CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1	
2	An act relating to Citizens Property Insurance
3	Corporation; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; revising a
4	requirement for certain flood insurance; revising
5	circumstances under which certain insurers'
6	associations must levy market equalization surcharges
7	on policyholders; deleting obsolete language;
8	providing that certain accounts for Citizens Property
9	Insurance Corporation revenues, assets, liabilities,
10	losses, and expenses are now maintained as the
11	Citizens account; revising the requirements for
12	certain coverages by the corporation; requiring the
13	inclusion of quota share primary insurance in certain
14	policies; deleting provisions relating to legislative
15	goals; conforming provisions to changes made by the
16	act; revising provisions relating to deficits in
17	certain accounts; revising the definition of the term
18	"assessments"; deleting provisions relating to
19	surcharges and regular assessments upon determination
20	of projected deficits; deleting provisions relating to
21	funds available to the corporation as sources of
22	revenue and bonds; deleting definitions; deleting
23	provisions relating to the duties of the Florida
24	Surplus Lines Service Office; deleting provisions
25	relating to disposition of excess amounts of

# Page 1 of 119

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CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

26	assessments and surcharges; defining the terms
27	"approved surplus lines insurer" and "primary
28	residence"; providing applicability of certain
29	provisions relating to personal lines residential
30	risks coverage by the corporation; providing that
31	certain personal lines residential risks are not
32	eligible for any policy issued by the corporation;
33	providing an exception; providing that certain
34	personal lines residential risks are not eligible for
35	coverage with the corporation under certain
36	circumstances; providing an exception; providing that
37	certain risks are eligible for certain standard
38	policies; providing that certain risks are eligible
39	for certain basic policies; requiring that the
40	determination of the type of policy be provided on the
41	basis of certain standards and practices; providing
42	that certain policyholders do not remain eligible for
43	coverage from the corporation; requiring the insurer
44	to pay the producing agent of record a certain amount
45	or make certain offers under certain circumstances;
46	providing that the producing agent of record is
47	entitled to retain certain commission on the policy;
48	requiring the insurer to pay the producing agent of
49	record a certain amount or make certain offers under
50	certain circumstances; revising the corporation's plan

# Page 2 of 119

2024 Legislature

51 of operation; revising the required statements from 52 applicants for coverage; revising the duties of the 53 executive director of the corporation; authorizing the 54 executive director to assign and appoint designees; deleting an applicability provision relating to bond 55 requirements; deleting provisions relating to certain 56 57 insurer assessment deferments; deleting provisions 58 relating to the intangibles of and coverage by the 59 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the corporation coastal account; authorizing the 60 61 corporation and certain persons to make specified information obtained from underwriting files and 62 confidential claims files available to licensed 63 surplus lines agents; prohibiting such agents from 64 65 using such information for specified purposes; 66 providing applicability of provisions relating to take-out offers that are part of applications to 67 68 participate in depopulation; authorizing the 69 corporation to share its claims data with a specified 70 entity; authorizing the corporation to take certain 71 actions relating to trademarks, copyrights, or 72 patents; amending s. 627.3511, F.S.; conforming 73 provisions to changes made by the act; conforming 74 cross-references; amending s. 627.3518, F.S.; revising 75 eligibility requirements for policyholders at renewal

### Page 3 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

76 and for applicants for new coverage; defining the term 77 "primary residence"; providing effective dates. 78 79 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 80 Section 1. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraph (aa) 81 82 of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, is 83 amended to read: 84 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.-CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. -85 (6) (aa) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the 86 87 corporation shall require the securing and maintaining of flood insurance as a condition of coverage of a personal lines 88 89 residential risk. The insured or applicant must execute a form 90 approved by the office affirming that flood insurance is not 91 provided by the corporation and that if flood insurance is not 92 secured by the applicant or insured from an insurer other than 93 the corporation and in addition to coverage by the corporation, 94 the risk will not be eligible for coverage by the corporation. 95 The corporation may deny coverage of a personal lines 96 residential risk to an applicant or insured who refuses to 97 secure and maintain flood insurance. The requirement to purchase 98 flood insurance shall be implemented as follows: 99 Except as provided in subparagraphs 2. and 3., all 1. personal lines residential policyholders must have flood 100

Page 4 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

101	coverage in place for policies effective on or after:
102	a. January 1, 2024, for a structure that has a dwelling
103	replacement cost of \$600,000 or more.
104	b. January 1, 2025, for a structure that has a dwelling
105	replacement cost of \$500,000 or more.
106	c. January 1, 2026, for a structure that has a dwelling
107	replacement cost of \$400,000 or more.
108	d. January 1, 2027, for all other personal lines
109	residential property insured by the corporation.
110	2. All personal lines residential policyholders whose
111	property insured by the corporation is located within the
112	special flood hazard area defined by the Federal Emergency
113	Management Agency must have flood coverage in place:
114	a. At the time of initial policy issuance for all new
115	personal lines residential policies issued by the corporation on
116	or after April 1, 2023.
117	b. By the time of the policy renewal for all personal
118	lines residential policies renewing on or after July 1, 2023.
119	3. Policyholders are not required to purchase flood
120	insurance as a condition for maintaining the following policies
121	issued by the corporation:
122	a. Policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of
123	wind.
124	b. Policies that provide coverage under a condominium unit
125	owners form.

# Page 5 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

## 2024 Legislature

126	
127	The flood insurance required under this paragraph must meet, at
128	a minimum, the <u>dwelling</u> coverage available from the National
129	Flood Insurance Program or the requirements of <del>subparagraphs</del> s.
130	627.715(1)(a)1., 2., and 3.
131	Section 2. Present subsection (7) of section 627.351,
132	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (8), a new
133	subsection (7) is added to that section, paragraph (nn) is added
134	to subsection (6) of that section, and paragraph (b) of
135	subsection (2) and paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (e), (o), (p), (q),
136	(v), (w), (x), (z), and (ii) of subsection (6) of that section
137	are amended, to read:
138	627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans
139	(2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT
140	(b) The department shall require all insurers holding a
141	certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a
142	direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting
143	associations and other entities formed pursuant to this section,
144	to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from areas
145	determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who in good
146	faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such coverage
147	through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a reasonable plan or
148	plans for the equitable apportionment or sharing among such
149	insurers of windstorm coverage, which may include formation of
150	an association for this purpose. As used in this subsection, the

# Page 6 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

151 term "property insurance" means insurance on real or personal property, as defined in s. 624.604, including insurance for 152 153 fire, industrial fire, allied lines, farmowners multiperil, 154 homeowners multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, 155 and including liability coverages on all such insurance, but 156 excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and 157 excluding vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other 158 than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The 159 department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the 160 recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments.

161 1. For the purpose of this section, properties eligible for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, buildings, 162 and other structures, including mobile homes which are used as 163 164 dwellings and which are tied down in compliance with mobile home 165 tie-down requirements prescribed by the Department of Highway 166 Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 320.8325, and the 167 contents of all such properties. An applicant or policyholder is 168 eligible for coverage only if an offer of coverage cannot be 169 obtained by or for the applicant or policyholder from an 170 admitted insurer at approved rates.

171 2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such 172 association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and 173 losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the 174 payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member 175 insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in the

### Page 7 of 119

2024 Legislature

176 proportion that the net direct premiums of each member insurer 177 written for property insurance in this state during the 178 preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as 179 180 reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this 181 182 subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct written premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium for 183 184 liability coverage and for the following if included in allied 185 lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; association direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance Program direct 186 premiums; and similar deductions specifically authorized by the 187 188 plan of operation and approved by the department. A member's 189 participation shall begin on the first day of the calendar year 190 following the year in which it is issued a certificate of 191 authority to transact property insurance in the state and shall 192 terminate 1 year after the end of the calendar year during which 193 it no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact 194 property insurance in the state. The commissioner, after review 195 of annual statements, other reports, and any other statistics 196 that the commissioner deems necessary, shall certify to the 197 association the aggregate direct premiums written for property 198 insurance in this state by all member insurers.

(II) Effective July 1, 2002, the association shall operatesubject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors

### Page 8 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

201 who are the same individuals that have been appointed by the 202 Treasurer to serve on the board of governors of the Citizens 203 Property Insurance Corporation.

(III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to sub-subsubparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II).

(IV) A company which is a member of a group of companies under common management may elect to have its credits applied on a group basis, and any company or group may elect to have its credits applied to any other company or group.

