By Senator Passidomo

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28-01067-22 2022854___ A reviser's bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Florida Statutes; amending ss. 16.71, 16.712, 16.713, 16.715, 20.165, 550.002, 550.0115, 550.01215, 550.0235, 550.0251, 550.0351, 550.054, 550.0555, 550.0651, 550.0951, 550.09511, 550.09512, 550.09514, 550.09515, 550.105, 550.1155, 550.125, 550.155, 550.175, 550.1815, 550.24055, 550.2415, 550.2614, 550.26165, 550.2625, 550.26352, 550.2704, 550.334, 550.3345, 550.3355, 550.3551, 550.3615, 550.375, 550.495, 550.505, 550.5251, 550.625, 550.6305, 550.6308, 550.70, 550.902, 551.102, 551.103, 551.104, 551.1045, 551.105, 551.106, 551.107, 551.108, 551.109, 551.112, 551.114, 551.117, 551.118, 551.121, 551.122, 551.123, 565.02, 817.37, and 849.086, F.S., to conform to the directive of the Legislature to the Division of Law Revision in s. 13, ch. 2021-269, Laws of Florida, to replace references to the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering and references to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation relating to gaming with references to the Florida Gaming Control Commission to conform the Florida Statutes to the transfer of duties in s. 11, ch. 2021-269; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section

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16.71 Florida Gaming Control Commission; creation;

16.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

meetings; membership.-

- (3) REQUIREMENTS FOR APPOINTMENT; PROHIBITIONS.-
- (b) The Governor may not solicit or request any nominations, recommendations, or communications about potential candidates for appointment to the commission from:
- 1. Any person that holds a permit or license issued under chapter 550, or a license issued under chapter 551 or chapter 849; an officer, official, or employee of such permitholder or licensee; or an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(36) 550.002(37), of such permitholder or licensee;
- 2. Any officer, official, employee, or other person with duties or responsibilities relating to a gaming operation owned by an Indian tribe that has a valid and active compact with the state; a contractor or subcontractor of such tribe or an entity employed, licensed, or contracted by such tribe; or an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(36) 550.002(37), of such entity; or
- 3. Any registered lobbyist for the executive or legislative branch who represents any person or entity identified in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2.
- Section 2. Paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) of subsection (1) of section 16.712, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 16.712 Florida Gaming Control Commission authorizations, duties, and responsibilities.—
 - (1) The commission shall do all of the following:
- (f) Review any matter within the scope of the jurisdiction of the commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering.
- (g) Review the regulation of licensees, permitholders, or persons regulated by the commission Division of Pari-mutuel

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Wagering and the procedures used by the <u>commission</u> division to implement and enforce the law.

(h) Review the procedures of the <u>commission</u> Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering which are used to qualify applicants applying for a license, permit, or registration.

Section 3. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 16.713, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 16.713 Florida Gaming Control Commission; appointment and employment restrictions.—
- (2) PROHIBITIONS FOR EMPLOYEES AND COMMISSIONERS; PERSONS INELIGIBLE FOR APPOINTMENT TO AND EMPLOYMENT WITH THE COMMISSION.—
- (a) A person may not, for the 2 years immediately preceding the date of appointment to or employment with the commission and while appointed to or employed with the commission:
- 1. Hold a permit or license issued under chapter 550 or a license issued under chapter 551 or chapter 849; be an officer, official, or employee of such permitholder or licensee; or be an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(36) 550.002(37), of such permitholder or licensee;
- 2. Be an officer, official, employee, or other person with duties or responsibilities relating to a gaming operation owned by an Indian tribe that has a valid and active compact with the state; be a contractor or subcontractor of such tribe or an entity employed, licensed, or contracted by such tribe; or be an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(36) 550.002(37), of such entity;
- 3. Be a registered lobbyist for the executive or legislative branch, except while a commissioner or employee of

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the commission when officially representing the commission; or

- 4. Be a bingo game operator or an employee of a bingo game operator.
- (b) A person is ineligible for appointment to or employment with the commission if, within the 2 years immediately preceding such appointment or employment, he or she violated paragraph (a) or solicited or accepted employment with, acquired any direct or indirect interest in, or had any direct or indirect business association, partnership, or financial relationship with, or is a relative of:
- 1. Any person or entity who is an applicant, licensee, or registrant with the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering or the commission; or
- 2. Any officer, official, employee, or other person with duties or responsibilities relating to a gaming operation owned by an Indian tribe that has a valid and active compact with the state; any contractor or subcontractor of such tribe or an entity employed, licensed, or contracted by such tribe; or any ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(36) 550.002(37), of such entity.

For the purposes of this subsection, the term "relative" means a spouse, father, mother, son, daughter, grandfather, grandmother, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, cousin, nephew, niece, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law,

sister-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half-brother, or half-sister.

Section 4. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of

section 4. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 16.715, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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117 16.715 Florida Gaming Control Commission standards of conduct; ex parte communications.—

- (2) FORMER COMMISSIONERS AND EMPLOYEES.—
- (b) A commissioner may not, for the 2 years immediately following the date of resignation or termination from the commission:
- 1. Hold a permit or license issued under chapter 550, or a license issued under chapter 551 or chapter 849; be an officer, official, or employee of such permitholder or licensee; or be an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(36) 550.002(37), of such permitholder or licensee;
- 2. Accept employment by or compensation from a business entity that, directly or indirectly, owns or controls a person regulated by the commission; from a person regulated by the commission; from a business entity which, directly or indirectly, is an affiliate or subsidiary of a person regulated by the commission; or from a business entity or trade association that has been a party to a commission proceeding within the 2 years preceding the member's resignation or termination of service on the commission; or
- 3. Be a bingo game operator or an employee of a bingo game operator.
- (c) A person employed by the commission may not, for the 2 years immediately following the date of termination or resignation from employment with the commission:
- 1. Hold a permit or license issued under chapter 550, or a license issued under chapter 551 or chapter 849; be an officer, official, or employee of such permitholder or licensee; or be an ultimate equitable owner, as defined in s. 550.002(36)

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2022854 28-01067-22 550.002(37), of such permitholder or licensee; or 2. Be a bingo game operator or an employee of a bingo game operator. Section 5. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 20.165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20.165 Department of Business and Professional Regulation. -There is created a Department of Business and Professional Regulation. (2) The following divisions of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation are established: (g) Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering. Section 6. Subsections (8) through (10) and (12) through (39) of section 550.002, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) through (9) and subsections (11) through (38), respectively, present subsections (4), (5), (6), (7), and (11)of that section are amended, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read: 550.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term: (4) "Commission" means the Florida Gaming Control Commission. (5) (4) "Contributor" means a person who contributes to a pari-mutuel pool by engaging in any pari-mutuel wager pursuant to this chapter. (6) (5) "Current meet" or "current race meet" means the conduct of racing or games pursuant to a current year's

(7) "Division" means the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering

(6) "Department" means the Department of Business and

operating license issued by the commission division.

Professional Regulation.

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within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.

(10) (11) "Full schedule of live racing or games" means, for a jai alai permitholder, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year; for a permitholder who has a converted permit or filed an application on or before June 1, 1990, for a converted permit, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live evening and matinee wagering performances during either of the 2 preceding years; for a jai alai permitholder who does not operate slot machines in its pari-mutuel facility, who has conducted at least 100 live performances per year for at least 10 years after December 31, 1992, and whose handle on live jai alai games conducted at its pari-mutuel facility has been less than \$4 million per state fiscal year for at least 2 consecutive years after June 30, 1992, the conduct of a combination of at least 40 live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year; for a jai alai permitholder who operates slot machines in its pari-mutuel facility, the conduct of a combination of at least 150 performances during the preceding year; for a harness permitholder, the conduct of at least 100 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year; for a quarter horse permitholder at its facility unless an alternative schedule of at least 20 live regular wagering performances is agreed upon by the permitholder and either the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the horsemen's association representing the majority of the quarter horse owners and trainers at the facility and filed with the commission division along with its annual date application, in the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 20 regular

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wagering performances, in the 2011-2012 and 2012-2013 fiscal years, the conduct of at least 30 live regular wagering performances, and for every fiscal year after the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances; for a quarter horse permitholder leasing another licensed racetrack, the conduct of 160 events at the leased facility; and for a thoroughbred permitholder, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year. For a permitholder which is restricted by statute to certain operating periods within the year when other members of its same class of permit are authorized to operate throughout the year, the specified number of live performances which constitute a full schedule of live racing or games shall be adjusted pro rata in accordance with the relationship between its authorized operating period and the full calendar year and the resulting specified number of live performances shall constitute the full schedule of live games for such permitholder and all other permitholders of the same class within 100 air miles of such permitholder. A live performance must consist of no fewer than eight races or games conducted live for each of a minimum of three performances each week at the permitholder's licensed facility under a single admission charge.

Section 7. Section 550.0115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.0115 Permitholder operating license.—After a permit has been issued by the <u>commission</u> division, and after the permit has been approved by election, the <u>commission</u> division shall issue to the permitholder an annual operating license to conduct parimutuel wagering at the location specified in the permit pursuant

233 to the provisions of this chapter.

Section 8. Section 550.01215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.01215 License application; periods of operation; license fees; bond.—

- (1) Each permitholder shall annually, during the period between December 15 and January 4, file in writing with the commission division its application for an operating license for a pari-mutuel facility for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering during the next state fiscal year, including intertrack and simulcast race wagering. Each application for live performances must specify the number, dates, and starting times of all live performances that the permitholder intends to conduct. It must also specify which performances will be conducted as charity or scholarship performances.
- (a) Each application for an operating license also must include:
- 1. For each permitholder, whether the permitholder intends to accept wagers on intertrack or simulcast events.
- 2. For each permitholder that elects to operate a cardroom, the dates and periods of operation the permitholder intends to operate the cardroom.
- 3. For each thoroughbred racing permitholder that elects to receive or rebroadcast out-of-state races, the dates for all performances that the permitholder intends to conduct.
- (b) 1. A greyhound permitholder may not conduct live racing. A jai alai permitholder, harness horse racing permitholder, or quarter horse racing permitholder may elect not to conduct live racing or games. A thoroughbred permitholder must conduct live

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racing. A greyhound permitholder, jai alai permitholder, harness horse racing permitholder, or quarter horse racing permitholder that does not conduct live racing or games retains its permit; is a pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002(22)

550.002(23); if such permitholder has been issued a slot machine license, the facility where such permit is located remains an eligible facility as defined in s. 551.102(4), continues to be eligible for a slot machine license pursuant to s. 551.104(3), and is exempt from ss. 551.104(4)(c) and (10) and 551.114(2); is eligible, but not required, to be a guest track and, if the permitholder is a harness horse racing permitholder, to be a host track for purposes of intertrack wagering and simulcasting pursuant to ss. 550.3551, 550.615, 550.625, and 550.6305; and remains eligible for a cardroom license.

- 2. A permitholder or licensee may not conduct live greyhound racing or dogracing in connection with any wager for money or any other thing of value in the state. The commission division may deny, suspend, or revoke any permit or license under this chapter if a permitholder or licensee conducts live greyhound racing or dogracing in violation of this subparagraph. In addition to, or in lieu of, denial, suspension, or revocation of such permit or license, the commission division may impose a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 against the permitholder or licensee for a violation of this subparagraph. All penalties imposed and collected must be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.
- (c) Permitholders may amend their applications through February 28.
 - (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, other than

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a permitholder issued a permit pursuant to s. 550.3345, a parimutuel permitholder may not be issued an operating license for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering, slot machine gaming, or the operation of a cardroom if the permitholder did not hold an operating license for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering for fiscal year 2020-2021.

- (2) After the first license has been issued to a permitholder, all subsequent annual applications for a license shall be accompanied by proof, in such form as the <u>commission</u> division may by rule require, that the permitholder continues to possess the qualifications prescribed by this chapter, and that the permit has not been disapproved at a later election.
- (3) The commission division shall issue each license no later than March 15. Each permitholder shall operate all performances at the date and time specified on its license. The commission division shall have the authority to approve minor changes in racing dates after a license has been issued. The commission division may approve changes in racing dates after a license has been issued when there is no objection from any operating permitholder that is conducting live racing or games and that is located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the changes in operating dates. In the event of an objection, the commission division shall approve or disapprove the change in operating dates based upon the impact on operating permitholders located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the change in operating dates. In making the determination to change racing dates, the commission division shall take into consideration the impact of such changes on state revenues. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and

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for the 2021-2022 state fiscal year only, the division may
approve changes in operating dates for a jai alai permitholder,
harness horse racing permitholder, or quarter horse racing
permitholder if the request for such changes is received before
October 1, 2021.

- (4) In the event that a permitholder fails to operate all performances specified on its license at the date and time specified, the commission division shall hold a hearing to determine whether to fine or suspend the permitholder's license, unless such failure was the direct result of fire, strike, war, hurricane, pandemic, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder shall not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate all performances on the dates and at the times specified.
- (5) In the event that performances licensed to be operated by a permitholder are vacated, abandoned, or will not be used for any reason, any permitholder shall be entitled, pursuant to rules adopted by the <u>commission division</u>, to apply to conduct performances on the dates for which the performances have been abandoned. The <u>commission division</u> shall issue an amended license for all such replacement performances which have been requested in compliance with this chapter and <u>commission</u> division rules.

Section 9. Section 550.0235, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.0235 Limitation of civil liability.—No permitholder licensed to conduct pari-mutuel wagering pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; no commissioner division director or

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employee of the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u>; and no steward, judge, or other person appointed to act pursuant to this chapter shall be held liable to any person, partnership, association, corporation, or other business entity for any cause whatsoever arising out of, or from, the performance by such permittee, director, employee, steward, judge, or other person of her or his duties and the exercise of her or his discretion with respect to the implementation and enforcement of the statutes and rules governing the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering, so long as she or he acted in good faith. This section shall not limit liability in any situation in which the negligent maintenance of the premises or the negligent conduct of a race contributed to an accident; nor shall it limit any contractual liability.

Section 10. Section 550.0251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.0251 The powers and duties of the Florida Gaming
Control Commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the
Department of Business and Professional Regulation.—The
commission division shall administer this chapter and regulate
the pari-mutuel industry under this chapter and the rules
adopted pursuant thereto, and:

- (1) The <u>commission</u> division shall make an annual report to the Governor showing its own actions, receipts derived under the provisions of this chapter, the practical effects of the application of this chapter, and any suggestions it may approve for the more effectual accomplishments of the purposes of this chapter.
- (2) The <u>commission</u> division shall require an oath on application documents as required by rule, which oath must state

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that the information contained in the document is true and complete.

- (3) The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt reasonable rules for the control, supervision, and direction of all applicants, permittees, and licensees and for the holding, conducting, and operating of all racetracks, race meets, and races held in this state. Such rules must be uniform in their application and effect, and the duty of exercising this control and power is made mandatory upon the commission division.
- (4) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may take testimony concerning any matter within its jurisdiction and issue summons and subpoenas for any witness and subpoenas duces tecum in connection with any matter within the jurisdiction of the commission <u>division</u> under its seal and signed by the director.
- (5) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may adopt rules establishing procedures for testing occupational licenseholders officiating at or participating in any race or game at any pari-mutuel facility under the jurisdiction of the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> for a controlled substance or alcohol and may prescribe procedural matters not in conflict with s. 120.80(4)(a).
- (6) In addition to the power to exclude certain persons from any pari-mutuel facility in this state, the <u>commission</u> division may exclude any person from any and all pari-mutuel facilities in this state for conduct that would constitute, if the person were a licensee, a violation of this chapter or the rules of the <u>commission</u> division. The <u>commission</u> division may exclude from any pari-mutuel facility within this state any person who has been ejected from a pari-mutuel facility in this state or who has been excluded from any pari-mutuel facility in

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another state by the governmental department, agency, commission, or authority exercising regulatory jurisdiction over pari-mutuel facilities in such other state. The commission division may authorize any person who has been ejected or excluded from pari-mutuel facilities in this state or another state to attend the pari-mutuel facilities in this state upon a finding that the attendance of such person at pari-mutuel facilities would not be adverse to the public interest or to the integrity of the sport or industry; however, this subsection shall not be construed to abrogate the common-law right of a pari-mutuel permitholder to exclude absolutely a patron in this state.

- (7) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may oversee the making of, and distribution from, all pari-mutuel pools.
- (8) The <u>commission</u> <u>department</u> may collect taxes and require compliance with reporting requirements for financial information as authorized by this chapter. In addition, the <u>commission</u> <u>secretary of the department</u> may require permitholders conducting pari-mutuel operations within the state to remit taxes, including fees, by electronic funds transfer if the taxes and fees amounted to \$50,000 or more in the prior reporting year.
- (9) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may conduct investigations in enforcing this chapter, except that all information obtained pursuant to an investigation by the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> for an alleged violation of this chapter or rules of the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and from s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until an administrative complaint is issued or the investigation is closed or ceases to be active. This subsection does not prohibit the commission <u>division</u> from

ceases to be active.

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436 providing such information to any law enforcement agency or to 437 any other regulatory agency. For the purposes of this 438 subsection, an investigation is considered to be active while it 439 is being conducted with reasonable dispatch and with a 440 reasonable, good faith belief that it could lead to an 441 administrative, civil, or criminal action by the commission 442 division or another administrative or law enforcement agency. Except for active criminal intelligence or criminal 443 444 investigative information, as defined in s. 119.011, and any 445 other information that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the safety of an individual, all information, records, and 446 447 transcriptions become public when the investigation is closed or

- (10) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may impose an administrative fine for a violation under this chapter of not more than \$1,000 for each count or separate offense, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, and may suspend or revoke a permit, a parimutuel license, or an occupational license for a violation under this chapter. All fines imposed and collected under this subsection must be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.
- (11) The <u>commission</u> division shall supervise and regulate the welfare of racing animals at pari-mutuel facilities.
- (12) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall have full authority and power to make, adopt, amend, or repeal rules relating to cardroom operations, to enforce and to carry out the provisions of s. 849.086, and to regulate the authorized cardroom activities in the state.
 - (13) The commission division shall have the authority to

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suspend a permitholder's permit or license, if such permitholder is operating a cardroom facility and such permitholder's cardroom license has been suspended or revoked pursuant to s.

849.086.

Section 11. Subsections (1), (2), and (4), paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 550.0351, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.0351 Charity racing days.-

- (1) The <u>commission</u> division shall, upon the request of a permitholder, authorize each horseracing permitholder and jai alai permitholder up to five charity or scholarship days in addition to the regular racing days authorized by law.
- (2) The proceeds of charity performances shall be paid to qualified beneficiaries selected by the permitholders from an authorized list of charities on file with the <u>commission</u> division. Eligible charities include any charity that provides evidence of compliance with the provisions of chapter 496 and evidence of possession of a valid exemption from federal taxation issued by the Internal Revenue Service. In addition, the authorized list must include the Racing Scholarship Trust Fund, the Historical Resources Operating Trust Fund, major state and private institutions of higher learning, and Florida community colleges.
- (4) The total of all profits derived from the conduct of a charity day performance must include all revenues derived from the conduct of that racing performance, including all state taxes that would otherwise be due to the state, except that the daily license fee as provided in s. 550.0951(1) and the breaks for the promotional trust funds as provided in s. 550.2625(3),

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(4), (5), (7), and (8) shall be paid to the <u>commission</u> division.

All other revenues from the charity racing performance,

including the commissions, breaks, and admissions and the

revenues from parking, programs, and concessions, shall be

included in the total of all profits.

