1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to newborn hearing screenings;
3	amending s. 383.145, F.S.; defining the term
4	"congenital cytomegalovirus test"; revising newborn
5	hearing screening requirements to require that all
6	newborns, rather than only those who fail the initial
7	newborn hearing screening, be tested for congenital
8	cytomegalovirus; providing an effective date.
9	
10	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
11	
12	Section 1. Paragraphs (b) through (j) of subsection (2) of
13	section 383.145, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
14	paragraphs (c) through (k), respectively, a new paragraph (b) is
15	added to that subsection, paragraphs (f) through (l) of
16	subsection (3) are redesignated as paragraphs (e) through (k),
17	respectively, and paragraphs (a) through (d) and present
18	paragraphs (e) and (g) of subsection (3) of that section are
19	amended, to read:
20	383.145 Newborn and infant hearing screening
21	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
22	(b) "Congenital cytomegalovirus test" means a test
23	approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or
24	another diagnostically equivalent test to screen newborns for
25	<u>congenital cytomegalovirus.</u>

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26 REQUIREMENTS FOR SCREENING OF NEWBORNS; INSURANCE (3) 27 COVERAGE; REFERRALS REFERRAL FOR ONGOING SERVICES.-28 Each hospital or other state-licensed birthing (a) 29 facility that provides maternity and newborn care services shall 30 ensure that all newborns are, before discharge, screened for the detection of hearing loss to prevent the consequences of 31 32 unidentified disorders. If a newborn fails the screening for the 33 detection of hearing loss, The hospital or other state-licensed 34 birthing facility must also administer a congenital 35 cytomegalovirus test approved by the United States Food and Drug 36 Administration or another diagnostically equivalent test on the 37 newborn to screen for congenital cytomegalovirus before the newborn becomes 21 days of age or before discharge, whichever 38 39 occurs earlier. Each licensed birth center that provides maternity and 40 (b) 41 newborn care services shall ensure that all newborns are, before discharge, referred to an audiologist, a hospital, or another 42 43 newborn hearing screening provider for screening for the detection of hearing loss to prevent the consequences of 44 45 unidentified disorders and referred for administration of a 46 congenital cytomegalovirus test. The referrals referral for 47 appointment must be made within 7 days after discharge. Written 48 documentation of the referrals referral must be placed in the 49 newborn's medical chart. 50 (C) If the parent or legal guardian of the newborn objects

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51 to the screening <u>or testing</u>, the screening <u>or testing</u>, <u>as</u> 52 <u>applicable</u>, must not be completed. In such case, the physician, 53 midwife, or other person attending the newborn shall maintain a 54 record that the screening <u>or testing</u> has not been performed and 55 attach a written objection that must be signed by the parent or 56 guardian.

57 (d) For home births, the health care provider in attendance is responsible for coordinating the referral of the 58 59 newborn coordination and referral to an audiologist, a hospital, or another newborn hearing screening provider for screening for 60 the detection of hearing loss and for coordinating the referral 61 for the administration of a congenital cytomegalovirus test. The 62 health care provider in attendance must make the referrals 63 64 referral for appointment within 7 days after the birth. In cases in which the home birth is not attended by a health care 65 66 provider, the newborn's primary health care provider is responsible for coordinating the referrals referral. 67

68 (c) For home births and births in a licensed birth center, 69 is referred to a newborn hearing screening provi newborn 70 and the newborn fails the screening for the detection of hearing 71 loss, the newborn's primary health care provider must refer the 72 newborn for administration of a test approved by the United 73 States Food and Drug Administration or another diagnostically 74 equivalent test on the newborn to screen for congenital 75 cytomegalovirus.

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76 (f) (g) The screening of a newborn's hearing and the 77 administration of a congenital cytomegalovirus test on the 78 newborn must be completed before the newborn is discharged from the hospital. However, if the screening and testing is not 79 80 completed before discharge due to scheduling or temporary 81 staffing limitations, the screening and testing must be 82 completed within 21 days after the birth. Screenings and testing 83 completed after discharge or performed because of initial 84 screening failure must be completed by an audiologist, a 85 physician, a hospital, or another newborn hearing screening 86 provider.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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