(V) There shall be no credits or relief from apportionment to a company for emergency assessments collected from its policyholders under sub-subparagraph d.(III).

216 (VI) The plan of operation may also provide for the award 217 of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a regular 218 assessment pursuant to sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-219 subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking policies out of 220 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 221 Association. In order to qualify for the exemption under this 222 sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan must provide that at 223 least 40 percent of the policies removed from the Residential 224 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association cover risks 225 located in Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties or at

### Page 9 of 119

2024 Legislature

226 least 30 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located 227 in Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties and an 228 additional 50 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in other coastal counties, and must also provide that no 229 230 more than 15 percent of the policies so removed may exclude 231 windstorm coverage. With the approval of the department, the 232 association may waive these geographic criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least the lesser of 100,000 Residential 233 234 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association policies or 235 15 percent of the total number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association policies, provided the 236 237 governing board of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 238 Underwriting Association certifies that the take-out plan will 239 materially reduce the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 240 Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from 241 hurricanes. With the approval of the department, the board may 242 extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer 243 guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 244 245 Underwriting Association, or for 2 additional years if the 246 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 247 policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty 248 Joint Underwriting Association.

249

Assessments to pay deficits in the association under b. this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate factor in 250

## Page 10 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

251 the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512.

252 The Legislature finds that the potential for unlimited с. 253 deficit assessments under this subparagraph may induce insurers 254 to attempt to reduce their writings in the voluntary market, and 255 that such actions would worsen the availability problems that 256 the association was created to remedy. It is the intent of the 257 Legislature that insurers remain fully responsible for paying 258 regular assessments and collecting emergency assessments for any 259 deficits of the association; however, it is also the intent of 260 the Legislature to provide a means by which assessment 261 liabilities may be amortized over a period of years.

d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar
year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide direct
written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar
year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an
assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the deficit.

267 When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar (II)268 year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct 269 written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar 270 year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an 271 assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate 272 273 statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the 274 prior calendar year for member insurers. Any remaining deficit 275 shall be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-sub-

## Page 11 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

276 subparagraph (III).

277 (III) Upon a determination by the board of directors that 278 a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered through 279 regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to sub-sub-280 subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), the board shall 281 levy, after verification by the department, emergency 282 assessments to be collected by member insurers and by 283 underwriting associations created pursuant to this section which 284 write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of property 285 insurance policies other than National Flood Insurance policies 286 in the year or years following levy of the regular assessments. 287 The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular 288 year shall be a uniform percentage of that year's direct written 289 premium for property insurance for all member insurers and 290 underwriting associations, excluding National Flood Insurance 291 policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and 292 verified by the department. The department shall verify the 293 arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination 294 within 30 days after receipt of the information on which the 295 determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision of 296 law, each member insurer and each underwriting association 297 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency 298 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation being 299 affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. The emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly 300

## Page 12 of 119

2024 Legislature

301 to the association on a periodic basis as determined by the 302 association. The aggregate amount of emergency assessments 303 levied under this sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may 304 not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to 305 cover the original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, 306 required reserves, and other costs associated with financing of 307 the original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide 308 direct written premium for property insurance written by member 309 insurers and underwriting associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs 310 311 associated with financing the original deficit. The board may pledge the proceeds of the emergency assessments under this sub-312 313 sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to retire 314 any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or events 315 giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that the board 316 determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The emergency 317 assessments under this sub-sub-subparagraph shall continue as 318 long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred with 319 respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain 320 outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the 321 payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the 322 document governing such bonds or other indebtedness. Emergency assessments collected under this sub-sub-subparagraph are not 323 324 part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay 325

Page 13 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

326 the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay 327 premium.

328 Each member insurer's share of the total regular (IV) 329 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-sub-330 subparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the insurer's 331 net direct premium for property insurance in this state, for the 332 year preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide 333 net direct premium for property insurance of all member 334 insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings for 335 that year.

336 (V) If regular deficit assessments are made under sub-sub-337 subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), or by the 338 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 339 under sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a., the association shall levy 340 upon the association's policyholders, as part of its next rate 341 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a 342 market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the total 343 amount of such regular assessments divided by the aggregate 344 statewide direct written premium for property insurance for 345 member insurers for the prior calendar year. Market equalization 346 surcharges under this sub-sub-subparagraph are not considered 347 premium and are not subject to commissions, fees, or premium 348 taxes; however, failure to pay a market equalization surcharge 349 shall be treated as failure to pay premium.

350

e. The governing body of any unit of local government, any

### Page 14 of 119

2024 Legislature

351 residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an assistance 352 353 program, in conjunction with the association, for the purpose of 354 defraying deficits of the association. In order to avoid 355 needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and 356 fragmentation of such assistance programs, any unit of local 357 government, any residents of which are insured by the 358 association, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless 359 of whether or not the losses occurred within or outside of the 360 territorial jurisdiction of the local government. Revenue bonds 361 may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless 362 a state of emergency is declared by executive order or 363 proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such 364 findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best 365 interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public 366 health, safety, and general welfare of residents of this state 367 and the protection and preservation of the economic stability of 368 insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an essential 369 public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to 370 issue bonds as will provide relief to claimants and policyholders of the association and insurers responsible for 371 372 apportionment of plan losses. Any such unit of local government 373 may enter into such contracts with the association and with any 374 other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are 375 necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under

## Page 15 of 119

2024 Legislature

376 this sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by 377 moneys received by the association from assessments under this 378 subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the 379 unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of such 380 bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the 381 state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged 382 for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds remain unsold 383 60 days after issuance, the department shall require all 384 insurers subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which 385 shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be 386 required to purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of 387 the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of 388 assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not 389 be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the 390 department determines that the purchase would endanger or impair 391 the solvency of the insurer. The authority granted by this sub-392 subparagraph is additional to any bonding authority granted by 393 subparagraph 6.

394 3. The plan shall also provide that any member with a 395 surplus as to policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 396 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance 397 premiums in this state may petition the department, within the 398 first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited 399 apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member 400 company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall not

## Page 16 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

401 exceed its gross participation, which shall not be affected by 402 the formula for voluntary writings. In no event shall a limited 403 apportionment company be required to participate in any 404 apportionment of losses pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) 405 or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d. (II) in the aggregate which exceeds 406 \$50 million after payment of available plan funds in any 407 calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall 408 collect from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed 409 under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d. (III). The plan shall provide that, if the department determines that any regular assessment 410 411 will result in an impairment of the surplus of a limited 412 apportionment company, the department may direct that all or 413 part of such assessment be deferred. However, there shall be no 414 limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be 415 collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph 416 2.d.(III).

417 The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or 4. 418 in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under sub-419 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), but 420 not for an emergency assessment collected from policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the opinion of the 421 commissioner, payment of such regular assessment would endanger 422 423 or impair the solvency of the member insurer. In the event a 424 regular assessment against a member insurer is deferred in whole 425 or in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may

### Page 17 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

426 be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner 427 consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in sub-sub-428 subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II).

5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and
rules for classification of risks and rate modifications
consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining funds
sufficient to pay catastrophe losses.

433 It is the intent of the Legislature that the rates for b. 434 coverage provided by the association be actuarially sound and 435 not competitive with approved rates charged in the admitted 436 voluntary market such that the association functions as a 437 residual market mechanism to provide insurance only when the 438 insurance cannot be procured in the voluntary market. The plan 439 of operation shall provide a mechanism to assure that, beginning 440 no later than January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the 441 association for each line of business are reflective of approved 442 rates in the voluntary market for hurricane coverage for each 443 line of business in the various areas eligible for association 444 coverage.

c. The association shall provide for windstorm coverage on residential properties in limits up to \$10 million for commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million for personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess of these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to the

### Page 18 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

451 replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at the 452 option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be 453 located in the authorized market. The association must accept a 454 commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 million 455 or a personal lines residential risk with limits above \$1 456 million if coverage is not available in the authorized market. 457 The association may write coverage above the limits specified in 458 this subparagraph with or without facultative or other 459 reinsurance coverage, as the association determines appropriate. 460 The plan of operation must provide objective criteria d. 461 and procedures, approved by the department, to be uniformly 462 applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual 463 risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this 464 determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures, 465 the following shall be considered: 466 (I) Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual 467 risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same 468 class; and 469 Whether the uncertainty associated with the (II)470 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be 471 determined. 472 473 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association 474 pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of 475 Page 19 of 119

