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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact; creating s. 490.0075, F.S.; creating the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact; providing purposes and objectives; defining terms; providing for recognition of psychologist licenses in compact states; authorizing a compact state to require licensure under certain circumstances; requiring compact states to meet certain criteria to participate in the compact; providing criteria that a psychologist must satisfy to practice under the compact; maintaining that authority over a psychologist's license remains with the home state but authorizing receiving states to define the scope of and act on a psychologist's authority to practice in the compact state under the compact; prohibiting a psychologist from practicing under the compact if his or her authority to do so has been acted on by any compact state; requiring compact states to report adverse actions they take against psychologists to the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission; requiring compact states to participate in a coordinated licensure information system; providing for the development of the system, reporting procedures, and the exchange of certain information

Page 1 of 55

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between compact states; establishing the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission; providing for the jurisdiction and venue for court proceedings; providing membership, duties, and powers; authorizing the commission to adopt rules; providing rulemaking procedures; providing for state enforcement of the compact; providing for the termination of compact membership; providing procedures for the resolution of certain disputes; providing compact amendment procedures; authorizing nonparty states to participate in commission activities before adoption of the compact; providing construction and severability; amending s. 456.073, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to report certain investigative information to the coordinated licensure information system; amending s. 456.076, F.S.; requiring monitoring contracts for impaired practitioners participating in treatment programs to contain certain terms; amending s. 490.004, F.S.; requiring the Board of Psychology to appoint an individual to serve as the state's commissioner on the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission; amending s. 490.005, F.S.; exempting certain persons from licensure requirements; amending s. 490.006, F.S.; exempting certain persons from requirements for licensure by endorsement;

Page 2 of 55

amending s. 490.009, F.S.; authorizing certain disciplinary action under the compact for certain prohibited acts; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; designating the state commissioner and other members or employees of the commission as state agents for the purpose of applying sovereign immunity and waivers of sovereign immunity; requiring the commission to pay certain judgments or claims; authorizing the commission to maintain insurance coverage to pay such judgments or claims; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, states license psychologists to protect the public through verification of education, training, and experience and to ensure accountability for professional practice, and

WHEREAS, this compact is intended to regulate the day-to-day practice of telepsychology, or the provision of psychological services using telecommunication technologies, by psychologists across state boundaries in the performance of their psychological practice as defined by an appropriate state psychology regulatory authority, and

WHEREAS, this compact is intended to regulate the temporary in-person, face-to-face practice of psychology by psychologists across state boundaries for up to 30 days within a calendar year in the performance of their psychological practice as defined by an appropriate state psychology regulatory authority, and

Page 3 of 55

WHEREAS, this compact is intended to authorize state psychology regulatory authorities to afford legal recognition, in a manner consistent with the terms of the compact, to psychologists licensed in another state, and

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WHEREAS, this compact recognizes that states have a vested interest in protecting the public's health and safety through their licensing and regulation of psychologists and that such state regulation will best protect public health and safety, and

WHEREAS, this compact does not apply when a psychologist is licensed in both the home and receiving states, and

WHEREAS, while this compact does not apply to permanent inperson, face-to-face practice, it does allow for authorization of temporary psychological practice, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 490.0075, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

490.0075 Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact.—The
Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact is hereby enacted and
entered into by this state with all other jurisdictions legally
joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT

ARTICLE I

Page 4 of 55

101	<u>PURPOSE</u>
102	This compact is designed to achieve the following purposes
103	and objectives:
104	(1) Increase public access to professional psychological
105	services by allowing for telepsychological practice across state
106	lines as well as temporary in-person, face-to-face services in a
L07	state where the psychologist is not licensed to practice
108	psychology;
109	(2) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's
110	health and safety, especially client or patient safety;
111	(3) Encourage the cooperation of compact states in the
112	areas of psychologist licensure and regulation;
113	(4) Facilitate the exchange of information between compact
114	states regarding psychologist licensure, adverse actions, and
115	disciplinary history;
116	(5) Promote compliance with the laws governing the
117	practice of psychology in each compact state; and
118	(6) Invest all compact states with the authority to hold
119	licensed psychologists accountable through the mutual
120	recognition of compact state licenses.
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122	ARTICLE II
123	<u>DEFINITIONS</u>
124	As used in this compact, the term:
125	(1) "Adverse action" means any disciplinary action that is

Page 5 of 55

CODING: Words $\frac{\text{stricken}}{\text{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\frac{\text{underlined}}{\text{ore additions}}$.

a matter of public record which is taken by a state's psychology regulatory authority against an individual's license to practice psychology in that state.

- (2) "Association of State and Provincial Psychology
 Boards" means the membership organization composed of state and
 provincial psychology regulatory authorities that are
 responsible for the licensure and registration of psychologists
 throughout the United States and Canada.
- (3) "Authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology" means a licensed psychologist's authority to practice telepsychology, within the limits authorized under this compact, in a compact state other than the one in which he or she is licensed.
- (4) "Bylaws" means those rules established by the

 Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission pursuant to

 Article X for its governance, or for directing and controlling

 its actions and conduct.
- (5) "Client or patient" means the recipient of psychological services, whether psychological services are delivered in the context of health care, corporate, supervision, or consulting services.
- (6) "Commissioner" means the voting representative appointed by each state psychology regulatory authority pursuant to article X.
 - (7) "Compact state" means a state, the District of

Page 6 of 55

Columbia, or a United States territory that has enacted this compact legislation and that has not withdrawn pursuant to subsection (3) of article XIII or been terminated pursuant to subsection (2) of article XII.

- (8) "Confidentiality" means the principle that data or information is not made available or disclosed to unauthorized persons or processes.
- (9) "Coordinated licensure information system," also referred to as "coordinated database," means an integrated process that is administered by the Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards for collecting, storing, and sharing information on psychologists' licensure and enforcement activities related to psychology licensure laws and the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact.
- (10) "Day" means any part of a day in which the psychologist practices psychology.
- (11) "Distant state" means the compact state where a psychologist is physically present, not through the use of telecommunication technologies, to provide temporary in-person, face-to-face psychological services.
- (12) "E-passport" means a certificate issued by the Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards which allows a licensed psychologist to provide telepsychological services across state lines.
 - (13) "Executive board" means a group of directors elected

Page 7 of 55

or appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them by, the commission.

