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By the Committee on Finance and Tax; and Senator Albritton

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to economic development; amending s. 166.231, F.S.; authorizing municipalities to exempt by ordinance the public service tax that specified users would pay on energy purchases; requiring municipalities to provide copies of such ordinances to the Department of Revenue within a certain timeframe; amending s. 212.02, F.S.; defining the term "opportunity zone"; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; defining terms; providing an exemption from the state tax on sales, use, and other transactions for building materials used in the rehabilitation of real property in an opportunity zone; specifying requirements, limitations, and procedures for the exemption; requiring the department to adopt rules; authorizing the department to establish guidelines; providing an exemption from the state tax on sales, use, and other transactions for energy used in an opportunity zone, subject to certain ordinances adopted by municipalities; specifying requirements, limitations, and procedures for the exemption; providing a penalty; requiring the department to adopt rules; authorizing the department to establish guidelines; defining the term "qualified business"; amending s. 288.018, F.S.; revising the matching requirement for grant funds received by a regional economic development organization; amending s. 288.065, F.S.; deleting the requirement for certain repayments to be matched in rural areas of opportunity; amending s. 288.0655,

F.S.; revising the purpose of the Rural Infrastructure Fund; revising authorized amounts and uses of certain grants; providing that certain grants do not require local matches; revising the requirements for review of certain applications; creating s. 288.066, F.S.; establishing a rural opportunity tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses in rural areas; defining terms; specifying the criteria the Department of Economic Opportunity and Enterprise Florida, Inc., must consider in identifying target industries; authorizing the grant of certain tax refunds under certain circumstances; specifying limitations on refunds; providing administrative and criminal penalties; specifying requirements and procedures for applications; specifying requirements and limitations for the review of applications by the Department of Economic Opportunity; providing construction; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to issue certain opinion letters; providing requirements, procedures, and limitations for annual refund claims; providing requirements for the Chief Financial Officer for the issuance of warrants for refunds; providing for administration by the Department of Economic Opportunity; amending s. 288.095, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Present subsections (9) and (10) of section 166.231, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (10) and (11), respectively, and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

166.231 Municipalities; public service tax.-

(9) Beginning July 1, 2023, a municipality may by ordinance exempt not less than 100 percent of the tax imposed under this section on purchasers of electrical energy, natural gas, or propane who the Department of Revenue determines are eligible for the exemption provided by s. 212.08(19). The exemption shall be administered as provided in that section. The municipality shall provide a copy of any ordinance adopted pursuant to this subsection to the Department of Revenue not less than 14 days before its effective date.

Section 2. Subsection (35) is added to section 212.02, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 212.02 Definitions.—The following terms and phrases when used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- (35) "Opportunity zone" means a population census tract designated by the United States Department of the Treasury as a qualified opportunity zone pursuant to s. 1400Z-1(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code and located in a rural community as defined in s. 288.0656.

Section 3. Paragraph (v) is added to subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, and subsection (19) is added to that section, to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and

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storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
- (v) Building materials used in the rehabilitation of real property located in an opportunity zone.—
- 1. For the purposes of the exemption provided in this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Building materials" means tangible personal property that becomes a component part of improvements to real property.
- b. "Real property" has the same meaning as provided in s. 192.001(12), except that the term does not include a condominium parcel or condominium property as defined in s. 718.103.
- c. "Rehabilitation of real property" means the reconstruction, renovation, restoration, rehabilitation, construction, or expansion of improvements to real property.
- d. "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as provided in s. 192.042(1).
- 2. Building materials used in the rehabilitation of real property are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the satisfaction of the department that the items have been used for the rehabilitation of real property located in an opportunity zone. This exemption inures to the owner, lessee, or lessor at the time the real property is rehabilitated, but only through a refund of previously paid taxes. To receive a refund pursuant to this paragraph, the owner, lessee, or lessor of the rehabilitated real property must

