1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to education; amending s. 212.055,
3	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
4	act; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; deleting obsolete
5	language; making technical changes; revising charter
6	school eligibility and ineligibility criteria to
7	receive capital outlay funds; revising the calculation
8	methodologies for the distribution of specified funds
9	to eligible charter schools; providing school district
10	requirements for the distribution of capital outlay
11	funds to eligible charter schools; providing
12	requirements for the use of capital outlay funds;
13	providing an effective date.
14	
15	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
16	
17	Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section
18	212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
19	212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent;
20	authorization and use of proceeds.—It is the legislative intent
21	that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales
22	surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a
23	subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the
24	levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties
25	authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the
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26 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 27 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 28 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 29 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 30 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 31 provided in s. 212.054.

32

(6) SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY SURTAX.-

33 The resolution providing for the imposition of the (C) 34 surtax must set forth a plan for use of the surtax proceeds for fixed capital expenditures or fixed capital costs associated 35 36 with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of school facilities and campuses which have a useful life expectancy of 5 37 38 or more years, and any land acquisition, land improvement, 39 design, and engineering costs related thereto, or any purchase, lease-purchase, lease, or maintenance of school buses, as 40 41 defined in s. 1006.25, which have a life expectancy of 5 years or more. Additionally, the plan shall include the costs of 42 43 retrofitting and providing for technology implementation, including hardware and software, for the various sites within 44 45 the school district. Surtax revenues may be used to service bond 46 indebtedness to finance projects authorized by this subsection, 47 and any interest accrued thereto may be held in trust to finance 48 such projects. Neither the proceeds of the surtax nor any 49 interest accrued thereto shall be used for operational expenses. Surtax revenues shared with charter schools shall be shared 50

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51 based on their proportionate share of total school district 52 capital outlay full-time equivalent enrollment as adopted by the 53 education estimating conference established in s. 216.136 and expended by the charter school in a manner consistent with the 54 55 allowable uses set forth in s. 1013.62(4). All revenues and 56 expenditures shall be accounted for in a charter school's 57 monthly or quarterly financial statement pursuant to s. 1002.33(9). The eligibility of a charter school to receive funds 58 59 under this subsection shall be determined in accordance with s. 1013.62(1). If a school's charter is not renewed or is 60 61 terminated and the school is dissolved under the provisions of law under which the school was organized, any unencumbered funds 62 received under this subsection shall revert to the sponsor. 63 64 Section 2. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of section 65 1013.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 66 1013.62 Charter schools capital outlay funding.-For the 2022-2023 fiscal year, charter school capital 67 (1)outlay funding shall consist of state funds appropriated in the 68 69 2022-2023 Ceneral Appropriations Act. Beginning in fiscal year 70 2023-2024, Charter school capital outlay funding shall consist 71 of state funds when such funds are appropriated in the General 72 Appropriations Act and revenue resulting from the discretionary 73 millage authorized in s. 1011.71(2) if the amount of state funds 74 appropriated for charter school capital outlay in any fiscal year is less than the average charter school capital outlay 75

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76	funds per unweighted full-time equivalent student for the 2018-
77	2019 fiscal year, multiplied by the estimated number of charter
78	school students for the applicable fiscal year, and adjusted by
79	changes in the Consumer Price Index issued by the United States
80	Department of Labor from the previous fiscal year. Nothing in
81	this subsection prohibits a school district from distributing to
82	charter schools funds resulting from the discretionary millage
83	authorized in s. 1011.71(2).
84	(a) To be eligible to receive capital outlay funds, a
85	charter school must:
86	1.a. Have been in operation for 2 or more years;
87	b. Be governed by a governing board established in the
88	state for 2 or more years which operates both charter schools
89	and conversion charter schools within the state;
90	c. Be an expanded feeder chain of a charter school within
91	the same school district that is currently receiving charter
92	school capital outlay funds;
93	d. Have been accredited by a regional accrediting
94	association as defined by State Board of Education rule;
95	e. Serve students in facilities that are provided by a
96	business partner for a charter school-in-the-workplace pursuant
97	to s. 1002.33(15)(b); or
98	f. Be operated by a hope operator pursuant to s. 1002.333.
99	2. Have an annual audit that does not reveal any of the
100	financial emergency conditions provided in s. 218.503(1) for the
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101	most recent fiscal year for which such audit results are
102	available.
103	3. Have satisfactory student achievement based on state
104	accountability standards applicable to the charter school.
105	4. Have received final approval from its sponsor pursuant
106	to s. 1002.33 for operation during that fiscal year.
107	5. Serve students in facilities that are not provided by
108	the charter school's sponsor.
109	6. Attest in writing to the department that if the charter
110	school is nonrenewed or terminated, any unencumbered funds and
111	all equipment and property purchased with public funds shall
112	revert pursuant to subsection (5).
113	(b) A charter school is not eligible to receive capital
114	outlay funds if <u>:</u>
115	1. It was created by the conversion of a public school and
116	operates in facilities provided by the charter school's sponsor
117	for a nominal fee, or at no charge, or if it is directly or
118	indirectly operated by the school district <u>;</u>
119	2. It is a developmental research (laboratory) school that
120	receives state funding for capital improvement purposes pursuant
121	<u>to s. 1002.32(9)(e); or</u>
122	3. A member of the governing board, or his or her family
123	member as defined in s. 440.13(1)(b), has an interest in or is
124	an employee of the lessor, excluding charter schools operating
125	pursuant to s. 1002.33(15).

