

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/21/2023 House

The Committee on Fiscal Policy (Hutson) recommended the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (592450) (with title amendment)

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Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 624.307, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 624.307 General powers; duties.-

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(b) Any person licensed or issued a certificate of

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11 authority by the department or the office shall respond, in 12 writing or electronically, to the division within 14 20 days 13 after receipt of a written request for documents and information 14 from the division concerning a consumer complaint. The response must address the issues and allegations raised in the complaint 15 16 and include any requested documents concerning the consumer 17 complaint not subject to attorney-client or work-product 18 privilege. The division may impose an administrative penalty for 19 failure to comply with this paragraph of up to $$5,000 \frac{$2,500}{$2,500}$ per violation upon any entity licensed by the department or the 20 21 office and \$250 for the first violation, \$500 for the second 22 violation, and up to \$1,000 per for the third or subsequent 23 violation by upon any individual licensed by the department or 24 the office. 25 Section 2. Present subsection (4) of section 624.315, 26 Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (5), and a new 27 subsection (4) is added to that section, to read: 28 624.315 Annual reports; quarterly reports report.-(4) (a) The office shall create a report detailing all 29 30 actions of the office to enforce insurer compliance with this 31 code and all rules and orders of the office or department during 32 the previous year. For each of the following, the report must 33 detail the insurer or other licensee or registrant against whom 34 such action was taken; whether the office found any violation of law or rule by such party, and, if so, detail such violation; 35 36 and the resolution of such action, including any penalties imposed by the office. The report must be published on the 37 38 website of the office and submitted to the commission, the 39 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of

40	Representatives, and the legislative committees with
41	jurisdiction over matters of insurance on or before January 31
42	of each year. The report must include, but need not be limited
43	to:
44	1. The revocation, denial, or suspension of any license or
45	registration issued by the office.
46	2. All actions taken pursuant to s. 624.310.
47	3. Fines imposed by the office for violations of this code.
48	4. Consent orders entered into by the office.
49	5. Examinations and investigations conducted and completed
50	by the office pursuant to ss. 624.316 and 624.3161.
51	6. Investigations conducted and completed, by line of
52	insurance, for which the office found violations of law or rule
53	but did not take enforcement action.
54	(b) Each quarter, the office shall create a report
55	detailing all actions of the office to enforce insurer
56	compliance during the previous quarter. The report must include,
57	but not be limited to, the subjects that must be included in the
58	annual report under paragraph (a). The report must be submitted
59	to the commission, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of
60	the House of Representatives, and the legislative committees
61	with jurisdiction over matters of insurance. The report is due
62	on or before April 30, July 31, October 31, and January 31,
63	respectively, for the immediately preceding quarter. The report
64	due January 31 may be included within the annual report required
65	under paragraph (a).
66	(c) The office need not include within any report required
67	under this subsection information that would violate any
68	confidentiality provision included within any agreement, order,

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69	or consent order entered into or promulgated by the office.
70	Section 3. Subsections (3) and (4) are added to section
71	624.316, Florida Statutes, to read:
72	624.316 Examination of insurers
73	(3) The office shall create, and the commission shall adopt
74	by rule, a risk-based selection methodology for scheduling
75	examinations of insurers subject to this section. This
76	requirement does not restrict the authority of the office to
77	conduct examinations under this section as often as it deems
78	advisable. Such methodology must include all of the following:
79	(a) Use of a risk-focused analysis to prioritize financial
80	examinations of insurers when such reporting indicates a decline
81	in the insurer's financial condition.
82	(b) Consideration of:
83	1. Level of capitalization and identification of
84	unfavorable trends;
85	2. Negative trends in profitability or cash flow from
86	operations;
87	3. National Association of Insurance Commissioners
88	Insurance Regulatory Information System ratio results;
89	4. Risk-based capital and risk-based capital trend test
90	results;
91	5. The structure and complexity of the insurer;
92	6. Changes in the insurer's officers or board of directors;
93	7. Changes in the insurer's business strategy or
94	operations;
95	8. Findings and recommendations from an examination made
96	pursuant to s. 624.316 or s. 624.3161;
97	9. Current or pending regulatory actions by the office or

98	the department;
99	10. Information obtained from other regulatory agencies or
100	independent organization ratings and reports; and
101	11. The impact of an insurer's insolvency on policyholders
102	of the insurer and the public generally.
103	(c) Prioritization of property insurers for which the
104	office identifies significant concerns about an insurer's
105	solvency pursuant to s. 627.7154.
106	(d) Any other matters the office deems necessary to
107	consider for the protection of the public.
108	(4) To facilitate the development of the methodology for
109	scheduling examinations pursuant to this section, the commission
110	may adopt by rule the National Association of Insurance
111	Commissioners Financial Analysis Handbook, to the extent that
112	the handbook is consistent with and does not negate the
113	requirements of this section.
114	Section 4. Subsection (7) of section 624.3161, Florida
115	Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to that
116	section, to read:
117	624.3161 Market conduct examinations
118	(7) Notwithstanding subsection (1), any authorized insurer
119	transacting residential property insurance business in this
120	state <u>:</u>
121	(a) May be subject to an additional market conduct
122	examination after a hurricane if, at any time more than 90 days
123	after the end of the hurricane, the insurer:
124	(a) is among the top 20 percent of insurers based upon a
125	calculation of the ratio of hurricane-related property insurance
126	claims filed to the number of property insurance policies in
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127	force;
128	(b) <u>Must be subject to a market conduct examination after a</u>
129	hurricane if, at any time more than 90 days after the end of the
130	hurricane, the insurer:
131	1. Is among the top 20 percent of insurers based upon a
132	calculation of the ratio of hurricane claim-related consumer
133	complaints made about that insurer to the department to the
134	insurer's total number of hurricane-related claims;
135	2. Is among the top 20 percent of insurers based upon a
136	calculation of the ratio of hurricane claims closed without
137	payment to the insurer's total number of hurricane claims;
138	<u>3.(c)</u> Has made significant payments to its managing general
139	agent since the hurricane; or
140	<u>4.(d)</u> Is identified by the office as necessitating a market
141	conduct exam for any other reason.
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143	All relevant criteria under this section and s. 624.316 shall be
144	applied to the market conduct examination under this subsection.
145	Such an examination must be initiated within 18 months after the
146	landfall of a hurricane that results in an executive order or a
147	state of emergency issued by the Governor. The requirements of
148	this subsection do not limit the authority of the office to
149	conduct at any time a market conduct examination of a property
150	insurer in the aftermath of a hurricane. This subsection does
151	not require the office to conduct multiple market conduct
152	examinations of the same insurer when multiple hurricanes make
153	landfall in this state in a single calendar year. An examination
154	of an insurer under this subsection must also include an
155	examination of its managing general agent as if it were the

156	insurer.
157	(8) The office shall create, and the commission shall adopt
158	by rule, a selection methodology for scheduling and conducting
159	market conduct examinations of insurers and other entities
160	regulated by the office. This requirement does not restrict the
161	authority of the office to conduct market conduct examinations
162	as often as it deems necessary. Such selection methodology must
163	prioritize market conduct examinations of insurers and other
164	entities regulated by the office to whom any of the following
165	conditions applies:
166	(a) An insurance regulator in another state has initiated
167	or taken regulatory action against the insurer or entity
168	regarding an act or omission of such insurer which, if committed
169	in this state, would constitute a violation of the laws of this
170	state or any rule or order of the office or department.
171	(b) Given the insurer's market share in this state, the
172	department or the office has received a disproportionate number
173	of the following types of claims-handling complaints against the
174	insurer:
175	1. Failure to timely communicate with respect to claims;
176	2. Failure to timely pay claims;
177	3. Untimely payments giving rise to the payment of
178	statutory interest;
179	4. Failure to adjust and pay claims in accordance with the
180	terms and conditions of the policy or contract and in compliance
181	with state law;
182	5. Violations of part IX of chapter 626, the Unfair
183	Insurance Trade Practices Act;
184	6. Failure to use licensed and duly appointed claims