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file an application under oath with the governing body having jurisdiction over the opportunity zone where the property is located, as applicable. A single application for a refund may be submitted for multiple, contiguous parcels that were part of a single parcel divided as part of the rehabilitation of the real property. All other requirements of this paragraph apply to each parcel on an individual basis. The application must include all of the following:

- a. The name and address of the person claiming the refund.
- b. An address and assessment roll parcel number of the rehabilitated real property for which a refund of previously paid taxes is being sought.
- $\underline{\text{c. A description of the improvements made to accomplish the}}$ rehabilitation of the real property.
- d. A copy of a valid building permit issued by the county or municipal building department for the rehabilitation of the real property.
- e. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the general contractor licensed in this state with whom the applicant contracted to make the improvements necessary to rehabilitate the real property. The sworn statement must list the building materials used to rehabilitate the real property, the actual cost of the building materials, and the amount of sales tax paid in this state on the building materials. If a general contractor was not used, the applicant, not a general contractor, shall make the sworn statement required by this subsubparagraph. Copies of the invoices that show the purchase of the building materials used in the rehabilitation and the payment of sales tax on the building materials must be attached

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to the sworn statement provided by the general contractor or by the applicant. Unless the actual cost of building materials used in the rehabilitation of real property and the payment of sales taxes are documented by a general contractor or by the applicant in this manner, the cost of the building materials is deemed to be an amount equal to 40 percent of the increase in assessed value for ad valorem tax purposes.

- <u>f. The census tract number of the opportunity zone in which</u> the rehabilitated real property is located.
- g. A certification by the local building code inspector that the improvements necessary to rehabilitate the real property are substantially completed.
- 3. Within 10 working days after receipt of an application, the governing body shall review the application to determine if it contains all the information required by subparagraph 1. and meets the criteria set forth in this paragraph. The governing body shall certify all applications that contain the required information and are eligible to receive a refund. The certification must be in writing, and a copy of the certification shall be transmitted to the executive director of the department. The applicant is responsible for forwarding a certified application to the department within the time specified in subparagraph 4.
- 4. An application for a refund must be submitted to the department within 6 months after the rehabilitation of the real property is deemed to be substantially completed by the local building code inspector or by November 1 after the rehabilitated real property is first subject to assessment.
 - 5. Only one exemption through a refund of previously paid

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taxes for the rehabilitation of real property is allowed for any single parcel of real property unless there is a change in ownership, a new lessor, or a new lessee of the real property. A refund may not be granted unless the amount to be refunded exceeds \$500. A refund may not exceed the lesser of 97 percent of the Florida sales or use tax paid on the cost of the building materials used in the rehabilitation of the real property, as determined pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.e., or \$7,500. The department shall make the refund within 30 days after formally approving the application.

- 6. The department shall adopt rules governing the manner and form of refund applications and may establish guidelines as to the requisites for an affirmative showing of qualification for exemption under this paragraph.
 - (19) ENERGY USED IN AN OPPORTUNITY ZONE.-
- (a) Beginning July 1, 2023, a qualified business that uses electrical energy, natural gas, or propane at a fixed location in an opportunity zone in a municipality that has enacted an ordinance pursuant to s. 166.231(9) which provides for exemption of municipal utility taxes on such businesses shall receive an exemption equal to 50 percent of the tax imposed by this chapter. A qualified business may receive such exemption for a period of 5 years from the billing period beginning not more than 30 days following the department notifying the applicable utility company that an exemption has been authorized pursuant to this subsection and s. 166.231(9).
- (b) To receive this exemption, a business must file an application with the department on a form provided for the purposes of this subsection and s. 166.231(9). The application

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must be made under oath and include all of the following:

- 1. The name and location of the business.
- 2. The census tract number of the opportunity zone in which the business is located.
- 3. The date on which electrical, natural gas, or propane service is to be first initiated at the business.
- 4. The name and mailing address of the entity from which electrical energy, natural gas, or propane is to be purchased.
 - 5. The date of the application.
 - 6. The name of the city in which the business is located.
- (c) An application for an exemption under this subsection must be submitted to the department within 6 months after the occurrence of the appropriate qualifying provision set out in paragraph (f).
- (d) If, in a subsequent audit conducted by the department, it is determined that the business did not meet the criteria mandated in this subsection, the amount of taxes exempted shall immediately be due and payable to the department by the business, together with the appropriate interest and penalty, computed from the due date of each bill for the electrical energy, natural gas, or propane purchased as exempt under this subsection, in the manner prescribed by this chapter.
- (e) The department shall adopt rules governing applications and the required forms for, and issuance of, the exemption authorized in this subsection and provisions for recapture of taxes exempted under this subsection, and the department may establish guidelines as to qualifications for the exemption.
- (f) For the purpose of the exemption provided in this subsection, the term "qualified business" means a business that

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- 1. First occupying a new structure to which electrical, natural gas, or propane service, other than that used for construction purposes, has not been previously provided or furnished;
- 2. Newly occupying an existing, remodeled, renovated, or rehabilitated structure to which electrical, natural gas, or propane service, other than that used for remodeling, renovation, or rehabilitation of the structure, has not been provided or furnished in the three preceding billing periods; or
- 3. Occupying a new, remodeled, rebuilt, renovated, or rehabilitated structure for which a refund has been granted pursuant to paragraph (5)(v).

Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 288.018, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.018 Regional Rural Development Grants Program.-

(1)

(d) Grant funds received by a regional economic development organization must be matched each year by nonstate $\underline{\text{financial or}}$ $\underline{\text{in-kind contributions}}$ $\underline{\text{resources}}$ in an amount equal to $\underline{15}$ $\underline{25}$ percent of the state contribution.

Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 288.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.065 Rural Community Development Revolving Loan Fund.—

(2)

(c) All repayments of principal and interest shall be returned to the loan fund and made available for loans to other applicants. However, in a rural area of opportunity designated by the Governor, and upon approval by the department, repayments

of principal and interest may be retained by the applicant if such repayments are dedicated and matched to fund regionally based economic development organizations representing the rural area of opportunity.

Section 6. Subsection (1), paragraphs (b), (c), and (e) of subsection (2), and subsection (3) of section 288.0655, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.0655 Rural Infrastructure Fund.-

(1) There is created within the department the Rural Infrastructure Fund to facilitate the planning, preparing, and financing of infrastructure projects in rural communities which will encourage job creation, capital investment, and the strengthening and diversification of rural economies by promoting tourism, trade, and economic development.

(2)

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(b) To facilitate access of rural communities and rural areas of opportunity as defined by the Rural Economic Development Initiative to infrastructure funding programs of the Federal Government, such as those offered by the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Department of Commerce, and state programs, including those offered by Rural Economic Development Initiative agencies, and to facilitate local government or private infrastructure funding efforts, the department may award grants for up to 75 50 percent of the total infrastructure project cost, or up to 100 percent of the total infrastructure project cost for a project that is located in a rural community as defined in s. 288.0656(2)(e) or a rural area of opportunity as defined in s. 288.0656(2)(d) and that is also located in a fiscally constrained county as defined in s.

291 218.67(1). Eligible projects must be related to specific job-292 creation or job-retention opportunities. Eligible uses of funds 293 projects may also include improving any inadequate 294 infrastructure that has resulted in regulatory action that 295 prohibits economic or community growth, reducing the costs to 296 community users of proposed infrastructure improvements that 297 exceed such costs in comparable communities, and improving 298 access to and the availability of broadband Internet service. 299 Eligible uses of funds shall include improvements to public 300 infrastructure for industrial or commercial sites, upgrades to 301 or development of public tourism infrastructure, and 302 improvements to broadband Internet service and access in 303 unserved or underserved rural communities. Improvements to 304 broadband Internet service and access must be conducted through 305 a partnership or partnerships with one or more dealers, as 306 defined in s. 202.11(2), and the partnership or partnerships 307 must be established through a competitive selection process that 308 is publicly noticed. Authorized infrastructure may include the 309 following public or public-private partnership facilities: storm 310 water systems; telecommunications facilities; broadband 311 facilities; roads or other remedies to transportation 312 impediments; nature-based tourism facilities; or other physical 313 requirements necessary to facilitate tourism, trade, and 314 economic development activities in the community. Authorized 315 infrastructure may also include publicly or privately owned self-powered nature-based tourism facilities, publicly owned 316 317 telecommunications facilities, and broadband facilities, and additions to the distribution facilities of the existing natural 318 gas utility as defined in s. 366.04(3)(c), the existing electric 319

