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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	ITTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Commerce Committee Representative Brackett offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Present subsections (23), (24), and (25) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (24), (25), and (26), respectively, and a new subsection (23) is added to that section, to read:

553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.-

(23) If an assessment of a new building's interior radio coverage and signal strength under the Florida Fire Prevention

Code determines that installation of a two-way radio communications enhancement system is required, a contractor having the appropriate license issued by the department must submit a design for a two-way radio communications enhancement

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18	jurisdiction may not withhold issuance of a temporary
19	certificate of occupancy for the building based solely on the
20	need for a two-way radio communications enhancement system. Upon
21	approval of the design by the local authority having
22	jurisdiction, the jurisdiction must require the installation of
23	the two-way radio communications enhancement system within 180
24	days after the issuance of a temporary certificate of occupancy.
25	A temporary certificate of occupancy extension may not be
26	unnecessarily withheld.
27	Section 2. Subsection (18) of section 633.202, Florida
28	Statutes, is amended to read:
29	633.202 Florida Fire Prevention Code
30	(18) (a) The authority having jurisdiction shall determine
31	the minimum radio signal strength for fire department
32	communications in all new and existing buildings. Two-way radio
33	communication enhancement systems or equivalent systems may be
34	used to comply with the minimum radio signal strength
35	requirements. However, two-way radio communication enhancement
36	systems or equivalent systems are not required in apartment

system to correct noncompliant radio coverage. The local

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buildings 75 feet or less in height that are constructed using

wood framing, provided that the building has less than 150

dwelling units and that all dwelling units discharge to the

exterior or to a corridor that leads directly to an exit as

defined by the Florida Building Code. Evidence of wood frame

construction shall be shown by the owner providing building
permit documentation which identifies the construction type as
wood frame. Existing high-rise buildings as defined by the
Florida Building Code are not required to comply with minimum
radio strength for fire department communications and two-way
radio communication enhancement systems as required by the
Florida Fire Prevention Code until January 1, 2025. However, by
January 1, 2024, an existing high-rise building that is not in
compliance with the requirements for minimum radio strength for
fire department communications must apply for an appropriate
permit for the required installation with the local government
agency having jurisdiction and must demonstrate that the
building will become compliant by January 1, 2025. Existing
high-rise apartment buildings are not required to comply until
January 1, 2025. However, existing high-rise apartment buildings
are required to apply for the appropriate permit for the
required communications installation by January 1, 2024.

- (b) Except as modified in this subsection, all new and existing buildings must meet the minimum radio signal strength requirements for public safety agency communications as provided in the Florida Fire Prevention Code.
- (c) The local authority having jurisdiction as defined in the Florida Fire Prevention Code may:
- 1. Require the installation of a two-way radio
 communications enhancement system in a new or existing building

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if the interior of the building does not meet the minimum radio signal strength as required in the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

- 2. Require assessment of a new or existing building's interior radio coverage and signal strength, for purposes of determining the need for a two-way radio communications enhancement system within the building, not more frequently than once every 3 years for existing high-rise buildings and existing buildings over 12,000 total gross square feet and once every 5 years for all other existing buildings, unless such building undergoes Level III building alteration or rehabilitation as defined in the Florida Building Code or reconstruction as determined by the Florida Fire Prevention Code or if a public safety agency reports to the local authority having jurisdiction that the agency's communications devices failed to function correctly inside a building due to poor signal coverage or upon determination of an imminent life safety threat to responders.
- (d) Any modification to an existing system or any new installation must have the express consent of the frequency license holder of the frequencies for which the device or system is intended to amplify. The consent must be maintained in a recordable format that can be presented to a Federal Communications Commission representative or other relevant agency investigating radio interference.
- (e) Where public safety agency communications signal strength or delivered audio quality, as defined in the Florida