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185	adjusters;
186	7. Failure to maintain reasonable claims records; or
187	8. Failure to adhere to the company's claims-handling
188	manual.
189	(c) The results of a National Association of Insurance
190	Commissioners Market Conduct Annual Statement indicate that the
191	insurer is a negative outlier with regard to particular metrics.
192	(d) There is evidence that the insurer is violating or has
193	violated the Unfair Insurance Trade Practices Act.
194	(e) The insurer meets the criteria in subsection (7).
195	(f) Any other conditions the office deems necessary for the
196	protection of the public.
197	
198	The office shall present the proposed rule required by this
199	subsection to the commission no later than October 1, 2023. In
200	addition to the methodology required by this subsection, the
201	rule must provide criteria for how the office, in coordination
202	with the department, will determine what constitutes a
203	disproportionate number of claims-handling complaints described
204	in paragraph (b).
205	Section 5. Section 624.4211, Florida Statutes, is amended
206	to read:
207	624.4211 Administrative fine in lieu of suspension or
208	revocation
209	(1) If the office finds that one or more grounds exist for
210	the discretionary revocation or suspension of a certificate of
211	authority issued under this chapter, the office may, in lieu of
212	such revocation or suspension, impose a fine upon the insurer.
213	(2) (a) With respect to $\underline{a} = \frac{any}{any}$ nonwillful violation, such

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214 fine may not exceed:

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<u>1. Twenty-five thousand dollars per violation, up to an</u> <u>aggregate amount of \$100,000 for all nonwillful violations</u> <u>arising out of the same action, related to a covered loss or</u> <u>claim caused by an emergency for which the Governor declared a</u> <u>state of emergency pursuant to s. 252.36.</u>

2. Twelve thousand five hundred dollars \$5,000 per violation, up to. In no event shall such fine exceed an aggregate amount of \$50,000 \$20,000 for all other nonwillful violations arising out of the same action.

224 (b) If an insurer discovers a nonwillful violation, the 225 insurer shall correct the violation and, if restitution is due, 226 make restitution to all affected persons. Such restitution shall 227 include interest at 12 percent per year from either the date of 228 the violation or the date of inception of the affected person's 229 policy, at the insurer's option. The restitution may be a credit 230 against future premiums due, provided that interest accumulates until the premiums are due. If the amount of restitution due to 231 232 any person is \$50 or more and the insurer wishes to credit it 233 against future premiums, it shall notify such person that she or 234 he may receive a check instead of a credit. If the credit is on 235 a policy that is not renewed, the insurer shall pay the 236 restitution to the person to whom it is due.

(3) (a) With respect to <u>a</u> any knowing and willful violation of a lawful order or rule of the office or commission or a provision of this code, the office may impose a fine upon the insurer in an amount not to exceed:

1. Two hundred thousand dollars for each such violation, up to an aggregate amount of \$1 million for all knowing and willful

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violations arising out of the same action, related to a covered loss or claim caused by an emergency for which the Governor declared a state of emergency pursuant to s. 252.36.

2. One hundred thousand dollars \$40,000 for each such violation, up to. In no event shall such fine exceed an aggregate amount of \$500,000 \$200,000 for all other knowing and willful violations arising out of the same action.

(b) In addition to such fines, the insurer shall make restitution when due in accordance with subsection (2).

(4) The failure of an insurer to make restitution when due as required under this section constitutes a willful violation of this code. However, if an insurer in good faith is uncertain as to whether any restitution is due or as to the amount of such restitution, it shall promptly notify the office of the circumstances; and the failure to make restitution pending a determination thereof shall not constitute a violation of this code.

Section 6. Section 624.4301, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

624.4301 Notice of temporary discontinuance of writing new residential property insurance policies.-

(1) Any authorized insurer, before temporarily suspending writing new residential property insurance policies in this state, must give notice to the office of the insurer's reasons for such action, the effective dates of the temporary suspension, and the proposed communication to its agents. Such notice must be provided on a form approved by the office and adopted by the commission. The insurer shall submit such notice to the office the earlier of 20 business days before the

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272	effective date of the temporary suspension of writing or 5
273	business days before notifying its agents of the temporary
274	suspension of writing. The insurer must provide any other
275	information requested by the office related to the insurer's
276	temporary suspension of writing. The requirements of this
277	section do not apply to a temporary suspension of writing new
278	business made in response to a hurricane that may make landfall
279	in this state if such temporary suspension ceases within 72
280	hours after hurricane conditions are no longer present in this
281	state.
282	(2) The commission may adopt rules to administer this
283	section.
284	Section 7. Section 624.805, Florida Statutes, is created to
285	read:
286	624.805 Hazardous insurer standards; office's evaluation
287	and enforcement authority; immediate final order
288	(1) In determining whether the continued operation of any
289	insurer transacting business in this state may be deemed to be
290	hazardous to its policyholders or creditors or to the general
291	public, the office may consider, in the totality of the
292	circumstances of such insurer, any of the following:
293	(a) Adverse findings reported in financial condition or
294	market conduct examination reports, audit reports, or actuarial
295	opinions, reports, or summaries.
296	(b) The National Association of Insurance Commissioners
297	Insurance Regulatory Information System and its other financial
298	analysis solvency tools and reports.
299	(c) Whether the insurer has made adequate provisions,
300	according to presently accepted actuarial standards of practice,

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301	for the anticipated cash flows required to cover its contractual
302	obligations and related expenses.
303	(d) The ability of an assuming reinsurer to perform and
304	whether the insurer's reinsurance program provides sufficient
305	protection for the insurer's remaining surplus after taking into
306	account the insurer's cash flow and the classes of business
307	written, as well as the financial condition of the assuming
308	reinsurer.
309	(e) Whether the insurer's operating loss in the last 12-
310	month period, including, but not limited to, net capital gain or
311	loss, change in nonadmitted assets, and cash dividends paid to
312	shareholders is greater than 50 percent of the insurer's
313	remaining surplus as regards policyholders in excess of the
314	minimum required.
315	(f) Whether the insurer's operating loss in the last 12-
316	month period, excluding net capital gains, is greater than 20
317	percent of the insurer's remaining surplus as regards
318	policyholders in excess of the minimum required.
319	(g) Whether a reinsurer, an obligor, or any entity within
320	the insurer's insurance holding company system is insolvent,
321	threatened with insolvency, or delinquent in payment of its
322	monetary or other obligations, and which in the opinion of the
323	office may affect the solvency of the insurer.
324	(h) Contingent liabilities, pledges, or guaranties that
325	individually or collectively involve a total amount that in the
326	opinion of the office may affect the solvency of the insurer.
327	(i) Whether any affiliate, as defined in s. 624.10(1), of
328	the insurer is delinquent in the transmitting to, or payment of,
329	net premiums to the insurer.

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330 (j) The age and collectability of receivables. 331 (k) Whether the management of the insurer, including officers, directors, or any other person who directly or 332 333 indirectly controls the operation of the insurer, fails to 334 possess and demonstrate the competence, fitness, and reputation 335 deemed necessary to serve the insurer in such position. 336 (1) Whether management of the insurer has failed to respond 337 to inquiries relative to the condition of the insurer or has 338 furnished false or misleading information to the office 339 concerning an inquiry. 340 (m) Whether the insurer has failed to meet financial and 341 holding company filing requirements in the absence of a reason 342 satisfactory to the office. 343 (n) Whether management of the insurer has filed any false 344 or misleading sworn financial statement, has released a false or 345 misleading financial statement to lending institutions or to the 346 general public, has made a false or misleading entry, or has 347 omitted an entry of material amount in the books of the insurer. 348 (o) Whether the insurer has grown so rapidly and to such an 349 extent that it lacks adequate financial and administrative capacity to meet its obligations in a timely manner. 350 351 (p) Whether the insurer has experienced, or will experience 352 in the foreseeable future, cash flow or liquidity problems. 353 (q) Whether management has established reserves that do not 354 comply with minimum standards established by state insurance 355 laws and regulations, statutory accounting standards, sound 356 actuarial principles, and standards of practice. 357 (r) Whether management persistently engages in material 358 under-reserving that results in adverse development.