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utility as defined in s. 366.02, or the existing water or wastewater utility as defined in s. 367.021(12), or any other existing water or wastewater facility, which owns a gas or electric distribution system or a water or wastewater system in this state where:

- 1. A contribution-in-aid of construction is required to serve public or public-private partnership facilities under the tariffs of any natural gas, electric, water, or wastewater utility as defined herein; and
- 2. Such utilities as defined herein are willing and able to provide such service.
- (c) To facilitate timely response and induce the location or expansion of specific job creating opportunities, The department may award grants of up to \$300,000 for infrastructure feasibility studies, design and engineering activities, or other infrastructure planning and preparation activities. Authorized grants shall be up to \$50,000 for an employment project with a business committed to create at least 100 jobs; up to \$150,000 for an employment project with a business committed to create at least 300 jobs; and up to \$300,000 for a project in a rural area of opportunity. Grants awarded under this paragraph may be used in conjunction with grants awarded under paragraph (b), provided that the total amount of both grants does not exceed 30 percent of the total project cost. In evaluating applications under this paragraph, the department shall consider the extent to which the application seeks to minimize administrative and consultant expenses.
- (e) To enable local governments to access the resources available pursuant to s. 403.973(18), the department may award

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grants for surveys, feasibility studies, and other activities related to the identification and preclearance review of land which is suitable for preclearance review. Authorized grants under this paragraph do not require a local match and may not exceed \$75,000 each, except in the case of a project in a rural area of opportunity, in which case the grant may not exceed \$300,000. Any funds awarded under this paragraph must be matched at a level of 50 percent with local funds, except that any funds awarded for a project in a rural area of opportunity must be matched at a level of 33 percent with local funds. If an application for funding is for a catalyst site, as defined in s. 288.0656, the requirement for local match may be waived pursuant to the process in s. 288.06561. In evaluating applications under this paragraph, the department shall consider the extent to which the application seeks to minimize administrative and consultant expenses.

(3) The department, in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, as appropriate, shall review and certify applications pursuant to s. 288.061. The review shall include an evaluation of the economic benefit of the projects and their long-term viability. The department shall have final approval for any grant under this section.

Section 7. Section 288.066, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

288.066 Rural opportunity tax refund program.-

(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

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(a) "Account" means the Economic Development Incentives

Account within the Economic Development Trust Fund established under s. 288.095.

- (b) "Authorized local economic development agency" means a public or private entity, including an entity defined in s.

 288.075, authorized by a county or municipality to promote the general business or industrial interests of that county or municipality.
- (c) "Average private sector wage in the area" means the statewide private sector average wage or the average of all private sector wages and salaries in the county or in the standard metropolitan area in which the business is located.
- (d) "Business" means an employing unit, as defined in s. 443.036, registered for reemployment assistance purposes with the state agency providing reemployment assistance tax collection services under an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316, or a subcategory or division of an employing unit accepted by the state agency providing reemployment assistance tax collection services as a reporting unit.
- (e) "Corporate headquarters business" means an international, national, or regional headquarters office of a multinational or multistate business enterprise or national trade association, whether separate from or connected with other facilities used by such business.
- (f) "Expansion of an existing business" means the expansion of an existing Florida business by or through additions to real and personal property, resulting in a net increase in employment.
 - (g) "Fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the state.

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(h) "Jobs" means full-time equivalent positions, including, but not limited to, positions obtained from a temporary employment agency or employee leasing company or through a union agreement or coemployment under a professional employer organization agreement, that result directly from a project in this state. The term does not include temporary construction jobs involved with the construction of facilities for the project or any jobs previously included in any application for tax refunds under s. 288.1045 or this section.

