By Senator Martin

	33-01163A-24 20241274
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to juvenile justice; amending s.
3	790.115, F.S.; removing a provision requiring
4	specified treatment of minors charged with possessing
5	or discharging a firearm on school property; amending
6	s. 790.22, F.S.; revising penalties for minors
7	committing specified firearms violations; removing
8	provisions concerning minors charged with or convicted
9	of certain firearms offenses; amending s. 985.101,
10	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
11	act; amending s. 985.12, F.S.; redesignating civil
12	citation programs as prearrest delinquency citation
13	programs; revising program requirements; providing
14	that certain existing programs meeting certain
15	requirements shall be deemed authorized; amending s.
16	985.125, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made
17	by the act; amending s. 985.126, F.S.; requiring the
18	Department of Juvenile Justice to publish a quarterly
19	report concerning entities using delinquency citations
20	for less than a specified amount of eligible offenses;
21	amending s. 985.245, F.S.; conforming provisions to
22	changes made by the act; amending s. 985.25, F.S.;
23	requiring that youths who are arrested for certain
24	electronic monitoring or supervised release violations
25	be placed in secure detention until a detention
26	hearing; requiring that a child on probation for an
27	underlying felony firearm offense who is taken into
28	custody be placed in secure detention; providing for
29	renewal of secure detention periods in certain

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33-01163A-24 20241274 30 circumstances; amending s. 985.255, F.S.; providing 31 that when there is probable cause that a child 32 committed one of a specified list of offenses that he or she is presumed to be a risk to public safety and 33 34 danger to the community and must be held in secure a 35 detention before an adjudicatory hearing; providing 36 requirements for release of such a child despite the 37 presumption; revising provisions concerning the use of risk assessments; amending s. 985.26, F.S.; revising 38 39 requirements for holding a child in secure detention 40 for more than 21 days; amending s. 985.433, F.S.; 41 requiring conditional release conditions for children 42 released after confinement for specified firearms offenses; requiring specified sanctions for certain 43 44 children adjudicated for certain firearms offenses who are not committed to a residential program; providing 45 46 that children who previously have had adjudication 47 withheld for certain offenses my not have adjudication withheld for specified offenses; amending s. 985.435, 48 49 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 50 act; creating s. 985.438, F.S.; requiring the 51 Department of Juvenile Justice to create and 52 administer a graduated response matrix to hold youths 53 accountable to the terms of their court ordered probation and the terms of their conditional release; 54 providing requirements for the matrix; requiring that 55 56 the matrix be adopted in rule by the department; 57 amending s. 985.439, F.S.; requiring a state attorney 58 to file a probation violation within a specified

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33-01163A-24 20241274 59 period or inform the court and the Department of 60 Juvenile Justice why such violation is not filed; 61 removing provisions concerning an alternative consequence program; allowing placement of electronic 62 63 monitoring for probation violations in certain 64 circumstances; amending s. 985.455, F.S.; authorizing 65 a court to make an exception to an order of revocation or suspension of driving privileges in certain 66 circumstances; amending s. 985.46, F.S.; revising 67 68 legislative intent concerning conditional release; 69 revising the conditions of conditional release; 70 providing for assessment of conditional release 71 violations and possible recommitment of violators; 72 amending ss. 985.48 and 985.4815, F.S.; conforming 73 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 74 985.601, F.S.; requiring the Department of Juvenile 75 Justice to establish a specified class for firearms 76 offenders; amending s. 985.711, F.S.; revising 77 provisions concerning introduction of contraband into 78 department facilities; revising criminal penalties for violations; amending s. 1002.221, F.S.; revising 79 80 provisions concerning educational records for certain 81 purposes; amending ss. 943.051, 985.11, and 1006.07, 82 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date. 83 84 85 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 86 87 Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 790.115, Florida

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unless:

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88	Statutes, is amended to read:
89	790.115 Possessing or discharging weapons or firearms at a
90	school-sponsored event or on school property prohibited;
91	penalties; exceptions
92	(4) Notwithstanding s. 985.24, s. 985.245, or s. 985.25(1),
93	any minor under 18 years of age who is charged under this
94	section with possessing or discharging a firearm on school
95	property shall be detained in secure detention, unless the state
96	attorney authorizes the release of the minor, and shall be given
97	a probable cause hearing within 24 hours after being taken into
98	custody. At the hearing, the court may order that the minor
99	continue to be held in secure detention for a period of 21 days,
100	during which time the minor shall receive medical, psychiatric,
101	psychological, or substance abuse examinations pursuant to s.
102	985.18, and a written report shall be completed.
103	Section 2. Subsections (1), (5), (8), (9), and (10) of
104	section 790.22, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection
105	(3) of that section is republished, to read:
106	790.22 Use of BB guns, air or gas-operated guns, or
107	electric weapons or devices by minor under 16; limitation;
108	possession of firearms by minor under 18 prohibited; penalties
109	(1) The use for any purpose whatsoever of BB guns, air or
110	gas-operated guns, or electric weapons or devices, by any minor
111	under the age of 16 years is prohibited unless such use is under
112	the supervision and in the presence of an adult who is acting
113	with the consent of the minor's parent or guardian.
114	(3) A minor under 18 years of age may not possess a
115	firearm, other than an unloaded firearm at his or her home,

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117	(a) The minor is engaged in a lawful hunting activity and
118	is:
119	1. At least 16 years of age; or
120	2. Under 16 years of age and supervised by an adult.
121	(b) The minor is engaged in a lawful marksmanship
122	competition or practice or other lawful recreational shooting
123	activity and is:
124	1. At least 16 years of age; or
125	2. Under 16 years of age and supervised by an adult who is
126	acting with the consent of the minor's parent or guardian.
127	(c) The firearm is unloaded and is being transported by the
128	minor directly to or from an event authorized in paragraph (a)
129	or paragraph (b).
130	(5) (a) A minor who violates subsection (3) commits a <u>felony</u>
131	misdemeanor of the third first degree; for a first offense,
132	<u>shall</u> may serve a period of detention of up to 5 days in a
133	secure detention facility, with credit for time served in secure
134	detention prior to disposition; and, in addition to any other
135	penalty provided by law, shall be required to perform 100 hours
136	of community service or paid work as determined by the
137	department. For a second violation of subsection (3), a minor
138	shall serve 21 days in a secure detention facility, with credit
139	for time served in secure detention before disposition; and
140	shall be required to perform not less than 100 nor more than 250
141	hours of community service or paid work as determined by the
142	department. For a third or subsequent violation of subsection
143	(3), a minor shall be adjudicated delinquent and committed to a
144	residential program. In addition to the penalties for a first
145	offense and a second or subsequent offense under subsection (3) $ au$