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126 The department shall use the following calculation (2)127 methodology to allocate state funds appropriated in the General 128 Appropriations Act to eligible charter schools: 129 (a) Eligible charter schools shall be grouped into 130 categories based on their student populations according to the 131 following criteria: 132 1. Seventy-five percent or greater who are eligible for 133 free or reduced-price school meals under the National School 134 Lunch Program or, for schools operating programs under the 135 Community Eligibility Provision of the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids 136 Act of 2010, an equivalent percentage of the student population 137 eligible for free and reduced-price meals as determined by 138 applying the multiplier authorized under the National School 139 Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. s. 1759a(a)(1)(F)(vii), to the number of 140 students reported for direct certification. 141 2. Twenty-five percent or greater with disabilities as 142 defined in state board rule and consistent with the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. 143 144 (b) If an eligible charter school does not meet the 145 criteria for either category under paragraph (a), its FTE shall 146 be provided as the base amount of funding and shall be assigned 147 a weight of 1.0. An eligible charter school that meets the 148 criteria under subparagraph (a)1. or subparagraph (a)2. shall be 149 provided an additional 25 percent above the base funding amount, 150 and the total FTE shall be multiplied by a weight of 1.25. An

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151 eligible charter school that meets the criteria under both 152 subparagraphs (a)1. and (a)2. shall be provided an additional 50 153 percent above the base funding amount, and the FTE for that 154 school shall be multiplied by a weight of 1.5.

155 <u>(a) (c)</u> <u>Divide</u> the state appropriation for charter school 156 capital outlay shall be divided by the total weighted FTE for 157 all eligible charter schools to determine the base charter 158 school per weighted FTE allocation amount. The <u>base charter</u> 159 <u>school</u> per weighted FTE allocation amount shall be multiplied by 160 the weighted FTE <u>of each charter school</u> to determine each 161 charter school's capital outlay allocation.

162 (b) (d) The department shall calculate the eligible charter 163 school funding allocations. Funds shall be allocated using full-164 time equivalent membership from the second and third enrollment 165 surveys and free and reduced-price school lunch data. The 166 department shall recalculate the allocations periodically based 167 on the receipt of revised information, on a schedule established 168 by the Commissioner of Education.

169 <u>(c) (e)</u> The department shall distribute capital outlay 170 funds monthly, beginning in the first quarter of the fiscal 171 year, based on one-twelfth of the amount the department 172 reasonably expects the charter school to receive during that 173 fiscal year. The commissioner shall adjust subsequent 174 distributions as necessary to reflect each charter school's 175 recalculated allocation.

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176 If the school board levies the discretionary millage (3) 177 authorized in s. 1011.71(2), and the state funds appropriated 178 for charter school capital outlay in any fiscal year are less 179 than the average charter school capital outlay funds per 180 unweighted full-time equivalent student for the 2018-2019 fiscal 181 year, multiplied by the estimated number of charter school 182 students for the applicable fiscal year, and adjusted by changes in the Consumer Price Index issued by the United States 183 184 Department of Labor from the previous fiscal year, the 185 department shall use the following calculation methodology to determine the amount of revenue that a school district must 186 187 distribute to each eligible charter school:

(a) Reduce the total discretionary millage revenue by the
school district's annual debt service obligation incurred as of
March 1, 2017, which has not been subsequently retired, and any
amount of participation requirement pursuant to s.
1013.64(2)(a)8. that is being satisfied by revenues raised by
the discretionary millage.