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359	(s) Whether transactions among affiliates, subsidiaries, or
360	controlling persons for which the insurer receives assets or
361	capital gains, or both, do not provide sufficient value,
362	liquidity, or diversity to assure the insurer's ability to meet
363	its outstanding obligations as they mature.
364	(t) The ratio of the annual premium volume to surplus or of
365	its liabilities to surplus in relation to loss experience, the
366	kinds of risks insured, or both.
367	(u) Whether the insurer's asset portfolio, when viewed in
368	light of current economic conditions and indications of
369	financial or operational leverage, is of sufficient value,
370	liquidity, or diversity to assure the company's ability to meet
371	its outstanding obligations as they mature.
372	(v) Whether the excess of surplus as regards policyholders
373	above the insurer's statutorily required surplus as regards
374	policyholders has decreased by more than 50 percent in the
375	preceding 12-month period.
376	(w) As to a residential property insurer, whether it has
377	sufficient capital, surplus, and reinsurance to withstand
378	significant weather events, including, but not limited to,
379	hurricanes.
380	(x) Whether the insurer's required surplus, capital, or
381	capital stock is impaired to an extent prohibited by law.
382	(y) Whether the insurer continues to write new business
383	when it has not maintained the required surplus or capital.
384	(z) Whether the insurer moves to dissolve or liquidate
385	without first having made provisions satisfactory to the office
386	for liabilities arising from insurance policies issued by the
387	insurer.

388	(aa) Whether the insurer has incurred substantial new debt,
389	has had to rely on frequent or substantial capital infusions,
390	has a highly leveraged balance sheet, or relies increasingly on
391	other entities, including, but not limited to, affiliates,
392	third-party administrators, managing general agents, or
393	management companies.
394	(bb) Whether the insurer meets one or more of the grounds
395	in s. 631.051 for the appointment of the department as receiver.
396	(cc) Any other finding determined by the office to be
397	hazardous to the insurer's policyholders or creditors or to the
398	general public.
399	(2) For the purposes of making a determination of an
400	insurer's financial condition under the Florida Insurance Code,
401	the office may:
402	(a) Disregard any credit or amount receivable resulting
403	from transactions with a reinsurer that is insolvent, impaired,
404	or otherwise subject to a delinquency proceeding;
405	(b) Make appropriate adjustments, including disallowance to
406	asset values attributable to investments in or transactions with
407	parents, subsidiaries, or affiliates, consistent with the
408	National Association of Insurance Commissioners Accounting
409	Practices and Procedures Manual and state laws and rules;
410	(c) Refuse to recognize the stated value of accounts
411	receivable if the ability to collect receivables is highly
412	speculative in view of the age of the account or the financial
413	condition of the debtor; or
414	(d) Increase the insurer's liability, in an amount equal to
415	any contingent liability, pledge, or guarantee not otherwise
416	included, if there is a substantial risk that the insurer will

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417	be called upon to meet the obligation undertaken within the next
418	12-month period.
419	(3) If the office determines that the continued operations
420	of an insurer authorized to transact business in this state may
421	be hazardous to its policyholders or creditors or to the general
422	public, the office may issue an order requiring the insurer to
423	do any of the following:
424	(a) Reduce the total amount of present and potential
425	liability for policy benefits by procuring additional
426	reinsurance.
427	(b) Reduce, suspend, or limit the volume of business being
428	accepted or renewed.
429	(c) Reduce general insurance and commission expenses by
430	specified methods or amounts.
431	(d) Increase the insurer's capital and surplus.
432	(e) Suspend or limit the declaration and payment of
433	dividends by an insurer to its stockholders or to its
434	policyholders.
435	(f) File reports in a form acceptable to the office
436	concerning the market value of the insurer's assets.
437	(g) Limit or withdraw from certain investments or
438	discontinue certain investment practices to the extent the
439	office deems necessary.
440	(h) Document the adequacy of premium rates in relation to
441	the risks insured.
442	(i) File, in addition to regular annual statements, interim
443	financial reports on a form prescribed by the commission and
444	adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
445	(j) Correct corporate governance practice deficiencies and

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446	adopt and use governance practices acceptable to the office.
447	(k) Provide a business plan to the office in order to
448	continue to transact business in this state.
449	(1) Notwithstanding any other law limiting the frequency or
450	amount of rate adjustments, adjust rates for any non-life
451	insurance product written by the insurer which the office
452	considers necessary to improve the financial condition of the
453	insurer.
454	(4) This section may not be interpreted to limit the powers
455	granted to the office by any laws of this state, nor may it be
456	interpreted to supersede any laws of this state.
457	(5) The office may, pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57, in
458	its discretion and without advance notice or hearing, issue an
459	immediate final order to any insurer requiring the actions
460	listed in subsection (3).
461	Section 8. Subsection (11) of section 624.81, Florida
462	Statutes, is amended to read:
463	624.81 Notice to comply with written requirements of
464	office; noncompliance
465	(11) The commission may adopt rules to define standards of
466	hazardous financial condition and corrective action
467	substantially similar to that indicated in the National
468	Association of Insurance Commissioners' 1997 "Model Regulation
469	to Define Standards and Commissioner's Authority for Companies
470	Deemed to be in Hazardous Financial Condition," which are
471	necessary to implement the provisions of this part.
472	Section 9. Section 624.865, Florida Statutes, is created to
473	read:
474	624.865 RulemakingThe commission may adopt rules to
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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2023 Bill No. SB 7052

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475	administer ss. 624.80-624.87. Such rules must protect the
476	interests of insureds, claimants, insurers, and the public.
477	Section 10. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and paragraph
478	(b) of subsection (3) of section 628.8015, Florida Statutes, is
479	amended to read:
480	628.8015 Own-risk and solvency assessment; corporate
481	governance annual disclosure
482	(2) OWN-RISK AND SOLVENCY ASSESSMENT
483	(d) Exemption
484	1. An insurer is exempt from the requirements of this
485	subsection if:
486	a. The insurer has annual direct written and unaffiliated
487	assumed premium, including international direct and assumed
488	premium, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop
489	Insurance Corporation and the National Flood Insurance Program,
490	of less than \$500 million; or
491	b. The insurer is a member of an insurance group and the
492	insurance group has annual direct written and unaffiliated
493	assumed premium, including international direct and assumed
494	premium, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop
495	Insurance Corporation and the National Flood Insurance Program,
496	of less than \$1 billion.
497	2. If an insurer is:
498	a. Exempt under sub-subparagraph 1.a., but the insurance
499	group of which the insurer is a member is not exempt under sub-
500	subparagraph 1.b., the ORSA summary report must include every
501	insurer within the insurance group. The insurer may satisfy this
502	requirement by submitting more than one ORSA summary report for
503	any combination of insurers if any combination of reports

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504 includes every insurer within the insurance group.

505 b. Not exempt under sub-subparagraph 1.a., but the insurance group of which it is a member is exempt under sub-506 507 subparagraph 1.b., the insurer must submit to the office the 508 ORSA summary report applicable only to that insurer.

3. The office may require an exempt insurer to maintain a risk management framework, conduct an ORSA, and file an ORSA summary report:

a. Based on unique circumstances, including, but not limited to, the type and volume of business written, ownership and organizational structure, federal agency requests, and 515 international supervisor requests;

516 b. If the insurer has risk-based capital for a company 517 action level event pursuant to s. 624.4085(3), meets one or more 518 of the standards of an insurer deemed to be in hazardous financial condition under s. 624.805 as defined in rules adopted 519 by the commission pursuant to s. 624.81(11), or exhibits 520 521 qualities of an insurer in hazardous financial condition as 522 determined by the office; or

523 c. If the office determines it is in the best interest of 524 the state.

525 4. If an exempt insurer becomes disgualified for an 526 exemption because of changes in premium as reported on the most 527 recent annual statement of the insurer or annual statements of 528 the insurers within the insurance group of which the insurer is 529 a member, the insurer must comply with the requirements of this 530 section effective 1 year after the year in which the insurer 531 exceeded the premium thresholds.

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(3) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ANNUAL DISCLOSURE.-

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(b) Disclosure requirement.-

1.a. An insurer, or insurer member of an insurance group, of which the office is the lead state regulator, as determined by the procedures in the most recent National Association of Insurance Commissioners Financial Analysis Handbook, shall submit a corporate governance annual disclosure to the office by June 1 of each calendar year. The initial corporate governance annual disclosure must be submitted by December 31, 2018.

b. An insurer or insurance group not required to submit a corporate governance annual disclosure under sub-subparagraph a. shall do so at the request of the office, but not more than once per calendar year. The insurer or insurance group shall notify the office of the proposed submission date within 30 days after the request of the office.

c. Before December 31, 2018, the office may require an insurer or insurance group to provide a corporate governance annual disclosure:

(I) Based on unique circumstances, including, but not limited to, the type and volume of business written, the ownership and organizational structure, federal agency requests, and international supervisor requests;

(II) If the insurer has risk-based capital for a company action level event pursuant to s. 624.4085(3), meets one or more of the standards of an insurer deemed to be in hazardous financial condition <u>under s. 624.805</u> as defined in rules adopted pursuant to s. 624.81(11), or exhibits qualities of an insurer in hazardous financial condition as determined by the office;

560 (III) If the insurer is the member of an insurer group of 561 which the office acts as the lead state regulator as determined



562 by the procedures in the most recent National Association of 563 Insurance Commissioners Financial Analysis Handbook; or

(IV) If the office determines that it is in the best interest of the state.