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146 and: 147 (a) 1. If the minor is eligible by reason of age for a driver license or driving privilege, the court may direct the 148 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to 149 withhold issuance of the minor's driver license or driving 150 151 privilege for up to 1 year for a first offense and up to 2 years 152 for a second or subsequent offense. 153 (b) 2. If the minor's driver license or driving privilege is 154 under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may 155 direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to 156 extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional period of up to 1 year for a first offense and up to 2 years for 157 158 a second or subsequent offense. (c) 3. If the minor is ineligible by reason of age for a 159 driver license or driving privilege, the court may direct the 160 161 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold 162 issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for 163 up to 1 year after the date on which the minor would otherwise 164 have become eligible for a first offense and up to 2 years for a 165 second or subsequent offense. 166 (b) For a second or subsequent offense, a minor who 167 violates subsection (3) commits a felony of the third degree and 168 shall serve a period of detention of up to 21 days in a secure 169 detention facility and shall be required to perform not less 170 than 100 nor more than 250 hours of community service, and: 171 1. If the minor is eligible by reason of age for a driver 172 license or driving privilege, the court may direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to 173 withhold issuance of the minor's driver license or driving 174

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175	privilege for up to 2 years.
176	2. If the minor's driver license or driving privilege is
177	under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may
178	direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
179	extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional
180	period of up to 2 years.
181	3. If the minor is ineligible by reason of age for a driver
182	license or driving privilege, the court may direct the
183	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold
184	issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for
185	up to 2 years after the date on which the minor would otherwise
186	have become eligible.
187	
188	For the purposes of this subsection, community service shall be
189	performed, if possible, in a manner involving a hospital
190	emergency room or other medical environment that deals on a
191	regular basis with trauma patients and gunshot wounds.
192	(8) Notwithstanding s. 985.24 or s. 985.25(1), if a minor
193	is charged with an offense that involves the use or possession
194	of a firearm, including a violation of subsection (3), or is
195	charged for any offense during the commission of which the minor
196	possessed a firearm, the minor shall be detained in secure
197	detention, unless the state attorney authorizes the release of
198	the minor, and shall be given a hearing within 24 hours after
199	being taken into custody. At the hearing, the court may order
200	that the minor continue to be held in secure detention in
201	accordance with the applicable time periods specified in s.
202	985.26(1)-(5), if the court finds that the minor meets the
203	criteria specified in s. 985.255, or if the court finds by clear
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204 and convincing evidence that the minor is a clear and present danger to himself or herself or the community. The Department of 205 206 Juvenile Justice shall prepare a form for all minors charged 207 under this subsection which states the period of detention and 208 the relevant demographic information, including, but not limited 209 to, the gender, age, and race of the minor; whether or not the 210 minor was represented by private counsel or a public defender; 211 the current offense; and the minor's complete prior record, 212 including any pending cases. The form shall be provided to the 213 judge for determining whether the minor should be continued in 214 secure detention under this subsection. An order placing a minor 215 in secure detention because the minor is a clear and present 216 danger to himself or herself or the community must be in 217 writing, must specify the need for detention and the benefits 218 derived by the minor or the community by placing the minor in 219 secure detention, and must include a copy of the form provided 220 by the department.

221 (9) Notwithstanding s. 985.245, if the minor is found to 222 have committed an offense that involves the use or possession of 223 a firearm, as defined in s. 790.001, other than a violation of 224 subsection (3), or an offense during the commission of which the 225 minor possessed a firearm, and the minor is not committed to a 226 residential commitment program of the Department of Juvenile 227 Justice, in addition to any other punishment provided by law, the court shall order: 228

(a) For a first offense, that the minor shall serve a minimum period of detention of 15 days in a secure detention facility; and

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1. Perform 100 hours of community service; and may

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233	2. Be placed on community control or in a nonresidential
234	commitment program.
235	(b) For a second or subsequent offense, that the minor
236	shall serve a mandatory period of detention of at least 21 days
237	in a secure detention facility; and
238	1. Perform not less than 100 nor more than 250 hours of
239	community service; and may
240	2. Be placed on community control or in a nonresidential
241	commitment program.
242	
243	The minor shall not receive credit for time served before
244	adjudication. For the purposes of this subsection, community
245	service shall be performed, if possible, in a manner involving a
246	hospital emergency room or other medical environment that deals
247	on a regular basis with trauma patients and gunshot wounds.
248	(10) If a minor is found to have committed an offense under
249	subsection (9), the court shall impose the following penalties
250	in addition to any penalty imposed under paragraph (9)(a) or
251	paragraph (9)(b):
252	(a) For a first offense:
253	1. If the minor is eligible by reason of age for a driver
254	license or driving privilege, the court may direct the
255	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to
256	withhold issuance of the minor's driver license or driving
257	privilege for up to 1 year.
258	2. If the minor's driver license or driving privilege is
259	under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may
260	direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
261	extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional

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262	period for up to 1 year.
263	3. If the minor is ineligible by reason of age for a driver
264	license or driving privilege, the court may direct the
265	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold
266	issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for
267	up to 1 year after the date on which the minor would otherwise
268	have become eligible.
269	(b) For a second or subsequent offense:
270	1. If the minor is eligible by reason of age for a driver
271	license or driving privilege, the court may direct the
272	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to
273	withhold issuance of the minor's driver license or driving
274	privilege for up to 2 years.
275	2. If the minor's driver license or driving privilege is
276	under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may
277	direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
278	extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional
279	period for up to 2 years.
280	3. If the minor is ineligible by reason of age for a driver
281	license or driving privilege, the court may direct the
282	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold
283	issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for
284	up to 2 years after the date on which the minor would otherwise
285	have become eligible.
286	Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section
287	985.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
288	985.101 Taking a child into custody
289	(1) A child may be taken into custody under the following
290	circumstances:
1	

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291	(d) By a law enforcement officer who has probable cause to
292	believe that the child is in violation of the conditions of the
293	child's probation, supervised release detention, postcommitment
294	probation, or conditional release supervision; has absconded
295	from nonresidential commitment; or has escaped from residential
296	commitment.
297	
298	Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to allow the
299	detention of a child who does not meet the detention criteria in
300	part V.
301	Section 4. Section 985.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to
302	read:
303	985.12 Prearrest delinquency Civil citation or similar
304	prearrest diversion programs.—
305	(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.—The Legislature finds
306	that the creation and implementation of <u>delinquency</u> civil
307	citation or similar prearrest diversion programs at the judicial
308	circuit level promotes public safety, aids interagency
309	cooperation, and provides the greatest chance of success for
310	<u>delinquency</u> civil citation a nd similar prearrest diversion
311	programs. The Legislature further finds that the widespread use
312	of <u>delinquency</u> civil citation and similar prearrest diversion
313	programs has a positive effect on the criminal justice system <u>by</u>
314	immediately holding youth accountable for their actions and
315	contributes to an overall reduction in the crime rate and
316	recidivism in the state. The Legislature encourages but does not
317	mandate that counties, municipalities, and public or private
318	educational institutions participate in a <u>delinquency</u> civil
319	citation or similar prearrest diversion program created by their

