1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to juvenile justice; amending s.
3	790.115, F.S.; removing a provision requiring
4	specified treatment of minors charged with possessing
5	or discharging a firearm on school property; amending
6	s. 790.22, F.S.; revising penalties for minors
7	committing specified firearms violations; removing
8	provisions concerning minors charged with or convicted
9	of certain firearms offenses; amending s. 985.101,
10	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
11	act; amending s. 985.12, F.S.; redesignating civil
12	citation programs as prearrest delinquency citation
13	programs; revising program requirements; providing
14	that certain existing programs meeting certain
15	requirements shall be deemed authorized; amending s.
16	985.125, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made
17	by the act; amending s. 985.126, F.S.; requiring the
18	Department of Juvenile Justice to publish a quarterly
19	report concerning entities using delinquency citations
20	for less than a specified amount of eligible offenses;
21	amending s. 985.245, F.S.; conforming provisions to
22	changes made by the act; amending s. 985.25, F.S.;
23	requiring that youths who are arrested for certain
24	electronic monitoring violations be placed in secure
25	detention until a detention hearing; requiring that a
	Dage 1 of 50

Page 1 of 50

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26 child on probation for an underlying felony firearm 27 offense who is taken into custody be placed in secure 28 detention; providing for renewal of secure detention 29 periods in certain circumstances; amending s. 985.255, F.S.; providing that when there is probable cause that 30 31 a child committed one of a specified list of offenses 32 that he or she is presumed to be a risk to public 33 safety and danger to the community and must be held in 34 secure a detention before an adjudicatory hearing; providing requirements for release of such a child 35 36 despite the presumption; revising language concerning the use of risk assessments; amending s. 985.26, F.S.; 37 38 revising requirements for holding a child in secure detention for more than 21 days; amending s. 985.433, 39 40 F.S.; requiring conditional release conditions for 41 children released after confinement for specified 42 firearms offenses; requiring specified sanctions for 43 certain children adjudicated for certain firearms 44 offenses who are not committed to a residential program; providing that children who previously have 45 had adjudication withheld for certain offenses my not 46 47 have adjudication withheld for specified offenses; 48 amending s. 985.435, F.S.; conforming provisions to 49 changes made by the act; creating s. 985.438, F.S.; 50 requiring the Department of Juvenile Justice to create

Page 2 of 50

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51 and administer a graduated response matrix to hold 52 youths accountable to the terms of their court ordered 53 probation and the terms of their conditional release; 54 providing requirements for the matrix; amending s. 985.439, F.S.; requiring a state attorney to file a 55 56 probation violation within a specified period or 57 inform the court and the Department of Juvenile 58 Justice why such violation is not filed; removing 59 provisions concerning an alternative consequence program; allowing placement of electronic monitoring 60 61 for probation violations in certain circumstances; 62 amending s. 985.455, F.S.; authorizing a court to make 63 an exception to an order of revocation or suspension 64 of driving privileges in certain circumstances; amending s. 985.46, F.S.; revising legislative intent 65 66 concerning conditional release; revising the conditions of conditional release; providing for 67 68 assessment of conditional release violations and possible recommitment of violators; amending ss. 69 70 985.48 and 985.4815, F.S.; conforming provisions to 71 changes made by the act; amending s. 985.601, F.S.; 72 requiring the Department of Juvenile justice to 73 establish a specified class for firearms offenders; 74 amending s. 985.711, F.S.; revising provisions 75 concerning introduction of contraband into department

Page 3 of 50

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76 facilities; authorizing department staff to use canine 77 units on the grounds of juvenile detention facilities 78 and commitment programs for specified purposes; revising criminal penalties for violations; amending 79 s. 1002.221, F.S.; revising provisions concerning 80 educational records for certain purposes; amending ss. 81 82 943.051, 985.11, and 1006.07, F.S.; conforming 83 provisions to changes made by the act; providing an 84 effective date. 85 86 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 87 Subsection (4) of section 790.115, Florida 88 Section 1. 89 Statutes, is amended to read: 90 790.115 Possessing or discharging weapons or firearms at a 91 school-sponsored event or on school property prohibited; 92 penalties; exceptions.-93 (4) Notwithstanding s. 985.24, s. 985.245, or s. 94 985.25(1), any minor under 18 years of age who is charged under 95 this section with possessing or discharging a firearm on school 96 property shall be detained in secure detention, unless the state 97 attorney authorizes the release of the minor, and shall be given 98 a probable cause hearing within 24 hours after being taken into 99 custody. At the hearing, the court may order that the minor 100 continue to be held in secure detention for a period of 21 days, Page 4 of 50

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101	during which time the minor shall receive medical, psychiatric,
102	psychological, or substance abuse examinations pursuant to s.
103	985.18, and a written report shall be completed.
104	Section 2. Subsections (1), (5), (8), (9), and (10) of
105	section 790.22, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection
106	(3) of that section is republished, to read:
107	790.22 Use of BB guns, air or gas-operated guns, or
108	electric weapons or devices by minor under 16; limitation;
109	possession of firearms by minor under 18 prohibited; penalties
110	(1) The use for any purpose whatsoever of BB guns, air or
111	gas-operated guns, or electric weapons or devices, by any minor
112	under the age of 16 years is prohibited unless such use is under
113	the supervision and in the presence of an adult who is acting
114	with the consent of the minor's parent <u>or guardian</u> .
115	(3) A minor under 18 years of age may not possess a
116	firearm, other than an unloaded firearm at his or her home,
117	unless:
118	(a) The minor is engaged in a lawful hunting activity and
119	is:
120	1. At least 16 years of age; or
121	2. Under 16 years of age and supervised by an adult.
122	(b) The minor is engaged in a lawful marksmanship
123	competition or practice or other lawful recreational shooting
124	activity and is:
125	1. At least 16 years of age; or
	Page 5 of 50

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126 Under 16 years of age and supervised by an adult who is 2. 127 acting with the consent of the minor's parent or quardian. 128 (C) The firearm is unloaded and is being transported by the minor directly to or from an event authorized in paragraph 129 130 (a) or paragraph (b). 131 (5) (a) A minor who violates subsection (3) commits a 132 felony misdemeanor of the third first degree; for a first offense, shall may serve a period of detention of up to 5 days 133 134 in a secure detention facility, with credit for time served in 135 secure detention prior to disposition; and, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, shall be required to perform 100 136 137 hours of community service or paid work as determined by the department. For a second violation of subsection (3), a minor 138 139 shall serve 21 days in a secure detention facility, with credit 140 for time served in secure detention prior to disposition; and 141 shall be required to perform not less than 100 nor more than 250 142 hours of community service or paid work as determined by the 143 department. For a third or subsequent violation of subsection 144 (3), a minor shall be adjudicated delinquent and committed to a residential program. In addition to the penalties for a first 145 offense and a second or subsequent offense under subsection (3) \div 146 147 and: 148 (a) 1. If the minor is eligible by reason of age for a 149 driver license or driving privilege, the court may direct the

150

Page 6 of 50

Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to

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151 withhold issuance of the minor's driver license or driving 152 privilege for up to 1 year <u>for a first offense and up to 2 years</u> 153 <u>for a second or subsequent offense.</u>

154 <u>(b)</u>2. If the minor's driver license or driving privilege 155 is under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may 156 direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to 157 extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional 158 period of up to 1 year <u>for a first offense and up to 2 years for</u> 159 <u>a second or subsequent offense</u>.

