20231352er

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2	An act relating to sickle cell disease medications,
3	treatment, and screening; creating s. 383.147, F.S.;
4	requiring newborn and infant screening providers to
5	notify primary care physicians of newborns and infants
6	of certain screening results and to submit the results
7	to the Department of Health for a specified purpose;
8	requiring such physicians to provide certain
9	information to parents and guardians of such newborns
10	or infants; requiring the department to contract with
11	a certain center to establish and maintain a sickle
12	cell registry; providing a requirement for the
13	registry; authorizing parents and guardians of
14	children in the registry to request to have them
15	removed from the registry; providing duties of the
16	department and the center; providing requirements for
17	certain notification that the center must provide to
18	parents and guardians; requiring the department to
19	adopt rules; creating s. 409.91235, F.S.; requiring
20	the Agency for Health Care Administration, in
21	consultation with certain entities, to review sickle
22	cell disease medications, treatments, and services for
23	Medicaid recipients and develop a written report, post
24	the report on its website, and submit a copy of the
25	report to the Governor, the Legislature, and certain
26	entities by a specified date and every 2 years
27	thereafter; providing requirements for the report;
28	providing appropriations and authorizing positions;
29	providing an effective date.

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31	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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33	Section 1. Section 383.147, Florida Statutes, is created to
34	read:
35	383.147 Newborn and infant screenings for sickle cell
36	<u>hemoglobin variants; registry.—</u>
37	(1) If a screening provider detects that a newborn or an
38	infant, as those terms are defined in s. 383.145(2), is carrying
39	a sickle cell hemoglobin variant, it must notify the primary
40	care physician of the newborn or infant and submit the results
41	of such screening to the Department of Health for inclusion in
42	the sickle cell registry established under paragraph (2)(a). The
43	primary care physician must provide to the parent or guardian of
44	the newborn or infant information regarding the availability and
45	benefits of genetic counseling.
46	(2)(a) The Department of Health shall contract with a
47	community-based sickle cell disease medical treatment and
48	research center to establish and maintain a registry for
49	newborns and infants who are identified as carrying a sickle
50	cell hemoglobin variant. The sickle cell registry must track
51	sickle cell disease outcome measures. A parent or guardian of a
52	newborn or an infant in the registry may request to have his or
53	her child removed from the registry by submitting a form
54	prescribed by the department by rule.
55	(b) The Department of Health shall also establish a system
56	to ensure that the community-based sickle cell disease medical
57	treatment and research center notifies the parent or guardian of
58	a child who has been included in the registry that a follow-up

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20231352er 59 consultation with a physician is recommended. Such notice must 60 be provided to the parent or quardian of such child at least 61 once during early adolescence and once during late adolescence. 62 The department shall make every reasonable effort to notify persons included in the registry who are 18 years of age that 63 64 they may request to be removed from the registry by submitting a 65 form prescribed by the department by rule. The department shall 66 also provide to such persons information regarding available 67 educational services, genetic counseling, and other beneficial 68 resources. 69 (3) The Department of Health shall adopt rules to implement 70 this section. Section 2. Section 409.91235, Florida Statutes, is created 71 72 to read: 409.91235 Agency review and report on medications, 73 74 treatments, and services for sickle cell disease.-75 (1) The Agency for Health Care Administration, in 76 consultation with the Florida Medical Schools Quality Network 77 and a dedicated sickle cell disease medical treatment and research center that maintains a sickle cell patient database 78 79 and tracks sickle cell disease outcome measures, shall, every 2 80 years: 81 (a) Conduct a review to determine whether the available covered medications, treatments, and services for sickle cell 82 83 disease are adequate to meet the needs of Medicaid recipients diagnosed with such disease and whether the agency should seek 84 85 to add additional medications, treatments, or services to 86 improve outcomes. 87 (b)1. Develop a written report that details the review

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88	findings.
89	2. Beginning November 1, 2024, and by November 1 of every
90	other year thereafter, post the report on the agency's website.
91	3. Submit a copy of the report to the Governor, the
92	President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of
93	Representatives, the Department of Health's Office of Minority
94	Health and Health Equity, and the Rare Disease Advisory Council.
95	(2)(a) The report developed under subsection (1) must be
96	based on the data collected from the prior 2 years and must
97	include any recommendations for improvements in the delivery of
98	and access to medications, treatments, or services for Medicaid
99	recipients diagnosed with sickle cell disease.
100	(b) The report must provide detailed information on
101	Medicaid recipients diagnosed with sickle cell disease,
102	including:
103	1. The total number of Medicaid recipients diagnosed with
104	sickle cell disease.
105	2. The age and population demographics of the Medicaid
106	recipients diagnosed with sickle cell disease.
107	3. The health care utilization patterns and total
108	expenditures, both pharmaceutical and medical, for services
109	provided by Medicaid for all Medicaid recipients diagnosed with
110	sickle cell disease.
111	4. The number of Medicaid recipients diagnosed with sickle
112	cell disease within the general sickle cell patient population
113	who have experienced two or more emergency room visits or two or
114	more hospital inpatient admissions in a 12-month period,
115	including length of stay, and the expenditures, both
116	pharmaceutical and medical, for those Medicaid recipients.
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20231352er 117 5. The number of clinical treatment programs available for 118 the care of Medicaid recipients diagnosed with sickle cell 119 disease which are specifically designed or certified to provide 120 health care coordination and health care access for individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease and the number of those 121 clinical treatment programs, per region, with which managed care 122 123 plans have contracted. 124 6. An assessment of the agency's existing payment 125 methodologies for approved treatments or medications for the 126 treatment of sickle cell disease in the inpatient setting and 127 whether such payment methodologies result in barriers to access. If barriers to access are identified, the report must include an 128 129 assessment of whether such methodologies may be modified or 130 improved through the adoption of new or additional policies. Section 3. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sums of 131 132 \$1,060,804 in recurring funds and \$21,355 in nonrecurring funds 133 from the General Revenue Fund are appropriated to the Department 134 of Health, and five full-time equivalent positions with 135 associated salary rate of 254,408 are authorized, for the 136 purpose of implementing this act. Section 4. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sum of 137 \$250,000 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is 138 139 appropriated to the Agency for Health Care Administration for 140 the purpose of implementing this act. 141 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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