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20241274___ 33-01163A-24 320 judicial circuit under this section. 321 (2) JUDICIAL CIRCUIT DELINQUENCY CIVIL CITATION OR SIMILAR 322 PREARREST DIVERSION PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT, IMPLEMENTATION, AND 323 OPERATION.-324 (a) A delinquency civil citation or similar prearrest 325 diversion program for misdemeanor offenses shall be established 326 in each judicial circuit in the state. The state attorney and 327 public defender of each circuit, the clerk of the court for each 328 county in the circuit, and representatives of participating law 329 enforcement agencies in the circuit shall create a delinquency 330 civil citation or similar prearrest diversion program and 331 develop its policies and procedures. In developing the program's 332 policies and procedures, input from other interested 333 stakeholders may be solicited. The department shall annually 334 develop and provide guidelines on best practice models for 335 delinquency civil citation or similar prearrest diversion 336 programs to the judicial circuits as a resource. 337 (b) Each judicial circuit's delinquency civil citation or 338 similar prearrest diversion program must specify all of the 339 following: 340 1. The misdemeanor offenses that qualify a juvenile for 341 participation in the program. Offenses involving the use or possession of a firearm are not eligible for delinquency 342 343 citation.; 2. The eligibility criteria for the program. + 344 345 3. The program's implementation and operation.+ 346 4. The program's requirements, including, but not limited 347 to, the completion of community service hours, payment of restitution, if applicable, classes established by the 348

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349	department or the delinquency citation entity, and intervention
350	services indicated by a needs assessment of the juvenile,
351	approved by the department, such as family counseling,
352	urinalysis monitoring, and substance abuse and mental health
353	treatment services <u>.;</u> and
354	5. A program fee, if any, to be paid by a juvenile
355	participating in the program. If the program imposes a fee, the
356	clerk of the court of the applicable county must receive a
357	reasonable portion of the fee.
358	(c) The state attorney of each circuit shall operate a
359	<u>delinquency</u> civil citation or similar prearrest diversion
360	program in each circuit. A sheriff, police department, county,
361	municipality, locally authorized entity, or public or private
362	educational institution may continue to operate an independent
363	delinquency civil citation or similar prearrest diversion
364	program that is in operation as of October 1, 2018, if the
365	independent program is reviewed by the state attorney of the
366	applicable circuit and he or she determines that the independent
367	program is substantially similar to the <u>delinquency</u> civil
368	citation or similar prearrest diversion program developed by the
369	circuit. If the state attorney determines that the independent
370	program is not substantially similar to the <u>delinquency</u> civil
371	citation or similar prearrest diversion program developed by the
372	circuit, the operator of the independent diversion program may
373	revise the program and the state attorney may conduct an
374	additional review of the independent program. A civil citation
375	or similar prearrest diversion program existing before July 1,
376	2024, shall be deemed a delinquency citation program authorized
377	by this section if the civil citation or similar prearrest

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378	diversion program has been approved by the state attorney of the
379	circuit in which it operates and it complies with the
380	requirements in paragraph (2)(b).
381	(d) A judicial circuit may model an existing sheriff's,
382	police department's, county's, municipality's, locally
383	authorized entity's, or public or private educational
384	institution's independent civil citation or similar prearrest
385	diversion program in developing the civil citation or similar
386	prearrest diversion program for the circuit.
387	(d) (e) If a juvenile does not successfully complete the
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388 <u>delinquency</u> civil citation or similar prearrest diversion 389 program, the arresting law enforcement officer shall determine 390 if there is good cause to arrest the juvenile for the original 391 misdemeanor offense and refer the case to the state attorney to 392 determine if prosecution is appropriate or allow the juvenile to 393 continue in the program.

394 <u>(e) (f)</u> Each <u>delinquency</u> civil citation or similar prearrest 395 diversion program shall enter the appropriate youth data into 396 the Juvenile Justice Information System Prevention Web within 7 397 days after the admission of the youth into the program.

398 <u>(f)(g)</u> At the conclusion of a juvenile's <u>delinquency</u> civil 399 citation or similar prearrest diversion program, the state 400 attorney or operator of the independent program shall report the 401 outcome to the department. The issuance of a <u>delinquency</u> civil 402 citation or similar prearrest diversion program notice is not 403 considered a referral to the department.

404 <u>(g) (h)</u> Upon issuing a <u>delinquency</u> civil citation or similar 405 prearrest diversion program notice, the law enforcement officer 406 shall send a copy of the delinquency civil citation or similar

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33-01163A-24 20241274 407 prearrest diversion program notice to the parent or quardian of 408 the child and to the victim. 409 Section 5. Section 985.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to 410 read: 411 985.125 Prearrest or Postarrest diversion programs.-412 (1) A law enforcement agency or school district, in 413 cooperation with the state attorney, may establish a prearrest 414 or postarrest diversion program. 415 (2) As part of the prearrest or postarrest diversion 416 program, a child who is alleged to have committed a delinquent 417 act may be required to surrender his or her driver license, or 418 refrain from applying for a driver license, for not more than 90 419 days. If the child fails to comply with the requirements of the 420 program, the state attorney may notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in writing to suspend the child's 421 422 driver license for a period that may not exceed 90 days. 423 Section 6. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 985.126, 424 Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) and (7), 425 respectively, subsections (3) and (4) of that section are 426 amended, and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to 427 read: 428 985.126 Diversion programs; data collection; denial of 429 participation or expunded record.-(3) (a) Beginning October 1, 2018, Each diversion program 430 431 shall submit data to the department which identifies for each 432 minor participating in the diversion program: 433 1. The race, ethnicity, gender, and age of that minor.

434 2. The offense committed, including the specific law435 establishing the offense.

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436	3. The judicial circuit and county in which the offense was
437	committed and the law enforcement agency that had contact with
438	the minor for the offense.
439	4. Other demographic information necessary to properly
440	register a case into the Juvenile Justice Information System
441	Prevention Web, as specified by the department.
442	(b) Beginning October 1, 2018, Each law enforcement agency
443	shall submit to the department data for every youth charged for
444	the first time, who is charged with a misdemeanor, and who was
445	that identifies for each minor who was eligible for a diversion
446	program, but was instead referred to the department, provided a
447	notice to appear, or arrested:
448	1. The data required pursuant to paragraph (a).
449	2. Whether the minor was offered the opportunity to
450	participate in a diversion program. If the minor was:
451	a. Not offered such opportunity, the reason such offer was
452	not made.
453	b. Offered such opportunity, whether the minor or his or
454	her parent or legal guardian declined to participate in the
455	diversion program.
456	(c) The data required pursuant to paragraph (a) shall be
457	entered into the Juvenile Justice Information System Prevention
458	Web within 7 days after the youth's admission into the program.
459	(d) The data required pursuant to paragraph (b) shall be
460	submitted on or with the arrest affidavit or notice to appear.
461	(4) Beginning January 1, 2019, The department shall compile
462	and semiannually publish the data required by subsection (3) on
463	the department's website in a format that is, at a minimum,
464	sortable by judicial circuit, county, law enforcement agency,
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465	race, ethnicity, gender, age, and offense committed.
466	(5) The department shall provide a quarterly report to be
467	published on its website and distributed to the Governor,
468	President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of
469	Representatives listing the entities that use delinquency
470	citations for less than 70 percent of first-time misdemeanor
471	offenses.
472	Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 985.245, Florida
473	Statutes, is amended to read:
474	985.245 Risk assessment instrument
475	(4) For a child who is under the supervision of the
476	department through probation, supervised release detention,
477	conditional release, postcommitment probation, or commitment and
478	who is charged with committing a new offense, the risk
479	assessment instrument may be completed and scored based on the
480	underlying charge for which the child was placed under the
481	supervision of the department.
482	Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 985.25, Florida
483	Statutes, is amended to read:
484	985.25 Detention intake
485	(1) The department shall receive custody of a child who has
486	been taken into custody from the law enforcement agency or court
487	and shall review the facts in the law enforcement report or
488	probable cause affidavit and make such further inquiry as may be
489	necessary to determine whether detention care is appropriate.
490	(a) During the period of time from the taking of the child
491	into custody to the date of the detention hearing, the initial
492	decision as to the child's placement into detention care shall
493	be made by the department under ss. 985.24 and 985.245(1).