160 <u>(c)</u>^{3.} If the minor is ineligible by reason of age for a 161 driver license or driving privilege, the court may direct the 162 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold 163 issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for 164 up to 1 year after the date on which the minor would otherwise 165 have become eligible <u>for a first offense and up to 2 years for a</u> 166 <u>second or subsequent offense</u>.

167 (b) For a second or subsequent offense, a minor who 168 violates subsection (3) commits a felony of the third degree and 169 shall a period of detention of up to 21 days in serve 170 detention facility and shall be required to perform not less 171 than 100 nor more than 250 hours of community service, and: 172 1. If the minor is eligible by reason of age for a driver 173 license or driving privilege, the court may direct the 174 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to

175 withhold issuance of the minor's driver license or driving

Page 7 of 50

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176	privilege for up to 2 years.
177	2. If the minor's driver license or driving privilege is
178	under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may
179	direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
180	extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional
181	period of up to 2 years.
182	3. If the minor is incligible by reason of age for a
183	driver license or driving privilege, the court may direct the
184	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold
185	issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for
186	up to 2 years after the date on which the minor would otherwise
187	have become eligible.
188	
189	For the purposes of this subsection, community service shall be
190	performed, if possible, in a manner involving a hospital
191	emergency room or other medical environment that deals on a
192	regular basis with trauma patients and gunshot wounds.
193	(8) Notwithstanding s. 985.24 or s. 985.25(1), if a minor
194	is charged with an offense that involves the use or possession
195	of a firearm, including a violation of subsection (3), or is
196	charged for any offense during the commission of which the minor
197	possessed a firearm, the minor shall be detained in secure
198	detention, unless the state attorney authorizes the release of
199	the minor, and shall be given a hearing within 24 hours after
200	being taken into custody. At the hearing, the court may order
	Page 8 of 50

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201 that the minor continue to be held in secure detention in accordance with the applicable time periods specified in 202 203 985.26(1)-(5), if the court finds that the minor meets the 204 criteria specified in s. 985.255, or if the court finds by clear 205 and convincing evidence that the minor is a clear and present 206 danger to himself or herself or the community. The Department of 207 Juvenile Justice shall prepare a form for all minors charged 208 under this subsection which states the period of detention and 209 the relevant demographic information, including, but not limited 210 to, the gender, age, and race of the minor; whether or not the 211 minor was represented by private counsel or a public defender; 212 the current offense; and the minor's complete prior record, 213 including any pending cases. The form shall be provided to the 214 judge for determining whether the minor should be continued in 215 secure detention under this subsection. An order placing a minor 216 in secure detention because the minor is a clear and present 217 danger to himself or herself or the community must be in 218 writing, must specify the need for detention and the benefits 219 derived by the minor or the community by placing the 220 secure detention, and must include a copy of the form provided 221 by the department. 222 (9) Notwithstanding s. 985.245, if the minor is found to

have committed an offense that involves the use or possession of a firearm, as defined in s. 790.001, other than a violation of subsection (3), or an offense during the commission of which the

Page 9 of 50

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226	minor possessed a firearm, and the minor is not committed to a
227	residential commitment program of the Department of Juvenile
228	Justice, in addition to any other punishment provided by law,
229	the court shall order:
230	(a) For a first offense, that the minor shall serve a
231	minimum period of detention of 15 days in a secure detention
232	facility; and
233	1. Perform 100 hours of community service; and may
234	2. Be placed on community control or in a nonresidential
235	commitment program.
236	(b) For a second or subsequent offense, that the minor
237	shall serve a mandatory period of detention of at least 21 days
238	in a secure detention facility; and
239	1. Perform not less than 100 nor more than 250 hours of
240	community service; and may
241	2. Be placed on community control or in a nonresidential
242	commitment program.
243	
244	The minor shall not receive credit for time served before
245	adjudication. For the purposes of this subsection, community
246	service shall be performed, if possible, in a manner involving a
247	hospital emergency room or other medical environment that deals
248	on a regular basis with trauma patients and gunshot wounds.
249	(10) If a minor is found to have committed an offense
250	under subsection (9), the court shall impose the following
	Page 10 of 50

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251 penaltics in addition to any penalty imposed under paragraph 252 (9) (a) or paragraph (9) (b): 253 (a) For a first offense: 254 1. If the minor is eligible by reason of age for a driver 255 license or driving privilege, the court may direct the 256 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to 257 withhold issuance of the minor's driver license or driving 258 privilege for up to 1 year. 259 2. If the minor's driver license or driving privilege is 260 under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to 261 262 extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional 263 period for up to 1 year. 264 3. If the minor is incligible by reason of age for a 265 driver license or driving privilege, the court may direct the 266 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold 267 issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for 268 up to 1 year after the date on which the minor would otherwise 269 have become eligible. 270 (b) For a second or subsequent offense: 271 1. If the minor is eligible by reason of age for a driver 272 license or driving privilege, the court may direct the 273 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to 274 withhold issuance of the minor's driver license or driving 275 privilege for up to 2 years.

Page 11 of 50

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276	2. If the minor's driver license or driving privilege is
277	under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may
278	direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
279	extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional
280	period for up to 2 years.
281	3. If the minor is incligible by reason of age for a
282	driver license or driving privilege, the court may direct the
283	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold
284	issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for
285	up to 2 years after the date on which the minor would otherwise
286	have become eligible.
287	Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section
288	985.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
289	985.101 Taking a child into custody
290	(1) A child may be taken into custody under the following
291	circumstances:
292	(d) By a law enforcement officer who has probable cause to
293	believe that the child is in violation of the conditions of the
294	child's probation, supervised release detention, postcommitment
295	probation, or conditional release supervision; has absconded
296	from nonresidential commitment; or has escaped from residential
297	commitment.
298	
299	Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to allow the
300	detention of a child who does not meet the detention criteria in
	Page 12 of 50

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301 part V.

302 Section 4. Section 985.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to 303 read:

304 985.12 Prearrest delinquency Civil citation or similar 305 prearrest diversion programs.-

306 LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT. - The Legislature finds (1)307 that the creation and implementation of any prearrest 308 delinquency civil citation or similar prearrest diversion 309 programs at the judicial circuit level promotes public safety, 310 aids interagency cooperation, and provides the greatest chance of success for prearrest delinquency civil citation and similar 311 312 prearrest diversion programs. The Legislature further finds that the widespread use of prearrest delinquency civil citation and 313 314 similar prearrest diversion programs has a positive effect on 315 the criminal justice system by immediately holding youth 316 accountable for their actions and contributes to an overall 317 reduction in the crime rate and recidivism in the state. The 318 Legislature encourages but does not mandate that counties, 319 municipalities, and public or private educational institutions 320 participate in a prearrest delinquency civil citation or similar 321 prearrest diversion program created by their judicial circuit 322 under this section.

