

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 03/27/2023 House

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The Committee on Transportation (DiCeglie) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 207.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

207.004 Registration of motor carriers; identifying devices; fees; renewals; temporary fuel-use permits and driveaway permits.-

(1) (a) A No motor carrier may not shall operate or cause to

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11 be operated in this state any commercial motor vehicle, other 12 than a Florida-based commercial motor vehicle that travels 13 Florida intrastate mileage only, that uses diesel fuel or motor 14 fuel until such carrier has registered with the department or has registered under a cooperative reciprocal agreement as 15 16 described in s. 207.0281, after such time as this state enters 17 into such agreement, and has been issued an identifying device 18 or such carrier has been issued a permit as authorized under 19 subsections (4) and (5) for each vehicle operated. The fee for 20 each such identifying device issued is There shall be a fee of 21 \$4 per year or any fraction thereof for each such identifying 22 device issued. The identifying device must shall be provided by 23 the department and must be conspicuously displayed on the 24 commercial motor vehicle as prescribed by the department while 25 it is being operated on the public highways of this state. The 26 transfer of an identifying device from one vehicle to another 27 vehicle or from one motor carrier to another motor carrier is 28 prohibited. The department or its authorized agent shall issue 29 licenses and fuel tax decals. 30 Section 2. Effective July 1, 2025, section 316.066, Florida 31 Statutes, is amended to read: 32 316.066 Written reports of crashes; electronic submission.-

(1) (a) <u>All traffic law enforcement agencies must provide</u>
<u>uniform crash reports by electronic means to the department.</u>
<u>Such crash reports must be consistent with the state traffic</u>
<u>crash manual rules and the procedures established by the</u>
<u>department and must be appropriately numbered and inventoried.</u> A
Florida Traffic Crash Report, Long Form must be completed and
<u>electronically</u> submitted to the department within 10 days after

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40 an investigation is completed by the law enforcement officer who 41 in the regular course of duty investigates a motor vehicle crash 42 that: 43 1. Resulted in death of, personal injury to, or any indication of complaints of pain or discomfort by any of the 44 45 parties or passengers involved in the crash; 2. Involved a violation of s. 316.061(1) or s. 316.193; 46 47 3. Rendered a vehicle inoperable to a degree that required 48 a wrecker to remove it from the scene of the crash; or 4. Involved a commercial motor vehicle. 49 50 (b) The Florida Traffic Crash Report, Long Form must 51 include: 52 1. The date, time, and location of the crash. 53 2. A description of the vehicles involved. 54 3. The names and addresses of the parties involved, 55 including all drivers and passengers, and the identification of 56 the vehicle in which each was a driver or a passenger. 57 4. The names and addresses of witnesses. 58 5. The name, badge number, and law enforcement agency of 59 the officer investigating the crash. 60 6. The names of the insurance companies for the respective 61 parties involved in the crash. 62 (c) In any crash for which a Florida Traffic Crash Report, Long Form is not required by this section and which occurs on 63 64 the public roadways of this state, the law enforcement officer 65 shall complete a short-form crash report or provide a driver 66 exchange-of-information form, to be completed by all drivers and 67 passengers involved in the crash, which requires the identification of each vehicle that the drivers and passengers 68



69 were in. The short-form report must include: 70 1. The date, time, and location of the crash. 2. A description of the vehicles involved. 71 72 3. The names and addresses of the parties involved, 73 including all drivers and passengers, and the identification of 74 the vehicle in which each was a driver or a passenger. 75 4. The names and addresses of witnesses. 76 5. The name, badge number, and law enforcement agency of 77 the officer investigating the crash. 78 6. The names of the insurance companies for the respective 79 parties involved in the crash. 80 (d) Each party to the crash must provide the law

enforcement officer with proof of insurance, which must be 81 82 documented in the crash report. If a law enforcement officer submits a report on the crash, proof of insurance must be 83 84 provided to the officer by each party involved in the crash. Any 85 party who fails to provide the required information commits a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving 86 87 violation as provided in chapter 318, unless the officer determines that due to injuries or other special circumstances 88 89 such insurance information cannot be provided immediately. If 90 the person provides the law enforcement agency, within 24 hours 91 after the crash, proof of insurance that was valid at the time 92 of the crash, the law enforcement agency may void the citation.

93 (e) The driver of a vehicle that was in any manner involved 94 in a crash resulting in damage to a vehicle or other property 95 which does not require a law enforcement report shall, within 10 96 days after the crash, submit a written report of the crash to 97 the department. The report <u>must</u> shall be submitted on a form



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(f) Long-form and short-form crash reports prepared by law enforcement must be submitted to the department and may be maintained by the law enforcement officer's agency.

(2) (a) Crash reports that reveal the identity, home or employment telephone number or home or employment address of, or other personal information concerning the parties involved in the crash and that are held by any agency that regularly receives or prepares information from or concerning the parties to motor vehicle crashes are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution for a period of 60 days after the date the report is filed.

110 (b) Crash reports held by an agency under paragraph (a) may 111 be made immediately available to the parties involved in the 112 crash, their legal representatives, their licensed insurance 113 agents, their insurers or insurers to which they have applied 114 for coverage, persons under contract with such insurers to 115 provide claims or underwriting information, prosecutorial 116 authorities, law enforcement agencies, the Department of 117 Transportation, county traffic operations, victim services 118 programs, radio and television stations licensed by the Federal 119 Communications Commission, newspapers qualified to publish legal 120 notices under ss. 50.011 and 50.031, and, in accordance with paragraph (f), free newspapers of general circulation, published 121 122 once a week or more often, of which at least 7,500 copies are 123 distributed by mail or by carrier as verified by a postal 124 statement or by a notarized printer's statement of press run, 125 which are intended to be generally distributed and circulated, and which contain news of general interest with at least 10 126



127 pages per publication, available and of interest to the public 128 generally for the dissemination of news. For the purposes of 129 this section, the following products or publications are not 130 newspapers as referred to in this section: those intended 131 primarily for members of a particular profession or occupational 132 group; those with the primary purpose of distributing 133 advertising; and those with the primary purpose of publishing 134 names and other personal identifying information concerning 135 parties to motor vehicle crashes.

(c) Any local, state, or federal agency that is authorized to have access to crash reports by any provision of law shall be granted such access in the furtherance of the agency's statutory duties.

140 (d) As a condition precedent to accessing a crash report 141 within 60 days after the date the report is filed, a person must 142 present a valid driver license or other photographic 143 identification, proof of status, or identification that 144 demonstrates his or her qualifications to access that 145 information and file a written sworn statement with the state or 146 local agency in possession of the information stating that 147 information from a crash report made confidential and exempt by this section will not be used for any commercial solicitation of 148 149 accident victims, or knowingly disclosed to any third party for the purpose of such solicitation, during the period of time that 150 151 the information remains confidential and exempt. Such written 152 sworn statement must be completed and sworn to by the requesting 153 party for each individual crash report that is being requested 154 within 60 days after the report is filed. In lieu of requiring the written sworn statement, an agency may provide crash reports 155

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156 by electronic means to third-party vendors under contract with 157 one or more insurers, but only when such contract states that 158 information from a crash report made confidential and exempt by 159 this section will not be used for any commercial solicitation of 160 accident victims by the vendors, or knowingly disclosed by the 161 vendors to any third party for the purpose of such solicitation, during the period of time that the information remains 162 163 confidential and exempt, and only when a copy of such contract 164 is furnished to the agency as proof of the vendor's claimed 165 status.

166 (e) This subsection does not prevent the dissemination or 167 publication of news to the general public by any legitimate media entitled to access confidential and exempt information pursuant to this section.

(3) (a) Any driver failing to file the written report required under subsection (1) commits a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.

(b) Any employee of a state or local agency in possession of information made confidential and exempt by this section who knowingly discloses such confidential and exempt information to a person not entitled to access such information under this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

180 (c) Any person, knowing that he or she is not entitled to 181 obtain information made confidential and exempt by this section, 182 who obtains or attempts to obtain such information commits a 183 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 184

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(d) Any person who knowingly uses confidential and exempt
information in violation of a filed written sworn statement or
contractual agreement required by this section commits a felony
of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
775.083, or s. 775.084.

190 (4) Except as specified in this subsection, each crash 191 report made by a person involved in a crash and any statement 192 made by such person to a law enforcement officer for the purpose 193 of completing a crash report required by this section must shall be without prejudice to the individual so reporting. Such report 194 195 or statement may not be used as evidence in any trial, civil or 196 criminal. However, subject to the applicable rules of evidence, 197 a law enforcement officer at a criminal trial may testify as to 198 any statement made to the officer by the person involved in the 199 crash if that person's privilege against self-incrimination is 200 not violated. The results of breath, urine, and blood tests 201 administered as provided in s. 316.1932 or s. 316.1933 are not 202 confidential and are admissible into evidence in accordance with the provisions of s. 316.1934(2). 203

(5) A law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10(1), may enforce this section.