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33-01163A-24 20241274 494 (b) The department shall base the decision whether to place 495 the child into detention care on an assessment of risk in 496 accordance with the risk assessment instrument and procedures 497 developed by the department under s. 985.245, except that a 498 child shall be placed in secure detention care until the child's 499 detention hearing if the child meets the criteria specified in 500 s. 985.255(1)(f), is charged with possessing or discharging a 501 firearm on school property in violation of s. 790.115, or is 502 charged with any other offense involving the possession or use 503 of a firearm. 504 (c) If the final score on the child's risk assessment 505 instrument indicates detention care is appropriate, but the 506 department otherwise determines the child should be released, 507 the department shall contact the state attorney, who may 508 authorize release. 509 (d) If the final score on the risk assessment instrument 510 indicates detention is not appropriate, the child may be 511 released by the department in accordance with ss. 985.115 and 512 985.13. 513 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a youth who 514 is arrested for violating the terms of his or her electronic monitoring supervision or his or her supervised release shall be 515 516 placed in secure detention until a detention hearing. 517 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a child on 518 probation for an underlying felony firearm offense as defined in 519 chapter 790 and who is taken into custody under s. 985.101 for 520 violating conditions of probation not involving a new law 521 violation shall be held in secure detention to allow the state attorney to review the violation. If, within 21 days, the state 522

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523	attorney notifies the court that commitment will be sought, then
524	the child shall remain in secure detention pending proceedings
525	under s. 985.439 until the initial 21-day period of secure
526	detention has expired. Upon motion of the state attorney, the
527	child may be held for an additional 21-day period if the court
528	finds that the totality of the circumstances, including the
529	preservation of public safety, warrants such extension. Any
530	release from secure detention shall result in the child being
531	held on supervised release with electronic monitoring pending
532	proceedings under s. 985.439.
533	
534	Under no circumstances shall the department or the state
535	attorney or law enforcement officer authorize the detention of
536	any child in a jail or other facility intended or used for the
537	detention of adults, without an order of the court.
538	Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection
539	(3) of section 985.255, Florida Statutes, are amended, and
540	paragraphs (g) and (h) are added to subsection (1) of that
541	section, to read:
542	985.255 Detention criteria; detention hearing
543	(1) Subject to s. 985.25(1), a child taken into custody and
544	placed into detention care shall be given a hearing within 24
545	hours after being taken into custody. At the hearing, the court
546	may order a continued detention status if:
547	(a) The result of the risk assessment instrument pursuant
548	to s. 985.245 indicates secure or supervised release detention
549	or the court makes the findings required under paragraph (3)(b).
550	(g) The court finds probable cause at the detention hearing
551	that the child committed one or more of the following offenses:
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552	1. Murder in the first degree under s. 782.04(1)(a).
553	2. Murder in the second degree under s. 782.04(2).
554	3. Armed robbery under s. 812.13(2)(a) that involves the
555	use or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
556	4. Armed carjacking under s. 812.133(2)(a) that involves
557	the use or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
558	5. Having a firearm while committing a felony under s.
559	790.07(2).
560	6. Armed burglary under s. 810.02(2)(b) that involves the
561	use or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
562	7. Delinquent in possession of a firearm under s.
563	<u>790.23(1)(b).</u>
564	8. An attempt to commit any offense listed in this
565	paragraph under s. 777.04.
566	(h) For a child who meets the criteria in paragraph (g):
567	1. There is a presumption that the child is a risk to
568	public safety and danger to the community and such child must be
569	held in secure detention prior to an adjudicatory hearing,
570	unless the court enters a written order that the child would not
571	pose a risk to public safety or a danger to the community if he
572	or she were placed on supervised release detention care.
573	2. The written order releasing a child from secure
574	detention must be based on clear and convincing evidence of why
575	the child does not present a risk to public safety or a danger
576	to the community and must list the child's prior adjudications,
577	dispositions, and prior violations of pretrial release orders.
578	The court releasing a child from secure detention under this
579	subparagraph shall place the child on supervised release
580	detention care with electronic monitoring until the child's
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581 adjudicatory hearing.

582 <u>3. If an adjudicatory hearing has not taken place after 60</u> 583 <u>days of secure detention for a child held in secure detention</u> 584 <u>under this paragraph, the court must prioritize the efficient</u> 585 <u>disposition of cases and hold a review hearing within each</u> 586 <u>successive 7-day review period until the adjudicatory hearing or</u> 587 <u>the child is placed on supervised release with electronic</u> 588 <u>monitoring under subparagraph 2.</u>

589 <u>4. If the court, under this section, releases a child to</u> 590 <u>supervised release detention care, the court must provide a copy</u> 591 <u>of the written notice to the victim, to the law enforcement</u> 592 <u>agency that arrested the child, and to the law enforcement</u> 593 <u>agency with primary jurisdiction over the child's primary</u> 594 <u>residence.</u>

595 (3) (a) The purpose of the detention hearing required under 596 subsection (1) is to determine the existence of probable cause 597 that the child has committed the delinquent act or violation of 598 law that he or she is charged with and the need for continued 599 detention. The court shall consider use the results of the risk 600 assessment performed by the department and, based on the 601 criteria in subsection (1), shall determine the need for 602 continued detention. If the child is a prolific juvenile 603 offender who is detained under s. 985.26(2)(c), the court shall 604 consider use the results of the risk assessment performed by the department and the criteria in subsection (1) or subsection (2) 605 606 only to determine whether the prolific juvenile offender should 607 be held in secure detention.

(b) If The court may order orders a placement more or less
 restrictive than indicated by the results of the risk assessment

