## CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

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Representative Skidmore offered the following:

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## Amendment to Amendment (914905) (with title amendment)

Remove lines 6-154 of the amendment and insert:

the right of medical conscience for health care providers to

ensure that they can care for patients consistent with their

moral, ethical, and religious convictions. Further, it is the

intent of the Legislature that licensed health care providers

shall be free from threat of discrimination for providing

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Section 2. Section 381.00321, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

381.00321 Rights of conscience of health care providers.—

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conscience-based health care.

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L 4	(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
15	(a) "Adverse action" means the discharge, suspension,
L 6	transfer, demotion, discipline, suspension, exclusion,
L 7	revocation of privileges, withholding of bonuses, or reduction
18	in salary or benefits; any action that may negatively impact the
L 9	advancement or graduation of a student, including, but not
20	limited to, the withholding of scholarship funds; or any other
21	disciplinary or retaliatory action.
22	(b) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care
23	Administration.
24	(c) "Business entity" has the same meaning as provided in
25	s. 606.03. The term also includes a charitable organization as
26	defined in s. 496.404 and a corporation not for profit as
27	defined in s. 617.01401.
28	(d) "Conscience-based objection" means an objection based
29	on a sincerely held religious, moral, or ethical belief.
30	Conscience, with respect to entities, is determined by reference
31	to the entities' governing documents; any published ethical,
32	moral, or religious guidelines or directives; mission
33	statements; constitutions; articles of incorporation; bylaws;
34	policies; or regulations.
35	(e) "Department" means the Department of Health.
36	(f) "Educational institution" means a public or private

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school, college, or university.

<u>(g)</u>	"Health	care	provider"	means	а	physician	licensed	to
practice	medicine	in t	his state.					

- (h) "Health care service" means services provided to patient by a person engaged in the practice of medicine as defined in s. 458.305.
- (i) "Participate" or "participation" means take part in any way in providing or facilitating any health care service or any part of such service.
- (2) RIGHTS OF CONSCIENCE.—A health care provider has the right to opt out of participation in any health care service on the basis of a conscience-based objection.
  - (a) A health care provider who is a person must:
- 1. Document in the patient's medical record that the health care provider gave verbal or written notice of his or her conscience-based objection to the patient at the time of such objection or as soon as practicable thereafter.
- 2. At the time of objection or as soon as practicable thereafter, provide written notification of his or her conscience-based objection to the health care provider's supervisor or employer, if the health care provider has a supervisor or employer.
- 3. Provide written notice of his or her conscience-based objection if such provider is a student to his or her educational institution at the time of the conscience-based objection or as soon as practicable thereafter.

- (b) The exercise of the right of medical conscience is limited to conscience-based objections to a specific health care service. This section does not waive or modify any duty a health care provider may have to provide other health care services that do not violate their rights of conscience or any duty a health care provider may have to provide informed consent to a patient in accordance with general law.
- (c) A health care provider may not be discriminated against or suffer adverse action because the health care provider declined to participate in a health care service on the basis of a conscience-based objection.
  - (3) SPEECH AND WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS. -
- (a) A health care provider may not be discriminated
  against or suffer any adverse action in any manner with respect
  to:
- 1. Providing or causing to be provided or intending to provide or cause to be provided to their employer, the Attorney General, the Department of Health, any other state agency charged with protecting health care rights of conscience, the United States Department of Health and Human Services, the Office of Civil Rights, or any other federal agency charged with protecting health care rights of conscience information relating to any violation of or any act or omission the health care provider reasonably believes to be a violation of any provision of this act;

88	2. Testifying or intending to testify in a proceeding
89	concerning such violation; or
90	3. Assisting or participating or intending to assist or
91	participate in such a proceeding.
92	(b) Unless the disclosure is specifically prohibited by
93	law, a health care provider may not be discriminated against in
94	any manner for disclosing information that the health care
95	provider reasonably believes constitutes:
96	1. A violation of any law, rule, or regulation;
97	2. A violation of any ethical guidelines for the provision
98	of any medical procedure or service; or
99	3. A practice or method of treatment that may put patient
100	health at risk or present a substantial and specific danger to
101	public health or safety.
102	(4) CIVIL REMEDIES.—A health care provider may bring a
103	civil cause of action for appropriate damages, an injunction, or
104	any other appropriate relief in law or equity, including
105	reasonable attorney fees, for any violation of this act.
106	(5) IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY.—A health care provider may
107	not be civilly liable for declining to participate in health
108	<u>care service on</u>
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TITLE AMENDMENT

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Remove lines 206-234 of the amendment and insert: providers have the right to opt out of participation in certain health care services on the basis of conscience-based objections; providing requirements for a health care provider's notice and documentation of such objection; requiring health care providers to notify patients or potential patients seeking a specific health care service of any such objection before scheduling an appointment; providing construction; prohibiting discrimination or adverse action against health care providers who decline to participate in a health care service on the basis of conscience-based objection; providing whistleblower protections for health care providers that take certain actions or disclose certain information relating to the reporting of certain violations; authorizing health care providers to file complaints with the Attorney General for violation of specified provisions; providing for civil penalties; authorizing the Attorney General to take specified actions for purposes of conducting an investigation of such complaints; authorizing the Department of Legal Affairs to adopt rules; providing health care providers immunity from civil liability solely for

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137	decl	ining	to	participate	in	a	health	care	service	on	ĺ
138	the	basis	of								

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