206 Section 3. The Legislature finds that a proper and 207 legitimate purpose is served when crash reports required under 2.08 s. 316.066, Florida Statutes, are filed electronically with the 209 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles by all entities 210 required to submit crash reports. Electronic filing will 211 expedite the availability of crash reports to the persons 212 authorized to receive them, simplify the process of making crash 213 reports available, and expedite the availability of information

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214 derived from crash reports to improve highway safety. The 215 requirement of this act that all law enforcement agencies that 216 prepare crash reports submit the completed crash reports 217 electronically to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 218 Vehicles applies to all similarly situated persons, including 219 school district law enforcement agencies, state university law 220 enforcement agencies, and state law enforcement agencies. 221 Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that the 2.2.2 amendments made by this act to s. 316.066, Florida Statutes, 223 fulfill an important state interest.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 316.2935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.2935 Air pollution control equipment; tampering prohibited; penalty.-

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229 (b) At the time of sale, lease, or transfer of title of a 230 motor vehicle, the seller, lessor, or transferor shall certify 231 in writing to the purchaser, lessee, or transferee that the air 232 pollution control equipment of the motor vehicle has not been 233 tampered with by the seller, lessor, or transferor or their 234 agents, employees, or other representatives. A licensed motor 235 vehicle dealer shall also visually observe those air pollution 236 control devices listed by department rule pursuant to subsection 237 (7), and certify that they are in place, and appear properly 238 connected and undamaged. Such certification may shall not be 239 deemed or construed as a warranty that the pollution control 240 devices of the subject vehicle are in functional condition, nor 241 does the execution or delivery of this certification create by itself grounds for a cause of action between the parties to this 242

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243 transaction. This paragraph does not apply if the purchaser of 244 the motor vehicle is a lessee purchasing the leased motor 245 vehicle or if the licensed motor vehicle dealer is not in 246 possession of the motor vehicle at the time of sale.

Section 5. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of subsection (1), paragraph (d) of subsection (2), and subsection (9) of section 316.302, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.302 Commercial motor vehicles; safety regulations; transporters and shippers of hazardous materials; enforcement.-

(1)(a) All owners and drivers of commercial motor vehicles that are operated on the public highways of this state while engaged in interstate commerce are subject to the rules and regulations contained in 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 383, <u>384</u>, 385, 386, and 390-397.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all owners and drivers of commercial motor vehicles that are engaged in intrastate commerce are subject to the rules and regulations contained in 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 383, <u>384</u>, 385, 386, and 390-397, as such rules and regulations existed on December 31, <u>2022</u> <u>2020</u>.

(e) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely in intrastate commerce which does not transport hazardous materials in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172 need not comply with the requirements of electronic logging devices and hours of service supporting documents as provided in 49 C.F.R. parts 385, 386, 390, and 395 until December 31, 2019.

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(d) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely

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in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous material in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172 within a 150 air-mile radius of the location where the vehicle is based need not comply with 49 C.F.R. <u>ss. 395.8 and 395.11 s. 395.8</u> if the requirements of <u>49 C.F.R. s. 395.1(e)(1)</u> (iii) and (iv) 49 C.F.R. s. 395.1(e)(1) (ii), (iii)(A) and (C), and (v) are met.

279 (9) For the purpose of enforcing this section, any law enforcement officer of the Department of Highway Safety and 280 281 Motor Vehicles or duly appointed agent who holds a current 282 safety inspector certification from the Commercial Vehicle 283 Safety Alliance may require the driver of any commercial vehicle 284 operated on the highways of this state to stop and submit to an 285 inspection of the vehicle or the driver's records. If the 286 vehicle or driver is found to be operating in an unsafe 287 condition, or if any required part or equipment is not present 288 or is not in proper repair or adjustment, and the continued 289 operation would present an unduly hazardous operating condition, 290 the officer or agent may require the vehicle or the driver to be 291 removed from service pursuant to the North American Standard 292 Out-of-Service Criteria, until corrected. However, if continuous 293 operation would not present an unduly hazardous operating 294 condition, the officer or agent may give written notice requiring correction of the condition within 15 days. 295

(a) Any member of the Florida Highway Patrol or any law
enforcement officer employed by a sheriff's office or municipal
police department authorized to enforce the traffic laws of this
state pursuant to s. 316.640 who has reason to believe that a
vehicle or driver is operating in an unsafe condition may, as



301 provided in subsection (11), enforce the provisions of this 302 section.

303 (b) Any person who fails to comply with <u>a</u> an officer's 304 request to submit to an inspection under this subsection commits 305 a violation of s. 843.02 if the person resists the officer 306 without violence or a violation of s. 843.01 if the person 307 resists the officer with violence.

Section 6. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 319.14, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

310 319.14 Sale of motor vehicles registered or used as 311 taxicabs, police vehicles, lease vehicles, rebuilt vehicles, 312 nonconforming vehicles, custom vehicles, or street rod vehicles; 313 conversion of low-speed vehicles.-

(1)

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315 (b) A person may not knowingly offer for sale, sell, or 316 exchange a rebuilt vehicle until the department has stamped in a 317 conspicuous place on the certificate of title for the vehicle 318 words stating that the vehicle has been rebuilt or assembled 319 from parts, or is a kit car, glider kit, replica, flood vehicle, 320 custom vehicle, or street rod vehicle unless proper application 321 for a certificate of title for a vehicle that is rebuilt or 322 assembled from parts, or is a kit car, glider kit, replica, 323 flood vehicle, custom vehicle, or street rod vehicle has been 324 made to the department in accordance with this chapter and the 325 department has conducted the physical examination of the vehicle 326 to assure the identity of the vehicle and all major component 327 parts, as defined in s. 319.30(1), which have been repaired or 328 replaced. If a vehicle is identified as a flood vehicle, the 329 words stamped on the certificate of title must identify the type

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330 of water that caused damage to the vehicle as "salt water," "fresh water," or "other or unknown water type," as applicable. 331 332 Thereafter, the department shall affix a decal to the vehicle, 333 in the manner prescribed by the department, showing the vehicle 334 to be rebuilt. 335 (c) As used in this section, the term: 9.1. "Police vehicle" means a motor vehicle owned or leased 336 337 by the state or a county or municipality and used in law 338 enforcement. 339 13.2.a. "Short-term-lease vehicle" means a motor vehicle 340 leased without a driver and under a written agreement to one or 341 more persons from time to time for a period of less than 12 342 months. 343 7.b. "Long-term-lease vehicle" means a motor vehicle leased 344 without a driver and under a written agreement to one person for 345 a period of 12 months or longer. 346 6.c. "Lease vehicle" includes both short-term-lease 347 vehicles and long-term-lease vehicles. 348 10.3. "Rebuilt vehicle" means a motor vehicle or mobile 349 home built from salvage or junk, as defined in s. 319.30(1). 350 1.4. "Assembled from parts" means a motor vehicle or mobile home assembled from parts or combined from parts of motor 351 352 vehicles or mobile homes, new or used. The term "assembled from 353 parts" does not include mean a motor vehicle defined as a "rebuilt vehicle" as defined in subparagraph 10. in subparagraph 354 355 3.7 which has been declared a total loss pursuant to s. 319.30. 356 5. "Kit car" means a motor vehicle assembled with a kit 357 supplied by a manufacturer to rebuild a wrecked or outdated

motor vehicle with a new body kit.

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359 <u>4.6.</u> "Glider kit" means a vehicle assembled with a kit 360 supplied by a manufacturer to rebuild a wrecked or outdated 361 truck or truck tractor.

<u>11.7.</u> "Replica" means a complete new motor vehicle manufactured to look like an old vehicle.

<u>3.8.</u> "Flood vehicle" means a motor vehicle or mobile home that has been declared to be a total loss pursuant to s. 319.30(3)(a) resulting from damage caused by <u>salt water</u>, fresh water, or other or unknown type of water.

<u>8.9.</u> "Nonconforming vehicle" means a motor vehicle <u>that</u> which has been purchased by a manufacturer pursuant to a settlement, determination, or decision under chapter 681.

<u>12.10.</u> "Settlement" means an agreement entered into between a manufacturer and a consumer <u>which</u> that occurs after a dispute is submitted to a program, or to an informal dispute settlement procedure established by a manufacturer, or is approved for arbitration before the Florida New Motor Vehicle Arbitration Board as defined in s. 681.102.

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2.11. "Custom vehicle" means a motor vehicle that:

a. Is 25 years of age or older and of a model year after 1948 or was manufactured to resemble a vehicle that is 25 years of age or older and of a model year after 1948; and

381 b. Has been altered from the manufacturer's original design382 or has a body constructed from nonoriginal materials.

