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A bill to be entitled An act relating to fraud prevention; amending s. 501.165, F.S.; requiring sellers to allow consumers to cancel in specified manners and by specified means service contracts that have automatic renewal provisions; amending s. 626.854, F.S.; revising maximum fines for public adjusters and public adjuster apprentices for certain violations under a specified circumstance; revising maximum fines for certain violations by certain persons under a specified circumstance; amending s. 626.989, F.S.; defining the term "active"; deleting provisions relating to circumstances under which investigations are considered active; authorizing the Department of Financial Services to impose an administrative fine on insurers under certain circumstances; authorizing the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services to adopt rules; providing requirements for the rules; amending s. 633.112, F.S.; defining the term "active"; deleting provisions relating to circumstances under which investigations are considered active; amending s. 633.126, F.S.; authorizing the department to impose an administrative fine on insurance companies under certain circumstances; deleting criminal penalties; authorizing the division to adopt rules; providing

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requirements for the rules; amending s. 634.095, F.S.; revising requirements for advertisements issued or caused to be issued by service agreement companies or licensed salespersons; amending s. 775.15, F.S.; revising felony violations for which prosecutions must be commenced within a specified timeframe; amending s. 817.234, F.S.; providing that certain insurers are entitled to specified expenses at trials and appellate courts under certain circumstances; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 501.165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.165 Automatic renewal of service contracts.-

- (2) SERVICE CONTRACTS WITH AUTOMATIC RENEWAL PROVISIONS.-
- (a) \underline{A} Any seller that sells, leases, or offers to sell or lease any service to a consumer pursuant to a service contract that has an automatic renewal provision, unless the consumer cancels that contract, shall disclose the automatic renewal provision clearly and conspicuously in the contract or contract offer.
- (b) \underline{A} Any seller that sells or offers to sell any service to a consumer pursuant to a service contract the term of which

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is a specified period of 12 months or more and that automatically renews for a specified period of more than 1 month, unless the consumer cancels the contract, shall provide the consumer with written or electronic notification of the automatic renewal provision. Notification shall be provided to the consumer no less than 30 days or no more than 60 days before the cancellation deadline pursuant to the automatic renewal provision. Such notification shall disclose clearly and conspicuously:

- 1. That unless the consumer cancels the contract the contract will automatically renew.
- 2. Methods by which the consumer may obtain details of the automatic renewal provision and cancellation procedure, whether by contacting the seller at a specified telephone number or address, by referring to the contract, or by any other method.
- (c) A seller that fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection violates is in violation of this subsection unless the seller demonstrates that:
- 1. As part of the seller's routine business practice, the seller has established and implemented written procedures to comply with this section and enforces compliance with the procedures;
- 2. Any failure to comply with this subsection is the result of error; and
 - 3. As part of the seller's routine business practice,

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where an error has caused the failure to comply with this subsection, the unearned portion of the contract subject to the automatic renewal provision is refunded as of the date on which the seller is notified of the error.

- (d) A seller shall allow a consumer to cancel a service contract that has an automatic renewal provision in the same manner, and by the same means, as the service contract was entered into.
 - (e) (d) This subsection does not apply to:

- 1. A financial institution as defined in s. 655.005 or any depository institution as defined in 12 U.S.C. s. 1813(c)(2).
- 2. A foreign bank maintaining a branch or agency licensed under the laws of any state of the United States.
- 3. Any subsidiary or affiliate of an entity described in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2.
 - 4. A health studio as defined in s. 501.0125.
- 5. Any entity licensed under chapter 624, chapter 627, chapter 634, chapter 636, or chapter 641.
 - 6. Any electric utility as defined in s. 366.02.
- 7. Any private company as defined in s. 180.05 providing services described in chapter 180 which is competing against a governmental entity or has a governmental entity providing billing services on its behalf.
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (e) A violation of this subsection renders the automatic renewal provision void and unenforceable.