494

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

476 chapter 120 do not apply.

e. If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance program or through a mechanism established by
the association, either before the policy is issued by the
association or during the first 30 days of coverage by the
association, and the producing agent who submitted the
application to the association is not currently appointed by the
insurer, the insurer shall:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the association; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, the policies issued by the association must provide that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a

## Page 20 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

501 standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 502 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, a 503 basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer 504 eligible for coverage through the association. Upon termination 505 of eligibility, the association shall provide written notice to 506 the policyholder and agent of record stating that the 507 association policy must be canceled as of 60 days after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage from an 508 509 authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance code 510 relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph. 511

512 f. When the association enters into a contractual 513 agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of 514 the association policy is entitled to retain any unearned 515 commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the association policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the association; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the association policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

## Page 21 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

526 527 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 528 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 529 with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). 530 The plan of operation may authorize the formation of 6.a. 531 a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit 532 unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited 533 liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be 534 empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing bonds 535 or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate reserves or 536 funds to be used for the payment of insured catastrophe losses. 537 The plan may authorize all actions necessary to facilitate the 538 issuance of bonds, including the pledging of assessments or 539 other revenues. 540 b. Any entity created under this subsection, or any entity 541 formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and be sued, 542 may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt instruments; 543 pledge or sell assessments, market equalization surcharges and 544 other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual rights, 545 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 546 Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other assets as 547 security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; enter into 548 any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to accomplish 549 such borrowings; and take other actions necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association may issue bonds 550

## Page 22 of 119

2024 Legislature

551 or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf 552 by a unit of local government pursuant to subparagraph (6) (q) 2.,553 in the absence of a hurricane or other weather-related event, 554 upon a determination by the association subject to approval by 555 the department that such action would enable it to efficiently 556 meet the financial obligations of the association and that such 557 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the 558 requirements of this subsection. Any such entity may accumulate 559 reserves and retain surpluses as of the end of any association 560 year to provide for the payment of losses incurred by the 561 association during that year or any future year. The association 562 shall incorporate and continue the plan of operation and 563 articles of agreement in effect on the effective date of chapter 564 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the extent that it is not 565 inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as subsequently modified 566 consistent with chapter 76-96. The board of directors and 567 officers currently serving shall continue to serve until their 568 successors are duly qualified as provided under the plan. The 569 assets and obligations of the plan in effect immediately prior 570 to the effective date of chapter 76-96 shall be construed to be 571 the assets and obligations of the successor plan created herein. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State 572 с. 573 Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of 574 contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be

#### Page 23 of 119

taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing

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575

#### 2024 Legislature

576 agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such 577 bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred by the association 578 or any other entity created under this subsection.

579 7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be that 580 amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his or her 581 contract with the company with which the business is placed. 582 However, no commission will be paid on that portion of the 583 premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that 584 company.

585 8. Subject to approval by the department, the association 586 may establish different eligibility requirements and operational 587 procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified 588 eligible area or portion of an eligible area if the board 589 determines that such changes to the eligibility requirements and 590 operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market 591 being sufficiently stable and competitive in such area or for 592 such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good 593 faith, are unable to obtain insurance through the voluntary 594 market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to 595 coverage from the association. When coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, such requirements and 596 597 procedures shall not provide for an effective date of coverage 598 later than the date of the closing of the transfer as 599 established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if applicable, the lender. 600

## Page 24 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

601 Notwithstanding any other provision of law: 9. 602 The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the security a. 603 interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 604 association created or purported to be created pursuant to any 605 financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of 606 the association shall be and remain valid and enforceable, 607 notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation 608 of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, 609 bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or similar proceeding against the association under the laws of 610 611 this state or any other applicable laws.

b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of its
obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its
obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect,
assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, projected
recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund,
reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues, or
other assets of the association pledged.

c. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security
interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or
security interest, any such assessments, emergency assessments,
market equalization or renewal surcharges, projected recoveries
from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, reinsurance
recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or other assets which
are collected, or levied and collected, after the commencement

## Page 25 of 119

2024 Legislature

626 of and during the pendency of or after any such proceeding shall 627 continue unaffected by such proceeding.

628 As used in this subsection, the term "financing d. 629 documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document 630 now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other 631 indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any such 632 bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and 633 pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 634 association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of such 635 bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of interest on 636 such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of any other 637 obligation of the association related to such bonds or 638 indebtedness.

639 e. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 640 contract rights or other rights or assets of the association 641 shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 642 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such 643 assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets, 644 whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or 645 sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, valid, 646 binding, and enforceable against the association or other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against and 647 648 superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any 649 other person or entity, including policyholders in this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, contract, or 650

### Page 26 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

651 other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in 652 accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the 653 applicable financing documents, whether or not any such person 654 or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without the need 655 for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or other action. 656 There shall be no liability on the part of, and no f. 657 cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member 658 insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the 659 association, members of the board of directors of the 660 association, or the department or its representatives, for any 661 action taken by them in the performance of their duties or 662 responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not 663 apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement 664 pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort. 665 CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. -(6) 666 (a) The public purpose of this subsection is to ensure 667 that there is an orderly market for property insurance for 668 residents and businesses of this state. 669 The Legislature finds that private insurers are 1. 670 unwilling or unable to provide affordable property insurance 671 coverage in this state to the extent sought and needed. The 672 absence of affordable property insurance threatens the public 673 health, safety, and welfare and likewise threatens the economic 674 health of the state. The state therefore has a compelling public 675 interest and a public purpose to assist in assuring that

## Page 27 of 119

2024 Legislature

676 property in the state is insured and that it is insured at 677 affordable rates so as to facilitate the remediation, 678 reconstruction, and replacement of damaged or destroyed property 679 in order to reduce or avoid the negative effects otherwise 680 resulting to the public health, safety, and welfare, to the 681 economy of the state, and to the revenues of the state and local 682 governments which are needed to provide for the public welfare. 683 It is necessary, therefore, to provide affordable property 684 insurance to applicants who are in good faith entitled to 685 procure insurance through the voluntary market but are unable to 686 do so. The Legislature intends, therefore, that affordable 687 property insurance be provided and that it continue to be 688 provided, as long as necessary, through Citizens Property 689 Insurance Corporation, a government entity that is an integral 690 part of the state, and that is not a private insurance company. 691 To that end, the corporation shall strive to increase the 692 availability of affordable property insurance in this state, 693 while achieving efficiencies and economies, and while providing 694 service to policyholders, applicants, and agents which is no 695 less than the quality generally provided in the voluntary 696 market, for the achievement of the foregoing public purposes. 697 Because it is essential for this government entity to have the 698 maximum financial resources to pay claims following a 699 catastrophic hurricane, it is the intent of the Legislature that the corporation continue to be an integral part of the state and 700

## Page 28 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

701 that the income of the corporation be exempt from federal income 702 taxation and that interest on the debt obligations issued by the 703 corporation be exempt from federal income taxation.

704 2. The Residential Property and Casualty Joint 705 Underwriting Association originally created by this statute 706 shall be known as the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation. 707 The corporation shall provide insurance for residential and 708 commercial property, for applicants who are entitled, but, in 709 good faith, are unable to procure insurance through the voluntary market. The corporation shall operate pursuant to a 710 plan of operation approved by order of the Financial Services 711 712 Commission. The plan is subject to continuous review by the 713 commission. The commission may, by order, withdraw approval of 714 all or part of a plan if the commission determines that 715 conditions have changed since approval was granted and that the 716 purposes of the plan require changes in the plan. For the 717 purposes of this subsection, residential coverage includes both 718 personal lines residential coverage, which consists of the type 719 of coverage provided by homeowner, mobile home owner, dwelling, 720 tenant, condominium unit owner, and similar policies; and 721 commercial lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by condominium association, apartment 722 723 building, and similar policies.