- (6) (a) The <u>commission</u> division shall authorize one additional scholarship day for horseracing in addition to the regular racing days authorized by law and any additional days authorized by this section, to be conducted at all horse racetracks located in Hillsborough County. The permitholder shall conduct a full schedule of racing on the scholarship day.
- (c) When a charity or scholarship performance is conducted as a matinee performance, the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may authorize the permitholder to conduct the evening performances of that operation day as a regular performance in addition to the regular operating days authorized by law.
- (7) In addition to the eligible charities that meet the criteria set forth in this section, a jai alai permitholder is authorized to conduct two additional charity performances each fiscal year for a fund to benefit retired jai alai players. This performance shall be known as the "Retired Jai Alai Players Charity Day." The administration of this fund shall be determined by rule by the commission division.
- Section 12. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7), paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (e) of subsection (8), subsections (9), (10), (11), and (12), paragraph (a) of subsection (13), subsection (14), and paragraph (c) of subsection (15) of section 550.054, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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550.054 Application for permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering.—

- (1) Any person who possesses the qualifications prescribed in this chapter may apply to the <u>commission</u> division for a permit to conduct pari-mutuel operations under this chapter. Applications for a pari-mutuel permit are exempt from the 90-day licensing requirement of s. 120.60. Within 120 days after receipt of a complete application, the <u>commission</u> division shall grant or deny the permit. A completed application that is not acted upon within 120 days after receipt is deemed approved, and the commission division shall grant the permit.
- (2) Upon each application filed and approved, a permit shall be issued to the applicant setting forth the name of the permitholder, the location of the pari-mutuel facility, the type of pari-mutuel activity desired to be conducted, and a statement showing qualifications of the applicant to conduct pari-mutuel performances under this chapter; however, a permit is ineffectual to authorize any pari-mutuel performances until approved by a majority of the electors participating in a ratification election in the county in which the applicant proposes to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities. In addition, an application may not be considered, nor may a permit be issued by the commission division or be voted upon in any county, to conduct horseraces, harness horse races, or parimutuel wagering at a location within 100 miles of an existing pari-mutuel facility, or for jai alai within 50 miles of an existing pari-mutuel facility; this distance shall be measured on a straight line from the nearest property line of one parimutuel facility to the nearest property line of the other

552 facility.

- (3) The <u>commission</u> division shall require that each applicant submit an application setting forth:
 - (a) The full name of the applicant.
- (b) If a corporation, the name of the state in which incorporated and the names and addresses of the officers, directors, and shareholders holding 5 percent or more equity or, if a business entity other than a corporation, the names and addresses of the principals, partners, or shareholders holding 5 percent or more equity.
- (c) The names and addresses of the ultimate equitable owners for a corporation or other business entity, if different from those provided under paragraph (b), unless the securities of the corporation or entity are registered pursuant to s. 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. ss. 78a-78kk; and if such corporation or entity files with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission the reports required by s. 13 of that act or if the securities of the corporation or entity are regularly traded on an established securities market in the United States.
- (d) The exact location where the applicant will conduct pari-mutuel performances.
- (e) Whether the pari-mutuel facility is owned or leased and, if leased, the name and residence of the fee owner or, if a corporation, the names and addresses of the directors and stockholders thereof. However, this chapter does not prevent a person from applying to the <u>commission</u> division for a permit to conduct pari-mutuel operations, regardless of whether the parimutuel facility has been constructed or not, and having an

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election held in any county at the same time that elections are held for the ratification of any permit in that county.

- (f) A statement of the assets and liabilities of the applicant.
- (g) The names and addresses of any mortgagee of any parimutuel facility and any financial agreement between the parties. The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may require the names and addresses of the officers and directors of the mortgagee, and of those stockholders who hold more than 10 percent of the stock of the mortgagee.
 - (h) A business plan for the first year of operation.
- (i) For each individual listed in the application as an owner, partner, officer, or director, a complete set of fingerprints that has been taken by an authorized law enforcement officer. These sets of fingerprints must be submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for processing. Applicants who are foreign nationals shall submit such documents as necessary to allow the commission division to conduct criminal history records checks in the applicant's home country. The applicant must pay the cost of processing. The commission division may charge a \$2 handling fee for each set of fingerprint records.
- (j) The type of pari-mutuel activity to be conducted and the desired period of operation.
 - (k) Other information the commission division requires.
- (4) The <u>commission</u> division shall require each applicant to deposit with the board of county commissioners of the county in which the election is to be held, a sufficient sum, in currency or by check certified by a bank licensed to do business in the

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state to pay the expenses of holding the election provided in s. 550.0651.

- (5) Upon receiving an application and any amendments properly made thereto, the <u>commission</u> division shall further investigate the matters contained in the application. If the applicant meets all requirements, conditions, and qualifications set forth in this chapter and the rules of the <u>commission</u> division, the commission division shall grant the permit.
- (6) After initial approval of the permit and the source of financing, the terms and parties of any subsequent refinancing must be disclosed by the applicant or the permitholder to the commission division.
- (7) If the <u>commission</u> division refuses to grant the permit, the money deposited with the board of county commissioners for holding the election must be refunded to the applicant. If the <u>commission</u> division grants the permit applied for, the board of county commissioners shall order an election in the county to decide whether the permit will be approved, as provided in s. 550.0651.
- (8) (a) The <u>commission</u> division may charge the applicant for reasonable, anticipated costs incurred by the <u>commission</u> division in determining the eligibility of any person or entity specified in s. 550.1815(1)(a) to hold any pari-mutuel permit, against such person or entity.
- (b) The <u>commission</u> division may, by rule, determine the manner of paying its anticipated costs associated with determination of eligibility and the procedure for filing applications for determination of eligibility.
 - (c) The commission division shall furnish to the applicant

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an itemized statement of actual costs incurred during the investigation to determine eligibility.

- (e) If the actual costs of investigation exceed anticipated costs, the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall assess the applicant the amount necessary to recover all actual costs.
- (9) (a) After a permit has been granted by the commission division and has been ratified and approved by the majority of the electors participating in the election in the county designated in the permit, the commission division shall grant to the lawful permitholder, subject to the conditions of this chapter, a license to conduct pari-mutuel operations under this chapter, and, except as provided in s. 550.5251, the commission division shall fix annually the time, place, and number of days during which pari-mutuel operations may be conducted by the permitholder at the location fixed in the permit and ratified in the election. After the first license has been issued to the holder of a ratified permit for racing in any county, all subsequent annual applications for a license by that permitholder must be accompanied by proof, in such form as the commission division requires, that the ratified permitholder still possesses all the qualifications prescribed by this chapter and that the permit has not been recalled at a later election held in the county.
- (b) The <u>commission</u> division may revoke or suspend any permit or license issued under this chapter upon the willful violation by the permitholder or licensee of any provision of this chapter or of any rule adopted under this chapter. In lieu of suspending or revoking a permit or license, the <u>commission</u> division may impose a civil penalty against the permitholder or

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licensee for a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the <u>commission</u> division. The penalty so imposed may not exceed \$1,000 for each count or separate offense. All penalties imposed and collected must be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

- (c) The <u>commission</u> division shall revoke the permit of any permitholder, other than a permitholder issued a permit pursuant to s. 550.3345, who did not hold an operating license for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering for fiscal year 2020-2021. A permit revoked under this paragraph is void and may not be reissued.
- (10) If a permitholder has failed to complete construction of at least 50 percent of the facilities necessary to conduct pari-mutuel operations within 12 months after approval by the voters of the permit, the <u>commission division</u> shall revoke the permit upon adequate notice to the permitholder. However, the <u>commission division</u>, upon good cause shown by the permitholder, may grant one extension of up to 12 months.
- (11) (a) A permit granted under this chapter may not be transferred or assigned except upon written approval by the <u>commission</u> division pursuant to s. 550.1815, except that the holder of any permit that has been converted to a jai alai permit may lease or build anywhere within the county in which its permit is located.
- (b) If a permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering is held by a corporation or business entity other than an individual, the transfer of 10 percent or more of the stock or other evidence of ownership or equity in the permitholder may not be made without the prior approval of the transferee by the commission division

697 pursuant to s. 550.1815.

- (12) Changes in ownership or interest of a pari-mutuel permit of 5 percent or more of the stock or other evidence of ownership or equity in the permitholder shall be approved by the commission division prior to such change, unless the owner is an existing owner of that permit who was previously approved by the commission division. Changes in ownership or interest of a parimutuel permit of less than 5 percent shall be reported to the commission division within 20 days of the change. The commission division may then conduct an investigation to ensure that the permit is properly updated to show the change in ownership or interest.
- (13) (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter, no thoroughbred horse racing permit or license issued under this chapter shall be transferred, or reissued when such reissuance is in the nature of a transfer so as to permit or authorize a licensee to change the location of a thoroughbred horse racetrack except upon proof in such form as the <u>commission</u> division may prescribe that a referendum election has been held:
- 1. If the proposed new location is within the same county as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensee desires to conduct the race meeting and that a majority of the electors voting on that question in such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license.
- 2. If the proposed new location is not within the same county as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensee desires to conduct the race meeting and in the county where the licensee is already licensed to conduct the race meeting and that a majority of the electors voting on that

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question in each such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license.

- (14)(a) Any holder of a permit to conduct jai alai may apply to the <u>commission</u> division to convert such permit to a permit to conduct greyhound racing in lieu of jai alai if:
- 1. Such permit is located in a county in which the commission division has issued only two pari-mutuel permits pursuant to this section;
- 2. Such permit was not previously converted from any other class of permit; and
- 3. The holder of the permit has not conducted jai alai games during a period of 10 years immediately preceding his or her application for conversion under this subsection.
- (b) The commission division, upon application from the holder of a jai alai permit meeting all conditions of this section, shall convert the permit and shall issue to the permitholder a permit to conduct greyhound racing. A permitholder of a permit converted under this section shall be required to apply for and conduct a full schedule of live racing each fiscal year to be eligible for any tax credit provided by this chapter. The holder of a permit converted pursuant to this subsection or any holder of a permit to conduct greyhound racing located in a county in which it is the only permit issued pursuant to this section who operates at a leased facility pursuant to s. 550.475 may move the location for which the permit has been issued to another location within a 30-mile radius of the location fixed in the permit issued in that county, provided the move does not cross the county boundary and such location is approved under the zoning regulations of the

county or municipality in which the permit is located, and upon such relocation may use the permit for the conduct of parimutuel wagering and the operation of a cardroom. The provisions of s. 550.6305(9)(d) and (f) shall apply to any permit converted under this subsection and shall continue to apply to any permit which was previously included under and subject to such provisions before a conversion pursuant to this section occurred.

(15)

 (c) Additional permits for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering may not be approved or issued by the <u>commission or</u>

<u>former Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering division</u> after January

1, 2021; and

Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 550.0555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.0555 Greyhound dogracing permits; relocation within a county; conditions.—

(2) Any holder of a valid outstanding permit for greyhound dogracing in a county in which there is only one dogracing permit issued, as well as any holder of a valid outstanding permit for jai alai in a county where only one jai alai permit is issued, is authorized, without the necessity of an additional county referendum required under s. 550.0651, to move the location for which the permit has been issued to another location within a 30-mile radius of the location fixed in the permit issued in that county, provided the move does not cross the county boundary, that such relocation is approved under the zoning regulations of the county or municipality in which the permit is to be located as a planned development use, consistent

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with the comprehensive plan, and that such move is approved by the <u>commission</u> department after it is determined at a proceeding pursuant to chapter 120 in the county affected that the move is necessary to ensure the revenue-producing capability of the permittee without deteriorating the revenue-producing capability of any other pari-mutuel permittee within 50 miles; the distance shall be measured on a straight line from the nearest property line of one racing plant or jai alai fronton to the nearest property line of the other.

Section 14. Subsections (1), (3), and (5) of section 550.0651, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.0651 Elections for ratification of permits; municipal prohibitions.—

(1) The holder of any permit may have submitted to the electors of the county designated therein the question whether or not such permit will be ratified or rejected. Such questions shall be submitted to the electors for approval or rejection at a special election to be called for that purpose only. The board of county commissioners of the county designated, upon the presentation to such board at a regular or special meeting of a written application, accompanied by a certified copy of the permit granted by the commission division, and asking for an election in the county in which the application was made, shall order a special election in the county for the particular purpose of deciding whether such permit shall be approved and license issued and race meetings permitted in such county by such permittee and shall cause the clerk of such board to give notice of the special election by publishing the same once each week for 2 consecutive weeks in one or more newspapers of

general circulation in the county. Each permit covering each track must be voted upon separately and in separate elections, and an election may not be called more often than once every 2 years for the ratification of any permit covering the same track.

- division and no application to the board of county commissioners has been made by the permittee within 6 months after the granting of the permit, the permit becomes void. The commission division shall cancel the permit without notice to the permitholder, and the board of county commissioners holding the deposit for the election shall refund the deposit to the permitholder upon being notified by the commission division that the permit has become void and has been canceled.
- (5) If at any such special election the majority of the electors voting on the question of ratification or rejection of any permit vote against such ratification, such permit is void. If a majority of the electors voting on the question of ratification or rejection of any permit vote for such ratification, such permit becomes effectual and the holder thereof may conduct racing upon complying with the other provisions of this chapter. The board of county commissioners shall immediately certify the results of the election to the commission division.

Section 15. Subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (3), and subsections (5) and (6) of section 550.0951, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 550.0951 Payment of daily license fee and taxes;

841 penalties.-

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- (1) DAILY LICENSE FEE. -
- (a) Each person engaged in the business of conducting race meetings or jai alai games under this chapter, hereinafter referred to as the "permitholder," "licensee," or "permittee," shall pay to the commission division, for the use of the commission division, a daily license fee on each live or simulcast pari-mutuel event of \$100 for each horserace and \$80 for each dograce and \$40 for each jai alai game conducted at a racetrack or fronton licensed under this chapter. In addition to the tax exemption specified in s. 550.09514(1) of \$360,000 or \$500,000 per greyhound permitholder per state fiscal year, each greyhound permitholder shall receive in the current state fiscal year a tax credit equal to the number of live greyhound races conducted in the previous state fiscal year times the daily license fee specified for each dograce in this subsection applicable for the previous state fiscal year. This tax credit and the exemption in s. 550.09514(1) shall be applicable to any tax imposed by this chapter or the daily license fees imposed by this chapter except during any charity or scholarship performances conducted pursuant to s. 550.0351. Each permitholder shall pay daily license fees not to exceed \$500 per day on any simulcast races or games on which such permitholder accepts wagers regardless of the number of out-of-state events taken or the number of out-of-state locations from which such events are taken. This license fee shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund.
 - (b) Each permitholder that cannot utilize the full amount of the exemption of \$360,000 or \$500,000 provided in s.

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550.09514(1) or the daily license fee credit provided in this section may, after notifying the commission division in writing, elect once per state fiscal year on a form provided by the commission division to transfer such exemption or credit or any portion thereof to any greyhound permitholder which acts as a host track to such permitholder for the purpose of intertrack wagering. Once an election to transfer such exemption or credit is filed with the commission division, it shall not be rescinded. The commission division shall disapprove the transfer when the amount of the exemption or credit or portion thereof is unavailable to the transferring permitholder or when the permitholder who is entitled to transfer the exemption or credit or who is entitled to receive the exemption or credit owes taxes to the state pursuant to a deficiency letter or administrative complaint issued by the commission division. Upon approval of the transfer by the commission division, the transferred tax exemption or credit shall be effective for the first performance of the next payment period as specified in subsection (5). The exemption or credit transferred to such host track may be applied by such host track against any taxes imposed by this chapter or daily license fees imposed by this chapter. The greyhound permitholder host track to which such exemption or credit is transferred shall reimburse such permitholder the exact monetary value of such transferred exemption or credit as actually applied against the taxes and daily license fees of the host track. The commission division shall ensure that all transfers of exemption or credit are made in accordance with this subsection and shall have the authority to adopt rules to ensure the implementation of this section.

(2) ADMISSION TAX.-

- (c) A permitholder may issue tax-free passes to its officers, officials, and employees or other persons actually engaged in working at the racetrack, including accredited press representatives such as reporters and editors, and may also issue tax-free passes to other permitholders for the use of their officers and officials. The permitholder shall file with the <u>commission</u> division a list of all persons to whom tax-free passes are issued under this paragraph.
- (3) TAX ON HANDLE.—Each permitholder shall pay a tax on contributions to pari-mutuel pools, the aggregate of which is hereinafter referred to as "handle," on races or games conducted by the permitholder. The tax is imposed daily and is based on the total contributions to all pari-mutuel pools conducted during the daily performance. If a permitholder conducts more than one performance daily, the tax is imposed on each performance separately.
- (c)1. The tax on handle for intertrack wagering is 2.0 percent of the handle if the host track is a horse track, 3.3 percent if the host track is a harness track, 5.5 percent if the host track is a dog track, and 7.1 percent if the host track is a jai alai fronton. The tax on handle for intertrack wagering is 0.5 percent if the host track and the guest track are thoroughbred permitholders or if the guest track is located outside the market area of the host track and within the market area of a thoroughbred permitholder currently conducting a live race meet. The tax on handle for intertrack wagering on rebroadcasts of simulcast thoroughbred horseraces is 2.4 percent of the handle and 1.5 percent of the handle for intertrack

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wagering on rebroadcasts of simulcast harness horseraces. The tax shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund.

- 2. The tax on handle for intertrack wagers accepted by any dog track located in an area of the state in which there are only three permitholders, all of which are greyhound permitholders, located in three contiquous counties, from any greyhound permitholder also located within such area or any dog track or jai alai fronton located as specified in s. 550.615(6) or (9), on races or games received from the same class of permitholder located within the same market area is 3.9 percent if the host facility is a greyhound permitholder and, if the host facility is a jai alai permitholder, the rate shall be 6.1 percent except that it shall be 2.3 percent on handle at such time as the total tax on intertrack handle paid to the commission division by the permitholder during the current state fiscal year exceeds the total tax on intertrack handle paid to the commission division by the permitholder during the 1992-1993 state fiscal year.
- imposed by this section shall be paid to the <u>commission</u>

 division. The <u>commission</u> division shall deposit these sums with the Chief Financial Officer, to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, hereby established. The permitholder shall remit to the <u>commission</u> division payment for the daily license fee, the admission tax, the tax on handle, and the breaks tax. Such payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. Wednesday of each week for taxes imposed and collected for the preceding week ending on Sunday. Beginning on July 1, 2012, such payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. on the 5th day of each calendar month for

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taxes imposed and collected for the preceding calendar month. If the 5th day of the calendar month falls on a weekend, payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. the first Monday following the weekend. Permitholders shall file a report under oath by the 5th day of each calendar month for all taxes remitted during the preceding calendar month. Such payments shall be accompanied by a report under oath showing the total of all admissions, the pari-mutuel wagering activities for the preceding calendar month, and such other information as may be prescribed by the commission division.

- (6) PENALTIES.-
- (a) The failure of any permitholder to make payments as prescribed in subsection (5) is a violation of this section, and the permitholder may be subjected by the <u>commission</u> division to a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for each day the tax payment is not remitted. All penalties imposed and collected shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund. If a permitholder fails to pay penalties imposed by order of the <u>commission</u> division under this subsection, the <u>commission</u> division may suspend or revoke the license of the permitholder, cancel the permit of the permitholder, or deny issuance of any further license or permit to the permitholder.
- (b) In addition to the civil penalty prescribed in paragraph (a), any willful or wanton failure by any permitholder to make payments of the daily license fee, admission tax, tax on handle, or breaks tax constitutes sufficient grounds for the commission division to suspend or revoke the license of the permitholder, to cancel the permit of the permitholder, or to deny issuance of any further license or permit to the

987 permitholder.

Section 16. Paragraphs (b), (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 550.09511, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.09511 Jai alai taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.—

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(b), wagering on live jai alai performances shall be subject to the following taxes:
- (b) At such time as the total of admissions tax, daily license fee, and tax on handle for live jai alai performances paid to the commission division by a permitholder during the current state fiscal year exceeds the total state tax revenues from wagering on live jai alai performances paid or due by the permitholder in fiscal year 1991-1992, the permitholder shall pay tax on handle for live jai alai performances at a rate of 2.55 percent of the handle per performance for the remainder of the current state fiscal year. For purposes of this section, total state tax revenues on live jai alai wagering in fiscal year 1991-1992 shall include any admissions tax, tax on handle, surtaxes on handle, and daily license fees.
- (c) If no tax on handle for live jai alai performances were paid to the <u>commission</u> division by a jai alai permitholder during the 1991-1992 state fiscal year, then at such time as the total of admissions tax, daily license fee, and tax on handle for live jai alai performances paid to the <u>commission</u> division by a permitholder during the current state fiscal year exceeds the total state tax revenues from wagering on live jai alai performances paid or due by the permitholder in the last state

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fiscal year in which the permitholder conducted a full schedule of live games, the permitholder shall pay tax on handle for live jai alai performances at a rate of 3.3 percent of the handle per performance for the remainder of the current state fiscal year. For purposes of this section, total state tax revenues on live jai alai wagering shall include any admissions tax, tax on handle, surtaxes on handle, and daily license fees. This paragraph shall take effect July 1, 1993.

