$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$  the Committees on Rules; and Health Policy; and Senator Rodriguez

	595-04058-23 20231506c2
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Department of Health; creating
3	s. 381.875, F.S.; defining terms; prohibiting certain
4	research in this state relating to enhanced potential
5	pandemic pathogens; requiring researchers applying for
6	state or local funding to disclose certain
7	information; requiring the Department of Health to
8	enjoin violations of specified provisions; providing
9	construction; amending s. 381.986, F.S.; defining the
10	term "attractive to children"; prohibiting medical
11	marijuana treatment centers from producing marijuana
12	products that are attractive to children or
13	manufactured in specified manners; prohibiting
14	marijuana packaging and labeling from including
15	specified wording; prohibiting medical marijuana
16	treatment centers from using certain content in their
17	advertising which is attractive to children or
18	promotes the recreational use of marijuana; revising
19	background screening requirements for certain
20	individuals; amending s. 381.988, F.S.; requiring
21	medical marijuana testing laboratories to subject
22	their employees to background screenings; revising
23	background screening requirements for certain
24	individuals; amending s. 382.005, F.S.; requiring
25	local registrars to electronically file all live
26	birth, death, and fetal death records in their
27	respective jurisdictions in the department's
28	electronic registration system; requiring the local
29	registrars to file a paper record with the department

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30	if the electronic system is unavailable; requiring
31	local registrars to make blank paper forms available
32	in such instances; providing requirements for such
33	paper records; amending s. 382.008, F.S.; conforming
34	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
35	382.009, F.S.; revising the types of health care
36	practitioners who may make certain determinations of
37	death; amending ss. 382.013 and 382.015, F.S.;
38	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
39	amending ss. 382.021 and 382.023, F.S.; revising the
40	frequency with which circuit courts must transmit
41	marriage licenses and certain dissolution-of-marriage
42	records to the department; requiring that such records
43	be transmitted electronically; amending s. 382.025,
44	F.S.; extending the timeframe for the confidentiality
45	of certain birth records; authorizing persons
46	appointed by the department to issue certified copies
47	of live birth, death, and fetal death certificates;
48	amending s. 401.27, F.S.; revising requirements for
49	applicants for certification or recertification as
50	emergency medical technicians or paramedics; deleting
51	a requirement that a certain certification examination
52	be offered monthly; deleting related duties of the
53	department; deleting a temporary certificate and
54	related provisions; amending s. 401.2701, F.S.;
55	exempting certain emergency medical services training
56	program applicants from the requirement to have a
57	certain affiliation agreement; amending s. 401.272,
58	F.S.; revising the purpose of certain provisions;

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59	specifying requirements for the provision of specified
60	services by paramedics and emergency medical
61	technicians under certain circumstances; revising the
62	department's rulemaking authority; amending s. 401.34,
63	F.S.; deleting certain provisions and fees related to
64	the department's grading of a certain certification
65	examination; amending s. 401.435, F.S.; revising
66	provisions related to minimum standards for emergency
67	medical responder training; amending s. 464.203, F.S.;
68	exempting certain applicants for certification as a
69	certified nursing assistant from the skills-
70	demonstration portion of a certain competency
71	examination; amending s. 468.1115, F.S.; providing
72	construction and applicability; conforming a cross-
73	reference; reordering and amending s. 468.1125, F.S.;
74	providing and revising definitions; amending ss.
75	468.1225 and 468.1245, F.S.; revising the scope of
76	practice for audiologists as it relates to hearing
77	aids to apply to prescription hearing aids only;
78	requiring that hearing aids provided to persons
79	younger than 18 years of age be prescription hearing
80	aids and not over-the-counter hearing aids; amending
81	s. 468.1246, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes
82	made by the act; deleting obsolete language; amending
83	ss. 468.1255, 468.1265, and 468.1275, F.S.; conforming
84	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
85	484.0401, F.S.; revising legislative findings and
86	intent to conform to changes made by the act;
87	reordering and amending s. 484.041, F.S.; providing

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88	and revising definitions; amending s. 484.042, F.S.;
89	revising membership requirements for members of the
90	Board of Hearing Aid Specialists; amending s. 484.044,
91	F.S.; revising the board's rulemaking authority;
92	deleting obsolete language; amending ss. 484.0445,
93	484.045, 484.0501, and 484.051, F.S.; revising the
94	scope of practice for hearing aid specialists and
95	making conforming changes to licensure and practice
96	requirements; amending s. 484.0512, F.S.; conforming
97	provisions to changes made by the act; deleting
98	obsolete language; amending ss. 484.0513, 484.053, and
99	484.054, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made
100	by the act; amending s. 484.059, F.S.; conforming
101	provisions to changes made by the act; providing
102	applicability; amending s. 1002.394, F.S.; conforming
103	a cross-reference; providing a directive to the
104	Division of Law Revision; providing effective dates.
105	
106	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
107	
108	Section 1. Effective upon this act becoming law, section
109	381.875, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
110	381.875 Enhanced potential pandemic pathogen research
111	prohibited
112	(1) As used in this section, the term:
113	(a) "Enhanced potential pandemic pathogen" means a
114	potential pandemic pathogen that results from enhancing the
115	transmissibility or virulence of a pathogen. The term does not
116	include naturally occurring pathogens circulating in or

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117	recovered from nature, regardless of their pandemic potential.
118	(b) "Enhanced potential pandemic pathogen research" means
119	research that may be reasonably anticipated to create, transfer,
120	or use potential pandemic pathogens that result from enhancing a
121	pathogen's transmissibility or virulence in humans.
122	(c) "Potential pandemic pathogen" means a bacterium, virus,
123	or other microorganism that is likely to be both:
124	1. Highly transmissible and capable of wide, uncontrollable
125	spread in human populations; and
126	2. Highly virulent, making it likely to cause significant
127	morbidity or mortality in humans.
128	(2) Any research that is reasonably likely to create an
129	enhanced potential pandemic pathogen or that has been determined
130	by the United States Department of Health and Human Services,
131	another federal agency, or a state agency as defined in s. 11.45
132	to create such a pathogen is prohibited in this state.
133	(3) Any researcher applying for state or local funding to
134	conduct research in this state must disclose in the application
135	to the funding source whether the research meets the definition
136	of enhanced potential pandemic pathogen research.
137	(4) The Department of Health shall exercise its authority
138	under s. 381.0012 to enjoin violations of this section.
139	(5) This section does not affect research funded or
140	conducted before the effective date of this act.
141	Section 2. Present paragraphs (a) through (o) of subsection
142	(1) of section 381.986, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
143	paragraphs (b) through (p), respectively, a new paragraph (a) is
144	added to that subsection, and paragraphs (a) and (c) of
145	subsection (3), paragraphs (e) and (h) of subsection (8), and

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146	subsection (9) of that section are amended, to read:
147	381.986 Medical use of marijuana.—
148	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
149	(a) "Attractive to children" means the use of any image or
150	words designed or likely to appeal to persons younger than 18
151	years of age, including, but not limited to, cartoons, toys,
152	animals, food, or depictions of persons younger than 18 years of
153	age; any other likeness to images, characters, or phrases that
154	are popularly used to advertise to persons younger than 18 years
155	of age; or any reasonable likeness to commercially available
156	candy.
157	(3) QUALIFIED PHYSICIANS AND MEDICAL DIRECTORS
158	(a) Before being approved as a qualified physician $_{ au}$ as
159	defined in paragraph (1)(m), and before each license renewal, a

1 physician must successfully complete a 2-hour course and 160 161 subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical 162 Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association which 163 encompass the requirements of this section and any rules adopted 164 hereunder. The course and examination must shall be administered 165 at least annually and may be offered in a distance learning 166 format, including an electronic, online format that is available 167 upon request. The price of the course may not exceed \$500. A 168 physician who has met the physician education requirements of former s. 381.986(4), Florida Statutes 2016, before June 23, 169 170 2017, shall be deemed to be in compliance with this paragraph 171 from June 23, 2017, until 90 days after the course and examination required by this paragraph become available. 172

(c) Before being employed as a medical director, as defined
 in paragraph (1) (i), and before each license renewal, a medical

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 175 director must successfully complete a 2-hour course and 176 subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical 177 Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association which 178 encompass the requirements of this section and any rules adopted 179 hereunder. The course and examination must shall be administered 180 at least annually and may be offered in a distance learning 181 format, including an electronic, online format that is available 182 upon request. The price of the course may not exceed \$500. 183 (8) MEDICAL MARIJUANA TREATMENT CENTERS.-184 (e) A licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall 185 cultivate, process, transport, and dispense marijuana for 186 medical use. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may 187 not contract for services directly related to the cultivation, 188 processing, and dispensing of marijuana or marijuana delivery 189 devices, except that a medical marijuana treatment center 190 licensed pursuant to subparagraph (a)1. may contract with a 191 single entity for the cultivation, processing, transporting, and 192 dispensing of marijuana and marijuana delivery devices. A 193 licensed medical marijuana treatment center must, at all times, 194 maintain compliance with the criteria demonstrated and 195 representations made in the initial application and the criteria 196 established in this subsection. Upon request, the department may 197 grant a medical marijuana treatment center a variance from the 198 representations made in the initial application. Consideration 199 of such a request shall be based upon the individual facts and 200 circumstances surrounding the request. A variance may not be 201 granted unless the requesting medical marijuana treatment center 202 can demonstrate to the department that it has a proposed 203 alternative to the specific representation made in its

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 204 application which fulfills the same or a similar purpose as the 205 specific representation in a way that the department can 206 reasonably determine will not be a lower standard than the 207 specific representation in the application. A variance may not 208 be granted from the requirements in subparagraph 2. and 209 subparagraphs (b)1. and 2. 210 1. A licensed medical marijuana treatment center may 211 transfer ownership to an individual or entity who meets the requirements of this section. A publicly traded corporation or 212 213 publicly traded company that meets the requirements of this 214 section is not precluded from ownership of a medical marijuana 215 treatment center. To accommodate a change in ownership: 216 a. The licensed medical marijuana treatment center shall 217 notify the department in writing at least 60 days before the 218 anticipated date of the change of ownership. 219 b. The individual or entity applying for initial licensure 220 due to a change of ownership must submit an application that 221 must be received by the department at least 60 days before the 222 date of change of ownership. 223 c. Upon receipt of an application for a license, the 224 department shall examine the application and, within 30 days 225 after receipt, notify the applicant in writing of any apparent 226 errors or omissions and request any additional information 227 required. 228 d. Requested information omitted from an application for 229 licensure must be filed with the department within 21 days after 230 the department's request for omitted information or the 231 application shall be deemed incomplete and shall be withdrawn 232 from further consideration and the fees shall be forfeited.

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233
          e. Within 30 days after the receipt of a complete
234
     application, the department shall approve or deny the
235
     application.
236
          2. A medical marijuana treatment center, and any individual
237
     or entity who directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds
238
     with power to vote 5 percent or more of the voting shares of a
239
     medical marijuana treatment center, may not acquire direct or
240
     indirect ownership or control of any voting shares or other form
     of ownership of any other medical marijuana treatment center.
241
242
          3. A medical marijuana treatment center may not enter into
243
     any form of profit-sharing arrangement with the property owner
244
     or lessor of any of its facilities where cultivation,
245
     processing, storing, or dispensing of marijuana and marijuana
246
     delivery devices occurs.
247
          4. All employees of a medical marijuana treatment center
248
     must be 21 years of age or older and have passed a background
249
     screening pursuant to subsection (9).
250
          5. Each medical marijuana treatment center must adopt and
251
     enforce policies and procedures to ensure employees and
252
     volunteers receive training on the legal requirements to
253
     dispense marijuana to qualified patients.
254
          6. When growing marijuana, a medical marijuana treatment
255
     center:
256
          a. May use pesticides determined by the department, after
257
     consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
258
     Services, to be safely applied to plants intended for human
259
     consumption, but may not use pesticides designated as
260
     restricted-use pesticides pursuant to s. 487.042.
261
          b. Must grow marijuana within an enclosed structure and in
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for CS for SB 1506

595-04058-23 20231506c2 262 a room separate from any other plant. 263 c. Must inspect seeds and growing plants for plant pests 264 that endanger or threaten the horticultural and agricultural 265 interests of the state in accordance with chapter 581 and any 266 rules adopted thereunder. 267 d. Must perform fumigation or treatment of plants, or 268 remove and destroy infested or infected plants, in accordance 269 with chapter 581 and any rules adopted thereunder. 270 7. Each medical marijuana treatment center must produce and 271 make available for purchase at least one low-THC cannabis 272 product. 273 8. A medical marijuana treatment center that produces 274 edibles must hold a permit to operate as a food establishment 275 pursuant to chapter 500, the Florida Food Safety Act, and must 276 comply with all the requirements for food establishments 277 pursuant to chapter 500 and any rules adopted thereunder. 278 Edibles may not contain more than 200 milligrams of 279 tetrahydrocannabinol, and a single serving portion of an edible 280 may not exceed 10 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol. Edibles 281 may have a potency variance of no greater than 15 percent. 282 Marijuana products, including edibles, may not be attractive to 283 children; be manufactured in the shape of humans, cartoons, or 284 animals; be manufactured in a form that bears any reasonable 285 resemblance to products available for consumption as 286 commercially available candy; or contain any color additives. To 287 discourage consumption of edibles by children, the department 288 shall determine by rule any shapes, forms, and ingredients 289 allowed and prohibited for edibles. Medical marijuana treatment 290 centers may not begin processing or dispensing edibles until

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 291 after the effective date of the rule. The department shall also 292 adopt sanitation rules providing the standards and requirements 293 for the storage, display, or dispensing of edibles. 294 9. Within 12 months after licensure, a medical marijuana 295 treatment center must demonstrate to the department that all of 296 its processing facilities have passed a Food Safety Good 297 Manufacturing Practices, such as Global Food Safety Initiative 298 or equivalent, inspection by a nationally accredited certifying 299 body. A medical marijuana treatment center must immediately stop 300 processing at any facility which fails to pass this inspection 301 until it demonstrates to the department that such facility has 302 met this requirement. 303 10. A medical marijuana treatment center that produces 304 prerolled marijuana cigarettes may not use wrapping paper made 305 with tobacco or hemp. 306 11. When processing marijuana, a medical marijuana 307 treatment center must: 308 a. Process the marijuana within an enclosed structure and 309 in a room separate from other plants or products. 310 b. Comply with department rules when processing marijuana 311 with hydrocarbon solvents or other solvents or gases exhibiting 312 potential toxicity to humans. The department shall determine by 313 rule the requirements for medical marijuana treatment centers to 314 use such solvents or gases exhibiting potential toxicity to 315 humans.