323 (2) JUDICIAL CIRCUIT <u>DELINQUENCY</u> CIVIL CITATION OR SIMILAR
 324 PREARREST DIVERSION PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT, IMPLEMENTATION, AND
 325 OPERATION.-

Page 13 of 50

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326 A prearrest delinquency civil citation or similar (a) 327 prearrest diversion program for misdemeanor offenses shall be 328 established in each judicial circuit in the state. The state attorney and public defender of each circuit, the clerk of the 329 330 court for each county in the circuit, and representatives of 331 participating law enforcement agencies in the circuit shall 332 create a prearrest delinquency civil citation or similar 333 prearrest diversion program and develop its policies and 334 procedures. In developing the program's policies and procedures, 335 input from other interested stakeholders may be solicited. The 336 department shall annually develop and provide guidelines on best 337 practice models for prearrest delinquency civil citation or 338 similar prearrest diversion programs to the judicial circuits as 339 a resource. 340 (b) Each judicial circuit's prearrest delinquency civil 341 citation or similar prearrest diversion program must specify all 342 of the following: The misdemeanor offenses that qualify a juvenile for 343 1. 344 participation in the program. Offenses involving the use or 345 possession of a firearm do not qualify for a prearrest delinguency citation program. + 346 347 The eligibility criteria for the program.+ 2. 348 3. The program's implementation and operation.+ 349 4. The program's requirements, including, but not limited to, the completion of community service hours, payment of 350 Page 14 of 50

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351 restitution, if applicable, classes established by the 352 department or the prearrest delinquency citation program, and 353 intervention services indicated by a needs assessment of the 354 juvenile, approved by the department, such as family counseling, 355 urinalysis monitoring, and substance abuse and mental health 356 treatment services.; and

357 5. A program fee, if any, to be paid by a juvenile 358 participating in the program. If the program imposes a fee, the 359 clerk of the court of the applicable county must receive a 360 reasonable portion of the fee.

361 (C) The state attorney of each circuit shall operate a 362 prearrest delinquency civil citation or similar prearrest 363 diversion program in each circuit. A sheriff, police department, 364 county, municipality, locally authorized entity, or public or 365 private educational institution may continue to operate an 366 independent prearrest delinquency civil citation or similar 367 prearrest diversion program that is in operation as of October 368 1, 2018, if the independent program is reviewed by the state 369 attorney of the applicable circuit and he or she determines that 370 the independent program is substantially similar to the 371 prearrest delinquency civil citation or similar prearrest 372 diversion program developed by the circuit. If the state attorney determines that the independent program is not 373 374 substantially similar to the prearrest delinquency civil 375 citation or similar prearrest diversion program developed by the

Page 15 of 50

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376 circuit, the operator of the independent diversion program may 377 revise the program and the state attorney may conduct an 378 additional review of the independent program. A civil citation 379 or similar prearrest diversion program existing before July 1, 380 2024, shall be deemed a delinquency citation program authorized 381 by this section if the civil citation or similar prearrest diversion program has been approved by the state attorney of the 382 383 circuit in which it operates and it complies with the 384 requirements in paragraph (2)(b). 385 (d) A judicial circuit may model an existing sheriff's, 386 police department's, county's, municipality's, locally 387 authorized entity's, or public or private educational 388 institution's independent civil citation or similar prearrest 389 diversion program in developing the civil citation or similar 390 prearrest diversion program for the circuit. 391 (d) (e) If a juvenile does not successfully complete the 392 prearrest delinquency civil citation or similar prearrest 393 diversion program, the arresting law enforcement officer shall 394 determine if there is good cause to arrest the juvenile for the 395 original misdemeanor offense and refer the case to the state

396 attorney to determine if prosecution is appropriate or allow the 397 juvenile to continue in the program. 398 (e)(f) Each prearrest delinquency civil citation or

398 (e) (f) Each prearrest delinquency civil citation or
 399 similar prearrest diversion program shall enter the appropriate
 400 youth data into the Juvenile Justice Information System

Page 16 of 50

401 Prevention Web within 7 days after the admission of the youth 402 into the program.

403 <u>(f)(g)</u> At the conclusion of a juvenile's <u>prearrest</u> 404 <u>delinquency</u> civil citation or similar prearrest diversion 405 program, the state attorney or operator of the independent 406 program shall report the outcome to the department. The issuance 407 of a <u>prearrest delinquency</u> civil citation or similar prearrest 408 diversion program notice is not considered a referral to the 409 department.

410 (g)(h) Upon issuing a prearrest delinquency civil citation 411 or similar prearrest diversion program notice, the law 412 enforcement officer shall send a copy of the prearrest 413 delinquency civil citation or similar prearrest diversion 414 program notice to the parent or guardian of the child and to the 415 victim.

416 Section 5. Section 985.125, Florida Statutes, is amended 417 to read:

418

985.125 Prearrest or Postarrest diversion programs.-

419 (1) A law enforcement agency or school district, in
420 cooperation with the state attorney, may establish a prearrest
421 or postarrest diversion program.

422 (2) As part of the prearrest or postarrest diversion
423 program, a child who is alleged to have committed a delinquent
424 act may be required to surrender his or her driver license, or
425 refrain from applying for a driver license, for not more than 90

Page 17 of 50

426 days. If the child fails to comply with the requirements of the 427 program, the state attorney may notify the Department of Highway 428 Safety and Motor Vehicles in writing to suspend the child's 429 driver license for a period that may not exceed 90 days.

430 Section 6. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 985.126, 431 Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) and (7), 432 respectively, subsections (3) and (4) of that section are 433 amended, and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to 434 read:

985.126 <u>Prearrest and postarrest</u> diversion programs; data
collection; denial of participation or expunged record.-

437 (3)(a) Beginning October 1, 2018, Each diversion program
438 shall submit data to the department which identifies for each
439 minor participating in the diversion program:

440

1. The race, ethnicity, gender, and age of that minor.

441 2. The offense committed, including the specific law442 establishing the offense.

3. The judicial circuit and county in which the offense
was committed and the law enforcement agency that had contact
with the minor for the offense.

446 4. Other demographic information necessary to properly
447 register a case into the Juvenile Justice Information System
448 Prevention Web, as specified by the department.

(b) Beginning October 1, 2018, Each law enforcement agency
 shall submit to the department data <u>for every minor charged for</u>

Page 18 of 50

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451 <u>the first-time, who is charged with a misdemeanor, and who was</u> 452 <u>that identifies for each minor who was eligible for a diversion</u> 453 program, but was instead referred to the department, provided a 454 notice to appear, or arrested:

1. The data required pursuant to paragraph (a).

456 2. Whether the minor was offered the opportunity to457 participate in a diversion program. If the minor was:

458 a. Not offered such opportunity, the reason such offer was459 not made.

b. Offered such opportunity, whether the minor or his or
her parent or legal guardian declined to participate in the
diversion program.