- (d) A permitholder who obtains a new permit issued by the commission division subsequent to the 1991-1992 state fiscal year and a permitholder whose permit has been converted to a jai alai permit under the provisions of this chapter, shall, at such time as the total of admissions tax, daily license fee, and tax on handle for live jai alai performances paid to the commission division by the permitholder during the current state fiscal year exceeds the average total state tax revenues from wagering on live jai alai performances for the first 3 consecutive jai alai seasons paid to or due the commission division by the permitholder and during which the permitholder conducted a full schedule of live games, pay tax on handle for live jai alai performances at a rate of 3.3 percent of the handle per performance for the remainder of the current state fiscal year.
- (e) The payment of taxes pursuant to paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) shall be calculated and commence beginning the day in which the permitholder is first entitled to the reduced rate specified in this section and the report of taxes required by s. 550.0951(5) is submitted to the commission division.
- (3) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2) and s. 550.0951(3)(c)1., any jai alai permitholder which is

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restricted under Florida law from operating live performances on a year-round basis is entitled to conduct wagering on live performances at a tax rate of 3.85 percent of live handle. Such permitholder is also entitled to conduct intertrack wagering as a host permitholder on live jai alai games at its fronton at a tax rate of 3.3 percent of handle at such time as the total tax on intertrack handle paid to the commission division by the permitholder during the current state fiscal year exceeds the total tax on intertrack handle paid to the former Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering by the permitholder during the 1992-1993 state fiscal year.

Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 550.09512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.09512 Harness horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.—

(3)

(b) In order to maximize the tax revenues to the state, the commission division shall reissue an escheated harness horse permit to a qualified applicant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter as for the issuance of an initial permit. However, the provisions of this chapter relating to referendum requirements for a pari-mutuel permit shall not apply to the reissuance of an escheated harness horse permit. As specified in the application and upon approval by the commission division of an application for the permit, the new permitholder shall be authorized to operate a harness horse facility anywhere in the same county in which the escheated permit was authorized to be operated, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.054(2) relating to mileage limitations.

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Section 18. Paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (e), and (f) of subsection (2) of section 550.09514, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.09514 Greyhound dogracing taxes; purse requirements.-

- (2) (a) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall determine for each greyhound permitholder the annual purse percentage rate of live handle for the state fiscal year 1993-1994 by dividing total purses paid on live handle by the permitholder, exclusive of payments made from outside sources, during the 1993-1994 state fiscal year by the permitholder's live handle for the 1993-1994 state fiscal year. Each permitholder shall pay as purses for live races conducted during its current race meet a percentage of its live handle not less than the percentage determined under this paragraph, exclusive of payments made by outside sources, for its 1993-1994 state fiscal year.
- (b) Except as otherwise set forth herein, in addition to the minimum purse percentage required by paragraph (a), each permitholder shall pay as purses an annual amount equal to 75 percent of the daily license fees paid by each permitholder for the 1994-1995 fiscal year. This purse supplement shall be disbursed weekly during the permitholder's race meet in an amount determined by dividing the annual purse supplement by the number of performances approved for the permitholder pursuant to its annual license and multiplying that amount by the number of performances conducted each week. For the greyhound permitholders in the county where there are two greyhound permitholders located as specified in s. 550.615(6), such permitholders shall pay in the aggregate an amount equal to 75 percent of the daily license fees paid by such permitholders for

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the 1994-1995 fiscal year. These permitholders shall be jointly and severally liable for such purse payments. The additional purses provided by this paragraph must be used exclusively for purses other than stakes. The <u>commission</u> division shall conduct audits necessary to ensure compliance with this section.

- (d) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall require sufficient documentation from each greyhound permitholder regarding purses paid on live racing to assure that the annual purse percentage rates paid by each permitholder on the live races are not reduced below those paid during the 1993-1994 state fiscal year. The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall require sufficient documentation from each greyhound permitholder to assure that the purses paid by each permitholder on the greyhound intertrack and simulcast broadcasts are in compliance with the requirements of paragraph (c).
- (e) In addition to the purse requirements of paragraphs (a)-(c), each greyhound permitholder shall pay as purses an amount equal to one-third of the amount of the tax reduction on live and simulcast handle applicable to such permitholder as a result of the reductions in tax rates provided by this act through the amendments to s. 550.0951(3). With respect to intertrack wagering when the host and guest tracks are greyhound permitholders not within the same market area, an amount equal to the tax reduction applicable to the guest track handle as a result of the reduction in tax rate provided by this act through the amendment to s. 550.0951(3) shall be distributed to the guest track, one-third of which amount shall be paid as purses at the guest track. However, if the guest track is a greyhound permitholder within the market area of the host or if the guest

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track is not a greyhound permitholder, an amount equal to such tax reduction applicable to the guest track handle shall be retained by the host track, one-third of which amount shall be paid as purses at the host track. These purse funds shall be disbursed in the week received if the permitholder conducts at least one live performance during that week. If the permitholder does not conduct at least one live performance during the week in which the purse funds are received, the purse funds shall be disbursed weekly during the permitholder's next race meet in an amount determined by dividing the purse amount by the number of performances approved for the permitholder pursuant to its annual license, and multiplying that amount by the number of performances conducted each week. The commission division shall conduct audits necessary to ensure compliance with this paragraph.

(f) Each greyhound permitholder shall, during the permitholder's race meet, supply kennel operators and the commission Division of Pari-Mutuel Wagering with a weekly report showing purses paid on live greyhound races and all greyhound intertrack and simulcast broadcasts, including both as a guest and a host together with the handle or commission calculations on which such purses were paid and the transmission costs of sending the simulcast or intertrack broadcasts, so that the kennel operators may determine statutory and contractual compliance.

Section 19. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 550.09515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.09515 Thoroughbred horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.—

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(b) In order to maximize the tax revenues to the state, the commission division shall reissue an escheated thoroughbred horse permit to a qualified applicant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter as for the issuance of an initial permit. However, the provisions of this chapter relating to referendum requirements for a pari-mutuel permit shall not apply to the reissuance of an escheated thoroughbred horse permit. As specified in the application and upon approval by the commission division of an application for the permit, the new permitholder shall be authorized to operate a thoroughbred horse facility anywhere in the same county in which the escheated permit was authorized to be operated, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.054(2) relating to mileage limitations.

Section 20. Subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (e), and (f) of subsection (5), subsections (6), (7), and (8), and paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of subsection (10) of section 550.105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.105 Occupational licenses of racetrack employees; fees; denial, suspension, and revocation of license; penalties and fines.—

(1) Each person connected with a racetrack or jai alai fronton, as specified in paragraph (2)(a), shall purchase from the <u>commission</u> division an occupational license. All moneys collected pursuant to this section each fiscal year shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. Pursuant to the rules adopted by the <u>commission</u> division, an occupational license may be valid for a period of up to 3 years for a fee

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that does not exceed the full occupational license fee for each of the years for which the license is purchased. The occupational license shall be valid during its specified term at any pari-mutuel facility.

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- (b) The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt rules pertaining to pari-mutuel occupational licenses, licensing periods, and renewal cycles.
 - (5) (a) The commission division may:
- 1. Deny a license to or revoke, suspend, or place conditions upon or restrictions on a license of any person who has been refused a license by any other state racing commission or racing authority;
- 2. Deny, suspend, or place conditions on a license of any person who is under suspension or has unpaid fines in another jurisdiction;

if the state racing commission or racing authority of such other state or jurisdiction extends to the <u>commission</u> division reciprocal courtesy to maintain the disciplinary control.

(b) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may deny, suspend, revoke, or declare ineligible any occupational license if the applicant for or holder thereof has violated the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> governing the conduct of persons connected with racetracks and frontons. In addition, the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may deny, suspend, revoke, or declare ineligible any occupational license if the applicant for such license has been convicted in this state, in any other state, or under the laws of the United States of a capital felony, a

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felony, or an offense in any other state which would be a felony under the laws of this state involving arson; trafficking in, conspiracy to traffic in, smuggling, importing, conspiracy to smuggle or import, or delivery, sale, or distribution of a controlled substance; or a crime involving a lack of good moral character, or has had a pari-mutuel license revoked by this state or any other jurisdiction for an offense related to parimutuel wagering.

- (c) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may deny, declare ineligible, or revoke any occupational license if the applicant for such license has been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor in this state, in any other state, or under the laws of the United States, if such felony or misdemeanor is related to gambling or bookmaking, as contemplated in s. 849.25, or involves cruelty to animals. If the applicant establishes that she or he is of good moral character, that she or he has been rehabilitated, and that the crime she or he was convicted of is not related to parimutuel wagering and is not a capital offense, the restrictions excluding offenders may be waived by the director of the commission <u>division</u>.
- (e) If an occupational license will expire by <u>commission</u> division rule during the period of a suspension the <u>commission</u> division intends to impose, or if a license would have expired but for pending administrative charges and the occupational licensee is found to be in violation of any of the charges, the license may be revoked and a time period of license ineligibility may be declared. The <u>commission</u> division may bring administrative charges against any person not holding a current license for violations of statutes or rules which occurred while

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such person held an occupational license, and the commission
division may declare such person ineligible to hold a license for a period of time. The commission division may impose a civil fine of up to \$1,000 for each violation of the rules of the commission division in addition to or in lieu of any other penalty provided for in this section. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the commission division may exclude from all pari-mutuel facilities in this state, for a period not to exceed the period of suspension, revocation, or ineligibility, any person whose occupational license application has been denied by the commission division, who has been declared ineligible to hold an occupational license, or whose occupational license has been suspended or revoked by the commission division.

- (f) The <u>commission</u> division may cancel any occupational license that has been voluntarily relinquished by the licensee.
- (6) In order to promote the orderly presentation of parimutuel meets authorized in this chapter, the <u>commission</u> division may issue a temporary occupational license. The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt rules to implement this subsection.

 However, no temporary occupational license shall be valid for more than 90 days, and no more than one temporary license may be issued for any person in any year.
- (7) The <u>commission</u> division may deny, revoke, or suspend any occupational license if the applicant therefor or holder thereof accumulates unpaid obligations or defaults in obligations, or issues drafts or checks that are dishonored or for which payment is refused without reasonable cause, if such unpaid obligations, defaults, or dishonored or refused drafts or

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checks directly relate to the sport of jai alai or racing being conducted at a pari-mutuel facility within this state.

- (8) The <u>commission</u> division may fine, or suspend or revoke, or place conditions upon, the license of any licensee who under oath knowingly provides false information regarding an investigation by the commission division.
- (10)(a) Upon application for an occupational license, the commission division may require the applicant's full legal name; any nickname, alias, or maiden name for the applicant; name of the applicant's spouse; the applicant's date of birth, residence address, mailing address, residence address and business phone number, and social security number; disclosure of any felony or any conviction involving bookmaking, illegal gambling, or cruelty to animals; disclosure of any past or present enforcement or actions by any racing or gaming agency against the applicant; and any information the commission division determines is necessary to establish the identity of the applicant or to establish that the applicant is of good moral character. Fingerprints shall be taken in a manner approved by the commission division and then shall be submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or to the association of state officials regulating pari-mutuel wagering pursuant to the Federal Pari-mutuel Licensing Simplification Act of 1988. The cost of processing fingerprints shall be borne by the applicant and paid to the association of state officials regulating parimutuel wagering from the trust fund to which the processing fees are deposited. The commission division, by rule, may require additional information from licensees which is reasonably necessary to regulate the industry. The commission division may,

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by rule, exempt certain occupations or groups of persons from the fingerprinting requirements.

- (c) The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprints received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the statewide automated biometric identification system under paragraph (b). Any arrest record that is identified with the retained fingerprints of a person subject to the criminal history screening requirements of this section shall be reported to the commission division. Each licensee shall pay a fee to the commission division for the cost of retention of the fingerprints and the ongoing searches under this paragraph. The commission division shall forward the payment to the Department of Law Enforcement. The amount of the fee to be imposed for performing these searches and the procedures for the retention of licensee fingerprints shall be as established by rule of the Department of Law Enforcement. The commission division shall inform the Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the license status of licensees whose fingerprints are retained under paragraph (b).
- (d) The <u>commission</u> division shall request the Department of Law Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history records check at least once every 5 years following issuance of a license. If the fingerprints of a person who is licensed have not been retained by the Department of Law Enforcement, the person must file a complete set of fingerprints as provided in paragraph (a). The <u>commission</u> division shall collect the fees for the cost of the national criminal history records check under this paragraph and forward the payment to the Department

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of Law Enforcement. The cost of processing fingerprints and conducting a criminal history records check under this paragraph for a general occupational license shall be borne by the applicant. The cost of processing fingerprints and conducting a criminal history records check under this paragraph for a business or professional occupational license shall be borne by the person being checked. The Department of Law Enforcement may invoice the commission division for the fingerprints submitted each month. Under penalty of perjury, each person who is licensed or who is fingerprinted as required by this section must agree to inform the commission division within 48 hours if he or she is convicted of or has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any disqualifying offense, regardless of adjudication.

Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 550.1155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.1155 Authority of stewards, judges, panel of judges, or player's manager to impose penalties against occupational licensees; disposition of funds collected.—

(1) The stewards at a horse racetrack or the judges, a panel of judges, or a player's manager at a jai alai fronton may impose a civil penalty against any occupational licensee for violation of the pari-mutuel laws or any rule adopted by the commission division. The penalty may not exceed \$1,000 for each count or separate offense or exceed 60 days of suspension for each count or separate offense.

Section 22. Subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 550.125, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 550.125 Uniform reporting system; bond requirement.—

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(2) (a) Each permitholder that conducts race meetings or jai alai exhibitions under this chapter shall keep records that clearly show the total number of admissions and the total amount of money contributed to each pari-mutuel pool on each race or exhibition separately and the amount of money received daily from admission fees and, within 120 days after the end of its fiscal year, shall submit to the <u>commission</u> division a complete annual report of its accounts, audited by a certified public accountant licensed to practice in the state.

- (b) The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt rules specifying the form and content of such reports, including, but not limited to, requirements for a statement of assets and liabilities, operating revenues and expenses, and net worth, which statement must be audited by a certified public accountant licensed to practice in this state, and any supporting informational schedule found necessary by the <u>commission</u> division to verify the foregoing financial statement, which informational schedule must be attested to under oath by the permitholder or an officer of record, to permit the commission division to:
- 1. Assess the profitability and financial soundness of permitholders, both individually and as an industry;
- 2. Plan and recommend measures necessary to preserve and protect the pari-mutuel revenues of the state; and
- 3. Completely identify the holdings, transactions, and investments of permitholders with other business entities.
- (c) The Auditor General and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability may, pursuant to their own authority or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing Committee, audit, examine, and check the books and records of

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any permitholder. These audit reports shall become part of, and be maintained in, the commission division files.

- (d) The <u>commission</u> division shall annually review the books and records of each permitholder and verify that the breaks and unclaimed ticket payments made by each permitholder are true and correct.
- (3)(a) Each permitholder to which a license is granted under this chapter, at its own cost and expense, must, before the license is delivered, give a bond in the penal sum of \$50,000 payable to the Governor of the state and her or his successors in office, with a surety or sureties to be approved by the commission division and the Chief Financial Officer, conditioned to faithfully make the payments to the Chief Financial Officer in her or his capacity as treasurer of the commission division; to keep its books and records and make reports as provided; and to conduct its racing in conformity with this chapter. When the greatest amount of tax owed during any month in the prior state fiscal year, in which a full schedule of live racing was conducted, is less than \$50,000, the commission division may assess a bond in a sum less than \$50,000. The commission division may review the bond for adequacy and require adjustments each fiscal year. The commission division has the authority to adopt rules to implement this paragraph and establish guidelines for such bonds.

Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 550.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.155 Pari-mutuel pool within track enclosure; takeouts; breaks; penalty for purchasing part of a pari-mutuel pool for or

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through another in specified circumstances.-

(1) Wagering on the results of a horserace, dograce, or on the scores or points of a jai alai game and the sale of tickets or other evidences showing an interest in or a contribution to a pari-mutuel pool are allowed within the enclosure of any parimutuel facility licensed and conducted under this chapter but are not allowed elsewhere in this state, must be supervised by the commission division, and are subject to such reasonable rules that the commission division prescribes.

Section 24. Section 550.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.175 Petition for election to revoke permit.-Upon petition of 20 percent of the qualified electors of any county wherein any pari-mutuel wagering has been licensed and conducted under this chapter, the county commissioners of such county shall provide for the submission to the electors of such county at the then next succeeding general election the question of whether any permit or permits theretofore granted shall be continued or revoked, and if a majority of the electors voting on such question in such election vote to cancel or recall the permit theretofore given, the commission division may not thereafter grant any license on the permit so recalled. Every signature upon every recall petition must be signed in the presence of the clerk of the board of county commissioners at the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county, and the petitioner must present at the time of such signing her or his registration receipt showing the petitioner's qualification as an elector of the county at the time of the signing of the petition. Not more than one permit may be included in any one

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petition; and, in all elections in which the recall of more than one permit is voted on, the voters shall be given an opportunity to vote for or against the recall of each permit separately.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent the holding of later referendum or recall elections.

Section 25. Subsections (1), (3), and (5) of section 550.1815, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.1815 Certain persons prohibited from holding racing or jai alai permits; suspension and revocation.—

- (1) A corporation, general or limited partnership, sole proprietorship, business trust, joint venture, or unincorporated association, or other business entity may not hold any horseracing or greyhound permit or jai alai fronton permit in this state if any one of the persons or entities specified in paragraph (a) has been determined by the <u>commission</u> division not to be of good moral character or has been convicted of any offense specified in paragraph (b).
 - (a) 1. The permitholder;
 - 2. An employee of the permitholder;
 - 3. The sole proprietor of the permitholder;
 - 4. A corporate officer or director of the permitholder;
 - 5. A general partner of the permitholder;
 - 6. A trustee of the permitholder;
 - 7. A member of an unincorporated association permitholder;
 - 8. A joint venturer of the permitholder;
- 9. The owner of more than 5 percent of any equity interest in the permitholder, whether as a common shareholder, general or limited partner, voting trustee, or trust beneficiary; or
 - 10. An owner of any interest in the permit or permitholder,

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including any immediate family member of the owner, or holder of any debt, mortgage, contract, or concession from the permitholder, who by virtue thereof is able to control the business of the permitholder.

- (b) 1. A felony in this state;
- 2. Any felony in any other state which would be a felony if committed in this state under the laws of this state;
 - 3. Any felony under the laws of the United States;
- 4. A felony under the laws of another state if related to gambling which would be a felony under the laws of this state if committed in this state; or
 - 5. Bookmaking as defined in s. 849.25.
- (3) After notice and hearing, the commission division shall refuse to issue or renew or shall suspend, as appropriate, any permit found in violation of subsection (1). The order shall become effective 120 days after service of the order upon the permitholder and shall be amended to constitute a final order of revocation unless the permitholder has, within that period of time, either caused the divestiture, or agreed with the convicted person upon a complete immediate divestiture, of her or his holding, or has petitioned the circuit court as provided in subsection (4) or, in the case of corporate officers or directors of the holder or employees of the holder, has terminated the relationship between the permitholder and those persons mentioned. The commission division may, by order, extend the 120-day period for divestiture, upon good cause shown, to avoid interruption of any jai alai or race meeting or to otherwise effectuate this section. If no action has been taken by the permitholder within the 120-day period following the

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issuance of the order of suspension, the commission division shall, without further notice or hearing, enter a final order of revocation of the permit. When any permitholder or sole proprietor of a permitholder is convicted of an offense specified in paragraph (1)(b), the commission department may approve a transfer of the permit to a qualified applicant, upon a finding that revocation of the permit would impair the state's revenue from the operation of the permit or otherwise be detrimental to the interests of the state in the regulation of the industry of pari-mutuel wagering. In such approval, no public referendum is required, notwithstanding any other provision of law. A petition for transfer after conviction must be filed with the commission department within 30 days after service upon the permitholder of the final order of revocation. The timely filing of such a petition automatically stays any revocation order until further order of the commission department.