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610	instrument, and, if the court <u>does so,</u> shall state, in writing,
611	clear and convincing reasons for such placement.
612	(c) Except as provided in s. 790.22(8) or s. 985.27, when a
613	child is placed into detention care, or into a respite home or
614	other placement pursuant to a court order following a hearing,
615	the court order must include specific instructions that direct
616	the release of the child from such placement no later than 5
617	p.m. on the last day of the detention period specified in s.
618	985.26 or s. 985.27, whichever is applicable, unless the
619	requirements of such applicable provision have been met or an
620	order of continuance has been granted under s. 985.26(4). If the
621	court order does not include a release date, the release date
622	shall be requested from the court on the same date that the
623	child is placed in detention care. If a subsequent hearing is
624	needed to provide additional information to the court for safety
625	planning, the initial order placing the child in detention care
626	shall reflect the next detention review hearing, which shall be
627	held within 3 calendar days after the child's initial detention
628	placement.
629	Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
630	985.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
631	985.26 Length of detention
632	(2)
633	(b) The court may order the child to be held in secure
634	detention beyond 21 days based on the nature of the charge under
635	the following circumstances:
636	1. Upon good cause being shown that the nature of the
637	charge requires additional time for the prosecution or defense
638	of the case or that the totality of the circumstances, including
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33-01163A-24 20241274 639 the preservation of public safety, warrants an extension, the 640 court may extend the length of secure detention care for up to an additional 21 days if the child is charged with an offense 641 642 which, if committed by an adult, would be a capital felony, a 643 life felony, a felony of the first degree or the second degree, 644 a felony of the third degree involving violence against any 645 individual, or any other offense involving the possession or use 646 of a firearm. Except as otherwise provided for certain offenses and as set forth in subparagraph 2., the court may continue to 647 648 extend the period of secure detention care in increments of up 649 to 21 days each by conducting a hearing before the expiration of 650 the current period to determine the need for continued secure 651 detention of the child. At the hearing, the court must make the 652 required findings in writing to extend the period of secure 653 detention. If the court extends the time period for secure 654 detention care, it shall ensure an adjudicatory hearing for the 655 case commences as soon as is reasonably possible considering the 656 totality of the circumstances. The court shall prioritize the 657 efficient disposition of cases in which the child has served 60 658 or more days in secure detention care. 659 2. Any child held in secure detention under s. 660 985.255(1)(g). 661 a. There is a presumption that the child is a risk to 662 public safety and danger to the community and such child must be held in secure detention prior to an adjudicatory hearing, 663 unless the court enters a written order that the child would not 664

665 pose a risk to public safety or a danger to the community if he

666 <u>or she were placed on supervised release detention care.</u>

667

b. The written order releasing a child from secure

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668	detention must be based on clear and convincing evidence of why
669	the child does not present a risk to public safety or a danger
670	to the community and must list the child's prior adjudications,
671	dispositions and prior violations of pretrial release orders.
672	The court releasing a child from secure detention under this
673	subparagraph shall place the child on supervised release
674	detention care with electronic monitoring until the child's
675	adjudicatory hearing.
676	c. If an adjudicatory hearing has not taken place after 60
677	days of secure detention for a child held in secure detention
678	under this paragraph, the court must hold a review hearing
679	within each successive 7-day review period until the
680	adjudicatory hearing or the child is placed on supervised
681	release with electronic monitoring under sub-subparagraph b.
682	d. If the court, under this subparagraph, releases a child
683	to supervised release detention care, the court must provide a
684	copy of the written notice to the victim, the law enforcement
685	agency that arrested the child, and the law enforcement agency
686	with primary jurisdiction over the child's primary residence.
687	Section 11. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (7) of
688	section 985.433, Florida Statutes, and subsections (8) and (9)
689	of that section are amended, to read:
690	985.433 Disposition hearings in delinquency cases.—When a
691	child has been found to have committed a delinquent act, the
692	following procedures shall be applicable to the disposition of
693	the case:
694	(7) If the court determines that the child should be
695	adjudicated as having committed a delinquent act and should be
696	committed to the department, such determination shall be in

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697	writing or on the record of the hearing. The determination shall
698	include a specific finding of the reasons for the decision to
699	adjudicate and to commit the child to the department, including
700	any determination that the child was a member of a criminal
701	gang.
702	(d) Any child adjudicated by the court and committed to the
703	department under a restrictiveness level defined in s.
704	985.03(44) for any offense or attempted offense involving a
705	firearm must be placed on conditional release, as defined in s.
706	985.03, for a period of 1 year after release from the commitment
707	program. Such term of conditional release shall include
708	electronic monitoring of the child by the department for the
709	initial 6 months at times and under terms and conditions set by
710	the department.
711	(8) If the court determines not to adjudicate and commit to
712	the department, then the court shall determine what community-
713	based sanctions it will impose in a probation program for the
714	child. Community-based sanctions may include, but are not
715	limited to, participation in substance abuse treatment, a day-
716	treatment probation program, restitution in money or in kind, a
717	curfew, revocation or suspension of the driver license of the
718	child, community service, and appropriate educational programs
719	as determined by the district school board.
720	(a) Where a child is found to have committed an offense
721	that involves the use or possession of a firearm, as defined in
722	s. 790.001, other than a violation of s. 790.22(3), or is found
723	to have committed an offense during the commission of which the
724	child possessed a firearm, and the court has decided not to
725	commit the child to a residential program, the court shall

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726order, in addition to any other punishment provided by law:7271. For a first offense, a child shall:728a. Serve a period of detention of 30 days in a secure729detention facility, with credit for time served in secure729detention prior to disposition.731b. Perform 100 hours of community service or paid work as732determined by the department.733c. Be placed on probation for a period of at least 1 year.734Such term of probation shall include electronic monitoring of735the child by the department.7362. In addition to these penalties, the court may impose the737following restrictions upon the child's driving privileges:738a. If the child is eligible by reason of age for a driver740license or driving privilege, the court may direct the741Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to revoke or to742withhold issuance of the child's driver license or driving743privilege for up to 1 year.744b. If the child's driver license or driving privilege is745under suspension or revocation for any reason, the court may746direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to747extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional748period for up to 1 year.749c. If the child is ineligible by reason of age for a driver741license or driving privilege, the court may direct the742period for up to 1 year.743c. If the child is i		33-01163A-24 20241274
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749 <u>c. If the child is ineligible by reason of age for a driver</u> 750 <u>license or driving privilege, the court may direct the</u> 751 <u>Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold</u> 752 <u>issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for</u> 753 <u>up to 1 year after the date on which the child would otherwise</u>	747	extend the period of suspension or revocation by an additional
750 <u>license or driving privilege, the court may direct the</u> 751 <u>Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold</u> 752 <u>issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for</u> 753 <u>up to 1 year after the date on which the child would otherwise</u>	748	period for up to 1 year.
751 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold 752 issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for 753 up to 1 year after the date on which the child would otherwise	749	c. If the child is ineligible by reason of age for a driver
752 <u>issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for</u> 753 <u>up to 1 year after the date on which the child would otherwise</u>	750	license or driving privilege, the court may direct the
753 up to 1 year after the date on which the child would otherwise	751	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to withhold
	752	issuance of the minor's driver license or driving privilege for
754 <u>have become eligible.</u>	753	up to 1 year after the date on which the child would otherwise
	754	have become eligible.

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756	For the purposes of this paragraph, community service shall be
757	performed, if possible, in a manner involving a hospital
758	emergency room or other medical environment that deals on a
759	regular basis with trauma patients and gunshot wounds.
760	(b) A child who has previously had adjudication withheld
761	for any of the following offenses shall not be eligible for a
762	second or subsequent withhold of adjudication on a listed
763	offense, and must be adjudicated delinquent and committed to a
764	residential program:
765	1. Armed robbery involving a firearm under s. 812.13(2)(a).
766	2. Armed carjacking under s. 812.133(2)(a) involving the
767	use or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
768	3. Having a firearm while committing a felony under s.
769	790.07(2).
770	4. Armed burglary under s. 810.02(2)(b) involving the use
771	or possession of a firearm as defined in s. 790.001.
772	5. Delinquent in possession of a firearm under s.
773	790.23(1)(b).
774	6. An attempt to commit any offense listed in this
775	paragraph under s. 777.04.
776	(9) After appropriate sanctions for the offense are
777	determined, including any minimum sanctions required by this
778	<u>section,</u> the court shall develop, approve, and order a plan of
779	probation that will contain rules, requirements, conditions, and
780	rehabilitative programs, including the option of a day-treatment
781	probation program, that are designed to encourage responsible
782	and acceptable behavior and to promote both the rehabilitation
783	of the child and the protection of the community.

