1 2 An act relating to adoption; amending s. 63.082, F.S.; 3 providing legislative findings and intent; specifying 4 that certain adoption consents are valid, binding, and enforceable by the court; specifying that a consent to 5 6 adoption is not valid after a certain period during 7 the pendency of a petition for termination of parental 8 rights; authorizing the adoption entity to file a 9 specified motion under certain circumstances; making 10 technical changes; deleting a provision regarding the sufficiency of the home study provided by the adoption 11 12 entity; requiring that an evidentiary hearing be granted if a certain motion is filed; specifying the 13 14 determinations to be made at such hearing; providing a 15 rebuttable presumption; requiring the court to grant 16 party status to the current caregivers under certain 17 circumstances; providing when such party status expires; requiring the intervening party to prove 18 19 certain factors to rebut a certain presumption; revising the factors for a best interests 20 21 consideration at a certain hearing; requiring the 22 court to order the transfer of custody of the child to 23 the prospective adoptive parents under certain 24 circumstances and in accordance with a certain 25 transition plan; requiring the adoption entity to 26 provide monthly supervision reports for a specified 27 time; requiring the Department of Children and 28 Families to provide certain information to the 29 prospective adoptive parents under certain

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30 circumstances; requiring the department to file with the court an acknowledgment of receipt of such 31 32 information; requiring certain disclosures related to the right to participate in a private adoption plan; 33 34 amending s. 63.087, F.S.; requiring the clerk of court 35 to issue a separate case number for a petition for 36 adoption and prohibiting such petition from being 37 maintained in a specified court file; revising 38 requirements for a petition for adoption; amending s. 39 63.122, F.S.; requiring that a certain notice of hearing be given as prescribed in the Florida Family 40 Law Rules of Procedure; amending s. 63.132, F.S.; 41 42 making technical changes; specifying that certain fees are hourly fees; amending s. 63.212, F.S.; providing 43 44 that a person contemplating adoption of a child may 45 make specified payments to the mother of the child for a specified period of time regardless of whether the 46 47 medical needs of the mother require such support; 48 requiring the department to provide a certain list of child-caring and child-placing agencies to the Office 49 50 of Program Policy Analysis and Government 51 Accountability by a specified date; requiring certain 52 child-caring and child-placing agencies to provide 53 certain data to the office by a specified date; 54 requiring the office to submit a specified report to the Legislature by a specified date; providing 55 requirements for the report; providing an effective 56 57 date. 58

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59	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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61	Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 63.082, Florida
62	Statutes, is amended to read:
63	63.082 Execution of consent to adoption or affidavit of
64	nonpaternity; family social and medical history; revocation of
65	consent
66	(6)(a) $1$ . The Legislature finds that there is a compelling
67	state interest in ensuring that a child involved in chapter 39
68	proceedings is served in a way that minimizes his or her trauma,
69	provides safe placement, maintains continuity of bonded
70	placements, and achieves permanency as soon as possible.
71	2. The Legislature finds that the use of intervention in
72	dependency cases for the purpose of adoption has the potential
73	to be traumatic for a child in the dependency system and that
74	the disruption of a stable and bonded long-term placement by a
75	change of placement to a person or family with whom the child
76	has no bond or connection may create additional trauma.
77	3. The Legislature finds that the right of a parent to
78	determine an appropriate placement for a child who has been
79	found dependent is not absolute and must be weighed against
80	other factors that take the child's safety, well-being, and best
81	<u>interests into account.</u>
82	4. It is the intent of the Legislature to reduce the
83	disruption of stable and bonded long-term placements that have
84	been identified as prospective adoptive placements.
85	(b) If a parent executes a consent for adoption of a <u>child</u>
86	minor with an adoption entity or qualified prospective adoptive
87	parents and the <del>minor</del> child is under the supervision of the

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88 department, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the 89 dependency court as a result of the entry of a shelter order, a 90 dependency petition, or a petition for termination of parental 91 rights pursuant to chapter 39, but parental rights have not yet 92 been terminated, the adoption consent is valid, binding, and 93 enforceable by the court. For the purposes of this subsection, a consent to adoption of a child with an adoption entity or 94 95 qualified prospective adoptive parents is valid if executed 96 during the pendency of the chapter 39 proceeding up to and 97 including the 30th day after the filing of the petition for 98 termination of parental rights pursuant to s. 39.802.