316 c. Comply with federal and state laws and regulations and 317 department rules for solid and liquid wastes. The department 318 shall determine by rule procedures for the storage, handling, 319 transportation, management, and disposal of solid and liquid

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320 waste generated during marijuana production and processing. The 321 Department of Environmental Protection shall assist the 322 department in developing such rules. 323 d. Test the processed marijuana using a medical marijuana 324 testing laboratory before it is dispensed. Results must be 325 verified and signed by two medical marijuana treatment center 326 employees. Before dispensing, the medical marijuana treatment 327 center must determine that the test results indicate that low-328 THC cannabis meets the definition of low-THC cannabis, the 329 concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol meets the potency 330 requirements of this section, the labeling of the concentration 331 of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol is accurate, and all 332 marijuana is safe for human consumption and free from 333 contaminants that are unsafe for human consumption. The 334 department shall determine by rule which contaminants must be 335 tested for and the maximum levels of each contaminant which are 336 safe for human consumption. The Department of Agriculture and 337 Consumer Services shall assist the department in developing the 338 testing requirements for contaminants that are unsafe for human 339 consumption in edibles. The department shall also determine by 340 rule the procedures for the treatment of marijuana that fails to 341 meet the testing requirements of this section, s. 381.988, or 342 department rule. The department may select samples of marijuana 343 from a medical marijuana treatment center facility which shall be tested by the department to determine whether the marijuana 344 345 meets the potency requirements of this section, is safe for 346 human consumption, and is accurately labeled with the 347 tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol concentration or to verify the result of marijuana testing conducted by a marijuana testing 348

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 349 laboratory. The department may also select samples of marijuana 350 delivery devices from a medical marijuana treatment center to 351 determine whether the marijuana delivery device is safe for use 352 by qualified patients. A medical marijuana treatment center may 353 not require payment from the department for the sample. A 354 medical marijuana treatment center must recall marijuana, 355 including all marijuana and marijuana products made from the 356 same batch of marijuana, that fails to meet the potency 357 requirements of this section, that is unsafe for human 358 consumption, or for which the labeling of the 359 tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol concentration is 360 inaccurate. The department shall adopt rules to establish 361 marijuana potency variations of no greater than 15 percent using 362 negotiated rulemaking pursuant to s. 120.54(2)(d) which accounts for, but is not limited to, time lapses between testing, testing 363 364 methods, testing instruments, and types of marijuana sampled for 365 testing. The department may not issue any recalls for product 366 potency as it relates to product labeling before issuing a rule 367 relating to potency variation standards. A medical marijuana 368 treatment center must also recall all marijuana delivery devices 369 determined to be unsafe for use by qualified patients. The 370 medical marijuana treatment center must retain records of all 371 testing and samples of each homogenous batch of marijuana for at 372 least 9 months. The medical marijuana treatment center must contract with a marijuana testing laboratory to perform audits 373 374 on the medical marijuana treatment center's standard operating 375 procedures, testing records, and samples and provide the results 376 to the department to confirm that the marijuana or low-THC 377 cannabis meets the requirements of this section and that the

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378	marijuana or low-THC cannabis is safe for human consumption. A
379	medical marijuana treatment center shall reserve two processed
380	samples from each batch and retain such samples for at least 9
381	months for the purpose of such audits. A medical marijuana
382	treatment center may use a laboratory that has not been
383	certified by the department under s. 381.988 until such time as
384	at least one laboratory holds the required certification, but in
385	no event later than July 1, 2018.
386	e. Package the marijuana in compliance with the United
387	States Poison Prevention Packaging Act of 1970, 15 U.S.C. ss.
388	1471 et seq.
389	f. Package the marijuana in a receptacle that has a firmly
390	affixed and legible label stating the following information:
391	(I) The marijuana or low-THC cannabis meets the
392	requirements of sub-subparagraph d.
393	(II) The name of the medical marijuana treatment center
394	from which the marijuana originates.
395	(III) The batch number and harvest number from which the
396	marijuana originates and the date dispensed.
397	(IV) The name of the physician who issued the physician
398	certification.
399	(V) The name of the patient.
400	(VI) The product name, if applicable, and dosage form,
401	including concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol.
402	The product name may not contain wording commonly associated
403	with products that are attractive to children or which promote
404	the recreational use of marijuana marketed by or to children.
405	(VII) The recommended dose.
406	(VIII) A warning that it is illegal to transfer medical
I	

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I	595-04058-23       20231506c2
407	marijuana to another person.
408	(IX) A marijuana universal symbol developed by the
409	department.
410	12. The medical marijuana treatment center shall include in
411	each package a patient package insert with information on the
412	specific product dispensed related to:
413	a. Clinical pharmacology.
414	b. Indications and use.
415	c. Dosage and administration.
416	d. Dosage forms and strengths.
417	e. Contraindications.
418	f. Warnings and precautions.
419	g. Adverse reactions.
420	13. In addition to the packaging and labeling requirements
421	specified in subparagraphs 11. and 12., marijuana in a form for
422	smoking must be packaged in a sealed receptacle with a legible
423	and prominent warning to keep away from children and a warning
424	that states marijuana smoke contains carcinogens and may
425	negatively affect health. Such receptacles for marijuana in a
426	form for smoking must be plain, opaque, and white without
427	depictions of the product or images other than the medical
428	marijuana treatment center's department-approved logo and the
429	marijuana universal symbol.
430	14 The department shall adopt rules to regulate the types

430 14. The department shall adopt rules to regulate the types, 431 appearance, and labeling of marijuana delivery devices dispensed 432 from a medical marijuana treatment center. The rules must 433 require marijuana delivery devices to have an appearance 434 consistent with medical use.

435

15. Each edible <u>must</u> shall be individually sealed in plain,

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 436 opaque wrapping marked only with the marijuana universal symbol. 437 Where practical, each edible must shall be marked with the 438 marijuana universal symbol. In addition to the packaging and 439 labeling requirements in subparagraphs 11. and 12., edible 440 receptacles must be plain, opaque, and white without depictions of the product or images other than the medical marijuana 441 442 treatment center's department-approved logo and the marijuana 443 universal symbol. The receptacle must also include a list of all the edible's ingredients, storage instructions, an expiration 444 445 date, a legible and prominent warning to keep away from children 446 and pets, and a warning that the edible has not been produced or 447 inspected pursuant to federal food safety laws. 448

448 16. When dispensing marijuana or a marijuana delivery449 device, a medical marijuana treatment center:

a. May dispense any active, valid order for low-THC
cannabis, medical cannabis and cannabis delivery devices issued
pursuant to former s. 381.986, Florida Statutes 2016, which was
entered into the medical marijuana use registry before July 1,
2017.

b. May not dispense more than a 70-day supply of marijuana within any 70-day period to a qualified patient or caregiver. May not dispense more than one 35-day supply of marijuana in a form for smoking within any 35-day period to a qualified patient or caregiver. A 35-day supply of marijuana in a form for smoking may not exceed 2.5 ounces unless an exception to this amount is approved by the department pursuant to paragraph (4)(f).

462 c. Must have the medical marijuana treatment center's
463 employee who dispenses the marijuana or a marijuana delivery
464 device enter into the medical marijuana use registry his or her

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465 name or unique employee identifier.

466 d. Must verify that the qualified patient and the 467 caregiver, if applicable, each have an active registration in 468 the medical marijuana use registry and an active and valid 469 medical marijuana use registry identification card, the amount 470 and type of marijuana dispensed matches the physician 471 certification in the medical marijuana use registry for that 472 qualified patient, and the physician certification has not already been filled. 473

e. May not dispense marijuana to a qualified patient who is
younger than 18 years of age. If the qualified patient is
younger than 18 years of age, marijuana may only be dispensed to
the qualified patient's caregiver.

f. May not dispense or sell any other type of cannabis, alcohol, or illicit drug-related product, including pipes or wrapping papers made with tobacco or hemp, other than a marijuana delivery device required for the medical use of marijuana and which is specified in a physician certification.

9. Must, upon dispensing the marijuana or marijuana delivery device, record in the registry the date, time, quantity, and form of marijuana dispensed; the type of marijuana delivery device dispensed; and the name and medical marijuana use registry identification number of the qualified patient or caregiver to whom the marijuana delivery device was dispensed.

h. Must ensure that patient records are not visible to
anyone other than the qualified patient, his or her caregiver,
and authorized medical marijuana treatment center employees.

(h) A medical marijuana treatment center may not engage inadvertising that is visible to members of the public from any

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494	street, sidewalk, park, or other public place, except:
495	1. The dispensing location of a medical marijuana treatment
496	center may have a sign that is affixed to the outside or hanging
497	in the window of the premises which identifies the dispensary by
498	the licensee's business name, a department-approved trade name,
499	or a department-approved logo. A medical marijuana treatment
500	center's trade name and logo may not contain wording or images
501	that are attractive to children commonly associated with
502	marketing targeted toward children or which promote recreational
503	use of marijuana.
504	2. A medical marijuana treatment center may engage in
505	Internet advertising and marketing under the following
506	conditions:
507	a. All advertisements must be approved by the department.
508	b. An advertisement may not have any content that <u>is</u>
509	attractive to children or which promotes the recreational use of
510	marijuana specifically targets individuals under the age of 18,
511	including cartoon characters or similar images.
512	c. An advertisement may not be an unsolicited pop-up
513	advertisement.
514	d. Opt-in marketing must include an easy and permanent opt-
515	out feature.
516	(9) BACKGROUND SCREENINGAn individual required to undergo
517	a background screening pursuant to this section must pass a
518	level 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435,
519	which, in addition to the disqualifying offenses provided in s.
520	435.04, shall exclude an individual who has an arrest awaiting
521	final disposition for, has been found guilty of, regardless of
522	adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty
•	

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 523 to an offense under chapter 837, chapter 895, or chapter 896 or 524 similar law of another jurisdiction. Exemptions from 525 disqualification as provided under s. 435.07 do not apply to 526 this subsection. 527 (a) Such individual must submit a full set of fingerprints 528 to the department or to a vendor, entity, or agency authorized 529 by s. 943.053(13). The department, vendor, entity, or agency 530 shall forward the fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law 531 532 Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau 533 of Investigation for national processing. 534 (b) Fees for state and federal fingerprint processing and 535 retention shall be borne by the medical marijuana treatment 536 center or caregiver, as applicable individual. The state cost 537 for fingerprint processing shall be as provided in s. 538 943.053(3)(e) for records provided to persons or entities other 539 than those specified as exceptions therein. 540 (c) Fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law 541 Enforcement pursuant to this subsection shall be retained by the 542 Department of Law Enforcement as provided in s. 943.05(2)(g) and 543 (h) and, when the Department of Law Enforcement begins 544 participation in the program, enrolled in the Federal Bureau of 545 Investigation's national retained print arrest notification 546 program. Any arrest record identified shall be reported to the 547 department.

548 Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 549 381.988, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550 381.988 Medical marijuana testing laboratories; marijuana 551 tests conducted by a certified laboratory.-

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 552 (1) A person or entity seeking to be a certified marijuana 553 testing laboratory must: 554 (d) Require all employees, owners, and managers to submit 555 to and pass a level 2 background screening pursuant to chapter 556 435. The department s. 435.04 and shall deny certification if 557 the person or entity seeking certification has a disqualifying 558 offense as provided in s. 435.04 or has an arrest awaiting final 559 disposition for, has been found guilty of, or has entered a plea 560 of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any offense listed in chapter 837, chapter 895, or chapter 896 or 561 562 similar law of another jurisdiction. Exemptions from disqualification as provided under s. 435.07 do not apply to 563 564 this paragraph.

1. Such <u>employees</u>, owners, and managers must submit a full set of fingerprints to the department or to a vendor, entity, or agency authorized by s. 943.053(13). The department, vendor, entity, or agency shall forward the fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing.

