By Senator Avila

	39-00229A-23 2023126
1	Senate Joint Resolution
2	A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 6
3	of Article VII and the creation of a new section in
4	Article XII of the State Constitution to increase the
5	just value limit of real estate eligible for the
6	homestead tax exemption that may be granted by
7	counties or municipalities to certain senior, low-
8	income, long-term residents, and to provide an
9	effective date.
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11	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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13	That the following amendment to Section 6 of Article VII
14	and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State
15	Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the
16	electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next
17	general election or at an earlier special election specifically
18	authorized by law for that purpose:
19	ARTICLE VII
20	FINANCE AND TAXATION
21	SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions
22	(a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to
23	real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the
24	owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner,
25	shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for
26	special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five
27	thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district
28	levies, on the assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand
29	dollars and up to seventy-five thousand dollars, upon

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30 establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. 31 The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly 32 by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or 33 34 member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a 35 leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight years. The 36 exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll 37 until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by general 38 39 law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any 40 amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of 41 homestead property at less than just value.

(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

(c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.

(d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or
municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies
and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant either or
both of the following additional homestead tax exemptions:
(1) An exemption not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to a

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39-00229A-23 2023126 59 person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and 60 maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, who has attained age sixty-five, and whose household income, as defined 61 by general law, does not exceed twenty thousand dollars; or 62 63 (2) An exemption equal to the assessed value of the 64 property to a person who has the legal or equitable title to 65 real estate with a just value less than three two hundred and 66 fifty thousand dollars, as determined in the first tax year that the owner applies and is eligible for the exemption, and who has 67 68 maintained thereon the permanent residence of the owner for not 69 less than twenty-five years, who has attained age sixty-five, 70 and whose household income does not exceed the income limitation 71 prescribed in paragraph (1). 72 73 The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant these additional exemptions, within the limits prescribed in 74 75 this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed 76 by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of 77 the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes 78 in the cost of living. 79 (e)(1) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially 80 or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from

or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was combat related and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount

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88 granted by this paragraph, an applicant must submit to the 89 county property appraiser, by March 1, an official letter from 90 the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the 91 percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and 92 such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as 93 combat related and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. 94 If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the 95 appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature 96 97 may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in 98 subsequent years.

(2) If a veteran who receives the discount described in 99 paragraph (1) predeceases his or her spouse, and if, upon the 100 101 death of the veteran, the surviving spouse holds the legal or 102 beneficial title to the homestead property and permanently 103 resides thereon, the discount carries over to the surviving 104 spouse until he or she remarries or sells or otherwise disposes 105 of the homestead property. If the surviving spouse sells or 106 otherwise disposes of the property, a discount not to exceed the 107 dollar amount granted from the most recent ad valorem tax roll 108 may be transferred to the surviving spouse's new homestead 109 property, if used as his or her permanent residence and he or 110 she has not remarried.

(3) This subsection is self-executing and does not require implementing legislation.

(f) By general law and subject to conditions and limitations specified therein, the Legislature may provide ad valorem tax relief equal to the total amount or a portion of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property to:

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117	(1) The surviving spouse of a veteran who died from
118	service-connected causes while on active duty as a member of the
119	United States Armed Forces.
120	(2) The surviving spouse of a first responder who died in
121	the line of duty.
122	(3) A first responder who is totally and permanently
123	disabled as a result of an injury or injuries sustained in the
124	line of duty. Causal connection between a disability and service
125	in the line of duty shall not be presumed but must be determined
126	as provided by general law. For purposes of this paragraph, the
127	term "disability" does not include a chronic condition or
128	chronic disease, unless the injury sustained in the line of duty
129	was the sole cause of the chronic condition or chronic disease.
130	
131	As used in this subsection and as further defined by general
132	law, the term "first responder" means a law enforcement officer,
133	a correctional officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical
134	technician, or a paramedic, and the term "in the line of duty"
135	means arising out of and in the actual performance of duty
136	required by employment as a first responder.
137	ARTICLE XII
138	SCHEDULE
139	Additional homestead tax exemption for certain persons age
140	sixty-five or older; increased just value limitThe amendment
141	to Section 6 of Article VII increasing the just value limit of
142	real estate eligible for the additional homestead tax exemption
143	for certain persons age sixty-five or older shall take effect
144	January 1, 2025.
145	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
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SJR 126

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146	placed on the ballot:
147	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
148	ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6
149	ARTICLE XII
150	HOMESTEAD TAX EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN SENIOR, LOW-INCOME,
151	LONG-TERM RESIDENTS; INCREASED JUST VALUE LIMITProposing an
152	amendment to the State Constitution to increase the just value
153	limit, from \$250,000 to \$300,000, of real estate eligible for
154	the homestead tax exemption that may be granted by counties or
155	municipalities to certain senior, low-income, long-term
156	residents. If approved, this amendment shall take effect January
157	1, 2025.

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