- (14) "Home state" means a compact state where a psychologist is licensed to practice psychology, as provided in article III.
- information retained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or other designee with similar authority, in connection with arrests and, in some instances, federal employment or military service.
- (16) "In-person, face-to-face" means interactions in which the psychologist and the client or patient are in the same physical space and does not include interactions that may occur through the use of telecommunication technologies.
- (17) "Interjurisdictional Practice Certificate (IPC)"
 means the certificate issued by the Association of State and
 Provincial Psychology Boards which grants temporary authority to
 practice based on notification to the state psychology
 regulatory authority of one's intention to practice temporarily,
 and verification of one's qualifications for such practice.
- (18) "License" means authorization by a state psychology regulatory authority to engage in the independent practice of psychology, which would be unlawful without the authorization.
- (19) "Noncompact state" means a state that is not a compact state.

Page 8 of 55

(20) "Psychologist" means an individual who is licensed by a state psychology regulatory authority to independently practice psychology in that state.

- (21) "Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission," also referred to as "commission," means the national administration of which all compact states are members.
- (22) "Receiving state" means a compact state where the client or patient is physically located when the telepsychological services are delivered.
- Interjurisdictional Compact Commission promulgated pursuant to article XI of the compact which is of general applicability; implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact; or is an organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the commission; and has the force and effect of statutory law in a compact state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.
 - (24) "Significant investigatory information" means:
- (a) Investigative information that a state psychology regulatory authority, after a preliminary inquiry that includes notification and an opportunity to respond if required by state law, has reason to believe, if proven true, would indicate a violation of state statute or rule that would be considered more substantial than a minor infraction; or
 - (b) Investigative information that indicates that the

Page 9 of 55

220	psychologist represents an indicatate threat to public health and
227	safety regardless of whether the psychologist has been notified
228	or had an opportunity to respond.
229	(25) "State" means a state, commonwealth, territory, or
230	possession of the United States, or the District of Columbia.
231	(26) "State psychology regulatory authority" means the
232	board, office, or other agency with the legislative mandate to
233	license and regulate the practice of psychology in that state.
234	(27) "Telepsychology" means the provision of psychological
235	services using telecommunication technologies.
236	(28) "Temporary authorization to practice" means a
237	licensed psychologist's authority to conduct temporary in-
238	person, face-to-face practice, within the limits authorized
239	under this compact, in another compact state.
240	(29) "Temporary in-person, face-to-face practice" means
241	when a psychologist is physically present, not through the use
242	of telecommunication technologies, in the distant state to
243	provide psychological services for up to 30 days within a
244	calendar year and based on notification to the distant state.
245	
246	ARTICLE III
247	HOME STATE LICENSURE
248	(1) The home state is a compact state where a psychologist
249	is licensed to practice psychology.
250	(2) A psychologist may hold one or more compact state

Page 10 of 55

licenses at a time. If the psychologist is licensed in more than one compact state, the home state is the compact state where the psychologist is physically present when the services are delivered as authorized by the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms of this compact.

2.51

- (3) A compact state may require a psychologist who is not previously licensed in a compact state to obtain and retain a license to be authorized to practice in the compact state under circumstances that are not authorized by the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms of this compact.
- (4) A compact state may require a psychologist to obtain and retain a license to be authorized to practice in a compact state under circumstances that are not authorized by a temporary authorization to practice under the terms of this compact.
- (5) A home state's license authorizes a psychologist to practice in a receiving state under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology only if the compact state:
- (a) Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active
 e-passport;
- (b) Has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about licensed individuals;
- (c) Notifies the commission, in compliance with the terms herein, of any adverse action or significant investigatory

Page 11 of 55

276	information regarding a licensed individual;
277	(d) Requires an identity history summary of all applicants
278	at initial licensure, including the use of the results of
279	fingerprints or other biometric data checks compliant with the
280	requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or other
281	designee with similar authority, no later than 10 years after
282	activation of the compact; and
283	(e) Complies with the bylaws and rules of the commission.
284	(6) A home state's license grants a psychologist temporary
285	authorization to practice in a distant state only if the compact
286	<pre>state:</pre>
287	(a) Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active
288	<pre>IPC;</pre>
289	(b) Has a mechanism in place for receiving and
290	investigating complaints about licensed individuals;
291	(c) Notifies the commission, in compliance with the terms
292	herein, of any adverse action or significant investigatory
293	information regarding a licensed individual;
294	(d) Requires an identity history summary of all applicants
295	at initial licensure, including the use of the results of
296	fingerprints or other biometric data checks compliant with the
297	requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or other
298	designee with similar authority, no later than 10 years after
299	activation of the compact; and
300	(e) Complies with the bylaws and rules of the commission.

Page 12 of 55

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302	ARTICLE IV
303	COMPACT PRIVILEGE TO PRACTICE TELEPSYCHOLOGY
304	(1) Compact states shall recognize the right of a
305	psychologist, licensed in a compact state in conformance with
306	article III, to practice telepsychology in other compact states,
307	or receiving states, in which the psychologist is not licensed,
808	under the authority to practice interjurisdictional
309	telepsychology as provided in the compact.
310	(2) To exercise the authority to practice
311	interjurisdictional telepsychology in a receiving state under
312	the terms and provisions of this compact, a psychologist
313	licensed to practice in a compact state must:
314	(a) Hold a graduate degree in psychology from an
315	institution of higher education that was, at the time the degree
316	was awarded:
317	1. Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized
318	by the United States Department of Education to grant graduate
319	degrees, or authorized by Provincial Statute or Royal Charter to
320	grant doctoral degrees; or
321	2. A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent
322	to subparagraph 1. by a foreign credential evaluation service
323	that is a member of the National Association of Credential
324	Evaluation Services or by a recognized foreign credential
325	evaluation service;

