	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/22/2023		
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The Committee on Rules (Collins) recommended the following:

# Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 293 - 663

and insert:

concern and is not a citizen or lawful permanent resident of the United States.

- (5) "Military installation" has the same meaning as in 10 U.S.C. s. 2801(c)(4) and includes an armory as defined in s. 250.01.
- (6) "Real property" means land, buildings, fixtures, and all other improvements to land.

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Section 5. Section 692.202, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

692.202 Purchase of agricultural land by foreign principals prohibited.-

- (1) A foreign principal may not directly or indirectly own or acquire by purchase, grant, devise, or descent agricultural land or any interest in such land in the state. This prohibition does not apply to a foreign principal that acquires agricultural land for a diplomatic purpose that is recognized, acknowledged, or allowed by the Federal Government.
- (2) A foreign principal that directly or indirectly owns or acquires agricultural land or any interest in such land in the state before July 1, 2023, may continue to own or hold such land or interest, but may not purchase or otherwise acquire by grant, devise, or descent any additional agricultural land or interest in such land in the state.
- (3) (a) A foreign principal that directly or indirectly owns or acquires agricultural land or any interest in such land in the state before July 1, 2023, must register with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services by January 1, 2024. The department must establish a form for such registration, which, at minimum, must include all of the following:
- 1. The name of the owner of the agricultural land or the owner of the interest in such land.
- 2. The address of the agricultural land, the property appraiser's parcel identification number, and the property's legal description.
  - 3. The number of acres of the agricultural land.
  - (b) A foreign principal that fails to timely file a

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registration with the department is subject to a civil penalty 41 42 of \$1,000 for each day that the registration is late. The 43 department may place a lien against the unregistered 44 agricultural land for the unpaid balance of any penalties 45 assessed under this paragraph.

- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a foreign principal may acquire agricultural land on or after July 1, 2023, by devise or descent, through the enforcement of security interests, or through the collection of debts, provided that the foreign principal sells, transfers, or otherwise divests itself of the agricultural land within 2 years after acquiring the agricultural land.
- (5) (a) At the time of purchase, a buyer of agricultural land or an interest in such land must provide an affidavit signed under penalty of perjury attesting that the buyer is:
  - 1. Not a foreign principal; and
  - 2. In compliance with the requirements of this section.
- (b) The failure to obtain or maintain the affidavit does not:
- 1. Affect the title or insurability of the title for the agricultural land; or
- 2. Subject the closing agent to civil or criminal liability except for liability under chapter 837, unless the closing agent has actual knowledge that the transaction will result in a violation of this section.
- (c) The Florida Real Estate Commission shall adopt rules to implement this subsection, including rules establishing the form for the affidavit required under this subsection.
  - (6) (a) The agricultural land or an interest in such land

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that is owned or acquired in violation of this section may be forfeited to the state.

- (b) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may initiate a civil action in the circuit court of the county in which the property lies for the forfeiture of the agricultural land or any interest therein.
- (c) Upon filing such action, the clerk must record a lis pendens in accordance with s. 48.23. The court must advance the cause on the calendar. The defendant may at any time petition to modify or discharge the lis pendens based upon a finding that there is no probable cause to believe that the agricultural land, or any portion thereof, is owned or held in violation of this section.
- (d) If the court finds that the agricultural land, or any portion thereof, is owned or held in violation of this section, the court must enter a final judgment of forfeiture vesting title to the agricultural land in the state, subject only to the rights and interests of bona fide lienholders, and such final judgment relates back to the date of the lis pendens.
- (e) The department may sell the agricultural land subject to a final judgment of forfeiture. Any proceeds from the sale must first be paid to any lienholders of the land, followed by payment of any outstanding fines assessed pursuant to this section, after which the department must be reimbursed for all costs related to the forfeiture civil action and any costs related to the sale of the land. Any remaining proceeds must be paid to the property owner.
- (f) At any time during the forfeiture proceeding the department may seek an ex parte order of seizure of the

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agricultural land upon a showing that the defendant's control of the agricultural land constitutes a clear and present danger to the state.

- (7) A foreign principal that purchases or acquires agricultural land or any interest therein in violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (8) A person who knowingly sells agricultural land or any interest therein in violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (9) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall adopt rules to implement this section.
- Section 6. Section 692.203, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 692.203 Purchase of real property around military installations and critical infrastructure facilities by foreign principals prohibited.-
- (1) A foreign principal may not directly or indirectly own or acquire by purchase, grant, devise, or descent any interest in real property within 20 miles of any military installation or critical infrastructure facility in the state. This prohibition does not apply to a foreign principal that acquires real property for a diplomatic purpose that is recognized, acknowledged, or allowed by the Federal Government.
- (2) A foreign principal that directly or indirectly owns or acquires any interest in real property within 20 miles of any military installation or critical infrastructure facility in the state before July 1, 2023, may continue to own or hold such real

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property, but may not purchase or otherwise acquire by grant, devise, or descent any additional real property within 20 miles of any military installation or critical infrastructure facility in the state.

