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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council; amending s. 311.09, F.S.; revising the membership of the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council to include a representative of Putnam County; authorizing Putnam County to apply for a grant for a port feasibility study through the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council; providing for the evaluation of the application; requiring the Department of Transportation to include the study in its budget request under certain circumstances; requiring the council to review the study and make a determination; terminating the membership of Putnam County on the council under certain circumstances; reenacting ss. 163.3178(2)(k), (5), and (6), 189.068(6), 311.07(1) and (3)(a) and (b), 311.091, 311.10(1) and (2), 311.101(2), 311.12(2)(a), (3), and (6)(a), 311.121(2) and (3)(a), 311.14(1), 315.18, 320.20(3) and (4), 334.27(1), 337.14(7), 373.406(12), 373.4133(2) and (10), 373.4136(6)(d), and 403.061(38) and (39), F.S., relating to coastal management, the oversight of deepwater ports, Florida seaport transportation and economic development funding, entry into public-

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private infrastructure project agreements for portrelated public infrastructure projects, the Strategic Port Investment Initiative within the department, the Intermodal Logistics Center Infrastructure Support Program, seaport security, licensed security officers at Florida seaports, seaport planning, the confidentiality of certain records held by deepwater ports, the disposition of license tax moneys, the definition of the term "governmental transportation entity," seaport contractor services, exemptions for overwater piers, docks, or similar structures in deepwater ports, port conceptual permits, the authorized use of mitigation banks, and the duties of the Department of Environmental Protection in providing environmental resource permits, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 311.09, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 311.09, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (13) is added to that section, to read:

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Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic

Development Council.-

- (1) The Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council is created within the Department of Transportation. The council consists of the following 18 17 members: the port director, or the port director's designee, of each of the ports of Jacksonville, Port Canaveral, Port Citrus, Fort Pierce, Palm Beach, Port Everglades, Miami, Port Manatee, St. Petersburg, Putnam County, Tampa, Port St. Joe, Panama City, Pensacola, Key West, and Fernandina; the secretary of the Department of Transportation or his or her designee; and the secretary of the Department of Economic Opportunity or his or her designee.
- grant through the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council to perform a study examining the economic, technical, and operational viability of the establishment of a port in Putnam County. The council shall evaluate the grant application pursuant to subsections (5)-(8) and, if approved, the Department of Transportation must include the feasibility study in its budget request pursuant to subsection (9). The council shall review the study upon completion to determine if a port in Putnam County is viable. If the council does not approve the study, the membership of Putnam County on the council must terminate.
  - Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment

made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (k) of subsection (2) and subsections (5) and (6) of section 163.3178, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

163.3178 Coastal management.-

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- (2) Each coastal management element required by s. 163.3177(6)(g) shall be based on studies, surveys, and data; be consistent with coastal resource plans prepared and adopted pursuant to general or special law; and contain:
- A component which includes the comprehensive master plan prepared by each deepwater port listed in s. 311.09(1), which addresses existing port facilities and any proposed expansions, and which adequately addresses the applicable requirements of paragraphs (a)-(k) for areas within the port and proposed expansion areas. Such component shall be submitted to the appropriate local government at least 6 months prior to the due date of the local plan and shall be integrated with, and shall meet all criteria specified in, the coastal management element. "The appropriate local government" means the municipality having the responsibility for the area in which the deepwater port lies, except that where no municipality has responsibility, where a municipality and a county each have responsibility, or where two or more municipalities each have responsibility for the area in which the deepwater port lies, "the appropriate local government" means the county which has

responsibility for the area in which the deepwater port lies. Failure by a deepwater port which is not part of a local government to submit its component to the appropriate local government shall not result in a local government being subject to sanctions pursuant to s. 163.3184. However, a deepwater port which is not part of a local government shall be subject to sanctions pursuant to s. 163.3184.