The model year and year of manufacture that the body of a custom vehicle resembles is the model year and year of manufacture listed on the certificate of title, regardless of when the vehicle was actually manufactured.

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388 14.12. "Street rod" means a motor vehicle that: 389 a. Is of a model year of 1948 or older or was manufactured 390 after 1948 to resemble a vehicle of a model year of 1948 or 391 older; and 392 b. Has been altered from the manufacturer's original design 393 or has a body constructed from nonoriginal materials. 394 395 The model year and year of manufacture that the body of a street 396 rod resembles is the model year and year of manufacture listed 397 on the certificate of title, regardless of when the vehicle was 398 actually manufactured. 399 Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 319.23, Florida 400 Statutes, is amended to read: 401 319.23 Application for, and issuance of, certificate of 402 title.-403 (3) If a certificate of title has not previously been 404 issued for a motor vehicle or mobile home in this state, the 405 application must, unless otherwise provided for in this chapter, 406 shall be accompanied by a proper bill of sale or sworn statement 407 of ownership, or a duly certified copy thereof, or by a 408 certificate of title, bill of sale, or other evidence of 409 ownership required by the law of the state or country county 410 from which the motor vehicle or mobile home was brought into 411 this state. The application must shall also be accompanied by: 412 (a)1. A sworn affidavit from the seller and purchaser 413 verifying that the vehicle identification number shown on the affidavit is identical to the vehicle identification number 414

shown on the motor vehicle; or

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2. An appropriate departmental form evidencing that a



417 physical examination has been made of the motor vehicle by the 418 owner and by a duly constituted law enforcement officer in any 419 state, a licensed motor vehicle dealer, a license inspector as 420 provided by s. 320.58, or a notary public commissioned by this 421 state and that the vehicle identification number shown on such 422 form is identical to the vehicle identification number shown on 423 the motor vehicle; and

424 (b) If the vehicle is a used car original, a sworn 425 affidavit from the owner verifying that the odometer reading 426 shown on the affidavit is identical to the odometer reading 427 shown on the motor vehicle in accordance with the requirements 428 of 49 C.F.R. s. 580.5 at the time that application for title is 429 made. For the purposes of this section, the term "used car 430 original" means a used vehicle coming into and being titled in 431 this state for the first time.

432 (c) If the vehicle is an ancient or antique vehicle, as 433 defined in s. 320.086, the application must shall be accompanied 434 by a certificate of title; a bill of sale and a registration; or 435 a bill of sale and an affidavit by the owner defending the title 436 from all claims. The bill of sale must contain a complete 437 vehicle description to include the vehicle identification or engine number, year make, color, selling price, and signatures 438 439 of the seller and purchaser.

Verification of the vehicle identification number is not required for any new motor vehicle; any mobile home; any trailer or semitrailer with a net weight of less than 2,000 pounds; or any travel trailer, camping trailer, truck camper, or fifthwheel recreation trailer.

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. SB 1252

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446	Section 8. Present paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1)
447	of section 319.28, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
448	paragraphs (d) and (e), respectively, and a new paragraph (c) is
449	added to that subsection, to read:
450	319.28 Transfer of ownership by operation of law
451	(1)
452	(c) If the previous owner died testate and the application
453	for a certificate of title is made by, and accompanied by an
454	affidavit attested by, a Florida-licensed attorney in good
455	standing with The Florida Bar who represents the previous
456	owner's estate, such affidavit, for purposes of paragraph (a),
457	constitutes satisfactory proof of ownership and right of
458	possession to the motor vehicle or mobile home, so long as the
459	affidavit sets forth the rightful heir or heirs and the attorney
460	attests in the affidavit that such heir or heirs are lawfully
461	entitled to the rights of ownership and possession of the motor
462	vehicle or mobile home. The application for certificate of title
463	filed under this paragraph is not required to be accompanied by
464	a copy of the will or other testamentary instrument.
465	Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 319.29, Florida
466	Statutes, is amended to read:
467	319.29 Lost or destroyed certificates
468	(3) If, following the issuance of an original, duplicate,
469	or corrected certificate of title by the department, the
470	certificate is lost in transit and is not delivered to the
471	addressee, the owner of the motor vehicle or mobile home, or the
472	holder of a lien thereon, may, within 180 days <u>after</u> <del>of</del> the date
473	of issuance of the title, apply to the department for reissuance
474	of the certificate of title. An $\overline{NO}$ additional fee may not shall



475 be charged by the department or a tax collector, as agent for 476 the department, for reissuance under this subsection. 477 Section 10. Paragraphs (g) and (j) of subsection (1), 478 paragraph (b) of subsection (3), and subsection (9) of section 479 319.30, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (y) is 480 added to subsection (1) of that section, to read: 481 319.30 Definitions; dismantling, destruction, change of 482 identity of motor vehicle or mobile home; salvage.-483 (1) As used in this section, the term: 484 (q) "Independent entity" means a business or entity that 485 may temporarily store damaged or dismantled motor vehicles or 486 vessels pursuant to an agreement with an insurance company and 487 is engaged in the sale or resale of damaged or dismantled motor 488 vehicles or vessels. The term does not include a wrecker 489 operator, a towing company, or a repair facility. 490 (j) "Major component parts" means: 491 1. For motor vehicles other than motorcycles and electric, 492 hybrid, or plug-in hybrid motor vehicles, any fender, hood, bumper, cowl assembly, rear quarter panel, trunk lid, door, 493 494 decklid, floor pan, engine, frame, transmission, catalytic 495 converter, or airbag. 496 2. For trucks, other than electric, hybrid, or plug-in 497 hybrid motor vehicles, in addition to those parts listed in 498 subparagraph 1., any truck bed, including dump, wrecker, crane, 499 mixer, cargo box, or any bed which mounts to a truck frame. 500 3. For motorcycles, the body assembly, frame, fenders, gas 501 tanks, engine, cylinder block, heads, engine case, crank case, 502 transmission, drive train, front fork assembly, and wheels. 4. For mobile homes, the frame. 503

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504 5. For electric, hybrid, or plug-in hybrid motor vehicles, any fender, hood, bumper, cowl assembly, rear quarter panel, 505 506 trunk lid, door, decklid, floor pan, engine, electric traction 507 motor, frame, transmission or electronic transmission, charge 508 port, DC power converter, onboard charger, power electronics 509 controller, thermal system, traction battery pack, catalytic 510 converter, or airbag. 511 (y) "Vessel" has the same meaning as provided in s. 512 713.78(1)(b). 513 (3) 514 (b) The owner, including persons who are self-insured, of a 515 motor vehicle or mobile home that is considered to be salvage 516 shall, within 72 hours after the motor vehicle or mobile home 517 becomes salvage, forward the title to the motor vehicle or 518 mobile home to the department for processing. However, an 519 insurance company that pays money as compensation for the total 520 loss of a motor vehicle or mobile home shall obtain the 521 certificate of title for the motor vehicle or mobile home, make 522 the required notification to the National Motor Vehicle Title 523 Information System, and, within 72 hours after receiving such 524 certificate of title, forward such title by the United States 525 Postal Service, by another commercial delivery service, or by 526 electronic means, when such means are made available by the 527 department, to the department for processing. The owner or 528 insurance company, as applicable, may not dispose of a vehicle 529 or mobile home that is a total loss before it obtains a salvage 530 certificate of title or certificate of destruction from the 531 department. Effective January 1, 2020: 532 1. Thirty days after payment of a claim for compensation

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533 pursuant to this paragraph, the insurance company may receive a 534 salvage certificate of title or certificate of destruction from 535 the department if the insurance company is unable to obtain a 536 properly assigned paper or electronic certificate of title from 537 the owner or lienholder of the motor vehicle or mobile home, if 538 the motor vehicle or mobile home does not carry an electronic 539 lien on the title and the insurance company: a. Has obtained the release of all liens on the motor 540 vehicle or mobile home or has fully paid the amounts due to the 541 542 owner and the lienholder; 543 b. Has attested on a form provided by the department that 544 payment of the total loss claim has been distributed or, if a 545 release of all liens has not been obtained, that amounts due to 546 the owner and the lienholder have been paid in full; and 547 c. Has attested on a form provided by the department and 548 signed by the insurance company or its authorized agent stating 549 the attempts that have been made to obtain the title from the 550 owner or the lienholder and further stating that all attempts 551 are to no avail. The form must include a request that the 552 salvage certificate of title or certificate of destruction be 553 issued in the insurance company's name due to payment of a total 554 loss claim to the owner or lienholder. The attempts to contact 555 the owner or the lienholder may be by written request delivered 556 in person or by first-class mail with a certificate of mailing 557 to the owner's or lienholder's last known address.