2. The chief executive officer or corporate secretary of the insurer or the insurance group must sign the corporate governance annual disclosure attesting that, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, the insurer has implemented the corporate governance practices and provided a copy of the disclosure to the board of directors or the appropriate board committee.

3.a. Depending on the structure of its system of corporate governance, the insurer or insurance group may provide corporate governance information at one of the following levels:

(I) The ultimate controlling parent level;

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(II) An intermediate holding company level; or

(III) The individual legal entity level.

b. The insurer or insurance group may make the corporate governance annual disclosure at:

(I) The level used to determine the risk appetite of the insurer or insurance group;

583 (II) The level at which the earnings, capital, liquidity, 584 operations, and reputation of the insurer are collectively overseen and the supervision of those factors is coordinated and 585 586 exercised; or

587 (III) The level at which legal liability for failure of 588 general corporate governance duties would be placed.

590 An insurer or insurance group must indicate the level of

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591 reporting used and explain any subsequent changes in the 592 reporting level.

4. The review of the corporate governance annual disclosure
and any additional requests for information shall be made
through the lead state as determined by the procedures in the
most recent National Association of Insurance Commissioners
Financial Analysis Handbook.

598 5. An insurer or insurance group may comply with this paragraph by cross-referencing other existing relevant and 599 600 applicable documents, including, but not limited to, the ORSA 601 summary report, Holding Company Form B or F filings, Securities 602 and Exchange Commission proxy statements, or foreign regulatory 603 reporting requirements, if the documents contain information 604 substantially similar to the information described in paragraph 605 (c). The insurer or insurance group shall clearly identify and 606 reference the specific location of the relevant and applicable 607 information within the corporate governance annual disclosure 608 and attach the referenced document if it has not already been 609 filed with, or made available to, the office.

610 6. Each year following the initial filing of the corporate 611 governance annual disclosure, the insurer or insurance group 612 shall file an amended version of the previously filed corporate 613 governance annual disclosure indicating changes that have been 614 made. If changes have not been made in the previously filed 615 disclosure, the insurer or insurance group should so indicate.

616 Section 11. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 617 626.207, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

618 626.207 Disqualification of applicants and licensees;
619 penalties against licensees; rulemaking authority.-

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620 (3) An applicant who has been found guilty of or has 621 pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a crime not included in 622 subsection (2), regardless of adjudication, is subject to: 623 (c) A 7-year disqualifying period for all misdemeanors 624 directly related to the financial services business or any violation of the Florida Insurance Code. 625 626 Section 12. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 626.9521, 627 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 62.8 626.9521 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or 629 deceptive acts or practices prohibited; penalties.-630 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), any person who 631 violates any provision of this part is subject to a fine in an

amount not greater than \$12,500 \$5,000 for each nonwillful violation and not greater than \$100,000 \$40,000 for each willful violation. Fines under this subsection imposed against an insurer may not exceed an aggregate amount of \$50,000 \$20,000 636 for all nonwillful violations arising out of the same action or an aggregate amount of \$500,000 \$200,000 for all willful violations arising out of the same action. The fines may be 639 imposed in addition to any other applicable penalty.

640 (3) (a) If a person violates s. 626.9541(1)(1), the offense 641 known as "twisting," or violates s. 626.9541(1)(aa), the offense 642 known as "churning," the person commits a misdemeanor of the 643 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, and an 644 administrative fine not greater than \$12,500 \$5,000 shall be 645 imposed for each nonwillful violation or an administrative fine not greater than \$187,500 \$75,000 shall be imposed for each 646 647 willful violation. To impose an administrative fine for a willful violation under this paragraph, the practice of 648

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649 "churning" or "twisting" must involve fraudulent conduct.

650 (b) If a person violates s. 626.9541(1)(ee) by willfully 651 submitting fraudulent signatures on an application or policy-652 related document, the person commits a felony of the third 653 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, and an 654 administrative fine not greater than \$12,500 $\frac{55,000}{5}$ shall be 655 imposed for each nonwillful violation or an administrative fine 656 not greater than \$187,500 $\frac{575,000}{575,000}$ shall be imposed for each 657 willful violation.

(c) If a person violates any provision of this part and such violation is related to a covered loss or covered claim caused by an emergency for which the Governor declared a state of emergency pursuant to s. 252.36, such person is subject to a fine in an amount not greater than \$25,000 for each nonwillful violation and not greater than \$200,000 for each willful violation. Fines imposed under this paragraph against an insurer may not exceed an aggregate amount of \$100,000 for all nonwillful violations arising out of the same action or an aggregate amount of \$1 million for all willful violations arising out of the same action.

(d) Administrative fines under paragraphs (a) and (b) this
subsection may not exceed an aggregate amount of \$125,000
\$50,000 for all nonwillful violations arising out of the same
action or an aggregate amount of \$625,000 \$250,000 for all
willful violations arising out of the same action.

674 Section 13. Paragraphs (i) and (w) of subsection (1) of 675 section 626.9541, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

676 626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or677 deceptive acts or practices defined.-

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678 (1) UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE
679 ACTS.-The following are defined as unfair methods of competition
680 and unfair or deceptive acts or practices:

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(i) Unfair claim settlement practices.-

1. Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application, when serving as a binder or intended to become a part of the policy, or any other material document which was altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the insured;

687 2. A material misrepresentation made to an insured or any 688 other person having an interest in the proceeds payable under 689 such contract or policy, for the purpose and with the intent of 690 effecting settlement of such claims, loss, or damage under such 691 contract or policy on less favorable terms than those provided 692 in, and contemplated by, such contract or policy;

3. Committing or performing with such frequency as to indicate a general business practice any of the following:

a. Failing to adopt and implement standards for the proper investigation of claims;

b. Misrepresenting pertinent facts or insurance policy
provisions relating to coverages at issue;

c. Failing to acknowledge and act promptly upon communications with respect to claims;

d. Denying claims without conducting reasonable investigations based upon available information;

e. Failing to affirm or deny full or partial coverage of
claims, and, as to partial coverage, the dollar amount or extent
of coverage, or failing to provide a written statement that the
claim is being investigated, upon the written request of the

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707 insured within 30 days after proof-of-loss statements have been 708 completed;

f. Failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation in writing to the insured of the basis in the insurance policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for denial of a claim or for the offer of a compromise settlement;

g. Failing to promptly notify the insured of any additional information necessary for the processing of a claim;

h. Failing to clearly explain the nature of the requested information and the reasons why such information is necessary;

i. Failing to pay personal injury protection insurance claims within the time periods required by s. 627.736(4)(b). The office may order the insurer to pay restitution to a policyholder, medical provider, or other claimant, including interest at a rate consistent with the amount set forth in s. 55.03(1), for the time period within which an insurer fails to pay claims as required by law. Restitution is in addition to any other penalties allowed by law, including, but not limited to, the suspension of the insurer's certificate of authority; or <u>j. Altering or amending an insurance adjuster's report</u> without:

(I) Providing a detailed explanation as to why any change that has the effect of reducing the estimate of the loss was <u>made; and</u>

(II) Including on the report or as an addendum to the report a detailed list of all changes made to the report and the identity of the person who ordered each change; or (III) Retaining all versions of the report, and including

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736 within each such version, for each change made within such 737 version of the report, the identity of each person who made or 738 ordered such change; or

739 4. Failing to pay undisputed amounts of partial or full 740 benefits owed under first-party property insurance policies 741 within 60 days after an insurer receives notice of a residential 742 property insurance claim, determines the amounts of partial or 743 full benefits, and agrees to coverage, unless payment of the 744 undisputed benefits is prevented by factors beyond the control 745 of the insurer as defined in s. 627.70131(5).