- (i) "Local financial support" means funding from local sources, public or private, which is paid to the Economic Development Trust Fund and which is equal to 20 percent of the annual tax refund for a qualified target industry business. A qualified target industry business may not provide, directly or indirectly, more than 5 percent of such funding in any fiscal year. The sources of such funding may not include, directly or indirectly, state funds appropriated from the General Revenue Fund or any state trust fund, excluding tax revenues shared with local governments pursuant to law.
- (j) "Local financial support exemption option" means the option to exercise an exemption from the local financial support requirement available to any applicant whose project is located in a brownfield area, a rural city, or a rural community. Any applicant that exercises this option is not eligible for more than 80 percent of the total tax refunds allowed such applicant under this section.
- (k) "New business" means a business that applies for a tax refund under this section before beginning operations in this state and that is a legal entity separate from any other

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commercial or industrial operations owned by the same business.

(1) "Project" means the creation of a new business or expansion of an existing business.

- (m) "Qualified target industry business" means a target industry business approved by the department to be eligible for tax refunds under this section.
- (n) "Rural city" means a city having a population of 10,000 or less, or a city having a population of greater than 10,000 but less than 20,000, which has been determined by the department to have such economic characteristics as, but not limited to, a significant percentage of residents on public assistance, a significant percentage of residents with incomes below the poverty level, or a significant percentage of the city's employment base in agriculture-related jobs.
 - (o) "Rural community" means:
 - 1. A county having a population of 75,000 or less.
- 2. A county having a population of 125,000 or less which is contiguous to a county having a population of 75,000 or less.
- 3. A municipality within a county described in subparagraph

 1. or subparagraph 2.
- For purposes of this paragraph, population shall be determined in accordance with the most recent official estimate pursuant to s. 186.901.
- (p) "Target industry business" means a corporate
 headquarters business or any business engaged in one of the
 target industries identified pursuant to subsection (2). The
 term does not include any business engaged in retail industry
 activities; any electric utility company as defined in s.

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465 366.02(2); any phosphate or other solid minerals severance, 466 mining, or processing operation; any oil or gas exploration or 467 production operation; or any business subject to regulation by 468 the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of 469 Business and Professional Regulation. Any business in NAICS code 470 5611 or 5614, office administrative services and business 471 support services, respectively, may be considered a target industry business only after the local governing body and 472 Enterprise Florida, Inc., determine that the community where the 473 474 business may locate has conditions affecting the fiscal and 475 economic viability of the local community or area, including, 476 but not limited to, such factors as low per capita income, high 477 unemployment, high underemployment, and a lack of year-round 478 stable employment opportunities, and such conditions may be 479 improved by the location of such a business to the community. By 480 January 1 of every 3rd year, beginning January 1, 2023, the 481 department, in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., 482 economic development organizations, the State University System, 483 local governments, employee and employer organizations, market 484 analysts, and economists, shall review and, as appropriate, 485 revise the list of such target industries and submit the list to 486 the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of 487 the House of Representatives. 488 (q) "Taxable year" has the same meaning as provided in s. 220.03(1)(y). 489

(a) Future growth.—Whether industry forecasts indicate

industries, the department, in consultation with Enterprise

Florida, Inc., shall consider the following criteria:

(2) DESIGNATION OF TARGET INDUSTRIES.—In identifying target

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strong expectation for future growth in both employment and output, according to the most recent available data. Special consideration must be given to businesses that export goods to, or provide services in, international markets and to businesses that replace international imports of goods or services.

