1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to land use and development
3	regulations; creating s. 83.8085, F.S.; providing
4	construction relating to the expansion of self-storage
5	facilities for purposes of certain local ordinances or
6	regulations; amending s. 163.3164, F.S.; revising and
7	providing definitions relating to the Community
8	Planning Act; amending s. 163.3177, F.S.; revising the
9	types of data that comprehensive plans and plan
10	amendments must be based on; revising means by which
11	an application of a methodology used in data
12	collection or whether a particular methodology is
13	professionally accepted and evaluated; revising the
14	elements that must be included in a comprehensive
15	plan; amending s. 163.3187, F.S.; revising criteria
16	for adopting a small scale development amendment;
17	amending s. 163.3202, F.S.; revising content
18	requirements for local land development regulations;
19	revising mechanisms by which applications for infill
20	development must be administratively approved;
21	amending ss. 212.055, and 479.01, F.S.; conforming
22	cross-references; providing severability; providing an
23	effective date.
24	
25	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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26 27 Section 1. Section 83.8085, Florida Statutes, is created 28 to read: 29 83.8085 Self-storage facility expansion.-For purposes of any minimum distance requirements imposed by local ordinances or 30 regulations, the expansion of a self-storage facility that is 31 32 adjacent to and abutting an existing self-storage facility, and 33 that is owned and managed by the same person or entity, may not 34 be considered or deemed a new self-storage facility. The proposed expansion facility shall be deemed an integral part of 35 36 the existing facility for the purposes of satisfying any minimum distance requirements established by a local authority. Any 37 38 expansion of such facilities is subject to the provisions of 39 general law related to the satisfaction of an owner's lien, notice requirements, and publication requirements, as applicable 40 41 to existing self-service storage facilities. 42 Section 2. Subsections (22) through (52) of section 43 163.3164, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (23) 44 through (53), respectively, subsection (12) and present 45 subsections (22), (51), and (52) of that section are amended, 46 and a new subsection (22) is added to that section, to read: 47 163.3164 Community Planning Act; definitions.-As used in this act: 48 49 (12)"Density" means an objective measurement of the 50 number of people or residential units allowed per unit of land, Page 2 of 25

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51 such as dwelling units residents or employees per acre. 52 "Infill residential development" means the expansion (22) 53 of an existing residential development on a contiguous vacant parcel of no more than 20 acres in size within a residential 54 55 future land use category and a residential zoning district that 56 is contiguous on the majority of all sides by residential 57 development. The term "contiguous" means touching, bordering, or adjoining along a boundary. Properties that would be contiguous 58 if not separated by a roadway, railroad, canal, or other public 59 60 easement are considered contiguous.

61 <u>(23)(22)</u> "Intensity" means an objective measurement of the 62 extent to which land may be developed or used, <u>expressed in</u> 63 <u>square feet per unit of land</u> including the consumption or use of 64 the space above, on, or below ground; the measurement of the use 65 of or demand on natural resources; and the measurement of the 66 use of or demand on facilities and services.

(52) (51) "Urban service area" means areas identified in 67 68 the comprehensive plan where public facilities and services, 69 including, but not limited to, central water and sewer capacity 70 and roads, are already in place or may be expanded through 71 investment by the or are identified in the capital improvements 72 element. The term includes any areas identified in the 73 comprehensive plan as urban service areas, regardless of local 74 government or the private sector as evidenced by an executed 75 agreement with the local government to provide urban services

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76	within the local government's 20-year planning period
77	limitation.
78	(53) <del>(52)</del> "Urban sprawl" means <u>an unplanned or uncontrolled</u>
79	a development pattern <del>characterized by low density, automobile-</del>
80	dependent development with either a single use or multiple uses
81	that are not functionally related, requiring the extension of
82	public facilities and services in an inefficient manner, and
83	failing to provide a clear separation between urban and rural
84	uses.
85	Section 3. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1), subsection
86	(2), and paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 163.3177,
87	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
88	163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive
89	plan; studies and surveys
90	(1) The comprehensive plan shall provide the principles,
91	guidelines, standards, and strategies for the orderly and
92	balanced future economic, social, physical, environmental, and
93	fiscal development of the area that reflects community
94	commitments to implement the plan and its elements. These
95	principles and strategies shall guide future decisions in a
96	consistent manner and shall contain programs and activities to
97	ensure comprehensive plans are implemented. The sections of the
98	comprehensive plan containing the principles and strategies,
99	generally provided as goals, objectives, and policies, shall
100	describe how the local government's programs, activities, and
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101 land development regulations will be initiated, modified, or 102 continued to implement the comprehensive plan in a consistent 103 manner. It is not the intent of this part to require the inclusion of implementing regulations in the comprehensive plan 104 105 but rather to require identification of those programs, activities, and land development regulations that will be part 106 107 of the strategy for implementing the comprehensive plan and the principles that describe how the programs, activities, and land 108 109 development regulations will be carried out. The plan shall establish meaningful and predictable standards for the use and 110 development of land and provide meaningful guidelines for the 111 content of more detailed land development and use regulations. 112