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Section 2. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (22) of section 626.854, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (a) of that subsection is republished, to read:

- 626.854 "Public adjuster" defined; prohibitions.—The Legislature finds that it is necessary for the protection of the public to regulate public insurance adjusters and to prevent the unauthorized practice of law.
- (22) (a) Any following act by a public adjuster, a public adjuster apprentice, or a person acting on behalf of a public adjuster or public adjuster apprentice is prohibited and shall result in discipline as applicable under this part:
- 1. Offering to a residential property owner a rebate, gift, gift card, cash, coupon, waiver of any insurance deductible, or any other thing of value in exchange for:
- a. Allowing a contractor, a public adjuster, a public adjuster apprentice, or a person acting on behalf of a public adjuster or public adjuster apprentice to conduct an inspection of the residential property owner's roof; or
- b. Making an insurance claim for damage to the residential property owner's roof.
- 2. Offering, delivering, receiving, or accepting any compensation, inducement, or reward for the referral of any services for which property insurance proceeds would be used for roofing repairs or replacement.
 - (b) Notwithstanding the fine set forth in s. 626.8698, a

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public adjuster or public adjuster apprentice may be subject to a fine not to exceed \$10,000 per act for a violation of this subsection and a fine not to exceed \$20,000 per act for a violation of this subsection that occurs during a state of emergency declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36.

- (c) A person who engages in an act prohibited by this subsection and who is not a public adjuster or a public adjuster apprentice, or is not otherwise exempt from licensure, is guilty of the unlicensed practice of public adjusting and may be:
- 1. Subject to all applicable penalties set forth in this part.
- 2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., subject to a fine not to exceed \$10,000 per act for a violation of this subsection and a fine not to exceed \$20,000 per act for a violation of this subsection that occurs during a state of emergency declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36.

Section 3. Subsections (7), (8), and (9) of section 626.989, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (9), (10), and (11), respectively, subsections (5) and (6) are amended, and new subsections (7) and (8) and subsection (12) are added to that section, to read:

626.989 Investigation by department or Division of Investigative and Forensic Services; compliance; immunity;

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confidential information; reports to division; division
investigator's power of arrest.-

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- The office's and the department's papers, documents, reports, or evidence relative to the subject of an investigation under this section are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) until such investigation is completed or ceases to be active. For purposes of this subsection, the term an investigation is considered "active" has the same meaning as in s. 119.011(3)(d) while the investigation is being conducted by the office or department with a reasonable, good faith belief that it could lead to the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings. An investigation does not cease to be active if the office or department is proceeding with reasonable dispatch and has a good faith belief that action could be initiated by the office or department or other administrative or law enforcement agency. After an investigation is completed or ceases to be active, portions of records relating to the investigation shall remain exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) if disclosure would:
- (a) Jeopardize the integrity of another active investigation;
 - (b) Impair the safety and soundness of an insurer;
 - (c) Reveal personal financial information;
 - (d) Reveal the identity of a confidential source;
 - (e) Defame or cause unwarranted damage to the good name or

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reputation of an individual or jeopardize the safety of an individual; or

- (f) Reveal investigative techniques or procedures.

 Further, such papers, documents, reports, or evidence relative to the subject of an investigation under this section shall not be subject to discovery until the investigation is completed or ceases to be active. Office, department, or division investigators shall not be subject to subpoena in civil actions by any court of this state to testify concerning any matter of which they have knowledge pursuant to a pending insurance fraud investigation by the division.
- (6) Any person, other than an insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the code, or an employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is being or has been committed may send to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services a report or information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such additional information relative thereto as the department may request. Any professional practitioner licensed or regulated by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, except as otherwise provided by law, any medical review committee as defined in s. 766.101, any private medical review committee, and any insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the code, or

an employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is being or has been committed shall send to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services a report or information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such additional information relative thereto as the department may require.

- (7) If an insurer fails or otherwise refuses to comply with this section, the department may impose an administrative fine of not more than \$2,000 per day for such failure until the department deems the insurer to be in compliance.
- (8) The Division of Investigative and Forensic Services shall review such information or reports and select such information or reports as, in its judgment, may require further investigation. It shall then cause an independent examination of the facts surrounding such information or report to be made to determine the extent, if any, to which a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is being committed. The Division of Investigative and Forensic Services shall report any alleged violations of law which its investigations disclose to the appropriate licensing agency and state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to any such violation, as provided in

s. 624.310. If prosecution by the state attorney or other
prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such
violation is not begun within 60 days of the division's report,
the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having
jurisdiction with respect to such violation shall inform the
division of the reasons for the lack of prosecution.