(w) Soliciting or accepting new or renewal insurance risks by insolvent or impaired insurer or receipt of certain bonuses by an officer or director of an insolvent insurer prohibited; penalty.-

1. Whether or not delinquency proceedings as to the insurer 751 have been or are to be initiated, but while such insolvency or 752 impairment exists, no director or officer of an insurer, except 753 with the written permission of the office, shall authorize or permit the insurer to solicit or accept new or renewal insurance risks in this state after such director or officer knew, or 756 reasonably should have known, that the insurer was insolvent or 757 impaired.

2. Regardless of whether delinquency proceedings as to the 759 insurer have been or are to be initiated, but while such 760 insolvency or impairment exists, a director or an officer of an 761 impaired insurer may not receive a bonus from such insurer, nor 762 may such director or officer receive a bonus from a holding 763 company or an affiliate that shares common ownership or control 764 with such insurer.

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3. As used in this paragraph, the term:

766 a. "Bonus" means a payment, in addition to an officer's or a director's usual compensation, which is in addition to any 767 768 amounts contracted for or otherwise legally due. 769 b. "Impaired" includes impairment of capital or surplus, as 770 defined in s. 631.011(12) and (13). 4.2. Any such director or officer, upon conviction of a 771 772 violation of this paragraph, commits is guilty of a felony of 773 the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 774 775.083, or s. 775.084. 775 Section 14. Subsection (6) of section 626.989, Florida 776 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (10) is added to that 777 section, to read: 778 626.989 Investigation by department or Division of 779 Investigative and Forensic Services; compliance; immunity; 780 confidential information; reports to division; division 781 investigator's power of arrest.-782 (6) (a) Any person, other than an insurer, agent, or other 783 person licensed under the code, or an employee thereof, having 784 knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent insurance act or any 785 other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a 786 felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is 787 being or has been committed may send to the Division of 788 Investigative and Forensic Services a report or information 789 pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such additional 790 information relative thereto as the department may request. Any 791 professional practitioner licensed or regulated by the 792 Department of Business and Professional Regulation, except as 793 otherwise provided by law, any medical review committee as

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794 defined in s. 766.101, any private medical review committee, and 795 any insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the code, or an employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a 796 797 fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, 798 upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the 799 code, or under s. 817.234, is being or has been committed shall 800 send to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services a 801 report or information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and 802 such additional information relative thereto as the department 803 may require.

804 (b) The Division of Investigative and Forensic Services 805 shall review such information or reports and select such 806 information or reports as, in its judgment, may require further 807 investigation. It shall then cause an independent examination of 808 the facts surrounding such information or report to be made to 809 determine the extent, if any, to which a fraudulent insurance 810 act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, 811 constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is being committed. 812

813 (c) The Division of Investigative and Forensic Services 814 shall report any alleged violations of law which its 815 investigations disclose to the appropriate licensing agency and 816 state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction, including, but not limited to, the statewide prosecutor for 817 818 crimes that impact two or more judicial circuits in this state, 819 with respect to any such violation, as provided in s. 624.310. 820 If prosecution by the state attorney or other prosecuting agency 821 having jurisdiction with respect to such violation is not begun 822 within 60 days of the division's report, the state attorney or

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823 other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to 824 such violation shall inform the division of the reasons for the 825 lack of prosecution. 826 (10) The Division of Investigative and Forensic Services 827 Bureau of Insurance Fraud shall prepare and submit a performance report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 828 829 House of Representatives by January 1 of each year. The annual 830 report must include, but need not be limited to: 831 (a) The total number of initial referrals received, cases 832 opened, cases presented for prosecution, cases closed, and 833 convictions resulting from cases presented for prosecution by 834 the Bureau of Insurance Fraud, by type of insurance fraud and 835 circuit. 836 (b) The number of referrals received from insurers, the 837 office, and the Division of Consumer Services of the department, 838 and the outcome of those referrals. 839 (c) The number of investigations undertaken by the Bureau 840 of Insurance Fraud which were not the result of a referral from 841 an insurer and the outcome of those referrals. 842 (d) The number of investigations that resulted in a 843 referral to a regulatory agency and the disposition of those 844 referrals. 845 (e) The number of cases presented by the Bureau of 846 Insurance Fraud which local prosecutors or the statewide 847 prosecutor declined to prosecute and the reasons provided for 848 declining prosecution. 849 (f) A summary of the annual report required under s. 850 626.9896. 851 (g) The total number of employees assigned to the Bureau of

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852	Insurance Fraud, delineated by location of staff assigned, and
853	the number and location of employees assigned to the Bureau of
854	Insurance Fraud who were assigned to work other types of fraud
855	cases.
856	(h) The average caseload and turnaround time by type of
857	case for each investigator.
858	(i) The training provided during the year to insurance
859	fraud investigators.
860	Section 15. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section
861	627.0629, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
862	627.0629 Residential property insurance; rate filings
863	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that insurers
864	provide savings to consumers who install or implement windstorm
865	damage mitigation techniques, alterations, or solutions to their
866	properties to prevent windstorm losses. A rate filing for
867	residential property insurance must include actuarially
868	reasonable discounts, credits, or other rate differentials, or
869	appropriate reductions in deductibles, for properties on which
870	fixtures or construction techniques demonstrated to reduce the
871	amount of loss in a windstorm have been installed or
872	implemented. The fixtures or construction techniques must
873	include, but are not limited to, fixtures or construction
874	techniques that enhance roof strength, roof covering
875	performance, roof-to-wall strength, wall-to-floor-to-foundation
876	strength, opening protection, and window, door, and skylight
877	strength. Credits, discounts, or other rate differentials, or
878	appropriate reductions in deductibles, for fixtures and
879	construction techniques that meet the minimum requirements of
880	the Florida Building Code must be included in the rate filing.

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881 The office shall determine the discounts, credits, other rate 882 differentials, and appropriate reductions in deductibles that 883 reflect the full actuarial value of such revaluation, which may 884 be used by insurers in rate filings. Effective October 1, 2023, 885 each insurer subject to the requirements of this section must 886 provide information on the insurer's website describing the 887 hurricane mitigation discounts available to policyholders. Such 888 information must be accessible on, or through a hyperlink 889 located on, the home page of the insurer's website or the 890 primary page of the insurer's website for property insurance 891 policyholders or applicants for such coverage in this state. On or before January 1, 2025, and every 5 years thereafter, the 892 893 office shall reevaluate and update the fixtures or construction 894 techniques demonstrated to reduce the amount of loss in a 895 windstorm and the discounts, credits, other rate differentials, 896 and appropriate reductions in deductibles that reflect the full 897 actuarial value of such fixtures or construction techniques. The 898 office shall adopt rules and forms necessitated by such 899 reevaluation.

900 (3) A rate filing made on or after July 1, 1995, for mobile 901 home owner insurance must include appropriate discounts, 902 credits, or other rate differentials for mobile homes 903 constructed to comply with American Society of Civil Engineers 904 Standard ANSI/ASCE 7-88, adopted by the United States Department 905 of Housing and Urban Development on July 13, 1994, and that also 906 comply with all applicable tie-down requirements provided by 907 state law.