- (3) (a) A foreign principal that owns or acquires real property within 20 miles of any military installation or critical infrastructure facility in the state before July 1, 2023, must register with the Department of Economic Opportunity by January 1, 2024. The department must establish a form for such registration which, at a minimum, must include all of the following:
  - 1. The name of the owner of the real property.
- 2. The address of the real property, the property appraiser's parcel identification number, and the property's legal description.
- (b) A foreign principal that fails to timely file a registration with the department is subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000 for each day that the registration is late. The department may place a lien against the unregistered real property for the unpaid balance of any penalties assessed under this paragraph.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a foreign principal may acquire real property or any interest therein which is within 20 miles of any military installation or critical infrastructure facility in the state on or after July 1, 2023, by devise or descent, through the enforcement of security interests, or through the collection of debts, provided that the foreign principal sells, transfers, or otherwise divests itself of such real property within 2 years after acquiring the real property.



157 (5) (a) At the time of purchase, a buyer of the real 158 property that is within 20 miles of any military installation or 159 critical infrastructure facility in this state must provide an 160 affidavit signed under penalty of perjury attesting that the 161 buyer is: 162 1. Not a foreign principal; and 2. In compliance with the requirements of this section. 163 164 (b) The failure to obtain or maintain the affidavit does 165 not: 166 1. Affect the title or insurability of the title for the 167 real property; or 168 2. Subject the closing agent to civil or criminal liability 169 except for liability under chapter 837, unless the closing agent 170 has actual knowledge that the transaction will result in a 171 violation of this section. 172 (c) The Florida Real Estate Commission shall adopt rules to implement this subsection, including rules establishing the form 173 174 for the affidavit required under this subsection. 175 (6) (a) If any real property is owned or acquired in 176 violation of this section, the real property may be forfeited to 177 the state. 178 (b) The Department of Economic Opportunity may initiate a 179 civil action in the circuit court of the county in which the 180 property lies for the forfeiture of the real property or any 181 interest therein. 182 (c) Upon filing such action, the clerk must record a lis 183 pendens in accordance with s. 48.23. The court must advance the 184 cause on the calendar. The defendant may at any time petition to

modify or discharge the lis pendens based upon a finding that

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there is no probable cause to believe that the real property, or any portion thereof, is owned or held in violation of this section.

- (d) If the court finds that the real property, or any portion thereof, is owned or held in violation of this section, the court must enter a final judgment of forfeiture vesting title to the real property in the state, subject only to the rights and interests of bona fide lienholders, and such final judgment relates back to the date of the lis pendens.
- (e) The department may sell the real property subject to a final judgment of forfeiture. Any proceeds from the sale must first be paid to any lienholders of the land, followed by payment of any outstanding fines assessed pursuant to this section, after which the department must be reimbursed for all costs related to the forfeiture civil action and any costs related to the sale of the land. Any remaining proceeds must be paid to the property owner.
- (f) At any time during the forfeiture proceeding the department may seek an ex parte order of seizure of the real property upon a showing that the defendant's control of the real property constitutes a clear and present danger to the state.
- (7) A foreign principal that purchases or acquires real property or any interest therein in violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (8) A person who knowingly sells real property or any interest therein in violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.



215	(9) The Department of Economic Opportunity shall adopt
216	rules to implement this section.
217	Section 7. Section 692.204, Florida Statutes, is created to
218	read:
219	692.204 Purchase or acquisition of real property by the
220	People's Republic of China prohibited
221	(1)(a) The following persons or entities may not directly
222	or indirectly own or acquire by purchase, grant, devise, or
223	descent any interest in real property in the state:
224	1. The People's Republic of China, the Chinese Communist
225	Party, or any official or member of the People's Republic of
226	China or the Chinese Communist Party.
227	2. Any other political party or member of a political party
228	or a subdivision of a political party in the People's Republic
229	of China.
230	3. A partnership, an association, a corporation, an
231	organization, or any other combination of persons organized
232	under the laws of or having its principal place of business in
233	the People's Republic of China, or a subsidiary of such entity.
234	4. Any person who is domiciled in the People's Republic of
235	China and who is not a citizen or lawful permanent resident of
236	the United States.
237	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a person or entity of
238	the People's Republic of China that acquires real property for a
239	diplomatic purpose that is recognized, acknowledged, or allowed
240	by the Federal Government.
241	(2) A person or entity described in paragraph (1)(a) that
242	directly or indirectly owns or acquires any interest in real
243	property in the state before July 1, 2023, may continue to own

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or hold such real property, but may not purchase or otherwise acquire by grant, devise, or descent any additional real property in the state.