558 2. If the owner or <u>the</u> lienholder is notified of the 559 request for title in person, the insurance company must provide 560 an affidavit attesting to the in-person request for a 561 certificate of title.



562 3. The request to the owner or the lienholder for the 563 certificate of title must include a complete description of the motor vehicle or mobile home and the statement that a total loss 564 565 claim has been paid on the motor vehicle or mobile home. 566 567 The department is not liable to, and may not be held liable by, 568 an owner, a lienholder, or any other person as a result of the 569 issuance of a salvage certificate of title or a certificate of 570 destruction pursuant to this paragraph. 571 (9) (a) An insurance company may notify an independent 572 entity that obtains possession of a damaged or dismantled motor 573 vehicle or vessel to release the vehicle or vessel to the owner. 574 The insurance company shall provide the independent entity a 575 release statement on a form prescribed by the department 576 authorizing the independent entity to release the vehicle or vessel to the owner or lienholder. The form must, at a minimum, 577 578 contain the following: 579 1. The policy and claim number. 2. The name and address of the insured. 580 3. The vehicle identification number or vessel hull 581 582 identification number. 4. The signature of an authorized representative of the 583 584 insurance company. 585 (b) The independent entity in possession of a motor vehicle 586 or vessel must send a notice to the owner that the vehicle or 587 vessel is available for pickup when it receives a release 588 statement from the insurance company. The notice must shall be 589 sent by certified mail or by another commercially available 590 delivery service that provides proof of delivery to the owner at

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591 the owner's address contained in the department's records. The 592 notice must state that the owner has 30 days after delivery of the notice to the owner at the owner's address to pick up the 593 594 vehicle or vessel from the independent entity. If the motor 595 vehicle or vessel is not claimed within 30 days after the 596 delivery or attempted delivery of the notice, the independent entity may apply for a certificate of destruction, a salvage 597 598 certificate of title, or a certificate of title. For a hull-599 damaged vessel, the independent entity shall comply with s. 600 328.045, as applicable.

(c) If the department's records do not contain the owner's address, the independent entity must do all of the following:

1. Send a notice that meets the requirements of paragraph (b) to the owner's address that is provided by the insurance company in the release statement.

2. For a vehicle, identify the latest titling jurisdiction 607 of the vehicle through use of the National Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent commercially available system and attempt to obtain the owner's address from that jurisdiction. If the jurisdiction returns an address that is 611 different from the owner's address provided by the insurance company, the independent entity must send a notice that meets the requirements of paragraph (b) to both addresses.

614 (d) The independent entity shall maintain for at least  $\frac{1}{2}$ 615 minimum of 3 years the records related to the 30-day notice sent 616 to the owner. For vehicles, the independent entity shall also 617 maintain for at least 3 years the results of searches of the 618 National Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent 619 commercially available system $_{\tau}$  and the notification to the



620 National Motor Vehicle Title Information System made pursuant to621 paragraph (e).

622 (e) The independent entity shall make the required 623 notification to the National Motor Vehicle Title Information 624 System before releasing any damaged or dismantled motor vehicle 625 to the owner or before applying for a certificate of destruction 626 or salvage certificate of title. The independent entity is not 627 required to notify the National Motor Vehicle Title Information 62.8 System before releasing any damaged or dismantled vessel to the 629 owner or before applying for a certificate of title.

630 (f) Upon applying for a certificate of destruction, or 631 salvage certificate of title, or certificate of title, the 632 independent entity shall provide a copy of the release statement 633 from the insurance company to the independent entity, proof of 634 providing the 30-day notice to the owner, proof of notification 635 to the National Motor Vehicle Title Information System if 636 required, proof of all lien satisfactions or proof of a release 637 of all liens on the motor vehicle or vessel, and applicable 638 fees. If the independent entity is unable to obtain a lien 639 satisfaction or a release of all liens on the motor vehicle or 640 vessel, the independent entity must provide an affidavit stating 641 that notice was sent to all lienholders that the motor vehicle 642 or vessel is available for pickup, 30 days have passed since the 643 notice was delivered or attempted to be delivered pursuant to 644 this section, attempts have been made to obtain a release from 645 all lienholders, and all such attempts have been to no avail. 646 The notice to lienholders and attempts to obtain a release from 647 lienholders may be by written request delivered in person or by certified mail or another commercially available delivery 648

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649 service that provides proof of delivery to the lienholder at the 650 lienholder's address as provided on the certificate of title and 651 to the address designated with the Department of State pursuant 652 to s. 655.0201(2) if such address is different.

(g) The independent entity may not charge an owner of the
vehicle <u>or vessel</u> storage fees or apply for a title under s.
713.585 or s. 713.78.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 320.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

320.06 Registration certificates, license plates, and validation stickers generally.-

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662 (b)1. Registration license plates bearing a graphic symbol 663 and the alphanumeric system of identification shall be issued 664 for a 10-year period. At the end of the 10-year period, upon 665 renewal, the plate must shall be replaced. The department shall 666 extend the scheduled license plate replacement date from a 6-667 year period to a 10-year period. The fee for such replacement is 668 \$28, \$2.80 of which must shall be paid each year before the 669 plate is replaced, to be credited toward the next \$28 670 replacement fee. The fees must shall be deposited into the 671 Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. A credit or refund may not 672 be given for any prior years' payments of the prorated 673 replacement fee if the plate is replaced or surrendered before 674 the end of the 10-year period, except that a credit may be given 675 if a registrant is required by the department to replace a 676 license plate under s. 320.08056(8)(a). With each license plate, a validation sticker must shall be issued showing the owner's 677

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678 birth month, license plate number, and the year of expiration or 679 the appropriate renewal period if the owner is not a natural 680 person. The validation sticker must shall be placed on the upper 681 right corner of the license plate. The license plate and 682 validation sticker must shall be issued based on the applicant's 683 appropriate renewal period. The registration period is 12 684 months, the extended registration period is 24 months, and all 685 expirations occur based on the applicant's appropriate 686 registration period. Rental vehicles taxed pursuant to s. 687 320.08(6)(a) and rental trucks taxed pursuant to s. 688 320.08(3)(a), (b), and (c) and (4)(a)-(d) may elect a permanent 689 registration period, provided payment of the appropriate license 690 taxes and fees occurs annually.

691 2. A vehicle that has an apportioned registration <u>must</u>
692 shall be issued an annual license plate and a cab card that
693 denote the declared gross vehicle weight for each apportioned
694 jurisdiction in which the vehicle is authorized to operate. This
695 subparagraph expires June 30, 2024.

696 3. Beginning July 1, 2024, a vehicle registered in 697 accordance with the International Registration Plan must be 698 issued a license plate for a 3-year period. At the end of the 3-699 year period, upon renewal, the license plate must be replaced. 700 Each license plate must include a validation sticker showing the month of expiration. A cab card denoting the declared gross 701 702 vehicle weight for each apportioned jurisdiction must be issued 703 annually. The fee for an original or a renewal cab card is \$28, 704 which must be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust 705 Fund. If the license plate is damaged or worn, it may be replaced at no charge by applying to the department and 706

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surrendering the current license plate.

4. In order to retain the efficient administration of the taxes and fees imposed by this chapter, the 80-cent fee increase in the replacement fee imposed by chapter 2009-71, Laws of Florida, is negated as provided in s. 320.0804.

712 (3) (a) Registration license plates must be made of metal 713 specially treated with a retroreflection material, as specified 714 by the department. The registration license plate is designed to 715 increase nighttime visibility and legibility and must be at 716 least 6 inches wide and not less than 12 inches in length, 717 unless a plate with reduced dimensions is deemed necessary by 718 the department to accommodate motorcycles, mopeds, or similar 719 smaller vehicles, or trailers. Validation stickers must also be 720 treated with a retroreflection material, must be of such size as 721 specified by the department, and must adhere to the license 722 plate. The registration license plate must be imprinted with a 723 combination of bold letters and numerals or numerals, not to 724 exceed seven digits, to identify the registration license plate 725 number. The license plate must be imprinted with the word 726 "Florida" at the top and the name of the county in which it is 727 sold, the state motto, or the words "Sunshine State" at the 728 bottom. Apportioned license plates must have the word 729 "Apportioned" at the bottom, and license plates issued for 730 vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(3)(d), (4)(m) or (n), (5)(b) or 731 (c), or (14) must have the word "Restricted" at the bottom. 732 License plates issued for vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(12) 733 must be imprinted with the word "Florida" at the top and the 734 word "Dealer" at the bottom unless the license plate is a 735 specialty license plate as authorized in s. 320.08056.



