:
128	(a) The registered nurse holds a current certificate of
129	successful course completion in advanced cardiac life support;
130	(b) The physician in charge has granted permission for such
131	a transfer, has designated the level of service required for
132	such transfer, and has deemed the patient to be in such a
133	condition appropriate to this type of ambulance staffing; and
134	(c) The registered nurse operates within the scope of part
135	I of chapter 464.
136	(3)(2) A licensed basic or advanced life support service
137	may conduct interfacility transfers in a permitted ambulance if
138	the patient's treating physician certifies that the transfer is
139	medically appropriate and the physician provides reasonable
140	transfer orders. An interfacility transfer must be conducted in
141	a permitted ambulance if it is determined that the patient
142	needs, or is likely to need, medical attention during transport.
143	If the emergency medical technician or paramedic believes the
144	level of patient care required during the transfer is beyond his
145	or her capability, the medical director, or his or her designee,

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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146	must be contacted for clearance prior to conducting the
147	transfer. If necessary, the medical director, or his or her
148	designee, shall attempt to contact the treating physician for
149	consultation to determine the appropriateness of the transfer.
150	<u>(4)</u> Infants <u>younger</u> <del>less</del> than 28 days old or <del>infants</del>
151	weighing less than 5 kilograms $_{m{ au}}$ who require critical care
152	interfacility transport to a neonatal intensive care unit ${ m must}_{ au}$
153	shall be transported in a permitted advanced life support or
154	basic life support transport ambulance, or in a permitted
155	advanced life support or basic life support ambulance that is
156	recognized by the department as meeting designated criteria for
157	neonatal interfacility critical care transport.
158	Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 464.0156, Florida
159	Statutes, is amended to read:
160	464.0156 Delegation of duties
161	(2) A registered nurse may delegate to a certified nursing
162	assistant or a home health aide the administration of oral,
163	transdermal, ophthalmic, otic, rectal, inhaled, enteral, or
164	topical prescription medications to a patient of a home health
165	agency, if the certified nursing assistant or home health aide
166	meets the requirements of s. 464.2035 or s. 400.489,
167	respectively. A registered nurse may not delegate the
168	administration of any controlled substance listed in Schedule
169	II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV of s. 893.03 or 21 U.S.C. s.
170	812, except for the administration of an insulin syringe that is
171	prefilled with the proper dosage by a pharmacist or an insulin
172	pen that is prefilled by the manufacturer.
173	Section 4. Subsection (7) of section 401.25, Florida
174	Statutes, is amended to read:

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5-00716A-22 2022718 175 401.25 Licensure as a basic life support or an advanced 176 life support service.-177 (7) (a) Each permitted basic life support ambulance not specifically exempted from this part, when transporting a person 178 179 who is sick, injured, wounded, incapacitated, or helpless, must be occupied by at least two persons: one patient attendant who 180 181 is a certified emergency medical technician, certified paramedic, or licensed physician; and one ambulance driver who 182 meets the requirements of s. 401.281. This paragraph does not 183 184 apply to interfacility transfers governed by s. 401.252 s. 185 401.252(1). 186 (b) Each permitted advanced life support ambulance not

187 specifically exempted from this part, when transporting a person 188 who is sick, injured, wounded, incapacitated, or helpless, must 189 be occupied by at least two persons: one who is a certified 190 paramedic or licensed physician; and one who is a certified 191 emergency medical technician, certified paramedic, or licensed 192 physician who also meets the requirements of s. 401.281 for 193 drivers. The person with the highest medical certifications 194 shall be in charge of patient care. This paragraph does not 195 apply to interfacility transfers governed by s. 401.252 s. 196 401.252(1).

197 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 401.27, Florida198 Statutes, is amended to read:

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401.27 Personnel; standards and certification.-

(1) Each permitted ambulance not specifically exempted from
this part, when transporting a person who is sick, injured,
wounded, incapacitated, or helpless, must be occupied by at
least two persons, one of whom must be a certified emergency

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medical technician, certified paramedic, or licensed physician
and one of whom must be a driver who meets the requirements for
ambulance drivers. This subsection does not apply to
interfacility transfers governed by <u>s. 401.252</u> <del>s. 401.252(1)</del> .
Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
429.256, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
429.256 Assistance with self-administration of medication
(3) Assistance with self-administration of medication
includes:
(a) Taking the medication, in its previously dispensed,
properly labeled container, including an insulin syringe that is
prefilled with the proper dosage by a pharmacist and an insulin
<del>pen that is prefilled by the manufacturer,</del> from where it is
stored $_{m{ au}}$ and bringing it to the resident. For purposes of this
paragraph, an insulin syringe that is prefilled with the proper
dosage by a pharmacist and an insulin pen that is prefilled by
the manufacturer are considered medications in previously
dispensed, properly labeled containers.
Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.