908 (4) The Legislature finds that separate consideration and 909 notice of hurricane insurance premiums will assist consumers by

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910	providing greater assurance that hurricane premiums are lawful
911	and by providing more complete information regarding the
912	components of property insurance premiums. Effective January 1,
913	$\frac{1997}{7}$ A rate filing for residential property insurance shall be
914	separated into two components, rates for hurricane coverage and
915	rates for all other coverages. A premium notice reflecting a
916	rate implemented on the basis of such a filing shall separately
917	indicate the premium for hurricane coverage and the premium for
918	all other coverages.
919	Section 16. Paragraph (ll) is added to subsection (6) of
920	section 627.351, Florida Statutes, to read:
921	627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans
922	(6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION
923	(11) The corporation may not determine that a risk is
924	ineligible for coverage with the corporation solely because such
925	risk has unrepaired damage caused by a covered loss that is the
926	subject of a claim that has been filed with the Florida
927	Insurance Guaranty Association. This paragraph applies to a risk
928	until the earlier of 36 months after the date the Florida
929	Insurance Guaranty Association began servicing such claim or the
930	Florida Insurance Guaranty Association closes the claim.
931	Section 17. Subsection (4) of section 627.410, Florida
932	Statutes, is amended to read:
933	627.410 Filing, approval of forms.—
934	(4) The office may, by order, exempt from the requirements
935	of this section for so long as it deems proper any insurance
026	decument on form on time thereof as enceified in such order to

936 document or form or type thereof as specified in such order, to 937 which, in its opinion, this section may not practicably be 938 applied, or the filing and approval of which are, in its

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939	opinion, not desirable or necessary for the protection of the
940	public. The office may not exempt from the requirements of this
941	section the insurance documents or forms of any insurer, against
942	whom the office enters a final order determining that such
943	insurer violated any provision of this code, for a period of 36
944	months after the date of such order, and may not be deemed
945	approved under subsection (2).
946	Section 18. Section 627.4108, Florida Statutes, is created
947	to read:
948	627.4108 Claims-handling manuals; submission; attestation
949	(1) Each authorized residential property insurer conducting
950	business in this state must create and use a claims-handling
951	manual that provides guidelines and procedures and that complies
952	with the requirements of this code and comports to usual and
953	customary industry claims-handling practices. Such manual must
954	include guidelines and procedures for:
955	(a) Initially receiving and acknowledging initial receipt
956	of the claim and reviewing and evaluating the claim;
957	(b) Communicating with policyholders, beginning with the
958	receipt of the claim and continuing until closure of the claim;
959	(c) Setting the claim reserve;
960	(d) Investigating the claim, including conducting
961	inspections of the property that is the subject of the claim;
962	(e) Making preliminary estimates and estimates of the
963	covered damages to the insured property and communicating such
964	estimates to the policyholder;
965	(f) The payment, partial payment, or denial of the claim
966	and communicating such claim decision to the policyholder;
967	(g) Closing claims; and

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968	(h) Any aspect of the claims-handling process which the
969	office determines should be included in the claims-handling
970	manual in order to:
971	1. Comply with the laws of this state or rules or orders of
972	the office or department;
973	2. Ensure the claims-handling manual comports with usual
974	and customary industry claims-handling guidelines; or
975	3. Protect policyholders of the insurer or the general
976	public.
977	(2) At any time, the office may request that a residential
978	property insurer submit a physical or electronic copy of the
979	insurer's currently applicable, or otherwise specifically
980	requested, claims-handling manuals. Upon receiving such a
981	request, a residential property insurer must submit to the
982	office within 5 business days:
983	(a) A true and correct copy of each claims-handling manual
984	requested; and
985	(b) An attestation, on a form prescribed by the commission,
986	that certifies:
987	1. That the insurer has provided a true and correct copy of
988	each currently applicable, or otherwise specifically requested,
989	claims-handling manual; and
990	2. The timeframe for which each submitted claims-handling
991	manual was or is in effect.
992	(3)(a) Annually, each authorized residential property
993	insurer must certify and attest, on a form prescribed by the
994	commission, that:
995	1. Each of the insurer's current claims-handling manuals
996	complies with the requirements of this code and comports to

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997	usual and customary industry claims-handling practices; and
998	2. The insurer maintains adequate resources available to
999	implement the requirements of each of its claims-handling
1000	manuals at all times, including during natural disasters and
1001	catastrophic events.
1002	(b) Such attestation must be submitted to the office:
1003	1. On or before August 1, 2023; and
1004	2. Annually thereafter, on or before May 1 of each calendar
1005	year.
1006	(4) The commission is authorized, and all conditions are
1007	deemed met, to adopt emergency rules under s. 120.54(4), for the
1008	purpose of implementing this section. Notwithstanding any other
1009	law, emergency rules adopted under this section are effective
1010	for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during the
1011	pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the
1012	subject of the emergency rules.
1013	Section 19. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
1014	627.4133, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1015	627.4133 Notice of cancellation, nonrenewal, or renewal
1016	premium
1017	(2) With respect to any personal lines or commercial
1018	residential property insurance policy, including, but not
1019	limited to, any homeowner, mobile home owner, farmowner,
1020	condominium association, condominium unit owner, apartment
1021	building, or other policy covering a residential structure or
1022	its contents:
1023	(d)1. Upon a declaration of an emergency pursuant to s.
1024	252.36 and the filing of an order by the Commissioner of
1025	Insurance Regulation, An authorized insurer may not cancel or
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1026 nonrenew a personal residential or commercial residential 1027 property insurance policy covering a dwelling or residential property located in this state: 1028 1029 a. For a period of 90 days after the dwelling or 1030 residential property has been repaired, if such property which 1031 has been damaged as a result of a hurricane or wind loss that is 1032 the subject of the declaration of emergency pursuant to s. 1033 252.36 and the filing of an order by the Commissioner of 1034 Insurance Regulation for a period of 90 days after the dwelling 1035 or residential property has been repaired. A structure is deemed 1036 to be repaired when substantially completed and restored to the 1037 extent that it is insurable by another authorized insurer that 1038 is writing policies in this state. 1039 b. Until the earlier of when the dwelling or residential 1040 property has been repaired or 1 year after the insurer issues 1041 the final claim payment, if such property was damaged by any 1042 covered peril and sub-subparagraph a. does not apply. 1043 2. However, an insurer or agent may cancel or nonrenew such 1044 a policy prior to the repair of the dwelling or residential 1045 property: 1046 a. Upon 10 days' notice for nonpayment of premium; or 1047 b. Upon 45 days' notice: (I) For a material misstatement or fraud related to the 1048 1049 claim: 1050 (II) If the insurer determines that the insured has 1051 unreasonably caused a delay in the repair of the dwelling; or 1052 (III) If the insurer has paid policy limits. 1053 3. If the insurer elects to nonrenew a policy covering a 1054 property that has been damaged, the insurer shall provide at

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1055 least 90 days' notice to the insured that the insurer intends to 1056 nonrenew the policy 90 days after the dwelling or residential 1057 property has been repaired. Nothing in this paragraph shall 1058 prevent the insurer from canceling or nonrenewing the policy 90 1059 days after the repairs are complete for the same reasons the 1060 insurer would otherwise have canceled or nonrenewed the policy but for the limitations of subparagraph 1. The Financial 1061 1062 Services Commission may adopt rules, and the Commissioner of 1063 Insurance Regulation may issue orders, necessary to implement 1064 this paragraph. 1065 4. This paragraph shall also apply to personal residential 1066 and commercial residential policies covering property that was 1067 damaged as the result of Hurricane Ian or Hurricane Nicole 1068 Tropical Storm Bonnie, Hurricane Charley, Hurricane Frances, 1069 Hurricane Ivan, or Hurricane Jeanne. 1070 5. For purposes of this paragraph: 1071 a. A structure is deemed to be repaired when substantially completed and restored to the extent that it is insurable by 1072 1073 another authorized insurer writing policies in this state. 1074 b. The term "insurer" means an authorized insurer. 1075 Section 20. Subsection (3) is added to section 627.426, Florida Statutes, to read: 1076 1077 627.426 Claims administration.-1078 (3) (a) Upon receiving actual notice of an incident or a 1079 loss that could give rise to a covered liability claim under an 1080 insurance policy, each liability insurer must do all of the 1081 following: 1082 1. Assign a licensed and appointed insurance adjuster to 1083 investigate the extent of the insured's probable exposure and

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1084	diligently attempt to resolve any questions concerning the
1085	existence or extent of the insured's coverage.
1086	2. Evaluate the claim fairly, honestly, and with due regard
1087	for the interests of the insured based on available information;
1088	consider the extent of the claimant's recoverable damages; and
1089	consider the information in a reasonable and prudent manner.
1090	3. Request from the insured or claimant additional relevant
1091	information the insurer reasonably deems necessary to evaluate
1092	whether to settle a claim.
1093	4. Conduct all oral and written communications with the
1094	insured with honesty and candor.
1095	5. Make reasonable efforts to explain to persons not
1096	represented by counsel matters requiring expertise beyond the
1097	level normally expected of a layperson with no training in
1098	insurance or claims-handling issues.
1099	6. Retain all written and recorded communications and
1100	create and retain a summary of all verbal communications in a
1101	reasonable manner for a period of not less than 5 years after
1102	the later of the entry of a judgment against the insured in
1103	excess of policy limits becoming final or the conclusion of the
1104	extracontractual claim, if any, including any related appeals.
1105	7. Within 30 days after a request, provide the insured with
1106	all communications related to the insurer's handling of the
1107	claim which are not privileged as to the insured.
1108	8. Provide, upon request and at the insurer's expense,
1109	reasonable accommodations necessary to communicate effectively
1110	with an insured covered under the Americans with Disabilities
1111	Act.
1112	9. Communicate to an insured all of the following within 15