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<u>Fire</u>	Pre	event	ion	Coc	de,	is	dete	ermi:	ned l	by t	he	auth	ori	ty	havi	ng	
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- (f) If a jurisdiction modifies its public safety emergency communications system such that modifications to existing two-way radio communications enhancement system installations are required, the local authority having jurisdiction must give owners of the two-way radio communications enhancement systems at least 180 days' notice before requiring any modification.
- (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (f), a local authority having jurisdiction which requires an existing building to retrofit its two-way radio communications enhancement system after the effective dates in paragraph (a) must give the building owner at least 1 year to complete the retrofit. The 1-year period begins when the local authority having jurisdiction cites the building owner with a notice of code violation in accordance with chapter 162.
- (h) The following occupancies or buildings are not required to meet minimum radio signal strength requirements or have a radio signal strength assessment for public safety agency communications:
 - 1. One- and two-family dwellings and townhouses.
- 2. Buildings less than 12,000 square feet with no underground areas.

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	3.	Apartment	s and	tra	nsient	pı	ıbl	ic l	odgin	g esta	bli	shments
that	are	less than	three	e sto	ories	anc	d th	nat	have	direct	ac	cess
from	the	apartment	or g	ıest	area	to	an	ext	erior	means	of	egress.

- 4. Wood frame apartment buildings that are not required to install two-way radio communication enhancement systems or equivalent systems pursuant to paragraph (a).
- (i) The provisions of s. 633.208 and this section which authorize local adoption of more stringent requirements than those specified in the Florida Fire Prevention Code and minimum firesafety codes do not apply to the requirements of this subsection. The local authority having jurisdiction may not enforce requirements that are more stringent than those specified in the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the provisions of this subsection with respect to the requirement for, design of, or installation of a two-way radio communications enhancement system.
- (j) The State Fire Marshal shall incorporate this subsection in the Florida Fire Prevention Code and may adopt rules to implement, interpret, and enforce this subsection.
- Section 3. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (3) of section 843.16, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 843.16 Unlawful to install or transport radio equipment using assigned frequency of state or law enforcement officers; definitions; exceptions; penalties.—
 - (3) This section does not apply to the following:

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633.2	202 (18	3).												

Section 4. Section 440.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.103 Building permits; identification of minimum premium policy.—Every employer shall, as a condition to applying for and receiving a building permit, show proof and certify to the permit issuer that it has secured compensation for its employees under this chapter as provided in ss. 440.10 and 440.38. Such proof of compensation must be evidenced by a certificate of coverage issued by the carrier, a valid exemption certificate approved by the department, or a copy of the employer's authority to self-insure and shall be presented, electronically or physically, each time the employer applies for a building permit. As provided in s. 553.79(24) s. 553.79(23), for the purpose of inspection and record retention, site plans or building permits may be maintained at the worksite in the original form or in the form of an electronic copy. These plans and permits must be open to inspection by the building official or a duly authorized representative, as required by the Florida Building Code. As provided in s. 627.413(5), each certificate of coverage must show, on its face, whether or not coverage is secured under the minimum premium provisions of rules adopted by rating organizations licensed pursuant to s. 627.221. The words

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"minimum premium policy" or equivalent language shall be typed, printed, stamped, or legibly handwritten.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert: An act relating to public safety emergency communications systems; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; requiring a licensed contractor to submit a certain design if an interior radio coverage and signal strength assessment of a new building determines a two-way radio communications enhancement system installation is required; specifying restrictions on a local jurisdiction's withholding issuance of a temporary certificate of occupancy for the building; requiring the local jurisdiction to require installation of such a system within a certain timeframe; amending s. 633.202, F.S.; requiring new and existing buildings to meet certain minimum radio signal strength requirements, except under certain circumstances; specifying the authority of local authorities having jurisdiction relating to two-way radio communications enhancement systems; specifying requirements for, and restrictions on, such authorities; providing requirements for obtaining and maintaining the consent of frequency license holders; exempting certain occupancies and

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 1575 (2023)

Amendment No. 1

buildings from certain signal strength and assessment
requirements; providing applicability and construction;
requiring the State Fire Marshal to incorporate provisions in
the Florida Fire Prevention Code; authorizing the State Fire
Marshal to adopt rules; amending s. 843.16, F.S.; exempting
certain installations of two-way radio communications
enhancement systems from prohibitions against the installation
or transportation of certain radio equipment; amending s.
440.103, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; providing an
effective date.

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