3. With respect to coverage for personal lines residentialstructures:

## Page 29 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

726 Effective January 1, 2014, a structure that has a a. 727 dwelling replacement cost of \$1 million or more, or a single 728 condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents 729 replacement cost of \$1 million or more, is not eligible for 730 coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the 731 corporation on December 31, 2013, may continue to be covered by 732 the corporation until the end of the policy term. The office 733 shall approve the method used by the corporation for valuing the 734 dwelling replacement cost for the purposes of this subparagraph. 735 If a policyholder is insured by the corporation before being 736 determined to be ineligible pursuant to this subparagraph and 737 such policyholder files a lawsuit challenging the determination, 738 the policyholder may remain insured by the corporation until the 739 conclusion of the litigation. 740 b. Effective January 1, 2015, a structure that has a 741 dwelling replacement cost of \$900,000 or more, or a single 742 condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents 743 replacement cost of \$900,000 or more, is not eligible for 744 coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the 745 corporation on December 31, 2014, may continue to be covered by 746 the corporation only until the end of the policy term. 747 c. Effective January 1, 2016, a structure that has a 748 dwelling replacement cost of \$800,000 or more, or a single 749 condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents 750 replacement cost of \$800,000 or more, is not eligible for

Page 30 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

#### 751 coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the 752 corporation on December 31, 2015, may continue to be covered by 753 the corporation until the end of the policy term. 754 d. Effective January 1, 2017, a structure that has a 755 dwelling replacement cost of \$700,000 or more, or a single 756 condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents 757 replacement cost of \$700,000 or more, is not eligible for 758 coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the 759 corporation on December 31, 2016, may continue to be covered by 760 the corporation until the end of the policy term. 761 b. The requirements of sub-subparagraph a. sub-

rel <u>bin</u> The requirements of <u>bib subparagraph di</u> bib subparagraphs b.-d. do not apply in counties where the office determines there is not a reasonable degree of competition. In such counties a personal lines residential structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of less than \$1 million, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and contents replacement cost of less than \$1 million, is eligible for coverage by the corporation.

4. It is the intent of the Legislature that policyholders, applicants, and agents of the corporation receive service and treatment of the highest possible level but never less than that generally provided in the voluntary market. It is also intended that the corporation be held to service standards no less than those applied to insurers in the voluntary market by the office with respect to responsiveness, timeliness, customer courtesy,

## Page 31 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

776 and overall dealings with policyholders, applicants, or agents 777 of the corporation.

778 5.a. Effective January 1, 2009, a personal lines 779 residential structure that is located in the "wind-borne debris 780 region," as defined in s. 1609.2, International Building Code 781 (2006), and that has an insured value on the structure of 782 \$750,000 or more is not eligible for coverage by the corporation 783 unless the structure has opening protections as required under 784 the Florida Building Code for a newly constructed residential 785 structure in that area. A residential structure is deemed to 786 comply with this sub-subparagraph if it has shutters or opening 787 protections on all openings and if such opening protections 788 complied with the Florida Building Code at the time they were 789 installed.

790 b. Any major structure, as defined in s. 161.54(6)(a), 791 that is newly constructed, or rebuilt, repaired, restored, or 792 remodeled to increase the total square footage of finished area 793 by more than 25 percent, pursuant to a permit applied for after 794 July 1, 2015, is not eligible for coverage by the corporation if 795 the structure is seaward of the coastal construction control 796 line established pursuant to s. 161.053 or is within the Coastal 797 Barrier Resources System as designated by 16 U.S.C. ss. 3501-798 3510.

799 6. With respect to wind-only coverage for commercial lines800 residential condominiums, effective July 1, 2014, a condominium

### Page 32 of 119

2024 Legislature

801 shall be deemed ineligible for coverage if 50 percent or more of 802 the units are rented more than eight times in a calendar year 803 for a rental agreement period of less than 30 days.

804 (b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more subject 805 lines of business in this state are subject to assessment by the 806 corporation and, for the purposes of this subsection, are 807 referred to collectively as "assessable insurers." Insurers 808 writing one or more subject lines of business in this state 809 pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are not assessable insurers; however, insureds who procure one or more subject 810 811 lines of business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 812 626 are subject to assessment by the corporation and are referred to collectively as "assessable insureds." An insurer's 813 814 assessment liability begins on the first day of the calendar 815 year following the year in which the insurer was issued a 816 certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject lines 817 of business in this state and terminates 1 year after the end of 818 the first calendar year during which the insurer no longer holds 819 a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject 820 lines of business in this state.

2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and
expenses of the corporation shall be <u>maintained in the Citizens</u>
<u>account. The Citizens account may provide</u> divided into three
separate accounts as follows:

825

<u>a.(I)</u> A personal lines account for Personal residential

Page 33 of 119

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hb1503-05-er

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

policies <u>that provide</u> issued by the corporation which provides comprehensive, multiperil coverage on risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas;

832 b.(II) A commercial lines account for Commercial 833 residential and commercial nonresidential policies that provide 834 issued by the corporation which provides coverage for basic 835 property perils on risks that are not located in areas eligible 836 for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 837 as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies 838 that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that 839 are located in such areas; and

840 c. (III) A coastal account for Personal residential 841 policies and commercial residential and commercial 842 nonresidential property policies that provide issued by the 843 corporation which provides coverage for the peril of wind on 844 risks that are located in areas eligible for coverage by the 845 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were 846 defined on January 1, 2002. The corporation may offer policies 847 that provide multiperil coverage and shall offer policies that 848 provide coverage only for the peril of wind for risks located in 849 areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January 850

### Page 34 of 119

2024 Legislature

851 1, 2002 in the coastal account. Effective July 1, 2014, The 852 corporation may not offer shall cease offering new commercial 853 residential policies providing multiperil coverage but and shall 854 instead continue to offer commercial residential wind-only 855 policies, and may offer commercial residential policies 856 excluding wind. However, the corporation may, however, continue 857 to renew a commercial residential multiperil policy on a 858 building that was is insured by the corporation on June 30, 859 2014, under a multiperil policy. In issuing multiperil coverage 860 under this sub-subparagraph, the corporation may use its approved policy forms and rates for risks located in areas not 861 862 eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 863 Association, as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and 864 for policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind 865 on risks that are located in such areas the personal lines 866 account. An applicant or insured who is eligible to purchase a 867 multiperil policy from the corporation may purchase a multiperil 868 policy from an authorized insurer without prejudice to the 869 applicant's or insured's eligibility to prospectively purchase a 870 policy that provides coverage only for the peril of wind from 871 the corporation. An applicant or insured who is eligible for a corporation policy that provides coverage only for the peril of 872 873 wind may elect to purchase or retain such policy and also 874 purchase or retain coverage excluding wind from an authorized 875 insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or insured's

### Page 35 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

876	eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides
877	multiperil coverage from the corporation. The following
878	policies, which provide coverage only for the peril of wind,
879	must also include quota share primary insurance under
880	subparagraph (c)2.:
881	(I) Personal residential policies and commercial
882	residential and commercial nonresidential property policies that
883	provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located
884	in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm
885	Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January
886	<u>1, 2002;</u>
887	(II) Policies that provide multiperil coverage, if offered
888	by the corporation, and policies that provide coverage only for
889	the peril of wind for risks located in areas eligible for
890	coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as
891	those areas were defined on January 1, 2002;
892	(III) Commercial residential wind-only policies;
893	(IV) Commercial residential policies excluding wind, if
894	offered by the corporation; and
895	(V) Commercial residential multiperil policies on a
896	building that was insured by the corporation on June 30, 2014 $\pm$
897	is the goal of the Legislature that there be an overall average
898	savings of 10 percent or more for a policyholder who currently
899	has a wind-only policy with the corporation, and an ex-wind
900	policy with a voluntary insurer or the corporation, and who
	Page 36 of 119
2024 Legislature

901	obtains a multiperil policy from the corporation. It is the
902	intent of the Legislature that the offer of multiperil coverage
903	in the coastal account be made and implemented in a manner that
904	does not adversely affect the tax-exempt status of the
905	corporation or creditworthiness of or security for currently
906	outstanding financing obligations or credit facilities of the
907	coastal account, the personal lines account, or the commercial
908	lines account. The coastal account must also include quota share
909	primary insurance under subparagraph (c)2.
910	
911	The area eligible for coverage with the corporation under this
912	sub-subparagraph under the coastal account also includes the
913	area within Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by
914	the City of Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana
915	River, and bordered on the north by Federal Government property.
916	3. With respect to a deficit in the Citizens account:
917	a. Upon a determination by the board of governors that the
918	Citizens account has a projected deficit, the board shall levy a
919	Citizens policyholder surcharge against all policyholders of the
920	corporation.
921	(I) The surcharge shall be levied as a uniform percentage
922	of the premium for the policy of up to 15 percent of such
923	premium, which funds shall be used to offset the deficit.
924	(II) The surcharge is payable upon cancellation or
925	termination of the policy, upon renewal of the policy, or upon
	Dece 27 of 110