All required mandatory and optional elements of the 113 (f) 114 comprehensive plan and plan amendments must shall be based upon 115 relevant and appropriate data and an analysis by the local 116 government that may include, but not be limited to, surveys, 117 studies, community goals and vision, and other data available at 118 the time of adoption of the comprehensive plan or plan 119 amendment. To be based on data means to react to it in an 120 appropriate way and to the extent necessary indicated by the 121 data available on that particular subject at the time of 122 adoption of the plan or plan amendment at issue.

123 1. Surveys, studies, and data utilized in the preparation 124 of the comprehensive plan may not be deemed a part of the 125 comprehensive plan unless adopted as a part of it. Copies of

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126 such studies, surveys, data, and supporting documents for 127 proposed plans and plan amendments must shall be made available 128 for public inspection, and copies of such plans must shall be 129 made available to the public upon payment of reasonable charges 130 for reproduction. Support data or summaries shall be are not subject to the compliance review process., but The comprehensive 131 132 plan, the support data, and the summaries must be clearly based on current appropriate data and analysis, which is relevant to 133 134 and correlates with the proposed amendment. Support data or 135 summaries may be used to aid in the determination of compliance 136 and consistency.

Data must be taken from professionally accepted 137 2. 138 sources. The application of a methodology utilized in data 139 collection or whether a particular methodology is professionally 140 accepted may be evaluated. However, the evaluation may not 141 include whether one accepted methodology is better than another. 142 Original data collection by local governments is not required. However, local governments may use original data so long as 143 144 methodologies are professionally accepted.

3. The comprehensive plan <u>must</u> shall be based upon permanent and seasonal population estimates and projections, which <u>must</u> shall either be those published by the Office of Economic and Demographic Research or generated by the local government based upon a professionally acceptable methodology, whichever is greater. The plan must be based on at least the

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151 minimum amount of land required to accommodate the medium 152 projections as published by the Office of Economic and 153 Demographic Research for at least a 10-year planning period 154 unless otherwise limited under s. 380.05, including related 155 rules of the Administration Commission. Absent physical 156 limitations on population growth, population projections for 157 each municipality, and the unincorporated area within a county 158 must, at a minimum, be reflective of each area's proportional 159 share of the total county population and the total county 160 population growth.

Coordination of the required and optional several 161 (2) elements of the local comprehensive plan must shall be a major 162 163 objective of the planning process. The required and optional 164 several elements of the comprehensive plan must shall be 165 consistent. Optional elements of the comprehensive plan may not 166 contain policies that restrict the density or intensity 167 established in the future land use element. Where data is 168 relevant to required and optional several elements, consistent 169 data must shall be used, including population estimates and 170 projections unless alternative data can be justified for a plan 171 amendment through new supporting data and analysis. Each map depicting future conditions must reflect the principles, 172 173 guidelines, and standards within all elements, and each such map must be contained within the comprehensive plan. 174 175 In addition to the requirements of subsections (1) -(6)

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176 (5), the comprehensive plan shall include the following 177 elements:

178 A future land use plan element designating proposed (a) 179 future general distribution, location, and extent of the uses of 180 land for residential uses, commercial uses, industry, agriculture, recreation, conservation, education, public 181 182 facilities, and other categories of the public and private uses 183 of land. The approximate acreage and the general range of 184 density or intensity of use must shall be provided for the gross 185 land area included in each existing land use category. The 186 element must shall establish the long-term end toward which land use programs and activities are ultimately directed. 187

188 1. Each future land use category must be defined in terms 189 of uses included, and must include standards to be followed in 190 the control and distribution of population densities and 191 building and structure intensities. The proposed distribution, 192 location, and extent of the various categories of land use <u>must</u> 193 <del>shall</del> be shown on a land use map or map series which <u>is shall be</u> 194 supplemented by goals, policies, and measurable objectives.