572 2. Fees for state and federal fingerprint processing and 573 retention shall be borne by <u>the certified marijuana testing</u> 574 <u>laboratory</u> such owners or managers. The state cost for 575 fingerprint processing shall be as provided in s. 943.053(3)(e) 576 for records provided to persons or entities other than those 577 specified as exceptions therein.

578 3. Fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law 579 Enforcement pursuant to this paragraph shall be retained by the 580 Department of Law Enforcement as provided in s. 943.05(2)(g) and

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581	(h) and, when the Department of Law Enforcement begins
582	participation in the program, enrolled in the Federal Bureau of
583	Investigation's national retained print arrest notification
584	program. Any arrest record identified shall be reported to the
585	department.
586	Section 4. Section 382.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to
587	read:
588	382.005 Duties of local registrars.—
589	(1) Each local registrar is charged with the strict and
590	thorough enforcement of the provisions of this chapter and rules
591	adopted hereunder in his or her registration district, and shall
592	make an immediate report to the department of any violation or
593	apparent violation of this law or rules adopted hereunder.
594	(2) Each local registrar must electronically file all live
595	birth, death, and fetal death records within their respective
596	jurisdictions in the department's electronic registration
597	system. If the department's electronic registration system is
598	unavailable, the local registrar must file a paper record with
599	the department.
600	<u>(3)</u> Each local registrar <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> make <del>available</del> blank
601	forms available if the department's electronic registration
602	system is unavailable, as necessary and must shall examine each
603	paper certificate of live birth, death, or fetal death when
604	presented for registration in order to ascertain whether <del>or not</del>
605	it has been completed in accordance with <del>the provisions of</del> this
606	chapter and adopted rules. All <u>paper</u> birth, death, and fetal
607	death certificates <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be typewritten in permanent black
608	ink, and a <u>paper</u> certificate is not complete and correct if it
609	does not supply each item of information called for or

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of the local registrar.

624

595-04058-23 20231506c2 610 satisfactorily account for its omission. 611 (4) (3) The local registrar or his or her deputy, if authorized by the department, shall sign as registrar in 612 613 attestation of the date of registration of any paper records 614 filed, and may also make and preserve a local paper record of 615 each birth, death, and fetal death certificate registered by him 616 or her, in such manner as directed by the department. The local 617 registrar shall transmit daily to the department all original paper certificates registered. If no births, deaths, or fetal 618 619 deaths occurred in any month, the local registrar or deputy 620 shall, on the 7th day of the following month, report that fact 621 to the department on a form provided for such purpose. 622 (5) (4) Each local registrar, immediately upon appointment, 623 shall designate one or more deputy registrars to act on behalf

625 Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 382.008, Florida 626 Statutes, is amended to read:

627 382.008 Death, fetal death, and nonviable birth 628 registration.-

629 (2) (a) The funeral director who first assumes custody of a 630 dead body or fetus shall electronically file the certificate of 631 death or fetal death. In the absence of the funeral director, 632 the physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered 633 nurse registered under s. 464.0123, or other person in attendance at or after the death or the district medical 634 635 examiner of the county in which the death occurred or the body 636 was found shall electronically file the certificate of death or 637 fetal death. The person who files the certificate shall obtain 638 personal data from a legally authorized person as described in

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 639 s. 497.005 or the best qualified person or source available. The 640 medical certification of cause of death must shall be furnished 641 to the funeral director, either in person or via certified mail 642 or electronic transfer, by the physician, physician assistant, 643 advanced practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0123, 644 or medical examiner responsible for furnishing such information. 645 For fetal deaths, the physician, physician assistant, advanced 646 practice registered nurse registered under s. 464.0123, midwife, or hospital administrator shall provide any medical or health 647 information to the funeral director within 72 hours after 648 649 expulsion or extraction.

(b) The State Registrar <u>shall</u> may receive electronically a
certificate of death, fetal death, or nonviable birth which is
required to be filed with the registrar under this chapter
through facsimile or other electronic transfer for the purpose
of filing the certificate. The receipt of a certificate of
death, fetal death, or nonviable birth by electronic transfer
constitutes delivery to the State Registrar as required by law.

657 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 382.009, Florida 658 Statutes, is amended to read:

382.009 Recognition of brain death under certaincircumstances.-

661 (2) Determination of death pursuant to this section <u>must</u>
662 shall be made in accordance with currently accepted reasonable
663 medical standards.

(a) If the patient's treating health care practitioner is a
 physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, the
 determination must be made by that physician and a second
 physician two physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter

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668	459 who is. One physician shall be the treating physician, and
669	the other physician shall be a board-eligible or board-certified
670	neurologist, neurosurgeon, internist, pediatrician, surgeon, or
671	anesthesiologist.
672	(b) If the patient's treating health care practitioner is
673	an autonomous advanced practice registered nurse registered
674	under s. 464.0123, the determination must be made by that
675	practitioner and two physicians licensed under chapter 458 or
676	chapter 459. Each physician must be a board-eligible or board-
677	certified neurologist, neurosurgeon, internist, pediatrician,
678	surgeon, or anesthesiologist.
679	Section 7. Section 382.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to
680	read:
681	382.013 Birth registration.—A certificate for each live
682	birth that occurs in this state shall be filed within 5 days
683	after such birth in the department's electronic registration
684	system with the local registrar of the district in which the
685	birth occurred and shall be registered by the local registrar if
686	the certificate has been completed and filed in accordance with
687	this chapter and adopted rules. The information regarding
688	registered births shall be used for comparison with information
689	in the state case registry, as defined in chapter 61.
690	(1) FILING
691	(a) If a birth occurs in a hospital, birth center, or other
692	health care facility, or en route thereto, the person in charge
693	of the facility <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> responsible for preparing the
694	certificate, certifying the facts of the birth, and filing the
695	certificate in the department's electronic registration system
696	with the local registrar. Within 48 hours after the birth, the

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 697 physician, midwife, or person in attendance during or 698 immediately after the delivery shall provide the facility with 699 the medical information required by the birth certificate. 700 (b) If a birth occurs outside a facility and a physician 701 licensed in this state, a certified nurse midwife, a midwife 702 licensed in this state, or a public health nurse employed by the 703 department was in attendance during or immediately after the 704 delivery, that person shall prepare and file the certificate. 705 (c) If a birth occurs outside a facility and the delivery 706 is not attended by one of the persons described in paragraph 707 (b), the person in attendance, the mother, or the father shall 708 report the birth to the registrar and provide proof of the facts 709 of birth. The department may require such documents to be 710 presented and such proof to be filed as it deems necessary and 711 sufficient to establish the truth of the facts to be recorded by 712 the certificate and may withhold registering the birth until its 713 requirements are met.

(d) If a birth occurs in a moving conveyance and the child is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the birth shall be filed and registered in this state and the place to which the child is first removed shall be considered the place of birth.

(e) The mother or the father of the child shall attest to
the accuracy of the personal data entered on the certificate in
time to permit the timely registration of the certificate.

(f) If a certificate of live birth is incomplete, the local registrar shall immediately notify the health care facility or person filing the certificate and shall require the completion of the missing items of information if they can be obtained

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754

595-04058-23 20231506c2 726 before prior to issuing certified copies of the birth 727 certificate. (g) Regardless of any plan to place a child for adoption 728 729 after birth, the information on the birth certificate as 730 required by this section must be as to the child's birth parents 731 unless and until an application for a new birth record is made 732 under s. 63.152. 733 (h) The State Registrar may receive electronically a birth 734 certificate for each live birth which is required to be filed 735 with the registrar under this chapter through facsimile or other 736 electronic transfer for the purpose of filing the birth 737 certificate. The receipt of a birth certificate by electronic 738 transfer constitutes delivery to the State Registrar as required 739 by law. 740 (2) PATERNITY.-741 (a) If the mother is married at the time of birth, the name 742 of the husband shall be entered on the birth certificate as the 743 father of the child, unless paternity has been determined 744 otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction. 745 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if the husband of the 746 mother dies while the mother is pregnant but before the birth of 747 the child, the name of the deceased husband shall be entered on 748 the birth certificate as the father of the child, unless 749 paternity has been determined otherwise by a court of competent 750 jurisdiction. 751 (c) If the mother is not married at the time of the birth, 752 the name of the father may not be entered on the birth 753 certificate without the execution of an affidavit signed by both

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the mother and the person to be named as the father. The

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for CS for SB 1506

595-04058-23 20231506c2 755 facility shall give notice orally or through the use of video or 756 audio equipment, and in writing, of the alternatives to, the 757 legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent 758 is a minor, any rights afforded due to minority status, and 759 responsibilities that arise from signing an acknowledgment of 760 paternity, as well as information provided by the Title IV-D 761 agency established pursuant to s. 409.2557, regarding the 762 benefits of voluntary establishment of paternity. Upon request 763 of the mother and the person to be named as the father, the 764 facility shall assist in the execution of the affidavit, a 765 notarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, or a voluntary 766 acknowledgment of paternity that is witnessed by two individuals 767 and signed under penalty of perjury as specified by s. 768 92.525(2).

769 (d) If the paternity of the child is determined by a court 770 of competent jurisdiction as provided under s. 382.015 or there 771 is a final judgment of dissolution of marriage which requires 772 the former husband to pay child support for the child, the name 773 of the father and the surname of the child shall be entered on 774 the certificate in accordance with the finding and order of the 775 court. If the court fails to specify a surname for the child, 776 the surname shall be entered in accordance with subsection (3).

(e) If the paternity of the child is determined pursuant to s. 409.256, the name of the father and the surname of the child shall be entered on the certificate in accordance with the finding and order of the Department of Revenue.

(f) If the mother and father marry each other at any time after the child's birth, upon receipt of a marriage license that identifies any such child, the department shall amend the

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805

selected by a court.

595-04058-23 20231506c2 784 certificate with regard to the parents' marital status as though 785 the parents were married at the time of birth. 786 (q) If the father is not named on the certificate, no other 787 information about the father shall be entered on the 788 certificate. 789 (3) NAME OF CHILD.-790 (a) If the mother is married at the time of birth, the 791 mother and father whose names are entered on the birth 792 certificate shall select the given names and surname of the 793 child if both parents have custody of the child, otherwise the 794 parent who has custody shall select the child's name. 795 (b) If the mother and father whose names are entered on the 796 birth certificate disagree on the surname of the child and both 797 parents have custody of the child, the surname selected by the 798 father and the surname selected by the mother shall both be 799 entered on the birth certificate, separated by a hyphen, with 800 the selected names entered in alphabetical order. If the parents 801 disagree on the selection of a given name, the given name may 802 not be entered on the certificate until a joint agreement that 803 lists the agreed upon given name and is notarized by both 804 parents is submitted to the department, or until a given name is

(c) If the mother is not married at the time of birth, the parent who will have custody of the child shall select the child's given name and surname.

(d) If multiple names of the child exceed the space
provided on the face of the birth certificate they shall be
listed on the back of the certificate. Names listed on the back
of the certificate shall be part of the official record.

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 813 (4) UNDETERMINED PARENTAGE. - The person having custody of a 814 child of undetermined parentage shall register a birth 815 certificate showing all known or approximate facts relating to 816 the birth. To assist in later determination, information 817 concerning the place and circumstances under which the child was found shall be included on the portion of the birth certificate 818 819 relating to marital status and medical details. In the event the child is later identified, a new birth certificate shall be 820 prepared which shall bear the same number as the original birth 821 822 certificate, and the original certificate shall be sealed and 823 filed, shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of 824 s. 119.07(1), and shall not be opened to inspection by, nor 825 shall certified copies of the same be issued except by court 826 order to, any person other than the registrant if of legal age. 827 (5) DISCLOSURE.-The original certificate of live birth 828 shall contain all the information required by the department for 829 legal, social, and health research purposes. However, all 830 information concerning parentage, marital status, and medical 831 details shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of 832 s. 119.07(1), except for health research purposes as approved by 833 the department, nor shall copies of the same be issued except as 834 provided in s. 382.025. 835 Section 8. Section 382.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to 836 read: 837 382.015 New certificates of live birth; duty of clerks of

court and department.—The clerk of the court in which any proceeding for adoption, annulment of an adoption, affirmation of parental status, or determination of paternity is to be registered, shall within 30 days after the final disposition,

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 842 forward electronically to the department a certified copy of the 843 court order, or a report of the proceedings upon a form to be 844 furnished by the department, together with sufficient 845 information to identify the original birth certificate and to 846 enable the preparation of a new birth certificate. The clerk of 847 the court shall implement a monitoring and quality control plan 848 to ensure that all judicial determinations of paternity are 849 reported to the department in compliance with this section. The 850 department shall track paternity determinations reported monthly 851 by county, monitor compliance with the 30-day timeframe, and 852 report the data to the clerks of the court quarterly.