Page 37 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

926	issuance of a new policy by the corporation within the first 12
927	months after the date of the levy or the period of time
928	necessary to fully collect the surcharge amount.
929	(III) The surcharge is not considered premium and is not
930	subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes. However, failure
931	to pay the surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium.
932	b. The three separate accounts must be maintained as long
933	as financing obligations entered into by the Florida Windstorm
934	Underwriting Association or Residential Property and Casualty
935	Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in accordance
936	with the terms of the corresponding financing documents. If no
937	such financing obligations remain outstanding or if the
938	financing documents allow for combining of accounts, the
939	corporation may consolidate the three separate accounts into a
940	new account, to be known as the Citizens account, for all
941	revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the
942	corporation. The Citizens account, if established by the
943	corporation, is authorized to provide coverage to the same
944	extent as provided under each of the three separate accounts.
945	The authority to provide coverage under the Citizens account is
946	set forth in subparagraph 4. Consistent with this subparagraph
947	and prudent investment policies that minimize the cost of
948	carrying debt, the board shall exercise its best efforts to
949	retire existing debt or obtain the approval of necessary parties
950	to amend the terms of existing debt, so as to structure the most
	Deg. 29 of 110

Page 38 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

951	efficient plan for consolidating the three separate accounts
952	into a single account. Once the accounts are combined into one
953	account, this subparagraph and subparagraph 3. shall be replaced
954	in their entirety by subparagraphs 4. and 5.
955	c. Creditors of the Residential Property and Casualty
956	Joint Underwriting Association and the accounts specified in
957	sub-sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II) may have a claim against,
958	and recourse to, those accounts and no claim against, or
959	recourse to, the account referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph
960	a.(III). Creditors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting
961	Association have a claim against, and recourse to, the account
962	referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III) and no claim
963	against, or recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-sub-
964	subparagraphs a.(I) and (II).
965	d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses not
966	attributable to particular accounts shall be prorated among the
967	accounts.
968	e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the
969	corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the
970	requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance of
971	bonds under this subsection.
972	f. The income of the corporation may not inure to the
973	benefit of any private person.
974	3. With respect to a deficit in an account:
975	a. After accounting for the Citizens policyholder
	Page 39 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

976	surcharge imposed under sub-subparagraph j., if the remaining
977	projected deficit incurred in the coastal account in a
978	particular calendar year:
979	(I) Is not greater than 2 percent of the aggregate
980	statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of
981	
	business for the prior calendar year, the entire deficit shall
982	be recovered through regular assessments of assessable insurers
983	under paragraph (q) and assessable insureds.
984	(II) Exceeds 2 percent of the aggregate statewide direct
985	written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior
986	calendar year, the corporation shall levy regular assessments on
987	assessable insurers under paragraph (q) and on assessable
988	insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 2 percent of the
989	projected deficit or 2 percent of the aggregate statewide direct
990	written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior
991	calendar year. Any remaining projected deficit shall be
992	recovered through emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph
993	<del>e.</del>
994	b. Each assessable insurer's share of the amount being
995	assessed under sub-subparagraph a. must be in the proportion
996	that the assessable insurer's direct written premium for the
997	subject lines of business for the year preceding the assessment
998	bears to the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the
999	subject lines of business for that year. The assessment
1000	percentage applicable to each assessable insured is the ratio of
ļ	Page 40 of 119

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CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1001	the amount being assessed under sub-subparagraph a. to the
1002	aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines
1003	of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by the
1004	corporation on assessable insurers under sub-subparagraph a.
1005	must be paid as required by the corporation's plan of operation
1006	and paragraph (q). Assessments levied by the corporation on
1007	assessable insureds under sub-subparagraph a. shall be collected
1008	by the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus lines agent
1009	collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932, and paid
1010	to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the
1011	surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to that office.
1012	Upon receipt of regular assessments from surplus lines agents,
1013	the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall transfer the
1014	assessments directly to the corporation as determined by the
1015	corporation.
1016	c. The corporation may not levy regular assessments under
1017	paragraph (q) pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. or sub-
1018	subparagraph b. if the three separate accounts in sub-sub-
1019	subparagraphs 2.a.(I)-(III) have been consolidated into the
1020	Citizens account pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.b. However, the
1021	outstanding balance of any regular assessment levied by the
1022	corporation before establishment of the Citizens account remains
1023	payable to the corporation.
1024	<u>b.d.</u> After accounting for the Citizens policyholder
1025	surcharge imposed under sub-subparagraph <u>a.</u> <del>j.</del> , the remaining
	Dogo 11 of 110

Page 41 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1026 projected deficits in the <u>Citizens</u> personal lines account and in 1027 the commercial lines account in a particular calendar year shall 1028 be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-1029 subparagraph c. <del>c.</del>

1030 c.e. Upon a determination by the board of governors that a 1031 projected deficit in the Citizens an account exceeds the amount 1032 that is expected to be recovered through surcharges regular 1033 assessments under sub-subparagraph a., plus the amount that is 1034 expected to be recovered through surcharges under sub-1035 subparagraph j., the board, after verification by the office, 1036 shall levy emergency assessments for as many years as necessary 1037 to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers 1038 and the corporation and collected from assessable insureds upon 1039 issuance or renewal of policies for subject lines of business, excluding National Flood Insurance Program policies. The amount 1040 1041 collected in a particular year must be a uniform percentage of that year's direct written premium for subject lines of business 1042 1043 and the Citizens account all accounts of the corporation, 1044 excluding National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as 1045 annually determined by the board and verified by the office. The 1046 office shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 days after receipt of the 1047 1048 information on which the determination was based. The office 1049 shall notify assessable insurers and the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office of the date on which assessable insurers shall 1050

### Page 42 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

1051 begin to collect and assessable insureds shall begin to pay such 1052 assessment. The date must be at least 90 days after the date the 1053 corporation levies emergency assessments pursuant to this subsubparagraph. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 1054 1055 corporation and each assessable insurer that writes subject 1056 lines of business shall collect emergency assessments from its 1057 policyholders without such obligation being affected by any 1058 credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. Emergency 1059 assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds 1060 shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the 1061 surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932 and paid to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office 1062 1063 at the time the surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax 1064 to that office. The emergency assessments collected shall be 1065 transferred directly to the corporation on a periodic basis as 1066 determined by the corporation and held by the corporation solely 1067 in the Citizens applicable account. The aggregate amount of 1068 emergency assessments levied for the Citizens an account in any 1069 calendar year may be less than but may not exceed the greater of 1070 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the deficit, plus 1071 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs 1072 associated with financing the original deficit, or 10 percent of 1073 the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines 1074 of business and the Citizens account all accounts of the corporation for the prior year, plus interest, fees, 1075

## Page 43 of 119

2024 Legislature

1076 commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with 1077 financing the deficit.

1078 d.f. The corporation may pledge the proceeds of 1079 assessments, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, 1080 1081 policyholder surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds 1082 available to the corporation as the source of revenue for and to 1083 secure bonds issued under paragraph (q), bonds or other 1084 indebtedness issued under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit 1085 or other financing mechanisms issued or created under this 1086 subsection, or to retire any other debt incurred as a result of 1087 deficits or events giving rise to deficits, or in any other way 1088 that the board determines will efficiently recover such 1089 deficits. The purpose of the lines of credit or other financing 1090 mechanisms is to provide additional resources to assist the 1091 corporation in covering claims and expenses attributable to a 1092 catastrophe. As used in this subsection, the term "assessments" 1093 includes emergency regular assessments under sub-subparagraph c. 1094 or subparagraph (q)1. and emergency assessments under <del>sub-</del> 1095 subparagraph e. Emergency assessments collected under sub-1096 subparagraph c. e. are not part of an insurer's rates, are not 1097 premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or 1098 commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment 1099 shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The emergency assessments shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other 1100

### Page 44 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

1101 indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the 1102 assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate 1103 provision has been made for the payment of such bonds or other 1104 indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such bonds or 1105 indebtedness.

1106 e.<del>q.</del> As used in this subsection and for purposes of any 1107 deficit incurred on or after January 25, 2007, the term "subject lines of business" means insurance written by assessable 1108 1109 insurers or procured by assessable insureds for all property and casualty lines of business in this state, but not including 1110 1111 workers' compensation or medical malpractice. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of 1112 business" includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, 1113 1114 Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required of authorized insurers under s. 624.424 and any rule adopted 1115 1116 under this section, except for those lines identified as accident and health insurance and except for policies written 1117 1118 under the National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop 1119 Insurance Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the 1120 term "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation 1121 insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance.