(c) The data required pursuant to paragraph (a) shall be
entered into the Juvenile Justice Information System Prevention
Web within 7 days after the youth's admission into the program.

(d) The data required pursuant to paragraph (b) shall besubmitted on or with the arrest affidavit or notice to appear.

(4) Beginning January 1, 2019, The department shall
compile and semiannually publish the data required by subsection
(3) on the department's website in a format that is, at a
minimum, sortable by judicial circuit, county, law enforcement
agency, race, ethnicity, gender, age, and offense committed.

473 (5) The department shall provide a quarterly report to be
474 published on its website and distributed to the Governor,
475 President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of

Page 19 of 50

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476 Representatives listing the entities that use prearrest 477 delinquency citations for less than 70 percent of first-time 478 misdemeanor offenses. 479 Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 985.245, Florida 480 Statutes, is amended to read: 481 985.245 Risk assessment instrument.-482 (4) For a child who is under the supervision of the department through probation, supervised release detention, 483 484 conditional release, postcommitment probation, or commitment and 485 who is charged with committing a new offense, the risk 486 assessment instrument may be completed and scored based on the 487 underlying charge for which the child was placed under the 488 supervision of the department. 489 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 985.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 490 491 985.25 Detention intake.-492 The department shall receive custody of a child who (1)493 has been taken into custody from the law enforcement agency or 494 court and shall review the facts in the law enforcement report 495 or probable cause affidavit and make such further inquiry as may 496 be necessary to determine whether detention care is appropriate. 497 During the period of time from the taking of the child (a) 498 into custody to the date of the detention hearing, the initial 499 decision as to the child's placement into detention care shall be made by the department under ss. 985.24 and 985.245(1). 500

Page 20 of 50

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501 The department shall base the decision whether to (b) 502 place the child into detention care on an assessment of risk in 503 accordance with the risk assessment instrument and procedures 504 developed by the department under s. 985.245, except that a 505 child shall be placed in secure detention care until the child's 506 detention hearing if the child meets the criteria specified in 507 s. 985.255(1)(f), is charged with possessing or discharging a 508 firearm on school property in violation of s. 790.115, or is 509 charged with any other offense involving the possession or use 510 of a firearm.

(c) If the final score on the child's risk assessment instrument indicates detention care is appropriate, but the department otherwise determines the child should be released, the department shall contact the state attorney, who may authorize release.

(d) If the final score on the risk assessment instrument indicates detention is not appropriate, the child may be released by the department in accordance with ss. 985.115 and 985.13.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a child
 who is arrested for violating the terms of his or her electronic
 monitoring supervision or his or her supervised release shall be
 placed in secure detention until his or her detention hearing.
 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a child on
 probation for an underlying felony firearm offense in chapter

Page 21 of 50

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526	790 and who is taken into custody under s. 985.101 for violating
527	conditions of probation not involving a new law violation shall
528	be held in secure detention to allow the state attorney to
529	review the violation. If, within 21 days, the state attorney
530	notifies the court that commitment will be sought, then the
531	child shall remain in secure detention pending proceedings under
532	s. 985.439 until the initial 21-day period of secure detention
533	has expired. Upon motion of the state attorney, the child may be
534	held for an additional 21-day period if the court finds that the
535	totality of the circumstances, including the preservation of
536	public safety, warrants such extension. Any release from secure
537	detention shall result in the child being held on supervised
538	release with electronic monitoring pending proceedings under s.
539	<u>985.439.</u>
540	
541	Under no circumstances shall the department or the state
542	attorney or law enforcement officer authorize the detention of
543	any child in a jail or other facility intended or used for the
544	detention of adults, without an order of the court.
545	Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection
546	(3) of section 985.255, Florida Statutes, are amended, and
547	paragraphs (g) and (h) are added to subsection (1) of that
548	section, to read:
549	985.255 Detention criteria; detention hearing
550	(1) Subject to s. 985.25(1), a child taken into custody
	Page 22 of 50

2024

551	and placed into detention care shall be given a hearing within
552	24 hours after being taken into custody. At the hearing, the
553	court may order a continued detention status if:
554	(a) The result of the risk assessment instrument pursuant
555	to s. 985.245 indicates secure or supervised release detention
556	or the court makes the findings required under paragraph (3)(b).
557	(g) The court finds probable cause at the detention
558	hearing that the child committed one or more of the following
559	offenses:
560	1. Murder in the first degree under s. 782.04(1)(a).
561	2. Murder in the second degree under s. 782.04(2).
562	3. Armed robbery under s. 812.13(2)(a) that involves the
563	use or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
564	4. Armed carjacking under s. 812.133(2)(a) that involves
565	the use or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
566	5. Having a firearm while committing a felony under s.
567	790.07(2).
568	6. Armed burglary under s. 810.02(2)(b) that involves the
569	use or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
570	7. Delinquent in possession of a firearm under s.
571	<u>790.23(1)(b).</u>
572	8. An attempt to commit any offense listed in this
573	paragraph under s. 777.04.
574	(h) For a child who meets the criteria in paragraph (g):
575	1. There is a presumption that the child presents a risk
	Page 23 of 50

Page 23 of 50

576

2024 to public safety and danger to the community and such child must

577	be held in secure detention prior to an adjudicatory hearing,
578	unless the court enters a written order that the child would not
579	present a risk to public safety or a danger to the community if
580	he or she were placed on supervised release detention care.
581	2. The written order releasing a child from secure
582	detention must be based on clear and convincing evidence why the
583	child does not present a risk to public safety or a danger to
584	the community and must list the child's prior adjudications,
585	dispositions, and prior violations of pretrial release orders. A
586	court releasing a child from secure detention under this
587	subparagraph shall place the child on supervised release
588	detention care with electronic monitoring until the child's
589	adjudicatory hearing.
590	3. If an adjudicatory hearing has not taken place after 60
591	days of secure detention for a child held in secure detention
592	under this paragraph, the court must prioritize the efficient
593	disposition of cases and hold a review hearing within each
594	successive 7-day review period until the adjudicatory hearing or
595	until the child is placed on supervised release with electronic
596	monitoring under subparagraph 2.
597	4. If the court, under this section, releases a child to
598	supervised release detention care, the court must provide a copy
599	of the written order to the victim, to the law enforcement
600	agency that arrested the child, and to the law enforcement

Page 24 of 50

2024

601 agency with primary jurisdiction over the child's primary 602 residence. 603 (3) (a) The purpose of the detention hearing required under 604 subsection (1) is to determine the existence of probable cause 605 that the child has committed the delinquent act or violation of 606 law that he or she is charged with and the need for continued 607 detention. The court shall consider use the results of the risk 608 assessment performed by the department and, based on the 609 criteria in subsection (1), shall determine the need for continued detention. If the child is a prolific juvenile 610 offender who is detained under s. 985.26(2)(c), the court shall 611 612 consider use the results of the risk assessment performed by the department and the criteria in subsection (1) or subsection (2) 613 614 only to determine whether the prolific juvenile offender should 615 be held in secure detention. 616 (b) If The court may order orders a placement more or less 617 restrictive than indicated by the results of the risk assessment 618 instrument, and, if the court does so, shall state, in writing, clear and convincing reasons for such placement. 619 620 Except as provided in s. 790.22(8) or s. 985.27, when (C) 621 a child is placed into detention care, or into a respite home or 622 other placement pursuant to a court order following a hearing,

623 the court order must include specific instructions that direct 624 the release of the child from such placement no later than 5 625 p.m. on the last day of the detention period specified in s.