853

(1) ADOPTION AND ANNULMENT OF ADOPTION.-

854 (a) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an 855 adoption decree, together with the information necessary to 856 identify the original certificate of live birth, and establish a 857 new certificate, the department shall prepare and file a new 858 birth certificate, absent objection by the court decreeing the 859 adoption, the adoptive parents, or the adoptee if of legal age. 860 The certificate shall bear the same file number as the original 861 birth certificate. All names and identifying information 862 relating to the adoptive parents entered on the new certificate 863 shall refer to the adoptive parents, but nothing in the 864 certificate shall refer to or designate the parents as being 865 adoptive. All other items not affected by adoption shall be 866 copied as on the original certificate, including the date of 867 registration and filing.

(b) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an
annulment-of-adoption decree, together with the sufficient
information to identify the original certificate of live birth,

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 871 the department shall, if a new certificate of birth was filed 872 following an adoption report or decree, remove the new 873 certificate and restore the original certificate to its original 874 place in the files, and the certificate so removed shall be 875 sealed by the department. 876 (c) Upon receipt of a report or certified copy of an 877 adoption decree or annulment-of-adoption decree for a person 878 born in another state, the department shall forward the report 879 or decree to the state of the registrant's birth. If the adoptee 880 was born in Canada, the department shall send a copy of the 881 report or decree to the appropriate birth registration authority in Canada. 882 883 (2) DETERMINATION OF PATERNITY.-Upon receipt of the report, a certified copy of a final decree of determination of 884 885 paternity, or a certified copy of a final judgment of 886 dissolution of marriage which requires the former husband to pay 887 child support for the child, together with sufficient

information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate, which shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. The registrant's name shall be entered as decreed by the court or as reflected in the final judgment or support order. The names and identifying information of the parents shall be entered as of the date of the registrant's birth.

(3) AFFIRMATION OF PARENTAL STATUS.-Upon receipt of an
order of affirmation of parental status issued pursuant to s.
742.16, together with sufficient information to identify the
original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare
and file a new birth certificate which shall bear the same file

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900	number as the original birth certificate. The names and
901	identifying information of the registrant's parents entered on
902	the new certificate shall be the commissioning couple, but the
903	new certificate may not make reference to or designate the
904	parents as the commissioning couple.
905	(4) SUBSTITUTION OF NEW CERTIFICATE OF BIRTH FOR ORIGINAL
906	When a new certificate of birth is prepared, the department
907	shall substitute the new certificate of birth for the original
908	certificate on file. All copies of the original certificate of
909	live birth in the custody of a local registrar or other state
910	custodian of vital records shall be forwarded to the State
911	Registrar. Thereafter, when a certified copy of the certificate
912	of birth or portion thereof is issued, it shall be a copy of the
913	new certificate of birth or portion thereof, except when a court
914	order requires issuance of a certified copy of the original
915	certificate of birth. In an adoption, change in paternity,
916	affirmation of parental status, undetermined parentage, or
917	court-ordered substitution, the department shall place the
918	original certificate of birth and all papers pertaining thereto
919	under seal, not to be broken except by order of a court of
920	competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law.
921	(5) FORMExcept for certificates of foreign birth which
022	are registered as provided in a 392 017 and delayed

are registered as provided in s. 382.017, and delayed certificates of birth which are registered as provided in ss. 382.019 and 382.0195, all original, new, or amended certificates of live birth shall be identical in form, regardless of the marital status of the parents or the fact that the registrant is adopted or of undetermined parentage.