736 Manufacturer license plates issued for vehicles taxed under s. 737 320.08(12) must be imprinted with the word "Florida" at the top 738 and the word "Manufacturer" at the bottom. License plates issued 739 for vehicles taxed under s. 320.08(5)(d) or (e) must be 740 imprinted with the word "Wrecker" at the bottom. Any county may, 741 upon majority vote of the county commission, elect to have the 742 county name removed from the license plates sold in that county. 743 The state motto or the words "Sunshine State" must shall be 744 printed in lieu thereof. A license plate issued for a vehicle taxed under s. 320.08(6) may not be assigned a registration 745 746 license number, or be issued with any other distinctive 747 character or designation, that distinguishes the motor vehicle 748 as a for-hire motor vehicle.

Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 320.084, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

320.084 Free motor vehicle license plate to certain disabled veterans.-

(1) One free <u>"DV"</u> motor vehicle license number plate <u>must</u> shall be issued by the department for use on any motor vehicle owned or leased by any disabled veteran who has been a resident of this state continuously for the preceding 5 years or has established a domicile in this state as provided by s. 222.17(1), (2), or (3), and who has been honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, upon application, accompanied by proof that:

(a) A vehicle was initially acquired through financial
assistance by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs
or its predecessor specifically for the purchase of an

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(b) The applicant has been determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor to have a service-connected 100-percent disability rating for compensation; or

(c) The applicant has been determined to have a serviceconnected disability rating of 100 percent and is in receipt of disability retirement pay from any branch of the United States Armed Services.

(6) (a) A disabled veteran who qualifies for issuance of a "DV" license under subsection (1) may be issued, in lieu of the "DV" license plate, a military license plate for which he or she is eligible or a specialty license plate. A disabled veteran electing a military license plate or specialty license plate under this paragraph must pay all applicable fees related to such license plate, except for fees otherwise waived under subsections (1) and (4).

(b) A military license plate or specialty license plate elected under this subsection:

<u>1. Does not provide the protections or rights afforded by</u> <u>s. 316.1955, s. 316.1964, s. 320.0848, s. 526.141, or s.</u> <u>553.5041.</u>

2. Is not eligible for the international symbol of accessibility as described in s. 320.0842.

Section 13. Present subsections (16) through (48) of section 322.01, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (17) through (49), respectively, a new subsection (16) is added to that section, and subsection (5) and present subsections (37) and (41) of that section are amended, to read:

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794	322.01 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:
795	(5) "Cancellation" means the act of declaring a driver
796	license void and terminated, but does not include a downgrade.
797	(16) "Downgrade" has the same meaning as the definition of
798	the term "CDL downgrade" in 49 C.F.R. s. 383.5(4).
799	(38) (37) "Revocation" means the termination of a licensee's
800	privilege to drive, but does not include a downgrade.
801	(42) (41) "Suspension" means the temporary withdrawal of a
802	licensee's privilege to drive a motor vehicle, but does not
803	include a downgrade.
804	Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 322.02, Florida
805	Statutes, is amended to read:
806	322.02 Legislative intent; administration
807	(2) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles is
808	charged with the administration and function of enforcement of
809	the provisions of this chapter and the enforcement and
810	administration of 49 C.F.R. parts 382-386 and 390-397.
811	Section 15. Present subsections (4) through (12) of section
812	322.05, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5)
813	through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to
814	that section, to read:
815	322.05 Persons not to be licensed.—The department may not
816	issue a license:
817	(4) To any person, as a commercial motor vehicle operator,
818	who is ineligible to operate a commercial motor vehicle pursuant
819	to 49 C.F.R. part 383.
820	Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 322.07, Florida
821	Statutes, is amended to read:
822	322.07 Instruction permits and temporary licenses

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823 (3) Any person who, except for his or her lack of 824 instruction in operating a commercial motor vehicle, would 825 otherwise be qualified to obtain a commercial driver license 826 under this chapter, may apply for a temporary commercial 827 instruction permit. The department shall issue such a permit entitling the applicant, while having the permit in his or her 828 829 immediate possession, to drive a commercial motor vehicle on the 830 highways, if: 8.31 (a) The applicant possesses a valid Florida driver license; 832 and 833 (b) The applicant, while operating a commercial motor 834 vehicle, is accompanied by a licensed driver who is 21 years of 835 age or older, who is licensed to operate the class of vehicle 836 being operated, and who is occupying the closest seat to the 837 right of the driver; and 838 (c) The department has not been notified that, under 49 839 C.F.R. s. 382.501(a), the applicant is prohibited from operating 840 a commercial motor vehicle. 841 Section 17. Effective January 1, 2024, subsection (3) of 842 section 322.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 843 322.141 Color or markings of certain licenses or identification cards.-844 845 (3) All licenses for the operation of motor vehicles or identification cards originally issued or reissued by the 846 847 department to persons who are designated as sexual predators 848 under s. 775.21 or subject to registration as sexual offenders 849 under s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607, or who have a similar 850 designation or are subject to a similar registration under the 851 laws of another jurisdiction, must shall have on the front of

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852 the license or identification card, in a distinctive format and 853 printed in the color red, all of the following <u>information</u>:

(a) For a person designated as a sexual predator under s.775.21 or who has a similar designation under the laws of another jurisdiction, the marking "SEXUAL PREDATOR."

(b) For a person subject to registration as a sexual offender under s. 943.0435 or s. 944.607, or subject to a similar registration under the laws of another jurisdiction, the marking "943.0435, F.S."

Section 18. Subsection (4) of section 322.142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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322.142 Color photographic or digital imaged licenses.-

(4) The department may maintain a film negative or print file. The department shall maintain a record of the digital image and signature of the licensees, together with other data required by the department for identification and retrieval. Reproductions from the file or digital record are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and may be made and issued only in any of the following manners:

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(a) For departmental administrative purposes  $\underline{\cdot} \boldsymbol{\cdot}$ 

(b) For the issuance of duplicate licenses.+

(c) In response to law enforcement agency requests .;

(d) To the Department of Business and Professional Regulation and the Department of Health pursuant to an interagency agreement for the purpose of accessing digital images for reproduction of licenses issued by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation or the Department of Health.;

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(e) To the Department of State pursuant to an interagency

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881 agreement to facilitate determinations of eligibility of voter 882 registration applicants and registered voters in accordance with 883 ss. 98.045 and 98.075.+

884 (f) To the Department of Revenue pursuant to an interagency 885 agreement for use in establishing paternity and establishing, 886 modifying, or enforcing support obligations in Title IV-D 887 cases.<del>;</del>

(g) To the Department of Children and Families pursuant to an interagency agreement to conduct protective investigations under part III of chapter 39 and chapter 415.+

(h) To the Department of Children and Families pursuant to an interagency agreement specifying the number of employees in each of that department's regions to be granted access to the records for use as verification of identity to expedite the determination of eligibility for public assistance and for use in public assistance fraud investigations.;

(i) To the Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant to an interagency agreement for the purpose of authorized agencies verifying photographs in the Care Provider Background Screening Clearinghouse authorized under s. 435.12.+

901 (j) To the Department of Financial Services pursuant to an 902 interagency agreement to facilitate the location of owners of unclaimed property, the validation of unclaimed property claims, the identification of fraudulent or false claims, and the investigation of allegations of violations of the insurance code by licensees and unlicensed persons.+

907 (k) To the Department of Economic Opportunity pursuant to 908 an interagency agreement to facilitate the validation of 909 reemployment assistance claims and the identification of



910 fraudulent or false reemployment assistance claims.+ 911 (1) To district medical examiners pursuant to an 912 interagency agreement for the purpose of identifying a deceased 913 individual, determining cause of death, and notifying next of 914 kin of any investigations, including autopsies and other 915 laboratory examinations, authorized in s. 406.11.+ 916 (m) To the following persons for the purpose of identifying 917 a person as part of the official work of a court: 918 1. A justice or judge of this state; 919 2. An employee of the state courts system who works in a 920 position that is designated in writing for access by the Chief 921 Justice of the Supreme Court or a chief judge of a district or 922 circuit court, or by his or her designee; or 923 3. A government employee who performs functions on behalf 924 of the state courts system in a position that is designated in 925 writing for access by the Chief Justice or a chief judge, or by 926 his or her designee.; or (n) To the Agency for Health Care Administration pursuant 927 928 to an interagency agreement to prevent health care fraud. If the 929 Agency for Health Care Administration enters into an agreement 930 with a private entity to carry out duties relating to health care fraud prevention, such contracts must shall include, but 931 932 need not be limited to: 933 1. Provisions requiring internal controls and audit 934 processes to identify access, use, and unauthorized access of 935 information. 936 2. A requirement to report unauthorized access or use to 937 the Agency for Health Care Administration within 1 business day 938 after the discovery of the unauthorized access or use.