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The appropriate dispute resolution process provided under s. 186.509 must be used to reconcile inconsistencies between port master plans and local comprehensive plans. In recognition of the state's commitment to deepwater ports, the state comprehensive plan must include goals, objectives, and policies that establish a statewide strategy for enhancement of existing deepwater ports, ensuring that priority is given to water-dependent land uses. As an incentive for promoting plan consistency, port facilities as defined in s. 315.02(6) on lands owned or controlled by a deepwater port as defined in s. 311.09(1), as of the effective date of this act shall not be subject to development-of-regional-impact review provided the port either successfully completes an alternative comprehensive development agreement with a local government pursuant to ss. 163.3220-163.3243 or successfully enters into a development agreement with the state land planning agency and applicable local government pursuant to s. 380.032 or, where the port is a department of a local government, successfully enters into a

development agreement with the state land planning agency pursuant to s. 380.032. Port facilities as defined in s. 315.02(6) on lands not owned or controlled by a deepwater port as defined in s. 311.09(1) as of the effective date of this act shall not be subject to development-of-regional-impact review provided the port successfully enters into a development agreement with the state land planning agency and applicable local government pursuant to s. 380.032 or, where the port is a department of a local government, successfully enters into a development agreement with the state land planning agency pursuant to s. 380.032.

(6) Each port listed in s. 311.09(1) and each local government in the coastal area which has spoil disposal responsibilities shall provide for or identify disposal sites for dredged materials in the future land use and port elements of the local comprehensive plan as needed to assure proper long-term management of material dredged from navigation channels, sufficient long-range disposal capacity, environmental sensitivity and compatibility, and reasonable cost and transportation. The disposal site selection criteria shall be developed in consultation with navigation and inlet districts and other appropriate state and federal agencies and the public. For areas owned or controlled by ports listed in s. 311.09(1) and proposed port expansion areas, compliance with the provisions of this subsection shall be achieved through

comprehensive master plans prepared by each port and integrated with the appropriate local plan pursuant to paragraph (2)(k).

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (6) of section 189.068, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

189.068 Special districts; authority for oversight; general oversight review process.—

(6) This section does not apply to a deepwater port listed in s. 311.09(1) which is in compliance with a port master plan adopted pursuant to s. 163.3178(2)(k), or to an airport authority operating in compliance with an airport master plan approved by the Federal Aviation Administration, or to any special district organized to operate health systems and facilities licensed under chapter 395, chapter 400, or chapter 429.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 311.07, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

- 311.07 Florida seaport transportation and economic development funding.—
- (1) There is created the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Program within the Department of

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Transportation to finance port transportation or port facilities projects that will improve the movement and intermodal transportation of cargo or passengers in commerce and trade and support the interests, purposes, and requirements of all ports listed in s. 311.09.

- (3) (a) Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic

  Development Program funds shall be used to fund approved

  projects on a 50-50 matching basis with any of the deepwater

  ports, as listed in s. 311.09, which is governed by a public

  body or any other deepwater port which is governed by a public

  body and which complies with the water quality provisions of s.

  403.061, the comprehensive master plan requirements of s.

  163.3178(2)(k), and the local financial management and reporting

  provisions of part III of chapter 218. However, program funds

  used to fund projects that involve the rehabilitation of

  wharves, docks, berths, bulkheads, or similar structures shall

  require a 25-percent match of funds. Program funds also may be

  used by the Seaport Transportation and Economic Development

  Council for data and analysis that will assist Florida's

  seaports and international trade.
- (b) Projects eligible for funding by grants under the program are limited to the following port facilities or port transportation projects:
- 1. Transportation facilities within the jurisdiction of the port.

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The dredging or deepening of channels, turning basins, or harbors.