Page 25 of 50

626 985.26 or s. 985.27, whichever is applicable, unless the 627 requirements of such applicable provision have been met or an 628 order of continuance has been granted under s. 985.26(4). If the court order does not include a release date, the release date 629 630 shall be requested from the court on the same date that the 631 child is placed in detention care. If a subsequent hearing is 632 needed to provide additional information to the court for safety planning, the initial order placing the child in detention care 633 634 shall reflect the next detention review hearing, which shall be 635 held within 3 calendar days after the child's initial detention 636 placement.

637 Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 638 985.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.26 Length of detention.-

640 (2)

639

(b) <u>The court may order the child to be held in secure</u>
 detention beyond 21 days under the following circumstances:

643 1. Upon good cause being shown that the nature of the 644 charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense 645 of the case or that the totality of the circumstances, including the preservation of public safety, warrants an extension, the 646 647 court may extend the length of secure detention care for up to an additional 21 days if the child is charged with an offense 648 649 which, if committed by an adult, would be a capital felony, a life felony, a felony of the first degree or the second degree, 650

Page 26 of 50

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651 a felony of the third degree involving violence against any 652 individual, or any other offense involving the possession or use 653 of a firearm. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph 2., 654 the court may continue to extend the period of secure detention 655 care in increments of up to 21 days each by conducting a hearing 656 before the expiration of the current period to determine the 657 need for continued secure detention of the child. At the 658 hearing, the court must make the required findings in writing to 659 extend the period of secure detention. If the court extends the 660 time period for secure detention care, it shall ensure an 661 adjudicatory hearing for the case commences as soon as is 662 reasonably possible considering the totality of the 663 circumstances. The court shall prioritize the efficient 664 disposition of cases in which the child has served 60 or more 665 days in secure detention care.

 666
 2. When the child is being held in secure detention under

 667
 s. 985.255(1)(g), and subject to s. 985.255(1)(h).

Section 11. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (7) of
section 985.433, Florida Statutes, and subsections (8) and (9)
of that section are amended, to read:

671 985.433 Disposition hearings in delinquency cases.—When a 672 child has been found to have committed a delinquent act, the 673 following procedures shall be applicable to the disposition of 674 the case:

675

(7) If the court determines that the child should be

Page 27 of 50

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adjudicated as having committed a delinquent act and should be committed to the department, such determination shall be in writing or on the record of the hearing. The determination shall include a specific finding of the reasons for the decision to adjudicate and to commit the child to the department, including any determination that the child was a member of a criminal gang.

683 (d) Any child adjudicated by the court and committed to 684 the department under a restrictiveness level described in s. 685 985.03(44)(a)-(d), for any offense or attempted offense 686 involving a firearm must be placed on conditional release, as 687 defined in s. 985.03, for a period of 1 year following his or 688 her release from a commitment program. Such term of conditional 689 release shall include electronic monitoring of the child by the 690 department for the initial 6 months following his or her release 691 and at times and under terms and conditions set by the 692 department.

693 (8) If the court determines not to adjudicate and commit 694 to the department, then the court shall determine what 695 community-based sanctions it will impose in a probation program 696 for the child. Community-based sanctions may include, but are 697 not limited to, participation in substance abuse treatment, a 698 day-treatment probation program, restitution in money or in 699 kind, a curfew, revocation or suspension of the driver license of the child, community service, and appropriate educational 700

Page 28 of 50

701 programs as determined by the district school board. 702 (a)1. Where a child is found to have committed an offense 703 that involves the use or possession of a firearm, as defined in 704 s. 790.001, other than a violation of s. 790.22(3), or is found 705 to have committed an offense during the commission of which the 706 child possessed a firearm, and the court has decided not to 707 commit the child to a residential program, the court shall order 708 the child, in addition to any other punishment provided by law, 709 to: 710 a. Serve a period of detention of 30 days in a secure detention facility, with credit for time served in secure 711 712 detention prior to disposition. 713 b. Perform 100 hours of community service or paid work as 714 determined by the department. 715 c. Be placed on probation for a period of at least 1 year. 716 Such term of probation shall include electronic monitoring of 717 the child by the department at times and under terms and 718 conditions set by the department. 719 2. In addition to the penalties in subparagraph 1., the 720 court may impose the following restrictions upon the child's 721 driving privileges: 722 a. If the child is eligible by reason of age for a driver 723 license or driving privilege, the court may direct the 724 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to 725 withhold issuance of the child's driver license or driving

Page 29 of 50

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726	privilege for up to 1 year.
727	b. If the child's driver license or driving privilege is
728	under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may
729	direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
730	extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional
731	period for up to 1 year.
732	c. If the child is ineligible by reason of age for a
733	driver license or driving privilege, the court may direct the
734	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold
735	issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for
736	up to 1 year after the date on which the child would otherwise
737	have become eligible.
738	
739	For the purposes of this paragraph, community service shall be
740	performed, if possible, in a manner involving a hospital
741	emergency room or other medical environment that deals on a
742	regular basis with trauma patients and gunshot wounds.
743	(b) A child who has previously had adjudication withheld
744	for any of the following offenses shall not be eligible for a
745	second or subsequent withhold of adjudication if he or she is
746	subsequently found to have committed any of the following
747	offenses, and must be adjudicated delinquent and committed to a
748	residential program:
749	1. Armed robbery involving a firearm under s.
750	<u>812.13(2)(a).</u>

Page 30 of 50

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751	2. Armed carjacking under s. 812.133(2)(a) involving the
752	use or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
753	3. Having a firearm while committing a felony under s.
754	790.07(2).
755	4. Armed burglary under s. 810.02(2)(b) involving the use
756	or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
757	5. Delinquent in possession of a firearm under s.
758	<u>790.23(1)(b).</u>
759	6. An attempt to commit any offense listed in this
760	paragraph under s. 777.04.
761	(9) After appropriate sanctions for the offense are
762	determined, including any minimum sanctions required by this
763	section, the court shall develop, approve, and order a plan of
764	probation that will contain rules, requirements, conditions, and
765	rehabilitative programs, including the option of a day-treatment
766	probation program, that are designed to encourage responsible
767	and acceptable behavior and to promote both the rehabilitation
768	of the child and the protection of the community.
769	Section 12. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section
770	985.435, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
771	985.435 Probation and postcommitment probation; community
772	service
773	(1) The court that has jurisdiction over an adjudicated
774	delinquent child may, by an order stating the facts upon which a
775	determination of a sanction and rehabilitative program was made
	Page 31 of 50

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776 at the disposition hearing, place the child in a probation 777 program or a postcommitment probation program. Such placement 778 must be under the supervision of an authorized agent of the 779 department or of any other person or agency specifically 780 authorized and appointed by the court, whether in the child's 781 own home, in the home of a relative of the child, or in some 782 other suitable place under such reasonable conditions as the 783 court may direct.