99 (c) (b) Upon execution of the consent of the parent, the 100 adoption entity may file a motion shall be permitted to intervene and change placement of the child in the dependency 101 case as a party in interest and must provide the court that 102 103 acquired jurisdiction over the child minor, pursuant to the 104 shelter order or dependency petition filed by the department, a copy of the preliminary home study of the prospective adoptive 105 106 parents selected by the parent or adoption entity and any other 107 evidence of the suitability of the placement. The preliminary home study must be maintained with strictest confidentiality 108 109 within the dependency court file and the department's file. A preliminary home study must be provided to the court in all 110 111 cases in which an adoption entity has been allowed to intervene 112 intervened pursuant to this section. Unless the court has 113 concerns regarding the qualifications of the home study provider, or concerns that the home study may not be adequate to 114 determine the best interests of the child, the home study 115 116 provided by the adoption entity shall be deemed to be sufficient

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20231322er 117 and no additional home study needs to be performed by the 118 department. 119 (d)1.(c) If an adoption entity files a motion to intervene 120 and change placement of the child in the dependency case in 121 accordance with this chapter, the dependency court must shall promptly grant an evidentiary a hearing to determine whether: 122 123 a. The adoption entity has filed the required documents to 124 be allowed permitted to intervene; 125 b. The preliminary home study is adequate and provides the 126 information required to make a best interests determination; and 127 c. The whether a change of placement of the child is in the 128 best interests of the child. 129 2. Absent good cause or mutual agreement of the parties, 130 the final hearing on the motion to intervene and change placement the change of placement of the child must be held 131 132 within 30 days after the filing of the motion, and a written 133 final order shall be filed within 15 days after the hearing. (e) If the child has been in his or her current placement 134 135 for at least 9 continuous months or 15 of the last 24 months 136 immediately preceding the filing of the motion to intervene, and 137 that placement is a prospective adoptive placement, there is a 138 rebuttable presumption that the placement is stable and that it 139 is in the child's best interests to remain in that current 140 stable placement. The court shall grant party status to the 141 current caregiver who is a prospective adoptive placement for 142 the limited purpose of filing motions and presenting evidence 143 pursuant to this subsection. This limited party status expires 144 upon the issuance of a final order on the motion to intervene 145 and change of placement of the child. To rebut the presumption

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146 established in this paragraph, the intervening party must prove 147 by clear and convincing evidence that it is in the best 148 interests of the child to disrupt the current stable prospective 149 adoptive placement using the factors set forth in paragraph (f) 150 and any other factors that the court deems relevant. (d) If after consideration of all relevant factors, 151 152 including those set forth in paragraph (e), the court determines 153 that the prospective adoptive parents are properly qualified to 154 adopt the minor child and that the adoption is in the best 155 interests of the minor child, the court shall promptly order the transfer of custody of the minor child to the prospective 156 adoptive parents, under the supervision of the adoption entity. 157 158 The court may establish reasonable requirements for the transfer 159 of custody in the transfer order, including a reasonable period 160 of time to transition final custody to the prospective adoptive 161 parents. The adoption entity shall thereafter provide monthly supervision reports to the department until finalization of the 162 163 adoption. If the child has been determined to be dependent by 164 the court, the department shall provide information to the prospective adoptive parents at the time they receive placement 165 166 of the dependent child regarding approved parent training classes available within the community. The department shall 167 168 file with the court an acknowledgment of the parent's receipt of 169 the information regarding approved parent training classes 170 available within the community.

171 (f) (e) At a hearing to determine In determining whether it 172 is in the best interests of a child to change placement the 173 child are served by transferring the custody of the minor child 174 to the prospective adoptive parents parent selected by the

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20231322er 175 parent or adoption entity, the court shall consider and weigh 176 all relevant factors, including, but not limited to: 177 1. The permanency offered by both the child's current 178 placement and the prospective adoptive placement selected by the parent or adoption entity; 179 2. The established bond bonded relationship between the 180 181 child and the current caregiver with whom the child is residing 182 if that placement is a prospective adoptive placement in any 183 potential adoptive home in which the child has been residing; 184 3. The stability of the prospective adoptive placement potential adoptive home in which the child has been residing, 185 which must be presumed stable if the placement meets the 186 187 requirements of paragraph (e), as well as the desirability of maintaining continuity of placement; 188 4. The importance of maintaining sibling relationships, if 189 190 possible; 191 5. The reasonable preferences and wishes of the child, if the court deems the child to be of sufficient maturity, 192 193 understanding, and experience to express a preference; 194 6. Whether a petition for termination of parental rights has been filed pursuant to s. 39.806(1)(f), (g), or (h); and 195 7. What is best for the child; and 196 197 8. The right of the parent to determine an appropriate 198 placement for the child. 199 (g)1. If after consideration of all relevant factors, 200 including those set forth in paragraph (f), the court determines 201 that the home study is adequate and provides the information 202 necessary to make a determination that the prospective adoptive 203 parents are properly qualified to adopt the child and that the