195 2. The future land use plan and plan amendments <u>must</u> shall 196 be based upon surveys, studies, and data regarding the area, as 197 applicable, including:

a. The amount of land required to accommodate anticipated
growth, including the amount of land necessary to accommodate
single-family, two-family, and fee simple townhome development.

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201 The projected permanent and seasonal population of the b. 202 area. 203 The character of undeveloped land. с. 204 d. The availability of water supplies, public facilities, 205 and services. 206 e. The amount of land located outside the urban service 207 area, excluding lands designated for conservation, preservation, 208 or other public use. 209 f.e. The need for redevelopment, including the renewal of 210 blighted areas and the elimination of nonconforming uses which are inconsistent with the character of the community. 211 212 q.f. The compatibility of uses on lands adjacent to or closely proximate to military installations. 213 214 h.g. The compatibility of uses on lands adjacent to an 215 airport as defined in s. 330.35 and consistent with s. 333.02. 216 i.h. The discouragement of urban sprawl. 217 j.i. The need for job creation, capital investment, and 218 economic development that will strengthen and diversify the 219 community's economy. 220 k.j. The need to modify land uses and development patterns 221 within antiquated subdivisions. 3. The future land use plan element must shall include 222 223 criteria to be used to: 224 a. Achieve the compatibility of lands adjacent or closely 225 proximate to military installations, considering factors Page 9 of 25

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226 identified in s. 163.3175(5). 227 Achieve the compatibility of lands adjacent to an b. 228 airport as defined in s. 330.35 and consistent with s. 333.02. 229 с. Encourage preservation of recreational and commercial 230 working waterfronts for water-dependent uses in coastal 231 communities. 232 d. Encourage the location of schools proximate to urban 233 service residential areas to the extent possible and encourage 234 the location of schools in all areas if necessary to provide 235 adequate school capacity to serve residential development. 236 e. Coordinate future land uses with the topography and 237 soil conditions, and the availability of facilities and 238 services. 239 f. Ensure the protection of natural and historic 240 resources. 241 Provide for the compatibility of adjacent land uses. q. 242 Provide guidelines for the implementation of mixed-use h. 243 development including the types of uses allowed, the percentage 244 distribution among the mix of uses, or other standards, and the 245 density and intensity of each use. 246 4. The amount of land designated for future planned uses must shall provide a balance of uses that foster vibrant, viable 247 248 communities and economic development opportunities and address 249 outdated development patterns, such as antiquated subdivisions. The amount of land designated for future land uses should allow 250 Page 10 of 25

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2.51 the operation of real estate markets to provide adequate choices 252 for permanent and seasonal residents and business and may not be 253 limited solely by the projected population. The element must 254 shall accommodate at least the minimum amount of land required 255 to accommodate the medium projections as published by the Office 256 of Economic and Demographic Research for at least a 10-year 257 planning period unless otherwise limited under s. 380.05, 258 including related rules of the Administration Commission.

259 5. The future land use plan of a county may designate260 areas for possible future municipal incorporation.

6. The land use maps or map series <u>must</u> shall generally
identify and depict historic district boundaries and <u>must</u> shall
designate historically significant properties meriting
protection.

265 7. The future land use element must clearly identify the 266 land use categories in which public schools are an allowable 267 use. When delineating the land use categories in which public 268 schools are an allowable use, a local government shall include 269 in the categories sufficient land proximate to residential 270 development to meet the projected needs for schools in 271 coordination with public school boards and may establish 272 differing criteria for schools of different type or size. Each 273 local government shall include lands contiguous to existing 274 school sites, to the maximum extent possible, within the land use categories in which public schools are an allowable use. 275

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276 8. Future land use map amendments <u>must</u> shall be based upon 277 the following analyses:

278 a. An analysis of the availability of facilities and279 services.

280 b. An analysis of the suitability of the plan amendment 281 for its proposed use considering the character of the 282 undeveloped land, soils, topography, natural resources, and 283 historic resources on site.

c. An analysis of the minimum amount of land needed toachieve the goals and requirements of this section.

9. The future land use element <u>must</u> and any amendment to the future land use element shall discourage the proliferation of urban sprawl <u>by planning for future development as provided</u> <u>in this section</u>.

