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A bill to be entitled An act relating to natural emergencies; creating ss. 125.023 and 166.0335, F.S.; defining the term "temporary shelter"; prohibiting counties and municipalities, respectively, from prohibiting temporary shelters on residential property for a specified timeframe under certain circumstances; amending s. 252.35, F.S.; requiring the Division of Emergency Management to post a model contract for debris removal on its website by a specified date; requiring the model contract to be annually updated by a specified date; requiring the division to prioritize technical assistance and training relating to natural disasters and emergencies to fiscally constrained counties; requiring the division to administer a revolving loan fund for certain local government projects; amending s. 252.363, F.S.; increasing the timeframe to exercise rights under a permit or other authorization; limiting the timeframe to exercise rights under a permit or other authorization to a certain timeframe when multiple natural emergencies occur; providing for retroactive application; creating s. 252.391, F.S.; defining the term "local governmental entity"; encouraging local governmental entities to develop an emergency financial plan for

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major disasters; providing the contents of the emergency financial plan; recommending annual review of the emergency financial plan; amending s. 252.40, F.S.; authorizing local governments to create inspection teams for the review and approval of certain expedited permits; encouraging local governments to establish certain interlocal agreements; encouraging local governments to develop plans related to temporary accommodations of certain individuals; amending s. 287.055, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "continuing contract"; providing for the future expiration and reversion of specified statutory text; amending s. 288.066, F.S.; creating the Local Government Emergency Revolving Bridge Loan Program within the Department of Economic Opportunity to provide certain financial assistance to local governments impacted by federally declared disasters; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing construction; authorizing the department to provide interest-free loans to eligible local governments through specified means; requiring the department to prescribe a loan application; requiring the department to determine the loan amount based on certain factors; authorizing the department to deny a loan application and providing specified

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reasons for such denial; requiring the department to provide certain notice and make loan information available to eligible local governments; requiring loan repayments to be returned to the loan fund; providing that funds appropriated for the program are not subject to reversion; providing for expiration; creating s. 366.98, F.S.; providing liability protection for public utilities in certain circumstances; authorizing the Florida Public Service Commission to resolve certain issues; providing applicability; amending s. 489.117, F.S.; authorizing a registered contractor to engage in contracting under certain circumstances; providing an expiration timeframe for such authorization; authorizing the local jurisdiction to discipline the registered contractor under certain circumstances; creating s. 553.7922, F.S.; requiring local governments impacted by certain emergencies to approve special processing procedures to expedite certain permits; amending s. 553.80, F.S.; prohibiting certain local governments from raising building inspection fees during a certain timeframe; providing for future expiration; prohibiting counties and municipalities located within a certain area from adopting or amending certain moratoriums, amendments, or procedures for a specified

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76 period; declaring that such moratoriums, amendments, 77 or procedures are null and void; providing for 78 retroactive application; providing that certain 79 comprehensive plan amendments, land development regulations, site plans, and development permits or 80 orders may be enforced; providing for expiration; 81 82 amending s. 823.11, F.S.; authorizing certain persons 83 to engage in a process relating to the removal and 84 destruction of derelict vessels; providing appropriations; providing for the transfer of certain 85 86 appropriated funds to the Economic Development Trust 87 Fund of the Department of Economic Opportunity; 88 requiring that loan repayments be repaid to the 89 Economic Development Trust Fund; authorizing certain 90 independent special fire control districts to file a 91 specified report on an alternative schedule; providing 92 effective dates. 93 94 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 95 96 Section 1. Section 125.023, Florida Statutes, is created 97 to read: 98 125.023 Temporary shelter prohibition.-99 (1) For the purposes of this section, the term "temporary shelter" includes, but is not limited to, a recreational 100

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101	vehicle, trailer, or similar structure placed on a residential
102	property.
103	(2) Notwithstanding any other law, ordinance, or
L O 4	regulation to the contrary, following the declaration of a state
105	of emergency issued by the Governor for a natural emergency as
106	defined in s. 252.34(8) during which a permanent residential
107	structure was damaged and rendered uninhabitable, a county may
108	not prohibit the placement of one temporary shelter on the
109	residential property for up to 36 months after the date of the
110	declaration or until a certificate of occupancy is issued on the
111	permanent residential structure on the property, whichever
112	occurs first, if all of the following circumstances apply:
113	(a) The resident makes a good faith effort to rebuild or
114	renovate the damaged permanent residential structure, including,
115	but not limited to, applying for a building permit, submitting a
116	plan or design to the county, or obtaining a construction loan.
117	(b) The temporary shelter is connected to water and
118	electric utilities and does not present a threat to health and
119	human safety.
120	(c) The resident lives in the temporary structure.
121	Section 2. Section 166.0335, Florida Statutes, is created
122	to read:
123	166.0335 Temporary shelter prohibition.—
124	(1) For the purposes of this section, the term "temporary
125	shelter" includes, but is not limited to, a recreational

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vehicle, trailer, or similar structure placed on a residential property.