928

(6) RULES.-The department shall adopt and enforce all rules

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929
     necessary for carrying out the provisions of this section.
930
          Section 9. Section 382.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to
931
     read:
932
          382.021 Department to receive marriage licenses.-Weekly <del>On</del>
933
     or before the 5th day of each month, the county court judge or
934
     clerk of the circuit court shall electronically transmit all
935
     original marriage licenses, with endorsements, received during
936
     the preceding calendar week month, to the department. Any
937
     marriage licenses issued and not returned or any marriage
938
     licenses returned but not recorded shall be reported by the
939
     issuing county court judge or clerk of the circuit court to the
940
     department at the time of transmitting the recorded licenses on
941
     the forms to be prescribed and furnished by the department. If
942
     during any month no marriage licenses are issued or returned,
943
     the county court judge or clerk of the circuit court shall
944
     report such fact to the department upon forms prescribed and
945
     furnished by the department.
```

946 Section 10. Section 382.023, Florida Statutes, is amended 947 to read:

948 382.023 Department to receive dissolution-of-marriage 949 records; fees.-Clerks of the circuit courts shall collect for 950 their services at the time of the filing of a final judgment of 951 dissolution of marriage a fee of up to \$10.50, of which 43 952 percent shall be retained by the clerk of the circuit court as a 953 part of the cost in the cause in which the judgment is granted. 954 The remaining 57 percent shall be remitted to the Department of 955 Revenue for deposit to the Department of Health to defray part 956 of the cost of maintaining the dissolution-of-marriage records. 957 A record of each and every judgment of dissolution of marriage

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958	granted by the court during the preceding calendar month, giving
959	names of parties and such other data as required by forms
960	prescribed by the department, shall be electronically
961	
	transmitted to the department weekly, on or before the 10th day of each menth, closed with an ecceptric of the funds weritted to
962	of each month, along with an accounting of the funds remitted to
963	the Department of Revenue pursuant to this section.
964	Section 11. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 382.025,
965	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
966	382.025 Certified copies of vital records; confidentiality;
967	research
968	(1) BIRTH RECORDSExcept for birth records over $\frac{125}{100}$
969	years old which are not under seal pursuant to court order, all
970	birth records of this state shall be confidential and are exempt
971	from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
972	(a) Certified copies of the original birth certificate or a
973	new or amended certificate, or affidavits thereof, are
974	confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and,
975	upon receipt of a request and payment of the fee prescribed in
976	s. 382.0255, shall be issued only as authorized by the
977	department and in the form prescribed by the department, and
978	only:
979	1. To the registrant, if the registrant is of legal age, is
980	a certified homeless youth, or is a minor who has had the
981	disabilities of nonage removed under s. 743.01 or s. 743.015;
982	2. To the registrant's parent or guardian or other legal
983	representative;
984	3. Upon receipt of the registrant's death certificate, to
985	the registrant's spouse or to the registrant's child,
986	grandchild, or sibling, if of legal age, or to the legal
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1011

Governor.

595-04058-23 20231506c2 987 representative of any of such person persons; 988 4. To any person if the birth record is more than 125 over 989 100 years old and not under seal pursuant to court order; 990 5. To a law enforcement agency for official purposes; 991 6. To any agency of the state or the United States for 992 official purposes upon approval of the department; or 993 7. Upon order of any court of competent jurisdiction. 994 (b) To protect the integrity of vital records and prevent 995 the fraudulent use of the birth certificates of deceased 996 persons, the department shall match birth and death certificates 997 and post the fact of death to the appropriate birth certificate. 998 Except for a commemorative birth certificate, any certification 999 of a birth certificate of a deceased registrant shall be marked 1000 "deceased." In the case of a commemorative birth certificate, such indication of death shall be made on the back of the 1001 1002 certificate. 1003 (c) The department shall issue, upon request and upon 1004 payment of an additional fee as prescribed under s. 382.0255, a 1005 commemorative birth certificate representing that the birth of 1006 the person named thereon is recorded in the office of the 1007 registrar. The certificate issued under this paragraph shall be 1008 in a form consistent with the need to protect the integrity of 1009 vital records but shall be suitable for display. It may bear the 1010 seal of the state printed thereon and may be signed by the

(4) CERTIFIED COPIES OF ORIGINAL CERTIFICATES.—Only the
 state registrar, and local registrars, and those persons
 appointed by the department are authorized to issue any
 certificate which purports to be a certified copy of an original

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1016	certificate of live birth, death, or fetal death. Except as
1017	provided in this section, preparing or issuing certificates is
1018	exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
1010	Section 12. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section
1020	401.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1020	
	401.27 Personnel; standards and certification
1022	(3) Any person who desires to be certified or recertified
1023	as an emergency medical technician or paramedic must apply to
1024	the department <del>under oath</del> on forms provided by the department
1025	which shall contain such information as the department
1026	reasonably requires, which may include affirmative evidence of
1027	ability to comply with applicable laws and rules. The department
1028	shall determine whether the applicant meets the requirements
1029	specified in this section and in rules of the department and
1030	shall issue a certificate to any person who meets such
1031	requirements.
1032	(4) An applicant for certification or recertification as an
1033	emergency medical technician or paramedic must:
1034	(a) Have completed an appropriate training program as
1035	follows:
1036	1. For an emergency medical technician, an emergency
1037	medical technician training program approved by the department
1038	as equivalent to the most recent EMT-Basic National Standard
1039	Curriculum or the National EMS Education Standards of the United
1040	States Department of Transportation;
1041	2. For a paramedic, a paramedic training program approved
1042	by the department as equivalent to the most recent EMT-Paramedic

1043 National Standard Curriculum or the National EMS Education1044 Standards of the United States Department of Transportation;

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 (b) Attest Certify under oath that he or she is not 1045 1046 addicted to alcohol or any controlled substance; 1047 (c) Attest Certify under oath that he or she is free from 1048 any physical or mental defect or disease that might impair the 1049 applicant's ability to perform his or her duties; 1050 (d) Within 2 years after program completion have passed an 1051 examination developed or required by the department; 1052 (e)1. For an emergency medical technician, hold a current 1053 American Heart Association cardiopulmonary resuscitation course 1054 card or an American Red Cross cardiopulmonary resuscitation 1055 course card or its equivalent as defined by department rule; 1056 2. For a paramedic, hold a certificate of successful course 1057 completion in advanced cardiac life support from the American 1058 Heart Association or its equivalent as defined by department 1059 rule; 1060 (f) Submit the certification fee and the nonrefundable 1061 examination fee prescribed in s. 401.34, which examination fee 1062 will be required for each examination administered to an 1063 applicant; and 1064 (g) Submit a completed application to the department, which 1065 application documents compliance with paragraphs (a), (b), (c), 1066 (e), (f), and this paragraph, and, if applicable, paragraph (d). 1067 The application must be submitted so as to be received by the 1068 department at least 30 calendar days before the next regularly 1069 scheduled examination for which the applicant desires to be 1070 scheduled. 1071 (5) The certification examination must be offered monthly.

1071 (5) The certification examination must be offered monthly. 1072 The department shall issue an examination admission notice to 1073 the applicant advising him or her of the time and place of the

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1074 examination for which he or she is scheduled. Individuals achieving a passing score on the certification examination may 1075 1076 be issued a temporary certificate with their examination grade 1077 report. The department must issue an original certification 1078 within 45 days after the examination. Examination questions and 1079 answers are not subject to discovery but may be introduced into 1080 evidence and considered only in camera in any administrative 1081 proceeding under chapter 120. If an administrative hearing is 1082 held, the department shall provide challenged examination questions and answers to the administrative law judge. The 1083 1084 department shall establish by rule the procedure by which an 1085 applicant, and the applicant's attorney, may review examination 1086 questions and answers in accordance with s. 119.071(1)(a). 1087 Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 401.2701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1088 1089 401.2701 Emergency medical services training programs.-1090 (1) Any private or public institution in Florida desiring 1091 to conduct an approved program for the education of emergency 1092 medical technicians and paramedics shall: 1093 (a) Submit a completed application on a form provided by 1094 the department, which must include: 1095 1. Evidence that the institution is in compliance with all 1096 applicable requirements of the Department of Education. 1097 2. Evidence of an affiliation agreement with a hospital 1098 that has an emergency department staffed by at least one 1099 physician and one registered nurse. 1100 3. Evidence of an affiliation agreement with a current 1101 emergency medical services provider that is licensed in this 1102 state. Such agreement shall include, at a minimum, a commitment

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1103 by the provider to conduct the field experience portion of the 1104 education program. An applicant licensed as an advanced life 1105 support service under s. 401.25 with permitted transport 1106 vehicles pursuant to s. 401.26 is exempt from the requirements 1107 of this subparagraph and need not submit evidence of an 1108 affiliation agreement with a current emergency medical services 1109 provider.

4. Documentation verifying faculty, including:

1111 a. A medical director who is a licensed physician meeting 1112 the applicable requirements for emergency medical services 1113 medical directors as outlined in this chapter and rules of the 1114 department. The medical director shall have the duty and 1115 responsibility of certifying that graduates have successfully 1116 completed all phases of the education program and are proficient 1117 in basic or advanced life support techniques, as applicable.

b. A program director responsible for the operation, organization, periodic review, administration, development, and approval of the program.

1121

1110

5. Documentation verifying that the curriculum:

a. Meets the most recent Emergency Medical Technician-Basic
National Standard Curriculum or the National EMS Education
Standards approved by the department for emergency medical
technician programs and Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic
National Standard Curriculum or the National EMS Education
Standards approved by the department for paramedic programs.

b. Includes 2 hours of instruction on the trauma scorecard methodologies for assessment of adult trauma patients and pediatric trauma patients as specified by the department by rule.

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1132 6. Evidence of sufficient medical and educational equipment 1133 to meet emergency medical services training program needs. Section 14. Section 401.272, Florida Statutes, is amended 1134 1135 to read: 1136 401.272 Emergency medical services community health care.-1137 (1) The purpose of this section is to encourage more 1138 effective utilization of the skills of emergency medical 1139 technicians and paramedics by enabling them to perform, in partnership with local county health departments, specific 1140 1141 additional health care tasks that are consistent with the public 1142 health and welfare. (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 1143 1144 contrary: (a) Paramedics or emergency medical technicians shall 1145 1146 operate under the medical direction of a physician through two-1147 way voice communication or pursuant to established standing 1148 orders or protocols and within the scope of their training when 1149 providing basic life support, advanced life support, and may 1150 perform health promotion and wellness activities and blood 1151 pressure screenings in a nonemergency environment, within the 1152 scope of their training, and under the direction of a medical 1153 director. As used in this paragraph, the term "health promotion 1154 and wellness" means the provision of public health programs 1155 pertaining to the prevention of illness and injury. 1156 (b) Paramedics and emergency medical technicians shall

1150 <u>operate under the medical direction of a physician through two-</u> 1158 <u>way communication or pursuant to established standing orders or</u> 1159 <u>protocols and within the scope of their training when a patient</u> 1160 <u>is not transported to an emergency department or is transported</u>

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595-04058-2320231506c21161to a facility other than a hospital as defined in s.1162395.002(12).1163(c) Paramedics may administer immunizations in a
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nonemergency environment, within the scope of their training, 1164 1165 and under the medical direction of a physician through two-way 1166 communication or pursuant to established standing orders or 1167 protocols medical director. There must be a written agreement between the physician providing medical direction paramedic's 1168 1169 medical director and the department or the county health 1170 department located in each county in which the paramedic 1171 administers immunizations. This agreement must establish the 1172 protocols, policies, and procedures under which the paramedic 1173 must operate.

1174 (d) (c) Paramedics may provide basic life support services 1175 and advanced life support services to patients receiving acute 1176 and postacute hospital care at home as specified in the 1177 paramedic's supervisory relationship with a physician or 1178 standing orders as described in s. 401.265, s. 458.348, or s. 1179 459.025. A physician who supervises or provides medical 1180 direction to a paramedic who provides basic life support 1181 services or advanced life support services to patients receiving 1182 acute and postacute hospital care at home pursuant to a formal 1183 supervisory relationship or standing orders is liable for any 1184 act or omission of the paramedic acting under the physician's 1185 supervision or medical direction when providing such services. 1186 The department may adopt and enforce rules necessary to 1187 implement this paragraph.

1188 (3) Each physician providing medical direction to medical
 1189 director under whose direction a paramedic who administers

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1190 in 1191 re	95-04058-23 20231506c2 mmunizations must verify and document that the paramedic has eceived sufficient training and experience to administer mmunizations. The verification must be documented on forms
1191 re	eceived sufficient training and experience to administer mmunizations. The verification must be documented on forms
	mmunizations. The verification must be documented on forms
1192 ir	
1193 de	eveloped by the department, and the completed forms must be
1194 ma	aintained at the service location of the licensee and made
1195 av	vailable to the department upon request.
1196	(4) The department may adopt and enforce all rules
1197 ne	ecessary to enforce the provisions relating to a paramedic's
1198 ad	dministration of immunizations and the performance of health
1199 p:	romotion and wellness activities and blood pressure screenings
1200 by	y a paramedic or emergency medical technician in a nonemergency
1201 ei	nvironment.
1202	Section 15. Subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section
1203 40	01.34, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1204	401.34 Fees
1205	(5) The department may provide same-day grading of the
1206 <del>ex</del>	xamination for an applicant for emergency medical technician or
1207 <del>p</del> a	aramedic certification.
1208	(6) The department may offer walk-in eligibility
1209 <del>d</del>	etermination and examination to applicants for emergency
1210 <del>m</del>	edical technician or paramedic certification who pay to the
1211 <del>d</del>	epartment a nonrefundable fee to be set by the department not
1212 <del>t</del>	o exceed \$65. The fee is in addition to the certification fee
1213 <del>ai</del>	nd examination fee. The department must establish locations and
1214 <del>t</del>	imes for eligibility determination and examination.
1215	(7) The cost of emergency medical technician or paramedic
1216 <del>c</del>	ertification examination review may not exceed \$50.
1217	Section 16. Section 401.435, Florida Statutes, is amended
1218 to	o read:

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1219
           401.435 Emergency medical First responder agencies and
1220
      training.-
1221
            (1) The department must adopt by rule the United States
1222
      Department of Transportation National Emergency Medical Services
1223
      Education Standards for the Emergency Medical Services: First
1224
      Responder level Training Course as the minimum standard for
1225
      emergency medical first responder training. In addition, the
1226
      department must adopt rules establishing minimum emergency
1227
      medical first responder instructor qualifications. For purposes
1228
      of this section, an emergency medical a first responder includes
1229
      any individual who receives training to render initial care to
1230
      an ill or injured person, other than an individual trained and
1231
      certified pursuant to s. 943.1395(1), but who does not have the