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939 3. Provisions for liquidated damages for unauthorized 940 access or use of no less than \$5,000 per occurrence. 941 (o) To any criminal justice agency, as defined in s. 942 943.045, pursuant to an interagency agreement for use in 943 carrying out the criminal justice agency's functions. 944 (p) To the driver licensing agency of any other state for purposes of validating the identity of an applicant for a driver 945 946 license or identification card. 947 Section 19. Subsection (8) and paragraph (a) of subsection 948 (9) of section 322.21, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 949 322.21 License fees; procedure for handling and collecting 950 fees.-951 (8) A person who applies for reinstatement following the 952 suspension or revocation of the person's driver license must pay 953 a service fee of \$45 following a suspension, and \$75 following a 954 revocation, which is in addition to the fee for a license. A 955 person who applies for reinstatement of a commercial driver 956 license following the disqualification or downgrade of the 957 person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle shall 958 pay a service fee of \$75, which is in addition to the fee for a 959 license. The department shall collect all of these fees at the 960 time of reinstatement. The department shall issue proper 961 receipts for such fees and shall promptly transmit all funds 962 received by it as follows: 963 (a) Of the \$45 fee received from a licensee for 964 reinstatement following a suspension:

965 1. If the reinstatement is processed by the department, the 966 department <u>must</u> shall deposit \$15 in the General Revenue Fund 967 and \$30 in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

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2. If the reinstatement is processed by the tax collector,

969 \$15, less the general revenue service charge set forth in s. 970 215.20(1), must shall be retained by the tax collector, \$15 must 971 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund, 972 and \$15 must shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. 973 (b) Of the \$75 fee received from a licensee for 974 reinstatement following a revocation, or disqualification, or 975 downgrade: 976 1. If the reinstatement is processed by the department, the 977 department must shall deposit \$35 in the General Revenue Fund 978 and \$40 in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. 979 2. If the reinstatement is processed by the tax collector, 980 \$20, less the general revenue service charge set forth in s. 981 215.20(1), must shall be retained by the tax collector, \$20 must 982 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund, 983 and \$35 must shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. 984 985 If the revocation or suspension of the driver license was for a violation of s. 316.193, or for refusal to submit to a lawful 986 987 breath, blood, or urine test, an additional fee of \$130 must be 988 charged. However, only one \$130 fee may be collected from one 989 person convicted of violations arising out of the same incident. 990 The department shall collect the \$130 fee and deposit the fee into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund at the time of 991 992 reinstatement of the person's driver license, but the fee may 993 not be collected if the suspension or revocation is overturned. 994 If the revocation or suspension of the driver license was for a 995 conviction for a violation of s. 817.234(8) or (9) or s. 996 817.505, an additional fee of \$180 is imposed for each offense.



997	The department shall collect and deposit the additional fee into
998	the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund at the time of
999	reinstatement of the person's driver license.
1000	(9) An applicant:
1001	(a) Requesting a review authorized in s. 322.222, s.
1002	322.2615, s. 322.2616, s. 322.27, <u>s. 322.591,</u> or s. 322.64 must
1003	pay a filing fee of \$25 to be deposited into the Highway Safety
1004	Operating Trust Fund.
1005	Section 20. Section 322.591, Florida Statutes, is created
1006	to read:
1007	322.591 Commercial driver license and commercial
1008	instruction permit; Commercial Driver's License Drug and Alcohol
1009	Clearinghouse; prohibition on issuance of commercial driver
1010	licenses; downgrades
1011	(1) Beginning November 18, 2024, when a person applies for
1012	or seeks to renew, transfer, or make any other change to a
1013	commercial driver license or commercial instruction permit, the
1014	department must obtain the driver's record from the Commercial
1015	Driver's License Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse established
1016	pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 382. The department may not issue,
1017	renew, transfer, or revise the types of authorized vehicles that
1018	may be operated or the endorsements applicable to a commercial
1019	driver license or commercial instruction permit for any person
1020	for whom the department receives notification pursuant to 49
1021	C.F.R. s. 382.501(a) that the person is prohibited from
1022	operating a commercial vehicle.
1023	(2) Beginning November 18, 2024, the department shall
1024	downgrade the commercial driver license or commercial
1025	instruction permit of any driver if the department receives
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1026	notification that, pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s. 382.501(a), the
1027	driver is prohibited from operating a commercial motor vehicle.
1028	Any such downgrade must be completed and recorded by the
1029	department in the Commercial Driver's License Information System
1030	within 60 days after the department's receipt of such
1031	notification.
1032	(3)(a) Beginning November 18, 2024, upon receipt of
1033	notification pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s. 382.501(a) that a driver
1034	is prohibited from operating a commercial motor vehicle, the
1035	department shall immediately notify the driver who is the
1036	subject of such notification that he or she is prohibited from
1037	operating a commercial motor vehicle and, upon his or her
1038	request, must afford him or her an opportunity for an informal
1039	hearing pursuant to this section. The department's notice must
1040	be provided to the driver in the same manner as, and providing
1041	such notice has the same effect as, notices provided pursuant to
1042	s. 322.251(1) and (2).
1043	(b) Such informal hearing must be requested not later than
1044	20 days after the driver receives the notice of the downgrade.
1045	If a request for a hearing, together with the filing fee
1046	required pursuant to s. 322.21, is not received within 20 days
1047	after receipt of such notice, the department must enter a final
1048	order directing the downgrade of the driver's commercial driver
1049	license or commercial instruction permit, unless the department
1050	receives notification pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s. 382.503(a) that
1051	the driver is no longer prohibited from operating a commercial
1052	motor vehicle.
1053	(c) A hearing requested pursuant to paragraph (b) must be
1054	scheduled and held not later than 30 days after receipt by the
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1055 department of a request for the hearing, together with the filing fee required pursuant to s. 322.21. The submission of a 1056 1057 request for hearing pursuant to this subsection tolls the 1058 deadline to file a petition for writ of certiorari pursuant to 1059 s. 322.31 until after the department enters a final order after 1060 a hearing pursuant to this subsection. 1061 (d) The informal hearing authorized pursuant to this 1062 subsection is exempt from chapter 120. Such hearing must be 1063 conducted before a hearing officer designated by the department. 1064 The hearing officer may conduct such hearing from any location 1065 in this state by means of communications technology. 1066 (e) The notification received by the department pursuant to 1067 49 C.F.R. s. 382.501(a) must be in the record for consideration 1068 by the hearing officer and in any proceeding pursuant to s. 1069 322.31 and is considered self-authenticating. The basis for the 1070 notification received by the department pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s. 382.501(a) and the information in the Commercial Driver's 1071 1072 License Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse which resulted in such 1073 notification are not subject to challenge in the hearing or in 1074 any proceeding brought under s. 322.31. 1075 (f) If, before the entry of a final order arising from a 1076 notification received by the department pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s. 1077 382.501(a), the department receives notification pursuant to 49 1078 C.F.R. s. 382.503(a) that the driver is no longer prohibited 1079 from operating a commercial motor vehicle, the department must 1080 dismiss the action to downgrade the driver's commercial driver 1081 license or commercial instruction permit.

1082(g) Upon the entry of a final order that results in the1083downgrade of a driver's commercial driver license or commercial

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1084	instruction permit, the department shall record immediately in
1085	the driver's record that the driver is disqualified from
1086	operating or driving a commercial motor vehicle. The downgrade
1087	of a commercial driver license or commercial instruction permit
1088	pursuant to a final order entered pursuant to this section, and,
1089	upon the entry of a final order, the recording in the driver's
1090	record that the driver subject to such a final order is
1091	disqualified from operating or driving a commercial motor
1092	vehicle, are not stayed during the pendency of any proceeding
1093	pursuant to s. 322.31.
1094	(h) If, after the entry of a final order that results in
1095	the downgrade of a driver's commercial driver license or
1096	commercial instruction permit and the department recording in
1097	the driver's record that the driver is disqualified from
1098	operating or driving a commercial motor vehicle, the department
1099	receives notification pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s. 382.503(a) that
1100	the driver is no longer prohibited from operating a commercial
1101	motor vehicle, the department must reinstate the driver's
1102	commercial driver license or commercial instruction permit upon
1103	application by such driver.
1104	(i) The department is not liable for any commercial driver
1105	license or commercial instruction permit downgrade resulting
1106	from the discharge of its duties.
1107	(j) This section is the exclusive procedure for the
1108	downgrade of a commercial driver license or commercial
1109	instruction permit following notification received by the
1110	department that, pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s. 382.501(a), a driver
1111	is prohibited from operating a commercial motor vehicle.
1112	(k) The downgrade of a commercial driver license or

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1113 commercial instruction permit of a person pursuant to this 1114 section does not preclude the suspension of the driving 1115 privilege for that person pursuant to s. 322.2615 or the 1116 disqualification of that person from operating a commercial 1117 motor vehicle pursuant to s. 322.64. The driving privilege of a 1118 person whose commercial driver license or commercial instruction 1119 permit has been downgraded pursuant to this section also may be 1120 suspended for a violation of s. 316.193.