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33-01163A-24 20241274 784 Section 12. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 785 985.435, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 786 985.435 Probation and postcommitment probation; community 787 service.-788 (1) The court that has jurisdiction over an adjudicated 789 delinquent child may, by an order stating the facts upon which a 790 determination of a sanction and rehabilitative program was made 791 at the disposition hearing, place the child in a probation 792 program or a postcommitment probation program. Such placement must be under the supervision of an authorized agent of the 793 794 department or of any other person or agency specifically 795 authorized and appointed by the court, whether in the child's 796 own home, in the home of a relative of the child, or in some 797 other suitable place under such reasonable conditions as the 798 court may direct. 799 (3) A probation program must also include a rehabilitative program component such as a requirement of participation in

800 801 substance abuse treatment or in a school or career and technical 802 education program. The nonconsent of the child to treatment in a 803 substance abuse treatment program in no way precludes the court 804 from ordering such treatment. Upon the recommendation of the 805 department at the time of disposition, or subsequent to 806 disposition pursuant to the filing of a petition alleging a 807 violation of the child's conditions of postcommitment probation, 808 the court may order the child to submit to random testing for 809 the purpose of detecting and monitoring the use of alcohol or 810 controlled substances.

811 (4) A probation program <u>must</u> may also include an
812 alternative consequence component to address instances in which

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33-01163A-24 20241274 813 a child is noncompliant with technical conditions of his or her 814 probation but has not committed any new violations of law. The 815 alternative consequence component must be aligned with the 816 department's graduated response matrix as described in s. 817 985.438 Each judicial circuit shall develop, in consultation 818 with judges, the state attorney, the public defender, the 819 regional counsel, relevant law enforcement agencies, and the 820 department, a written plan specifying the alternative 821 consequence component which must be based upon the principle 822 that sanctions must reflect the seriousness of the violation, 82.3 the assessed criminogenic needs and risks of the child, the 824 child's age and maturity level, and how effective the sanction 825 or incentive will be in moving the child to compliant behavior. 826 The alternative consequence component is designed to provide 827 swift and appropriate consequences or incentives to a child who 828 is alleged to be noncompliant with or in violation of probation. 829 If the probation program includes this component, specific 830 consequences that apply to noncompliance with specific technical 831 conditions of probation, as well as incentives used to move the 832 child toward compliant behavior, must be detailed in the 833 disposition order. 834 Section 13. Section 985.438, Florida Statutes, is created 835 to read: 836 985.438 Graduated response matrix.-837 (1) The department shall create and administer a statewide 838 plan to hold youths accountable to the terms of their court-839 ordered probation and the terms of their conditional release. 840 The plan must be based upon the principle that sanctions must 841 reflect the seriousness of the violation, provide immediate

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842	accountability for violations, the assessed criminogenic needs
843	and risks of the child, and the child's age and maturity level.
844	The plan is designed to provide swift and appropriate
845	consequences or incentives to a child who is alleged to be
846	noncompliant with or in violation of probation.
847	(2) The graduated response matrix shall outline sanctions
848	for youth based on their risk to reoffend and shall include, but
849	not be limited to:
850	(a) Increased contacts.
851	(b) Increased drug tests.
852	(c) Curfew reductions.
853	(d) Increased community service.
854	(e) Additional evaluations.
855	(f) Addition of electronic monitoring.
856	(3) The graduated response matrix shall be adopted in rule
857	by the department.
858	Section 14. Section 985.439, Florida Statutes, is amended
859	to read:
860	985.439 Violation of probation or postcommitment
861	probation
862	(1)(a) This section is applicable when the court has
863	jurisdiction over a child on probation or postcommitment
864	probation, regardless of adjudication.
865	(b) If the conditions of the probation program or the
866	postcommitment probation program are violated, the department or
867	the state attorney may bring the child before the court on a
868	petition alleging a violation of the program. A child who
869	violates the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation
870	must be brought before the court if sanctions are sought.
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871	(c) Upon receiving notice of a violation of probation from
872	the department, the state attorney must file the violation
873	within 5 days or provide in writing to the department and the
874	court a reason as to why he or she is not filing.
875	(2) A child taken into custody under s. 985.101 for
876	violating the conditions of probation shall be screened and
877	detained or released based on his or her risk assessment
878	instrument score.
879	(3) If the child denies violating the conditions of
880	probation or postcommitment probation, the court shall, upon the
881	child's request, appoint counsel to represent the child.
882	(4) Upon the child's admission, or if the court finds after
883	a hearing that the child has violated the conditions of
884	probation or postcommitment probation, the court shall enter an
885	order revoking, modifying, or continuing probation or
886	postcommitment probation. In each such case, the court shall
887	enter a new disposition order and, in addition to the sanctions
888	set forth in this section, may impose any sanction the court
889	could have imposed at the original disposition hearing. If the
890	child is found to have violated the conditions of probation $rac{\partial r}{\partial r}$
891	postcommitment probation, the court may:
892	(a) Place the child in supervised release detention with
893	electronic monitoring.
894	(b) If the violation of probation is technical in nature
895	and not a new violation of law, place the child in an
896	alternative consequence program designed to provide swift and
897	appropriate consequences to any further violations of probation.
898	1. Alternative consequence programs shall be established,
899	within existing resources, at the local level in coordination
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900	with law enforcement agencies, the chief judge of the circuit,
901	the state attorney, and the public defender.
902	2. Alternative consequence programs may be operated by an
903	entity such as a law enforcement agency, the department, a
904	juvenile assessment center, a county or municipality, or another
905	entity selected by the department.
906	3. Upon placing a child in an alternative consequence
907	program, the court must approve specific consequences for
908	specific violations of the conditions of probation.
909	(c) Modify or continue the child's probation program or
910	postcommitment probation program.
911	(d) Revoke probation or postcommitment probation and commit
912	the child to the department.
913	(e) Allow the department to place a youth on electronic
914	monitoring for a violation of probation if it determines doing
915	so will preserve and protect public safety.
916	(5) Upon the recommendation of the department at the time
917	of disposition, or subsequent to disposition pursuant to the
918	filing of a petition alleging a violation of the child's
919	conditions of postcommitment probation, the court may order the
920	child to submit to random testing for the purpose of detecting
921	and monitoring the use of alcohol or controlled substances.
922	Section 15. Subsection (5) is added to section 985.455,
923	Florida Statutes, to read:
924	985.455 Other dispositional issues.—
925	(5) If the court orders revocation or suspension of a
926	child's driver license as part of a disposition, the court may,
927	upon finding a compelling circumstance to warrant an exception,
928	direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
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929	issue a license for driving privileges restricted to business or
930	employment purposes only, as defined in s. 322.271.
931	Section 16. Subsections (2), (3), and (5) of section
932	985.46, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is
933	added to that section, to read:
934	985.46 Conditional release
935	(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
936	(a) Commitment programs include rehabilitative efforts on
937	preparing committed juveniles for a successful release to the
938	community.
939	(b) Conditional release transition planning begins as early
940	in the commitment process as possible.
941	(c) Each juvenile committed to a residential commitment
942	program <u>shall receive conditional release services</u> be assessed
943	to determine the need for conditional release services upon
944	release from the commitment program <u>unless the youth is directly</u>
945	released by the court.
946	(3) For juveniles referred or committed to the department,
947	the function of the department may include, but shall not be
948	limited to, supervising each juvenile on conditional release
949	when assessing each juvenile placed in a residential commitment
950	program to determine the need for conditional release services
951	upon release from the program, supervising the juvenile when
952	released into the community from a residential commitment
953	facility of the department, providing such counseling and other
954	services as may be necessary for the families and assisting
955	their preparations for the return of the child. Subject to
956	specific appropriation, the department shall provide for
957	outpatient sexual offender counseling for any juvenile sexual
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958	offender released from a residential commitment program as a
959	component of conditional release.
960	(5) Conditional release supervision shall, at a minimum,
961	contain the following conditions:
962	<u>(a) (5)</u> Participation in the educational program by students
963	of compulsory school attendance age pursuant to s. 1003.21(1)
964	and (2)(a) is mandatory for juvenile justice youth on
965	conditional release or postcommitment probation status. A
966	student of noncompulsory school-attendance age who has not
967	received a high school diploma or its equivalent must
968	participate in an educational program or career and technical
969	education course <u>of study</u> . A youth who has received a high
970	school diploma or its equivalent and is not employed must
971	participate in workforce development or other career or
972	technical education or attend a community college or a
973	university while in the program , subject to available funding .
974	(b) A curfew.
975	(c) A prohibition on contact with victims, co-defendants,
976	or known gang members.
977	(d) A prohibition on use of controlled substances.
978	(e) A prohibition on possession of firearms.
979	(6) A youth who violates the terms of his or her
980	conditional release shall be assessed using the graduated
981	response matrix as described in s. 985.438. A youth who fails to
982	move into compliance shall be recommitted to a residential
983	facility.
984	Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
985	985.48, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
986	985.48 Juvenile sexual offender commitment programs; sexual
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20241274 33-01163A-24 987 abuse intervention networks.-988 (1) In order to provide intensive treatment and 989 psychological services to a juvenile sexual offender committed 990 to the department, it is the intent of the Legislature to 991 establish programs and strategies to effectively respond to 992 juvenile sexual offenders. In designing programs for juvenile 993 sexual offenders, it is the further intent of the Legislature to 994 implement strategies that include: 995 (c) Providing intensive postcommitment supervision of 996 juvenile sexual offenders who are released into the community 997 with terms and conditions which may include electronic 998 monitoring of a juvenile sexual offender for the purpose of 999 enhancing public safety. 1000 Section 18. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 1001 985.4815, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1002 985.4815 Notification to Department of Law Enforcement of 1003 information on juvenile sexual offenders.-1004 (6) (a) The information provided to the Department of Law 1005 Enforcement must include the following: 1006 1. The information obtained from the sexual offender under 1007 subsection (4). 2. The sexual offender's most current address and place of 1008 1009 permanent, temporary, or transient residence within the state or 1010 out of state, and address, location or description, and dates of 1011 any current or known future temporary residence within the state 1012 or out of state, while the sexual offender is in the care or 1013 custody or under the jurisdiction or supervision of the 1014 department in this state, including the name of the county or municipality in which the offender permanently or temporarily 1015