(5) The <u>commission</u> division shall make such rules for the photographing, fingerprinting, and obtaining of personal data of individuals described in paragraph (1)(a) and the obtaining of such data regarding the business entities described in paragraph (1)(a) as is necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section.

Section 26. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (3), and subsection (6) of section 550.24055, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.24055 Use of controlled substances or alcohol prohibited; testing of certain occupational licensees; penalty; evidence of test or action taken and admissibility for criminal

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1538 prosecution limited.—

- (2) The occupational licensees, by applying for and holding such licenses, are deemed to have given their consents to submit to an approved chemical test of their breath for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of their blood and to a urine or blood test for the purpose of detecting the presence of controlled substances. Such tests shall only be conducted upon reasonable cause that a violation has occurred as shall be determined solely by the stewards at a horseracing meeting or the judges or board of judges at a jai alai meet. The failure to submit to such test may result in a suspension of the person's occupational license for a period of 10 days or until this section has been complied with, whichever is longer.
- (a) If there was at the time of the test 0.05 percent or less by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, the person is presumed not to have been under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's normal faculties were impaired, and no action of any sort may be taken by the stewards, judges, or board of judges or the <u>commission</u> division.

All tests relating to alcohol must be performed in a manner substantially similar, or identical, to the provisions of s. 316.1934 and rules adopted pursuant to that section. Following a test of the urine or blood to determine the presence of a controlled substance as defined in chapter 893, if a controlled substance is found to exist, the stewards, judges, or board of judges may take such action as is permitted in this section.

(3) A violation of subsection (2) is subject to the following penalties:

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(c) If the second violation occurred within 1 year after the first violation, then upon the finding of a third violation of this section within 1 year after the second violation, the stewards, judges, or board of judges may suspend the licensee for up to 120 days; and the stewards, judges, or board of judges shall forward the results of the tests under paragraphs (a) and (b) and this violation to the commission division. In addition to the action taken by the stewards, judges, or board of judges, the commission division, after a hearing, may deny, suspend, or revoke the occupational license of the licensee and may impose a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 in addition to, or in lieu of, a suspension or revocation, it being the intent of the Legislature that the commission division shall have no authority over the enforcement of this section until a licensee has committed the third violation within 2 years after the first violation.

(6) Evidence of any test or actions taken by the stewards, judges, or board of judges or the commission division under this section is inadmissible for any purpose in any court for criminal prosecution, it being the intent of the Legislature to provide a method and means by which the health, safety, and welfare of those officiating at or participating in a race meet or a jai alai game are sufficiently protected. However, this subsection does not prohibit any person so authorized from pursuing an independent investigation as a result of a ruling made by the stewards, judges, or board of judges, or the commission division.

Section 27. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1), subsection (2), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (3), subsection (5), paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (6),

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1596 paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (7), and 1597 subsections (9), (10), (11), and (12) of section 550.2415, 1598 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.2415 Racing of animals under certain conditions prohibited; penalties; exceptions.—

- (1) (a) The racing of an animal that has been impermissibly medicated or determined to have a prohibited substance present is prohibited. It is a violation of this section for a person to impermissibly medicate an animal or for an animal to have a prohibited substance present resulting in a positive test for such medications or substances based on samples taken from the animal before or immediately after the racing of that animal. Test results and the identities of the animals being tested and of their trainers and owners of record are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and from s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution for 10 days after testing of all samples collected on a particular day has been completed and any positive test results derived from such samples have been reported to the director of the commission division or administrative action has been commenced.
- (b) It is a violation of this section for a race-day specimen to contain a level of a naturally occurring substance which exceeds normal physiological concentrations. The Commission division may solicit input from the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and adopt rules that specify normal physiological concentrations of naturally occurring substances in the natural untreated animal and rules that specify acceptable levels of environmental contaminants and trace levels of substances in test samples.

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(2) Administrative action may be taken by the <u>commission</u> division against an occupational licensee responsible pursuant to rule of the <u>commission</u> division for the condition of an animal that has been impermissibly medicated or drugged in violation of this section.

- (3) (a) Upon the finding of a violation of this section, the commission division may revoke or suspend the license or permit of the violator or deny a license or permit to the violator; impose a fine against the violator in an amount not exceeding the purse or sweepstakes earned by the animal in the race at issue or \$10,000, whichever is greater; require the full or partial return of the purse, sweepstakes, and trophy of the race at issue; or impose against the violator any combination of such penalties. The finding of a violation of this section does not prohibit a prosecution for criminal acts committed.
- (b) The <u>commission</u> division, notwithstanding chapter 120, may summarily suspend the license of an occupational licensee responsible under this section or <u>commission</u> division rule for the condition of a race animal if the <u>commission</u> division laboratory reports the presence of a prohibited substance in the animal or its blood, urine, saliva, or any other bodily fluid, either before a race in which the animal is entered or after a race the animal has run.
- (c) If an occupational licensee is summarily suspended under this section, the <u>commission</u> division shall offer the licensee a prompt postsuspension hearing within 72 hours, at which the <u>commission</u> division shall produce the laboratory report and documentation which, on its face, establishes the responsibility of the occupational licensee. Upon production of

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the documentation, the occupational licensee has the burden of proving his or her lack of responsibility.

- (5) The <u>commission</u> division shall implement a split-sample procedure for testing animals under this section.
- (a) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall notify the owner or trainer, the stewards, and the appropriate horsemen's association of all drug test results. If a drug test result is positive, and upon request by the affected trainer or owner of the animal from which the sample was obtained, the <u>commission</u> division shall send the split sample to an approved independent laboratory for analysis. The <u>commission</u> division shall establish standards and rules for uniform enforcement and shall maintain a list of at least five approved independent laboratories for an owner or trainer to select from if a drug test result is positive.
- (b) If the <u>commission</u> division laboratory's findings are not confirmed by the independent laboratory, no further administrative or disciplinary action under this section may be pursued.
- (c) If the independent laboratory confirms the <u>commission</u> division laboratory's positive result, the <u>commission</u> division may commence administrative proceedings as prescribed in this chapter and consistent with chapter 120. For purposes of this subsection, the <u>commission</u> department shall in good faith attempt to obtain a sufficient quantity of the test fluid to allow both a primary test and a secondary test to be made.
- (d) For the testing of a racehorse, if there is an insufficient quantity of the secondary (split) sample for confirmation of the commission division laboratory's positive

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result, the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may not take further action on the matter against the owner or trainer, and any resulting license suspension must be immediately lifted.

(e) The <u>commission</u> division shall require its laboratory and the independent laboratories to annually participate in an externally administered quality assurance program designed to assess testing proficiency in the detection and appropriate quantification of medications, drugs, and naturally occurring substances that may be administered to racing animals. The administrator of the quality assurance program shall report its results and findings to the <u>commission</u> division and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

(6)

- (b) Any act committed by any licensee that would constitute cruelty to animals as defined in s. 828.02 involving any animal constitutes a violation of this chapter. Imposition of any penalty by the <u>commission</u> division for violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the <u>commission</u> division pursuant to this chapter shall not prohibit a criminal prosecution for cruelty to animals.
- (c) The <u>commission</u> division may inspect any area at a parimutuel facility where racing animals are raced, trained, housed, or maintained, including any areas where food, medications, or other supplies are kept, to ensure the humane treatment of racing animals and compliance with this chapter and the rules of the <u>commission</u> division.
- (7)(a) In order to protect the safety and welfare of racing animals and the integrity of the races in which the animals participate, the commission division shall adopt rules

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establishing the conditions of use and maximum concentrations of medications, drugs, and naturally occurring substances identified in the Controlled Therapeutic Medication Schedule, Version 2.1, revised April 17, 2014, adopted by the Association of Racing Commissioners International, Inc. Controlled therapeutic medications include only the specific medications and concentrations allowed in biological samples which have been approved by the Association of Racing Commissioners International, Inc., as controlled therapeutic medications.

- (b) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> rules must designate the appropriate biological specimens by which the administration of medications, drugs, and naturally occurring substances is monitored and must determine the testing methodologies, including measurement uncertainties, for screening such specimens to confirm the presence of medications, drugs, and naturally occurring substances.
- (c) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> rules must include a classification system for drugs and substances and a corresponding penalty schedule for violations which incorporates the Uniform Classification Guidelines for Foreign Substances, Version 8.0, revised December 2014, by the Association of Racing Commissioners International, Inc. The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt laboratory screening limits approved by the Association of Racing Commissioners International, Inc., for drugs and medications that are not included as controlled therapeutic medications, the presence of which in a sample may result in a violation of this section.
- (d) The <u>commission</u> division rules must include conditions for the use of furosemide to treat exercise-induced pulmonary

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1741 hemorrhage.

(e) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may solicit input from the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in adopting the rules required under this subsection. <u>Such rules must be adopted before January 1, 2016.</u>

- (9) (a) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may conduct a postmortem examination of any animal that is injured at a permitted racetrack while in training or in competition and that subsequently expires or is destroyed. The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may conduct a postmortem examination of any animal that expires while housed at a permitted racetrack, association compound, or licensed farm. Trainers and owners shall be requested to comply with this paragraph as a condition of licensure.
- (b) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may take possession of the animal upon death for postmortem examination. The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may submit blood, urine, other bodily fluid specimens, or other tissue specimens collected during a postmortem examination for testing by the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> laboratory or its designee. Upon completion of the postmortem examination, the carcass must be returned to the owner or disposed of at the owner's option.
- (10) The presence of a prohibited substance in an animal, found by the <u>commission</u> division laboratory in a bodily fluid specimen collected after the race or during the postmortem examination of the animal, which breaks down during a race constitutes a violation of this section.
- (11) The cost of postmortem examinations, testing, and disposal must be borne by the commission division.
 - (12) The commission division shall adopt rules to implement

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1770 this section.

Section 28. Subsection (4) of section 550.2614, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.2614 Distribution of certain funds to a horsemen's association.—

(4) The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt rules to facilitate the orderly transfer of funds in accordance with this section. The <u>commission</u> division shall also monitor the membership rolls of the horsemen's association to ensure that complete, accurate, and timely listings are maintained for the purposes specified in this section.

Section 29. Subsection (3) of section 550.26165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.26165 Breeders' awards.-

(3) Breeders' associations shall submit their plans to the <u>commission</u> division at least 60 days before the beginning of the payment year. The payment year may be a calendar year or any 12-month period, but once established, the yearly base may not be changed except for compelling reasons. Once a plan is approved, the <u>commission</u> division may not allow the plan to be amended during the year, except for the most compelling reasons.

Section 30. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (2), subsections (3) and (4), paragraphs (a), (f), (g), and (h) of subsection (5), paragraph (e) of subsection (6), and subsections (7) and (8) of section 550.2625, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.2625 Horseracing; minimum purse requirement, Florida breeders' and owners' awards.—

(2) Each permitholder conducting a horserace meet is

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required to pay from the takeout withheld on pari-mutuel pools a sum for purses in accordance with the type of race performed.

- (b) 1. A permitholder conducting a harness horse race meet under this chapter must pay to the purse pool from the takeout withheld a purse requirement that totals an amount not less than 8.25 percent of all contributions to pari-mutuel pools conducted during the race meet. An amount not less than 7.75 percent of the total handle shall be paid from this purse pool as purses.
- 2. An amount not to exceed 0.5 percent of the total handle on all harness horse races that are subject to the purse requirement of subparagraph 1., must be available for use to provide medical, dental, surgical, life, funeral, or disability insurance benefits for occupational licensees who work at tracks in this state at which harness horse races are conducted. Such insurance benefits must be paid from the purse pool specified in subparagraph 1. An annual plan for payment of insurance benefits from the purse pool, including qualifications for eligibility, must be submitted by the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association for approval to the commission division. An annual report of the implemented plan shall be submitted to the commission division. All records of the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association concerning the administration of the plan must be available for audit at the discretion of the commission division to determine that the plan has been implemented and administered as authorized. If the commission division finds that the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association has not complied with the provisions of this section, the commission division may order the association to cease and desist from administering the plan and shall appoint

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the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> as temporary administrator of the plan until the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> reestablishes administration of the plan with the association.

- (d) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall adopt reasonable rules to ensure the timely and accurate payment of all amounts withheld by horserace permitholders regarding the distribution of purses, owners' awards, and other amounts collected for payment to owners and breeders. Each permitholder that fails to pay out all moneys collected for payment to owners and breeders shall, within 10 days after the end of the meet during which the permitholder underpaid purses, deposit an amount equal to the underpayment into a separate interest-bearing account to be distributed to owners and breeders in accordance with <u>commission</u> division rules.
- (3) Each horseracing permitholder conducting any thoroughbred race under this chapter, including any intertrack race taken pursuant to ss. 550.615-550.6305 or any interstate simulcast taken pursuant to s. 550.3551(3) shall pay a sum equal to 0.955 percent on all pari-mutuel pools conducted during any such race for the payment of breeders', stallion, or special racing awards as authorized in this chapter. This subsection also applies to all Breeder's Cup races conducted outside this state taken pursuant to s. 550.3551(3). On any race originating live in this state which is broadcast out-of-state to any location at which wagers are accepted pursuant to s. 550.3551(2), the host track is required to pay 3.475 percent of the gross revenue derived from such out-of-state broadcasts as breeders', stallion, or special racing awards. The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association is authorized to receive

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these payments from the permitholders and make payments of awards earned. The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association has the right to withhold up to 10 percent of the permitholder's payments under this section as a fee for administering the payments of awards and for general promotion of the industry. The permitholder shall remit these payments to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association by the 5th day of each calendar month for such sums accruing during the preceding calendar month and shall report such payments to the commission division as prescribed by the commission division. With the exception of the 10-percent fee, the moneys paid by the permitholders shall be maintained in a separate, interestbearing account, and such payments together with any interest earned shall be used exclusively for the payment of breeders', stallion, or special racing awards in accordance with the following provisions:

- (a) The breeder of each Florida-bred thoroughbred horse winning a thoroughbred horse race is entitled to an award of up to, but not exceeding, 20 percent of the announced gross purse, including nomination fees, eligibility fees, starting fees, supplementary fees, and moneys added by the sponsor of the race.
- (b) The owner or owners of the sire of a Florida-bred thoroughbred horse that wins a stakes race is entitled to a stallion award of up to, but not exceeding, 20 percent of the announced gross purse, including nomination fees, eligibility fees, starting fees, supplementary fees, and moneys added by the sponsor of the race.
- (c) The owners of thoroughbred horses participating in thoroughbred stakes races, nonstakes races, or both may receive

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a special racing award in accordance with the agreement 1887 established pursuant to s. 550.26165(1).

- (d) In order for a breeder of a Florida-bred thoroughbred horse to be eliqible to receive a breeder's award, the horse must have been registered as a Florida-bred horse with the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the Jockey Club certificate for the horse must show that it has been duly registered as a Florida-bred horse as evidenced by the seal and proper serial number of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association registry. The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall be permitted to charge the registrant a reasonable fee for this verification and registration.
- (e) In order for an owner of the sire of a thoroughbred horse winning a stakes race to be eligible to receive a stallion award, the stallion must have been registered with the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the breeding of the registered Florida-bred horse must have occurred in this state. The stallion must be standing permanently in this state during the period of time between February 1 and June 15 of each year or, if the stallion is dead, must have stood permanently in this state for a period of not less than 1 year immediately prior to its death. The removal of a stallion from this state during the period of time between February 1 and June 15 of any year for any reason, other than exclusively for prescribed medical treatment, as approved by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, renders the owner or owners of the stallion ineligible to receive a stallion award under any circumstances for offspring sired prior to removal; however, if a removed stallion is returned to this state, all offspring sired

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subsequent to the return make the owner or owners of the stallion eligible for the stallion award but only for those offspring sired subsequent to such return to this state. The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall maintain complete records showing the date the stallion arrived in this state for the first time, whether or not the stallion remained in the state permanently, the location of the stallion, and whether the stallion is still standing in this state and complete records showing awards earned, received, and distributed. The association may charge the owner, owners, or breeder a reasonable fee for this service.

- (f) A permitholder conducting a thoroughbred horse race under the provisions of this chapter shall, within 30 days after the end of the race meet during which the race is conducted, certify to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association such information relating to the thoroughbred horses winning a stakes or other horserace at the meet as may be required to determine the eligibility for payment of breeders', stallion, and special racing awards.
- (g) The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall maintain complete records showing the starters and winners in all races conducted at thoroughbred tracks in this state; shall maintain complete records showing awards earned, received, and distributed; and may charge the owner, owners, or breeder a reasonable fee for this service.
- (h) The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall annually establish a uniform rate and procedure for the payment of breeders' and stallion awards and shall make breeders' and stallion award payments in strict compliance with the

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established uniform rate and procedure plan. The plan may set a cap on winnings and may limit, exclude, or defer payments to certain classes of races, such as the Florida stallion stakes races, in order to assure that there are adequate revenues to meet the proposed uniform rate. Such plan must include proposals for the general promotion of the industry. Priority shall be placed upon imposing such restrictions in lieu of allowing the uniform rate to be less than 15 percent of the total purse payment. The uniform rate and procedure plan must be approved by the commission division before implementation. In the absence of an approved plan and procedure, the authorized rate for breeders' and stallion awards is 15 percent of the announced gross purse for each race. Such purse must include nomination fees, eligibility fees, starting fees, supplementary fees, and moneys added by the sponsor of the race. If the funds in the account for payment of breeders' and stallion awards are not sufficient to meet all earned breeders' and stallion awards, those breeders and stallion owners not receiving payments have first call on any subsequent receipts in that or any subsequent year.

(i) The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall keep accurate records showing receipts and disbursements of such payments and shall annually file a full and complete report to the commission division showing such receipts and disbursements and the sums withheld for administration. The commission division may audit the records and accounts of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association to determine that payments have been made to eligible breeders and stallion owners in accordance with this section.

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(j) If the commission division finds that the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association has not complied with any provision of this section, the commission division may order the association to cease and desist from receiving funds and administering funds received under this section. If the commission division enters such an order, the permitholder shall make the payments authorized in this section to the commission division for deposit into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund; and any funds in the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association account shall be immediately paid to the commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering for deposit to the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. The commission division shall authorize payment from these funds to any breeder or stallion owner entitled to an award that has not been previously paid by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association in accordance with the applicable rate.

(4) Each permitholder conducting a harness horse race under this chapter shall pay a sum equal to the breaks on all parimutuel pools conducted during that race for the payment of breeders' awards, stallion awards, and stallion stakes and for additional expenditures as authorized in this section. The Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association is authorized to receive these payments from the permitholders and make payments as authorized in this subsection. The Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association has the right to withhold up to 10 percent of the permitholder's payments under this section and under s. 550.2633 as a fee for administering these payments. The permitholder shall remit these payments to the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association by the

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5th day of each calendar month for such sums accruing during the preceding calendar month and shall report such payments to the commission division as prescribed by the commission division.