- (3) (a) A person or entity described in paragraph (1) (a) that owns or acquires real property in the state before July 1, 2023, must register with the Department of Economic Opportunity by January 1, 2024. The department must establish a form for such registration which, at a minimum, must include all of the following:
  - 1. The name of the owner of the real property.
- 2. The address of the real property, the property appraiser's parcel identification number, and the property's legal description.
- (b) A person or entity that fails to timely file a registration with the department is subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000 for each day that the registration is late. The department may place a lien against the unregistered real property for the unpaid balance of any penalties assessed under this paragraph.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a person or an entity described in paragraph (1)(a) may acquire real property in the state on or after July 1, 2023, by devise or descent, through the enforcement of security interests, or through the collection of debts, provided that the person or entity sells, transfers, or otherwise divests itself of such real property within 2 years after acquiring the real property unless the person or entity is exempt under paragraph (1)(b).
- (5) (a) At the time of purchase, a buyer of real property in the state must provide an affidavit signed under penalty of



273	perjury attesting that the buyer is:
274	1. Not a person or entity described in paragraph (1)(a);
275	<u>and</u>
276	2. In compliance with the requirements of this section.
277	(b) The failure to obtain or maintain the affidavit does
278	not:
279	1. Affect the title or insurability of the title for the
280	real property; or
281	2. Subject the closing agent to civil or criminal liability
282	except for liability under chapter 837, unless the closing agent
283	has actual knowledge that the transaction will result in a
284	violation of this section.
285	(c) The Florida Real Estate Commission shall adopt rules to
286	implement this subsection, including rules establishing the form
287	for the affidavit required under this subsection.
288	(6)(a) If any real property is owned or acquired in
289	violation of this section, the real property may be forfeited to
290	the state.
291	(b) The Department of Economic Opportunity may initiate a
292	civil action in the circuit court of the county in which the
293	property lies for the forfeiture of the real property or any
294	interest therein.
295	(c) Upon filing such action, the clerk must record a lis
296	pendens in accordance with s. 48.23. The court must advance the
297	cause on the calendar. The defendant may at any time petition to
298	modify or discharge the lis pendens based upon a finding that
299	there is no probable cause to believe that the real property, or
300	any portion thereof, is owned or held in violation of this

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- (d) If the court finds that the real property, or any portion thereof, is owned or held in violation of this section, the court must enter a final judgment of forfeiture vesting title to the real property in the state, subject only to the rights and interests of bona fide lienholders, and such final judgment relates back to the date of the lis pendens. (e) The department may sell the real property subject to a final judgment of forfeiture. Any proceeds from the sale must
- first be paid to any lienholders of the land, followed by payment of any outstanding fines assessed pursuant to this section, after which the department must be reimbursed for all costs related to the forfeiture civil action and any costs related to the sale of the land. Any remaining proceeds must be paid to the property owner.
- (f) At any time during the forfeiture proceeding the department may seek an ex parte order of seizure of the real property upon a showing that the defendant's control of the real property constitutes a clear and present danger to the state.
- (7) A violation of this section constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (8) A person who sells real property or any interest therein in violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (9) The Department of Economic Opportunity shall adopt rules to implement this section.
- Section 8. Present subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 408.051, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4),

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(5), and (6), respectively, a new subsection (3) is added to that section, and subsection (2) of that section is reordered and amended, to read:

408.051 Florida Electronic Health Records Exchange Act. -

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (c) (a) "Electronic health record" means a record of a person's medical treatment which is created by a licensed health care provider and stored in an interoperable and accessible digital format.
- (i) (b) "Qualified electronic health record" means an electronic record of health-related information concerning an individual which includes patient demographic and clinical health information, such as medical history and problem lists, and which has the capacity to provide clinical decision support, to support physician order entry, to capture and query information relevant to health care quality, and to exchange electronic health information with, and integrate such information from, other sources.
- (a) (c) "Certified electronic health record technology" means a qualified electronic health record that is certified pursuant to s. 3001(c)(5) of the Public Health Service Act as meeting standards adopted under s. 3004 of such act which are applicable to the type of record involved, such as an ambulatory electronic health record for office-based physicians or an inpatient hospital electronic health record for hospitals.
- (b) "Cloud computing" has the same meaning as in s. 282.0041.
  - (d) "Health care provider" means any of the following:
- 359 1. A provider as defined in s. 408.803.