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1113	days after notice of the existence of a third-party claim:
1114	a. The identity of any other person or entity the insurer
1115	has reason to believe may be liable.
1116	b. The insurer's evaluation of the claim, given the facts
1117	known by the insurer at that time.
1118	c. The likelihood and possible extent of an excess
1119	judgment.
1120	d. Steps the insured can take to avoid exposure to an
1121	excess judgment, including the right to secure personal counsel
1122	at the insured's expense.
1123	e. The insured's duty to cooperate with the insurer,
1124	including any specific requests required because of a settlement
1125	opportunity or by the insurer in accordance with the policy, the
1126	purpose of the required cooperation, and the consequences of
1127	refusing to cooperate.
1128	f. Any settlement demands or offers.
1129	10. Initiate settlement negotiations by tendering its
1130	policy limits to the claimant in exchange for a general release
1131	of the insured if the facts available to the insurer indicate
1132	that the insured's liability is likely to exceed the policy
1133	limits.
1134	11. Give fair consideration to a settlement offer that is
1135	not unreasonable under the facts available to the insurer and
1136	settle in exchange for a general release of the insured, if
1137	possible, when a reasonably prudent person, faced with the
1138	prospect of paying the total probable exposure of the insured,
1139	would do so. The insurer shall provide reasonable assistance to
1140	the insured to comply with the insured's obligations to
1141	cooperate and act reasonably to attempt to satisfy any

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1142 conditions of a claimant's settlement offer. If it is not possible to settle a liability claim within the available policy 1143 1144 limits in exchange for a general release of the insured, the 1145 insurer shall act reasonably to attempt to minimize the excess 1146 exposure to the insured. 1147 12. Attempt to minimize the magnitude of possible excess judgments against the insured when multiple claims arise out of 1148 1149 a single occurrence and the combined value of all claims exceeds 1150 the total of all applicable policy limits. The insurer is 1151 entitled to great discretion to decide how much to offer each 1152 respective claimant in its attempt to settle with such claimant 1153 in exchange for a general release of the insured. This 1154 subparagraph may not be interpreted to prevent an insurer from 1155 using either process provided under s. 624.155(6). An insurer 1156 does not violate this subsection simply because it is unable to 1157 settle all claims in a multiple claimant case. 1158 13. Attempt to settle the claim in exchange for a general 1159 release of all insureds against whom a claim may be presented if 1160 a loss creates the potential for a third-party claim against 1161 more than one insured. If it is not possible to settle in 1162 exchange for a general release of all insureds, the insurer, in 1163 consultation with the insureds, must attempt to enter into 1164 reasonable settlements of claims against certain insureds in 1165 exchange for a general release of such insureds to the exclusion 1166 of other insureds. 1167 14. Respond to any request for insurance information in 1168 compliance with s. 626.9372 or s. 627.4137, as applicable. 1169 15. Take reasonable measures to preserve evidence, for a reasonable period of time, which is needed for the defense of 1170

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1171	the liability claim if it appears the insured's probable
1172	exposure is greater than policy limits.
1173	16. Comply with subsections (1) and (2), if applicable.
1174	17. Comply with the Unfair Insurance Trade Practices Act.
1175	(b) As used in this subsection, the term "actual notice"
1176	means the insurer's receipt of notice of an incident or a loss
1177	that could give rise to a covered claim that is communicated to
1178	the insurer or an agent of the insurer:
1179	1. By any manner permitted by the policy or other documents
1180	provided to the insured by the insurer;
1181	2. Through the claims link on the insurer's website; or
1182	3. Through the e-mail address designated by the insurer
1183	under s. 624.422.
1184	(c) In determining whether an insurer violated this
1185	subsection, it is relevant whether the insured, claimant, and
1186	any representative of the insured or claimant was acting in good
1187	faith toward the insurer in furnishing information regarding the
1188	claim, in making demands of the insurer, in setting deadlines,
1189	and in attempting to settle the claim. Such matters include
1190	whether:
1191	1. The insured met its duty to cooperate with the insurer
1192	in the defense of the claim and in making settlements by taking
1193	reasonable actions requested by the claimant or required by the
1194	policy which are necessary to assist the insurer in settling a
1195	covered claim, including:
1196	a. Executing affidavits regarding the facts within the
1197	insured's knowledge regarding the covered loss; and
1198	b. Providing documents, including if reasonably necessary
1199	to settle a covered claim valued in excess of policy limits and

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1200	upon the request of the claimant, a summary of the insured's
1201	assets, liabilities, obligations, other insurance policies that
1202	may provide coverage for the claim, and the name and contact
1203	information of the insured's employer when the insured is a
1204	natural person who was acting in the course and scope of
1205	employment when the incident giving rise to the claim occurred.
1206	2. The claimant and any claimant's representative:
1207	a. Acted honestly in furnishing information regarding the
1208	claim;
1209	b. Acted reasonably in setting deadlines; and
1210	c. Refrained from taking actions that may be reasonably
1211	expected to prevent an insurer from accepting the settlement
1212	demand, such as providing insufficient detail within the demand,
1213	providing unreasonable deadlines for acceptance of the demand,
1214	or including unreasonable conditions to settlement.
1215	(d) Any violation of this subsection, when found by the
1216	office in any investigation or examination, constitutes a
1217	violation of the Florida Insurance Code and is subject to any
1218	applicable enforcement provisions therein. Administrative fines
1219	imposed for violations of this subsection are subject to a 2.0
1220	multiplier and may exceed the limits on fine amounts and
1221	aggregate fine amounts provided for under this code.
1222	(e) This subsection does not create a civil cause of
1223	action, nor does it abrogate or diminish any civil cause of
1224	action currently existing in statutory or common law.
1225	(f) Any proceedings, determinations, or enforcement actions
1226	taken by the office against an insurer for violations of this
1227	subsection are not admissible in any civil action.
1228	Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section

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1229 627.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1230 627.701 Liability of insureds; coinsurance; deductibles.-1231 (10) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an 1232 insurer issuing a personal lines residential property insurance 1233 policy may include in such policy a separate roof deductible 1234 that meets all of the following requirements: 1235 1. The insurer has complied with the offer requirements 1236 under subsection (7) regarding a deductible applicable to losses 1237 from perils other than a hurricane. 1238 2. The roof deductible may not exceed the lesser of 2 1239 percent of the Coverage A limit of the policy or 50 percent of 1240 the cost to replace the roof. 1241 3. The premium that a policyholder is charged for the 1242 policy includes an actuarially sound credit or premium discount 1243 for the roof deductible. 1244 4. The roof deductible applies only to a claim adjusted on 1245 a replacement cost basis. 1246 5. The roof deductible does not apply to any of the 1247 following events: 1248 a. A total loss to a primary structure in accordance with 1249 the valued policy law under s. 627.702 which is caused by a 1250 covered peril. 1251 b. A roof loss resulting from a hurricane as defined in s. 1252 627.4025(2)(c). 1253

c. A roof loss resulting from a tree fall or other hazard that damages the roof and punctures the roof deck.

d. A roof loss requiring the repair of less than 50 percent of the roof.

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1258 If a roof deductible is applied, no other deductible under the 1259 policy may be applied to the loss <u>or to any other loss to the</u> 1260 <u>property caused by the same covered peril</u>.

Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 627.70132, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.70132 Notice of property insurance claim.-

1264 (2) A claim or reopened claim, but not a supplemental 1265 claim, under an insurance policy that provides property insurance, as defined in s. 624.604, including a property 1266 1267 insurance policy issued by an eligible surplus lines insurer, 1268 for loss or damage caused by any peril is barred unless notice 1269 of the claim was given to the insurer in accordance with the 1270 terms of the policy within 1 year after the date of loss. A 1271 supplemental claim is barred unless notice of the supplemental 1272 claim was given to the insurer in accordance with the terms of 1273 the policy within 18 months after the date of loss. The time 1274 limitations of this subsection are tolled during any term of 1275 deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting which 1276 materially affects the ability of a servicemember as defined in 1277 s. 250.01 to file a claim, supplemental claim, or reopened 1278 claim.