784 (3) A probation program must also include a rehabilitative 785 program component such as a requirement of participation in 786 substance abuse treatment or in a school or career and technical 787 education program. The nonconsent of the child to treatment in a 788 substance abuse treatment program in no way precludes the court 789 from ordering such treatment. Upon the recommendation of the 790 department at the time of disposition, or subsequent to 791 disposition pursuant to the filing of a petition alleging a 792 violation of the child's conditions of postcommitment probation, 793 the court may order the child to submit to random testing for 794 the purpose of detecting and monitoring the use of alcohol or 795 controlled substances.

(4) A probation program <u>must</u> may also include an alternative consequence component to address instances in which a child is noncompliant with technical conditions of his or her probation but has not committed any new violations of law. <u>The</u> alternative consequence component must be aligned with the

Page 32 of 50

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801 department's graduated response matrix as described in s. 802 985.438 Each judicial circuit shall develop, in consultation 803 with judges, the state attorney, the public defender, the 804 regional counsel, relevant law enforcement agencies, and the 805 department, a written plan specifying the alternative 806 consequence component which must be based upon the principle 807 that sanctions must reflect the seriousness of the violation, 808 the assessed criminogenic needs and risks of the child, the 809 child's age and maturity level, and how effective the sanction 810 or incentive will be in moving the child to compliant behavior. 811 The alternative consequence component is designed to provide 812 swift and appropriate consequences or incentives to a child who 813 is alleged to be noncompliant with or in violation of probation. 814 If the probation program includes this component, specific 815 consequences that apply to noncompliance with specific technical 816 conditions of probation, as well as incentives used to move the 817 child toward compliant behavior, must be detailed in the 818 disposition order. 819 Section 13. Section 985.438, Florida Statutes, is created 820 to read: 821 985.438 Graduated response matrix.-822 The department shall create and administer a statewide (1) 823 plan to hold youths accountable to the terms of their court 824 ordered probation and the terms of their conditional release. 825 The plan must be based upon the principle that sanctions must Page 33 of 50

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826 reflect the seriousness of the violation, provide immediate 827 accountability for violations, the assessed criminogenic needs 828 and risks of the child, and the child's age and maturity level. 829 The plan is designed to provide swift and appropriate 830 consequences or incentives to a child who is alleged to be 831 noncompliant with or in violation of his or her probation. 832 (2) The graduated response matrix shall outline sanctions 833 for youth based on their risk to reoffend and shall include, but 834 not be limited to: 835 (a) Increased contacts. 836 (b) Increased drug tests. 837 (c) Curfew reductions. 838 (d) Increased community service. 839 (e) Additional evaluations. 840 (f) Addition of electronic monitoring. 841 (3) The graduated response matrix shall be adopted in rule 842 by the department. 843 Section 14. Section 985.439, Florida Statutes, is amended 844 to read: 845 985.439 Violation of probation or postcommitment 846 probation.-847 This section is applicable when the court has (1)(a) 848 jurisdiction over a child on probation or postcommitment 849 probation, regardless of adjudication. 850 (b) If the conditions of the probation program or the

Page 34 of 50

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851 postcommitment probation program are violated, the department or 852 the state attorney may bring the child before the court on a 853 petition alleging a violation of the program. A child who 854 violates the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation 855 must be brought before the court if sanctions are sought.

856 (c) Upon receiving notice of a violation of probation from 857 the department, the state attorney must file the violation 858 within 5 days or provide in writing to the department and the 859 court the reason as to why he or she is not filing.

860 (2) A child taken into custody under s. 985.101 for
861 violating the conditions of probation shall be screened and
862 detained or released based on his or her risk assessment
863 instrument score.

(3) If the child denies violating the conditions of
probation or postcommitment probation, the court shall, upon the
child's request, appoint counsel to represent the child.

867 Upon the child's admission, or if the court finds (4)868 after a hearing that the child has violated the conditions of 869 probation or postcommitment probation, the court shall enter an 870 order revoking, modifying, or continuing probation or 871 postcommitment probation. In each such case, the court shall enter a new disposition order and, in addition to the sanctions 872 873 set forth in this section, may impose any sanction the court 874 could have imposed at the original disposition hearing. If the 875 child is found to have violated the conditions of probation or

Page 35 of 50

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876	postcommitment probation, the court may:
877	(a) Place the child in supervised release detention with
878	electronic monitoring.
879	(b) If the violation of probation is technical in nature
880	and not a new violation of law, place the child in an
881	alternative consequence program designed to provide swift and
882	appropriate consequences to any further violations of probation.
883	1. Alternative consequence programs shall be established,
884	within existing resources, at the local level in coordination
885	with law enforcement agencies, the chief judge of the circuit,
886	the state attorney, and the public defender.
887	2. Alternative consequence programs may be operated by an
888	entity such as a law enforcement agency, the department, a
889	juvenile assessment center, a county or municipality, or another
890	entity selected by the department.
891	3. Upon placing a child in an alternative consequence
892	program, the court must approve specific consequences for
893	specific violations of the conditions of probation.
894	(c) Modify or continue the child's probation program or
895	postcommitment probation program.
896	(d) Revoke probation or postcommitment probation and
897	commit the child to the department.
898	(e) Allow the department to place a child on electronic
899	monitoring for a violation of probation if it determines doing
900	so will preserve and protect public safety.
	Page 36 of 50

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901 Upon the recommendation of the department at the time (5)902 of disposition, or subsequent to disposition pursuant to the 903 filing of a petition alleging a violation of the child's 904 conditions of postcommitment probation, the court may order the 905 child to submit to random testing for the purpose of detecting 906 and monitoring the use of alcohol or controlled substances. 907 Section 15. Subsection (5) is added to section 985.455, 908 Florida Statutes, to read: 909 985.455 Other dispositional issues.-910 (5) If the court orders revocation or suspension of a 911 child's driver license as part of a disposition, the court may, 912 upon finding a compelling circumstance to warrant an exception, 913 direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to 914 issue a license for driving privileges restricted to business or employment purposes only, as defined in s. 322.271. 915 916 Section 16. Subsections (2), (3), and (5) of section 917 985.46, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read: 918 919 985.46 Conditional release.-920 It is the intent of the Legislature that: (2) 921 (a) Commitment programs include rehabilitative efforts on 922 preparing committed juveniles for a successful release to the 923 community. 924 (b) Conditional release transition planning begins as 925 early in the commitment process as possible.

Page 37 of 50

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926 (c) Each juvenile committed to a residential commitment 927 program <u>receive conditional release services</u> be assessed to 928 determine the need for conditional release services upon release 929 from the commitment program <u>unless the juvenile is directly</u> 930 <u>released by the court</u>.