360 2. A health care practitioner as defined in s. 456.001. 361 3. A health care professional certified under part IV of 362 chapter 468. 363 4. A home health aide as defined in s. 400.462. 364 5. A service provider as defined in s. 394.455 and the 365 service provider's clinical and nonclinical staff who provide 366 inpatient or outpatient services. 367 6. A continuing care facility licensed under chapter 651. 368 7. A pharmacy permitted under chapter 465. 369 (e) (d) "Health record" means any information, recorded in 370 any form or medium, which relates to the past, present, or 371 future health of an individual for the primary purpose of 372 providing health care and health-related services. 373 (f) (e) "Identifiable health record" means any health record 374 that identifies the patient or with respect to which there is a 375 reasonable basis to believe the information can be used to 376 identify the patient. (q) (f) "Patient" means an individual who has sought, is 377 378 seeking, is undergoing, or has undergone care or treatment in a 379 health care facility or by a health care provider. 380 (h) (g) "Patient representative" means a parent of a minor 381 patient, a court-appointed quardian for the patient, a health 382 care surrogate, or a person holding a power of attorney or 383 notarized consent appropriately executed by the patient granting 384 permission to a health care facility or health care provider to 385 disclose the patient's health care information to that person. 386 In the case of a deceased patient, the term also means the

personal representative of the estate of the deceased patient;

the deceased patient's surviving spouse, surviving parent, or

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surviving adult child; the parent or guardian of a surviving minor child of the deceased patient; the attorney for the patient's surviving spouse, parent, or adult child; or the attorney for the parent or quardian of a surviving minor child.

(3) SECURITY AND STORAGE OF PERSONAL MEDICAL INFORMATION.-In addition to the requirements in 45 C.F.R. part 160 and subparts A and C of part 164, a health care provider that utilizes certified electronic health record technology must ensure that all patient information stored in an offsite physical or virtual environment, including through a third-party or subcontracted computing facility or an entity providing cloud computing services, is physically maintained in the continental United States or its territories or Canada. This subsection applies to all qualified

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 46 - 114

407 and insert:

> real property, respectively, or subject the closing agent to certain liability; authorizing the Florida Real Estate Commission to adopt rules; authorizing that certain agricultural land or real property be forfeited to the state; authorizing the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Department of Economic Opportunity to initiate civil actions for forfeiture of the interest in agricultural land or real property, respectively; requiring that such actions be filed in a certain circuit court; requiring

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clerks to record a lis pendens; requiring courts to advance the cause on the calendar; authorizing defendants to petition to modify or discharge the lis pendens; requiring the court to enter a specified final judgment under certain circumstances; authorizing the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Department of Economic Opportunity, respectively, to sell the agricultural land or real property; providing requirements for the proceeds from such sale; authorizing the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Department of Economic Opportunity, respectively, to seek a specified ex parte order; providing criminal penalties; requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the Department of Economic Opportunity, respectively, to adopt rules; creating s. 692.204, F.S.; prohibiting the People's Republic of China, the Chinese Communist Party, any other political party or member of a political party in the People's Republic of China, and certain persons and entities from purchasing or acquiring real property in the state; providing an exception; authorizing such persons and entities to continue to own or hold such real property under certain circumstances; requiring certain persons or entities that own or acquire real property in the state to register with the Department of Economic Opportunity by a specified date; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to establish a form for such registration; providing civil penalties;

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authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to place a lien against unregistered real property; requiring certain persons and entities to sell, transfer, or otherwise divest themselves of certain real property within a specified timeframe; requiring buyers of real property to provide a signed affidavit; specifying that the failure to maintain or obtain the affidavit does not affect the title or insurability of the title for the real property or subject the closing agent to certain liability; authorizing the commission to adopt rules; authorizing certain real property to be forfeited to the state; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to initiate civil actions for forfeiture of the interest in real property; requiring such actions to be filed in a certain circuit court; requiring clerks to record a lis pendens; requiring courts to advance the cause on the calendar; authorizing defendants to petition to modify or discharge the lis pendens; requiring the court to enter a specified final judgment under certain circumstances; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to sell the real property; providing requirements for the proceeds from such sale; authorizing the Department of Economic Opportunity to seek a specified ex parte order; providing criminal penalties; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to adopt rules; amending s. 408.051, F.S.; defining the terms "cloud computing" and "health care provider"; requiring that certain information held by



476 477	health care providers that utilize certified electronic health record technology be maintained in			
478	specified locations; providing	•		
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