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20231322er 204 change of placement is in the best interests of the child, the 205 court must order the change of placement to the prospective 206 adoptive placement selected by the parent or adoption entity, 207 under the supervision of the adoption entity. 208 2. The order must allow for a reasonable period of time to 209 transition placement in accordance with a transition plan 210 developed by the department in consultation with the current 211 caregivers, the prospective adoptive parent, and the guardian ad 212 litem, if one is appointed. 213 3. The transition plan must be developed to minimize the 214 trauma of removal from his or her current placement and take the 215 needs of each child into account, including each child's age, 216 relationships, bonds, and preferences. 217 4. The adoption entity must thereafter provide monthly 218 supervision reports to the department until finalization of the 219 adoption. If the child has been determined to be dependent by 220 the court, the department must provide information to the 221 prospective adoptive parents at the time they receive placement 222 of the dependent child regarding approved parent training classes available within the community. The department must file 223 224 with the court an acknowledgment of the prospective adoptive parents' receipt of the information regarding approved parent 225 226 training classes available within the community. 227 (h) (f) The adoption entity is shall be responsible for

keeping the dependency court informed of the status of the adoption proceedings at least every 90 days from the date of the order changing placement of the child until the date of finalization of the adoption.

232

(i) (g) The parent who is a party to the dependency case

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233	must be provided written notice of his or her right to
234	participate in a private adoption plan, including written notice
235	of the factors identified in paragraph (f). This written notice
236	must be provided with the petition for dependency filed pursuant
237	to s. 39.501, in the order that adjudicates the child dependent
238	issued pursuant to s. 39.507, in the order of disposition issued
239	pursuant to s. 39.521 at the arraignment hearing held pursuant
240	to s. 39.506, in the order that approves the case plan <u>issued</u>
241	pursuant to s. 39.603, and in the order that changes the
242	permanency goal to adoption <u>issued</u> pursuant to s. 39.621 <del>, the</del>
243	court shall provide written notice to the biological parent who
244	is a party to the case of his or her right to participate in a
245	private adoption plan including written notice of the factors
246	provided in paragraph (e).
247	Section 2. Subsection (3) and paragraph (e) of subsection
248	(4) of section 63.087, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
249	63.087 Proceeding to terminate parental rights pending
250	adoption; general provisions
251	(3) PREREQUISITE FOR ADOPTION.—A petition for adoption may
252	not be filed until after the date the court enters the judgment
253	terminating parental rights pending adoption. The clerk of the
254	court shall issue a separate case number and maintain a separate
255	court file for a petition for adoption. A petition for adoption
256	may not be maintained in the same court file as the proceeding
257	to terminate parental rights. Adoptions of relatives, adult
258	adoptions, or adoptions of stepchildren are not required to file
259	a separate termination of parental rights proceeding pending

261 petition for termination of parental rights and adoption,

adoption. In such cases, the petitioner may file a joint

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attaching all required consents, affidavits, notices, and acknowledgments. Unless otherwise provided by law, this chapter applies to joint petitions.

265

266

(4) PETITION.-

(e) The petition must include:

1. The child's minor's name, gender, date of birth, and 267 268 place of birth. The petition must contain all names by which the 269 child minor is or has been known, excluding the child's minor's 270 prospective adoptive name but including the child's minor's 271 legal name at the time of the filing of the petition. In the 272 case of an infant child whose adoptive name appears on the 273 original birth certificate, the adoptive name shall not be 274 included in the petition, nor shall it be included elsewhere in 275 the termination of parental rights proceeding.

276 2. All information required by the Uniform Child Custody
277 Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act and the Indian Child Welfare
278 Act.

3. A statement of the grounds under s. 63.089 upon whichthe petition is based.

4. The name, address, and telephone number of any adoption
entity seeking to place the <u>child</u> minor for adoption.

2835. The name, address, and telephone number of the division284of the circuit court in which the petition is to be filed.

285 6. A certification that the petitioner will comply of
286 compliance with the requirements of s. 63.0425 regarding notice
287 to grandparents of an impending adoption.

288 7. A copy of the original birth certificate of the child,
289 attached to the petition or filed with the court before the
290 final hearing on the petition to terminate parental rights.

