	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/22/2023		
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The Committee on Rules (Hutson) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Between lines 24 and 25

insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (p) of subsection (2) of section 119.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

119.071 General exemptions from inspection or copying of public records.-

- (2) AGENCY INVESTIGATIONS.-
- (p) 1. As used in this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in

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accordance with his or her official duties" means all acts or events that cause or otherwise relate to the death of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, including any related acts or events immediately preceding or subsequent to the acts or events that were the proximate cause of death.

- b. "Killing of a victim of mass violence" means events that depict either a victim being killed or the body of a victim killed in an incident in which three or more persons, not including the perpetrator, are killed by the perpetrator of an intentional act of violence.
- c. "Killing of a minor" means all acts or events that cause or otherwise relate to the death of a victim who has not yet reached the age of eighteen years at the time of the death, including any related acts or events immediately preceding or subsequent to the acts or events that were the proximate cause of the death of a victim under the age of eighteen, events that depict a victim under the age of eighteen being killed, or events that depict the body of a victim under the age of eighteen who has been killed.
- 2. A photograph or video or audio recording that depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, or the killing of a victim of mass violence, or the killing of a minor is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that a surviving spouse of the decedent may view and copy any such photograph or video

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recording or listen to or copy any such audio recording. If there is no surviving spouse, the surviving parents shall have access to such records. If there is no surviving spouse or parent, the adult children shall have access to such records. Nothing in this paragraph precludes a surviving spouse, parent, or adult child of the victim from sharing or publicly releasing such photograph or video or audio recording.

- 3.a. The deceased's surviving relative, with whom authority rests to obtain such records, may designate in writing an agent to obtain such records.
- b. A local governmental entity, or a state or federal agency, in furtherance of its official duties, pursuant to a written request, may view or copy a photograph or video recording or may listen to or copy an audio recording of the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, or the killing of a victim of mass violence, or the killing of a minor, and, unless otherwise required in the performance of its duties, the identity of the deceased shall remain confidential and exempt.
- c. The custodian of the record, or his or her designee, may not permit any other person to view or copy such photograph or video recording or listen to or copy such audio recording without a court order.
- 4.a. The court, upon a showing of good cause, may issue an order authorizing any person to view or copy a photograph or video recording that depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her

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official duties, or the killing of a victim of mass violence, or the killing of a minor, or to listen to or copy an audio recording that depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, or the killing of a victim of mass violence, or the killing of a minor, and may prescribe any restrictions or stipulations that the court deems appropriate.

- b. In determining good cause, the court shall consider:
- (I) Whether such disclosure is necessary for the public evaluation of governmental performance;
- (II) The seriousness of the intrusion into the family's right to privacy and whether such disclosure is the least intrusive means available; and
- (III) The availability of similar information in other public records, regardless of form.
- c. In all cases, the viewing, copying, listening to, or other handling of a photograph or video or audio recording that depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, or the killing of a victim of mass violence, or the killing of a minor must be under the direct supervision of the custodian of the record or his or her designee.
- 5. A surviving spouse shall be given reasonable notice of a petition filed with the court to view or copy a photograph or video recording that depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, or the killing of a victim of mass violence, or

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the killing of a minor, or to listen to or copy any such audio recording, a copy of such petition, and reasonable notice of the opportunity to be present and heard at any hearing on the matter. If there is no surviving spouse, such notice must be given to the parents of the deceased and, if the deceased has no surviving parent, to the adult children of the deceased.

- 6.a. Any custodian of a photograph or video or audio recording that depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, or the killing of a victim of mass violence, or the killing of a minor who willfully and knowingly violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- b. Any person who willfully and knowingly violates a court order issued pursuant to this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- c. A criminal or administrative proceeding is exempt from this paragraph but, unless otherwise exempted, is subject to all other provisions of chapter 119; however, this paragraph does not prohibit a court in a criminal or administrative proceeding upon good cause shown from restricting or otherwise controlling the disclosure of a killing, crime scene, or similar photograph or video or audio recording in the manner prescribed in this paragraph.
- 7. The exemption in this paragraph shall be given retroactive application and shall apply to all photographs or

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video or audio recordings that depict or record the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, or the killing of a victim of mass violence, or the killing of a minor, regardless of whether the killing of the person occurred before, on, or after May 23, 2019. However, nothing in this paragraph is intended to, nor may be construed to, overturn or abrogate or alter any existing orders duly entered into by any court of this state, as of the effective date of this act, which restrict or limit access to any photographs or video or audio recordings that depict or record the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, or the killing of a victim of mass violence, or the killing of a minor.

- 8. This paragraph applies only to such photographs and video and audio recordings held by an agency.
- 9.a. This paragraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2024, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
- b. The expansion of the public records exemption in subparagraph (p)2. to allow for the expunction of a photograph or video or audio recording that depicts or records the killing of a minor is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2028, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. If the expansion of the exemption is not saved from repeal, this paragraph shall revert

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to that in existence on June 30, 2023, except that any amendments to this subsection other than by this act shall be preserved and continue to operate to the extent that such amendments are not dependent upon the portions of this subsection which expire pursuant to this paragraph. Section 2. (1)(a) The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that photographs and video and audio recordings that depict or record the killing of a minor be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution. The Legislature finds that photographs and video and audio recordings that depict or record the killing of a minor render a graphic and often disturbing visual or aural representation of the deceased. Such photographs and video and audio recordings provide a view of the deceased in the final moments of life, in which they are often bruised, bloodied, broken, baring bullet wounds or other wounds, lacerated, dismembered, or decapitated. As such, photographs and video and audio recordings that depict or record the killing of a minor are highly sensitive representations of the deceased which, if heard, viewed, copied, or publicized, could result in trauma, sorrow, humiliation, or emotional injury to the immediate family of the deceased and detract from the memory of the deceased. The Legislature recognizes that the existence of the Internet and the proliferation of personal computers and cellular telephones throughout the world encourages and promotes the wide dissemination of such photographs and video and audio recordings 24 hours a day and that widespread unauthorized



dissemination of such photographs and video and audio recordings 174 175 would subject the immediate family of the deceased to continuous 176 injury. 177 (b) In addition to the emotional and mental injury that 178 these photographs and video and audio recordings may cause 179 family members, the Legislature is also concerned that 180 dissemination of photographs and video and audio recordings that 181 depict or record the killing of a minor is harmful to the 182 public. The Legislature is concerned that the release of these 183 photographs and video and audio recordings may educe violent 184 acts by persons who have a mental illness or who are morally 185 corrupt. 186 (c) The Legislature further recognizes that other types of 187 information, such as crime scene reports, continue to be 188 available which are less intrusive and injurious to the 189 immediate family of the deceased and continue to provide for 190 public oversight. The Legislature further finds that the 191 exemption provided in this act should be given retroactive 192 application because it is remedial in nature. 193 ======== T T T T, E A M E N D M E N T ========== 194 And the title is amended as follows: 195 Delete line 2 196 and insert: 197 An act relating to public records; amending s. 198 119.071, F.S.; defining the term "killing of a minor"; 199 expanding an existing exemption from public records 200 requirements for a photograph or a video or audio

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recording held by an agency which depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer or killing of a victim of mass violence to include a photograph or a video or audio recording held by an agency which depicts or records the killing of a minor; clarifying that a surviving spouse, parent, or adult child of the victim is not precluded from publicly releasing such photograph or video or audio recording; providing criminal penalties; providing retroactive applicability; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemption; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing a statement of public necessity; providing a short