	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS	•	
04/07/2023	•	
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The Committee on Community Affairs (Ingoglia) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 53 - 571

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and insert:

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 163.3177, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive plan; studies and surveys.-

(5) (a) Each local government comprehensive plan must include at least two planning periods, one covering at least the

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first 10-year 5-year period occurring after the plan's adoption and one covering at least a 20-year 10-year period. Additional planning periods for specific components, elements, land use amendments, or projects shall be permissible and accepted as part of the planning process.

Section 2. Section 163.3191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3191 Evaluation and appraisal of comprehensive plan.-

- (1) At least once every 7 years, each local government shall evaluate its comprehensive plan to determine if plan amendments are necessary to reflect a minimum planning period of at least 10 years as provided in s. 163.3177(5) or to reflect changes in state requirements in this part since the last update of the comprehensive plan, and notify the state land planning agency as to its determination. The notification must include a separate affidavit, signed by the chair of the governing body of the county and the mayor of the municipality, attesting that all elements of its comprehensive plan comply with this subsection. The affidavit must also include a certification that the adopted comprehensive plan contains the minimum planning period of 10 years, as provided in 163.3177(5), and must cite the source and date of the population projections used in establishing the 10year planning period.
- (2) If the local government determines amendments to its comprehensive plan are necessary to reflect changes in state requirements, the local government shall prepare and transmit within 1 year such plan amendment or amendments for review pursuant to s. 163.3184.
 - (3) Local governments shall are encouraged to

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comprehensively evaluate and, as necessary, update comprehensive plans to reflect changes in local conditions. Plan amendments transmitted pursuant to this section must shall be reviewed pursuant to s. 163.3184(4). Updates to the required elements and optional elements of the comprehensive plan must be processed in the same plan amendment cycle.

- (4) If a local government fails to submit the its letter and affidavit prescribed by subsection (1) or transmit the update to its plan pursuant to subsection (3) within 1 year after the date the letter was transmitted to the state land planning agency (2), it may not initiate or adopt any publicly initiated plan amendments to amend its comprehensive plan until such time as it complies with this section, unless otherwise required by general law. This prohibition on plan amendments does not apply to privately initiated plan amendments. The failure of the local government to timely update its plan may not be the basis for the denial of privately initiated comprehensive plan amendments.
- (5) If it is determined that a local government has failed to update its comprehensive plan pursuant to this section, the state land planning agency must provide the required population projections that must be used by the local government to update the comprehensive plan. The local government shall initiate an update to its comprehensive plan within 3 months following the receipt of the population projections and must transmit the update within 12 months. If the state land planning agency finds the update is not in compliance, it must establish the timeline to address the deficiencies, not to exceed an additional 12month period. If the update is challenged by a third party, the

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local government may seek approval from the state land planning agency to process publicly initiated plan amendments that are necessary to accommodate population growth during the pendency of the litigation. During the update process, the local government may provide alternative population projections based on professionally accepted methodologies, but only if those population projections exceed the population projections provided by the state land planning agency and only if the update is completed within the timeframe set forth in this subsection.

(6) The state land planning agency may not adopt rules to implement this section, other than procedural rules or a schedule indicating when local governments must comply with the requirements of this section.

Section 3. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (5) of section 163.3202, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

163.3202 Land development regulations.-

- (5) (a) Land development regulations relating to building design elements may not be applied to a single-family or twofamily dwelling unless:
- 1. The dwelling is listed in the National Register of Historic Places, as defined in s. 267.021(5); is located in a National Register Historic District; or is designated as a historic property or located in a historic district, under the terms of a local preservation ordinance;
- 2. The regulations are adopted in order to implement the National Flood Insurance Program;
- 3. The regulations are adopted pursuant to and in compliance with chapter 553;

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- 4. The dwelling is located in a community redevelopment area, as defined in s. 163.340(10);
 - 5. The regulations are required to ensure protection of coastal wildlife in compliance with s. 161.052, s. 161.053, s. 161.0531, s. 161.085, s. 161.163, or chapter 373;
 - 6. The dwelling is located in a planned unit development or master planned community created pursuant to a local ordinance, resolution, or other final action approved by the local governing body; or
 - 6.7. The dwelling is located within the jurisdiction of a local government that has a design review board or an architectural review board created before January 1, 2020.
 - (b) For purposes of this subsection, the term:
 - 1. "building design elements" means the external building color; the type or style of exterior cladding material; the style or material of roof structures or porches; the exterior nonstructural architectural ornamentation; the location or architectural styling of windows or doors; the location or orientation of the garage; the number and type of rooms; and the interior layout of rooms. The term does not include the height, bulk, orientation, or location of a dwelling on a zoning lot; or the use of buffering or screening to minimize potential adverse physical or visual impacts or to protect the privacy of neighbors.
 - 2. "Planned unit development" or "master planned community" means an area of land that is planned and developed as a single entity or in approved stages with uses and structures substantially related to the character of the entire development, or a self-contained development in which the



subdivision and zoning controls are applied to the project whole rather than to individual lots.

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131 And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 3 - 46

133 and insert:

> regulations; amending s. 163.3177, F.S.; revising the planning periods that must be included in a comprehensive plan; amending s. 163.3191, F.S.; requiring local governments to determine if plan amendments are necessary to reflect a certain minimum planning period; specifying requirements for a certain notification; requiring, rather than encouraging, a local government to comprehensively evaluate and update its comprehensive plan to reflect changes in local conditions; requiring updates to certain elements of the comprehensive plan to be processed in the same plan amendment cycle; prohibiting a local government from initiating or adopting any publicly initiated plan amendments to its comprehensive plan under certain circumstances; providing applicability; prohibiting a certain denial of plan amendments from being based on the failure of a local government to update its comprehensive plan; requiring the state land planning agency to provide population projections if a local government fails to update its comprehensive plan; requiring the local government to update its comprehensive plan within a specified

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timeframe after receiving the population projections and transmit the update within a specified timeframe; requiring the state land planning agency to establish a certain timeline if such update is not in compliance; authorizing the local government to seek approval from the state land planning agency to process publicly initiated plan amendments under certain circumstances; authorizing the local government to provide certain alternative population projections under certain circumstances; amending s. 163.3202, F.S.; revising exceptions to applicability of land development regulations relating to singlefamily or two-family dwelling building design elements; deleting the definition of the terms "planned unit development" or "master planned community"; amending s. 189.08,