A bill to be entitled

An act relating to Medicaid coverage of rapid whole genome sequencing; creating s. 409.9063, F.S.; defining the term "rapid whole genome sequencing"; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration, subject to federal approval, to include coverage of rapid whole genome sequencing as a separately payable service for certain Medicaid recipients; requiring that genetic data generated as a result of the rapid whole genome sequencing be used only for specified purposes; providing for the use of such data in scientific research if the patient or his or her legal guardian provides express consent for that use; providing for the rescission of such consent; requiring the entities conducting the scientific research, upon receipt of a written revocation of consent, to cease use of the patient's data and expunge it from any data repositories where it is held; requiring the agency to seek federal approval to amend current waivers, request a new waiver, and amend contracts as necessary for a specified purpose; requiring the agency to adopt rules; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 409.9063, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.9063 Rapid whole genome sequencing services for Medicaid recipients.—

(1) As used in this section, the term "rapid whole genome sequencing" means an investigation of the entire human genome, including coding and noncoding regions and mitochondrial deoxyribonucleic acid, to identify disease-causing genetic changes which yields preliminary results within 5 days and the final results within 14 days. The term includes patient-only whole genome sequencing and duo and trio whole genome sequencing of the patient and biological parent or parents.

(2) Subject to any required approval of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the agency shall include coverage of rapid whole genome sequencing as a separately payable service for a Medicaid recipient who:

(a) Is 20 years of age or younger;

(b) Has a complex or acute illness of unknown etiology which is confirmed not to have been caused by an environmental exposure, a toxic ingestion, an infection with normal response to therapy, or trauma; and

(c) Is receiving inpatient hospital services in an intensive care unit or a high-acuity pediatric care unit.

(3)(a) Except as specified in paragraph (b), genetic data

generated as a result of performing rapid whole genome sequencing covered by this section must be used only to assist the ordering health care professional and treating care team in diagnosing and treating the patient. As protected health information, this patient genetic data is subject to the privacy provisions of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and its implementing regulations.

(b) Genetic data generated from rapid whole genome sequencing covered under this section may be used in scientific research if the patient, or the patient's legal guardian if the patient is a minor, has given express consent for that use of the data. A patient or patient's legal guardian, as applicable, has the right to rescind the original consent to the use of the data in scientific research at any time, and upon receipt of a written revocation of the consent, the health care provider or other entity using the data must cease its use of the data and expunge the data from any data repository where it is held.

(4) The agency shall seek approval to amend current waivers, request a new waiver, and amend contracts as necessary to provide for coverage of services under this section.

(5) The agency shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.