By Senator Gruters

22-01114A-24 20241448

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to transparency in social media; creating s. 501.20411, F.S.; providing a short title; providing legislative findings; providing definitions; requiring foreign-adversary-owned entities operating social media platforms in the state to publicly disclose specified information in a certain manner; requiring foreign-adversary-owned entities operating social media platforms to implement a user verification system for certain entities; providing penalties; requiring enforcement by the Department of Legal Affairs; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 501.20411, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

501.20411 Transparency in Social Media Act.-

- (1) This section may be cited as the "Transparency in Social Media Act."
  - (2) The Legislature finds that:
- (a) Social media platforms play a significant role in shaping public discourse and opinion.
- (b) Algorithms used by social media platforms can influence user behavior and content visibility.
- (c) Transparency in the functioning of such algorithms and in political and social advertising is vital for safeguarding democratic values and user privacy.
  - (d) Ownership of social media platforms by foreign entities

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can raise concerns regarding foreign influence and data security.

- (3) For purposes of this section, the term:
- (a) "Algorithm" has the same meaning as in s. 501.2041(1).
- (b) "Foreign-adversary-owned entity" means a social media company that is owned or substantially controlled by nationals, governments, or corporations domiciled, incorporated, or otherwise holding residence in a country designated as a foreign adversary under 15 C.F.R. s. 7.4.
- (c) "Social media platform" means a public online service that allows users to create and share or participate in social networking.
- (d) "Social or political advertising" means any advertisement on a social media platform that discusses social or political issues or is intended to influence public opinion or electoral outcomes.
- (4) (a) Each foreign-adversary-owned entity operating a social media platform in the state must publicly disclose the core functional elements of the social media platform's content curation and algorithms.
  - (b) The disclosure must identify:
- 1. The factors that influence content ranking and visibility.
- 2. Measures taken to address misinformation and harmful content.
  - 3. The process of personalization and targeting of content.
- (5) Each foreign-adversary-owned entity operating a social media platform must make publicly available the source code of its algorithms through an open-source license.

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(6) (a) Each foreign-adversary-owned entity operating a social media platform must implement a user verification system for each user and organization that purchases advertisements concerning social or political issues. The system must verify key identifying information, including citizenship, residency, and age of the user or the individuals that own the organization, as applicable.

- (b) Once verified, the identity of the purchaser of each social or political advertisement must be disclosed with the advertisement.
- (7) (a) A foreign-adversary-owned entity operating a social media platform that violates this section is liable up to \$10,000 for each discrete violation.
- (b) The Department of Legal Affairs shall enforce this section.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.