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- 3. The construction or rehabilitation of wharves, docks, structures, jetties, piers, storage facilities, cruise terminals, automated people mover systems, or any facilities necessary or useful in connection with any of the foregoing.
- 4. The acquisition of vessel tracking systems, container cranes, or other mechanized equipment used in the movement of cargo or passengers in international commerce.
  - 5. The acquisition of land to be used for port purposes.
- 6. The acquisition, improvement, enlargement, or extension of existing port facilities.
- 7. Environmental protection projects which are necessary because of requirements imposed by a state agency as a condition of a permit or other form of state approval; which are necessary for environmental mitigation required as a condition of a state, federal, or local environmental permit; which are necessary for the acquisition of spoil disposal sites and improvements to existing and future spoil sites; or which result from the funding of eligible projects listed in this paragraph.
- 8. Transportation facilities as defined in s. 334.03(30) which are not otherwise part of the Department of Transportation's adopted work program.
  - 9. Intermodal access projects.
  - 10. Construction or rehabilitation of port facilities as

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defined in s. 315.02, excluding any park or recreational facilities, in ports listed in s. 311.09(1) with operating revenues of \$5 million or less, provided that such projects create economic development opportunities, capital improvements, and positive financial returns to such ports.

11. Seaport master plan or strategic plan development or updates, including the purchase of data to support such plans.

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 311.091, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

311.091 Entry into public-private infrastructure project agreements for port-related public infrastructure projects.—A seaport listed in s. 311.09(1) may receive or solicit proposals from and enter into a public-private infrastructure project agreement with a private entity, or a consortium of private entities, to build, operate, manage, maintain, or finance a port-related public infrastructure project.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (1) and (2) of section 311.10, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

- 311.10 Strategic Port Investment Initiative. -
- (1) There is created the Strategic Port Investment
  Initiative within the Department of Transportation. Beginning in

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fiscal year 2012-2013, a minimum of \$35 million annually shall be made available from the State Transportation Trust Fund to fund the Strategic Port Investment Initiative. The Department of Transportation shall work with the deepwater ports listed in s. 311.09 to develop and maintain a priority list of strategic investment projects. Project selection shall be based on projects that meet the state's economic development goal of becoming a hub for trade, logistics, and export-oriented activities by:

- (a) Providing important access and major on-port capacity improvements;
- (b) Providing capital improvements to strategically position the state to maximize opportunities in international trade, logistics, or the cruise industry;
- (c) Achieving state goals of an integrated intermodal transportation system; and
- (d) Demonstrating the feasibility and availability of matching funds through local or private partners.
- (2) Prior to making final project allocations, the Department of Transportation shall schedule a publicly noticed workshop with the Department of Economic Opportunity and the deepwater ports listed in s. 311.09 to review the proposed projects. After considering the comments received, the Department of Transportation shall finalize a prioritized list of potential projects.

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Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 311.101, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 311.101 Intermodal Logistics Center Infrastructure Support Program.—
- (2) For the purposes of this section, the term "intermodal logistics center," including, but not limited to, an "inland port," means a facility or group of facilities serving as a point of intermodal transfer of freight in a specific area physically separated from a seaport where activities relating to transport, logistics, goods distribution, consolidation, or value-added activities are carried out and whose activities and services are designed to support or be supported by conveyance or shipping through one or more seaports listed in s. 311.09.

Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2), subsection (3), and paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 311.12, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

- 311.12 Seaport security.-
- (2) SECURITY PLAN.—

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(a) Each seaport listed in s. 311.09 shall adopt and maintain a security plan specific to that seaport which provides for a secure seaport infrastructure that promotes the safety and

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security of state residents and visitors and the flow of legitimate trade and travel.

- (3) SECURE AND RESTRICTED AREAS.—Each seaport listed in s. 311.09 must clearly designate in seaport security plans, and clearly identify with appropriate signs and markers on the premises of a seaport, all secure and restricted areas as defined by 33 C.F.R. part 105.
- (a)1. All seaport employees and other persons working at the seaport who have regular access to secure or restricted areas must comply with federal access control regulations as prescribed in this section.
- 2. All persons and objects in secure and restricted areas are subject to search by a sworn state-certified law enforcement officer, a Class D seaport security officer certified under Maritime Transportation Security Act of 2002 guidelines, or an employee of the seaport security force certified under the Maritime Transportation Security Act of 2002 guidelines.
- 3. Persons found in these areas without the proper permission are subject to the trespass provisions of ss. 810.08 and 810.09.
- (b) The seaport must provide clear notice of the prohibition against possession of concealed weapons and other contraband material on the premises of the seaport. Any person in a restricted area who has in his or her possession a concealed weapon, or who operates or has possession or control

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of a vehicle in or upon which a concealed weapon is placed or stored, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. This paragraph does not apply to active-duty certified federal or state law enforcement personnel or persons so designated by the seaport director in writing.