Page 13 of 55

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(b) Hold a graduate degree in psychology which meets the
llowing criteria:
1. The program, wherever it may be administratively
used, is clearly identified and labeled as a psychology
ogram. Such program must specify in pertinent institutional
talogs and brochures its intent to educate and train
ofessional psychologists;
2. The psychology program stands as a recognizable and
herent organizational entity within the institution;
3. There is a clear authority and primary responsibility
r the core and specialty areas regardless of whether the
ogram overlaps across administrative lines;
4. The program consists of an integrated, organized
quence of study;
5. There is an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient
size and breadth to carry out its responsibilities;
6. The designated director of the program is a
ychologist and a member of the core faculty;
7. The program has an identifiable body of students who
e matriculated in that program for a degree;
8. The program includes supervised practicum, internship,
field training appropriate to the practice of psychology;
9. The curriculum encompasses a minimum of 3 academic
ars of full-time graduate study for doctoral degrees and a

Page 14 of 55

minimum of 1 academic year of full-time graduate study for

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3 J I	master's degrees, and
352	10. The program includes an acceptable residency as
353	defined by the rules of the commission;
354	(c) Possess a current, full, and unrestricted license to
355	practice psychology in a home state that is a compact state;
356	(d) Have no history of adverse actions that violate the
357	rules of the commission;
358	(e) Have no criminal history reported on an identity
359	history summary which violates the rules of the commission;
360	(f) Possess a current, active e-passport;
361	(g) Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended
362	practice, conformity with standards of practice, competence in
363	telepsychology technology, criminal background, and knowledge
364	and adherence to legal requirements in the home and receiving
365	states, and provide a release of information to allow for
366	primary source verification in a manner specified by the
367	commission; and
368	(h) Meet other criteria as defined by the rules of the
369	commission.
370	(3) The home state maintains authority over the license of
371	any psychologist practicing in a receiving state under the
372	authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology.
373	(4) A psychologist practicing in a receiving state under
374	the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology
375	will be subject to the receiving state's scope of practice. A

Page 15 of 55

receiving state may, in accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology in the receiving state and may take any other necessary actions under the receiving state's applicable law to protect the health and safety of the receiving state's citizens. If a receiving state takes action, the state shall promptly notify the home state and the commission.

(5) If a psychologist's license in any home state or another compact state or any authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology in any receiving state is restricted, suspended, or otherwise limited, the e-passport must be revoked and the psychologist is not eligible to practice telepsychology in a compact state under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology.

391 <u>ARTICLE V</u>

COMPACT TEMPORARY AUTHORIZATION TO PRACTICE

- (1) Compact states shall recognize the right of a psychologist licensed in a compact state in conformance with article III to practice temporarily in other compact states, or distant states, in which the psychologist is not licensed, as provided in the compact.
- (2) To exercise the temporary authorization to practice in distant states under the terms and provisions of this compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a compact state must:

Page 16 of 55

	(a)	Hold	a grad	<u>luate</u>	degree	e in p	osych	olog	gy fi	rom a	<u>n</u>	
insti	tuti	on of	higher	edu	cation	that	was,	at	the	time	the	degree
was a	award	ed:										

- 1. Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Department of Education to grant graduate degrees, or authorized by Provincial Statute or Royal Charter to grant doctoral degrees; or
- 2. A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent to subparagraph 1. above by a foreign credential evaluation service that is a member of the National Association of Credential Evaluation Services or by a recognized foreign credential evaluation service;
- (b) Hold a graduate degree in psychology that meets the following criteria:
- 1. The program, wherever it may be administratively housed, is clearly identified and labeled as a psychology program. Such program must specify in pertinent institutional catalogs and brochures its intent to educate and train professional psychologists;
- 2. The psychology program stands as a recognizable and coherent organizational entity within the institution;
- 3. There is a clear authority and primary responsibility for the core and specialty areas regardless of whether the program overlaps across administrative lines;
 - 4. The program consists of an integrated, organized

Page 17 of 55

426	sequence of study;
427	5. There is an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient
428	in size and breadth to carry out its responsibilities;
429	6. The designated director of the program is a
430	psychologist and a member of the core faculty;
431	7. The program has an identifiable body of students who
432	are matriculated in that program for a degree;
433	8. The program includes supervised practicum, internship,
434	or field training appropriate to the practice of psychology;
435	9. The curriculum encompasses a minimum of 3 academic
436	years of full-time graduate study for doctoral degrees and a
437	minimum of 1 academic year of full-time graduate study for
438	master's degrees; and
439	10. The program includes an acceptable residency as
440	defined by the rules of the commission;
441	(c) Possess a current, full, and unrestricted license to
442	practice psychology in a home state that is a compact state;
443	(d) Have no history of adverse actions that violate the
444	rules of the commission;
445	(e) Have no criminal history that violates the rules of
446	the commission;
447	(f) Possess a current, active IPC;
448	(g) Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended
449	practice and work experience, and provide a release of
450	information to allow for primary source verification in a manner

Page 18 of 55

451	specified by the commission; and					
452	(h) Meet other criteria as defined by the rules of the					
453	commission.					
454	(3) A psychologist practicing in a distant state under a					
455	temporary authorization to practice shall practice within the					
456	scope of practice authorized by the distant state.					
457	(4) A psychologist practicing in a distant state under a					
458	temporary authorization to practice will be subject to the					
459	distant state's authority and law. A distant state may, in					
460	accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a					
461	psychologist's temporary authorization to practice in the					
462	distant state and may take any other necessary actions under the					
463	distant state's applicable law to protect the health and safety					
464	of the distant state's citizens. If a distant state takes					
465	action, the state shall promptly notify the home state and the					
466	commission.					
467	(5) If a psychologist's license in any home state or					
468	another compact state or temporary authorization to practice in					
469	any distant state is restricted, suspended, or otherwise					
470	limited, the IPC shall be revoked and the psychologist is not					
471	eligible to practice in a compact state under the temporary					
472	authorization to practice.					
473						
474	ARTICLE VI					
475	CONDITIONS OF TELEPSYCHOLOGY PRACTICE IN A RECEIVING STATE					