- (b) Stability.—Special consideration must be given to an industry not subject to periodic layoffs, whether due to seasonality or sensitivity to volatile economic variables, such as weather. The industry must also be relatively resistant to recession, so that the demand for products of this industry is not typically subject to decline during an economic downturn.
- (c) High wage.—Whether the industry pays relatively high wages compared to statewide or area averages.
- (d) Market and resource independent.—Whether industry business locations are not dependent upon Florida markets or resources, as indicated by industry analysis, except for businesses in the renewable energy industry.
- (e) Industrial base diversification and strengthening.—
 Whether the industry is contributing toward expanding or
 diversifying the state's or area's economic base, as indicated
 by analysis of the industry's share of employment and output,
 compared to national and regional trends. Special consideration
 must be given to industries that strengthen regional economies
 by adding value to basic products or building regional
 industrial clusters, as indicated by industry analysis. Special
 consideration must also be given to the development of strong
 industrial clusters that include defense and homeland security
 businesses.
 - (f) Positive economic impact.—Whether the industry is

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expected to have strong positive economic impacts on or benefits to the state or regional economies. Special consideration must be given to industries that facilitate the development of this state as a hub for domestic and global trade and logistics.

- (3) TAX REFUND; ELIGIBLE AMOUNTS.-
- (a) A qualified target industry business may be allowed a refund from the account for the amount of eligible taxes the business paid which is certified by the department. The total amount of refunds for all fiscal years for each qualified target industry business must be determined pursuant to subsection (4). The annual amount of a refund to a qualified target industry business must be determined pursuant to subsection (5).
- (b) Upon approval by the department, a qualified target industry business located in a rural community is allowed tax refund payments equal to \$6,000 multiplied by the number of jobs the business creates.
 - (c) A qualified target industry business may:
- 1. Receive refunds from the account for the following taxes due and paid by that business beginning with the first taxable year of the business which begins after the business has been certified as a qualified target industry business:
 - a. Corporate income taxes under chapter 220.
 - b. Insurance premium tax under s. 624.509.
- 2. Receive refunds from the account for the following taxes due and paid by that business after being certified as a qualified target industry business:
- <u>a. Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions under</u> chapter 212.
 - b. Intangible personal property taxes under chapter 199.

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c. Excise taxes on documents under chapter 201.

- d. Ad valorem taxes paid, as defined in s. 220.03(1).
- e. State communications services taxes administered under chapter 202. This provision does not apply to the gross receipts tax imposed under chapter 203 and administered under chapter 202 or the local communications services tax authorized under s. 202.19.
- (d) A qualified target industry business may not receive a refund under this section for any amount of credit, refund, or exemption previously granted to that business for any of the taxes listed in paragraph (c). If the department provides a refund for such taxes and the taxes are subsequently adjusted by the application of any credit, refund, or exemption granted to the qualified target industry business other than as provided in this section, the business must reimburse the account for the amount of that credit, refund, or exemption. A qualified target industry business shall notify and tender payment to the department within 20 days after receiving any credit, refund, or exemption other than one provided under this section.
- (e) Refunds made available under this section may not be expended in connection with the relocation of a business from one community to another community in this state unless the department determines that, without such relocation, the business will move outside this state, or it determines that the business has a compelling economic rationale for relocation and that the relocation will create additional jobs.
- (f) A qualified target industry business that fraudulently claims a refund under this section:
 - 1. Is liable for repayment of the amount of the refund to

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the account, plus a mandatory penalty in the amount of 200 percent of the tax refund. The repayment shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

- 2. Commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - (4) APPLICATION AND APPROVAL PROCESS.-
- (a) To apply for certification as a qualified target industry business under this section, the business must file an application with the department before the business decides to locate in this state or before the business decides to expand its existing operations in this state. The application must include, but need not be limited to, the following information:
- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number and, if applicable, state sales tax registration number.
- 2. The proposed permanent location of the applicant's facility in this state where the project is to be located.
- 3. A description of the type of business activity or product covered by the project, including a minimum of a fivedigit NAICS code for all activities included in the project. As used in this paragraph, the term "NAICS" means those classifications contained in the North American Industry Classification System, as published in 2007 by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President, and updated periodically.
- 4. The proposed number of net new full-time equivalent
 Florida jobs at the qualified target industry business as of
 December 31 of each year included in the project and the average
 wage of those jobs. If more than one type of business activity
 or product is included in the project, the number of jobs and

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average wage for those jobs must be separately stated for each type of business activity or product.