- regulation to the contrary, following the declaration of a state of emergency issued by the Governor for a natural emergency as defined in s. 252.34(8) during which a permanent residential structure was damaged and rendered uninhabitable, a municipality may not prohibit the placement of one temporary shelter on the residential property for up to 36 months after the date of the declaration or until a certificate of occupancy is issued on the permanent residential structure on the property, whichever occurs first, if all of the following circumstances apply:
- (a) The resident makes a good faith effort to rebuild or renovate the damaged permanent residential structure, including, but not limited to, applying for a building permit, submitting a plan or design to the municipality, or obtaining a construction loan.
- (b) The temporary shelter is connected to water and electric utilities and does not present a threat to health and human safety.
 - (c) The resident lives in the temporary structure.
- Section 3. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraphs (bb), (cc), and (dd) are added to subsection (2) of section 252.35, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 252.35 Emergency management powers; Division of Emergency

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151	Management
152	(2) The division is responsible for carrying out the
153	provisions of ss. $252.31-252.90$. In performing its duties, the
154	division shall:
155	(bb) Post on its website a model of a local government
156	contract for debris removal to be used by political
157	subdivisions. The initial model contract must be posted to the
158	website no later than June 1, 2023, and, thereafter, the model
159	contract must be annually updated and posted to the website no
160	later than June 1.
161	(cc) Prioritize technical assistance and training to
162	fiscally constrained counties as defined in s. 218.67(1) on
163	aspects of safety measures, preparedness, prevention, response,
164	recovery, and mitigation relating to natural disasters and
165	emergencies.
166	(dd) Administer a revolving loan program for local
167	government hazard mitigation projects.
168	Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
169	252.363, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
170	252.363 Tolling and extension of permits and other
171	authorizations.—
172	(1)(a) The declaration of a state of emergency issued by
173	the Governor for a natural emergency tolls the period remaining

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to exercise the rights under a permit or other authorization for

the duration of the emergency declaration. Further, the

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emergency declaration extends the period remaining to exercise the rights under a permit or other authorization for 24 6 months in addition to the tolled period. The extended period to exercise the rights under a permit or other authorization may not exceed 48 months in total in the event of multiple natural emergencies for which the Governor declares a state of emergency. The tolling and extension of permits and other authorizations under this paragraph shall apply retroactively to September 28, 2022. This paragraph applies to the following:

- 1. The expiration of a development order issued by a local government.
 - 2. The expiration of a building permit.

- 3. The expiration of a permit issued by the Department of Environmental Protection or a water management district pursuant to part IV of chapter 373.
- 4. Permits issued by the Department of Environmental Protection or a water management district pursuant to part II of chapter 373 for land subject to a development agreement under ss. 163.3220-163.3243 in which the permittee and the developer are the same or a related entity.
- 5. The buildout date of a development of regional impact, including any extension of a buildout date that was previously granted as specified in s. 380.06(7)(c).
- 6. The expiration of a development permit or development agreement authorized by Florida Statutes, including those

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201	authorized under the Frorida hocar Government beveropment
202	Agreement Act, or issued by a local government or other
203	governmental agency.
204	Section 5. Section 252.391, Florida Statutes, is created
205	to read:
206	252.391 Emergency financial plans
207	(1) As used in this section, the term "local governmental
208	entity" means a county, municipality, or district school board.
209	(2) Each local governmental entity is encouraged to
210	develop an emergency financial plan for major natural disasters
211	that may impact its jurisdiction. Disasters include, but are not
212	limited to, hurricanes, tornadoes, floods, and wildfires.
213	(3) Each emergency financial plan should be based on the
214	likely frequency of the disaster's occurrence. The financial
215	plan should include a calculation of the costs for the natural
216	disaster event and a determination of the financial resources
217	available to the local governmental entity. If insufficient
218	funds are available to address the disaster event, the emergency
219	financial plan should identify strategies to close the gap
220	between the disaster event costs and the local governmental
221	entity's financial capacity. Such strategies may include rainy
222	day funds, reprioritizing its annual budget, and borrowing.
223	(4) Local governmental entities should annually review
224	their emergency financial plans to address changes in
225	conditions.