931 For juveniles referred or committed to the department, (3) 932 the function of the department may include, but shall not be 933 limited to, supervising each juvenile on conditional release 934 when assessing each juvenile placed in a residential commitment 935 program to determine the need for conditional release services 936 upon release from the program, supervising the juvenile when 937 released into the community from a residential commitment 938 facility of the department, providing such counseling and other 939 services as may be necessary for the families and assisting 940 their preparations for the return of the child. Subject to 941 specific appropriation, the department shall provide for 942 outpatient sexual offender counseling for any juvenile sexual 943 offender released from a residential commitment program as a 944 component of conditional release.

945 <u>(5) Conditional release supervision shall contain, at a</u> 946 <u>minimum, the following conditions:</u>

947 <u>(a) (5)</u> Participation in the educational program by 948 students of compulsory school attendance age pursuant to s. 949 1003.21(1) and (2)(a) is mandatory for juvenile justice youth on 950 conditional release or postcommitment probation status. A

Page 38 of 50

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951	student of noncompulsory school-attendance age who has not					
952	received a high school diploma or its equivalent must					
953	participate in an educational program or career and technical					
954	education course <u>of study</u> . A youth who has received a high					
955	school diploma or its equivalent and is not employed must					
956	participate in workforce development or other career or					
957	technical education or attend a community college or a					
958	university while in the program, subject to available funding.					
959	(b) A curfew.					
960	(c) A prohibition on contact with victims, co-defendants,					
961	<u>or known gang members.</u>					
962	(d) A prohibition on use of controlled substances.					
963	(e) A prohibition on possession of firearms.					
964	(6) A youth who violates the terms of his or her					
965	conditional release shall be assessed using the graduated					
966	response matrix as described in s. 985.438. A youth who fails to					
967	move into compliance shall be recommitted to a residential					
968	facility.					
969	Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section					
970	985.48, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:					
971	985.48 Juvenile sexual offender commitment programs;					
972	sexual abuse intervention networks					
973	(1) In order to provide intensive treatment and					
974	psychological services to a juvenile sexual offender committed					
975	to the department, it is the intent of the Legislature to					

Page 39 of 50

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976 establish programs and strategies to effectively respond to 977 juvenile sexual offenders. In designing programs for juvenile 978 sexual offenders, it is the further intent of the Legislature to 979 implement strategies that include:

980 (c) Providing intensive postcommitment supervision of 981 juvenile sexual offenders who are released into the community 982 with terms and conditions which may include electronic 983 monitoring of a juvenile sexual offender for the purpose of 984 enhancing public safety.

985 Section 18. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 986 985.4815, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

987 985.4815 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of 988 information on juvenile sexual offenders.-

989 (6)(a) The information provided to the Department of Law 990 Enforcement must include the following:

991 1. The information obtained from the sexual offender under992 subsection (4).

2. The sexual offender's most current address and place of 993 994 permanent, temporary, or transient residence within the state or 995 out of state, and address, location or description, and dates of 996 any current or known future temporary residence within the state or out of state, while the sexual offender is in the care or 997 998 custody or under the jurisdiction or supervision of the 999 department in this state, including the name of the county or municipality in which the offender permanently or temporarily 1000

Page 40 of 50

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1001 resides, or has a transient residence, and address, location or 1002 description, and dates of any current or known future temporary 1003 residence within the state or out of state; and, if known, the 1004 intended place of permanent, temporary, or transient residence, 1005 and address, location or description, and dates of any current 1006 or known future temporary residence within the state or out of 1007 state upon satisfaction of all sanctions.

1008 3. The legal status of the sexual offender and the 1009 scheduled termination date of that legal status.

1010 4. The location of, and local telephone number for, any
1011 department office that is responsible for supervising the sexual
1012 offender.

1013 5. An indication of whether the victim of the offense that 1014 resulted in the offender's status as a sexual offender was a 1015 minor.

1016 6. The offense or offenses at adjudication and disposition 1017 that resulted in the determination of the offender's status as a 1018 sex offender.

1019 7. A digitized photograph of the sexual offender, which 1020 must have been taken within 60 days before the offender was 1021 released from the custody of the department or a private 1022 correctional facility by expiration of sentence under s. 1023 944.275, or within 60 days after the onset of the department's 1024 supervision of any sexual offender who is on probation, 1025 postcommitment probation, residential commitment, nonresidential

Page 41 of 50

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1026 commitment, licensed child-caring commitment, community control, 1027 conditional release, parole, provisional release, or control 1028 release or who is supervised by the department under the 1029 Interstate Compact Agreement for Probationers and Parolees. If the sexual offender is in the custody of a private correctional 1030 facility, the facility shall take a digitized photograph of the 1031 1032 sexual offender within the time period provided in this 1033 subparagraph and shall provide the photograph to the department. 1034 Section 19. Subsection (11) of section 985.601, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (12), and a new subsection 1035 1036 (11) is added to that section, to read: 1037 985.601 Administering the juvenile justice continuum.-1038 (11) The department shall establish a class focused on the risk and consequences of youthful firearm offending which shall 1039 1040 be provided by the department to any youth who has been 1041 adjudicated or had adjudication withheld for any offense 1042 involving the use or possession of a firearm. 1043 Section 20. Section 985.711, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1044 1045 985.711 Introduction, removal, or possession of certain 1046 articles unlawful; penalty.-1047 (1) (a) Except as authorized through program policy or 1048 operating procedure or as authorized by the facility 1049 superintendent, program director, or manager, a person may not

Page 42 of 50

introduce into or upon the grounds of a juvenile detention

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1051 facility or commitment program, or take or send, or attempt to 1052 take or send, from a juvenile detention facility or commitment 1053 program, any of the following articles, which are declared to be 1054 contraband under this section:

1055 1. Any unauthorized article of food or clothing <u>given or</u>
 1056 <u>transmitted, or intended to be given or transmitted, to any</u>
 1057 <u>youth in a juvenile detention facility or commitment program</u>.

1058 2. Any intoxicating beverage or any beverage that causes1059 or may cause an intoxicating effect.

1060 3. Any controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02(4), 1061 marijuana as defined in s. 381.986, hemp as defined in s. 1062 581.217, industrial hemp as defined in s. 1004.4473, or any 1063 prescription or nonprescription drug that has a hypnotic, 1064 stimulating, or depressing effect.

1065 4. Any firearm or weapon of any kind or any explosive1066 substance.

1067 Any cellular telephone or other portable communication 5. 1068 device as described in s. 944.47(1)(a)6., intentionally and 1069 unlawfully introduced inside the secure perimeter of any 1070 juvenile detention facility or commitment program. As used in 1071 this subparagraph, the term "portable communication device" does 1072 not include any device that has communication capabilities which 1073 has been approved or issued by the facility superintendent, 1074 program director, or manager.

1075

6. Any vapor-generating electronic device as defined in s.

Page 43 of 50

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76 386.203, intentionally and unlawfully introduced inside the 77 secure perimeter of any juvenile detention facility or 78 commitment program.

7. Any currency or coin given or transmitted, or intended to be given or transmitted, to any youth in any juvenile detention facility or commitment program.