With the exception of the 10-percent fee for administering the payments and the use of the moneys authorized by paragraph (j), the moneys paid by the permitholders shall be maintained in a separate, interest-bearing account; and such payments together with any interest earned shall be allocated for the payment of breeders' awards, stallion awards, stallion stakes, additional purses, and prizes for, and the general promotion of owning and breeding of, Florida-bred standardbred horses. Payment of breeders' awards and stallion awards shall be made in accordance with the following provisions:

- (a) The breeder of each Florida-bred standardbred horse winning a harness horse race is entitled to an award of up to, but not exceeding, 20 percent of the announced gross purse, including nomination fees, eligibility fees, starting fees, supplementary fees, and moneys added by the sponsor of the race.
- (b) The owner or owners of the sire of a Florida-bred standardbred horse that wins a stakes race is entitled to a stallion award of up to, but not exceeding, 20 percent of the announced gross purse, including nomination fees, eligibility fees, starting fees, supplementary fees, and moneys added by the sponsor of the race.
- (c) In order for a breeder of a Florida-bred standardbred horse to be eligible to receive a breeder's award, the horse winning the race must have been registered as a Florida-bred horse with the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association and a registration certificate under seal for the

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winning horse must show that the winner has been duly registered as a Florida-bred horse as evidenced by the seal and proper serial number of the United States Trotting Association registry. The Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association shall be permitted to charge the registrant a reasonable fee for this verification and registration.

(d) In order for an owner of the sire of a standardbred horse winning a stakes race to be eligible to receive a stallion award, the stallion must have been registered with the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association, and the breeding of the registered Florida-bred horse must have occurred in this state. The stallion must be standing permanently in this state or, if the stallion is dead, must have stood permanently in this state for a period of not less than 1 year immediately prior to its death. The removal of a stallion from this state for any reason, other than exclusively for prescribed medical treatment, renders the owner or the owners of the stallion ineligible to receive a stallion award under any circumstances for offspring sired prior to removal; however, if a removed stallion is returned to this state, all offspring sired subsequent to the return make the owner or owners of the stallion eligible for the stallion award but only for those offspring sired subsequent to such return to this state. The Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association shall maintain complete records showing the date the stallion arrived in this state for the first time, whether or not the stallion remained in the state permanently, the location of the stallion, and whether the stallion is still standing in this state and complete records showing awards earned, received, and distributed. The association may charge

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the owner, owners, or breeder a reasonable fee for this service.

- (e) A permitholder conducting a harness horse race under this chapter shall, within 30 days after the end of the race meet during which the race is conducted, certify to the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association such information relating to the horse winning a stakes or other horserace at the meet as may be required to determine the eligibility for payment of breeders' awards and stallion awards.
- (f) The Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners
 Association shall maintain complete records showing the starters
 and winners in all races conducted at harness horse racetracks
 in this state; shall maintain complete records showing awards
 earned, received, and distributed; and may charge the owner,
 owners, or breeder a reasonable fee for this service.
- Association shall annually establish a uniform rate and procedure for the payment of breeders' awards, stallion awards, stallion stakes, additional purses, and prizes for, and for the general promotion of owning and breeding of, Florida-bred standardbred horses and shall make award payments and allocations in strict compliance with the established uniform rate and procedure. The plan may set a cap on winnings, and may limit, exclude, or defer payments to certain classes of races, such as the Florida Breeders' stakes races, in order to assure that there are adequate revenues to meet the proposed uniform rate. Priority shall be placed on imposing such restrictions in lieu of allowing the uniform rate allocated to payment of breeder and stallion awards to be less than 10 percent of the total purse payment. The uniform rate and procedure must be

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approved by the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> before implementation. In the absence of an approved plan and procedure, the authorized rate for breeders' and stallion awards is 10 percent of the announced gross purse for each race. Such purse must include nomination fees, eligibility fees, starting fees, supplementary fees, and moneys added by the sponsor of the race. If the funds in the account for payment of breeders' and stallion awards are not sufficient to meet all earned breeders' and stallion awards, those breeders and stallion owners not receiving payments have first call on any subsequent receipts in that or any subsequent year.

- (h) The Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association shall keep accurate records showing receipts and disbursements of such payments and shall annually file a full and complete report to the commission division showing such receipts and disbursements and the sums withheld for administration. The commission division may audit the records and accounts of the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association to determine that payments have been made to eligible breeders, stallion owners, and owners of Florida-bred standardbred horses in accordance with this section.
- (i) If the <u>commission</u> division finds that the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association has not complied with any provision of this section, the <u>commission</u> division may order the association to cease and desist from receiving funds and administering funds received under this section and under s. 550.2633. If the <u>commission</u> division enters such an order, the permitholder shall make the payments authorized in this section and s. 550.2633 to the <u>commission</u> division for deposit into the

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Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund; and any funds in the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association account shall be immediately paid to the commission for deposit to the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. The commission division shall authorize payment from these funds to any breeder, stallion owner, or owner of a Florida-bred standardbred horse entitled to an award that has not been previously paid by the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association in accordance with the applicable rate.

(j) The board of directors of the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association may authorize the release of up to 25 percent of the funds available for breeders' awards, stallion awards, stallion stakes, additional purses, and prizes for, and for the general promotion of owning and breeding of, Florida-bred standardbred horses to be used for purses for, and promotion of, Florida-bred standardbred horses at race meetings at which there is no pari-mutuel wagering unless, and to the extent that, such release would render the funds available for such awards insufficient to pay the breeders' and stallion awards earned pursuant to the annual plan of the association. Any such funds so released and used for purses are not considered to be an "announced gross purse" as that term is used in paragraphs (a) and (b), and no breeders' or stallion awards, stallion stakes, or owner awards are required to be paid for standardbred horses winning races in meetings at which there is no pari-mutuel wagering. The amount of purses to be paid from funds so released and the meets eligible to receive such funds for purses must be approved by the board of directors of the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association.

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(5)(a) Except as provided in subsections (7) and (8), each permitholder conducting a quarter horse race meet under this chapter shall pay a sum equal to the breaks plus a sum equal to 1 percent of all pari-mutuel pools conducted during that race for supplementing and augmenting purses and prizes and for the general promotion of owning and breeding of racing quarter horses in this state as authorized in this section. The Florida Ouarter Horse Breeders and Owners Association is authorized to receive these payments from the permitholders and make payments as authorized in this subsection. The Florida Ouarter Horse Breeders and Owners Association, Inc., referred to in this chapter as the Florida Quarter Horse Breeders and Owners Association, has the right to withhold up to 10 percent of the permitholder's payments under this section and under s. 550.2633 as a fee for administering these payments. The permitholder shall remit these payments to the Florida Quarter Horse Breeders and Owners Association by the 5th day of each calendar month for such sums accruing during the preceding calendar month and shall report such payments to the commission division as prescribed by the commission division. With the exception of the 5-percent fee for administering the payments, the moneys paid by the permitholders shall be maintained in a separate, interestbearing account.

(f) The Florida Quarter Horse Breeders and Owners
Association shall keep accurate records showing receipts and disbursements of payments made under this section and shall annually file a full and complete report to the commission division showing such receipts and disbursements and the sums withheld for administration. The commission division may audit

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the records and accounts of the Florida Quarter Horse Breeders and Owners Association to determine that payments have been made in accordance with this section.

- Association shall annually establish a plan for supplementing and augmenting purses and prizes and for the general promotion of owning and breeding Florida-bred racing quarter horses and shall make award payments and allocations in strict compliance with the annual plan. The annual plan must be approved by the commission division before implementation. If the funds in the account for payment of purses and prizes are not sufficient to meet all purses and prizes to be awarded, those breeders and owners not receiving payments have first call on any subsequent receipts in that or any subsequent year.
- (h) If the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> finds that the Florida Quarter Horse Breeders and Owners Association has not complied with any provision of this section, the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may order the association to cease and desist from receiving funds and administering funds received under this section and s. 550.2633. If the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> enters such an order, the permitholder shall make the payments authorized in this section and s. 550.2633 to the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> for deposit into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, and any funds in the Florida Quarter Horse Breeders and Owners Association account shall be immediately paid to the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> for deposit to the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall authorize payment from these funds to any breeder or owner of a quarter horse entitled to an award that has not been previously paid by the Florida Quarter Horse Breeders and Owners

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Association in accordance with this section.

(6)

- (e) This subsection governs owners' awards paid on thoroughbred horse races only in this state, unless a written agreement is filed with the <u>commission</u> division establishing the rate, procedures, and eligibility requirements for owners' awards, including place of finish, class of race, maximum purse, and maximum award, and the agreement is entered into by the permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the association representing a majority of the racehorse owners and trainers at the permitholder's location.
- (7) (a) Each permitholder that conducts race meets under this chapter and runs Appaloosa races shall pay to the commission division a sum equal to the breaks plus a sum equal to 1 percent of the total contributions to each pari-mutuel pool conducted on each Appaloosa race. The payments shall be remitted to the commission division by the 5th day of each calendar month for sums accruing during the preceding calendar month.
- (b) The <u>commission</u> division shall deposit these collections to the credit of the General Inspection Trust Fund in a special account to be known as the "Florida Appaloosa Racing Promotion Account." The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall administer the funds and adopt suitable and reasonable rules for the administration thereof. The moneys in the Florida Appaloosa Racing Promotion Account shall be allocated solely for supplementing and augmenting purses and prizes and for the general promotion of owning and breeding of racing Appaloosas in this state; and the moneys may not be used to defray any expense of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in the

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2234 administration of this chapter.

(8) Each permitholder that conducts race meets under this chapter and runs Arabian horse races shall pay to the <u>commission</u> division a sum equal to the breaks plus a sum equal to 1 percent of the total contributions to each pari-mutuel pool conducted on each Arabian horse race. The payments shall be remitted to the <u>commission</u> division by the 5th day of each calendar month for sums accruing during the preceding calendar month.

Section 31. Subsections (1), (3), (5), and (6), paragraph (a) of subsection (8), and subsections (9), (10), and (11) of section 550.26352, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.26352 Breeders' Cup Meet; pools authorized; conflicts; taxes; credits; transmission of races; rules; application.—

- (1) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, there is hereby created a special thoroughbred race meet which shall be designated as the "Breeders' Cup Meet." The Breeders' Cup Meet shall be conducted at the facility of the Florida permitholder selected by Breeders' Cup Limited to conduct the Breeders' Cup Meet. The Breeders' Cup Meet shall consist of 3 days: the day on which the Breeders' Cup races are conducted, the preceding day, and the subsequent day. Upon the selection of the Florida permitholder as host for the Breeders' Cup Meet and application by the selected permitholder, the commission division shall issue a license to the selected permitholder to operate the Breeders' Cup Meet. Notwithstanding s. 550.09515(2)(a), the Breeders' Cup Meet may be conducted on dates which the selected permitholder is not otherwise authorized to conduct a race meet.
 - (3) If the permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet

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is located within 35 miles of one or more permitholders scheduled to conduct a thoroughbred race meet on any of the 3 days of the Breeders' Cup Meet, then operation on any of those 3 days by the other permitholders is prohibited. As compensation for the loss of racing days caused thereby, such operating permitholders shall receive a credit against the taxes otherwise due and payable to the state under ss. 550.0951 and 550.09515. This credit shall be in an amount equal to the operating loss determined to have been suffered by the operating permitholders as a result of not operating on the prohibited racing days, but shall not exceed a total of \$950,000. The determination of the amount to be credited shall be made by the commission division upon application by the operating permitholder. The tax credits provided in this subsection shall not be available unless an operating permitholder is required to close a bona fide meet consisting in part of no fewer than 10 scheduled performances in the 15 days immediately preceding or 10 scheduled performances in the 15 days immediately following the Breeders' Cup Meet. Such tax credit shall be in lieu of any other compensation or consideration for the loss of racing days. There shall be no replacement or makeup of any lost racing days.

(5) The permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet shall receive a credit against the taxes otherwise due and payable to the state under ss. 550.0951 and 550.09515 generated during said permitholder's next ensuing regular thoroughbred race meet. This credit shall be in an amount not to exceed \$950,000 and shall be utilized by the permitholder to pay the purses offered by the permitholder during the Breeders' Cup Meet in excess of the purses which the permitholder is otherwise

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required by law to pay. The amount to be credited shall be determined by the <u>commission</u> division upon application of the permitholder which is subject to audit by the <u>commission</u> division.

- shall receive a credit against the taxes otherwise due and payable to the state under ss. 550.0951 and 550.09515 generated during said permitholder's next ensuing regular thoroughbred race meet. This credit shall be in an amount not to exceed \$950,000 and shall be utilized by the permitholder for such capital improvements and extraordinary expenses as may be necessary for operation of the Breeders' Cup Meet. The amount to be credited shall be determined by the commission division upon application of the permitholder which is subject to audit by the commission division.
- (8) (a) Pursuant to s. 550.3551(2), the permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet is authorized to transmit broadcasts of the races conducted during the Breeders' Cup Meet to locations outside of this state for wagering purposes. The commission division may approve broadcasts to pari-mutuel permitholders and other betting systems authorized under the laws of any other state or country. Wagers accepted by any out-of-state pari-mutuel permitholder or betting system on any races broadcast under this section may be, but are not required to be, commingled with the pari-mutuel pools of the permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet. The calculation of any payoff on national pari-mutuel pools with commingled wagers may be performed by the permitholder's totalisator contractor at a location outside of this state. Pool amounts from wagers placed

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at pari-mutuel facilities or other betting systems in foreign countries before being commingled with the pari-mutuel pool of the Florida permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet shall be calculated by the totalisator contractor and transferred to the commingled pool in United States currency in cycles customarily used by the permitholder. Pool amounts from wagers placed at any foreign pari-mutuel facility or other betting system shall not be commingled with a Florida pool until a determination is made by the commission division that the technology utilized by the totalisator contractor is adequate to assure commingled pools will result in the calculation of accurate payoffs to Florida bettors. Any totalisator contractor at a location outside of this state shall comply with the provisions of s. 550.495 relating to totalisator licensing.

- (9) The exemption from the tax credits provided in subsections (5) and (6) shall not be granted and shall not be claimed by the permitholder until an audit is completed by the commission division. The commission division is required to complete the audit within 30 days of receipt of the necessary documentation from the permitholder to verify the permitholder's claim for tax credits. If the documentation submitted by the permitholder is incomplete or is insufficient to document the permitholder's claim for tax credits, the commission division may request such additional documentation as is necessary to complete the audit. Upon receipt of the commission's division's written request for additional documentation, the 30-day time limitation will commence anew.
- (10) The <u>commission</u> division is authorized to adopt such rules as are necessary to facilitate the conduct of the

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Breeders' Cup Meet as authorized in this section. Included within this grant of authority shall be the adoption or waiver of rules regarding the overall conduct of racing during the Breeders' Cup Meet so as to ensure the integrity of the races, licensing for all participants, special stabling and training requirements for foreign horses, commingling of pari-mutuel pools, and audit requirements for tax credits and other benefits.

(11) Any dispute between the <u>commission</u> division and any permitholder regarding the tax credits authorized under subsection (3), subsection (5), or subsection (6) shall be determined by a hearing officer of the Division of Administrative Hearings under the provisions of s. 120.57(1).

Section 32. Subsections (1), (5), (6), and (8) of section 550.2704, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.2704 Jai Alai Tournament of Champions Meet.-

(1) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, there is hereby created a special jai alai meet which shall be designated as the "Jai Alai Tournament of Champions Meet" and which shall be hosted by the Florida jai alai permitholders selected by the National Association of Jai Alai Frontons, Inc., to conduct such meet. The meet shall consist of three qualifying performances and a final performance, each of which is to be conducted on different days. Upon the selection of the Florida permitholders for the meet, and upon application by the selected permitholders, the commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering shall issue a license to each of the selected permitholders to operate the meet. The meet may be conducted during a season in which the permitholders selected to conduct the meet are not

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otherwise authorized to conduct a meet. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any Florida permitholder who is to conduct a performance which is a part of the Jai Alai Tournament of Champions Meet shall not be required to apply for the license for said meet if it is to be run during the regular season for which such permitholder has a license.

- (5) In addition to the credit authorized in subsection (4), the Jai Alai Tournament of Champions Meet permitholders shall receive a credit against the taxes, otherwise due and payable under s. 550.0951 or s. 550.09511, generated during said permitholders' current regular meet, in an amount not to exceed the aggregate amount of \$150,000, which shall be prorated equally between the permitholders, and shall be utilized by the permitholders for such capital improvements and extraordinary expenses, including marketing expenses, as may be necessary for the operation of the meet. The determination of the amount to be credited shall be made by the commission division upon application of said permitholders.
- (6) The permitholder shall be entitled to said permitholder's pro rata share of the \$150,000 tax credit provided in subsection (5) without having to make application, so long as appropriate documentation to substantiate said expenditures thereunder is provided to the commission division within 30 days following said Jai Alai Tournament of Champions Meet.
- (8) The <u>commission</u> division is authorized to adopt such rules as are necessary to facilitate the conduct of the Jai Alai Tournament of Champions Meet as authorized in this section.

 Included within this grant of authority shall be the adoption of

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rules regarding the overall conduct of the tournament so as to ensure the integrity of the event, licensing for participants, commingling of pari-mutuel pools, and audit requirements for tax credits and exemptions.

Section 33. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 550.334, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.334 Quarter horse racing; substitutions.-

- (3) Quarter horses participating in such races must be duly registered by the American Quarter Horse Association, and before each race such horses must be examined and declared in fit condition by a qualified person designated by the commission division.
- (5) Any quarter horse racing permitholder operating under a valid permit issued by the <u>commission</u> division is authorized to substitute races of other breeds of horses which are, respectively, registered with the American Paint Horse Association, Appaloosa Horse Club, Arabian Horse Registry of America, Palomino Horse Breeders of America, United States Trotting Association, Florida Cracker Horse Association, or Jockey Club for no more than 50 percent of the quarter horse races during its meet.

Section 34. Subsection (2) of section 550.3345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.3345 Conversion of quarter horse permit to a limited thoroughbred permit.—

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the holder of a quarter horse racing permit issued under s. 550.334 may, within 1 year after the effective date of this section, apply to the commission division for a transfer of the quarter horse

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racing permit to a not-for-profit corporation formed under state law to serve the purposes of the state as provided in subsection (1). The board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation must be comprised of 11 members, 4 of whom shall be designated by the applicant, 4 of whom shall be designated by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and 3 of whom shall be designated by the other 8 directors, with at least 1 of these 3 members being an authorized representative of another thoroughbred permitholder in this state. The not-for-profit corporation shall submit an application to the commission division for review and approval of the transfer in accordance with s. 550.054. Upon approval of the transfer by the commission division, and notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the not-for-profit corporation may, within 1 year after its receipt of the permit, request that the commission division convert the quarter horse racing permit to a permit authorizing the holder to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing. Neither the transfer of the quarter horse racing permit nor its conversion to a limited thoroughbred permit shall be subject to the mileage limitation or the ratification election as set forth under s. 550.054(2) or s. 550.0651. Upon receipt of the request for such conversion, the commission division shall timely issue a converted permit. The converted permit and the not-for-profit corporation shall be subject to the following requirements:

(a) All net revenues derived by the not-for-profit corporation under the thoroughbred horse racing permit and any license issued to the not-for-profit corporation under chapter 849, after the funding of operating expenses and capital

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improvements, shall be dedicated to the enhancement of thoroughbred purses and breeders', stallion, and special racing awards under this chapter; the general promotion of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry; and the care in this state of thoroughbred horses retired from racing.

- (b) From December 1 through April 30, no live thoroughbred racing may be conducted under the permit on any day during which another thoroughbred permitholder is conducting live thoroughbred racing within 125 air miles of the not-for-profit corporation's pari-mutuel facility unless the other thoroughbred permitholder gives its written consent.
- (c) After the conversion of the quarter horse racing permit and the issuance of its initial license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing, the not-for-profit corporation shall annually apply to the <u>commission</u> division for a license pursuant to s. 550.5251.
- (d) Racing under the permit may take place only at the location for which the original quarter horse racing permit was issued, which may be leased by the not-for-profit corporation for that purpose; however, the not-for-profit corporation may, without the conduct of any ratification election pursuant to s. 550.054(13) or s. 550.0651, move the location of the permit to another location in the same county provided that such relocation is approved under the zoning and land use regulations of the applicable county or municipality.
- (e) A permit converted under this section and a license issued to the not-for-profit corporation under chapter 849 are not eligible for transfer to another person or entity.