- (c) During a period of high terrorist threat level, as designated by the United States Department of Homeland Security, the management or controlling authority of the port may temporarily designate any part of the seaport property as a secure or restricted area. The duration of such designation is limited to the period in which the high terrorist threat level is in effect or a port emergency exists.
  - (6) GRANT PROGRAM.—

- (a) The Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council shall establish a Seaport Security Grant Program for the purpose of assisting in the implementation of security plans and security measures at the seaports listed in s. 311.09(1). Funds may be used for the purchase of equipment, infrastructure needs, cybersecurity programs, and other security measures identified in a seaport's approved federal security plan. Such grants may not exceed 75 percent of the total cost of the request and are subject to legislative appropriation.
- Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in

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references thereto, subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 311.121, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

- 311.121 Qualifications, training, and certification of licensed security officers at Florida seaports.—
- (2) The authority or governing board of each seaport identified under s. 311.09 that is subject to the seaport security standards referenced in s. 311.12 shall require that a candidate for certification as a seaport security officer:
- (a) Has received a Class D license as a security officer under chapter 493.
- (b) Has successfully completed the certified training curriculum for a Class D license or has been determined by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to have equivalent experience as established by rule of the department.
- (c) Has completed the training or training equivalency and testing process established by this section for becoming a certified seaport security officer.
- (3) The Seaport Security Officer Qualification, Training, and Standards Coordinating Council is created under the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (a) The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement shall appoint 11 members to the council, to include:
- 1. The seaport administrator of the Department of Law Enforcement.

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- 2. The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee.
- 3. The director of the Division of Licensing of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- 4. The administrator of the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council.
- 5. Two seaport security directors from seaports designated under s. 311.09.
  - 6. One director of a state law enforcement academy.
  - 7. One representative of a local law enforcement agency.
  - 8. Two representatives of contract security services.
- 9. One representative of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 311.14, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

## 311.14 Seaport planning.-

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(1) The Department of Transportation shall develop, in coordination with the ports listed in s. 311.09(1) and other partners, a Statewide Seaport and Waterways System Plan. This plan shall be consistent with the goals of the Florida Transportation Plan developed pursuant to s. 339.155 and shall consider needs identified in individual port master plans and those from the seaport strategic plans required under this section. The plan will identify 5-year, 10-year, and 20-year

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needs for the seaport system and will include seaport, waterway, road, and rail projects that are needed to ensure the success of the transportation system as a whole in supporting state economic development goals.

Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 315.18, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

315.18 Confidentiality of certain records held by deepwater ports.—Any proposal or counterproposal exchanged between a deepwater port listed in s. 311.09(1) and any nongovernmental entity, relating to the sale, use, or lease of land or of port facilities, and any financial records submitted by any nongovernmental entity to such a deepwater port for the purpose of the sale, use, or lease of land or of port facilities, are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. However, 30 days before any such proposal or counterproposal is considered for approval by the governing body of such a deepwater port, the proposal or counterproposal shall cease to be exempt. If no proposal or counterproposal is submitted to the governing body for approval, such a proposal or counterproposal shall cease to be exempt 90 days after the cessation of negotiations.

Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in

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references thereto, subsections (3) and (4) of section 320.20, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

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320.20 Disposition of license tax moneys.—The revenue derived from the registration of motor vehicles, including any delinquent fees and excluding those revenues collected and distributed under the provisions of s. 320.081, must be distributed monthly, as collected, as follows:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law except subsections (1) and (2), \$15 million shall be deposited annually into the State Transportation Trust Fund solely for the purposes of funding the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Program as provided in chapter 311. Such revenues shall be distributed on a 50-50 matching basis to any port listed in s. 311.09(1) to be used for funding projects as described in s. 311.07(3)(b). Such revenues may be assigned, pledged, or set aside as a trust for the payment of principal or interest on bonds, tax anticipation certificates, or any other form of indebtedness issued by an individual port or appropriate local government having jurisdiction thereof, or collectively by interlocal agreement among any of the ports, or used to purchase credit support to permit such borrowings. However, such debt is not a general obligation of the state. The state covenants with holders of such revenue bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued that it will not repeal or impair or amend in any manner that will materially and adversely affect the

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rights of such holders so long as bonds authorized by this section are outstanding. Any revenues that are not pledged to the repayment of bonds authorized by this section may be used for purposes authorized under the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Program. This revenue source is in addition to any amounts provided and appropriated in accordance with s. 311.07. The Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council shall approve the distribution of funds to ports for projects that have been approved pursuant to s. 311.09(5)-(8). The council and the Department of Transportation may perform acts required to facilitate and implement this subsection. To better enable the ports to cooperate to their mutual advantage, the governing body of each port may exercise powers provided to municipalities or counties in s. 163.01(7)(d) subject to chapter 311 and special acts, if any, pertaining to a port. The use of funds provided pursuant to this subsection are limited to eligible projects listed in this subsection. Income derived from a project completed with the use of program funds, beyond operating costs and debt service, is restricted solely to further port capital improvements consistent with maritime purposes. Use of such income for nonmaritime purposes is prohibited. The revenues available under this subsection may not be pledged to the payment of any bonds other than the Florida Ports Financing Commission Series 1996 and Series 1999 Bonds currently outstanding; however, such revenues may be pledged to

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secure payment of refunding bonds to refinance the Florida Ports Financing Commission Series 1996 and Series 1999 Bonds. Refunding bonds secured by revenues available under this subsection may not be issued with a final maturity later than the final maturity of the Florida Ports Financing Commission Series 1996 and Series 1999 Bonds or which provide for higher debt service in any year than is currently payable on such bonds. Any revenue bonds or other indebtedness issued after July 1, 2000, other than refunding bonds shall be issued by the Division of Bond Finance at the request of the Department of Transportation pursuant to the State Bond Act.

- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law except subsections (1), (2), and (3), \$10 million shall be deposited annually into the State Transportation Trust Fund solely for the purposes of funding the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Program as provided in chapter 311 and for funding seaport intermodal access projects of statewide significance as provided in s. 341.053. Such revenues shall be distributed to any port listed in s. 311.09(1), to be used for funding projects as follows:
- (a) For any seaport intermodal access projects that are identified in the 1997-1998 Tentative Work Program of the Department of Transportation, up to the amounts needed to offset the funding requirements of this section.
  - (b) For seaport intermodal access projects as described in

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s. 341.053(6) which are identified in the 5-year Florida Seaport Mission Plan as provided in s. 311.09(3). Funding for such projects shall be on a matching basis as mutually determined by the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council and the Department of Transportation if a minimum of 25 percent of total project funds come from any port funds, local funds, private funds, or specifically earmarked federal funds.

- (c) On a 50-50 matching basis for projects as described in s. 311.07(3) (b).
- (d) For seaport intermodal access projects that involve the dredging or deepening of channels, turning basins, or harbors; or the rehabilitation of wharves, docks, or similar structures. Funding for such projects requires a 25 percent match of the funds received pursuant to this subsection.

  Matching funds must come from port funds, federal funds, local funds, or private funds.