290 a. The primary indicators that a plan or plan amendment 291 does not discourage the proliferation of urban sprawl are listed 292 below. The evaluation of the presence of these indicators shall 293 consist of an analysis of the plan or plan amendment within the 294 context of features and characteristics unique to each locality 295 in order to determine whether the plan or plan amendment:

(I) Promotes, allows, or designates for development
substantial areas of the jurisdiction to develop as lowintensity, low-density, or single-use development or uses.

(II) Promotes, allows, or designates significant amountsof urban development to occur in rural areas at substantial

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301 distances from existing urban areas while not using undeveloped 302 lands that are available and suitable for development.

303 (III) Promotes, allows, or designates urban development in 304 radial, strip, isolated, or ribbon patterns generally emanating 305 from existing urban developments.

(IV) Fails to adequately protect and conserve natural resources, such as wetlands, floodplains, native vegetation, environmentally sensitive areas, natural groundwater aquifer recharge areas, lakes, rivers, shorelines, beaches, bays, estuarine systems, and other significant natural systems.

(V) Fails to adequately protect adjacent agricultural areas and activities, including silviculture, active agricultural and silvicultural activities, passive agricultural activities, and dormant, unique, and prime farmlands and soils.

315 (VI) Fails to maximize use of existing public facilities 316 and services.

317 (VII) Fails to maximize use of future public facilities 318 and services.

(VIII) Allows for land use patterns or timing which disproportionately increase the cost in time, money, and energy of providing and maintaining facilities and services, including roads, potable water, sanitary sewer, stormwater management, law enforcement, education, health care, fire and emergency response, and general government.

325

(IX) Fails to provide a clear separation between rural and

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326 urban uses.

329

327 (X) Discourages or inhibits infill development or the
 328 redevelopment of existing neighborhoods and communities.

(XI) Fails to encourage a functional mix of uses.

330 (XII) Results in poor accessibility among linked or 331 related land uses.

332 (XIII) Results in the loss of significant amounts of333 functional open space.

b. The future land use element or plan amendment shall be determined to discourage the proliferation of urban sprawl if it incorporates a development pattern or urban form that achieves four or more of the following:

(I) Directs or locates economic growth and associated land development to geographic areas of the community in a manner that does not have an adverse impact on and protects natural resources and ecosystems.

342 (II) Promotes the efficient and cost-effective provision343 or extension of public infrastructure and services.

(III) Promotes walkable and connected communities and provides for compact development and a mix of uses at densities and intensities that will support a range of housing choices and a multimodal transportation system, including pedestrian,

348 bicycle, and transit, if available.

349

(IV) Promotes conservation of water and energy.

350 (V) Preserves agricultural areas and activities, including

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351 silviculture, and dormant, unique, and prime farmlands and 352 soils. 353 Preserves open space and natural lands and provides (VI) 354 for public open space and recreation needs. 355 (VII) Creates a balance of land uses based upon demands of 356 the residential population for the nonresidential needs of an 357 area. 358 (VIII) Provides uses, densities, and intensities of use 359 and urban form that would remediate an existing or planned 360 development pattern in the vicinity that constitutes sprawl or 361 if it provides for an innovative development pattern such as 362 transit-oriented developments or new towns as defined in s. 363 163.3164. 364 10. The future land use element must shall include a 365 future land use map or map series. 366 The proposed distribution, extent, and location of the a. 367 following uses must shall be shown on the future land use map or 368 map series: 369 (I) Residential. 370 (II) Commercial. 371 (III) Industrial. 372 (IV) Agricultural. 373 (V) Recreational. 374 (VI) Conservation. 375 (VII) Educational.