Page 19 of 55

476	A psychologist may practice in a receiving state under the
477	authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology only in
478	the performance of the scope of practice for psychology as
479	defined by an appropriate state psychology regulatory authority,
480	as defined in the rules of the commission, and under the
481	following circumstances:
482	(1) The psychologist initiates a client or patient contact
483	in a home state via telecommunication technologies with a client
484	or patient in a receiving state; and
485	(2) Other conditions regarding telepsychology as
486	determined by rules promulgated by the commission.
487	
488	ARTICLE VII
489	ADVERSE ACTIONS
490	(1) A home state may take adverse action against a
491	psychologist's license issued by the home state. A distant state
492	shall have the power to take adverse action on a psychologist's
493	temporary authorization to practice within that distant state.
494	(2) A receiving state may take adverse action on a
495	psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional
496	telepsychology within that receiving state. A home state may
497	take adverse action against a psychologist based on an adverse
498	action taken by a distant state regarding temporary in-person,
499	face-to-face practice.
500	(3) If a home state takes adverse action against a

Page 20 of 55

psychologist's license, that psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology is terminated and the e-passport is revoked. Furthermore, that psychologist's temporary authorization to practice is terminated and the IPC is revoked.

- (a) All home state disciplinary orders that take adverse action shall be reported to the commission in accordance with the rules promulgated by the commission. A compact state shall report adverse actions in accordance with the rules of the commission.
- (b) In the event that discipline is reported on a psychologist, the psychologist will not be eligible for telepsychology or temporary in-person, face-to-face practice in accordance with the rules of the commission.
- (c) Other actions may be imposed as determined by the rules promulgated by the commission.
- (4) A home state's psychology regulatory authority shall investigate and take appropriate action with respect to reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a licensee which occurred in a receiving state in the same manner as it would if such conduct had occurred by a licensee within the home state. In such cases, the home state's law shall control in determining any adverse action against a psychologist's license.
- (5) A distant state's psychology regulatory authority shall investigate and take appropriate action with respect to

Page 21 of 55

526 reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a psychologist 527 practicing under temporary authorization to practice which 528 occurred in that distant state in the same manner as it would if 529 such conduct had occurred by a licensee within the home state. 530 In such cases, the distant state's law shall control in 531 determining any adverse action against a psychologist's 532 temporary authorization to practice. 533 (6) Nothing in this compact shall override a compact 534 state's decision that a psychologist's participation in an 535 alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse action and 536 that such participation shall remain nonpublic if required by 537 the compact state's law. Compact states must require 538 psychologists who enter any alternative programs to not provide 539 telepsychology services under the authority to practice 540 interjurisdictional telepsychology or temporary psychological 541 services under the temporary authorization to practice in any 542 other compact state during the term of the alternative program. 543 (7) Other judicial or administrative remedies will not be 544 available to a psychologist in the event a compact state takes 545 adverse action pursuant to subsection (3). 546 547 ARTICLE VIII 548 ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES INVESTED IN A COMPACT STATE'S PSYCHOLOGY 549 REGULATORY AUTHORITY 550 (1) In addition to any other powers granted under state

Page 22 of 55

law, a compact state's psychology regulatory authority shall
have the authority under this compact to:

- (a) Issue subpoenas, for both hearings and investigations, which require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a compact state's psychology regulatory authority for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, or the production of evidence from another compact state, shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to that court's practice and procedure in considering subpoenas issued in its own proceedings. The issuing state psychology regulatory authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the state where the witnesses or evidence are located; and
- (b) Issue cease and desist or injunctive relief orders to revoke a psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or temporary authorization to practice.
- (2) During the course of any investigation, a psychologist may not change his or her home state licensure. A home state psychology regulatory authority is authorized to complete any pending investigations of a psychologist and to take any actions appropriate under its law. The home state psychology regulatory authority shall promptly report the conclusions of such investigations to the commission. Once an investigation has been

completed, and pending the outcome of such investigation, the psychologist may change his or her home state licensure. The commission shall promptly notify the new home state of any such decisions as provided in the rules of the commission. All information provided to the commission or distributed by compact states related to the psychologist shall be confidential, filed under seal, and used for investigatory or disciplinary matters.

The commission may create additional rules for mandated or discretionary sharing of information by compact states.

ARTICLE IX

COORDINATED LICENSURE INFORMATION SYSTEM

(1) The commission shall provide for the development and maintenance of a Coordinated Licensure Information System and a maintenance of a Coordinated Licensure Information System and a sintenance of a Coordinated Licensure Information System and Coordinated Licensure Information System Coordinated Licensure Information System Coordinated Licensure Information System Coordinated Licensure Information System Coordinated Licensure Information System

- (1) The commission shall provide for the development and maintenance of a Coordinated Licensure Information System and a reporting system containing licensure and disciplinary action information on all psychologists to whom this compact is applicable in all compact states as defined by the rules of the commission.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a compact state shall submit a uniform data set to the coordinated database on all licensees as required by the rules of the commission, including:
 - (a) Identifying information;
 - (b) Licensure data;

(c) Significant investigatory information;

Page 24 of 55

601	(d) Adverse actions against a psychologist's license;
602	(e) An indicator that a psychologist's authority to
603	practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or temporary
604	authorization to practice is revoked;
605	(f) Nonconfidential information related to alternative
606	program participation information;
607	(g) Any denial of application for licensure, and the
608	reasons for such denial; and
609	(h) Other information that may facilitate the
610	administration of this compact, as determined by the rules of
611	the commission.
612	(3) The coordinated database administrator shall promptly
613	notify all compact states of any adverse action taken against,
614	or significant investigatory information on, any licensee in a
615	compact state.
616	(4) Compact states reporting information to the
617	coordinated database may designate information that may not be
618	shared with the public without the express permission of the
619	compact state reporting the information.
620	(5) Any information submitted to the coordinated database
621	which is subsequently required to be expunged by the law of the
622	compact state reporting the information shall be removed from
623	the coordinated database.
624	
625	ARTICLE X