1122 <u>f.h.</u> The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 1123 <u>annually</u> determine <del>annually</del> the aggregate statewide written 1124 premium in subject lines of business procured by assessable 1125 insureds and report that information to the corporation in a

### Page 45 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

1126 form and at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the 1127 corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and the 1128 corporation's financing obligations.

1129 <u>g.i.</u> The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify 1130 the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment 1131 percentages for regular assessments and emergency assessments 1132 levied under this subparagraph on assessable insureds and assist 1133 the corporation in ensuring the accurate, timely collection and 1134 payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as required by 1135 the corporation.

1136 j. Upon determination by the board of governors that an 1137 account has a projected deficit, the board shall levy a Citizens 1138 policyholder surcharge against all policyholders of the 1139 corporation.

1140 (I) The surcharge shall be levied as a uniform percentage 1141 of the premium for the policy of up to 15 percent of such 1142 premium, which funds shall be used to offset the deficit.

1143 (II) The surcharge is payable upon cancellation or termination of the policy, upon renewal of the policy, or upon issuance of a new policy by the corporation within the first 12 months after the date of the levy or the period of time necessary to fully collect the surcharge amount.

1148 (III) The corporation may not levy any regular assessments 1149 under paragraph (q) pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. or sub-1150 subparagraph b. with respect to a particular year's deficit

Page 46 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1151	until the corporation has first levied the full amount of the
1152	surcharge authorized by this sub-subparagraph.
1153	(IV) The surcharge is not considered premium and is not
1154	subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes. However, failure
1155	to pay the surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium.
1156	<u>h.k.</u> If the amount of any assessments or surcharges
1157	collected from corporation policyholders, assessable insurers or
1158	their policyholders, or assessable insureds exceeds the amount
1159	of the deficits, such excess amounts shall be remitted to and
1160	retained by the corporation in a reserve to be used by the
1161	corporation, as determined by the board of governors and
1162	approved by the office, to pay claims or reduce any past,
1163	present, or future plan-year deficits or to reduce outstanding
1164	debt.
1165	4. The Citizens account, if established by the corporation
1166	pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.b., is authorized to provide:
1167	a. Personal residential policies that provide
1168	comprehensive, multiperil coverage on risks that are not located
1169	in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm
1170	Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January
1171	1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide coverage for the
1172	peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas;
1173	b. Commercial residential and commercial nonresidential
1174	policies that provide coverage for basic property perils on
1175	risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage by the
	Daga 47 of 110

Page 47 of 119

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ENROLLED

1176 Florida Windstorm

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

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2024 Legislature

11/6	Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as those areas were
1177	defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide
1178	coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such
1179	areas; and
1180	c. Personal residential policies and commercial
1181	residential and commercial nonresidential property policies that
1182	provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located
1183	in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm
1184	Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January
1185	1, 2002. The corporation may offer policies that provide
1186	multiperil coverage and shall offer policies that provide
1187	coverage only for the peril of wind for risks located in areas
1188	eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting
1189	Association, as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. The
1190	corporation may not offer new commercial residential policies
1191	providing multiperil coverage, but shall continue to offer
1192	commercial residential wind-only policies, and may offer
1193	commercial residential policies excluding wind. However, the
1194	corporation may continue to renew a commercial residential
1195	multiperil policy on a building that was insured by the
1196	corporation on June 30, 2014, under a multiperil policy. In
1197	issuing multiperil coverage under this sub-subparagraph, the
1198	corporation may use its approved policy forms and rates for
1199	risks located in areas not eligible for coverage by the Florida
1200	Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined

Page 48 of 119

2024 Legislature

1201	on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide
1202	coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such
1203	areas. An applicant or insured who is eligible to purchase a
1204	multiperil policy from the corporation may purchase a multiperil
1205	policy from an authorized insurer without prejudice to the
1206	applicant's or insured's eligibility to prospectively purchase a
1207	policy that provides coverage only for the peril of wind from
1208	the corporation. An applicant or insured who is eligible for a
1209	corporation policy that provides coverage only for the peril of
1210	wind may elect to purchase or retain such policy and also
1211	purchase or retain coverage excluding wind from an authorized
1212	insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or insured's
1213	eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides
1214	multiperil coverage from the corporation. The following
1215	policies, which provide coverage only for the peril of wind,
1216	must also include quota share primary insurance under
1217	subparagraph (c)2.: Personal residential policies and commercial
1218	residential and commercial nonresidential property policies that
1219	provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located
1220	in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm
1221	Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January
1222	1, 2002; policies that provide multiperil coverage, if offered
1223	by the corporation, and policies that provide coverage only for
1224	the peril of wind for risks located in areas eligible for
1225	coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as
	Deg. 40 of 110

Page 49 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

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1226	those areas were defined on January 1, 2002; commercial
1227	residential wind-only policies; commercial residential policies
1228	excluding wind, if offered by the corporation; and commercial
1229	residential multiperil policies on a building that was insured
1230	by the corporation on June 30, 2014. The area eligible for
1231	coverage with the corporation under this sub-subparagraph
1232	includes the area within Port Canaveral, which is bordered on
1233	the south by the City of Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by
1234	the Banana River, and bordered on the north by Federal
1235	Government property.
1236	5. With respect to a deficit in the Citizens account:
1237	a. Upon a determination by the board of governors that the
1238	Citizens account has a projected deficit, the board shall levy a
1239	Citizens policyholder surcharge against all policyholders of the
1240	corporation.
1241	(I) The surcharge shall be levied as a uniform percentage
1242	of the premium for the policy of up to 15 percent of such
1243	premium, which funds shall be used to offset the deficit.
1244	(II) The surcharge is payable upon cancellation or
1245	termination of the policy, upon renewal of the policy, or upon
1246	issuance of a new policy by the corporation within the first 12
1247	months after the date of the levy or the period of time
1248	necessary to fully collect the surcharge amount.
1249	(III) The surcharge is not considered premium and is not
1250	subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes. However, failure
I	Page 50 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1251	to pay the surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium.
1252	b. After accounting for the Citizens policyholder
1253	surcharge imposed under sub-subparagraph a., the remaining
1254	projected deficit incurred in the Citizens account in a
1255	particular calendar year shall be recovered through emergency
1256	assessments under sub-subparagraph c.
1257	c. Upon a determination by the board of governors that a
1258	projected deficit in the Citizens account exceeds the amount
1259	that is expected to be recovered through surcharges under sub-
1260	subparagraph a., the board, after verification by the office,
1261	shall levy emergency assessments for as many years as necessary
1262	to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers
1263	and the corporation and collected from assessable insureds upon
1264	issuance or renewal of policies for subject lines of business,
1265	excluding National Flood Insurance Program policies. The amount
1266	collected in a particular year must be a uniform percentage of
1267	that year's direct written premium for subject lines of business
1268	and the Citizens account, National Flood Insurance Program
1269	policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and
1270	verified by the office. The office shall verify the arithmetic
1271	calculations involved in the board's determination within 30
1272	days after receipt of the information on which the determination
1273	was based. The office shall notify assessable insurers and the
1274	Florida Surplus Lines Service Office of the date on which
1275	assessable insurers shall begin to collect and assessable

Page 51 of 119

2024 Legislature

1276	insureds shall begin to pay such assessment. The date must be at
1277	least 90 days after the date the corporation levies emergency
1278	assessments pursuant to this sub-subparagraph. Notwithstanding
1279	any other law, the corporation and each assessable insurer that
1280	writes subject lines of business shall collect emergency
1281	assessments from its policyholders without such obligation being
1282	affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment.
1283	Emergency assessments levied by the corporation on assessable
1284	insureds shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the
1285	time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax
1286	required by s. 626.932 and paid to the Florida Surplus Lines
1287	Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the
1288	surplus lines tax to that office. The emergency assessments
1289	collected shall be transferred directly to the corporation on a
1290	periodic basis as determined by the corporation and held by the
1291	corporation solely in the Citizens account. The aggregate amount
1292	of emergency assessments levied for the Citizens account in any
1293	calendar year may be less than, but may not exceed the greater
1294	of, 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the deficit, plus
1295	interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs
1296	associated with financing the original deficit or 10 percent of
1297	the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines
1298	of business and the Citizens accounts for the prior year, plus
1299	interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs
1300	associated with financing the deficit.