<u>8. Any cigarettes, as defined in s. 210.01(1) or tobacco</u>
<u>products, as defined in s. 210.25, given, or intended to be</u>
<u>given, to any youth in a juvenile detention facility or</u>
<u>commitment program.</u>

(b) A person may not transmit contraband to, cause contraband to be transmitted to or received by, attempt to transmit contraband to, or attempt to cause contraband to be transmitted to or received by, a juvenile offender into or upon the grounds of a juvenile detention facility or commitment program, except as authorized through program policy or operating procedures or as authorized by the facility superintendent, program director, or manager.

(c) A juvenile offender or any person, while upon the grounds of a juvenile detention facility or commitment program, may not be in actual or constructive possession of any article or thing declared to be contraband under this section, except as authorized through program policy or operating procedures or as authorized by the facility superintendent, program director, or manager.

Page 44 of 50

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1101 Department staff may use canine units on the grounds (d) 1102 of a juvenile detention facility or commitment program to locate 1103 and seize contraband and ensure security within such facility or 1104 program. 1105 (2) (a) Any person who violates this section as it pertains 1106 to an article of contraband described in subparagraph (1) (a) 1. 1107 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 1108 1109 (b) Any person who violates this section as it pertains to an article of contraband described in subparagraph (1) (a) 5. or 1110 1111 subparagraph (1)(a)6. commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 1112 1113 (c) In all other cases, A person who violates this section 1114 commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 1115 1116 Section 21. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1117 1002.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1002.221 K-12 education records; public records 1118 1119 exemption.-1120 (2) In accordance with the FERPA and the federal 1121 (C) 1122 regulations issued pursuant to the FERPA, an agency or 1123 institution, as defined in s. 1002.22, may release a student's 1124 education records without written consent of the student or 1125 parent to parties to an interagency agreement among the

Page 45 of 50

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1126 Department of Juvenile Justice, the school, law enforcement 1127 authorities, and other signatory agencies. Information provided 1128 pursuant to an interagency agreement may be used for proceedings 1129 initiated under chapter 984 or chapter 985 in furtherance of an 1130 interagency agreement is intended solely for use in determining 1131 the appropriate programs and services for each juvenile or the 1132 juvenile's family, or for coordinating the delivery of the 1133 programs and services, and as such is inadmissible in any court 1134 proceeding before a dispositional hearing unless written consent 1135 is provided by a parent or other responsible adult on behalf of 1136 the juvenile. 1137 Section 22. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 1138 943.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1139 943.051 Criminal justice information; collection and 1140 storage; fingerprinting.-1141 (3)A minor who is charged with or found to have committed 1142 (b) 1143 the following offenses shall be fingerprinted and the 1144 fingerprints shall be submitted electronically to the 1145 department, unless the minor is issued a prearrest delinquency 1146 civil citation pursuant to s. 985.12: 1147 Assault, as defined in s. 784.011. 1. 1148 2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03. 1149 3. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in s. 790.01(2). 1150

Page 46 of 50

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1151 4. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as 1152 defined in s. 790.1615(1). 1153 5. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e). 1154 6. Assault or battery on a law enforcement officer, a 1155 firefighter, or other specified officers, as defined in s. 1156 784.07(2)(a) and (b). 1157 7. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053. 1158 Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03. 8. 1159 9. Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in s. 1160 790.22(5). 1161 10. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014(3). 1162 Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1). 11. 12. Arson, as defined in s. 806.031(1). 1163 1164 13. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or 1165 firearm at a school-sponsored event or on school property, as 1166 provided in s. 790.115. 1167 Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1168 985.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1169 985.11 Fingerprinting and photographing.-1170 (1)1171 (b) Unless the child is issued a prearrest delinquency civil citation or is participating in a similar diversion 1172 1173 program pursuant to s. 985.12, a child who is charged with or 1174 found to have committed one of the following offenses shall be fingerprinted, and the fingerprints shall be submitted to the 1175

Page 47 of 50

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1176 Department of Law Enforcement as provided in s. 943.051(3)(b): 1177 Assault, as defined in s. 784.011. 1. 1178 2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03. 1179 3. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in s. 1180 790.01(2). 1181 4. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as 1182 defined in s. 790.1615(1). 1183 5. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e). 1184 6. Assault on a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, or other specified officers, as defined in s. 784.07(2)(a). 1185 1186 7. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053. Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03. 1187 8. Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in s. 1188 9. 1189 790.22(5). 1190 10. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014. 1191 11. Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1). 1192 Arson, resulting in bodily harm to a firefighter, as 12. 1193 defined in s. 806.031(1). 1194 13. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or 1195 firearm at a school-sponsored event or on school property as defined in s. 790.115. 1196 1197 1198 A law enforcement agency may fingerprint and photograph a child 1199 taken into custody upon probable cause that such child has committed any other violation of law, as the agency deems 1200

Page 48 of 50

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1201 appropriate. Such fingerprint records and photographs shall be 1202 retained by the law enforcement agency in a separate file, and 1203 these records and all copies thereof must be marked "Juvenile Confidential." These records are not available for public 1204 1205 disclosure and inspection under s. 119.07(1) except as provided 1206 in ss. 943.053 and 985.04(2), but shall be available to other 1207 law enforcement agencies, criminal justice agencies, state 1208 attorneys, the courts, the child, the parents or legal 1209 custodians of the child, their attorneys, and any other person 1210 authorized by the court to have access to such records. In 1211 addition, such records may be submitted to the Department of Law 1212 Enforcement for inclusion in the state criminal history records 1213 and used by criminal justice agencies for criminal justice 1214 purposes. These records may, in the discretion of the court, be 1215 open to inspection by anyone upon a showing of cause. The 1216 fingerprint and photograph records shall be produced in the 1217 court whenever directed by the court. Any photograph taken 1218 pursuant to this section may be shown by a law enforcement 1219 officer to any victim or witness of a crime for the purpose of 1220 identifying the person who committed such crime. 1221 Section 24. Paragraph (n) of subsection (2) of section

1222 1006.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1223 1006.07 District school board duties relating to student 1224 discipline and school safety.—The district school board shall 1225 provide for the proper accounting for all students, for the

Page 49 of 50

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1226 attendance and control of students at school, and for proper 1227 attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the 1228 welfare of students, including:

1229 (2) CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT.-Adopt a code of student 1230 conduct for elementary schools and a code of student conduct for 1231 middle and high schools and distribute the appropriate code to 1232 all teachers, school personnel, students, and parents, at the 1233 beginning of every school year. Each code shall be organized and 1234 written in language that is understandable to students and 1235 parents and shall be discussed at the beginning of every school year in student classes, school advisory council meetings, and 1236 1237 parent and teacher association or organization meetings. Each 1238 code shall be based on the rules governing student conduct and 1239 discipline adopted by the district school board and shall be 1240 made available in the student handbook or similar publication. 1241 Each code shall include, but is not limited to:

(n) Criteria for recommending to law enforcement that a
student who commits a criminal offense be allowed to participate
in a prearrest delinquency citation civil citation or similar
prearrest diversion program as an alternative to expulsion or
arrest. All prearrest delinquency citation civil citation or
similar prearrest diversion programs must comply with s. 985.12.
Section 25. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

Page 50 of 50

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