(4) Beginning November 18, 2024, a driver for whom the department receives notification that, pursuant to 49 C.F.R. s. 382.501(a), such person is prohibited from operating a commercial motor vehicle may, if otherwise qualified, be issued a Class E driver license pursuant to s. 322.251(4), valid for the length of his or her unexpired license period, at no cost.

Section 21. Subsection (2) of section 322.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, or disqualified.-

(2) Any person whose driver license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended, or revoked as provided by law, or who does not have a driver license or driving privilege but is under suspension or revocation equivalent status as defined in  $\underline{s. 322.01} = \underline{s. 322.01(42)}$ , except persons defined in  $\underline{s. 322.264}$ , who, knowing of such cancellation, suspension, revocation, or suspension or revocation equivalent status, drives any motor vehicle upon the highways of this state while such license or privilege is canceled, suspended, or revoked, or while under suspension or revocation equivalent status, commits: (a) A misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as

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1142 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. (b)1. A misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 1143 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, upon a second or 1144 1145 subsequent conviction, except as provided in paragraph (c). 1146 2. A person convicted of a third or subsequent conviction, 1147 except as provided in paragraph (c), must serve a minimum of 10 1148 days in jail. 1149 (c) A felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in 1150 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, upon a third or 1151 subsequent conviction if the current violation of this section 1152 or the most recent prior violation of the section is related to 1153 driving while license canceled, suspended, revoked, or 1154 suspension or revocation equivalent status resulting from a 1155 violation of: 1156 1. Driving under the influence; 1157 2. Refusal to submit to a urine, breath-alcohol, or blood 1158 alcohol test; 1159 3. A traffic offense causing death or serious bodily 1160 injury; or 1161 4. Fleeing or eluding. 1162 The element of knowledge is satisfied if the person has been 1163 1164 previously cited as provided in subsection (1); or the person 1165 admits to knowledge of the cancellation, suspension, or 1166 revocation, or suspension or revocation equivalent status; or the person received notice as provided in subsection (4). There 1167 1168 is shall be a rebuttable presumption that the knowledge requirement is satisfied if a judgment or order as provided in 1169 1170 subsection (4) appears in the department's records for any case

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1171 except for one involving a suspension by the department for 1172 failure to pay a traffic fine or for a financial responsibility 1173 violation.

1174 Section 22. Subsection (4) of section 322.61, Florida
1175 Statutes, is amended to read:

322.61 Disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle.-

(4) Any person who is transporting hazardous materials as defined in <u>s. 322.01</u> <del>s. 322.01(24)</del> shall, upon conviction of an offense specified in subsection (3), <u>is</u> be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 3 years. The penalty provided in this subsection <u>is</u> shall be in addition to any other applicable penalty.

Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 324.0221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

324.0221 Reports by insurers to the department; suspension of driver license and vehicle registrations; reinstatement.-

1188 (3) An operator or owner whose driver license or 1189 registration has been suspended under this section or s. 316.646 1190 may effect its reinstatement upon compliance with the 1191 requirements of this section and upon payment to the department 1192 of a nonrefundable reinstatement fee of \$150 for the first 1193 reinstatement. The reinstatement fee is \$250 for the second 1194 reinstatement and \$500 for each subsequent reinstatement during 1195 the 3 years following the first reinstatement. A person 1196 reinstating her or his insurance under this subsection must also 1197 secure noncancelable coverage as described in ss. 324.021(8), 1198 324.023, and 627.7275(2) and present to the appropriate person 1199 proof that the coverage is in force on a form adopted by the

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1200 department, and such proof must shall be maintained for 2 years. If the person does not have a second reinstatement within 3 1201 1202 years after her or his initial reinstatement, the reinstatement 1203 fee is \$150 for the first reinstatement after that 3-year 1204 period. If a person's license and registration are suspended 1205 under this section or s. 316.646, only one reinstatement fee 1206 must be paid to reinstate the license and the registration. All 1207 fees must shall be collected by the department at the time of 1208 reinstatement. The department shall issue proper receipts for 1209 such fees and shall promptly deposit those fees in the Highway 1210 Safety Operating Trust Fund. One-third of the fees collected 1211 under this subsection must shall be distributed from the Highway 1212 Safety Operating Trust Fund to the local governmental entity or 1213 state agency that employed the law enforcement officer seizing 1214 the license plate pursuant to s. 324.201. The funds may be used 1215 by the local governmental entity or state agency for any 1216 authorized purpose.

Section 24. Section 324.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1219 324.131 Period of suspension.-Such license, registration 1220 and nonresident's operating privilege must shall remain so 1221 suspended and may shall not be renewed, nor may shall any such 1222 license or registration be thereafter issued in the name of such 1223 person, including any such person not previously licensed, 1224 unless and until every such judgment is stayed, satisfied in 1225 full or to the extent of the limits stated in s. 324.021(7) and 1226 until the said person gives proof of financial responsibility as provided in s. 324.031, such proof to be maintained for 3 years. 1227 1228 In addition, if the person's license or registration has been

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1229 suspended or revoked due to a violation of s. 316.193 or 1230 pursuant to s. 322.26(2), that person <u>must shall</u> maintain 1231 noncancelable liability coverage for each motor vehicle 1232 registered in his or her name, as described in s. 627.7275(2), 1233 and must present proof that coverage is in force on a form 1234 adopted by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, 1235 such proof to be maintained for 3 years.

Section 25. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 627.311, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.311 Joint underwriters and joint reinsurers; public records and public meetings exemptions.-

1240 (3) The office may, after consultation with insurers 1241 licensed to write automobile insurance in this state, approve a 1242 joint underwriting plan for purposes of equitable apportionment 1243 or sharing among insurers of automobile liability insurance and 1244 other motor vehicle insurance, as an alternate to the plan 1245 required in s. 627.351(1). All insurers authorized to write 1246 automobile insurance in this state shall subscribe to the plan 1247 and participate therein. The plan is shall be subject to 1248 continuous review by the office which may at any time disapprove 1249 the entire plan or any part thereof if it determines that 1250 conditions have changed since prior approval and that in view of 1251 the purposes of the plan changes are warranted. Any disapproval 1252 by the office is shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 1253 120. The Florida Automobile Joint Underwriting Association is 1254 created under the plan. The plan and the association:

1255 (g) Must make available noncancelable coverage as provided 1256 in s. 627.7275(2).

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Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 627.351, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:



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627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.-

1260 (1) MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT.-Agreements 1261 may be made among casualty and surety insurers with respect to 1262 the equitable apportionment among them of insurance that which 1263 may be afforded applicants who are in good faith entitled to, 1264 but are unable to, procure such insurance through ordinary 1265 methods, and such insurers may agree among themselves on the use 1266 of reasonable rate modifications for such insurance. Such 1267 agreements and rate modifications are shall be subject to the 1268 approval of the office. The office shall, after consultation 1269 with the insurers licensed to write automobile liability 1270 insurance in this state, adopt a reasonable plan or plans for 1271 the equitable apportionment among such insurers of applicants 1272 for such insurance who are in good faith entitled to, but are 1273 unable to, procure such insurance through ordinary methods, and, when such plan has been adopted, all such insurers shall 1274 1275 subscribe to and participate in the plan thereto and shall 1276 participate therein. Such plan or plans shall include rules for 1277 classification of risks and rates therefor. The plan or plans 1278 shall make available noncancelable coverage as provided in s. 1279 627.7275(2). Any insured placed with the plan must shall be 1280 notified of the fact that insurance coverage is being afforded 1281 through the plan and not through the private market, and such 1282 notification must shall be given in writing within 10 days of 1283 such placement. To assure that plan rates are made adequate to 1284 pay claims and expenses, insurers shall develop a means of 1285 obtaining loss and expense experience at least annually, and the plan shall file such experience, when available, with the office 1286



1287 in sufficient detail to make a determination of rate adequacy. 1288 Prior to the filing of such experience with the office, the plan 1289 shall poll each member insurer as to the need for an actuary who 1290 is a member of the Casualty Actuarial Society and who is not 1291 affiliated with the plan's statistical agent to certify the 1292 plan's rate adequacy. If a majority of those insurers responding 1293 indicate a need for such certification, the plan must shall 1294 include the certification as part of its experience filing. Such 1295 experience shall be filed with the office not more than 9 months 1296 following the end of the annual statistical period under review, 1297 together with a rate filing based on such said experience. The 1298 office shall initiate proceedings to disapprove the rate and so 1299 notify the plan or shall finalize its review within 60 days 1300 after of receipt of the filing. Notification to the plan by the 1301 office of its preliminary findings, which include a point of entry to the plan pursuant to chapter 120, tolls shall toll the 1302 1303 60-day period during any such proceedings and subsequent 1304 judicial review. The rate is shall be deemed approved if the 1305 office does not issue notice to the plan of its preliminary 1306 findings within 60 days after  $\frac{1}{2}$  the filing. In addition to 1307 provisions for claims and expenses, the ratemaking formula must shall include a factor for projected claims trending and 5 1308 1309 percent for contingencies. The formula may not In no instance 1310 shall the formula include a renewal discount for plan insureds. 1311 However, the plan shall reunderwrite each insured on an annual 1312 basis, based upon all applicable rating factors approved by the 1313 office. Trend factors may shall not be found to be inappropriate if they are not in excess of trend factors normally used in the 1314 development of residual market rates by the appropriate licensed 1315