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226	Section 6. Subsections (3) and (4) are added to section
227	252.40, Florida Statutes, to read:
228	252.40 Mutual aid arrangements.—
229	(3) Local governments may create inspection teams to
230	review and approve expedited permits for temporary housing
231	solutions, repairs, and renovations after a natural disaster.
232	Local governments are encouraged to establish interlocal
233	agreements with other jurisdictions to provide additional
234	inspection services during a state of emergency.
235	(4) Municipalities and counties are encouraged to develop
236	and adopt plans to provide temporary accommodations for
237	contractors, utility workers, first responders, and others
238	dispatched to aid in hurricane recovery efforts. Public areas,
239	including, but not limited to, fairgrounds and parking lots, may
240	be used for tents and trailers for such temporary
241	accommodations.
242	Section 7. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraph (g) of
243	subsection (2) of section 287.055, Florida Statutes, is amended
244	to read:
245	287.055 Acquisition of professional architectural,
246	engineering, landscape architectural, or surveying and mapping
247	services; definitions; procedures; contingent fees prohibited;
248	penalties
249	(2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
250	(g) A "continuing contract" is a contract for professional

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services entered into in accordance with all the procedures of this act between an agency and a firm whereby the firm provides professional services to the agency for projects in which the estimated construction cost of each individual project under the contract does not exceed \$4 million, for study activity if the fee for professional services for each individual study under the contract does not exceed \$500,000, or for work of a specified nature as outlined in the contract required by the agency, with the contract being for a fixed term or with no time limitation except that the contract must provide a termination clause. Firms providing professional services under continuing contracts shall not be required to bid against one another. The term "continuing contract" includes contracts executed through December 31, 2023, for professional services to the agency for projects related to repairs and remediation to a specific site due to damage caused by Hurricane Ian in which the estimated construction cost for each individual project does not exceed \$15 million.

Section 8. The amendments made by this act to s.

287.055(2)(g), Florida Statutes, expire on January 1, 2024, and the text of that paragraph shall revert to that in existence on the day before the date that this act became a law, except that any amendments to such text enacted other than by this act shall be preserved and continue to operate to the extent that such amendments are not dependent upon the portions of the text which

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expire pursuant to this section.

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Section 9. Section 288.066, Florida Statutes, as created by section 1 of chapter 2023-1, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

288.066 Local Government Emergency <u>Revolving</u> Bridge Loan Program.—

- (1) CREATION.—The Local Government Emergency Revolving
 Bridge Loan Program is created, subject to appropriation, within the department to provide financial assistance to local governments impacted by federally declared disasters Hurricane

 Tan or Hurricane Nicole. The purpose of the loan program is to assist these local governments in maintaining government operations by bridging the gap between the time that the declared disaster occurred and the time that additional funding sources or revenues are secured to provide them with financial assistance.
- (2) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for a loan under the program, a local government must be a county or a municipality located in an area designated in a the Federal Emergency Management Agency disaster declaration declarations for Hurricane Ian or Hurricane Nicole. The local government must show that it may suffer or has suffered substantial loss of its tax or other revenues as a result of the disaster hurricane and demonstrate a need for financial assistance to enable it to continue to perform its governmental operations. Access to and

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eligibility for the loan program supersedes any local government charter or borrowing limitations that would otherwise financially constrain the local government's ability to recover from a disaster.

(3) LOAN TERMS.-

- (a) The department may provide interest-free loans to eligible local governments through a promissory note or other form of written agreement evidencing an obligation to repay the borrowed funds to the department.
- (b) The amount of each loan must be based upon demonstrated need and must be disbursed to the local government in a lump sum.
- (c) The term of the loan is <u>up to 24 months</u> 1 year, unless otherwise extended by the department. <u>However</u>, the department may extend loan terms for up to 6 months based on the local government's financial condition.
- application and may request any other information determined necessary by the department to review and evaluate the application. The eligible local government must submit a loan application within the 12 months after the date that the federal disaster was declared. Upon receipt of an application, the department shall review the application and may request additional information as necessary to complete the review and evaluation. If the loan application is approved, the department

shall determine the amount to be loaned, which may be a lower amount than requested, based on the information provided and the total amount of funds available to be loaned and in relation to demonstrated need from other eligible applicants. If the loan application is denied, reasons for the denial may include, but are not limited to, the loan risk, an incomplete application, failure to demonstrate need, or the fact that receiving a loan may negatively affect the local government's eligibility for other federal programs.