1232
      primary responsibility of treating and transporting ill or
1233
      injured persons.
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1234 (2) Each emergency medical first responder agency must take 1235 all reasonable efforts to enter into a memorandum of 1236 understanding with the emergency medical services licensee 1237 within whose territory the agency operates in order to 1238 coordinate emergency services at an emergency scene. The 1239 department must provide a model memorandum of understanding for 1240 this purpose. The memorandum of understanding should include 1241 dispatch protocols, the roles and responsibilities of emergency 1242 medical first responder personnel at an emergency scene, and the 1243 documentation required for patient care rendered. For purposes 1244 of this section, the term "emergency medical first responder 1245 agency" includes a law enforcement agency, a fire service agency 1246 not licensed under this part, a lifeguard agency, and a 1247 volunteer organization that renders, as part of its routine

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1248 functions, on-scene patient care before emergency medical 1249 technicians or paramedics arrive. 1250 Section 17. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1251 464.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1252 464.203 Certified nursing assistants; certification 1253 requirement.-1254 (1) The board shall issue a certificate to practice as a 1255 certified nursing assistant to any person who demonstrates a 1256 minimum competency to read and write and successfully passes the 1257 required background screening pursuant to s. 400.215. If the 1258 person has successfully passed the required background screening 1259 pursuant to s. 400.215 or s. 408.809 within 90 days before 1260 applying for a certificate to practice and the person's 1261 background screening results are not retained in the 1262 clearinghouse created under s. 435.12, the board shall waive the 1263 requirement that the applicant successfully pass an additional 1264 background screening pursuant to s. 400.215. The person must 1265 also meet one of the following requirements: 1266 (a) Has successfully completed an approved training program 1267 and achieved a minimum score, established by rule of the board, 1268 on the nursing assistant competency examination, which consists 1269 of a written portion and skills-demonstration portion approved 1270 by the board and administered at a site and by personnel 1271 approved by the department. Any person who has successfully 1272 completed an approved training program within 6 months before 1273 filing an application for certification is not required to take 1274 the skills-demonstration portion of the competency examination. 1275 Section 18. Section 468.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended

# 1276 to read:

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1277 468.1115 Exemptions.-1278 (1) No provision of This part may not shall be construed to 1279 limit the practice of persons licensed in this state from 1280 engaging in the professions for which they are licensed, so long 1281 as they do not hold themselves out to the public as possessing a 1282 license or certificate issued pursuant to this part or use a 1283 title protected by this part. 1284 (2) This part may not be construed to prohibit audiologists 1285 from fitting, selling, dispensing, servicing, marketing, 1286 providing customer support for, or distributing over-the-counter 1287 hearing aids to persons 18 years of age or older. 1288 (3) The provisions of This part does shall not apply to: 1289 (a) Students actively engaged in a training program, if 1290 such persons are acting under the direct supervision of a 1291 licensed speech-language pathologist or a licensed audiologist. 1292 (b) Persons practicing a licensed profession or operating 1293 within the scope of their profession, such as doctors of 1294 medicine, clinical psychologists, nurses, or hearing aid 1295 specialists, who are properly licensed under the laws of this 1296 state. 1297 (c) Persons certified in the areas of speech-language 1298 impairment or hearing impairment in this state under chapter 1299 1012 when engaging in the profession for which they are 1300 certified, or any person under the direct supervision of such a 1301 certified person, or of a licensee under this chapter, when the 1302 person under such supervision is performing hearing screenings 1303 in a school setting for prekindergarten through grade 12.

(d) Laryngectomized individuals, rendering guidance andinstruction to other laryngectomized individuals, who are under

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1306 the supervision of a speech-language pathologist licensed under 1307 this part or of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or 1308 chapter 459 and qualified to perform this surgical procedure. 1309 (e) Persons licensed by another state as speech-language 1310 pathologists or audiologists who provide services within the 1311 applicable scope of practice set forth in s. 468.1125(10) or 1312 (11) s. 468.1125(6) or (7) for no more than 5 calendar days per 1313 month or 15 calendar days per year under the direct supervision 1314 of a Florida-licensed speech-language pathologist or 1315 audiologist. A person whose state of residence does not license 1316 speech-language pathologists or audiologists may also qualify 1317 for this exemption, if the person holds a certificate of 1318 clinical competence from the American Speech-Language and 1319 Hearing Association and meets all other requirements of this 1320 paragraph. In either case, the board shall hold the supervising 1321 Florida licensee fully accountable for the services provided by 1322 the out-of-state licensee. 1323 (f) Nonlicensed persons working in a hospital setting who 1324 provide newborn infant hearing screenings, so long as training, 1325 clinical interpretation of the screenings, and the protocol for 1326 followup of infants who fail in-hospital screenings are provided 1327 by a licensed audiologist. 1328 (g) An audiologist while engaged in fitting, selling, 1329 dispensing, servicing, marketing, providing customer support 1330 for, or distributing over-the-counter hearing aids. 1331 (h) Any person who fits, sells, dispenses, services, 1332 markets, provides customer support for, or distributes 1333 exclusively over-the-counter hearing aids.

1334

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Section 19. Section 468.1125, Florida Statutes, is

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1335	reordered and amended to read:
1336	468.1125 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
1337	(1) "Air-conduction hearing aid" means a hearing aid that
1338	conducts sound to the ear through the air.
1339	(2) "Audiologist" means a person licensed under this part
1340	to practice audiology.
1341	<u>(3)</u> "Board" means the Board of Speech-Language Pathology
1342	and Audiology.
1343	(4) (3) "Certified audiology assistant" means a person who
1344	is certified under this part to perform audiology services under
1345	the direct supervision of an audiologist.
1346	(5)(4) "Certified speech-language pathology assistant"
1347	means a person who is certified under this part to perform
1348	speech pathology services under the direct supervision of a
1349	speech pathologist.
1350	(6)(5) "Department" means the Department of Health.
1351	(8) "Hearing aid" means any wearable device designed for,
1352	offered for the purpose of, or represented as aiding persons
1353	with, or compensating for, impaired hearing, to be worn by a
1354	hearing-impaired person to improve hearing.
1355	(9) "Over-the-counter hearing aid" means an air-conduction
1356	hearing aid that does not require implantation or other surgical
1357	intervention and is intended for use only by a person 18 years
1358	of age or older to compensate for perceived mild to moderate
1359	hearing impairment. The device, through tools, tests, or
1360	software, allows the user to control the hearing aid and
1361	customize it to the user's hearing needs. The device may use
1362	wireless technology or may include tests for self-assessment of
1363	hearing loss. The device is available over-the-counter, without

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1364	the supervision, prescription, or other order, involvement, or
1365	intervention of a licensed person, to consumers through in-
1366	person transactions, by mail, or online, provided that the
1367	device satisfies the requirements of 21 C.F.R. parts 800, 801,
1368	and 874 (2022), which are specifically incorporated by reference
1369	herein.
1370	(10)(a) <del>(6)(a)</del> "Practice of audiology" means the application
1371	of principles, methods, and procedures for the prevention,
1372	identification, evaluation, consultation, habilitation,
1373	rehabilitation, instruction, treatment, and research, relative
1374	to hearing and the disorders of hearing, and to related language
1375	and speech disorders. "Disorders" are defined to include any and
1376	all conditions, whether of organic or nonorganic origin,
1377	peripheral or central, that impede the normal process of human
1378	communication, including, but not limited to, disorders of
1379	auditory sensitivity, acuity, function, or processing, or damage
1380	to the integrity of the physiological system.

1381 (b) Any audiologist who has complied with the provisions of 1382 this part may:

1383 1. Offer, render, plan, direct, conduct, consult, or 1384 supervise services to individuals or groups of individuals who 1385 have or are suspected of having disorders of hearing, including 1386 prevention, identification, evaluation, treatment, consultation, 1387 habilitation, rehabilitation, instruction, and research.

1388 2. Participate in hearing conservation, evaluation of noise1389 environment, and noise control.

1390 3. Conduct and interpret tests of vestibular function and
1391 nystagmus, electrophysiologic auditory-evoked potentials,
1392 central auditory function, and calibration of measurement

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1393 equipment used for such purposes. 1394 4. Habilitate and rehabilitate, including, but not limited 1395 to, prescription hearing aid evaluation, prescription, 1396 preparation, fitting and dispensing prescription hearing aids, 1397 assistive listening device selection and orientation, auditory 1398 training, aural habilitation, aural rehabilitation, speech 1399 conservation, and speechreading. 5. Fabricate earmolds. 1400 6. Evaluate tinnitus. 1401 7. Include speech and language screening, limited to a 1402 1403 pass/fail determination for identifying individuals with 1404 disorders of communication. 1405 (11) (a) (7) (a) "Practice of speech-language pathology" means 1406 the application of principles, methods, and procedures for the 1407 prevention, identification, evaluation, treatment, consultation, 1408 habilitation, rehabilitation, instruction, and research, 1409 relative to the development and disorders of human 1410 communication; to related oral and pharyngeal competencies; and 1411 to behavior related to disorders of human communication. 1412 "Disorders" are defined to include any and all conditions, whether of organic or nonorganic origin, that impede the normal 1413 1414 process of human communication, including, but not limited to, 1415 disorders and related disorders of speech, phonology, 1416 articulation, fluency, voice, accent, verbal and written 1417 language and related nonoral/nonverbal forms of language, cognitive communication, auditory and visual processing, memory 1418 1419 and comprehension, interactive communication, mastication, 1420 deglutition, and other oral, pharyngeal, and laryngeal 1421 sensorimotor competencies.

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1422 (b) Any speech-language pathologist who has complied with 1423 the provisions of this part may: 1424 1. Offer, render, plan, direct, conduct, and supervise 1425 services to individuals or groups of individuals who have or are 1426 suspected of having disorders of human communication, including 1427 identification, evaluation, treatment, consultation, 1428 habilitation, rehabilitation, amelioration, instruction, and 1429 research. 1430 2. Determine the need for personal alternatives or 1431 augmentative systems, and recommend and train for the 1432 utilization of such systems. 1433 3. Perform a hearing screening, limited to a pass/fail 1434 determination, for the purpose of initial identification of communication disorders. 1435 1436 (12) "Prescription hearing aid" means a hearing aid or 1437 sound amplifying device that is not an over-the-counter hearing 1438 aid. Hearing aids intended for use by persons younger than 18 1439 years of age must be prescription hearing aids. 1440 (13) (8) "Speech-language pathologist" means a person 1441 licensed under this part to practice speech pathology. (7) (9) "Direct supervision" means responsible supervision 1442 1443 and control by a licensed speech-language pathologist who shall 1444 assume legal liability for the services rendered by any 1445 certified speech-language pathology assistant under the licensee's supervision, or responsible supervision and control 1446 by a licensed audiologist who shall assume legal liability for 1447 the services rendered by any certified audiology assistant under 1448 the licensee's supervision. Direct supervision shall require the 1449 1450 physical presence of the licensed speech-language pathologist

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1451	for consultation and direction of the actions of the certified
1452	speech-language pathology assistant, or the physical presence of
1453	the licensed audiologist for consultation and direction of the
1454	actions of the certified audiology assistant, unless the
1455	assistant is acting under protocols established by the board.
1456	The board shall establish rules further defining direct
1457	supervision of a certified speech-language pathology assistant
1458	or a certified audiology assistant.
1459	Section 20. Section 468.1225, Florida Statutes, is amended
1460	to read:
1461	468.1225 Procedures, equipment, and protocols
1462	(1) The following minimal procedures shall be used when a
1463	licensed audiologist fits and sells a prescription hearing aid:
1464	(a) Pure tone audiometric testing by air and bone to
1465	determine the type and degree of hearing deficiency when
1466	indicated.
1467	(b) Effective masking when indicated.
1468	(c) Appropriate testing to determine speech reception
1469	thresholds, speech discrimination scores, the most comfortable
1470	listening levels, uncomfortable loudness levels, and the
1471	selection of the best fitting arrangement for maximum hearing
1472	aid benefit when indicated.
1473	(2) The following equipment shall be used:
1474	(a) A wide range audiometer <u>that</u> <del>which</del> meets the
1475	specifications of the American National Standards Institute for
1476	diagnostic audiometers when indicated.
1477	(b) A speech audiometer or a master hearing aid in order to
1478	determine the most comfortable listening level and speech
1479	discrimination when indicated.
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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1480 (3) A final fitting ensuring physical and operational 1481 comfort of the prescription hearing aid shall be made when 1482 indicated. 1483 (4) A licensed audiologist who fits and sells prescription 1484 hearing aids shall obtain the following medical clearance: If, upon inspection of the ear canal with an otoscope in the common 1485 1486 procedure of fitting a prescription hearing aid and upon 1487 interrogation of the client, there is any recent history of infection or any observable anomaly, the client shall be 1488 1489 instructed to see a physician, and a prescription hearing aid may shall not be fitted until medical clearance is obtained for 1490 1491 the condition noted. If, upon return, the condition noted is no 1492 longer observable and the client signs a medical waiver, a 1493 prescription hearing aid may be fitted. Any person with a 1494 significant difference between bone conduction hearing and air 1495 conduction hearing must be informed of the possibility of 1496 medical or surgical correction. 1497 (5) (a) A licensed audiologist's office must have available,

1497 (5)(a) A licensed audiologist's office must have available, 1498 or have access to, a selection of <u>prescription</u> hearing aid 1499 models, hearing aid supplies, and services complete enough to 1500 accommodate the various needs of the hearing aid wearers.

(b) At the time of the initial examination for fitting and sale of a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid, the attending audiologist must notify the prospective purchaser of the benefits of telecoil, also known as "t" coil or "t" switch, technology, including increased access to telephones and noninvasive access to assistive listening systems required under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

1508

(6) Unless otherwise indicated, each audiometric test

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1509 conducted by a licensee or a certified audiology assistant in 1510 the fitting and selling of prescription hearing aids must shall 1511 be made in a testing room that has been certified by the 1512 department, or by an agent approved by the department, not to 1513 exceed the following sound pressure levels at the specified 1514 frequencies: 250Hz-40dB, 500Hz-40dB, 750Hz-40dB, 1000Hz-40dB, 1515 1500Hz-42dB, 2000Hz-47dB, 3000Hz-52dB, 4000Hz-57dB, 6000Hz-62dB, 1516 and 8000Hz-67dB. An exception to this requirement shall be made 1517 in the case of a client who, after being provided written notice 1518 of the benefits and advantages of having the test conducted in a 1519 certified testing room, requests that the test be conducted in a 1520 place other than the licensee's certified testing room. Such 1521 request must shall be documented by a waiver that which includes 1522 the written notice and is signed by the licensee and the client 1523 before prior to the testing. The waiver must shall be executed 1524 on a form provided by the department. The executed waiver must 1525 shall be attached to the client's copy of the contract, and a 1526 copy of the executed waiver must shall be retained in the 1527 licensee's file.

(7) The board <u>may shall have the power to</u> prescribe the minimum procedures and equipment used in the conducting of hearing assessments and for the fitting and selling of <u>prescription</u> hearing aids. The board shall adopt and enforce rules necessary to <u>implement</u> carry out the provisions of this subsection and subsection (6).

(8) Any duly authorized officer or employee of the
department <u>may</u> shall have the right to make such inspections and
investigations as are necessary in order to determine the state
of compliance with the provisions of this section and the

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1538	applicable rules and may enter the premises of a licensee and
1539	inspect the records of same upon reasonable belief that a
1540	violation of this law is being or has been committed or that the
1541	licensee has failed or is failing to comply with <del>the provisions</del>
1542	<del>of</del> this part.
1543	(9) Any hearing aid provided to a person younger than 18