Section 35. Section 550.3355, Florida Statutes, is amended

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550.3355 Harness track licenses for summer quarter horse racing.—Any harness track licensed to operate under the provisions of s. 550.375 may make application for, and shall be issued by the commission division, a license to operate not more than 50 quarter horse racing days during the summer season, which shall extend from July 1 until October 1 of each year. However, this license to operate quarter horse racing for 50 days is in addition to the racing days and dates provided in s. 550.375 for harness racing during the winter seasons; and, it does not affect the right of such licensee to operate harness racing at the track as provided in s. 550.375 during the winter season. All provisions of this chapter governing quarter horse racing not in conflict herewith apply to the operation of quarter horse meetings authorized hereunder, except that all quarter horse racing permitted hereunder shall be conducted at night.

Section 36. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) and subsections (10) and (13) of section 550.3551, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.3551 Transmission of racing and jai alai information; commingling of pari-mutuel pools.—

(6) (a) A permitholder conducting live races or games may not conduct fewer than eight live races or games on any authorized race day except as provided in this subsection. A thoroughbred permitholder may not conduct fewer than eight live races on any race day without the written approval of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., unless

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it is determined by the <u>commission</u> department that another entity represents a majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers in the state. If conducting live racing, a harness permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races on any authorized race day. Any harness horse permitholder may receive full-card broadcasts of harness horse races conducted at harness racetracks outside this state at the harness track of the permitholder and accept wagers on such harness races.

- (10) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may adopt rules necessary to facilitate commingling of pari-mutuel pools, to ensure the proper calculation of payoffs in circumstances in which different commission percentages are applicable and to regulate the distribution of net proceeds between the horse track and, in this state, the horsemen's associations.
- (13) This section does not prohibit the commingling of national pari-mutuel pools by a totalisator company that is licensed under this chapter. Such commingling of national pools is subject to <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> review and approval and must be performed in accordance with rules adopted by the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> to ensure accurate calculation and distribution of the pools.

Section 37. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 550.3615, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.3615 Bookmaking on the grounds of a permitholder; penalties; reinstatement; duties of track employees; penalty; exceptions.—

(3) Any person who has been convicted of bookmaking in this state or any other state of the United States or any foreign country shall be denied admittance to and shall not attend any

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pari-mutuel facility in this state during its racing seasons or operating dates, including any practice or preparational days, for a period of 2 years after the date of conviction or the date of final appeal. Following the conclusion of the period of ineligibility, the director of the <u>commission</u> division may authorize the reinstatement of an individual following a hearing on readmittance. Any such person who knowingly violates this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (4) If the activities of a person show that this law is being violated, and such activities are either witnessed by or are common knowledge of any pari-mutuel facility employee, it is the duty of that employee to bring the matter to the immediate attention of the permitholder, manager, or her or his designee, who shall notify a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction. Willful failure by the pari-mutuel facility employee to comply with the provisions of this subsection is a ground for the commission division to suspend or revoke that employee's license for pari-mutuel facility employment.
- (5) Each permittee shall display, in conspicuous places at a pari-mutuel facility and in all race and jai alai daily programs, a warning to all patrons concerning the prohibition and penalties of bookmaking contained in this section and s. 849.25. The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall adopt rules concerning the uniform size of all warnings and the number of placements throughout a pari-mutuel facility. Failure on the part of the permittee to display such warnings may result in the imposition of a \$500 fine by the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> for each offense.
 - Section 38. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 550.375,

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2582 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.375 Operation of certain harness tracks.-

- (2) Any permittee or licensee authorized under this section to transfer the location of its permit may conduct harness racing only between the hours of 7 p.m. and 2 a.m. A permit so transferred applies only to the locations provided in this section. The provisions of this chapter which prohibit the location and operation of a licensed harness track permittee and licensee within 100 air miles of the location of a racetrack authorized to conduct racing under this chapter and which prohibit the commission division from granting any permit to a harness track at a location in the area in which there are three horse tracks located within 100 air miles thereof do not apply to a licensed harness track that is required by the terms of this section to race between the hours of 7 p.m. and 2 a.m.
- (3) A permit may not be issued by the <u>commission</u> division for the operation of a harness track within 75 air miles of a location of a harness track licensed and operating under this chapter.

Section 39. Subsection (1), paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g) of subsection (2), and subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 550.495, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 550.495 Totalisator licensing.—

- (1) A totalisator may not be operated at a pari-mutuel facility in this state, or at a facility located in or out of this state which is used as the primary totalisator for a race or game conducted in this state, unless the totalisator company possesses a business license issued by the <u>commission</u> division.
 - (2) (a) Each totalisator company must apply to the

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2611 <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> for an annual business license. The
2612 application must include such information as the <u>commission</u>
2613 <u>division</u> by rule requires.

- (b) As a part of its license application, each totalisator company must agree in writing to pay to the <u>commission</u> division an amount equal to the loss of any state revenues from missed or canceled races, games, or performances due to acts of the totalisator company or its agents or employees or failures of the totalisator system, except for circumstances beyond the control of the totalisator company or agent or employee, as determined by the commission division.
- (c) Each totalisator company must file with the <u>commission</u> division a performance bond, acceptable to the <u>commission</u> division, in the sum of \$250,000 issued by a surety approved by the <u>commission</u> division or must file proof of insurance, acceptable to the <u>commission</u> division, against financial loss in the amount of \$250,000, insuring the state against such a revenue loss.
- (d) In the event of a loss of state tax revenues, the commission division shall determine:
- 1. The estimated revenue lost as a result of missed or canceled races, games, or performances;
- 2. The number of races, games, or performances which is practicable for the permitholder to conduct in an attempt to mitigate the revenue loss; and
- 3. The amount of the revenue loss which the makeup races, games, or performances will not recover and for which the totalisator company is liable.
 - (e) Upon the making of such determinations, the commission

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division shall issue to the totalisator company and to the affected permitholder an order setting forth the determinations of the commission division.

- (g) Upon the failure of the totalisator company to make the payment found to be due the state, the <u>commission</u> division may cause the forfeiture of the bond or may proceed against the insurance contract, and the proceeds of the bond or contract shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. If that bond was not posted or insurance obtained, the <u>commission</u> division may proceed against any assets of the totalisator company to collect the amounts due under this subsection.
- (3) If the applicant meets the requirements of this section and <u>commission</u> division rules and pays the license fee, the commission division shall issue the license.
- (4) Each totalisator company shall conduct operations in accordance with rules adopted by the <u>commission</u> division, in such form, content, and frequency as the <u>commission</u> division by rule determines.
- (5) The <u>commission</u> division and its representatives may enter and inspect any area of the premises of a licensed totalisator company, and may examine totalisator records, during the licensee's regular business or operating hours.

Section 40. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and subsections (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) of section 550.505, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.505 Nonwagering permits.-

(1) (a) Except as provided in this section, permits and licenses issued by the <u>commission</u> division are intended to be used for pari-mutuel wagering operations in conjunction with

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horseraces, dograces, or jai alai performances.

- (b) Subject to the requirements of this section, the commission division is authorized to issue permits for the conduct of horseracing meets without pari-mutuel wagering or any other form of wagering being conducted in conjunction therewith. Such permits shall be known as nonwagering permits and may be issued only for horseracing meets. A horseracing permitholder need not obtain an additional permit from the commission division for conducting nonwagering racing under this section, but must apply to the commission division for the issuance of a license under this section. The holder of a nonwagering permit is prohibited from conducting pari-mutuel wagering or any other form of wagering in conjunction with racing conducted under the permit. Nothing in this subsection prohibits horseracing for any stake, purse, prize, or premium.
- (2) (a) Any person not prohibited from holding any type of pari-mutuel permit under s. 550.1815 shall be allowed to apply to the commission division for a nonwagering permit. The applicant must demonstrate that the location or locations where the nonwagering permit will be used are available for such use and that the applicant has the financial ability to satisfy the reasonably anticipated operational expenses of the first racing year following final issuance of the nonwagering permit. If the racing facility is already built, the application must contain a statement, with reasonable supporting evidence, that the nonwagering permit will be used for horseracing within 1 year after the date on which it is granted. If the facility is not already built, the application must contain a statement, with reasonable supporting evidence, that substantial construction

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will be started within 1 year after the issuance of the nonwagering permit.

- (b) The $\underline{\text{commission}}$ division may conduct an eligibility investigation to determine if the applicant meets the requirements of paragraph (a).
- (3) (a) Upon receipt of a nonwagering permit, the permitholder must apply to the <u>commission</u> division before June 1 of each year for an annual nonwagering license for the next succeeding calendar year. Such application must set forth the days and locations at which the permitholder will conduct nonwagering horseracing and must indicate any changes in ownership or management of the permitholder occurring since the date of application for the prior license.
- (b) On or before August 1 of each year, the <u>commission</u> division shall issue a license authorizing the nonwagering permitholder to conduct nonwagering horseracing during the succeeding calendar year during the period and for the number of days set forth in the application, subject to all other provisions of this section.
- (c) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may conduct an eligibility investigation to determine the qualifications of any new ownership or management interest in the permit.
- (4) Upon the approval of racing dates by the <u>commission</u> division, the <u>commission</u> division shall issue an annual nonwagering license to the nonwagering permitholder.
- (5) Only horses registered with an established breed registration organization, which organization shall be approved by the <u>commission</u> division, shall be raced at any race meeting authorized by this section.

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(6) The <u>commission</u> division may order any person participating in a nonwagering meet to cease and desist from participating in such meet if the <u>commission</u> determines the person to be not of good moral character in accordance with s. 550.1815. The <u>commission</u> division may order the operators of a nonwagering meet to cease and desist from operating the meet if the <u>commission</u> division determines the meet is being operated for any illegal purpose.

Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 550.5251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.5251 Florida thoroughbred racing; certain permits; operating days.—

(1) Each thoroughbred permitholder shall annually, during the period commencing December 15 of each year and ending January 4 of the following year, file in writing with the commission division its application to conduct one or more thoroughbred racing meetings during the thoroughbred racing season commencing on the following July 1. Each application shall specify the number and dates of all performances that the permitholder intends to conduct during that thoroughbred racing season. On or before March 15 of each year, the commission division shall issue a license authorizing each permitholder to conduct performances on the dates specified in its application. Up to February 28 of each year, each permitholder may request and shall be granted changes in its authorized performances; but thereafter, as a condition precedent to the validity of its license and its right to retain its permit, each permitholder must operate the full number of days authorized on each of the dates set forth in its license.

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Section 42. Subsection (3) of section 550.625, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.625 Intertrack wagering; purses; breeders' awards.—If a host track is a horse track:

(3) The payment to a breeders' organization shall be combined with any other amounts received by the respective breeders' and owners' associations as so designated. Each breeders' and owners' association receiving these funds shall be allowed to withhold the same percentage as set forth in s. 550.2625 to be used for administering the payment of awards and for the general promotion of their respective industries. If the total combined amount received for thoroughbred breeders' awards exceeds 15 percent of the purse required to be paid under subsection (1), the breeders' and owners' association, as so designated, notwithstanding any other provision of law, shall submit a plan to the commission division for approval which would use the excess funds in promoting the breeding industry by increasing the purse structure for Florida-breds. Preference shall be given to the track generating such excess.

Section 43. Subsection (5) and paragraph (g) of subsection (9) of section 550.6305, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 550.6305 Intertrack wagering; guest track payments; accounting rules.—

(5) The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt rules providing an expedient accounting procedure for the transfer of the parimutuel pool in order to properly account for payment of state taxes, payment to the guest track, payment to the host track, payment of purses, payment to breeders' associations, payment to horsemen's associations, and payment to the public.

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(9) A host track that has contracted with an out-of-state horse track to broadcast live races conducted at such out-of-state horse track pursuant to s. 550.3551(5) may broadcast such out-of-state races to any guest track and accept wagers thereon in the same manner as is provided in s. 550.3551.

- (g)1. Any thoroughbred permitholder which accepts wagers on a simulcast signal must make the signal available to any permitholder that is eligible to conduct intertrack wagering under the provisions of ss. 550.615-550.6345.
- 2. Any thoroughbred permitholder which accepts wagers on a simulcast signal received after 6 p.m. must make such signal available to any permitholder that is eligible to conduct intertrack wagering under the provisions of ss. 550.615-550.6345, including any permitholder located as specified in s. 550.615(6). Such guest permitholders are authorized to accept wagers on such simulcast signal, notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary.
- 3. Any thoroughbred permitholder which accepts wagers on a simulcast signal received after 6 p.m. must make such signal available to any permitholder that is eligible to conduct intertrack wagering under the provisions of ss. 550.615-550.6345, including any permitholder located as specified in s. 550.615(9). Such guest permitholders are authorized to accept wagers on such simulcast signals for a number of performances not to exceed that which constitutes a full schedule of live races for a quarter horse permitholder pursuant to s. $\frac{550.002(10)}{550.002(11)}$, notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, except that the restrictions provided in s. 550.615(9)(a) apply to wagers on such simulcast

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No thoroughbred permitholder shall be required to continue to rebroadcast a simulcast signal to any in-state permitholder if the average per performance gross receipts returned to the host permitholder over the preceding 30-day period were less than \$100. Subject to the provisions of s. 550.615(4), as a condition of receiving rebroadcasts of thoroughbred simulcast signals under this paragraph, a guest permitholder must accept intertrack wagers on all live races conducted by all thenoperating thoroughbred permitholders.

Section 44. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 550.6308, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.6308 Limited intertrack wagering license.—In recognition of the economic importance of the thoroughbred breeding industry to this state, its positive impact on tourism, and of the importance of a permanent thoroughbred sales facility as a key focal point for the activities of the industry, a limited license to conduct intertrack wagering is established to ensure the continued viability and public interest in thoroughbred breeding in Florida.

(1) Upon application to the <u>commission</u> division on or before January 31 of each year, any person that is licensed to conduct public sales of thoroughbred horses pursuant to s. 535.01 and that has conducted at least 8 days of thoroughbred horse sales at a permanent sales facility in this state for at least 3 consecutive years before such application shall be issued a license, subject to the conditions set forth in this section, to conduct intertrack wagering at such a permanent

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sales facility. No more than one such license may be issued, and no such license may be issued for a facility located within 50 miles of any thoroughbred permitholder's track.

(2) If more than one application is submitted for such license, the <u>commission</u> division shall determine which applicant shall be granted the license. In making its determination, the <u>commission</u> division shall grant the license to the applicant demonstrating superior capabilities, as measured by the length of time the applicant has been conducting thoroughbred sales within this state or elsewhere, the applicant's total volume of thoroughbred horse sales, within this state or elsewhere, the length of time the applicant has maintained a permanent thoroughbred sales facility in this state, and the quality of the facility.

Section 45. Subsection (2) of section 550.70, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.70 Jai alai general provisions; chief court judges required; extension of time to construct fronton; amateur jai alai contests permitted under certain conditions; playing days' limitations; locking of pari-mutuel machines.—

(2) The time within which the holder of a ratified permit for jai alai or pelota has to construct and complete a fronton may be extended by the <u>commission</u> division for a period of 24 months after the date of the issuance of the permit, anything to the contrary in any statute notwithstanding.

Section 46. Subsection (3) of section 550.902, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.902 Purposes.—The purposes of this compact are to:

(3) Authorize the Florida Gaming Control Commission

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2872 Department of Business and Professional Regulation to participate in this compact.

Section 47. Subsection (1) of section 551.102, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (3), subsection (3) of that section is redesignated as subsection (1) and amended, and subsections (11) and (12) are amended to read:

- 551.102 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (1) (3) "Commission Division" means the Florida Gaming Control Commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (11) "Slot machine license" means a license issued by the <u>commission</u> division authorizing a pari-mutuel permitholder to place and operate slot machines as provided by s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution, the provisions of this chapter, and commission division rules.
- (12) "Slot machine licensee" means a pari-mutuel permitholder who holds a license issued by the <u>commission</u> division pursuant to this chapter that authorizes such person to possess a slot machine within facilities specified in s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution and allows slot machine gaming.

Section 48. Section 551.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 551.103 Powers and duties of the <u>commission</u> division and law enforcement.—
- (1) The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt, pursuant to the provisions of ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, all rules necessary to implement, administer, and regulate slot machine gaming as authorized in this chapter. Such rules must include:
 - (a) Procedures for applying for a slot machine license and

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renewal of a slot machine license.

(b) Technical requirements and the qualifications contained in this chapter that are necessary to receive a slot machine license or slot machine occupational license.

- (c) Procedures to scientifically test and technically evaluate slot machines for compliance with this chapter. The commission division may contract with an independent testing laboratory to conduct any necessary testing under this section. An independent testing laboratory shall not be owned or controlled by a licensee. The use of an independent testing laboratory for any purpose related to the conduct of slot machine gaming by a licensee under this chapter shall be made from a list of one or more laboratories approved by the commission division.
- (d) Procedures relating to slot machine revenues, including verifying and accounting for such revenues, auditing, and collecting taxes and fees consistent with this chapter.
- (e) Procedures for regulating, managing, and auditing the operation, financial data, and program information relating to slot machine gaming that allow the <u>commission</u> division and the Department of Law Enforcement to audit the operation, financial data, and program information of a slot machine licensee, as required by the <u>commission</u> division or the Department of Law Enforcement, and provide the <u>commission</u> division and the Department of Law Enforcement with the ability to monitor, at any time on a real-time basis, wagering patterns, payouts, tax collection, and compliance with any rules adopted by the <u>commission</u> division for the regulation and control of slot machines operated under this chapter. Such continuous and

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complete access, at any time on a real-time basis, shall include the ability of either the <u>commission</u> division or the Department of Law Enforcement to suspend play immediately on particular slot machines if monitoring of the facilities-based computer system indicates possible tampering or manipulation of those slot machines or the ability to suspend play immediately of the entire operation if the tampering or manipulation is of the computer system itself. The <u>commission</u> division shall notify the Department of Law Enforcement or the Department of Law Enforcement shall notify the <u>commission</u> division, as appropriate, whenever there is a suspension of play under this paragraph. The <u>commission</u> division and the Department of Law Enforcement shall exchange such information necessary for and cooperate in the investigation of the circumstances requiring suspension of play under this paragraph.

(f) Procedures for requiring each licensee at his or her own cost and expense to supply the <u>commission</u> division with a bond having the penal sum of \$2 million payable to the Governor and his or her successors in office for each year of the licensee's slot machine operations. Any bond shall be issued by a surety or sureties approved by the <u>commission</u> division and the Chief Financial Officer, conditioned to faithfully make the payments to the Chief Financial Officer in his or her capacity as treasurer of the <u>commission</u> division. The licensee shall be required to keep its books and records and make reports as provided in this chapter and to conduct its slot machine operations in conformity with this chapter and all other provisions of law. Such bond shall be separate and distinct from the bond required in s. 550.125.

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(g) Procedures for requiring licensees to maintain specified records and submit any data, information, record, or report, including financial and income records, required by this chapter or determined by the <u>commission</u> division to be necessary to the proper implementation and enforcement of this chapter.