- (5)(4) USE OF LOAN FUNDS.—A local government may use loan funds only to continue local governmental operations or to expand or modify such operations to meet disaster-related needs. The funds may not be used to finance or supplant funding for capital improvements or to repair or restore damaged public facilities or infrastructure.
 - (6)(5) LOAN REPAYMENT.-

- (a) The local government may make payments against the loan at any time without penalty. Early repayment is encouraged as other funding sources or revenues become available to the local government.
- (b) Loans become due and payable in accordance with the terms of the agreement.
 - (7) (6) ADMINISTRATION.
- (a) <u>Upon the issuance of a federal disaster declaration</u>, the department shall provide notice of application requirements

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and the total amount of funds available and shall make loan information available to eligible local governments. Based upon the amount of funds in the Economic Development Trust Fund available to be loaned and anticipated balances, the department may make funds available in an amount reasonably related to the anticipated need, based upon the impacts of the federal disaster, up to the total amount available The department may approve loans in the 2022-2023 fiscal year or the 2023-2024 fiscal year up to the total amount appropriated.

- (b) The department must coordinate with the Division of Emergency Management or other applicable state agencies to assess whether such loans would affect reimbursement under federal programs for disaster-related expenses.
- returned to the loan fund and made available as provided in this section. Notwithstanding s. 216.301, funds appropriated for this program are not subject to reversion Upon receipt of any loan payment from a local government, the department shall transfer the funds to the General Revenue Fund.
- (8) (7) RULES.—The department may adopt rules to implement this section.
- (9) (8) EXPIRATION.—This section expires <u>July 1, 2038. A</u>

 loan may not be awarded after <u>June 30, 2038</u> June 30, 2027. Upon expiration, all unencumbered funds and loan repayments <u>made on or after July 1, 2038, must be transferred revert</u> to the General

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376	Revenue Fund.
377	Section 10. Section 366.98, Florida Statutes, is created
378	to read:
379	366.98 Public utility liability arising out of emergencies
380	and disasters.—
381	(1) A public utility is not liable for damages based in
382	whole or in part on changes in the reliability, continuity, or
383	quality of utility services which arise in any way out of an
384	emergency or disaster, including, but not limited to, a state of
385	emergency declared under s. 252.36. Consistent with the
386	commission's jurisdiction over public utility rates and service,
387	issues relating to the sufficiency of a public utility's
388	disaster preparedness and response shall be resolved by the
389	commission.
390	(2) This section does not create a new cause of action. In
391	the event that there is a conflict between this section and any
392	other section of the Florida Statutes, this section shall
393	control.
394	Section 11. Effective upon becoming a law, subsection (5)
395	is added to section 489.117, Florida Statutes, to read:
396	489.117 Registration; specialty contractors.—
397	(5) Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(b), a registered
398	contractor may engage in contracting only for work covered by
399	the registration within an area for which a state of emergency
400	is declared pursuant to s. 252.36 for a natural emergency. This

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401	authorization terminates 24 months after the expiration of the
402	declared state of emergency. The local jurisdiction that
403	licenses the registered contractor may discipline the registered
404	contractor for violations occurring outside the licensing
405	jurisdiction which occur during the period such work is
406	authorized under this subsection.
407	Section 12. Section 553.7922, Florida Statutes, is created
408	to read:
409	553.7922 Local government-expedited approval of certain
410	permitsFollowing a state of emergency declared pursuant to s.
411	252.36 for a natural emergency, local governments impacted by
412	the emergency shall approve special processing procedures to
413	expedite permit issuance for permits that do not require
414	technical review, including, but not limited to, roof repairs,
415	reroofing, electrical repairs, service changes, or the
416	replacement of one window or one door. Local governments may
417	waive application and inspection fees for permits expedited
418	under this section.
419	Section 13. Effective upon becoming a law, present
420	subsections (8) and (9) of section 553.80, Florida Statutes, are
421	redesignated as subsections (9) and (10), respectively, and a
422	new subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:
423	553.80 Enforcement
424	(8) Effective January 1, 2023, local governments located
425	in areas designated in the Federal Emergency Management Agency

