Amendment No.

## CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

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Representative Gregory offered the following:

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## Amendment (with title amendment)

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Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (6) and subsection (14) of section 768.28, Florida Statutes, are amended

to read:

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12 13 768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; civil liability for damages caused during a riot; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.—

(6)(a) An action may not be instituted on a claim against the state or one of its agencies or subdivisions unless the

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

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claimant presents the claim in writing to the appropriate agency, and also, except as to any claim against a municipality, county, or the Florida Space Authority, presents such claim in writing to the Department of Financial Services, within 18 months 3 years after such claim accrues and the Department of Financial Services or the appropriate agency denies the claim in writing; however except that, if:

1. such claim is for contribution pursuant to s. 768.31, it must be so presented within 6 months after the judgment against the tortfeasor seeking contribution has become final by lapse of time for appeal or after appellate review or, if there is no such judgment, within 6 months after the tortfeasor seeking contribution has either discharged the common liability by payment or agreed, while the action is pending against her or him, to discharge the common liability; or

- 2. Such action is for wrongful death, the claimant must present the claim in writing to the Department of Financial Services within 2 years after the claim accrues.
- (d) For purposes of this section, complete, accurate, and timely compliance with the requirements of paragraph (c) shall occur prior to settlement payment, close of discovery or commencement of trial, whichever is sooner; provided the ability to plead setoff is not precluded by the delay. This setoff shall apply only against that part of the settlement or judgment payable to the claimant, minus claimant's reasonable attorney's

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fees and costs. Incomplete or inaccurate disclosure of unpaid adjudicated claims due the state, its agency, officer, or subdivision, may be excused by the court upon a showing by the preponderance of the evidence of the claimant's lack of knowledge of an adjudicated claim and reasonable inquiry by, or on behalf of, the claimant to obtain the information from public records. Unless the appropriate agency had actual notice of the information required to be disclosed by paragraph (c) in time to assert a setoff, an unexcused failure to disclose shall, upon hearing and order of court, cause the claimant to be liable for double the original undisclosed judgment and, upon further motion, the court shall enter judgment for the agency in that amount. Except as provided otherwise in this subsection, the failure of the Department of Financial Services or the appropriate agency to make final disposition of a claim within 4 6 months after it is filed shall be deemed a final denial of the claim for purposes of this section. For purposes of this subsection, in medical malpractice actions and in wrongful death actions, the failure of the Department of Financial Services or the appropriate agency to make final disposition of a claim within 90 days after it is filed shall be deemed a final denial of the claim. The statute of limitations for medical malpractice actions and wrongful death actions is tolled for the period of time taken by the Department of Financial Services or the appropriate agency to deny the claim. The provisions of this

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subsection	do	not	apply	to	such	claims	as	may	be	asserted	bу
counterclai	Lm p	oursi	ant to	s.	. 768.	.14.					

- (14) Every claim against the state or one of its agencies or subdivisions for damages for a negligent or wrongful act or omission pursuant to this section shall be forever barred unless the civil action is commenced by filing a complaint in the court of appropriate jurisdiction within:
  - (a) Within 2 years for an action founded on negligence.
- (b) Within the limitations provided in s. 768.31(4) for an action for contribution.
- (c) Within the limitations provided in s. 95.11(4) for an action for damages arising from medical malpractice or wrongful death.
- (d) Within 4 years for any other action not specified in this subsection 4 years after such claim accrues; except that an action for contribution must be commenced within the limitations provided in s. 768.31(4), and an action for damages arising from medical malpractice or wrongful death must be commenced within the limitations for such actions in s. 95.11(4).
- Section 2. This act shall apply to causes of action accruing after the effective date of this act.
  - Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

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Bill No. HB 7059 (2023)

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89	Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:
90	A bill to be entitled
91	An act relating to timeframes for bringing certain
92	actions; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; revising the
93	timeframe within which a claimant must present certain
94	claims against a governmental entity in writing to
95	certain entities; revising the timeframe within which
96	a complaint must be filed in order to bring certain
97	claims against a governmental entity; providing
98	applicability; providing an effective date.

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