- (h) A requirement that the payout percentage of a slot machine be no less than 85 percent.
- (i) Minimum standards for security of the facilities, including floor plans, security cameras, and other security equipment.
- (j) Procedures for requiring slot machine licensees to implement and establish drug-testing programs for all slot machine occupational licensees.
- (2) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> shall conduct such investigations necessary to fulfill its responsibilities under the provisions of this chapter.
- (3) The Department of Law Enforcement and local law enforcement agencies shall have concurrent jurisdiction to investigate criminal violations of this chapter and may investigate any other criminal violation of law occurring at the facilities of a slot machine licensee, and such investigations may be conducted in conjunction with the appropriate state attorney.
- (4) (a) The <u>commission</u> division, the Department of Law Enforcement, and local law enforcement agencies shall have unrestricted access to the slot machine licensee's facility at all times and shall require of each slot machine licensee strict compliance with the laws of this state relating to the transaction of such business. The commission division, the

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2988 Department of Law Enforcement, and local law enforcement 2989 agencies may:

- 1. Inspect and examine premises where slot machines are offered for play.
- 2. Inspect slot machines and related equipment and supplies.
 - (b) In addition, the commission division may:
 - 1. Collect taxes, assessments, fees, and penalties.
- 2. Deny, revoke, suspend, or place conditions on the license of a person who violates any provision of this chapter or rule adopted pursuant thereto.
- (5) The <u>commission</u> division shall revoke or suspend the license of any person who is no longer qualified or who is found, after receiving a license, to have been unqualified at the time of application for the license.
 - (6) This section does not:
- (a) Prohibit the Department of Law Enforcement or any law enforcement authority whose jurisdiction includes a licensed facility from conducting investigations of criminal activities occurring at the facility of the slot machine licensee;
- (b) Restrict access to the slot machine licensee's facility by the Department of Law Enforcement or any local law enforcement authority whose jurisdiction includes the slot machine licensee's facility; or
- (c) Restrict access by the Department of Law Enforcement or local law enforcement authorities to information and records necessary to the investigation of criminal activity that are contained within the slot machine licensee's facility.
 - Section 49. Subsections (1) and (2), paragraphs (b), (c),

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3017 (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i) of subsection (4), subsections

- (6), (7), (8), and (9), and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection
- (10) of section 551.104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 3020 551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming.—
 - (1) Upon application and a finding by the <u>commission</u> division after investigation that the application is complete and the applicant is qualified and payment of the initial license fee, the <u>commission</u> division may issue a license to conduct slot machine gaming in the designated slot machine gaming area of the eligible facility. Once licensed, slot machine gaming may be conducted subject to the requirements of this chapter and rules adopted pursuant thereto.
 - (2) An application may be approved by the <u>commission</u> division only after the voters of the county where the applicant's facility is located have authorized by referendum slot machines within pari-mutuel facilities in that county as specified in s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution.
 - (4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, the slot machine licensee shall:
 - (b) Continue to be in compliance with chapter 550, where applicable, and maintain the pari-mutuel permit and license in good standing pursuant to the provisions of chapter 550. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law and in order to expedite the operation of slot machines at eligible facilities, any eligible facility shall be entitled within 60 days after the effective date of this act to amend its 2006-2007 pari-mutuel wagering operating license issued by the commission division under ss. 550.0115 and 550.01215. The commission division shall

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issue a new license to the eligible facility to effectuate any approved change.

- (c) If a thoroughbred permitholder, conduct no fewer than a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(10) 550.002(11). A permitholder's responsibility to conduct live races or games shall be reduced by the number of races or games that could not be conducted due to the direct result of fire, strike, war, hurricane, pandemic, or other disaster or event beyond the control of the permitholder.
- (d) Upon approval of any changes relating to the parimutuel permit by the commission division, be responsible for providing appropriate current and accurate documentation on a timely basis to the commission division in order to continue the slot machine license in good standing. Changes in ownership or interest of a slot machine license of 5 percent or more of the stock or other evidence of ownership or equity in the slot machine license or any parent corporation or other business entity that in any way owns or controls the slot machine license shall be approved by the commission division prior to such change, unless the owner is an existing holder of that license who was previously approved by the commission division. Changes in ownership or interest of a slot machine license of less than 5 percent, unless such change results in a cumulative total of 5 percent or more, shall be reported to the commission division within 20 days after the change. The commission division may then conduct an investigation to ensure that the license is properly updated to show the change in ownership or interest. No reporting is required if the person is holding 5 percent or less equity or securities of a corporate owner of the slot machine

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licensee that has its securities registered pursuant to s. 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. ss. 78a-78kk, and if such corporation or entity files with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission the reports required by s. 13 of that act or if the securities of the corporation or entity are regularly traded on an established securities market in the United States. A change in ownership or interest of less than 5 percent which results in a cumulative ownership or interest of 5 percent or more shall be approved by the commission division prior to such change unless the owner is an existing holder of the license who was previously approved by the commission division.

- (e) Allow the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> and the Department of Law Enforcement unrestricted access to and right of inspection of facilities of a slot machine licensee in which any activity relative to the conduct of slot machine gaming is conducted.
- (f) Ensure that the facilities-based computer system that the licensee will use for operational and accounting functions of the slot machine facility is specifically structured to facilitate regulatory oversight. The facilities-based computer system shall be designed to provide the commission division and the Department of Law Enforcement with the ability to monitor, at any time on a real-time basis, the wagering patterns, payouts, tax collection, and such other operations as necessary to determine whether the facility is in compliance with statutory provisions and rules adopted by the commission division for the regulation and control of slot machine gaming. The commission division and the Department of Law Enforcement shall have complete and continuous access to this system. Such

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access shall include the ability of either the <u>commission</u> division or the Department of Law Enforcement to suspend play immediately on particular slot machines if monitoring of the system indicates possible tampering or manipulation of those slot machines or the ability to suspend play immediately of the entire operation if the tampering or manipulation is of the computer system itself. The computer system shall be reviewed and approved by the <u>commission</u> division to ensure necessary access, security, and functionality. The <u>commission</u> division may adopt rules to provide for the approval process.

- (g) Ensure that each slot machine is protected from manipulation or tampering to affect the random probabilities of winning plays. The <u>commission</u> division or the Department of Law Enforcement shall have the authority to suspend play upon reasonable suspicion of any manipulation or tampering. When play has been suspended on any slot machine, the <u>commission</u> division or the Department of Law Enforcement may examine any slot machine to determine whether the machine has been tampered with or manipulated and whether the machine should be returned to operation.
- (h) Submit a security plan, including the facilities' floor plan, the locations of security cameras, and a listing of all security equipment that is capable of observing and electronically recording activities being conducted in the facilities of the slot machine licensee. The security plan must meet the minimum security requirements as determined by the commission division under s. 551.103(1)(i) and be implemented prior to operation of slot machine gaming. The slot machine licensee's facilities must adhere to the security plan at all

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times. Any changes to the security plan must be submitted by the licensee to the <u>commission</u> division prior to implementation. The <u>commission</u> division shall furnish copies of the security plan and changes in the plan to the Department of Law Enforcement.

- (i) Create and file with the $\underline{\text{commission}}$ division a written policy for:
- 1. Creating opportunities to purchase from vendors in this state, including minority vendors.
- 2. Creating opportunities for employment of residents of this state, including minority residents.
- 3. Ensuring opportunities for construction services from minority contractors.
- 4. Ensuring that opportunities for employment are offered on an equal, nondiscriminatory basis.
- 5. Training for employees on responsible gaming and working with a compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program to further its purposes as provided for in s. 551.118.
- 6. The implementation of a drug-testing program that includes, but is not limited to, requiring each employee to sign an agreement that he or she understands that the slot machine facility is a drug-free workplace.

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The slot machine licensee shall use the Internet-based joblisting system of the Department of Economic Opportunity in advertising employment opportunities. Beginning in June 2007, Each slot machine licensee shall provide an annual report to the Florida Gaming Control Commission division containing information indicating compliance with this paragraph in regard to minority persons.

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(6) A slot machine licensee shall keep and maintain permanent daily records of its slot machine operation and shall maintain such records for a period of not less than 5 years. These records must include all financial transactions and contain sufficient detail to determine compliance with the requirements of this chapter. All records shall be available for audit and inspection by the <u>commission division</u>, the Department of Law Enforcement, or other law enforcement agencies during the licensee's regular business hours.

- (7) A slot machine licensee shall file with the <u>commission</u> division a monthly report containing the required records of such slot machine operation. The required reports shall be submitted on forms prescribed by the <u>commission</u> division and shall be due at the same time as the monthly pari-mutuel reports are due to the <u>commission</u> division, and the reports shall be deemed public records once filed.
- (8) A slot machine licensee shall file with the commission division an audit of the receipt and distribution of all slot machine revenues provided by an independent certified public accountant verifying compliance with all financial and auditing provisions of this chapter and the associated rules adopted under this chapter. The audit must include verification of compliance with all statutes and rules regarding all required records of slot machine operations. Such audit shall be filed within 60 days after the completion of the permitholder's parimutuel meet.
- (9) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may share any information with the Department of Law Enforcement, any other law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over slot machine gaming or pari-

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mutuel activities, or any other state or federal law enforcement agency the <u>commission</u> division or the Department of Law Enforcement deems appropriate. Any law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over slot machine gaming or pari-mutuel activities may share any information obtained or developed by it with the commission division.

(10) (a) 1. No slot machine license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing unless the applicant has on file with the commission division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., governing the payment of purses on live thoroughbred races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. In addition, no slot machine license or renewal thereof shall be issued to such an applicant unless the applicant has on file with the commission division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., governing the payment of breeders', stallion, and special racing awards on live thoroughbred races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses and the agreement governing awards may direct the payment of such purses and awards from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses and awards shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550. All sums for breeders', stallion, and special racing awards shall be remitted monthly to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., for the payment of awards subject to the administrative fee authorized in s.

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3220 550.2625(3).

2. No slot machine license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of quarter horse racing unless the applicant has on file with the <u>commission division</u> a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the association representing a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility, governing the payment of purses on live quarter horse races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses may direct the payment of such purses from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550.

(b) The <u>commission</u> division shall suspend a slot machine license if one or more of the agreements required under paragraph (a) are terminated or otherwise cease to operate or if the <u>commission</u> division determines that the licensee is materially failing to comply with the terms of such an agreement. Any such suspension shall take place in accordance with chapter 120.

Section 50. Subsection (1) of section 551.1045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.1045 Temporary licenses.-

(1) Notwithstanding any provision of s. 120.60 to the contrary, the <u>commission</u> division may issue a temporary occupational license upon the receipt of a complete application from the applicant and a determination that the applicant has not been convicted of or had adjudication withheld on any

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disqualifying criminal offense. The temporary occupational license remains valid until such time as the <u>commission</u> division grants an occupational license or notifies the applicant of its intended decision to deny the applicant a license pursuant to the provisions of s. 120.60. The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt rules to administer this subsection. However, not more than one temporary license may be issued for any person in any year.

Section 51. Subsection (3) of section 551.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.105 Slot machine license renewal.-

(3) Upon determination by the <u>commission</u> division that the application for renewal is complete and qualifications have been met, including payment of the renewal fee, the slot machine license shall be renewed annually.

Section 52. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (2), and subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 551.106, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

551.106 License fee; tax rate; penalties.-

- (1) LICENSE FEE.-
- (a) Upon submission of the initial application for a slot machine license and annually thereafter, on the anniversary date of the issuance of the initial license, the licensee must pay to the commission division a nonrefundable license fee of \$3 million for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. In the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the licensee must pay the division a nonrefundable license fee of \$2.5 million for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. In the 2011-2012 fiscal year and for every fiscal year thereafter, The licensee must pay the commission division a nonrefundable license fee of \$2 million for the

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succeeding 12 months of licensure. The license fee shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to be used by the commission division and the Department of Law Enforcement for investigations, regulation of slot machine gaming, and enforcement of slot machine gaming provisions under this chapter. These payments shall be accounted for separately from taxes or fees paid pursuant to the provisions of chapter 550.

- (2) TAX ON SLOT MACHINE REVENUES. -
- (b) The slot machine revenue tax imposed by this section shall be paid to the <u>commission</u> division for deposit into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund for immediate transfer by the Chief Financial Officer for deposit into the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund of the Department of Education. Any interest earnings on the tax revenues shall also be transferred to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund.
- (3) PAYMENT AND DISPOSITION OF TAXES.—Payment for the tax on slot machine revenues imposed by this section shall be paid to the commission division. The commission division shall deposit these sums with the Chief Financial Officer, to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. The slot machine licensee shall remit to the commission division payment for the tax on slot machine revenues. Such payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. Wednesday of each week for taxes imposed and collected for the preceding week ending on Sunday. Beginning on July 1, 2012, the slot machine licensee shall remit to the commission division payment for the tax on slot machine revenues by 3 p.m. on the 5th day of each calendar month for taxes imposed and collected for the preceding calendar month. If the 5th day of

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the calendar month falls on a weekend, payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. the first Monday following the weekend. The slot machine licensee shall file a report under oath by the 5th day of each calendar month for all taxes remitted during the preceding calendar month. Such payments shall be accompanied by a report under oath showing all slot machine gaming activities for the preceding calendar month and such other information as may be prescribed by the commission division.

- (4) TO PAY TAX; PENALTIES.—A slot machine licensee who fails to make tax payments as required under this section is subject to an administrative penalty of up to \$10,000 for each day the tax payment is not remitted. All administrative penalties imposed and collected shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. If any slot machine licensee fails to pay penalties imposed by order of the commission division under this subsection, the commission division may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of the slot machine licensee.
- (5) SUBMISSION OF FUNDS.—The <u>commission</u> division may require slot machine licensees to remit taxes, fees, fines, and assessments by electronic funds transfer.

Section 53. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of subsection (4), subsection (5), paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (6), and subsections (7), (9), (10), and (11) of section 551.107, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

551.107 Slot machine occupational license; findings; application; fee.—

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(b) The commission division may issue one license to combine licenses under this section with pari-mutuel occupational licenses and cardroom licenses pursuant to s. 550.105(2)(b). The commission division shall adopt rules pertaining to occupational licenses under this subsection. Such rules may specify, but need not be limited to, requirements and restrictions for licensed occupations and categories, procedures to apply for any license or combination of licenses, disqualifying criminal offenses for a licensed occupation or categories of occupations, and which types of occupational licenses may be combined into a single license under this section. The fingerprinting requirements of subsection (7) apply to any combination license that includes slot machine license privileges under this section. The commission division may not adopt a rule allowing the issuance of an occupational license to any person who does not meet the minimum background qualifications under this section.

- (4) (a) A person seeking a slot machine occupational license or renewal thereof shall make application on forms prescribed by the <u>commission</u> division and include payment of the appropriate application fee. Initial and renewal applications for slot machine occupational licenses must contain all information that the <u>commission</u> division, by rule, determines is required to ensure eligibility.
- (c) Pursuant to rules adopted by the <u>commission</u> division, any person may apply for and, if qualified, be issued a slot machine occupational license valid for a period of 3 years upon payment of the full occupational license fee for each of the 3

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years for which the license is issued. The slot machine occupational license is valid during its specified term at any licensed facility where slot machine gaming is authorized to be conducted.

- (d) The slot machine occupational license fee for initial application and annual renewal shall be determined by rule of the commission division but may not exceed \$50 for a general or professional occupational license for an employee of the slot machine licensee or \$1,000 for a business occupational license for nonemployees of the licensee providing goods or services to the slot machine licensee. License fees for general occupational licensees shall be paid by the slot machine licensee. Failure to pay the required fee constitutes grounds for disciplinary action by the commission division against the slot machine licensee, but it is not a violation of this chapter or rules of the commission division by the general occupational licensee and does not prohibit the initial issuance or the renewal of the general occupational license.
 - (5) The commission division may:
- (a) Deny an application for, or revoke, suspend, or place conditions or restrictions on, a license of a person or entity that has been refused a license by any other state gaming commission, governmental department, agency, or other authority exercising regulatory jurisdiction over the gaming of another state or jurisdiction; or
- (b) Deny an application for, or suspend or place conditions on, a license of any person or entity that is under suspension or has unpaid fines in another state or jurisdiction.
 - (6) (a) The commission division may deny, suspend, revoke,

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or refuse to renew any slot machine occupational license if the applicant for such license or the licensee has violated the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the commission division governing the conduct of persons connected with slot machine gaming. In addition, the commission division may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any slot machine occupational license if the applicant for such license or the licensee has been convicted in this state, in any other state, or under the laws of the United States of a capital felony, a felony, or an offense in any other state that would be a felony under the laws of this state involving arson; trafficking in, conspiracy to traffic in, smuggling, importing, conspiracy to smuggle or import, or delivery, sale, or distribution of a controlled substance; racketeering; or a crime involving a lack of good moral character, or has had a gaming license revoked by this state or any other jurisdiction for any gaming-related offense.

- (b) The <u>commission</u> division may deny, revoke, or refuse to renew any slot machine occupational license if the applicant for such license or the licensee has been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor in this state, in any other state, or under the laws of the United States if such felony or misdemeanor is related to gambling or bookmaking as described in s. 849.25.
- (7) Fingerprints for all slot machine occupational license applications shall be taken in a manner approved by the commission division and shall be submitted electronically to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing for a criminal history record check. All persons as specified in s.

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550.1815(1)(a) employed by or working within a licensed premises shall submit fingerprints for a criminal history record check and may not have been convicted of any disqualifying criminal offenses specified in subsection (6). Commission Division employees and law enforcement officers assigned by their employing agencies to work within the premises as part of their official duties are excluded from the criminal history record check requirements under this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, the term "convicted" means having been found guilty, with or without adjudication of guilt, as a result of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.

- (a) Fingerprints shall be taken in a manner approved by the commission division upon initial application, or as required thereafter by rule of the commission division, and shall be submitted electronically to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing. The Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing. The results of the criminal history record check shall be returned to the commission division for purposes of screening. Licensees shall provide necessary equipment approved by the Department of Law Enforcement to facilitate such electronic submission. The commission division requirements under this subsection shall be instituted in consultation with the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (b) The cost of processing fingerprints and conducting a criminal history record check for a general occupational license shall be borne by the slot machine licensee. The cost of processing fingerprints and conducting a criminal history record

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check for a business or professional occupational license shall be borne by the person being checked. The Department of Law Enforcement may invoice the <u>commission</u> division for the fingerprints submitted each month.

- (c) All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement and required by this section shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement and entered into the statewide automated biometric identification system as authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprints entered into the statewide automated biometric identification system pursuant to s. 943.051.
- (d) The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprints received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the statewide automated biometric identification system under paragraph (c). Any arrest record that is identified with the retained fingerprints of a person subject to the criminal history screening requirements of this section shall be reported to the commission division. Each licensed facility shall pay a fee to the commission division for the cost of retention of the fingerprints and the ongoing searches under this paragraph. The commission division shall forward the payment to the Department of Law Enforcement. The amount of the fee to be imposed for performing these searches and the procedures for the retention of licensee fingerprints shall be as established by rule of the Department of Law Enforcement. The commission division shall inform the Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the license status of licensees whose fingerprints are retained under paragraph (c).

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(e) The commission division shall request the Department of Law Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history records check every 3 years following issuance of a license. If the fingerprints of a person who is licensed have not been retained by the Department of Law Enforcement, the person must file a complete set of fingerprints as provided for in paragraph (a). The commission division shall collect the fees for the cost of the national criminal history record check under this paragraph and shall forward the payment to the Department of Law Enforcement. The cost of processing fingerprints and conducting a criminal history record check under this paragraph for a general occupational license shall be borne by the slot machine licensee. The cost of processing fingerprints and conducting a criminal history record check under this paragraph for a business or professional occupational license shall be borne by the person being checked. The Department of Law Enforcement may invoice the commission division for the fingerprints submitted each month. Under penalty of perjury, each person who is licensed or who is fingerprinted as required by this section must agree to inform the commission division within 48 hours if he or she is convicted of or has entered a plea of quilty or nolo contendere to any disqualifying offense, regardless of adjudication.

(9) The <u>commission</u> division may deny, revoke, or suspend any occupational license if the applicant or holder of the license accumulates unpaid obligations, defaults in obligations, or issues drafts or checks that are dishonored or for which payment is refused without reasonable cause.

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(10) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may fine or suspend, revoke, or place conditions upon the license of any licensee who provides false information under oath regarding an application for a license or an investigation by the commission <u>division</u>.

(11) The commission division may impose a civil fine of up to \$5,000 for each violation of this chapter or the rules of the commission division in addition to or in lieu of any other penalty provided for in this section. The commission division may adopt a penalty schedule for violations of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter for which it would impose a fine in lieu of a suspension and adopt rules allowing for the issuance of citations, including procedures to address such citations, to persons who violate such rules. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the commission division may exclude from all licensed slot machine facilities in this state, for a period not to exceed the period of suspension, revocation, or ineligibility, any person whose occupational license application has been declared ineligible to hold an occupational license or whose occupational license has been suspended or revoked by the commission division.

