By Senator Brodeur

10-00273B-23 2023280

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to controlled substances; amending s.

782.04, F.S.; revising the elements that constitute
the capital offense of murder in the first degree;
revising the elements that constitute the offense of
murder in the third degree and constitute a felony of
the second degree; defining the term "substantial"

providing criminal penalties for adults who unlawfully distribute, deliver, sell, or dispense specified

factor"; creating s. 893.131, F.S.; defining terms;

substances or mixtures and an injury or overdose of the user results; providing enhanced criminal

penalties for repeat offenders; providing

construction; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsections (4) and (5) of section 782.04, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

782.04 Murder.-

- (1) (a) The unlawful killing of a human being:
- 1. When perpetrated from a premeditated design to effect the death of the person killed or any human being;
- 2. When committed by a person engaged in the perpetration of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any:
  - a. Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1),
  - b. Arson,
    - c. Sexual battery,

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10-00273B-23 2023280 30 d. Robbery, 31 e. Burglary, 32 f. Kidnapping, 33 q. Escape, 34 h. Aggravated child abuse, i. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult, 35 36 j. Aircraft piracy, k. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 37 destructive device or bomb, 38 39 1. Carjacking, 40 m. Home-invasion robbery, 41 n. Aggravated stalking, 42 o. Murder of another human being, p. Resisting an officer with violence to his or her person, 43 44 q. Aggravated fleeing or eluding with serious bodily injury 45 or death, 46 r. Felony that is an act of terrorism or is in furtherance 47 of an act of terrorism, including a felony under s. 775.30, s. 775.32, s. 775.33, s. 775.34, or s. 775.35, or 48 49 s. Human trafficking; or 3. Which resulted from the unlawful distribution by a 50 51 person 18 years of age or older of any of the following 52 substances, or mixture containing any of the following substances, when such substance or mixture is proven to have 53

c. Opium or any synthetic or natural salt, compound,

caused, or is proven to have been a substantial factor in

a. A substance controlled under s. 893.03(1);

b. Cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4.;

producing, be the proximate cause of the death of the user:

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59 derivative, or preparation of opium; 60 d. Methadone; 61 e. Alfentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)1.; f. Carfentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)6.; 62 63 g. Fentanyl, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)9.; 64 h. Sufentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)30.; 65 i. Methamphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)5.; or j. A controlled substance analog, as described in s. 66 67 893.0356, of any substance specified in sub-subparagraphs a.-i., 68 69 is murder in the first degree and constitutes a capital felony, 70 punishable as provided in s. 775.082. 71 (4) The unlawful killing of a human being, when perpetrated 72 without any design to effect death, by a person engaged in the 73 perpetration of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any felony 74 other than any: 75 (a) Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1), 76 (b) Arson, 77 (c) Sexual battery, 78 (d) Robbery, 79 (e) Burglary, 80 (f) Kidnapping, 81 (g) Escape, 82 (h) Aggravated child abuse, 83 (i) Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 84 adult, 85 (j) Aircraft piracy, (k) Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 86 87 destructive device or bomb,

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(1) Unlawful distribution of any substance listed in subsubparagraphs (1)(a)3.a.-j. by a person 18 years of age or older, when such substance is proven to have caused, or is proven to have been a substantial factor in producing, be the proximate cause of the death of the user,

- (m) Carjacking,
- (n) Home-invasion robbery,
- (o) Aggravated stalking,
- (p) Murder of another human being,
- (q) Aggravated fleeing or eluding with serious bodily injury or death,
- (r) Resisting an officer with violence to his or her person, or
- (s) Felony that is an act of terrorism or is in furtherance of an act of terrorism, including a felony under s. 775.30, s. 775.32, s. 775.33, s. 775.34, or s. 775.35,

is murder in the third degree and constitutes a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (5) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Substantial factor" means that the use of a substance or mixture alone is sufficient to cause death or that the use of the substance or mixture contributed to the resulting death, regardless of whether any other substance or mixture used is also sufficient to cause death or contributed to the death.
  - (b) "Terrorism" means an activity that:
- $\frac{(a)}{1.a.}$  Involves a violent act or an act dangerous to human life which is a violation of the criminal laws of this state or

2023280 10-00273B-23 117 of the United States; or 118 b.2. Involves a violation of s. 815.06; and 119 2. (b) Is intended to: 120 a. 1. Intimidate, injure, or coerce a civilian population; 121 b.2. Influence the policy of a government by intimidation 122 or coercion; or 123 c.3. Affect the conduct of government through destruction 124 of property, assassination, murder, kidnapping, or aircraft 125 piracy. Section 2. Section 893.131, Florida Statutes, is created to 126 127 read: 128 893.131 Distribution of controlled substances resulting in 129 injury or overdose.-130 (1) As used in this section, the term: 131 (a) "Emergency opioid antagonist" has the same meaning as 132 in s. 381.887. 133 (b) "Injury or overdose" means drug toxicity or the temporary loss of locomotor activity, motor coordination, or 134 135 consciousness or cognitive impairment. 136 (c) "Medical care" means the administration of treatment 137 for the purposes of preserving or sustaining life or the 138 administration of an emergency opioid antagonist. (d) "Substantial factor" means that the use of a substance 139 140 or mixture alone is sufficient to cause an injury or overdose or that the use of the substance or mixture contributed to a 141 resulting injury or overdose, regardless of whether any other 142 143 substance or mixture used is also sufficient to cause an injury 144 or overdose.

(2) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person 18

10-00273B-23 2023280 146 years of age or older who unlawfully distributes, delivers, 147 sells, or dispenses: 148 1. Heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b)11.; 2. Alfentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)1.; 149 150 3. Carfentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)6.; 151 4. Fentanyl, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)9.; 152 5. Sufentanil, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)30.; 6. Fentanyl derivatives, as described in s. 153 154 893.03(1)(a)62.; 155 7. A controlled substance analog, as described in s. 156 893.0356, of any substance specified in subparagraphs 1.-6.; or 157 8. A mixture containing any substance specified in 158 subparagraphs 1.-7., 159 160 and an injury or overdose of the user results, commits a felony 161 of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 162 775.083, or s. 775.084, when such substance or mixture is proven 163 to have caused or been a substantial factor in causing the 164 injury or overdose suffered by the user. 165 (b) A person 18 years of age or older who commits a 166 violation of paragraph (a) and who has previously been convicted 167 of a violation of paragraph (a) commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 168 169 775.084. 170 (3) The unlawful distribution, delivery, sale, or 171 dispensing of a substance or mixture specified in subparagraphs 172 (2) (a) 1.-8. may be attributed directly or indirectly to the 173 person who was injured or who overdosed or as a result of a further unlawful distribution, delivery, sale, or dispensing of 174

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such substance or mixture to another person.

(4) The administration of medical care by an emergency responder, including, but not limited to, a law enforcement officer, a paramedic, or an emergency medical technician, or the administration of an emergency opioid antagonist by such emergency responder, is prima facie evidence that the person receiving medical care was injured or overdosed.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.