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1316 rating organization. Each application for coverage in the plan 1317 must shall include, in boldfaced 12-point type immediately 1318 preceding the applicant's signature, the following statement: 1319 "THIS INSURANCE IS BEING AFFORDED THROUGH THE FLORIDA 1320 1321 JOINT UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION AND NOT THROUGH THE 1322 PRIVATE MARKET. PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT COVERAGE WITH A 1323 PRIVATE INSURER MAY BE AVAILABLE FROM ANOTHER AGENT AT 1324 A LOWER COST. AGENT AND COMPANY LISTINGS ARE AVAILABLE 1325 IN THE LOCAL YELLOW PAGES." 1326 1327 The plan shall annually report to the office the number and 1328 percentage of plan insureds who are not surcharged due to their 1329 driving record. 1330 Section 27. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 627.7275, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1331 1332 627.7275 Motor vehicle liability.-1333 (2)1334 (b) The policies described in paragraph (a) must shall be 1335 issued for at least 6 months and, as to the minimum coverages 1336 required under this section, may not be canceled by the insured 1337 for any reason or by the insurer after 60 days, during which 1338 period the insurer is completing the underwriting of the policy. 1339 After the insurer has issued <del>completed underwriting</del> the policy, 1340 the insurer shall notify the Department of Highway Safety and 1341 Motor Vehicles that the policy is in full force and effect and 1342 is not cancelable for the remainder of the policy period. A premium shall be collected and the coverage is in effect for the 1343 1344 60-day period during which the insurer is completing the

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1345	underwriting of the policy whether or not the person's driver
1346	license, motor vehicle tag, and motor vehicle registration are
1347	in effect. Once the noncancelable provisions of the policy
1348	becomes become effective, the coverages for bodily injury,
1349	property damage, and personal injury protection may not be
1350	reduced during the policy period below the minimum limits
1351	required under s. 324.021 or s. 324.023 during the policy
1352	period.
1353	Section 28. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
1354	act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2023.
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1356	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
1357	And the title is amended as follows:
1358	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1359	and insert:
1360	A bill to be entitled
1361	An act relating to the Department of Highway Safety
1362	and Motor Vehicles; amending s. 207.004, F.S.;
1363	requiring the department or its authorized agent to
1364	issue certain licenses and fuel tax decals; amending
1365	s. 316.066, F.S.; requiring traffic law enforcement
1366	agencies to provide uniform crash reports to the
1367	department by electronic means; requiring that such
1368	crash reports be consistent with certain rules and
1369	procedures and to be numbered and inventoried;
1370	providing a declaration of important state interest;
1371	amending s. 316.2935, F.S.; providing an exception to
1372	requirements for certification of air pollution
1373	control equipment by a motor vehicle seller, lessor,



1374 or transferor; amending s. 316.302, F.S.; revising the 1375 list of federal rules and regulations to which owners 1376 and drivers of certain commercial motor vehicles are 1377 subject; amending s. 319.14, F.S.; requiring that a 1378 certificate of title for a flood vehicle specify the 1379 type of water that caused damage to the vehicle, as 1380 applicable; revising the definition of the term "flood 1381 vehicle"; making technical changes; amending s. 1382 319.23, F.S.; making technical changes; amending s. 1383 319.28, F.S.; providing that a certain affidavit 1384 constitutes proof of ownership and right of possession 1385 to a motor vehicle or mobile home the previous owner 1386 of which died testate; amending s. 319.29, F.S.; 1387 prohibiting the department or a tax collector from 1388 charging a fee for reissuance of certain certificates 1389 of title; amending s. 319.30, F.S.; revising the 1390 definition of the terms "independent entity" and 1391 "major component parts"; defining the term "vessel"; 1392 revising provisions relating to obtaining a salvage 1393 certificate of title or certificate of destruction; 1394 exempting the department from liability to certain 1395 persons as a result of the issuance of such 1396 certificate; extending current requirements for an 1397 independent entity's release of a damaged or 1398 dismantled vehicle to vessels; authorizing the independent entity to apply for certain certificates 1399 1400 for an unclaimed vessel; providing requirements for such application; specifying provisions to which the 1401 1402 independent entity is subject; prohibiting the



1403 independent entity from charging vessel storage fees; amending s. 320.06, F.S.; authorizing permanent 1404 registration of certain rental trucks; authorizing the 1405 1406 department to deem a license plate with reduced 1407 dimensions to be necessary to accommodate trailers; 1408 making technical changes; amending s. 320.084, F.S.; 1409 providing that certain disabled veterans may, upon 1410 request, be issued a military license plate or 1411 specialty license plate in lieu of a "DV" license 1412 plate; specifying applicable fees; specifying 1413 nonapplicability of certain provisions; amending s. 1414 322.01, F.S.; revising definitions; defining the term 1415 "downgrade"; amending s. 322.02, F.S.; charging the 1416 department with enforcement and administration of 1417 certain federal provisions; amending s. 322.05, F.S.; 1418 prohibiting the department from issuing a commercial 1419 motor vehicle operator license to certain persons; 1420 amending s. 322.07, F.S.; revising requirements for 1421 issuance of a temporary commercial instruction permit; 1422 amending s. 322.141, F.S.; requiring that certain 1423 information on the driver license or identification 1424 card of a sexual offender or sexual predator be 1425 printed in red; amending s. 322.142, F.S.; authorizing 1426 the department to issue reproductions of certain files 1427 and records to certain criminal justice or driver 1428 licensing agencies for certain purposes; amending s. 1429 322.21, F.S.; authorizing reinstatement of a 1430 commercial driver license after a downgrade of the 1431 person's privilege to operate a commercial motor



1432 vehicle under certain circumstances; making technical 1433 changes; creating s. 322.591, F.S.; requiring the 1434 department to obtain a driver's record from the 1435 Commercial Driver's License Drug and Alcohol 1436 Clearinghouse under certain circumstances; prohibiting 1437 the department from issuing, renewing, transferring, or revising the types of authorized vehicles or the 1438 1439 endorsements of certain commercial driver licenses or 1440 commercial instruction permits if the department 1441 receives a certain notification; requiring the 1442 department to downgrade a commercial driver license or 1443 commercial instruction permit within a specified 1444 timeframe if the department receives a certain 1445 notification; requiring the department to notify 1446 certain drivers of their prohibition from operating a 1447 commercial motor vehicle and, upon request, afford 1448 them an opportunity for an informal hearing; providing 1449 requirements for such notice and hearing; requiring the department to enter a final order to downgrade a 1450 1451 commercial driver license or commercial instruction 1452 permit under certain circumstances; specifying that a 1453 request for a hearing tolls certain deadlines; 1454 specifying that certain notifications received by the 1455 department must be in the record for consideration and 1456 are self-authenticating; specifying that the basis for 1457 the notification and the information in the Commercial 1458 Driver's License Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse are 1459 not subject to challenge; requiring the department to dismiss the downgrade of a commercial driver license 1460



1461 or instruction permit under certain circumstances; 1462 requiring the department to record in the driver's record that he or she is disgualified from operating a 1463 commercial motor vehicle under certain circumstances: 1464 1465 specifying that certain actions are not stayed during the pendency of certain proceedings; requiring the 1466 1467 department to reinstate a commercial driver license or 1468 commercial instruction permit under certain 1469 circumstances; exempting the department from liability 1470 for certain commercial driver license or commercial 1471 instruction permit downgrades; designating the 1472 exclusive procedure for the downgrade of certain 1473 commercial driver licenses or commercial instruction 1474 permits; providing construction and applicability; 1475 authorizing the department to issue at no cost a 1476 specified driver license to certain persons prohibited 1477 from operating a commercial motor vehicle; amending 1478 ss. 322.34 and 322.61, F.S.; conforming cross-1479 references; making technical changes; amending ss. 1480 324.0221, 324.131, 627.311, and 627.351, F.S.; 1481 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 1482 making technical changes; amending s. 627.7275, F.S.; 1483 deleting provisions relating to noncancelable motor 1484 vehicle insurance; making technical changes; providing 1485 effective dates.