	Prepared By: The F	Professional Staff of	the Committee on E	Education Postsecondary
BILL:	SB 846			
INTRODUCER:	Senator Avila			
SUBJECT:	Agreements of State Colleges and State Universities with Foreign Entities			
DATE:	March 6, 2023	REVISED:		
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I. Summary:

SB 846 establishes requirements specific to state universities and Florida College System institutions (state colleges) related to the receipt of foreign gifts and to international cultural agreements.

The bill specifies that a state university or state college, including employees or other representatives, may not solicit or accept any gift from a foreign country of concern, or an entity or person associated with a foreign country of concern.

The bill specifies that a state university or state college may not participate in any agreement or partnership with an educational institution or other entity that is based in or controlled by a foreign country of concern. A state university or state college may only participate in such agreement if authorized by the Board of Governors or State Board of Education, respectively, as well as meet other criteria required of all state agency cultural agreements. The bill also:

- Authorizes the BOG or SBE to impose sanctions on a state university or state college for an unapproved partnership or agreement.
- Establishes reporting to the Governor and the Legislature, annually by August 1, to include data on grants, agreements, partnerships, or contracts with any foreign entity.

The bill is effective July 1, 2023.

In 2020-2021, research and development (R&D) expenditures for all United States colleges and universities was almost \$90 billion.¹ In that same year total R&D expenditures by state universities in Florida was approximately \$2.3 billion.²

Board of Governors of the State University System

The State University System (SUS) is composed of 12 public universities. Each constituent university is administered by a board of trustees, and the Board of Governors (BOG) is responsible to operate, regulate, control, and be fully responsible for the management of the whole SUS.³

The BOG is responsible for complying with, and enforcing for institutions under the BOG's jurisdiction, all applicable local, state, and federal laws.⁴ If the BOG determines an institution is noncompliant with law or regulation, the BOG may initiate a number of disciplinary actions including withholding of state or other funds, requiring periodic reporting until the institution is in compliance, or reporting noncompliance to the Legislature.⁵

The Office of the Inspector General (office) and Director of Compliance for the BOG, established in 2007, provides leadership and coordination of audit, investigative, and compliance activities for the BOG Office and generally promotes activities that ensure accountability, financial integrity, and efficiency as required by law.⁶

State Board of Education

The State Board of Education (SBE) is the chief implementing and coordinating body of public education in Florida except for the State University System.⁷ The State Board of Education is responsible to oversee the performance of early learning coalitions, district school boards, and Florida College System institution boards of trustees in enforcement of all laws and rules.⁸

If the SBE determines a Florida College System institution is noncompliant with law or regulation, the SBE may initiate a number of disciplinary actions including withholding of state or other funds, requiring periodic reporting until the institution is in compliance, or reporting noncompliance to the Legislature.⁹

⁹ Id.

¹ National Science Foundation, Ranking by total R&D expenditures,

https://ncsesdata.nsf.gov/profiles/site?method=rankingbysource&ds=herd (last visited March 3, 2023).

² Board of Governors, *State University System Research*, Presentation to the Florida Senate Committee on Education Postsecondary (Jan. 18, 2023).

³ FLA. CONST., art. IX, s. 7.

⁴ Section 1001.705(2), F.S.

⁵ Section 1008.322, F.S.

⁶ State University System of Florida, *Inspector General*, <u>https://www.flbog.edu/about-us/inspector-general/</u> (last visited Mar. 3, 23).

⁷ Section 1001.02, F.S. and FLA. CONST., art. IX, s. 2.

⁸ Section 1008.32, F.S.

Background – Select Committee on Integrity of Research Institutions

In 2020, the Florida House of Representatives Select Committee on the Integrity of Research Institutions (Select Committee) undertook an extensive review of Florida's university-based research programs. This investigation arose out of revelations that the CEO of H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute and three other officers or research scientists had failed to disclose support from relationships with Chinese talent and research programs. Following that disclosure, the University of Florida disclosed to the Select Committee that three of its research staff were under investigation.

In March 2021, Governor Ron DeSantis and members of the Florida House and Senate highlighted proposed legislation to combat foreign influence, in response to the Communist Party of China's deliberate attempts to economically infiltrate the United States. Among the purposes of the proposed legislation was to place strategic safeguards against foreign influence through strengthening institutional vetting and applying protections for Florida's institutions of higher education, public entities, and recipients of public grants or contracts.¹⁰ The Select Committee found that Florida state research grants lacked certain requirements deemed reasonably necessary to ensure research integrity.¹¹

As part of its investigation, the Select Committee reviewed studies indicating that sister cities programs, academic language, and culture centers, foreign funding of domestic institutions and foreign-influenced employment of domestic scientists and engineers are all means to influence domestic policy, advance hostile foreign interests, and limit academic freedom. Such activities project foreign interests into domestic affairs.¹²

Disclosure of Foreign Gifts

Colleges and universities in the United States that receive contracts and gifts from a foreign source, the value of which is \$250,000 or more within a calendar year, must file a disclosure report with the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education twice a year.¹³