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1016	resides, or has a transient residence, and address, location or
1017	description, and dates of any current or known future temporary
1018	residence within the state or out of state; and, if known, the
1019	intended place of permanent, temporary, or transient residence,
1020	and address, location or description, and dates of any current
1021	or known future temporary residence within the state or out of
1022	state upon satisfaction of all sanctions.
1023	3. The legal status of the sexual offender and the
1024	scheduled termination date of that legal status.
1025	4. The location of, and local telephone number for, any
1026	department office that is responsible for supervising the sexual
1027	offender.
1028	5. An indication of whether the victim of the offense that
1029	resulted in the offender's status as a sexual offender was a
1030	minor.
1031	6. The offense or offenses at adjudication and disposition
1032	that resulted in the determination of the offender's status as a
1033	sex offender.
1034	7. A digitized photograph of the sexual offender, which
1035	must have been taken within 60 days before the offender was
1036	released from the custody of the department or a private
1037	correctional facility by expiration of sentence under s.
1038	944.275, or within 60 days after the onset of the department's
1039	supervision of any sexual offender who is on probation,
1040	postcommitment probation, residential commitment, nonresidential
1041	commitment, licensed child-caring commitment, community control,
1042	conditional release, parole, provisional release, or control
1043	release or who is supervised by the department under the
1044	Interstate Compact Agreement for Probationers and Parolees. If
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1045	the sexual offender is in the custody of a private correctional
1046	facility, the facility shall take a digitized photograph of the
1047	sexual offender within the time period provided in this
1048	subparagraph and shall provide the photograph to the department.
1049	Section 19. Subsection (11) of section 985.601, Florida
1050	Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (12), and a new subsection
1051	(11) is added to that section, to read:
1052	985.601 Administering the juvenile justice continuum
1053	(11) The department shall establish a class focused on the
1054	risk and consequences of youthful firearm offending which shall
1055	be provided by the department to any youth adjudicated or who
1056	had adjudication withheld for any offense involving the use or
1057	possession of a firearm.
1058	Section 20. Section 985.711, Florida Statutes, is amended
1059	to read:
1060	985.711 Introduction, removal, or possession of certain
1061	articles unlawful; penalty
1062	(1)(a) Except as authorized through program policy or
1063	operating procedure or as authorized by the facility
1064	superintendent, program director, or manager, a person may not
1065	introduce into or upon the grounds of a juvenile detention
1066	facility or commitment program, or take or send, or attempt to
1067	take or send, from a juvenile detention facility or commitment
1068	program, any of the following articles, which are declared to be
1069	contraband under this section:
1070	1. Any unauthorized article of food or clothing given or
1071	transmitted, or intended to be given or transmitted, to any
1072	youth in a juvenile detention facility or commitment program.
1073	2. Any intoxicating beverage or any beverage that causes or
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1074	may cause an intoxicating effect.
1075	3. Any controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02(4),
1076	marijuana as defined in s. 381.986, hemp as defined in s.
1077	581.217, industrial hemp as defined in s. 1004.4473, or any
1078	prescription or nonprescription drug that has a hypnotic,
1079	stimulating, or depressing effect.
1080	4. Any firearm or weapon of any kind or any explosive
1081	substance.
1082	5. Any cellular telephone or other portable communication
1083	device as described in s. 944.47(1)(a)6., intentionally and
1084	unlawfully introduced inside the secure perimeter of any
1085	juvenile detention facility or commitment program. As used in
1086	this subparagraph, the term "portable communication device" does
1087	not include any device that has communication capabilities which
1088	has been approved or issued by the facility superintendent,
1089	program director, or manager.
1090	6. Any vapor-generating electronic device as defined in s.
1091	386.203, intentionally and unlawfully introduced inside the
1092	secure perimeter of any juvenile detention facility or
1093	commitment program.
1094	7. Any currency or coin given or transmitted, or intended
1095	to be given or transmitted, to any youth of any juvenile
1096	detention facility or commitment program.
1097	8. Any cigarettes, as defined in s. 210.01(1), or tobacco
1098	products, as defined in s. 210.25, given, or intended to be
1099	given, to any youth in a juvenile detention facility or
1100	commitment program.
1101	(b) A person may not transmit contraband to, cause
1102	contraband to be transmitted to or received by, attempt to