Page 52 of 119

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2024 Legislature

1301	d. The corporation may pledge the proceeds of assessments,
1302	projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
1303	Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, policyholder
1304	surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds available to
1305	the corporation as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds
1306	issued under paragraph (q), bonds or other indebtedness issued
1307	under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing
1308	mechanisms issued or created under this subsection; or to retire
1309	any other debt incurred as a result of deficits or events giving
1310	rise to deficits, or in any other way that the board determines
1311	will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines
1312	of credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional
1313	resources to assist the corporation in covering claims and
1314	expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this
1315	subsection, the term "assessments" includes emergency
1316	assessments under sub-subparagraph c. Emergency assessments
1317	collected under sub-subparagraph c. are not part of an insurer's
1318	rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax,
1319	fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency
1320	assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The
1321	emergency assessments shall continue as long as any bonds issued
1322	or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for
1323	which the assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless
1324	adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds
1325	or other indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such

Page 53 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1326	bonds or indebtedness.
1327	e. As used in this subsection and for purposes of any
1328	deficit incurred on or after January 25, 2007, the term "subject
1329	lines of business" means insurance written by assessable
1330	insurers or procured by assessable insureds for all property and
1331	casualty lines of business in this state, but not including
1332	workers' compensation or medical malpractice. As used in this
1333	sub-subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of
1334	business" includes all lines of business identified on Form 2,
1335	Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required
1336	of authorized insurers under s. 624.424 and any rule adopted
1337	under this section, except for those lines identified as
1338	accident and health insurance and except for policies written
1339	under the National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop
1340	Insurance Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the
1341	term "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation
1342	insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance.
1343	f. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall annually
1344	determine the aggregate statewide written premium in subject
1345	lines of business procured by assessable insureds and report
1346	that information to the corporation in a form and at a time the
1347	corporation specifies to ensure that the corporation can meet
1348	the requirements of this subsection and the corporation's
1349	financing obligations.
1350	g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify

Page 54 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1351	the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment
1352	percentages for emergency assessments levied under this
1353	subparagraph on assessable insureds and assist the corporation
1354	in ensuring the accurate, timely collection and payment of
1355	assessments by surplus lines agents as required by the
1356	corporation.
1357	h. If the amount of any assessments or surcharges
1358	collected from corporation policyholders, assessable insurers or
1359	their policyholders, or assessable insureds exceeds the amount
1360	of the deficits, such excess amounts shall be remitted to and
1361	retained by the corporation in a reserve to be used by the
1362	corporation, as determined by the board of governors and
1363	approved by the office, to pay claims or reduce any past,
1364	present, or future plan-year deficits or to reduce outstanding
1365	debt.
1366	(c) The corporation's plan of operation:
1367	1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and
1368	casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and

casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and 1368 1369 nonresidential property insurance forms, which must be approved 1370 by the office before use. The corporation shall adopt the 1371 following policy forms:

Standard personal lines policy forms that are 1372 a. 1373 comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a 1374 residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy. 1375

# Page 55 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

### 2024 Legislature

b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which is more limited than the coverage under a standard policy.

1381 c. Commercial lines residential and nonresidential policy 1382 forms that are generally similar to the basic perils of full 1383 coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures and 1384 commercial nonresidential structures in the admitted voluntary 1385 market.

d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to residential properties located in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002.

e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002.

1397 f. The corporation may adopt variations of the policy 1398 forms listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-e. which contain more 1399 restrictive coverage.

1400

g. The corporation shall offer a basic personal lines

### Page 56 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

# 2024 Legislature

1401	policy similar to an HO-8 policy with dwelling repair based on
1402	common construction materials and methods.
1403	2. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in
1404	which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota
1405	share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as
1406	defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt
1407	property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the
1408	peril of wind only.
1409	a. As used in this subsection, the term:
1410	(I) "Approved surplus lines insurer" means an eligible
1411	surplus lines insurer that:
1412	(A) Has a financial strength rating of "A-" or higher from
1413	A.M. Best Company;
1414	(B) Has a personal lines residential risk program that is
1415	managed by a Florida resident surplus lines broker;
1416	(C) Applies to the office to participate in the take-out
1417	process to offer coverage to applicants for new coverage from
1418	the corporation or current policyholders of the corporation
1419	through a take-out plan approved by the office;
1420	(D) Does not, as part of any take-out plan approved by the
1421	office, offer coverage on any personal lines residential risk
1422	that is a primary residence or has a homestead exemption under
1423	chapter 196;
1424	(E) Files rates for review as part of a take-out plan with
1425	the office. The office shall review whether the premium is more

Page 57 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1426	than 20 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage
1427	from the corporation; and
1428	(F) Provides data to the office related to coverage and
1429	rates in a format promulgated by the commission.
1430	(III) "Primary residence" means the dwelling that is the
1431	policyholder's primary home or is a rental property that is the
1432	primary home of the tenant, and which the policyholder or tenant
1433	occupies for more than 9 months of each year.
1434	<u>(IV) <del>(I)</del> "Quota share primary insurance" means an</u>
1435	arrangement in which the primary hurricane coverage of an
1436	eligible risk is provided in specified percentages by the
1437	corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and
1438	authorized insurer are each solely responsible for a specified
1439	percentage of hurricane coverage of an eligible risk as set
1440	forth in a quota share primary insurance agreement between the
1441	corporation and an authorized insurer and the insurance
1442	contract. The responsibility of the corporation or authorized
1443	insurer to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses of
1444	an eligible risk, as set forth in the agreement, may not be
1445	altered by the inability of the other party to pay its specified
1446	percentage of losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane
1447	coverage through a quota share primary insurance arrangement
1448	must be provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of
1449	the corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement,
1450	clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance
	Page 58 of 110

# Page 58 of 119

### 2024 Legislature

1451 provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and 1452 conspicuously and clearly state that the authorized insurer and 1453 the corporation may not be held responsible beyond their 1454 specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses.

(II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002.

b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary
insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation
coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However, the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level may not exceed 90 percent.

1469 d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered 1470 into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must 1471 provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of 1472 hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the 1473 corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized 1474 insurer covered under the agreement.

1475

e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered

### Page 59 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

1476 into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is 1477 subject to review and approval by the office. However, such 1478 agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance contracts 1479 entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is 1480 already insured by the corporation for wind coverage.

1481 For all eligible risks covered under quota share f. 1482 primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels 1483 for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be 1484 reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 1485 Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under such 1486 agreements, the corporation and the authorized insurer must 1487 maintain complete and accurate records for the purpose of 1488 exposure and loss reimbursement audits as required by fund 1489 rules. The corporation and the authorized insurer shall each 1490 maintain duplicate copies of policy declaration pages and 1491 supporting claims documents.

g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the terms of the agreements, pricing of the agreements, incentive provisions if any, and consideration paid for servicing policies or adjusting claims.

h. The quota share primary insurance agreement between the
corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the
specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but

### Page 60 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

1501 not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under 1502 the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer 1503 producing the business, the reporting of information concerning eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and 1504 1505 arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims 1506 incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel 1507 of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing 1508 insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized 1509 insurer is voluntary and at the discretion of the authorized 1510 insurer.

1511 3. May provide that the corporation may employ or otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide 1512 1513 administrative or professional services that may be appropriate 1514 to effectuate the plan. The corporation may borrow funds by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall have 1515 1516 other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements 1517 of this subsection, including, without limitation, the power to 1518 issue bonds and incur other indebtedness in order to refinance 1519 outstanding bonds or other indebtedness. The corporation may 1520 seek judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness 1521 under chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other 1522 indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of 1523 local government pursuant to subparagraph (q)2. in the absence 1524 of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the 1525

### Page 61 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

1526 office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the 1527 financial obligations of the corporation and that such 1528 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the 1529 requirements of this subsection. The corporation may take all 1530 actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for such bonds or 1531 indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other affiliated 1532 entities. The corporation may pledge assessments, projected 1533 recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other 1534 reinsurance recoverables, policyholder surcharges and other 1535 surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation as 1536 security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 1537 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment 1538 of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature 1539 that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond 1540 indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed 1541 by contract to such bond or other indebtedness.