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426 disaster declarations for Hurricane Ian or Hurricane Nicole may 427 not raise building inspection fees, as authorized by s. 428 125.56(2) or s. 166.222 and this section, before October 1, 429 2024. This subsection expires June 30, 2025. 430 Section 14. (1) A county or municipality located entirely or partially within 100 miles of where either Hurricane Ian or 431 432 Hurricane Nicole made landfall shall not propose or adopt any 433 moratorium on construction, reconstruction, or redevelopment of 434 any property damaged by Hurricane Ian or Hurricane Nicole; 435 propose or adopt more restrictive or burdensome amendments to 436 its comprehensive plan or land development regulations; or 437 propose or adopt more restrictive or burdensome procedures 438 concerning review, approval, or issuance of a site plan, 439 development permit, or development order, to the extent that 440 those terms are defined by s. 163.3164, Florida Statutes, before 441 October 1, 2024, and any such moratorium or restrictive or 442 burdensome comprehensive plan amendment, land development 443 regulation, or procedure shall be null and void ab initio. This 444 subsection applies retroactively to September 28, 2022. 445 (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), any comprehensive plan 446 amendment, land development regulation amendment, site plan, 447 development permit, or development order approved or adopted by 448 a county or municipality before or after the effective date of 449 this section may be enforced if: 450 (a) The associated application is initiated by a private

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451 party other than the county or municipality. 452 The property that is the subject of the application is 453 owned by the initiating private party. 454 (3) This section shall take effect upon becoming a law and 455 expire June 30, 2025. 456 Section 15. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (2) of 457 section 823.11, Florida Statutes, to read: 458 823.11 Derelict vessels; relocation or removal; penalty.-459 (2) 460 (d) Notwithstanding the additional 45 days provided in 461 sub-subparagraph (b) 2.b. during which an owner or a responsible 462 party may not be charged for a violation of this section, the 463 commission, an officer of the commission, a law enforcement 464 agency or officer specified in s. 327.70, or, during a state of 465 emergency declared by the Governor, the Division of Emergency 466 Management or its designee, may immediately begin the process 467 set forth in s. 705.103(2)(a) and, once that process has been 468 completed and the 45 days provided herein have passed, any 469 vessel that has not been removed or repaired such that it is no 470 longer derelict upon the waters of this state may be removed and 471 destroyed as provided therein. Section 16. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sums of \$1 472 473 million in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and 474 \$10 million in nonrecurring funds from the Federal Grants Trust 475 Fund are appropriated to the Division of Emergency Management to

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476 fund the Safeguarding Tomorrow Through Ongoing Risk Mitigation 477 Act Revolving Loan Program. These funds shall be placed in 478 reserve. The division is authorized to submit a budget amendment 479 for release of the funds held in reserve for approval by the 480 Legislative Budget Commission pursuant to chapter 216, Florida 481 Statutes. Release is contingent upon documentation of an award 482 or other approval by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and 483 the division's approved intended use plan for the funds. 484 Section 17. (1) For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sum of 485 \$50 million in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the 486 General Revenue Fund to the Economic Development Trust Fund of 487 the Department of Economic Opportunity to fund the Local 488 Government Emergency Revolving Bridge Loan Program. 489 (2) Funds appropriated in section 3 of chapter 2023-1, 490 Laws of Florida, for the Local Government Emergency Bridge Loan 491 Program which have not been loaned to a local government 492 pursuant to a loan agreement as of July 1, 2023, shall be 493 transferred by nonoperating budget authority to the Economic 494 Development Trust Fund of the Department of Economic Opportunity 495 to be used for the Local Government Emergency Revolving Bridge 496 Loan Program. 497 (3) Notwithstanding sections 1 and 3 of chapter 2023-1, 498 Laws of Florida, all loan repayments for loans made under the 499 Local Government Emergency Bridge Loan Program shall be repaid 500 into the Economic Development Trust Fund and be made available

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501	for loans under the Local Government Emergency Revolving Bridge
502	Loan Program.
503	Section 18. Notwithstanding the timeframe specified in s.
504	189.0695 (2)(c) and (d), Florida Statutes, an independent
505	special fire control district located entirely or partially
506	within 50 miles of where Hurricane Ian made landfall that was
507	required to submit its final report of the performance review by
508	July 1, 2023, may file such report no later than January 1,
509	<u> 2024.</u>
510	Section 19. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
511	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
512	becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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