Any Florida state agency¹⁴ that receives directly or indirectly any gift or grant with a value of \$50,000 or more from any foreign source must disclose the gift or grant to the Department of Financial Services (DFS) within 30 days after receiving the gift or grant. The disclosure must include the date and amount of the gift or grant, and the name and country of residence or domicile of the foreign source.¹⁵ Violations of this disclosure requirement results in penalties including \$5,000 for a first violation or \$10,000 for any subsequent violation. A third or

¹⁰ Florida Governor Ron DeSantis, *Governor Ron DeSantis and House Speaker Chris Sprowls Highlight Proposed Legislation to Combat Foreign Influence and Corporate Espionage* (March 1, 2021), *available at* <u>https://www.flgov.com/2021/03/01/governor-ron-desantis-and-house-speaker-chris-sprowls-highlight-proposed-legislation-</u> to-combat-foreign-influence-and-corporate-espionage/.

¹¹ Florida House of Representatives, Public Integrity & Elections Committee, *Meeting Packet* (March 4, 2020), *available at* https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=3104&Se ssion=2021&DocumentType=Meeting%20Packets&FileName=pie%203-4-21.pdf, at 7.

 $^{^{12}}$ *Id*.

¹³ 20 U.S.C. 1011f. Section 117 of the Higher Education Act of 1965.

¹⁴ "State agency" means any agency or unit of state government created or established by law. Section 286.101(1)(h), F.S.

¹⁵ Section 286.101(2), F.S.

subsequent violation may result in removal from office of the officer responsible for acceptance of the undisclosed grant or gift, or a determination that the agency is ineligible for any grant or contract.¹⁶

However, an institution of higher education (IHE)¹⁷ and all affiliate organizations must semiannually report any gift received directly or indirectly from a foreign source with a value of \$50,000 or more during the fiscal year to the Board of Governors (BOG) for a state university, or to the State Board of Education (SBE) for all other institutions.¹⁸ This reporting is in place of reporting to the DFS. The report of the IHE must include the amount of the gift and the date received, the contract start and end date if applicable, the name of the foreign source, and a copy of the gift agreement.¹⁹

Beginning July 1, 2022, the Inspector General of the BOG or the Inspector General of the Department of Education, as applicable, must annually randomly inspect or audit at least five percent of the total number of gifts disclosed by or gift agreements received from IHEs during the previous year to determine an institution's compliance with the reporting requirements.

An IHE that knowingly or negligently fails to disclose a specified gift is subject to a civil penalty of 105 percent of the amount of the undisclosed gift, payable only from non-state funds of the IHE or the affiliate organization that received the gift. The BOG or SBE may enforce the penalty. Absent BOG or SBE enforcement, the Attorney General of the Chief Financial Officer may bring a civil action to enforce this penalty.²⁰

The BOG Office of Inspector General and Director of Compliance (OIG), in its annual report, reported receipt of a total of 689 foreign gift disclosures from eight state universities for the 2020-2021 fiscal year. The total amount of the foreign gifts was approximately \$116.6 million.²¹ Of these gifts, 579 were contracts, 26 were gifts, and 84 were student sponsorships. Twenty-one of the foreign gifts were from foreign countries of concern,²² although limited to China (19) and Russia (2).²³ The BOG OIG reported that all foreign gift disclosures were made in a timely manner in the prescribed method.²⁴

 24 *Id.* at 9.

¹⁶ Section 286.101(7), F.S.

¹⁷ An "institution of higher education" is a state university and an affiliated institute with its own governing board, a Florida College System institution, an independent nonprofit college or university that is located in and chartered by the state and grants baccalaureate or higher degrees, any other institution that has a physical presence in the state and is required to report foreign gifts or contracts under federal law, or an affiliate organization of an institution of higher education.

¹⁸ Section 1010.25(2), F.S.

¹⁹ Section 1010.25(3), F.S.

²⁰ Section 1010.25(5), F.S.

²¹ Board of Governors, Office of Inspector General and Director of Compliance, *Compliance Review: Foreign Gifts Inspection* (Dec. 15, 2022), at 3.

²² "Foreign country of concern" means the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Republic of Cuba, the Venezuelan regime of Nicolás Maduro, or the Syrian Arab Republic, including any agency of or any other entity under significant control of such foreign country of concern. 286.101(1)(b), F.S.

²³ Board of Governors, Office of Inspector General and Director of Compliance, *Compliance Review: Foreign Gifts Inspection* (Dec. 15, 2022), at 7.