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376	(VIII) Public.					
377	b. The following areas $\underline{must}$ $\underline{shall}$ also be shown on the					
378	future land use map or map series, if applicable:					
379	(I) Historic district boundaries and designated					
380	historically significant properties.					
381	(II) Transportation concurrency management area boundaries					
382	or transportation concurrency exception area boundaries.					
383	(III) Multimodal transportation district boundaries.					
384	(IV) Mixed-use categories.					
385	c. The following natural resources or conditions <u>must</u>					
386	shall be shown on the future land use map or map series, if					
387	applicable:					
388	(I) Existing and planned public potable waterwells, cones					
389	of influence, and wellhead protection areas.					
390	(II) Beaches and shores, including estuarine systems.					
391	(III) Rivers, bays, lakes, floodplains, and harbors.					
392	(IV) Wetlands.					
393	(V) Minerals and soils.					
394	(VI) Coastal high hazard areas.					
395	Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section					
396	163.3187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:					
397	163.3187 Process for adoption of small scale comprehensive					
398	plan amendment					
399	(1) A small scale development amendment may be adopted					
400	under the following conditions:					
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401 The proposed amendment involves a use of 150 50 acres (a) 402 or fewer. and: 403 Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 163.3202, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to that 404 405 section, to read: 406 163.3202 Land development regulations.-407 Local land development regulations shall contain (2) specific and detailed provisions necessary or desirable to 408 409 implement the adopted comprehensive plan and shall at a minimum: 410 Regulate the subdivision of land. (a) (b) Establish minimum lot sizes within single-family, two-411 412 family, and fee simple, single-family townhouse zoning districts 413 to accommodate the maximum density authorized in the 414 comprehensive plan, net of the land area required to be set 415 aside for subdivision roads, sidewalks, stormwater ponds, open 416 space, landscape buffers, and any other mandatory land 417 development regulations that require land to be set aside that 418 could otherwise be used for the development of single-family 419 homes, two-family homes, and fee simple, single-family 420 townhouses. 421 (c) (b) Regulate the use of land and water for those land 422 use categories included in the land use element and ensure the 423 compatibility of adjacent uses and provide for open space. 424 (d) (c) Provide for protection of potable water wellfields. 425 (e) (d) Regulate areas subject to seasonal and periodic

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426 flooding and provide for drainage and stormwater management.

427 <u>(f)(e)</u> Ensure the protection of environmentally sensitive 428 lands designated in the comprehensive plan.

429

(g) (f) Regulate signage.

430 (h) (g) Provide that public facilities and services meet or 431 exceed the standards established in the capital improvements 432 element required by s. 163.3177 and are available when needed 433 for the development, or that development orders and permits are 434 conditioned on the availability of these public facilities and 435 services necessary to serve the proposed development. A local government may not issue a development order or permit that 436 437 results in a reduction in the level of services for the affected public facilities below the level of services provided in the 438 439 local government's comprehensive plan.

440 (i) (h) Ensure safe and convenient onsite traffic flow,
 441 considering needed vehicle parking.

442 <u>(j)(i)</u> Maintain the existing density of residential 443 properties or recreational vehicle parks if the properties are 444 intended for residential use and are located in the 445 unincorporated areas that have sufficient infrastructure, as 446 determined by a local governing authority, and are not located 447 within a coastal high-hazard area under s. 163.3178.

448 <u>(k) (j)</u> Incorporate preexisting development orders 449 identified pursuant to s. 163.3167(3).

450

(8) Notwithstanding any ordinance existing on July 1,

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451 2024, to the contrary, an application for infill development 452 shall be administratively approved and no comprehensive plan 453 amendment, rezoning, or variance shall be required if the 454 proposed infill development has the same or less gross density 455 as the existing development and is generally consistent with the development standards, including lot size and setbacks, of the 456 existing development. A <u>development order issued for development</u> 457 458 authorized pursuant to this subsection is deemed consistent with 459 all applicable local government comprehensive plans and land 460 development regulations. Section 6. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 461 462

212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

463 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; 464 authorization and use of proceeds.-It is the legislative intent 465 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales 466 surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a 467 subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the 468 levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties 469 authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the 470 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 471 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 472 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 473 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 474 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 475 provided in s. 212.054.

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476 (2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX.-477 The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this (d) 478 subsection and any accrued interest shall be expended by the 479 school district, within the county and municipalities within the 480 county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, 481 within another county, to finance, plan, and construct 482 infrastructure; to acquire any interest in land for public 483 recreation, conservation, or protection of natural resources or 484 to prevent or satisfy private property rights claims resulting 485 from limitations imposed by the designation of an area of 486 critical state concern; to provide loans, grants, or rebates to 487 residential or commercial property owners who make energy 488 efficiency improvements to their residential or commercial 489 property, if a local government ordinance authorizing such use 490 is approved by referendum; or to finance the closure of county-491 owned or municipally owned solid waste landfills that have been 492 closed or are required to be closed by order of the Department 493 of Environmental Protection. Any use of the proceeds or interest 494 for purposes of landfill closure before July 1, 1993, is 495 ratified. The proceeds and any interest may not be used for the 496 operational expenses of infrastructure, except that a county 497 that has a population of fewer than 75,000 and that is required 498 to close a landfill may use the proceeds or interest for long-499 term maintenance costs associated with landfill closure. Counties, as defined in s. 125.011, and charter counties may, in 500

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addition, use the proceeds or interest to retire or service indebtedness incurred for bonds issued before July 1, 1987, for infrastructure purposes, and for bonds subsequently issued to refund such bonds. Any use of the proceeds or interest for purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for refunding bonds before July 1, 1999, is ratified.