Page 25 of 55

0 2 0	ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PSICHOLOGI INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT
527	COMMISSION
528	(1) COMMISSION CREATED.—The compact states hereby create
529	and establish a joint public agency known as the Psychology
530	Interjurisdictional Compact Commission.
31	(a) The commission is a body politic and an
32	instrumentality of the compact states.
33	(b) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against
34	the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a
35	court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of
36	the commission is located. The commission may waive venue and
37	jurisdictional defenses to the extent that it adopts or consents
38	to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
39	(c) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a
540	waiver of sovereign immunity.
541	(2) MEMBERSHIP, VOTING, AND MEETINGS.—
542	(a) The commission shall consist of one voting
543	representative appointed by each compact state who shall serve
544	as that state's commissioner. The state psychology regulatory
545	authority shall appoint its delegate. This delegate shall be
546	empowered to act on behalf of the compact state. This delegate
547	shall be limited to:
548	1. The executive director, the executive secretary, or a
549	similar executive of the compact state's psychology regulatory
550	authority;

Page 26 of 55

2. A current member of the state psychology regulatory authority of a compact state; or

- 3. A designee empowered with the appropriate delegate authority to act on behalf of the compact state.
- (b) A commissioner may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the law of the state from which the commissioner is appointed. Any vacancy occurring in the commission shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the compact state in which the vacancy exists.
- (c) Each commissioner shall be entitled to one vote with regard to the promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the commission. A commissioner shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for commissioners' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication.
- (d) The commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws.
- (e) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner as required under the rulemaking provisions in article XI.
- (f) The commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the commission must discuss:
 - 1. Noncompliance of a compact state with its obligations

Page 27 of 55

HB 953 2022

676	under the compact;
677	2. Employment, compensation, or discipline of or other
678	personnel matters, practices, or procedures related to specific
679	employees, or other matters related to the commission's internal
680	personnel practices and procedures;
681	3. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated
682	litigation against the commission;
683	4. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale of
684	goods, services, or real estate;
685	5. An accusation of any person of a crime or a formal
686	censure of any person;
687	6. Information disclosing trade secrets or commercial or
688	financial information which is privileged or confidential;
689	7. Information of a personal nature where disclosure would
690	constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
691	8. Investigatory records compiled for law enforcement
692	purposes;
693	9. Information related to any investigatory reports
694	prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the commission or
695	other committee charged with responsibility for investigation or
696	determination of compliance issues pursuant to the compact; or
697	10. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by
698	federal or state statute.
699	(g) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed
700	pursuant to this subsection, the commission's legal counsel or

Page 28 of 55

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designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision. The commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, of any person participating in the meeting, and the reasons therefor, including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release only by a majority vote of the commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(3) BYLAWS.-

- (a) The commission shall, by a majority vote of the commissioners, prescribe bylaws or rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and exercise the powers of the compact, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Establishing the fiscal year of the commission;
 - 2. Providing reasonable standards and procedures:
- 720 <u>a. For the establishment and meetings of other committees;</u>
 721 and
 - b. Governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the commission;
 - 3. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the commission, ensuring reasonable

Page 29 of 55

advance notice of all meetings, and providing an opportunity for attendance of such meetings by interested parties, with enumerated exceptions designed to protect the public's interest, the privacy of individuals involved in such proceedings, and proprietary information, including trade secrets. The commission may meet in closed session only after a majority of the commissioners vote to close a meeting to the public in whole or in part. As soon as practicable, the commission must make public a copy of the vote to close the meeting which reveals the vote of each commissioner with no proxy votes allowed;

- 4. Establishing the titles, duties and authority, and reasonable procedures for the election of the officers of the commission;
- 5. Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the establishment of the personnel policies and programs of the commission. Notwithstanding any civil service or other similar law of any compact state, the bylaws shall exclusively govern the personnel policies and programs of the commission;
- 6. Promulgating a code of ethics to address permissible and prohibited activities of commission members and employees; and
- 7. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the commission and the equitable disposition of any surplus funds that may exist after the termination of the compact after the payment or reserving of all of its debts and obligations.

Page 30 of 55

(b) The commission shall publish it	s bylaws in a
convenient form and file a copy thereof,	and a copy of any
amendment thereto, with the appropriate a	agency or officer in
each of the compact states.	

- (c) The commission shall maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws.
- (d) The commission shall meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this compact and the bylaws.
 - (4) POWERS.—The commission has the power to:
- (a) Promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation and administration of this compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of law and shall be binding in all compact states;
- (b) Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission, provided that the standing of any state psychology regulatory authority or other regulatory body responsible for psychology licensure to sue or be sued under applicable law is not affected;
 - (c) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
- (d) Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a compact state;
- (e) Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix

 compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate

 authority to carry out the purposes of the compact, and

 establish the commission's personnel policies and programs

Page 31 of 55

776	relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel,
777	and other related personnel matters;
778	(f) Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of
779	money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, and to
780	receive, utilize and dispose of the same; provided that at all
781	times the commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of
782	<pre>impropriety or conflict of interest;</pre>
783	(g) Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations
784	of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or use, any property,
785	real, personal, or mixed; provided that at all times the
786	commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety
787	or conflict of interest;
788	(h) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
789	abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal,
790	or mixed;
791	(i) Establish a budget and make expenditures;
792	(j) Borrow money;
793	(k) Appoint committees, including advisory committees
794	consisting of commission members, state regulators, state
795	legislators or their representatives, and consumer
796	representatives, and such other interested persons as may be
797	designated in this compact and the bylaws;
798	(1) Provide and receive information from, and to cooperate
799	with, law enforcement agencies;
800	(m) Adopt and use an official seal; and