1544	years of age must be a prescription hearing aid and may not be
1545	an over-the-counter hearing aid.
1546	Section 21. Section 468.1245, Florida Statutes, is amended
1547	to read:
1548	468.1245 Itemized listing of prices; delivery of
1549	<pre>prescription hearing aid; receipt; guarantee; packaging;</pre>
1550	disclaimer
1551	(1) <u>Before</u> <del>Prior to</del> delivery of services or products to a
1552	prospective purchaser, a licensee <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> disclose, upon
1553	request by the prospective purchaser, an itemized listing of
1554	prices, which <u>must</u> <del>listing shall</del> include separate price
1555	estimates for each service component and each product. Provision
1556	of such itemized listing of prices <u>may</u> shall not be predicated
1557	on the prospective purchaser's payment of any charge or
1558	agreement to purchase any service or product.
1559	(2) Any licensee who fits and sells a <u>prescription</u> hearing
1560	aid shall, at the time of delivery, provide the purchaser with a
1561	receipt containing the seller's signature, the address of his or
1562	her regular place of business, and his or her license or
1563	certification number, if applicable, together with the brand,
1564	model, manufacturer or manufacturer's identification code, and
1565	serial number of the <u>prescription</u> hearing aid furnished and the
1566	amount charged for the prescription hearing aid. The receipt

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1567 must also shall specify whether the prescription hearing aid is 1568 new, used, or rebuilt, and shall specify the length of time and 1569 other terms of the guarantee, and by whom the prescription 1570 hearing aid is guaranteed. When the client has requested an 1571 itemized list of prices, the receipt must shall also provide an 1572 itemization of the total purchase price, including, but not 1573 limited to, the cost of the aid, ear mold, batteries, and other 1574 accessories, and the cost of any services. Notice of the 1575 availability of this service must be displayed in a conspicuous 1576 manner in the office. The receipt must also shall state that any 1577 complaint concerning the prescription hearing aid and its 1578 guarantee, if not reconciled with the licensee from whom the 1579 prescription hearing aid was purchased, should be directed by 1580 the purchaser to the department. The address and telephone 1581 number of such office must shall be stated on the receipt.

(3) <u>A prescription</u> No hearing aid may <u>not</u> be sold to any
person unless both the packaging containing the <u>prescription</u>
hearing aid and the contract provided pursuant to subsection (2)
carry the following disclaimer in 10-point or larger type: "A
hearing aid will not restore normal hearing, nor will it prevent
further hearing loss."

1588 Section 22. Section 468.1246, Florida Statutes, is amended 1589 to read:

1590 468.1246 Thirty-day trial period; purchaser's right to 1591 cancel; notice; refund; cancellation fee.-

(1) A person selling a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid in this
state must provide the buyer with written notice of a 30-day
trial period and money-back guarantee. The guarantee must permit
the purchaser to cancel the purchase for a valid reason as

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1596 defined by rule of the board within 30 days after receiving the prescription hearing aid, by returning the prescription hearing 1597 1598 aid or mailing written notice of cancellation to the seller. If 1599 the prescription hearing aid must be repaired, remade, or 1600 adjusted during the 30-day trial period, the running of the 30day trial period is suspended 1 day for each 24-hour period that 1601 1602 the prescription hearing aid is not in the purchaser's 1603 possession. A repaired, remade, or adjusted prescription hearing aid must be claimed by the purchaser within 3 working days after 1604 1605 notification of availability. The running of the 30-day trial period resumes on the day the purchaser reclaims a repaired, 1606 1607 remade, or adjusted prescription hearing aid or on the 4th day 1608 after notification of availability. 1609 (2) The board, in consultation with the Board of Hearing 1610 Aid Specialists, shall prescribe by rule the terms and 1611 conditions to be contained in the money-back guarantee and any 1612 exceptions thereto. Such rule must shall provide, at a minimum, 1613 that the charges for earmolds and service provided to fit the 1614

prescription hearing aid may be retained by the licensee. The 1615 rules must shall also set forth any reasonable charges to be held by the licensee as a cancellation fee. Such rule shall be 1616 1617 effective on or before December 1, 1994. Should the board fail 1618 to adopt such rule, a licensee may not charge a cancellation fee 1619 which exceeds 5 percent of the total charge for a hearing aid 1620 alone. The terms and conditions of the guarantee, including the total amount available for refund, must shall be provided in 1621 writing to the purchaser before prior to the signing of the 1622 1623 contract.

1624

Section 23. Section 468.1255, Florida Statutes, is amended

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 to read: 1626 468.1255 Cancellation by medical authorization; purchaser's 1627 right to return.-(1) In addition to any other rights and remedies the 1628 1629 purchaser of a prescription hearing aid may have, the purchaser 1630 has shall have the right to rescind the transaction if the 1631 purchaser for whatever reason consults a licensed physician with 1632 specialty board certification in otolaryngology or internal medicine or a licensed family practice physician, subsequent to 1633 1634 purchasing a prescription hearing aid, and the physician 1635 certifies in writing that the purchaser has a hearing impairment 1636 for which a prescription hearing aid will not provide a benefit 1637 or that the purchaser has a medical condition which 1638 contraindicates the use of a prescription hearing aid.

1639 (2) The purchaser of a prescription hearing aid has shall have the right to rescind as provided in subsection (1) only if 1640 1641 the purchaser gives a written notice of the intent to rescind 1642 the transaction to the seller at the seller's place of business 1643 by certified mail, return receipt requested, which notice shall 1644 be posted not later than 60 days following the date of delivery of the prescription hearing aid to the purchaser, and the 1645 1646 purchaser returns the prescription hearing aid to the seller in 1647 the original condition less normal wear and tear.

1648 (3) If the conditions of subsections (1) and (2) are met, 1649 the seller must shall, without request, refund to the purchaser, within 10 days after of the receipt of notice to rescind, a full 1650 1651 and complete refund of all moneys received, less 5 percent. The purchaser <u>does not</u> shall incur <u>any</u> no additional liability for 1652 1653 rescinding the transaction.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1625

20231506c2 595-04058-23 1654 Section 24. Section 468.1265, Florida Statutes, is amended 1655 to read: 1656 468.1265 Sale or distribution of prescription hearing aids 1657 through mail; penalty.-It is unlawful for any person to sell or 1658 distribute prescription hearing aids through the mail to the 1659 ultimate consumer. Any person who violates this section commits 1660 a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 1661 775.082 or s. 775.083. 1662 Section 25. Section 468.1275, Florida Statutes, is amended 1663 to read: 1664 468.1275 Place of business; display of license.-Each 1665 licensee who fits and sells a prescription hearing aid shall 1666 declare and establish a regular place of business, at which his 1667 or her license shall be conspicuously displayed. 1668 Section 26. Section 484.0401, Florida Statutes, is amended 1669 to read: 1670 484.0401 Purpose.-The Legislature recognizes that the 1671 dispensing of prescription hearing aids requires particularized 1672 knowledge and skill to ensure that the interests of the hearing-1673 impaired public will be adequately served and safely protected. 1674 It recognizes that a poorly selected or fitted prescription 1675 hearing aid not only will give little satisfaction but may 1676 interfere with hearing ability and, therefore, deems it 1677 necessary in the interest of the public health, safety, and 1678 welfare to regulate the dispensing of prescription hearing aids 1679 in this state. Restrictions on the fitting and selling of 1680 prescription hearing aids shall be imposed only to the extent necessary to protect the public from physical and economic harm, 1681 and restrictions shall not be imposed in a manner which will 1682

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1683 unreasonably affect the competitive market. 1684 Section 27. Section 484.041, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read: 1685 484.041 Definitions.-As used in this part, the term: 1686 1687 (1) "Air-conduction hearing aid" means a hearing aid that 1688 conducts sound to the ear through the air. 1689 (2) "Board" means the Board of Hearing Aid Specialists. 1690 (3) (3) (2) "Department" means the Department of Health. 1691 (4) (3) "Dispensing prescription hearing aids" means and 1692 includes: 1693 (a) Conducting and interpreting hearing tests for purposes of selecting suitable prescription hearing aids, making earmolds 1694 or ear impressions, and providing appropriate counseling. 1695 1696 (b) All acts pertaining to the selling, renting, leasing, 1697 pricing, delivery, and warranty of prescription hearing aids. 1698 (7) (4) "Hearing aid specialist" means a person duly 1699 licensed in this state to practice the dispensing of 1700 prescription hearing aids. 1701 (5) "Hearing aid" means any wearable an amplifying device 1702 designed for, offered for the purpose of, or represented as 1703 aiding persons with, or compensating for, impaired hearing to be 1704 worn by a hearing-impaired person to improve hearing. 1705 (11) (6) "Trainee" means a person studying prescription 1706 hearing aid dispensing under the direct supervision of an active 1707 licensed hearing aid specialist for the purpose of qualifying 1708 for certification to sit for the licensure examination. 1709 (6) (7) "Hearing aid establishment" means any establishment 1710 in this the state which employs a licensed hearing aid 1711 specialist who offers, advertises, and performs hearing aid

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1712 services for the general public.

(8) "Over-the-counter hearing aid" means an air-conduction 1713 hearing aid that does not require implantation or other surgical 1714 1715 intervention and is intended for use only by a person 18 years 1716 of age or older to compensate for perceived mild to moderate 1717 hearing impairment. The device, through tools, tests, or 1718 software, allows the user to control the hearing aid and 1719 customize it to the user's hearing needs. The device may use 1720 wireless technology or may include tests for self-assessment of 1721 hearing loss. The device is available over-the-counter, without 1722 the supervision, prescription, or other order, involvement, or intervention of a licensed person, to consumers through in-1723 person transactions, by mail, or online, provided that the 1724 1725 device satisfies the requirements of 21 C.F.R. parts 800, 801, 1726 and 874 (2022), which are specifically incorporated by reference 1727 herein.

(9) "Prescription hearing aid" means a hearing aid or sound
amplifying device that is not an over-the-counter hearing aid.
Hearing aids intended for use by persons younger than 18 years
of age must be prescription hearing aids.

(10) "Sponsor" means an active, licensed hearing aid specialist under whose direct supervision one or more trainees are studying prescription hearing aid dispensing for the purpose of qualifying for certification to sit for the licensure examination.

1737 Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 484.042, Florida 1738 Statutes, is amended to read:

1739 484.042 Board of Hearing Aid Specialists; membership,1740 appointment, terms.-

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1741	(2) Five members of the board shall be hearing aid
1742	specialists who have been licensed and practicing the dispensing
1743	of prescription hearing aids in this state for at least the
1744	preceding 4 years. The remaining four members, none of whom
1745	shall derive economic benefit from the fitting or dispensing of
1746	hearing aids, shall be appointed from the resident lay public of
1747	this state. One of the lay members shall be a prescription
1748	hearing aid user but may <u>not</u> <del>neither</del> be nor have been a hearing
1749	aid specialist or a licensee of a closely related profession.
1750	One lay member shall be an individual age 65 or over. One lay
1751	member shall be an otolaryngologist licensed pursuant to chapter
1752	458 or chapter 459.
1753	Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 484.044, Florida
1754	Statutes, is amended to read:
1755	484.044 Authority to make rules
1756	(2) The board shall adopt rules requiring that each
1757	prospective purchaser of a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid be notified
1758	by the attending hearing aid specialist, at the time of the
1759	initial examination for fitting and sale of a hearing aid, of
1760	telecoil, "t" coil, or "t" switch technology. The rules shall
1761	further require that hearing aid specialists make available to
1762	prospective purchasers or clients information regarding
1763	telecoils, "t" coils, or "t" switches. <del>These rules shall be</del>
1764	effective on or before October 1, 1994.
1765	Section 30. Subsection (2) of section 484.0445, Florida
1766	Statutes, is amended to read:
1767	484.0445 Training program.—
1768	(2) A trainee shall perform the functions of a hearing aid

1768 (2) A trainee shall perform the functions of a hearing aid 1769 specialist in accordance with board rules only under the direct

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1770	supervision of a licensed hearing aid specialist. The term
1771	"direct supervision" means that the sponsor is responsible for
1772	all work being performed by the trainee. The sponsor or a
1773	hearing aid specialist designated by the sponsor shall give
1774	final approval to work performed by the trainee and shall be
1775	physically present at the time the prescription hearing aid is
1776	delivered to the client.
1777	Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 484.045, Florida
1778	Statutes, is amended to read:
1779	484.045 Licensure by examination
1780	(2) The department shall license each applicant who the
1781	board certifies meets all of the following criteria:
1782	(a) Has completed the application form and remitted the
1783	required fees.+
1784	(b) Is of good moral character <u>.</u> +
1785	(c) Is 18 years of age or older <u>.</u> +
1786	(d) Is a graduate of an accredited high school or its
1787	equivalent <u>.</u> +
1788	(e)1. Has met the requirements of the training program; or
1789	2.a. Has a valid, current license as a hearing aid
1790	specialist or its equivalent from another state and has been
1791	actively practicing in such capacity for at least 12 months; or
1792	b. Is currently certified by the National Board for
1793	Certification in Hearing Instrument Sciences and has been
1794	actively practicing for at least 12 months.+
1795	(f) Has passed an examination, as prescribed by board
1796	rule <u>.; and</u>
1797	(g) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by rule of the
1798	board, knowledge of state laws and rules relating to the fitting

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1799 and dispensing of prescription hearing aids. 1800 Section 32. Section 484.0501, Florida Statutes, is amended 1801 to read: 1802 484.0501 Minimal procedures and equipment.-1803 (1) The following minimal procedures shall be used in the 1804 fitting and selling of prescription hearing aids: 1805 (a) Pure tone audiometric testing by air and bone to 1806 determine the type and degree of hearing deficiency. 1807 (b) Effective masking when indicated. 1808 (c) Appropriate testing to determine speech reception 1809 thresholds, speech discrimination scores, the most comfortable 1810 listening levels, uncomfortable loudness levels, and the 1811 selection of the best fitting arrangement for maximum hearing aid benefit. 1812 1813 (2) The following equipment shall be used: (a) A wide range audiometer that which meets the 1814 1815 specifications of the American National Standards Institute for 1816 diagnostic audiometers. 1817 (b) A speech audiometer or a master hearing aid in order to 1818 determine the most comfortable listening level and speech 1819 discrimination. 1820 (3) A final fitting ensuring physical and operational 1821 comfort of the prescription hearing aid shall be made. 1822 (4) The following medical clearance shall be obtained: If, 1823 upon inspection of the ear canal with an otoscope in the common 1824 procedure of a prescription hearing aid fitter and upon 1825 interrogation of the client, there is any recent history of 1826 infection or any observable anomaly, the client must shall be instructed to see a physician, and a prescription hearing aid 1827

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1828 may shall not be fitted until medical clearance is obtained for 1829 the condition noted. If, upon return, the condition noted is no 1830 longer observable and the client signs a medical waiver, a prescription hearing aid may be fitted. Any person with a 1831 1832 significant difference between bone conduction hearing and air 1833 conduction hearing must be informed of the possibility of 1834 medical correction. 1835 (5) (a) A prescription hearing aid establishment office must have available, or have access to, a selection of prescription 1836 1837 hearing aid models, hearing aid supplies, and services complete 1838 enough to accommodate the various needs of the prescription 1839 hearing aid wearers. 1840 (b) At the time of the initial examination for fitting and sale of a prescription hearing aid, the attending hearing aid 1841 1842 specialist shall must notify the prospective purchaser or client of the benefits of telecoil, "t" coil, or "t" switch technology, 1843 1844 including increased access to telephones and noninvasive access 1845 to assistive listening systems required under the Americans with 1846 Disabilities Act of 1990. 1847 (6) Each audiometric test conducted by a licensee or 1848 authorized trainee in the fitting and selling of prescription 1849 hearing aids must shall be made in a testing room that has been 1850 certified by the department, or by an agent approved by the 1851 department, not to exceed the following sound pressure levels at 1852 the specified frequencies: 250Hz-40dB, 500Hz-40dB, 750Hz-40dB, 1853 1000Hz-40dB, 1500Hz-42dB, 2000Hz-47dB, 3000Hz-52dB, 4000Hz-57dB, 1854 6000Hz-62dB, and 8000Hz-67dB. An exception to this requirement

1855 shall be made in the case of a client who, after being provided 1856 written notice of the benefits and advantages of having the test