- 5. The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the applicant in this state, if applicable.
 - 6. The anticipated commencement date of the project.
- 7. A brief statement explaining the role that the estimated tax refunds to be requested will play in the decision of the applicant to locate or expand in this state.
- 8. An estimate of the proportion of the sales resulting from the project which will be made outside this state.
- 9. An estimate of the proportion of the cost of the machinery and equipment, and any other resources necessary in the development of its product or service, to be used by the business in its Florida operations which will be purchased outside this state.
- 10. A resolution adopted by the governing board of the county or municipality in which the project will be located, which resolution recommends that the applicant be approved as a qualified target industry business and specifies that the commitments of local financial support necessary for the target industry business exist. Before the passage of such resolution, the department may also accept an official letter from an authorized local economic development agency which endorses the proposed target industry project and pledges that sources of local financial support for such project exist. For the purposes of making pledges of local financial support under this subparagraph, the local governing board shall pass a one-time resolution officially designating the authorized local economic development agency.

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11. Any additional information requested by the department.

- (b) Each application must be submitted to the department for determination of eligibility. The department shall review and evaluate each application based on, but not limited to, the following criteria:
- 1. Expected contributions to the state's economy, consistent with the state strategic economic development plan prepared by the department.
- $\underline{\text{2. The economic benefits of the proposed award of tax}}$ refunds under this section.
- $\underline{\mbox{3. The amount of capital investment to be made by the}}$ applicant in this state.
- $\underline{\text{4. The local financial commitment and support for the}}$ project.
- 5. The expected effect of the project on the unemployed and underemployed in the county where the project will be located.
- 6. The expected effect of the award on the viability of the project and the probability that the project would be undertaken in this state if such tax refunds are granted to the applicant.
- 7. Whether the business activity or project is in an industry identified by the department as a target industry business that contributes to the economic growth of this state and the area in which the business is located, produces a higher standard of living for residents of this state in the new global economy, or can be shown to make an equivalent contribution to the area's and this state's economic progress.
- 8. A review of the business' past activities in this state or other states, including whether the business has been subjected to criminal or civil fines and penalties. This

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subparagraph does not require the disclosure of confidential
information.

- (c) Applications shall be reviewed and certified pursuant to s. 288.061. The department shall include in its review projections of the tax refunds the business would be eligible to receive in each fiscal year based on the creation and maintenance of the net new Florida jobs specified in subparagraph (a) 4. as of December 31 of the preceding state fiscal year.
- (d) The department may not certify any target industry business as a qualified target industry business if the value of tax refunds to be included in that letter of certification exceeds the available amount of authority to certify new businesses as determined in s. 288.095(3). However, if the commitments of local financial support represent less than 20 percent of the eligible tax refund payments, or to otherwise preserve the viability and fiscal integrity of the program, the department may certify a qualified target industry business to receive tax refund payments of less than the allowable amount specified in paragraph (3)(b). A letter of certification that approves an application must specify the maximum amount of tax refund that will be available to the qualified target industry business in each fiscal year and the total amount of tax refunds that will be available to the business for all fiscal years.
- (e) This section does not create a presumption that an applicant will receive any tax refunds under this section.

 However, the department may issue nonbinding opinion letters, upon the request of prospective applicants, as to the applicants' eligibility and the potential amount of refunds.

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(5) ANNUAL CLAIM FOR REFUND. -

- (a) To be eligible to claim any scheduled tax refund, a qualified target industry business must apply by January 31 of each fiscal year to the department for the tax refund scheduled to be paid from the appropriation for the fiscal year that begins on July 1 following the January 31 claims-submission date. The department may, upon written request, grant a 30-day extension of the filing date.
- (b) The claim for refund by the qualified target industry business must include a copy of all receipts pertaining to the payment of taxes for which the refund is sought.
- (c) The department may waive the requirement for proof of taxes paid in future years for a qualified target industry business that provides the department with proof that, in a single year, the business has paid an amount of state taxes from the categories in paragraph (3)(c) which is at least equal to the total amount of tax refunds that the business may receive through successful completion of its project.
- (d) A tax refund may not be approved for a qualified target industry business unless the required local financial support has been paid into the account for that refund. If the local financial support provided is less than 20 percent of the approved tax refund, the tax refund must be reduced. The tax refund may not exceed an amount equal to 5 times the amount of the local financial support received. The qualified target industry business must provide a report listing all sources of the local financial support to the department when such support is paid to the account.
 - (e) The department, with such assistance as may be required