(b) Divide the school district's adjusted discretionary millage revenue by the district's total capital outlay full-time equivalent membership and the total number of unweighted fulltime equivalent students of each eligible charter school to determine a capital outlay allocation per full-time equivalent student.

200

(c) Multiply the capital outlay allocation per full-time

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201 equivalent student by the total number of full-time equivalent
202 students of each eligible charter school to determine the
203 capital outlay allocation for each charter school.
204 (d) If applicable, reduce the capital outlay allocation
205 identified in paragraph (c) by the total amount of state funds

206 allocated to each eligible charter school in subsection (2) to 207 determine the maximum calculated capital outlay allocation. <u>The</u> 208 <u>amount of funds a school district must distribute to charter</u>

209 <u>schools shall be as follows:</u>

210 <u>1. For fiscal year 2023-2024, the amount is 20 percent of</u> 211 <u>the amount calculated under this paragraph.</u>

212 <u>2. For fiscal year 2024-2025, the amount is 40 percent of</u> 213 <u>the amount calculated under this paragraph.</u>

214 <u>3. For fiscal year 2025-2026, the amount is 60 percent of</u> 215 <u>the amount calculated under this paragraph.</u>

216 <u>4. For fiscal year 2026-2027, the amount is 80 percent of</u> 217 <u>the amount calculated under this paragraph.</u>

218 <u>5. For fiscal year 2027-2028, and each fiscal year</u> 219 <u>thereafter, the amount is 100 percent of the amount calculated</u> 220 <u>under this paragraph.</u>

(e) School districts shall distribute capital outlay funds to <u>eligible</u> charter schools no later than February 1 of each year, as required by this subsection, based on the amount of funds received by the district school board. School districts shall distribute any remaining capital outlay funds, as required

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226 by this subsection, upon the receipt of such funds until the 227 total amount calculated pursuant to this subsection is 228 distributed. 229 230 By October 1 of each year, each school district shall certify to 231 the department the amount of debt service and participation 232 requirement that complies with the requirement of paragraph (a) 233 and can be reduced from the total discretionary millage revenue. 234 The Auditor General shall verify compliance with the 235 requirements of paragraph (a) and s. 1011.71(2)(e) during scheduled operational audits of school districts. 236

237 (4) A charter school's governing body may use charter238 school capital outlay funds for the following purposes:

239

(a) Purchase of real property.

240

(b) Construction of school facilities.

241 (c) Purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of permanent or 242 relocatable school facilities.

243 (d) Purchase of vehicles to transport students to and from 244 the charter school.

(e) Renovation, repair, and maintenance of school
facilities that the charter school owns or is purchasing through
a lease-purchase or long-term lease of 5 years or longer.

(f) Payment of the cost of premiums for property and casualty insurance necessary to insure the school facilities. (g) Purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of driver's

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education vehicles; motor vehicles used for the maintenance or operation of plants and equipment; security vehicles; or vehicles used in storing or distributing materials and equipment.

255 Purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of computer and (h) 256 device hardware and operating system software necessary for 257 gaining access to or enhancing the use of electronic and digital 258 instructional content and resources; and enterprise resource 259 software applications that are classified as capital assets in 260 accordance with definitions of the Governmental Accounting 261 Standards Board, have a useful life of at least 5 years, and are 262 used to support schoolwide administration or state-mandated 263 reporting requirements. Enterprise resource software may be 264 acquired by annual license fees, maintenance fees, or lease 265 agreement.

(i) Payment of the cost of the opening day collection forthe library media center of a new school.

Any purchase, lease-purchase, or lease made pursuant to this
subsection must be at the appraised value. For purposes of this
subsection, the term "appraised value" means the fair market
value as determined by an independent, Florida-licensed,
qualified appraiser selected by the governing board.
Documentation of the appraised value shall be provided to the
department upon its request. Conversion charter schools may use

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276 capital outlay funds received through the reduction in the 277 administrative fee provided in s. 1002.33(20) for renovation, 278 repair, and maintenance of school facilities that are owned by 279 the sponsor.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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