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## ENROLLED 2023 Legislature

20231322er 291 Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 63.122, Florida 292 Statutes, is amended to read: 293 63.122 Notice of hearing on petition.-294 (2) Notice of hearing must be given as prescribed by the 295 Florida Family Law Rules of Civil Procedure, and service of 296 process must be made as specified by law for civil actions. 297 Section 4. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 63.132, 298 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 299 63.132 Affidavit of expenses and receipts.-300 (1) Before the hearing on the petition for adoption, the prospective adoptive parents parent and any adoption entity must 301 file two copies of an affidavit under this section. 302 (a) The affidavit must be signed by the adoption entity and 303 304 the prospective adoptive parents. A copy of the affidavit must 305 be provided to the adoptive parents at the time the affidavit is 306 executed. 307 (b) The affidavit must itemize all disbursements and 308 receipts of anything of value, including professional and legal 309 fees, made or agreed to be made by or on behalf of the prospective adoptive parents parent and any adoption entity in 310 311 connection with the adoption or in connection with any prior 312 proceeding to terminate parental rights which involved the child minor who is the subject of the petition for adoption. The 313 314 affidavit must also include, for each hourly legal or counseling 315 fee itemized, the service provided for which the hourly fee is being charged, the date the service was provided, the time 316 317 required to provide the service if the service was charged by 318 the hour, the person or entity that provided the service, and 319 the hourly fee charged.

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320 (c) The affidavit must show any expenses or receipts 321 incurred in connection with: 322 1. The birth of the child minor. 323 2. The placement of the child minor with the petitioner. 324 3. The medical or hospital care received by the mother or 325 by the child minor during the mother's prenatal care and 326 confinement. 327 4. The living expenses of the birth mother. The living 328 expenses must be itemized in detail to apprise the court of the 329 exact expenses incurred. 5. The services relating to the adoption or to the 330 placement of the child minor for adoption that were received by 331 332 or on behalf of the petitioner, the adoption entity, either 333 parent, the child minor, or any other person. 334 335 The affidavit must state whether any of these expenses were paid 336 for by collateral sources, including, but not limited to, health 337 insurance, Medicaid, Medicare, or public assistance. 338 (3) The court must issue a separate order approving or 339 disapproving the fees, costs, and expenses itemized in the 340 affidavit. The court may approve only fees, costs, and expenditures allowed under s. 63.097. The court may reject in 341 whole or in part any fee, cost, or expenditure listed if the 342 343 court finds that the expense is any of the following: 344 (a) Contrary to this chapter. + (b) Not supported by a receipt, if requested in the record, 345 346 if the expense is not a fee of the adoption entity.; or 347 (c) Not a reasonable fee or expense, considering the 348 requirements of this chapter and the totality of the

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349	circumstances.
350	Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
351	63.212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
352	63.212 Prohibited acts; penalties for violation
353	(1) It is unlawful for any person:
354	(c) To sell or surrender, or to arrange for the sale or
355	surrender of, a <u>child</u> <del>minor</del> to another person for money or
356	anything of value or to receive such minor child for such
357	payment or thing of value. If a <u>child</u> <del>minor</del> is being adopted by
358	a relative or by a stepparent, or is being adopted through an
359	adoption entity, this paragraph does not prohibit the person who
360	is contemplating adopting the child from paying, under ss.
361	63.097 and 63.132, the actual prenatal care and living expenses
362	of the mother of the child to be adopted, or from paying, under
363	ss. 63.097 and 63.132, the actual living and medical expenses of
364	such mother for a reasonable time, not to exceed 6 weeks <del>, if</del>
365	medical needs require such support, after the birth of the child
366	minor.
367	Section 6. (1) On or before July 15, 2023, the Department
368	of Children and Families shall provide to the Office of Program
369	Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA) a list of
370	all child-caring agencies registered under s. 409.176, Florida
371	Statutes, and all child-placing agencies licensed under s.
372	63.202, Florida Statutes, and contact information for each such
373	agency.
374	(2) On or before October 1, 2023, all registered child-
375	caring agencies and licensed child-placing agencies shall
376	provide OPPAGA with data as requested by OPPAGA related to
377	contact information for any intermediary adoption entities the

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378	agency contracts with, fees and compensation for any portion of
379	adoption interventions the agency has been involved with, and
380	related costs for adoption interventions initiated under chapter
381	39, Florida Statutes.
382	(3) By January 1, 2024, OPPAGA shall submit a report to the
383	President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
384	Representatives which examines the adoption process in this
385	state. At a minimum, the report must include:
386	(a) An update of OPPAGA Report No. 08-05 from January 2008
387	and expanded analysis of time to permanency by adoption and
388	barriers to timely permanency.
389	(b) A general overview and analysis of adoptions under
390	chapter 63, Florida Statutes, including adoptions of children
391	outside of the child welfare system.
392	(c) A national comparative analysis of state processes that
393	allow private adoption entities to intervene or participate in
394	dependency cases and requirements for such intervention or
395	participation.
396	(d) A national comparative analysis of statutory fee limits
397	for adoption services when private adoption entities intervene
398	in dependency cases, including attorney fees, recruitment fees,
399	marketing fees, matching fees, and counseling fees.
400	(e) A national comparative analysis of any regulations on
401	marketing and client recruitment methods or strategies of
402	private adoption entities in dependency cases.
403	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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