1279 Section 23. Chapter 2022-271, Laws of Florida, shall not be 1280 construed to impair any right under an insurance contract in 1281 effect on or before the effective date of that chapter law. To 1282 the extent that chapter 2022-271, Laws of Florida, affects a 1283 right under an insurance contract, that chapter law applies to 1284 an insurance contract issued or renewed after the effective date 1285 of that chapter law. This section is intended to clarify existing law and is remedial in nature. 1286

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1287	Section 24. (1) Every residential property insurer and
1288	every motor vehicle insurer rate filing made or pending with the
1289	Office of Insurance Regulation on or after July 1, 2023, must
1290	reflect the projected savings or reduction in claim frequency,
1291	claim severity, and loss adjustment expenses, including for
1292	attorney fees, payment of attorney fees to claimants, and any
1293	other reduction actuarially indicated, due to the combined
1294	effect of the applicable provisions of chapters 2021-77, 2022-
1295	268, 2022-271, and 2023-15, Laws of Florida, in order to ensure
1296	that rates for such insurance accurately reflect the risk of
1297	providing such insurance.
1298	(2) The Office of Insurance Regulation must consider in its
1299	review of such rate filings the projected savings or reduction
1300	in claim frequency, claim severity, and loss adjustment
1301	expenses, including for attorney fees, payment of attorney fees
1302	to claimants, and any other reduction actuarially indicated, due
1303	to the combined effect of the applicable provisions of chapters
1304	2021-77, 2022-268, 2022-271, and 2023-15, Laws of Florida. The
1305	office may develop methodology and data that incorporate
1306	generally accepted actuarial techniques and standards to be used
1307	in its review of rate filings governed by this section. The
1308	office may contract with an appropriate vendor to advise the
1309	office in developing such methodology and data to consider. Such
1310	methodology and data are not intended to create a mandatory
1311	minimum rate decrease for all motor vehicle insurers and
1312	property insurers, respectively, but rather to ensure that the
1313	rates for such coverage meet the requirements of s. 627.062,
1314	Florida Statutes, and thus are not excessive, inadequate, or
1315	unfairly discriminatory and allow such insurers a reasonable

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1316	rate of return.
1317	(3) This section does not apply to rate filings made
1318	pursuant to s. 627.062(2)(k), Florida Statutes.
1319	(4) For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sum of \$500,000 in
1320	nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the Insurance Regulatory
1321	Trust Fund in the Department of Financial Services to the Office
1322	of Insurance Regulation to implement this section.
1323	Section 25. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, 18 full-time
1324	equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 1,116,500
1325	are authorized and the sum of \$1,879,129 in recurring funds and
1326	\$185,086 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the
1327	Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund to the Office of Insurance
1328	Regulation to implement this act.
1329	Section 26. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, seven full-time
1330	equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 350,000 are
1331	authorized and the sum of \$574,036 in recurring funds and
1332	\$33,467 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the Insurance
1333	Regulatory Trust Fund to the Department of Financial Services to
1334	implement this act.
1335	Section 27. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.
1336	
1337	========== TITLE AMENDMENT ==========
1338	And the title is amended as follows:
1339	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1340	and insert:
1341	A bill to be entitled
1342	An act relating to insurer accountability; amending s.
1343	624.307, F.S.; authorizing electronic responses to
1344	certain requests from the Division of Consumer

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1345 Services of the Department of Financial Services 1346 concerning consumer complaints; revising the timeframe 1347 in which responses must be made; revising 1348 administrative penalties; amending s. 624.315, F.S.; 1349 requiring the Office of Insurance Regulation to 1350 annually and quarterly create and publish specified 1351 reports relating to the enforcement of insurer 1352 compliance; requiring the office to submit such 1353 reports to the Financial Services Commission and the 1354 Legislature by specified dates; amending s. 624.316, 1355 F.S.; requiring the office to create a specified 1356 methodology for scheduling examinations of insurers; 1357 specifying requirements for such methodology; 1358 providing construction; authorizing the commission to 1359 adopt rules; amending s. 624.3161, F.S.; revising 1360 requirements and conditions for certain insurer market 1361 conduct examinations after a hurricane; providing construction; requiring the office to create, and the 1362 1363 commission to adopt by rule, a specified selection 1364 methodology for examinations; specifying requirements 1365 for such methodology; specifying rulemaking 1366 requirements; amending s. 624.4211, F.S.; revising 1367 administrative fines the office may impose in lieu of revocation or suspension; creating s. 624.4301, F.S.; 1368 1369 specifying requirements for residential property 1370 insurers temporarily suspending writing new policies 1371 in notifying the office; authorizing the commission to 1372 adopt rules; creating s. 624.805, F.S.; specifying factors the office may consider in determining whether 1373



1374 the continued operation of an insurer may be deemed to 1375 be hazardous to its policyholders or creditors or to the general public; specifying actions the office may 1376 1377 take in determining an insurer's financial condition; 1378 authorizing the office to issue an order requiring a 1379 hazardous insurer to take specified actions; providing 1380 construction; authorizing the office to issue 1381 immediate final orders; amending s. 624.81, F.S.; 1382 deleting certain rulemaking authority of the 1383 commission; creating s. 624.865, F.S.; authorizing the 1384 commission to adopt certain rules; amending s. 1385 628.8015, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made 1386 by the act; amending s. 626.207, F.S.; revising a 1387 condition for disgualification of an insurance 1388 representative applicant or licensee; amending s. 1389 626.9521, F.S.; revising and specifying applicable 1390 fines for unfair methods of competition and unfair or 1391 deceptive acts or practices; amending s. 626.9541, 1392 F.S.; adding an unfair claim settlement practice by an 1393 insurer; prohibiting an officer or a director of an 1394 impaired insurer from receiving a bonus from such 1395 insurer or from certain holding companies or 1396 affiliates; defining the term "bonus"; providing a criminal penalty; amending s. 626.989, F.S.; revising 1397 1398 a reporting requirement for the department's Division of Investigative and Forensic Services; requiring the 1399 1400 division to submit an annual performance report to the Legislature; specifying requirements for the report; 1401 amending s. 627.0629, F.S.; specifying requirements 1402



1403 for residential property insurers in providing certain 1404 hurricane mitigation discount information to 1405 policyholders in a specified manner; specifying 1406 requirements for the office in reevaluating and 1407 updating certain fixtures and construction techniques; 1408 deleting obsolete dates; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; 1409 prohibiting Citizens Property Insurance Corporation 1410 from determining that a risk is ineligible for 1411 coverage solely on a specified basis; providing 1412 applicability; amending s. 627.410, F.S.; prohibiting the office from exempting specified insurers from form 1413 1414 filing requirements for a specified period; providing 1415 construction; creating s. 627.4108, F.S.; specifying 1416 requirements for residential property insurers in 1417 creating and using claims-handling manuals; 1418 authorizing the office to request submission of such 1419 manuals; providing requirements for such submissions; 1420 requiring authorized insurers to annually submit a 1421 certified attestation to the office; authorizing the 1422 commission to adopt emergency rules; amending s. 1423 627.4133, F.S.; revising prohibitions on insurers 1424 against the cancellation or nonrenewal of property 1425 insurance policies; revising applicability; providing construction; defining the term "insurer"; amending s. 1426 1427 627.426, F.S.; specifying duties of a liability 1428 insurer upon receiving actual notice of certain 1429 incidents or losses; defining the term "actual 1430 notice"; providing construction; specifying penalties; amending s. 627.701, F.S.; providing that if a roof 1431

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1432 deductible is applied under a personal lines 1433 residential property insurance policy, no other 1434 deductible under the policy may be applied to any 1435 other loss to the property caused by the same covered 1436 peril; amending s. 627.70132, F.S.; providing for the 1437 tolling of certain timeframes for filing notices of 1438 property insurance claims for servicemembers under 1439 specified circumstances; providing construction 1440 relating to chapter 2022-271, Laws of Florida; 1441 requiring residential property insurers and motor 1442 vehicle insurer rate filings to reflect certain 1443 projected savings and reductions in expenses; 1444 specifying requirements for the office in reviewing 1445 rate filings; authorizing the office to develop 1446 certain methodology and data and contract with a 1447 vendor for a certain purpose; providing applicability; 1448 providing appropriations; providing an effective date.