Section 54. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 551.108, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

551.108 Prohibited relationships.-

- (1) A person employed by or performing any function on behalf of the commission division may not:
- (a) Be an officer, director, owner, or employee of any person or entity licensed by the commission division.
- (b) Have or hold any interest, direct or indirect, in or engage in any commerce or business relationship with any person

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3539 licensed by the commission division.

(4) An employee of the <u>commission</u> division or relative living in the same household as such employee of the <u>commission</u> division may not wager at any time on a slot machine located at a facility licensed by the commission division.

Section 55. Subsections (2) and (7) of section 551.109, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

551.109 Prohibited acts; penalties.-

- (2) Except as otherwise provided by law and in addition to any other penalty, any person who possesses a slot machine without the license required by this chapter or who possesses a slot machine at any location other than at the slot machine licensee's facility is subject to an administrative fine or civil penalty of up to \$10,000 per machine. The prohibition in this subsection does not apply to:
- (a) Slot machine manufacturers or slot machine distributors that hold appropriate licenses issued by the <u>commission</u> division who are authorized to maintain a slot machine storage and maintenance facility at any location in a county in which slot machine gaming is authorized by this chapter. The <u>commission</u> division may adopt rules regarding security and access to the storage facility and inspections by the commission division.
- (b) Certified educational facilities that are authorized to maintain slot machines for the sole purpose of education and licensure, if any, of slot machine technicians, inspectors, or investigators. The <u>commission division</u> and the Department of Law Enforcement may possess slot machines for training and testing purposes. The <u>commission division</u> may adopt rules regarding the regulation of any such slot machines used for educational,

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3568 training, or testing purposes.

(7) All penalties imposed and collected under this section must be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.

Section 56. Section 551.112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.112 Exclusions of certain persons.—In addition to the power to exclude certain persons from any facility of a slot machine licensee in this state, the commission division may exclude any person from any facility of a slot machine licensee in this state for conduct that would constitute, if the person were a licensee, a violation of this chapter or the rules of the commission division. The commission division may exclude from any facility of a slot machine licensee any person who has been ejected from a facility of a slot machine licensee in this state or who has been excluded from any facility of a slot machine licensee or gaming facility in another state by the governmental department, agency, commission, or authority exercising regulatory jurisdiction over the gaming in such other state. This section does not abrogate the common law right of a slot machine licensee to exclude a patron absolutely in this state.

Section 57. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 551.114, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

551.114 Slot machine gaming areas.-

(3) The <u>commission</u> division shall require the posting of signs warning of the risks and dangers of gambling, showing the odds of winning, and informing patrons of the toll-free telephone number available to provide information and referral services regarding compulsive or problem gambling.

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(5) The permitholder shall provide adequate office space at no cost to the <u>commission</u> division and the Department of Law Enforcement for the oversight of slot machine operations. The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt rules establishing the criteria for adequate space, configuration, and location and needed electronic and technological requirements for office space required by this subsection.

Section 58. Section 551.117, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.117 Penalties.—The <u>commission</u> division may revoke or suspend any slot machine license issued under this chapter upon the willful violation by the slot machine licensee of any provision of this chapter or of any rule adopted under this chapter. In lieu of suspending or revoking a slot machine license, the <u>commission</u> division may impose a civil penalty against the slot machine licensee for a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the <u>commission</u> division. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the penalty so imposed may not exceed \$100,000 for each count or separate offense. All penalties imposed and collected must be deposited into the Parimutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.

Section 59. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 551.118, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 551.118 Compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program.—
- (2) The <u>commission</u> division shall, subject to competitive bidding, contract for provision of services related to the prevention of compulsive and addictive gambling. The contract

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shall provide for an advertising program to encourage responsible gaming practices and to publicize a gambling telephone help line. Such advertisements must be made both publicly and inside the designated slot machine gaming areas of the licensee's facilities. The terms of any contract for the provision of such services shall include accountability standards that must be met by any private provider. The failure of any private provider to meet any material terms of the contract, including the accountability standards, shall constitute a breach of contract or grounds for nonrenewal. The commission division may consult with the Department of the Lottery in the development of the program and the development and analysis of any procurement for contractual services for the compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program.

(3) The compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program shall be funded from an annual nonrefundable regulatory fee of \$250,000 paid by the licensee to the commission division.

Section 60. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 551.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.121 Prohibited activities and devices; exceptions.—
(4)

- (c) Outside the designated slot machine gaming areas, a slot machine licensee or operator may accept or cash a check for an employee of the facility who is prohibited from wagering on a slot machine under s. 551.108(5), a check made directly payable to a person licensed by the <u>commission</u> division, or a check made directly payable to the slot machine licensee or operator from:
 - 1. A pari-mutuel patron; or
 - 2. A pari-mutuel facility in this state or in another

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3655 state.

Section 61. Section 551.122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.122 Rulemaking.—The <u>commission</u> division may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer the provisions of this chapter.

Section 62. Section 551.123, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.123 Legislative authority; administration of chapter.—
The Legislature finds and declares that it has exclusive authority over the conduct of all wagering occurring at a slot machine facility in this state. As provided by law, only the Florida Gaming Control Commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering and other authorized state agencies shall administer this chapter and regulate the slot machine gaming industry, including operation of slot machine facilities, games, slot machines, and facilities-based computer systems authorized in this chapter and the rules adopted by the commission division.

Section 63. Subsection (5) of section 565.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

565.02 License fees; vendors; clubs; caterers; and others.-

(5) A caterer at a pari-mutuel facility licensed under chapter 550 may obtain a license upon the payment of an annual state license tax of \$675. Such caterer's license shall permit sales only within the enclosure in which pari-mutuel wagering is conducted under the authority of the Florida Gaming Control Commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, caterers licensed hereunder shall

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be treated as vendors licensed to sell by the drink the beverages mentioned herein and shall be subject to all the provisions hereof relating to such vendors.

Section 64. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 817.37, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

817.37 Touting; defining; providing punishment; ejection from racetracks.—

- (3) Any person who in the commission of touting falsely uses the name of any official of the Florida <u>Gaming Control</u> <u>Commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering</u>, its inspectors or attaches, or of any official of any racetrack association, or the names of any owner, trainer, jockey, or other person licensed by the Florida <u>Gaming Control Commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering</u>, as the source of any information or purported information shall be guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (4) Any person who has been convicted of touting by any court, and the record of whose conviction on such charge is on file in the office of the Florida Gaming Control Commission

 Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering, any court of this state, or of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or any person who has been ejected from any racetrack of this or any other state for touting or practices inimical to the public interest shall be excluded from all racetracks in this state and if such person returns to a racetrack he or she shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any such person who refuses to leave such track when ordered to do so by inspectors of the Florida Gaming

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3713 <u>Control Commission</u> Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering or by any peace officer, or by an accredited attache of a racetrack or association shall be guilty of a separate offense which shall be a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.083.

Section 65. Paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (2), subsection (4), paragraphs (a), (d), and (e) of subsection (5), paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) of subsection (6), paragraphs (a), (f), and (h) of subsection (7), subsection (11), paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e), and (h) of subsection (13), subsection (14), paragraph (b) of subsection (15), paragraph (a) of subsection (16), and paragraph (a) of subsection (17) of section 849.086, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

849.086 Cardrooms authorized.-

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (f) "Cardroom operator" means a licensed pari-mutuel permitholder which holds a valid permit and license issued by the Florida Gaming Control Commission division pursuant to chapter 550 and which also holds a valid cardroom license issued by the commission division pursuant to this section which authorizes such person to operate a cardroom and to conduct authorized games in such cardroom.
- (g) "Commission Division" means the Florida Gaming Control
 Commission Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of
 Business and Professional Regulation.
- (4) AUTHORITY OF <u>COMMISSION</u> <u>DIVISION</u>.—The <u>commission</u>

 Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business

 and Professional Regulation shall administer this section and regulate the operation of cardrooms under this section and the

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rules adopted pursuant thereto, and is hereby authorized to:

- (a) Adopt rules, including, but not limited to: the issuance of cardroom and employee licenses for cardroom operations; the operation of a cardroom; recordkeeping and reporting requirements; and the collection of all fees and taxes imposed by this section.
- (b) Conduct investigations and monitor the operation of cardrooms and the playing of authorized games therein.
- (c) Review the books, accounts, and records of any current or former cardroom operator.
- (d) Suspend or revoke any license or permit, after hearing, for any violation of the provisions of this section or the administrative rules adopted pursuant thereto.
- (e) Take testimony, issue summons and subpoenas for any witness, and issue subpoenas duces tecum in connection with any matter within its jurisdiction.
- (f) Monitor and ensure the proper collection of taxes and fees imposed by this section. Permitholder internal controls are mandated to ensure no compromise of state funds. To that end, a roaming commission division auditor will monitor and verify the cash flow and accounting of cardroom revenue for any given operating day.
- (5) LICENSE REQUIRED; APPLICATION; FEES.—No person may operate a cardroom in this state unless such person holds a valid cardroom license issued pursuant to this section.
- (a) Only those persons holding a valid cardroom license issued by the <u>commission</u> division may operate a cardroom. A cardroom license may only be issued to a licensed pari-mutuel permitholder, and an authorized cardroom may only be operated at

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the same facility at which the permitholder is authorized under its valid pari-mutuel wagering permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities. An initial cardroom license shall be issued to a pari-mutuel permitholder only after its facilities are in place and after it conducts its first day of pari-mutuel activities on racing or games.

- (d) Persons seeking a license or a renewal thereof to operate a cardroom shall make application on forms prescribed by the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u>. Applications for cardroom licenses shall contain all of the information the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u>, by rule, may determine is required to ensure eligibility.
- (e) The annual cardroom license fee for each facility shall be \$1,000 for each table to be operated at the cardroom. The license fee shall be deposited by the <u>commission</u> division with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund.
- (6) BUSINESS AND EMPLOYEE OCCUPATIONAL LICENSE REQUIRED; APPLICATION; FEES.—
- (a) A person employed or otherwise working in a cardroom as a cardroom manager, floor supervisor, pit boss, dealer, or any other activity related to cardroom operations while the facility is conducting card playing or games of dominoes must hold a valid cardroom employee occupational license issued by the commission division. Food service, maintenance, and security employees with a current pari-mutuel occupational license and a current background check will not be required to have a cardroom employee occupational license.
- (b) Any cardroom management company or cardroom distributor associated with cardroom operations must hold a valid cardroom

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business occupational license issued by the commission division.

- (d) The <u>commission</u> division shall establish, by rule, a schedule for the renewal of cardroom occupational licenses.

 Cardroom occupational licenses are not transferable.
- (e) Persons seeking cardroom occupational licenses, or renewal thereof, shall make application on forms prescribed by the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u>. Applications for cardroom occupational licenses shall contain all of the information the <u>commission</u> <u>division</u>, by rule, may determine is required to ensure eligibility.
- (f) The <u>commission</u> division shall adopt rules regarding cardroom occupational licenses. The provisions specified in s. 550.105(4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (10) relating to licensure shall be applicable to cardroom occupational licenses.
- (g) The <u>commission</u> division may deny, declare ineligible, or revoke any cardroom occupational license if the applicant or holder thereof has been found guilty or had adjudication withheld in this state or any other state, or under the laws of the United States of a felony or misdemeanor involving forgery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or filing false reports to a government agency, racing or gaming commission or authority.
- (h) Fingerprints for all cardroom occupational license applications shall be taken in a manner approved by the commission division and then shall be submitted to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a criminal records check upon initial application and at least every 5 years thereafter. The commission division may by rule require an annual record check

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of all renewal applications for a cardroom occupational license.

The cost of processing fingerprints and conducting a record check shall be borne by the applicant.

- (7) CONDITIONS FOR OPERATING A CARDROOM.-
- (a) A cardroom may be operated only at the location specified on the cardroom license issued by the <u>commission</u> division, and such location may only be the location at which the pari-mutuel permitholder is authorized to conduct parimutuel wagering activities pursuant to such permitholder's valid pari-mutuel permit or as otherwise authorized by law.
- (f) The cardroom facility is subject to inspection by the commission division or any law enforcement agency during the licensee's regular business hours. The inspection must specifically include the permitholder internal control procedures approved by the commission division.
- (h) Poker games played in a designated player manner in which one player is permitted, but not required, to cover other players' wagers must comply with the following restrictions:
- 1. Poker games to be played in a designated player manner must have been identified in cardroom license applications approved by the <u>former Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering division</u> on or before March 15, 2018, or, if a substantially similar poker game, identified in cardroom license applications approved by the <u>former Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering division</u> on or before April 1, 2021.
- 2. If the cardroom is located in a county where slot machine gaming is authorized under chapter 285 or chapter 551, the cardroom operator is limited to offering no more than 10 tables for the play of poker games in a designated player

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3858 manner.

- 3. If the cardroom is located in a county where slot machine gaming is not authorized under chapter 285 or chapter 551, the cardroom operator is limited to offering no more than 30 tables for the play of poker games in a designated player manner.
- 4. There may not be more than nine players and the nonplayer dealer at each table.
 - (11) RECORDS AND REPORTS.-
- (a) Each licensee operating a cardroom shall keep and maintain permanent daily records of its cardroom operation and shall maintain such records for a period of not less than 3 years. These records shall include all financial transactions and contain sufficient detail to determine compliance with the requirements of this section. All records shall be available for audit and inspection by the commission division or other law enforcement agencies during the licensee's regular business hours. The information required in such records shall be determined by commission division rule.
- (b) Each licensee operating a cardroom shall file with the commission division a report containing the required records of such cardroom operation. Such report shall be filed monthly by licensees. The required reports shall be submitted on forms prescribed by the commission division and shall be due at the same time as the monthly pari-mutuel reports are due to the commission division, and such reports shall contain any additional information deemed necessary by the commission division, and the reports shall be deemed public records once filed.

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- (13) TAXES AND OTHER PAYMENTS.-
- (b) An admission tax equal to 15 percent of the admission charge for entrance to the licensee's cardroom facility, or 10 cents, whichever is greater, is imposed on each person entering the cardroom. This admission tax shall apply only if a separate admission fee is charged for entry to the cardroom facility. If a single admission fee is charged which authorizes entry to both or either the pari-mutuel facility and the cardroom facility, the admission tax shall be payable only once and shall be payable pursuant to chapter 550. The cardroom licensee shall be responsible for collecting the admission tax. An admission tax is imposed on any free passes or complimentary cards issued to guests by licensees in an amount equal to the tax imposed on the regular and usual admission charge for entrance to the licensee's cardroom facility. A cardroom licensee may issue taxfree passes to its officers, officials, and employees or other persons actually engaged in working at the cardroom, including accredited press representatives such as reporters and editors, and may also issue tax-free passes to other cardroom licensees for the use of their officers and officials. The licensee shall file with the commission division a list of all persons to whom tax-free passes are issued.
- (c) Payment of the admission tax and gross receipts tax imposed by this section shall be paid to the <u>commission</u> division. The <u>commission</u> division shall deposit these sums with the Chief Financial Officer, one-half being credited to the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund and one-half being credited to the General Revenue Fund. The cardroom licensee shall remit to the commission division payment for the admission tax, the gross

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receipts tax, and the licensee fees. Such payments shall be remitted to the <u>commission</u> division on the fifth day of each calendar month for taxes and fees imposed for the preceding month's cardroom activities. Licensees shall file a report under oath by the fifth day of each calendar month for all taxes remitted during the preceding calendar month. Such report shall, under oath, indicate the total of all admissions, the cardroom activities for the preceding calendar month, and such other information as may be prescribed by the commission division.

- (d)1. Each jai alai permitholder that conducts live performances and operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 4 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly gross receipts to supplement jai alai prize money during the permitholder's next ensuing pari-mutuel meet.
- 2. Each thoroughbred permitholder or harness horse racing permitholder that conducts live performances and operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 50 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly net proceeds as follows: 47 percent to supplement purses and 3 percent to supplement breeders' awards during the permitholder's next ensuing racing meet.
- 3. No cardroom license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of quarter horse racing and conducting live performances unless the applicant has on file with the commission division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the association representing a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility, governing the

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payment of purses on live quarter horse races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses may direct the payment of such purses from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550.

- (e) The failure of any licensee to make payments as prescribed in paragraph (c) is a violation of this section, and the licensee may be subjected by the <u>commission</u> division to a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for each day the tax payment is not remitted. All penalties imposed and collected shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund. If a licensee fails to pay penalties imposed by order of the <u>commission</u> division under this subsection, the <u>commission</u> division may suspend or revoke the license of the cardroom operator or deny issuance of any further license to the cardroom operator.
- (h) One-quarter of the moneys deposited into the Parimutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to paragraph (g) shall, by October 1 of each year, be distributed to the local government that approved the cardroom under subsection (16); however, if two or more pari-mutuel racetracks are located within the same incorporated municipality, the cardroom funds shall be distributed to the municipality. If a pari-mutuel facility is situated in such a manner that it is located in more than one county, the site of the cardroom facility shall determine the location for purposes of disbursement of tax revenues under this paragraph. The commission division shall, by September 1 of each year, determine: the amount of taxes deposited into the Parimutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to this section from each

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cardroom licensee; the location by county of each cardroom; whether the cardroom is located in the unincorporated area of the county or within an incorporated municipality; and, the total amount to be distributed to each eligible county and municipality.

- (14) SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR DENIAL OF LICENSE; FINE.-
- (a) The <u>commission</u> <u>division</u> may deny a license or the renewal thereof, or may suspend or revoke any license, when the applicant has: violated or failed to comply with the provisions of this section or any rules adopted pursuant thereto; knowingly caused, aided, abetted, or conspired with another to cause any person to violate this section or any rules adopted pursuant thereto; or obtained a license or permit by fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment; or if the holder of such license or permit is no longer eligible under this section.
- (b) If a pari-mutuel permitholder's pari-mutuel permit or license is suspended or revoked by the <u>commission</u> division pursuant to chapter 550, the <u>commission</u> division may, but is not required to, suspend or revoke such permitholder's cardroom license. If a cardroom operator's license is suspended or revoked pursuant to this section, the <u>commission</u> division may, but is not required to, suspend or revoke such licensee's parimutuel permit or license.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the <u>commission</u> division may impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation against any person who has violated or failed to comply with the provisions of this section or any rules adopted pursuant thereto.
 - (15) CRIMINAL PENALTY; INJUNCTION.-

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(b) The <u>commission</u> division, any state attorney, the statewide prosecutor, or the Attorney General may apply for a temporary or permanent injunction restraining further violation of this section, and such injunction shall issue without bond.

- (16) LOCAL GOVERNMENT APPROVAL.-
- (a) The <u>commission</u> Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering shall not issue any initial license under this section except upon proof in such form as the <u>commission</u> division may prescribe that the local government where the applicant for such license desires to conduct cardroom gaming has voted to approve such activity by a majority vote of the governing body of the municipality or the governing body of the county if the facility is not located in a municipality.
 - (17) CHANGE OF LOCATION; REFERENDUM. -
- (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section, no cardroom gaming license issued under this section shall be transferred, or reissued when such reissuance is in the nature of a transfer, so as to permit or authorize a licensee to change the location of the cardroom except upon proof in such form as the <u>commission</u> division may prescribe that a referendum election has been held:
- 1. If the proposed new location is within the same county as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensee desires to conduct cardroom gaming and that a majority of the electors voting on the question in such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license. However, the commission division shall transfer, without requirement of a referendum election, the cardroom license of any permitholder that relocated its permit pursuant to s. 550.0555.

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2. If the proposed new location is not within the same county as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensee desires to conduct cardroom gaming and that a majority of the electors voting on that question in each such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license.

Reviser's Note.—Amended pursuant to the directive of the Legislature to the Division of Law Revision in s. 13, ch. 2021-269, Laws of Florida, to replace references to the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering and references to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation relating to gaming with references to the Florida Gaming Control Commission to conform the Florida Statutes to the transfer of duties in s. 11, ch. 2021-269.

Section 66. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.