- (12) The Division of Investigative and Forensic Services

 may adopt reasonable rules as are necessary to administer this

 section. Such rules must meet all of the following requirements:
- (a) They may not enlarge upon or extend the provisions of this section.
- (b) They must identify specific factors that determine the grades of penalty.
- (c) They must specify mitigating and aggravating factors for a violation of this section.
- Section 4. Subsection (7) of section 633.112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 633.112 State Fire Marshal; hearings; investigations; recordkeeping and reports; subpoenas of witnesses; orders of circuit court.—
- (7) The State Fire Marshal shall keep a record of all fires and explosions occurring in this state upon which she or he had caused an investigation to be made and all facts concerning the same. These records, obtained or prepared by the State Fire Marshal pursuant to her or his investigation, include

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documents, papers, letters, maps, diagrams, tapes, photographs, films, sound recordings, and evidence. These records are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) until the investigation is completed or ceases to be active. For purposes of this section, the term an investigation is considered "active" has the same meaning as in s. 119.011(3)(d) while such investigation is being conducted by the department with a reasonable, good faith belief that it may lead to the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings. An investigation does not cease to be active if the department is proceeding with reasonable dispatch, and there is a good faith belief that action may be initiated by the department or other administrative or law enforcement agency. Further, these documents, papers, letters, maps, diagrams, tapes, photographs, films, sound recordings, and evidence relative to the subject of an investigation are shall not be subject to subpoena until the investigation is completed or ceases to be active, unless the State Fire Marshal consents. These records shall be made daily from the reports furnished the State Fire Marshal by her or his agents or others. Section 5. Subsection (9) of section 633.126, Florida Statutes, is amended, subsection (10) is added to that section, and subsection (2) of that section is republished, to read: 633.126 Investigation of fraudulent insurance claims and

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crimes; immunity of insurance companies supplying information.-

(2) If an insurance company has reason to suspect that a
fire or explosion loss to its insured's real or personal
property was caused by intentional means, the company shall
notify the State Fire Marshal and shall furnish her or him with
all material acquired by the company during its investigation.
The State Fire Marshal may adopt rules to implement this
subsection.

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- (9) If an insurance company fails or otherwise refuses to comply with this section, the department may impose an administrative fine of not more than \$2,000 per day for such failure until the department deems the insurance company to be in compliance A person who willfully violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (10) The Division of Investigative and Forensic Services
 may adopt reasonable rules as are necessary to administer this
 section. Such rules must meet all of the following requirements:
- (a) They may not enlarge upon or extend the provisions of this section.
- (b) They must identify specific factors that determine the grades of penalty.
- (c) They must specify mitigating and aggravating factors for a violation of this section.
- Section 6. Effective January 1, 2023, paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (3) of section 634.095, Florida Statutes,

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are redesignated as paragraphs (d), (e), and (f), respectively, paragraph (a) of that subsection is amended, and new paragraphs (b) and (c) are added to that subsection, to read:

- 634.095 Prohibited acts.—Any service agreement company or salesperson that engages in one or more of the following acts is, in addition to any applicable denial, suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew or continue any appointment or license, guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083:
- (3) Issuing or causing to be issued any advertisement that which:
- (a) Does not fully disclose <u>in a written advertisement,</u> in <u>at least 12-point, boldface</u> <u>boldfaced</u> type, the name, address, and <u>Florida Company Code</u> <u>license number</u> of the service agreement company.
- (b) Does not fully disclose in a radio or television advertisement the full legal name of the licensed salesperson or the service agreement company.
- (c) Does not fully identify the soliciting licensed salesperson's full legal name and license number when the salesperson begins, and the soliciting salesperson's telephone number when the salesperson concludes, each telephone solicitation. For the purposes of this paragraph, the actual telephone number of the salesperson may be the number on file with the department or the number at which the salesperson may

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326	be contacted.
327	Section 7. Subsection (11) of section 775.15, Florida
328	Statutes, is amended to read:
329	775.15 Time limitations; general time limitations;
330	exceptions
331	(11) A prosecution for a felony violation of $\underline{s. 440.105}$ or
332	s. 817.234 ss. 440.105 and 817.234 must be commenced within 5
333	years after the violation is committed.
334	Section 8. Subsection (5) of section 817.234, Florida
335	Statutes, is amended to read:
336	817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.—
337	(5) $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ Any insurer damaged as a result of a violation of
338	any provision of this section when there has been a criminal
339	adjudication of guilt shall have a cause of action to recover
340	compensatory damages, plus all reasonable investigation and
341	litigation expenses, including attorney attorneys! fees, at the
342	trial and appellate courts.
343	(b) If an insurer damaged as a result of a violation of
344	any provision of this section has reported the possible
345	fraudulent insurance act to the Division of Investigative and
346	Forensic Services pursuant to s. 626.9891 and if there has been
347	a criminal adjudication of guilt, the insurer is entitled to
348	recover reasonable investigation and litigation expenses,
349	including attorney fees, at the trial and appellate courts.
350	Section 9. Except as otherwise provided in this act, this

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351 act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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