International Cultural Agreements

Florida law provides for coordination of certain international relationships, including those between sister states and sister cities. Florida's economic development programs emphasize commerce with foreign jurisdictions.²⁵ However, such agreements may impose the public policy of foreign competitors upon local U.S. governments; it has been reported that China requires sister city agreements to enforce its "One China" policy.²⁶

A state agency, political subdivision, public school, state college, or state university authorized to expend state-appropriated funds or levy ad valorem taxes may not participate in any agreement with or accept any grant from a foreign country of concern, or any entity controlled by a foreign country of concern, which:

- Constrains the freedom of contract of the public entity;
- Allows the curriculum or values of a program in the state to be directed or controlled by the foreign country of concern; or
- Promotes an agenda detrimental to the safety or security of the United States or its residents.²⁷

However, for the 2022-2023 fiscal year, a state agency, political subdivision, public school, state college, or state university may not enter into any agreement with or accept any grant from the Russian Federation. This prohibition expires July 1, 2023.²⁸

Prior to the execution of any cultural exchange agreement with a foreign country of concern, the substance of the agreement must be shared with federal agencies concerned with protecting national security or enforcing trade sanctions, embargoes, or other restrictions under federal law. If such federal agency provides information suggesting that such agreement promotes an agenda detrimental to the safety or security of the United States or its residents, the public entity may not enter into the agreement.²⁹

A state agency, political subdivision, public school, state college, or state university may not accept anything of value conditioned upon participation in a program or other endeavor to promote the language or culture of a foreign country of concern.³⁰

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 846 establishes requirements specific to state universities and Florida College System institutions (state colleges) related to receipt of foreign gifts and international cultural agreements.

²⁵ See ss. 288.816 and 288.826, F.S.

²⁶ See Matej Šimalčík and Adam Kalivoda, Sister-City Relations and Identity Politics: The Case of Prague, Beijing, Taipei, and Shanghai, The Diplomat, Feb. 25, 2020, available at <u>https://thediplomat.com/2020/02/sister-city-relations-and-identity-politics-the-case-of-prague-beijing-taipei-and-shanghai/</u>.

²⁷ Section 288.860(2), F.S.

²⁸ *Id.* at (4).

²⁹ Id.

 $^{^{30}}$ *Id.* at (3).

Foreign Gifts

The bill amends s. 286.101, F.S., to remove state universities³¹ and state colleges³² from the definition of a "state agency" for the purposes of foreign gift disclosures. Instead, the bill prohibits a state university or a state college, or any employee or representative, from soliciting or accepting any gift, including any physical object, loan, reward, promise of future employment, favor, or service, from:

- A foreign country of concern or an entity that is located in or controlled by a foreign country of concern; or
- A person associated with or employed by a foreign country of concern or an entity that is located in or controlled by a foreign country of concern.

The bill requires the Board of Governors (BOG) and the State Board of Education (SBE) to adopt administrative regulations and rules, respectively.

International Cultural Agreements

The bill amends s. 288.860, F.S., to prohibit a state university or state college authorized to expend state-appropriated funds from accepting any grant from, or participate in, any agreement or partnership with any college, university, or entity that is based in or controlled by a foreign country of concern except for instances specified in the bill.

The bill defines "partnership" to mean a faculty or student exchange program, a study abroad program, an articulation program, a recruiting program, or a dual degree program; and defines "agreement" to mean a written statement of mutual interest in academic or research collaboration.

The bill authorizes a state university or state college, upon approval by the BOG or SBE, respectively, to enter into an agreement with a foreign county of concern or an entity located in or controlled by a foreign county of concern if the BOG or SBE, respectively, deems the agreement valuable to students and the state university or state college and is not detrimental to the safety or security of the United States or its residents. The bill requires such agreement to also meet other statutory requirements for international cultural agreements, which prohibit agreements that constrain the institution's freedom over contracts and curriculum, and require sharing the agreement with an appropriate federal agency.

The bill requires the BOG and SBE, beginning July 1, 2023, to exercise statutory oversight enforcement authority to sanction a state university or state college, respectively, that enters into a partnership or agreement with a foreign country of concern or an entity that is located in or controlled by a foreign country of concern without the approval of the BOG or SBE, respectively. The bill authorizes the BOG and SBE to withhold additional performance funding for such partnerships or agreements and deposit funds into the General Revenue Fund.

³¹ The bill defines "state university" as any postsecondary education institution under the supervision of the Board of Governors, including any entity under the control of or established for the benefit of a state university.

³² The bill defines "state college" as any postsecondary education institution under the supervision of the State Board of Education, including any entity under the control of or established for the benefit of a state college.

The bill requires each state university and state college to submit a report to the BOG and the Department of Education, respectively, by July 1 of each year. By August 1, 2024, and each August 1 thereafter, the bill requires the BOG and the Department of Education, respectively, to submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives relating to agreements of state universities and state colleges, respectively, with foreign entities.

The bill specifies minimum reporting requirements to include the following information for the previous fiscal year:

- Data reflecting any grant program, agreement, partnership, or contract between a state university or state college and any university, college, or entity that is based in or controlled by a foreign country.
- Data reflecting any office, campus, or physical location used or maintained by a state university or state college in a foreign country.
- The date on which any such grant program, agreement, partnership, or contract reported is expected to terminate.

The BOG and SBE are authorized in the bill to adopt regulations and rules, respectively, to administer the requirements regarding international cultural agreements.

The bill is effective July 1, 2023.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 288.860 and 286.101.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.