Page 32 of 55

HB 953 2022

801	(n) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or
802	appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact consistent
803	with the state regulation of psychology licensure, temporary in-
804	person, face-to-face practice, and telepsychology practice.
805	(5) EXECUTIVE BOARD.—
806	(a) The executive board shall have the power to act on
807	behalf of the commission according to the terms of this compact,
808	and shall consist of the following six members:
809	1. Five voting members who are elected from the current
810	membership of the commission by the commission; and
811	2. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the Association
812	of State and Provincial Psychology Boards.
813	(b) The ex-officio member must have served as staff for or
814	a member of a state psychology regulatory authority and shall be
815	selected by its respective organization.
816	(c) The commission may remove any member of the executive
817	board as provided in its bylaws.
818	(d) The executive board shall meet at least annually.
819	(e) The executive board shall have the following duties
820	and responsibilities:
821	1. Recommend to the entire commission changes to the rules
822	or bylaws, this compact legislation, or fees paid by compact
823	states, such as annual dues, and other applicable fees;
824	2. Ensure compact administration services are
825	appropriately provided, contractual or otherwise;

Page 33 of 55

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826	3. Prepare and recommend the budget;
827	4. Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission;
828	5. Monitor compact compliance of member states and provide
829	compliance reports to the commission;
830	6. Establish additional committees as necessary; and
831	7. Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.
832	(6) FINANCING.—
833	(a) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment
834	of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization,
835	and ongoing activities.
836	(b) The commission may accept any and all appropriate
837	revenue sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment,
838	supplies, materials, and services.
839	(c) The commission may levy and collect an annual
840	assessment from each compact state or impose fees on other
841	parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of
842	the commission and its staff which must be in a total amount
843	sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for
844	which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate
845	annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula
846	to be determined by the commission, which shall promulgate a
847	rule binding upon all compact states.
848	(d) The commission may not incur obligations of any kind
849	before securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall

Page 34 of 55

the commission pledge the credit of any of the compact states,

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except by and with the authority of the compact state.

- (e) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.
 - (7) QUALIFIED IMMUNITY, DEFENSE, AND INDEMNIFICATION.—
- (a) The members, officers, executive director, employees, and representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
- (b) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the

Page 35 of 55

commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein may be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.

(c) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any

(c) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

ARTICLE XI
RULEMAKING

Page 36 of 55

	(1)	Th	ie co	ommis	ssion	sha	ll exe	rcis	se it	s rul	ema]	king	powe	ers
pursu	ant	to	the	crit	teria	set	forth	in	this	arti	cle	and	the	rules
adopt	ed t	ther	eunc	der.	Rule	s an	d amen	dmei	nts b	ecome	biı	ndino	g as	of
the d	late	spe	cifi	ied i	in ea	ch r	ule or	ame	endme	nt.		_		

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- (2) If a majority of the legislatures of the compact states reject a rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, such rule shall have no further force and effect in any compact state.
- (3) Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the commission.
- (4) Before promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and at least 60 days in advance of the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:
 - (a) On the website of the commission; and
- (b) On the website of each compact state's psychology regulatory authority or the publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
 - (5) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
- (a) The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the rule will be considered and voted upon;
- (b) The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for the proposed rule;
- (c) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person; and

Page 37 of 55

926	(d) The manner in which interested persons may submit
927	notice to the commission of their intention to attend the public
928	hearing and any written comments.
929	(6) Before adoption of a proposed rule, the commission
930	shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
931	arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
932	(7) The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public
933	hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is
934	requested by:
935	(a) At least 25 individuals who submit comments
936	independently of each other;
937	(b) A governmental subdivision or agency; or
938	(c) A duly appointed person in an association that has at
939	<pre>least 25 members.</pre>
940	(8) If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or
941	amendment, the commission shall publish the place, time, and
942	date of the scheduled public hearing.
943	(a) All individuals wishing to be heard at the hearing
944	shall notify the executive director of the commission or other
945	designated member in writing of their desire to appear and
946	testify at the hearing at least 5 business days before the
947	scheduled date of the hearing.
948	(b) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each
949	person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity

Page 38 of 55

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to comment orally or in writing.

(c) A transcript of the hearing is not required, unless a
written request for a transcript is made, in which case the
person requesting the transcript shall bear the cost of
producing the transcript. A recording may be made in lieu of a
transcript under the same terms and conditions as a transcript.
This subsection does not preclude the commission from making a
transcript or recording of the hearing if it so chooses.

- (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this section.
- (9) If a written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is not received, the commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a public hearing.
- of business on the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.
- (11) The commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
- (12) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without

Page 39 of 55

prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this subsection, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to:

- (a) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
 - (b) Prevent a loss of commission or compact state funds;
- (c) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is established by federal law or rule; or
 - (d) Protect public health and safety.

(13) The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of 30 days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to the chair of the commission before the end of the notice period. If a challenge is not made, the revision will

Page 40 of 55

1001 take effect without further action. If the revision is 1002 challenged, the revision may not take effect without the 1003 approval of the commission. 1004 1005 ARTICLE XII 1006 OVERSIGHT; DEFAULT, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, AND TERMINATION; 1007 DISPUTE RESOLUTION; AND ENFORCEMENT 1008 (1) OVERSIGHT.— (a) 1009 The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of 1010 state government in each compact state shall enforce this 1011 compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to 1012 effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of 1013 this compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have 1014 standing as statutory law. 1015 (b) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact 1016 and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a 1017 compact state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact 1018 which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the 1019 commission. 1020 The commission shall be entitled to receive service of (C) process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to 1021 1022 intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to 1023 provide service of process to the commission shall render a 1024 judgment or order void as to the commission, this compact, or

Page 41 of 55

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promulgated rules.

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(2) DEFAULT, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, AND TERMINATION.-

- (a) If the commission determines that a compact state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact or the promulgated rules, the commission shall:
- 1. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other compact states of the nature of the default, the proposed means of remedying the default, and any other action to be taken by the commission; and
- 2. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
- (b) If a state in default fails to remedy the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the compact states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated on the effective date of termination. A remedy of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
- imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. The commission shall submit a notice of intent to suspend or terminate a defaulting compact state to the state's governor, the majority and minority leaders of the state's legislature, and each of the compact states.
 - (d) A compact state that has been terminated is

Page 42 of 55

responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.