507 1. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 508 "infrastructure" means:

509 a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay 510 associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more 511 512 years, any related land acquisition, land improvement, design, 513 and engineering costs, and all other professional and related 514 costs required to bring the public facilities into service. For 515 purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "public facilities" 516 means facilities as defined in s. 163.3164(40) <del>163.3164(39)</del>, s. 517 163.3221(13), or s. 189.012(5), and includes facilities that are 518 necessary to carry out governmental purposes, including, but not 519 limited to, fire stations, general governmental office 520 buildings, and animal shelters, regardless of whether the 521 facilities are owned by the local taxing authority or another 522 governmental entity.

b. A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical service
vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police department
vehicle, or any other vehicle, and the equipment necessary to

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526 outfit the vehicle for its official use or equipment that has a 527 life expectancy of at least 5 years.

528 c. Any expenditure for the construction, lease, or 529 maintenance of, or provision of utilities or security for, 530 facilities, as defined in s. 29.008.

531 Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay d. 532 associated with the improvement of private facilities that have 533 a life expectancy of 5 or more years and that the owner agrees 534 to make available for use on a temporary basis as needed by a 535 local government as a public emergency shelter or a staging area for emergency response equipment during an emergency officially 536 537 declared by the state or by the local government under s. 538 252.38. Such improvements are limited to those necessary to 539 comply with current standards for public emergency evacuation 540 shelters. The owner must enter into a written contract with the 541 local government providing the improvement funding to make the 542 private facility available to the public for purposes of 543 emergency shelter at no cost to the local government for a 544 minimum of 10 years after completion of the improvement, with 545 the provision that the obligation will transfer to any 546 subsequent owner until the end of the minimum period.

e. Any land acquisition expenditure for a residential
housing project in which at least 30 percent of the units are
affordable to individuals or families whose total annual
household income does not exceed 120 percent of the area median

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551 income adjusted for household size, if the land is owned by a 552 local government or by a special district that enters into a 553 written agreement with the local government to provide such 554 housing. The local government or special district may enter into 555 a ground lease with a public or private person or entity for 556 nominal or other consideration for the construction of the 557 residential housing project on land acquired pursuant to this 558 sub-subparagraph.

559 f. Instructional technology used solely in a school 560 district's classrooms. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term "instructional technology" means an interactive device that 561 562 assists a teacher in instructing a class or a group of students 563 and includes the necessary hardware and software to operate the 564 interactive device. The term also includes support systems in 565 which an interactive device may mount and is not required to be 566 affixed to the facilities.

567 For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "energy 2. 568 efficiency improvement" means any energy conservation and 569 efficiency improvement that reduces consumption through 570 conservation or a more efficient use of electricity, natural 571 gas, propane, or other forms of energy on the property, including, but not limited to, air sealing; installation of 572 573 insulation; installation of energy-efficient heating, cooling, 574 or ventilation systems; installation of solar panels; building 575 modifications to increase the use of daylight or shade;

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576 replacement of windows; installation of energy controls or 577 energy recovery systems; installation of electric vehicle 578 charging equipment; installation of systems for natural gas fuel 579 as defined in s. 206.9951; and installation of efficient 580 lighting equipment.

581 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, 582 a local government infrastructure surtax imposed or extended 583 after July 1, 1998, may allocate up to 15 percent of the surtax 584 proceeds for deposit into a trust fund within the county's 585 accounts created for the purpose of funding economic development projects having a general public purpose of improving local 586 587 economies, including the funding of operational costs and 588 incentives related to economic development. The ballot statement 589 must indicate the intention to make an allocation under the 590 authority of this subparagraph.

591 Section 7. Subsection (29) of section 479.01, Florida 592 Statutes, is amended to read:

593

479.01 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:

(29) "Zoning category" means the designation under the land development regulations or other similar ordinance enacted to regulate the use of land as provided in <u>s. 163.3202(2)</u> <del>s.</del> <del>163.3202(2)(b)</del>, which designation sets forth the allowable uses, restrictions, and limitations on use applicable to properties within the category.

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Section 8. If any provision of this act is held invalid

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601	with respect to any person or circumstance, the invalidity does
602	not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can
603	be given effect without the invalid provision or application,
604	and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.
605	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

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