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from the Department of Revenue, shall, by June 30 following the scheduled date for submission of the tax refund claim, specify by written order the approval or disapproval of the tax refund claim and, if approved, the amount of the tax refund authorized to be paid to the qualified target industry business. The department may grant an extension of this date upon the request of the qualified target industry business for the purpose of filing additional information in support of the claim.

- (f) The total amount of tax refund claims approved by the department under this section in any fiscal year must not exceed the amount authorized under s. 288.095(3).
- (g) This section does not create a presumption that a tax refund claim will be approved and paid.
- (h) Upon approval of the tax refund under paragraphs (d) and (e), the Chief Financial Officer shall issue a warrant for the amount specified in the written order. If the written order is appealed, the Chief Financial Officer may not issue a warrant for a refund to the qualified target industry business until the conclusion of all appeals of that order.
 - (6) ADMINISTRATION.—
- (a) The department may verify information provided in any claim submitted for tax credits under this section with regard to employment and wage levels or the payment of the taxes to the appropriate agency or authority, including the Department of Revenue or any local government or authority.
- (b) To facilitate the process of monitoring and auditing applications made under this section, the department may provide a list of qualified target industry businesses to the Department of Revenue or to any local government or authority. The

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department may request the assistance of those entities with respect to monitoring jobs, wages, and the payment of the taxes listed in subsection (3).

(c) Funds specifically appropriated for tax refunds for qualified target industry businesses under this section may not be used by the department for any purpose other than the payment of tax refunds authorized by this section.

Section 8. Section 288.095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.095 Economic Development Trust Fund.-

- (1) The Economic Development Trust Fund is created within the Department of Economic Opportunity. Moneys deposited into the fund must be used only to support the authorized activities and operations of the department.
- (2) There is created, within the Economic Development Trust Fund, the Economic Development Incentives Account. The Economic Development Incentives Account consists of moneys appropriated to the account for purposes of the tax incentives programs authorized under ss.288.066, 288.1045, and 288.1045, and local financial support provided under ss. 288.1045, and 288.1045, and 288.1045, and 288.106. Moneys in the Economic Development Incentives Account shall be subject to the provisions of s. 216.301(1) (a).
- (3) (a) The department may approve applications for certification pursuant to ss. <u>288.066</u>, 288.1045(3), and 288.106. However, the total state share of tax refund payments may not exceed \$35 million.
- (b) The total amount of tax refund claims approved for payment by the department based on actual project performance

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may not exceed the amount appropriated to the Economic Development Incentives Account for such purposes for the fiscal year. Claims for tax refunds under ss. 288.066, 288.1045, and 288.106 shall be paid in the order the claims are approved by the department. In the event the Legislature does not appropriate an amount sufficient to satisfy the tax refunds under ss. 288.066, 288.1045, and 288.106 in a fiscal year, the department shall pay the tax refunds from the appropriation for the following fiscal year. By March 1 of each year, the department shall notify the legislative appropriations committees of the Senate and House of Representatives of any anticipated shortfall in the amount of funds needed to satisfy claims for tax refunds from the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

- (c) Moneys in the Economic Development Incentives Account may be used only to pay tax refunds and make other payments authorized under $\underline{s.\ 288.066}$, $\underline{s.\ 288.1045}$, $\underline{s.\ 288.106}$, or $\underline{s.\ 288.107}$.
- (d) The department may adopt rules necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection, including rules providing for the use of moneys in the Economic Development Incentives Account and for the administration of the Economic Development Incentives Account.
 - Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.