- (e) The commission may not bear any costs incurred by the state that is found to be in default or has been terminated from the compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the defaulting state.
- (f) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the United States District Court for the state of Georgia or the federal district where the compact has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.
 - (3) DISPUTE RESOLUTION.—

- (a) Upon request by a compact state, the commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact which arise among compact states and between compact and noncompact states.
- (b) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes that arise before the commission.
 - (4) ENFORCEMENT.—
- (a) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact.

Page 43 of 55

HB 953

1076	(b) By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal
1077	action in the United States District Court for the state of
1078	Georgia or the federal district where the compact has its
1079	principal offices against a compact state in default to enforce
1080	compliance with the provisions of the compact and its
1081	promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both
1082	injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement
1083	is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of
1084	such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.
1085	(c) The remedies herein are not the exclusive remedies of
1086	the commission. The commission may pursue any other remedies
1087	available under federal or state law.
1088	
1089	ARTICLE XIII
1090	DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL
1091	COMPACT COMMISSION AND ASSOCIATED RULES; WITHDRAWAL, AND
1092	<u>AMENDMENTS</u>
1093	(1) The compact shall become effective on the date on
1094	which the compact is enacted into law in the seventh compact
1095	state. The provisions that become effective at that time shall
1096	be limited to the powers granted to the commission relating to
1097	assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the
1098	commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary
1099	to the implementation and administration of the compact.

Page 44 of 55

Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the

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commission's initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to
the rules as they exist on the date on which the compact becomes
law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by
the commission shall have the full force and effect of law on
the day the compact becomes law in that state.

- (3) Any compact state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the same.
- (a) A compact state's withdrawal does not take effect until 6 months after enactment of the repealing statute.
- (b) Withdrawal does not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's psychology regulatory authority to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this act before the effective date of withdrawal.
- (4) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any psychology licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a compact state and a noncompact state which does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.
- (5) This compact may be amended by the compact states. An amendment to this compact will not become effective and binding upon any compact state until it is enacted into the law of all compact states.

ARTICLE XIV

Page 45 of 55

1126 CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY 1127 This compact shall be liberally construed so as to 1128 effectuate the purposes thereof. If this compact shall be held 1129 contrary to the constitution of any state member thereto, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the 1130 1131 remaining compact states. 1132 Section 2. Subsection (10) of section 456.073, Florida 1133 Statutes, is amended to read: 1134 456.073 Disciplinary proceedings.—Disciplinary proceedings 1135 for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of the 1136 department. 1137 The complaint and all information obtained pursuant (10)1138 to the investigation by the department are confidential and 1139 exempt from s. 119.07(1) until 10 days after probable cause has 1140 been found to exist by the probable cause panel or by the 1141 department, or until the regulated professional or subject of the investigation waives his or her privilege of 1142 1143 confidentiality, whichever occurs first. The department shall 1144 report any significant investigation information relating to a 1145 nurse holding a multistate license to the coordinated licensure 1146 information system pursuant to s. 464.0095, and any significant 1147 investigatory information relating to a psychologist practicing 1148 under the Psychology <u>Interjurisdictional Compact to the</u> 1149 coordinated licensure information system pursuant to s. 1150 490.0075. Upon completion of the investigation and a

Page 46 of 55

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recommendation by the department to find probable cause, and pursuant to a written request by the subject or the subject's attorney, the department shall provide the subject an opportunity to inspect the investigative file or, at the subject's expense, forward to the subject a copy of the investigative file. Notwithstanding s. 456.057, the subject may inspect or receive a copy of any expert witness report or patient record connected with the investigation if the subject agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality of any information received under this subsection until 10 days after probable cause is found and to maintain the confidentiality of patient records pursuant to s. 456.057. The subject may file a written response to the information contained in the investigative file. Such response must be filed within 20 days of mailing by the department, unless an extension of time has been granted by the department. This subsection does not prohibit the department from providing such information to any law enforcement agency or to any other regulatory agency. Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 456.076, Florida

Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 456.076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.076 Impaired practitioner programs.-

(5) A consultant shall enter into a participant contract with an impaired practitioner and shall establish the terms of monitoring and shall include the terms in a participant contract. In establishing the terms of monitoring, the

Page 47 of 55

1176	consultant may consider the recommendations of one or more
1177	approved evaluators, treatment programs, or treatment providers.
1178	A consultant may modify the terms of monitoring if the
1179	consultant concludes, through the course of monitoring, that
1180	extended, additional, or amended terms of monitoring are
1181	required for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare
1182	of the public. If the impaired practitioner is a psychologist
1183	practicing under the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact
1184	pursuant to s. 490.0075, the terms of the monitoring contract
1185	must include the impaired practitioner's withdrawal from all
1186	practice under the compact.
1187	Section 4. Subsection (7) is added to section 490.004,
1188	Florida Statutes, to read:
1189	490.004 Board of Psychology
1190	(7) The board shall appoint an individual to serve as the
1191	state's commissioner on the Psychology Interjurisdictional
1192	Compact Commission, as required under s. 490.0075.
1193	Section 5. Subsection (4) is added to section 490.005,
1194	Florida Statutes, to read:
1195	490.005 Licensure by examination.—
1196	(4) A person licensed as a psychologist in another state
1197	who is practicing pursuant to the Psychology Interjurisdictional
1198	Compact under s. 490.0075, and only within the scope provided
1199	therein, is exempt from the licensure requirements of this
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Page 48 of 55