Such revenues may be assigned, pledged, or set aside as a trust for the payment of principal or interest on bonds, tax anticipation certificates, or other form of indebtedness issued by an individual port or appropriate local government having jurisdiction thereof, or collectively by interlocal agreement among any of the ports, or used to purchase credit support to permit such borrowings. However, such debt is not a general obligation of the state. This state covenants with holders of

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such revenue bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued hereunder that it will not repeal, impair, or amend this subsection in a manner that will materially and adversely affect the rights of holders while bonds authorized by this subsection remain outstanding. Revenues that are not pledged to the repayment of bonds as authorized by this section may be used for purposes authorized under the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Program. This revenue source is in addition to any amounts provided for and appropriated in accordance with s. 311.07 and subsection (3). The Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council shall approve distribution of funds to ports for projects that have been approved pursuant to s. 311.09(5)-(8), or for seaport intermodal access projects identified in the 5-year Florida Seaport Mission Plan as provided in s. 311.09(3) and mutually agreed upon by the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council and the Department of Transportation. All contracts for actual construction of projects authorized by this subsection must include a provision encouraging employment of participants in the welfare transition program. The goal for such employment is 25 percent of all new employees employed specifically for the project, unless the Department of Transportation and the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council demonstrate that such a requirement would severely hamper the successful completion of the project. In such an instance,

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CareerSource Florida, Inc., shall establish an appropriate percentage of employees who are participants in the welfare transition program. The council and the Department of Transportation may perform such acts as are required to facilitate and implement the provisions of this subsection. To better enable the ports to cooperate to their mutual advantage, the governing body of each port may exercise powers provided to municipalities or counties in s. 163.01(7)(d) subject to the provisions of chapter 311 and special acts, if any, pertaining to a port. The use of funds provided pursuant to this subsection is limited to eligible projects listed in this subsection. The revenues available under this subsection may not be pledged to the payment of any bonds other than the Florida Ports Financing Commission Series 1996 and Series 1999 Bonds currently outstanding; however, such revenues may be pledged to secure payment of refunding bonds to refinance the Florida Ports Financing Commission Series 1996 and Series 1999 Bonds. Refunding bonds secured by revenues available under this subsection may not be issued with a final maturity later than the final maturity of the Florida Ports Financing Commission Series 1996 and Series 1999 Bonds and may not provide for higher debt service in any year than is currently payable on such bonds. Any revenue bonds or other indebtedness issued after July 1, 2000, other than refunding bonds shall be issued by the Division of Bond Finance at the request of the Department of

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576 Transportation pursuant to the State Bond Act.

Section 13. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 334.27, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 334.27 Governmental transportation entities; property acquired for transportation purposes; limitation on soil or groundwater contamination liability.—
- (1) For the purposes of this section, the term "governmental transportation entity" means the department; an authority created pursuant to chapter 343, chapter 348, or chapter 349; airports as defined in s. 332.004(14); a port enumerated in s. 311.09(1); a county; or a municipality.

Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (7) of section 337.14, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 337.14 Application for qualification; certificate of qualification; restrictions; request for hearing.—
- (7) A "contractor" as defined in s. 337.165(1)(d) or his or her "affiliate" as defined in s. 337.165(1)(a) qualified with the department under this section may not also qualify under s. 287.055 or s. 337.105 to provide testing services, construction, engineering, and inspection services to the department. This limitation does not apply to any design-build prequalification

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under s. 337.11(7) and does not apply when the department otherwise determines by written order entered at least 30 days before advertisement that the limitation is not in the best interests of the public with respect to a particular contract for testing services, construction, engineering, and inspection services. This subsection does not authorize a contractor to provide testing services, or provide construction, engineering, and inspection services, to the department in connection with a construction contract under which the contractor is performing any work. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, for a project that is wholly or partially funded by the department and administered by a local governmental entity, except for a seaport listed in s. 311.09 or an airport as defined in s. 332.004, the entity performing design and construction engineering and inspection services may not be the same entity.

Section 15. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (12) of section 373.406, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 373.406 Exemptions.—The following exemptions shall apply:
- (12) An overwater pier, dock, or a similar structure located in a deepwater port listed in s. 311.09 is not considered to be part of a stormwater management system for which this chapter or chapter 403 requires stormwater from

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impervious surfaces to be treated if:

- (a) The port has a stormwater pollution prevention plan for industrial activities pursuant to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program; and
- (b) The stormwater pollution prevention plan also provides similar pollution prevention measures for other activities that are not subject to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program and that occur on the port's overwater piers, docks, and similar structures.