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1857 conducted in a certified testing room, requests that the test be 1858 conducted in a place other than the licensee's certified testing 1859 room. Such request must shall be documented by a waiver which 1860 includes the written notice and is signed by the licensee and 1861 the client before prior to the testing. The waiver must shall be 1862 executed on a form provided by the department. The executed 1863 waiver must shall be attached to the client's copy of the 1864 contract, and a copy of the executed waiver must shall be 1865 retained in the licensee's file.

1866 (7) The board may shall have the power to prescribe the minimum procedures and equipment which must shall be used in the 1867 1868 conducting of hearing assessments, and for the fitting and 1869 selling of prescription hearing aids, including equipment that 1870 will measure the prescription hearing aid's response curves to 1871 ensure that they meet the manufacturer's specifications. These 1872 procedures and equipment may differ from those provided in this 1873 section in order to take full advantage of devices and equipment 1874 which may hereafter become available and which are demonstrated 1875 to be of greater efficiency and accuracy. The board shall adopt 1876 and enforce rules necessary to implement carry out the 1877 provisions of this subsection and subsection (6).

1878 (8) Any duly authorized officer or employee of the 1879 department may shall have the right to make such inspections and 1880 investigations as are necessary in order to determine the state 1881 of compliance with the provisions of this section and the 1882 applicable rules and may enter the premises of a licensee and 1883 inspect the records of same upon reasonable belief that a 1884 violation of this law is being or has been committed or that the licensee has failed or is failing to comply with the provisions 1885

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1886	<del>of</del> this <u>part</u> <del>act</del> .
1887	(9) A licensed hearing aid specialist may fit, sell,
1888	dispense, service, market, provide customer support for, and
1889	distribute prescription and over-the-counter hearing aids.
1890	However, over-the-counter hearing aids may be provided only to
1891	persons 18 years of age or older.
1892	Section 33. Section 484.051, Florida Statutes, is amended
1893	to read:
1894	484.051 Itemization of prices; delivery of prescription
1895	hearing aid; receipt, packaging, disclaimer, guarantee
1896	(1) <u>Before</u> <del>Prior to</del> delivery of services or products to a
1897	prospective purchaser, any person who fits and sells
1898	<u>prescription</u> hearing aids <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> disclose on request by the
1899	prospective purchaser an itemized listing of prices, which $\underline{must}$
1900	listing shall include separate price estimates for each service
1901	component and each product. Provision of such itemized listing
1902	of prices <u>may</u> shall not be predicated on the prospective
1903	purchaser's payment of any charge or agreement to purchase any
1904	service or product.
1905	(2) Any person who fits and sells a prescription hearing
1906	aid <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> , at the time of delivery, provide the purchaser
1907	with a receipt containing the seller's signature, the address of
1908	her or his regular place of business, and her or his license or
1909	trainee registration number, if applicable, together with the
1910	brand, model, manufacturer or manufacturer's identification
1911	code, and serial number of the prescription hearing aid
1912	furnished and the amount charged for the prescription hearing
1913	aid. The receipt <u>must</u> also <del>shall</del> specify whether the
1914	prescription hearing aid is new, used, or rebuilt <u>,</u> and shall

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1915 specify the length of time and other terms of the guarantee, and by whom the prescription hearing aid is guaranteed. If When the 1916 1917 client has requested an itemized list of prices, the receipt 1918 must shall also provide an itemization of the total purchase 1919 price, including, but not limited to, the cost of the aid, 1920 earmold, batteries and other accessories, and any services. 1921 Notice of the availability of this service shall be displayed in a conspicuous manner in the office. The receipt must also shall 1922 1923 state that any complaint concerning the prescription hearing aid 1924 and guarantee therefor, if not reconciled with the licensee from 1925 whom the prescription hearing aid was purchased, should be 1926 directed by the purchaser to the Department of Health. The 1927 address and telephone number of such office must shall be stated 1928 on the receipt.

(3) <u>A prescription</u> No hearing aid may <u>not</u> be sold to any person unless both the packaging containing the <u>prescription</u> hearing aid and the itemized receipt provided pursuant to subsection (2) carry the following disclaimer in 10-point or larger type: "A hearing aid will not restore normal hearing, nor will it prevent further hearing loss."

1935 Section 34. Section 484.0512, Florida Statutes, is amended 1936 to read:

1937 484.0512 Thirty-day trial period; purchaser's right to 1938 cancel; notice; refund; cancellation fee; criminal penalty.-

(1) A person selling a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid in this
state must provide the buyer with written notice of a 30-day
trial period and money-back guarantee. The guarantee must permit
the purchaser to cancel the purchase for a valid reason, as
defined by <u>rule of the</u> board <u>rule</u>, within 30 days after

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 receiving the prescription hearing aid, by returning the 1944 1945 prescription hearing aid or mailing written notice of 1946 cancellation to the seller. If the prescription hearing aid must 1947 be repaired, remade, or adjusted during the 30-day trial period, 1948 the running of the 30-day trial period is suspended 1 day for 1949 each 24-hour period that the prescription hearing aid is not in 1950 the purchaser's possession. A repaired, remade, or adjusted 1951 prescription hearing aid must be claimed by the purchaser within 3 working days after notification of availability. The running 1952 1953 of the 30-day trial period resumes on the day the purchaser 1954 reclaims the repaired, remade, or adjusted prescription hearing 1955 aid or on the fourth day after notification of availability, 1956 whichever occurs earlier.

1957 (2) The board, in consultation with the Board of Speech-1958 Language Pathology and Audiology, shall prescribe by rule the 1959 terms and conditions to be contained in the money-back guarantee 1960 and any exceptions thereto. Such rules must rule shall provide, 1961 at a minimum, that the charges for earmolds and service provided 1962 to fit the prescription hearing aid may be retained by the 1963 licensee. The rules must shall also set forth any reasonable 1964 charges to be held by the licensee as a cancellation fee. Such 1965 rule shall be effective on or before December 1, 1994. Should 1966 the board fail to adopt such rule, a licensee may not charge a 1967 cancellation fee which exceeds 5 percent of the total charge for 1968 a hearing aid alone. The terms and conditions of the guarantee, including the total amount available for refund, must shall be 1969 1970 provided in writing to the purchaser before prior to the signing 1971 of the contract.

1972

(3) Within 30 days after the return or attempted return of

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 1973 the prescription hearing aid, the seller shall refund all moneys that must be refunded to a purchaser pursuant to this section. A 1974 1975 violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor of the first 1976 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 1977 (4) For purposes of this section, the term "seller" or 1978 "person selling a prescription hearing aid" includes: 1979 (a) Any natural person licensed under this part or any 1980 other natural person who signs a sales receipt required by s. 1981 484.051(2) or s. 468.1245(2) or who otherwise fits, delivers, or 1982 dispenses a prescription hearing aid. 1983 (b) Any business organization, whether a sole 1984 proprietorship, partnership, corporation, professional 1985 association, joint venture, business trust, or other legal 1986 entity, that which dispenses a prescription hearing aid or 1987 enters into an agreement to dispense a prescription hearing aid. 1988 (c) Any person who controls, manages, or operates an 1989 establishment or business that dispenses a prescription hearing 1990 aid or enters into an agreement to dispense a prescription 1991 hearing aid. 1992 Section 35. Section 484.0513, Florida Statutes, is amended 1993 to read: 1994 484.0513 Cancellation by medical authorization; purchaser's 1995 right to return.-1996 (1) In addition to any other rights and remedies the 1997 purchaser of a prescription hearing aid may have, the purchaser 1998 has shall have the right to rescind the transaction if the 1999 purchaser for whatever reason consults a licensed physician with 2000 specialty board certification in otolaryngology or internal 2001 medicine or a licensed family practice physician, subsequent to

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2002	purchasing a prescription hearing aid, and the physician
2003	certifies in writing that the purchaser has a hearing impairment
2004	for which a prescription hearing aid will not provide a benefit
2005	or that the purchaser has a medical condition which
2006	contraindicates the use of a prescription hearing aid.
2007	(2) The purchaser of a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid <u>has</u> <del>shall</del>
2008	$rac{have}{have}$ the right to rescind <u>as</u> provided in subsection (1) only if
2009	the purchaser gives a written notice of the intent to rescind
2010	the transaction to the seller at the seller's place of business
2011	by certified mail, return receipt requested, which <u>must</u> notice
2012	<del>shall</del> be posted <u>within</u> <del>not later than</del> 60 days <u>after</u> <del>following</del>
2013	the date of delivery of the prescription hearing aid to the
2014	purchaser, and the purchaser returns the prescription hearing
2015	aid to the seller in the original condition less normal wear and
2016	tear.
2017	(3) If the conditions of subsections (1) and (2) are met,
2018	the seller <u>must</u> shall, without request, refund to the purchaser,
2019	within 10 days <u>after</u> <del>of the</del> receipt of <u>the</u> notice to rescind, a
2020	full and complete refund of all moneys received, less 5 percent.
2021	The purchaser <u>does not</u> <del>shall</del> incur <u>any</u> <del>no</del> additional liability
2022	for rescinding the transaction.
2023	Section 36. Section 484.053, Florida Statutes, is amended
2024	to read:
2025	484.053 Prohibitions; penalties
2026	(1) A person may not:
2027	(a) Practice dispensing prescription hearing aids unless

2028 the person is a licensed hearing aid specialist;

(b) Use the name or title "hearing aid specialist" when the person has not been licensed under this part;

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 2031 (c) Present as her or his own the license of another; 2032 (d) Give false, incomplete, or forged evidence to the board 2033 or a member thereof for the purposes of obtaining a license; 2034 (e) Use or attempt to use a hearing aid specialist license 2035 that is delinquent or has been suspended, revoked, or placed on 2036 inactive status; 2037 (f) Knowingly employ unlicensed persons in the practice of 2038 dispensing prescription hearing aids; or 2039 (g) Knowingly conceal information relative to violations of 2040 this part. 2041 (2) Any person who violates any provision of the provisions 2042 of this section is guilty of a felony of the third degree, 2043 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 2044 (3) If a person licensed under this part allows the sale of 2045 a prescription hearing aid by an unlicensed person not 2046 registered as a trainee or fails to comply with the requirements 2047 of s. 484.0445(2) relating to supervision of trainees, the board 2048 must shall, upon determination of that violation, order the full 2049 refund of moneys paid by the purchaser upon return of the 2050 prescription hearing aid to the seller's place of business. 2051 Section 37. Section 484.054, Florida Statutes, is amended 2052 to read: 2053 484.054 Sale or distribution of prescription hearing aids 2054 through mail; penalty.-It is unlawful for any person to sell or 2055 distribute prescription hearing aids through the mail to the 2056 ultimate consumer. Any violation of this section constitutes a 2057 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 2058

2059

Section 38. Section 484.059, Florida Statutes, is amended

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2060 to read: 484.059 Exemptions.-2061 2062 (1) The licensure requirements of this part do not apply to 2063 any person engaged in recommending prescription hearing aids as 2064 part of the academic curriculum of an accredited institution of 2065 higher education, or as part of a program conducted by a public 2066 charitable institution supported primarily by voluntary 2067 contribution, provided this organization does not dispense or 2068 sell prescription hearing aids or accessories. 2069 (2) The licensure requirements of this part do not apply to 2070 any person licensed to practice medicine in this the state, 2071 except that such physician must shall comply with the 2072 requirement of periodic filing of the certificate of testing and 2073 calibration of audiometric equipment as provided in this part. A 2074 No person employed by or working under the supervision of a 2075 person licensed to practice medicine may not shall perform any 2076 services or acts which would constitute the dispensing of 2077 prescription hearing aids as defined in s. 484.041 s. 2078 484.041(3), unless such person is a licensed hearing aid 2079 specialist. 2080 (3) The licensure requirements of this part do not apply to 2081 an audiologist licensed under pursuant to part I of chapter 468. 2082 (4) Section The provisions of s. 484.053(1)(a) does shall 2083 not apply to registered trainees operating in compliance with 2084 this part and board rules of the board. 2085 (5) The licensure requirements of this part do not apply to 2086 a person who fits, sells, dispenses, services, markets, provides 2087 customer support for, or distributes exclusively over-the-2088 counter hearing aids.

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 2089 Section 39. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 2090 1002.394, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2091 1002.394 The Family Empowerment Scholarship Program.-2092 (4) AUTHORIZED USES OF PROGRAM FUNDS.-2093 (b) Program funds awarded to a student with a disability 2094 determined eligible pursuant to paragraph (3) (b) may be used for 2095 the following purposes: 2096 1. Instructional materials, including digital devices, 2097 digital periphery devices, and assistive technology devices that 2098 allow a student to access instruction or instructional content 2099 and training on the use of and maintenance agreements for these 2100 devices. 2. Curriculum as defined in subsection (2). 2101 2102 3. Specialized services by approved providers or by a 2103 hospital in this state which are selected by the parent. These 2104 specialized services may include, but are not limited to: 2105 a. Applied behavior analysis services as provided in ss. 2106 627.6686 and 641.31098. 2107 b. Services provided by speech-language pathologists as 2108 defined in s. 468.1125 s. 468.1125(8). 2109 c. Occupational therapy as defined in s. 468.203. 2110 d. Services provided by physical therapists as defined in s. 486.021(8). 2111 2112 e. Services provided by listening and spoken language 2113 specialists and an appropriate acoustical environment for a child who has a hearing impairment, including deafness, and who 2114 has received an implant or assistive hearing device. 2115 2116 4. Tuition or fees associated with full-time or part-time 2117 enrollment in a home education program, an eligible private

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595-04058-23 20231506c2 2118 school, an eligible postsecondary educational institution or a 2119 program offered by the postsecondary educational institution, a 2120 private tutoring program authorized under s. 1002.43, a virtual program offered by a department-approved private online provider 2121 2122 that meets the provider qualifications specified in s. 2123 1002.45(2)(a), the Florida Virtual School as a private paying student, or an approved online course offered pursuant to s. 2124 1003.499 or s. 1004.0961. 2125 5. Fees for nationally standardized, norm-referenced 2126 2127 achievement tests, Advanced Placement Examinations, industry 2128 certification examinations, assessments related to postsecondary 2129 education, or other assessments. 2130 6. Contributions to the Stanley G. Tate Florida Prepaid 2131 College Program pursuant to s. 1009.98 or the Florida College 2132 Savings Program pursuant to s. 1009.981 for the benefit of the 2133 eligible student. 2134 7. Contracted services provided by a public school or 2135 school district, including classes. A student who receives 2136 services under a contract under this paragraph is not considered 2137 enrolled in a public school for eligibility purposes as 2138 specified in subsection (6). 2139 8. Tuition and fees for part-time tutoring services 2140 provided by a person who holds a valid Florida educator's 2141 certificate pursuant to s. 1012.56, a person who holds an 2142 adjunct teaching certificate pursuant to s. 1012.57, a person who has a bachelor's degree or a graduate degree in the subject 2143 area in which instruction is given, a person who has 2144 2145 demonstrated a mastery of subject area knowledge pursuant to s.

# 2146 1012.56(5), or a person certified by a nationally or

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internationally recognized research-based training program as
approved by the department. As used in this paragraph, the term
"part-time tutoring services" does not qualify as regular school
attendance as defined in s. 1003.01(13)(e).
9. Fees for specialized summer education programs.
10. Fees for specialized after-school education programs.
11. Transition services provided by job coaches.
12. Fees for an annual evaluation of educational progress
by a state-certified teacher under s. 1002.41(1)(f), if this
option is chosen for a home education student.
13. Tuition and fees associated with programs offered by
Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program providers approved
pursuant to s. 1002.55 and school readiness providers approved
pursuant to s. 1002.88.
14. Fees for services provided at a center that is a member
of the Professional Association of Therapeutic Horsemanship
International.
15. Fees for services provided by a therapist who is
certified by the Certification Board for Music Therapists or
credentialed by the Art Therapy Credentials Board, Inc.
Section 40. The Division of Law Revision is directed to
replace the phrase "the effective date of this act" wherever it
occurs in this act with the date the act becomes a law.
Section 41. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1,
2023.

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