1201	Section 6. Subsection (4) is added to section 490.006,
1202	Florida Statutes, to read:
1203	490.006 Licensure by endorsement.—
1204	(4) A person licensed as a psychologist in another state
1205	who is practicing pursuant to the Psychology Interjurisdictional
1206	Compact under s. 490.0075, and only within the scope provided
1207	therein, is exempt from the licensure requirements of this
1208	section.
1209	Section 7. Section 490.009, Florida Statutes, is amended
1210	to read:
1211	490.009 Discipline.—
1212	(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a
1213	license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2) $\underline{\text{or}}$
1214	<u>s. 490.0075</u> :
1215	(a) Attempting to obtain, obtaining, or renewing a license
1216	under this chapter by bribery or fraudulent misrepresentation or
1217	through an error of the board or department.
1218	(b) Having a license to practice a comparable profession
1219	revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the
1220	denial of certification or licensure by another state,
1221	territory or country

Page 49 of 55

(c) Being convicted or found guilty, regardless of

relates to the practice of his or her profession or the ability

adjudication, of a crime in any jurisdiction which directly

to practice his or her profession. A plea of nolo contendere

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creates a rebuttable presumption of guilt of the underlying criminal charges. However, the board shall allow the person who is the subject of the disciplinary proceeding to present any evidence relevant to the underlying charges and circumstances surrounding the plea.

- (d) False, deceptive, or misleading advertising or obtaining a fee or other thing of value on the representation that beneficial results from any treatment will be guaranteed.
- (e) Advertising, practicing, or attempting to practice under a name other than one's own.
- (f) Maintaining a professional association with any person who the applicant or licensee knows, or has reason to believe, is in violation of this chapter or of a rule of the department or, in the case of psychologists, of the department or the board.
- (g) Knowingly aiding, assisting, procuring, or advising any nonlicensed person to hold himself or herself out as licensed under this chapter.
- (h) Failing to perform any statutory or legal obligation placed upon a person licensed under this chapter.
- (i) Willfully making or filing a false report or record; failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law; willfully impeding or obstructing the filing of a report or record; or inducing another person to make or file a false report or record or to impede or obstruct the filing of a report

Page 50 of 55

or record. Such report or record includes only a report or record which requires the signature of a person licensed under this chapter.

- (j) Paying a kickback, rebate, bonus, or other remuneration for receiving a patient or client, or receiving a kickback, rebate, bonus, or other remuneration for referring a patient or client to another provider of mental health care services or to a provider of health care services or goods; referring a patient or client to oneself for services on a feepaid basis when those services are already being paid for by some other public or private entity; or entering into a reciprocal referral agreement.
- (k) Committing any act upon a patient or client which would constitute sexual battery or which would constitute sexual misconduct as defined in s. 490.0111.
- (1) Making misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in the practice of any profession licensed under this chapter.
- (m) Soliciting patients or clients personally, or through an agent, through the use of fraud, intimidation, undue influence, or a form of overreaching or vexatious conduct.
- (n) Failing to make available to a patient or client, upon written request, copies of test results, reports, or documents in the possession or under the control of the licensee which have been prepared for and paid for by the patient or client.

Page 51 of 55

(o) Failing to respond within 30 days to a written communication from the department concerning any investigation by the department or to make available any relevant records with respect to any investigation about the licensee's conduct or background.

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Being unable to practice the profession for which he or she is licensed under this chapter with reasonable skill or competence as a result of any mental or physical condition or by reason of illness; drunkenness; or excessive use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other substance. In enforcing this paragraph, upon a finding by the State Surgeon General, the State Surgeon General's designee, or the board that probable cause exists to believe that the licensee is unable to practice the profession because of the reasons stated in this paragraph, the department shall have the authority to compel a licensee to submit to a mental or physical examination by psychologists or physicians designated by the department or board. If the licensee refuses to comply with the department's order, the department may file a petition for enforcement in the circuit court of the circuit in which the licensee resides or does business. The licensee may shall not be named or identified by initials in the petition or in any other public court records or documents, and the enforcement proceedings shall be closed to the public. The department shall be entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011. A licensee affected under this

paragraph shall be afforded an opportunity at reasonable intervals to demonstrate that he or she can resume the competent practice for which he or she is licensed with reasonable skill and safety to patients.

- (q) Performing any treatment or prescribing any therapy which, by the prevailing standards of the mental health professions in the community, would constitute experimentation on human subjects, without first obtaining full, informed, and written consent.
- (r) Failing to meet the minimum standards of performance in professional activities when measured against generally prevailing peer performance, including the undertaking of activities for which the licensee is not qualified by training or experience.
- (s) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person whom the licensee knows or has reason to know is not qualified by training or experience to perform such responsibilities.
- (t) Violating a rule relating to the regulation of the profession or a lawful order of the department previously entered in a disciplinary hearing.
- (u) Failing to maintain in confidence a communication made by a patient or client in the context of such services, except as provided in s. 490.0147.
- (v) Making public statements which are derived from test data, client contacts, or behavioral research and which identify

Page 53 of 55

(w) Violating any provision of this chapter or chapter
1328 456, or any rules adopted pursuant thereto.

or damage research subjects or clients.

- (2) (a) The department, or in the case of psychologists, the board, may enter an order denying licensure or imposing any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) against any applicant for licensure or licensee who is found guilty of violating any provision of subsection (1) of this section or who is found guilty of violating any provision of s. 456.072(1).
- (b) The board may take adverse action against a psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or his or her temporary authorization to practice under the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact pursuant to s. 490.0075, and may impose any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) if a psychologist commits an act specified in subsection (1) or s. 456.072(1).

Section 8. Paragraph (h) is added to subsection (10) of section 768.28, Florida Statutes, to read:

768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; civil liability for damages caused during a riot; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.—

(10)

(h) For purposes of this section, the individual appointed under s. 490.004(7) as the state's commissioner on the

Page 54 of 55

1351	Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission, when serving
1352	in that capacity pursuant to s. 490.0075, and any administrator,
1353	officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the
1354	Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission, when acting
1355	within the scope of his or her employment, duties, or
1356	responsibilities in this state, is considered an agent of the
1357	state. The commission shall pay any claims or judgments pursuant
1358	to this section and may maintain insurance coverage to pay any
1359	such claims or judgments.
1360	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

Page 55 of 55