Section 16. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (2) and (10) of section 373.4133, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

373.4133 Port conceptual permits.

(2) Any port listed in s. 311.09(1) may apply to the department for a port conceptual permit, including any applicable authorization under chapter 253 to use sovereignty submerged lands under a joint coastal permit pursuant to s. 161.055 or an environmental resource permit issued pursuant to this part, for all or a portion of the area within the geographic boundaries of the port. A private entity with a controlling interest in property used for private industrial marine activities in the immediate vicinity of a port listed in s. 311.09(1) may also apply for a port conceptual permit under this section. A port conceptual permit may be issued for a

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period of up to 20 years and extended one time for an additional 10 years. A port conceptual permit constitutes the state's conceptual certification of compliance with state water quality standards for purposes of s. 401 of the Clean Water Act and the state's conceptual determination that the activities contained in the port conceptual permit are consistent with the state coastal zone management program.

stormwater design standards in rules adopted under this part, which create a presumption that stormwater discharged from the system will meet the applicable state water quality standards in the receiving waters, any port listed in s. 311.09(1) may propose alternative stormwater treatment and design criteria for the construction, operation, and maintenance of stormwater management systems serving overwater piers. The proposal shall include such structural components or best management practices to address the stormwater discharge from the pier, including consideration of activities conducted on the pier, as are necessary to provide reasonable assurance that stormwater discharged from the system will meet the applicable state water quality standards in the receiving waters.

Section 17. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 373.4136, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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373.4136 Establishment and operation of mitigation banks.-

- management district shall establish a mitigation service area for each mitigation bank permit. The department or water management district shall notify and consider comments received on the proposed mitigation service area from each local government within the proposed mitigation service area. Except as provided herein, mitigation credits may be withdrawn and used only to offset adverse impacts in the mitigation service area. The boundaries of the mitigation service area shall depend upon the geographic area where the mitigation bank could reasonably be expected to offset adverse impacts. Mitigation service areas may overlap, and mitigation service areas for two or more mitigation banks may be approved for a regional watershed.
- (d) If the requirements in s. 373.414(1)(b) and (8) are met, the following projects or activities regulated under this part shall be eligible to use a mitigation bank, regardless of whether they are located within the mitigation service area:
- 1. Projects with adverse impacts partially located within the mitigation service area.
- 2. Linear projects, such as roadways, transmission lines, distribution lines, pipelines, railways, or seaports listed in s. 311.09(1).
- 3. Projects with total adverse impacts of less than 1 acre in size.

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Section 18. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 311.09, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (38) and (39) of section 403.061, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

- 403.061 Department; powers and duties.—The department shall have the power and the duty to control and prohibit pollution of air and water in accordance with the law and rules adopted and promulgated by it and, for this purpose, to:
- (38) Provide a supplemental permitting process for the issuance of a joint coastal permit pursuant to s. 161.055 or environmental resource permit pursuant to part IV of chapter 373, to a port listed in s. 311.09(1), for maintenance dredging and the management of dredged materials from maintenance dredging of all navigation channels, port harbors, turning basins, and harbor berths. Such permit shall be issued for a period of 5 years and shall be annually extended for an additional year if the port is in compliance with all permit conditions at the time of extension. The department is authorized to adopt rules to implement this subsection.
- (39) Provide a supplemental permitting process for the issuance of a conceptual joint coastal permit pursuant to s. 161.055 or environmental resource permit pursuant to part IV of chapter 373, to a port listed in s. 311.09(1), for dredging and the management of materials from dredging and for other related activities necessary for development, including the expansion of

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navigation channels, port harbors, turning basins, harbor
berths, and associated facilities. Such permit shall be issued
for a period of up to 15 years. The department is authorized to
adopt rules to implement this subsection.

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The department shall implement such programs in conjunction with its other powers and duties and shall place special emphasis on reducing and eliminating contamination that presents a threat to humans, animals or plants, or to the environment.

Section 19. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

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