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1103	transmit contraband to, or attempt to cause contraband to be
1104	transmitted to or received by, a juvenile offender into or upon
1105	the grounds of a juvenile detention facility or commitment
1106	program, except as authorized through program policy or
1107	operating procedures or as authorized by the facility
1108	superintendent, program director, or manager.
1109	(c) A juvenile offender or any person, while upon the
1110	grounds of a juvenile detention facility or commitment program,
1111	may not be in actual or constructive possession of any article
1112	or thing declared to be contraband under this section, except as
1113	authorized through program policy or operating procedures or as
1114	authorized by the facility superintendent, program director, or
1115	manager.
1116	(2) (a) Any person who violates this section as it pertains
1117	to an article of contraband described in subparagraph (1)(a)1.
1118	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
1119	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
1120	(b) Any person who violates this section as it pertains to
1121	an article of contraband described in subparagraph (1)(a)5. or
1122	subparagraph (1)(a)6. commits a misdemeanor of the first degree,
1123	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
1124	(c) In all other cases, A person who violates this section
1125	commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in
1126	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
1127	Section 21. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
1128	1002.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1129	1002.221 K-12 education records; public records exemption
1130	(2)
1131	(c) In accordance with the FERPA and the federal
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1132	regulations issued pursuant to the FERPA, an agency or
1133	institution, as defined in s. 1002.22, may release a student's
1134	education records without written consent of the student or
1135	parent to parties to an interagency agreement among the
1136	Department of Juvenile Justice, the school, law enforcement
1137	authorities, and other signatory agencies. Information provided
1138	pursuant to an interagency agreement may be used for proceedings
1139	<u>initiated under chapter 984 or chapter 985</u> in furtherance of an
1140	interagency agreement is intended solely for use in determining
1141	the appropriate programs and services for each juvenile or the
1142	juvenile's family, or for coordinating the delivery of the
1143	programs and services, and as such is inadmissible in any court
1144	proceeding before a dispositional hearing unless written consent
1145	is provided by a parent or other responsible adult on behalf of
1146	the juvenile.
1147	Section 22. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
1148	943.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1149	943.051 Criminal justice information; collection and
1150	storage; fingerprinting
1151	(3)
1152	(b) A minor who is charged with or found to have committed
1153	the following offenses shall be fingerprinted and the
1154	fingerprints shall be submitted electronically to the
1155	department, unless the minor is issued a <u>delinquency</u> civil
1156	citation pursuant to s. 985.12:
1157	1. Assault, as defined in s. 784.011.
1158	2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03.
1159	3. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in s. 790.01(2).
1160	4. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as defined
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1161	in s. 790.1615(1).
1162	5. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e).
1163	6. Assault or battery on a law enforcement officer, a
1164	firefighter, or other specified officers, as defined in s.
1165	784.07(2)(a) and (b).
1166	7. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053.
1167	8. Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03.
1168	9. Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in s.
1169	790.22(5).
1170	10. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014(3).
1171	11. Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1).
1172	12. Arson, as defined in s. 806.031(1).
1173	13. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or firearm
1174	at a school-sponsored event or on school property, as provided
1175	in s. 790.115.
1176	Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
1177	985.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1178	985.11 Fingerprinting and photographing
1179	(1)
1180	(b) Unless the child is issued a <u>delinquency</u> civil citation
1181	or is participating in a similar diversion program pursuant to
1182	s. 985.12, a child who is charged with or found to have
1183	committed one of the following offenses shall be fingerprinted,
1184	and the fingerprints shall be submitted to the Department of Law
1185	Enforcement as provided in s. 943.051(3)(b):
1186	1. Assault, as defined in s. 784.011.
1187	2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03.
1188	3. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in s. 790.01(2).
1189	4. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as defined
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1190	in s. 790.1615(1).
1191	5. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e).
1192	6. Assault on a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, or
1193	other specified officers, as defined in s. 784.07(2)(a).
1194	7. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053.
1195	8. Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03.
1196	9. Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in s.
1197	790.22(5).
1198	10. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014.
1199	11. Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1).
1200	12. Arson, resulting in bodily harm to a firefighter, as
1201	defined in s. 806.031(1).
1202	13. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or firearm
1203	at a school-sponsored event or on school property as defined in
1204	s. 790.115.
1205	
1206	A law enforcement agency may fingerprint and photograph a child
1207	taken into custody upon probable cause that such child has
1208	committed any other violation of law, as the agency deems
1209	appropriate. Such fingerprint records and photographs shall be
1210	retained by the law enforcement agency in a separate file, and
1211	these records and all copies thereof must be marked "Juvenile
1212	Confidential." These records are not available for public
1213	disclosure and inspection under s. 119.07(1) except as provided
1214	in ss. 943.053 and 985.04(2), but shall be available to other
1215	law enforcement agencies, criminal justice agencies, state
1216	attorneys, the courts, the child, the parents or legal
1217	custodians of the child, their attorneys, and any other person
1218	authorized by the court to have access to such records. In

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33-01163A-24 20241274 1219 addition, such records may be submitted to the Department of Law 1220 Enforcement for inclusion in the state criminal history records 1221 and used by criminal justice agencies for criminal justice 1222 purposes. These records may, in the discretion of the court, be 1223 open to inspection by anyone upon a showing of cause. The 1224 fingerprint and photograph records shall be produced in the 1225 court whenever directed by the court. Any photograph taken 1226 pursuant to this section may be shown by a law enforcement 1227 officer to any victim or witness of a crime for the purpose of 1228 identifying the person who committed such crime. 1229 Section 24. Paragraph (n) of subsection (2) of section 1230 1006.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1231 1006.07 District school board duties relating to student

discipline and school safety.—The district school board shall provide for the proper accounting for all students, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students, including:

1237 (2) CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT.-Adopt a code of student 1238 conduct for elementary schools and a code of student conduct for 1239 middle and high schools and distribute the appropriate code to 1240 all teachers, school personnel, students, and parents, at the 1241 beginning of every school year. Each code shall be organized and 1242 written in language that is understandable to students and 1243 parents and shall be discussed at the beginning of every school 1244 year in student classes, school advisory council meetings, and 1245 parent and teacher association or organization meetings. Each 1246 code shall be based on the rules governing student conduct and 1247 discipline adopted by the district school board and shall be

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1248	made available in the student handbook or similar publication.
1249	Each code shall include, but is not limited to:
1250	(n) Criteria for recommending to law enforcement that a
1251	student who commits a criminal offense be allowed to participate
1252	in a prearrest delinquency citation civil citation or similar
1253	prearrest diversion program as an alternative to expulsion or
1254	arrest. All prearrest delinquency citation civil citation or
1255	similar prearrest diversion programs must comply with s. 985.12.
1256	Section 25. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.