1542 4. Must require that the corporation operate subject to 1543 the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting 1544 of nine individuals who are residents of this state and who are 1545 from different geographical areas of the state, one of whom is 1546 appointed by the Governor and serves solely to advocate on 1547 behalf of the consumer. The appointment of a consumer 1548 representative by the Governor is deemed to be within the scope 1549 of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b) and is in addition to the appointments authorized under sub-subparagraph a. 1550

### Page 62 of 119

2024 Legislature

1551	a. The Governor, the Chief Financial Officer, the
1552	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
1553	Representatives shall each appoint two members of the board. At
1554	least one of the two members appointed by each appointing
1555	officer must have demonstrated expertise in insurance and be
1556	deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s.
1557	112.313(7)(b). The Chief Financial Officer shall designate one
1558	of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the
1559	pleasure of the appointing officer. All members of the board are
1560	subject to removal at will by the officers who appointed them.
1561	All board members, including the chair, must be appointed to
1562	serve for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date designated
1563	by the plan. However, for the first term beginning on or after
1564	July 1, 2009, each appointing officer shall appoint one member
1565	of the board for a 2-year term and one member for a 3-year term.
1566	A board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the
1567	appointing officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall appoint a
1568	technical advisory group to provide information and advice to
1569	the board in connection with the board's duties under this
1570	subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the
1571	corporation shall be engaged by the board and serve at the
1572	pleasure of the board. Any executive director appointed on or
1573	after July 1, 2006, is subject to confirmation by the Senate.
1574	The executive director is responsible for employing other staff
1575	as the corporation may require, subject to review and

# Page 63 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1576 concurrence by the board.

b. The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of its rates and its customer and agent service levels in relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar coverage.

1582 (I) The members of the advisory committee consist of the 1583 following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by the 1584 members of the committee: four representatives, one appointed by 1585 the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by the Florida 1586 Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one by the 1587 Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the Latin 1588 American Association of Insurance Agencies; three 1589 representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest 1590 voluntary market share of residential property insurance 1591 business in the state; one representative from the Office of 1592 Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who is 1593 insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the 1594 committee; one representative appointed by the Florida 1595 Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the 1596 Florida Bankers Association. All members shall be appointed to 1597 3-year terms and may serve for consecutive terms.

(II) The committee shall report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance market issues which may include rates and rate competition with the voluntary market; service,

## Page 64 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1601 including policy issuance, claims processing, and general 1602 responsiveness to policyholders, applicants, and agents; and 1603 matters relating to depopulation.

1604 5. Must provide a procedure for determining the 1605 eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:

1606 Subject to s. 627.3517, with respect to personal lines a. 1607 residential risks that are primary residences, if the risk is offered coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's 1608 1609 approved rate under a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed 1610 with the office, a basic policy including wind coverage, for a 1611 new application to the corporation for coverage, the risk is not 1612 1613 eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 20 1614 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from 1615 1616 the corporation. Whenever an offer of coverage for a personal lines residential risk that is a primary residence is received 1617 1618 for a policyholder of the corporation at renewal from an 1619 authorized insurer, if the offer is equal to or less than the 1620 corporation's renewal premium for comparable coverage, the risk 1621 is not eligible for coverage with the corporation for policies that renew before April 1, 2023; for policies that renew on or 1622 1623 after that date, the risk is not eligible for coverage with the 1624 corporation unless the premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 20 percent greater than the corporation's 1625

### Page 65 of 119

### 2024 Legislature

1626 renewal premium for comparable coverage. If the risk is not able 1627 to obtain such offer, the risk is eligible for a standard policy 1628 including wind coverage or a basic policy including wind 1629 coverage issued by the corporation; however, if the risk could 1630 not be insured under a standard policy including wind coverage 1631 regardless of market conditions, the risk is eligible for a 1632 basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected under 1633 subparagraph 8. The corporation shall determine the type of 1634 policy to be provided on the basis of objective standards 1635 specified in the underwriting manual and based on generally accepted underwriting practices. A policyholder removed from the 1636 1637 corporation through an assumption agreement does not remain 1638 eligible for coverage from the corporation after the end of the 1639 policy term. However, any policy removed from the corporation 1640 through an assumption agreement remains on the corporation's 1641 policy forms through the end of the policy term. This subsubparagraph applies only to risks that are primary residences. 1642

1643 (I)If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the 1644 market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the 1645 corporation other than a plan established by s. 627.3518, before 1646 a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing 1647 1648 agent who submitted the application to the plan or to the 1649 corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall: 1650

### Page 66 of 119

1661

#### 2024 Legislature

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy for
the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's
usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or
a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the
corporation; or
(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the

1657 policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and 1658 offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the 1659 corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of 1660 policy written.

1662 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1663 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1664 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record tocontinue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to

### Page 67 of 119

ENROLLED

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

# 2024 Legislature

1676	pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's
1677	usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.
1678	
1679	If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept
1680	appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance
1681	with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).
1682	b. Subject to s. 627.3517, with respect to personal lines
1683	residential risks that are not primary residences, if the risk
1684	is offered coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's
1685	approved rate or from an approved surplus lines insurer at the
1686	rate approved by the office as part of such surplus lines
1687	insurer's take-out plan for a new application to the corporation
1688	for coverage, the risk is not eligible for any policy issued by
1689	the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the
1690	authorized insurer or approved surplus lines insurer is more
1691	than 20 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage
1692	from the corporation. Whenever an offer of coverage for a
1693	personal lines residential risk that is not a primary residence
1694	is received for a policyholder of the corporation at renewal
1695	from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate or an
1696	approved surplus lines insurer at the rate approved by the
1697	office as part of such insurer's take-out plan, the risk is not
1698	eligible for coverage with the corporation unless the premium
1699	for coverage from the authorized insurer or approved surplus
1700	lines insurer is more than 20 percent greater than the

Page 68 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1701	corporation's renewal premium for comparable coverage for
1702	policies that renew on or after July 1, 2024. If the risk is not
1703	able to obtain such offer, the risk is eligible for a standard
1704	policy including wind coverage or a basic policy including wind
1705	coverage issued by the corporation. If the risk could not be
1706	insured under a standard policy including wind coverage
1707	regardless of market conditions, the risk is eligible for a
1708	basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected under
1709	subparagraph 8. The corporation shall determine the type of
1710	policy to be provided on the basis of objective standards
1711	specified in the underwriting manual and based on generally
1712	accepted underwriting practices. A policyholder removed from the
1713	corporation through an assumption agreement does not remain
1714	eligible for coverage from the corporation after the end of the
1715	policy term. However, any policy removed from the corporation
1716	through an assumption agreement remains on the corporation's
1717	policy forms through the end of the policy term.
1718	(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
1719	market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the
1720	corporation other than a plan established by s. 627.3518, before
1721	a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the
1722	first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing
1723	agent who submitted the application to the plan or to the
1724	corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the
1725	insurer must:
	Dege 60 of 110

Page 69 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1726	(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
1727	for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
1728	insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy
1729	written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of
1730	the corporation; or
1731	(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
1732	policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and
1733	offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the
1734	corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of
1735	policy written.
1736	
1737	If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept
1738	appointment, the new insurer must pay the agent in accordance
1739	with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).
1740	(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual
1741	agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of
1742	the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned
1743	commission on the policy, and the insurer must:
1744	(A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first
1745	year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and
1746	customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee
1747	equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation;
1748	or
1749	(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record to
1750	continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to
	Page 70 of 119

Page 70 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1751	pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's
1752	usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.
1753	
1754	If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept
1755	appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance
1756	with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).
1757	<u>c.</u> b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks,
1758	for a new application to the corporation for coverage, if the
1759	risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage
1760	from an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not
1761	eligible for a policy issued by the corporation unless the
1762	premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 20
1763	percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from
1764	the corporation. Whenever an offer of coverage for a commercial
1765	lines residential risk is received for a policyholder of the
1766	corporation at renewal from an authorized insurer, the risk is
1767	not eligible for coverage with the corporation unless the
1768	premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 20
1769	percent greater than the corporation's renewal premium for
1770	comparable coverage. If the risk is not able to obtain any such
1771	offer, the risk is eligible for a policy including wind coverage
1772	issued by the corporation. A policyholder removed from the
1773	corporation through an assumption agreement remains eligible for
1774	coverage from the corporation until the end of the policy term.
1775	However, any policy removed from the corporation through an
	D 74 (110

# Page 71 of 119

2024 Legislature

assumption agreement remains on the corporation's policy forms through the end of the policy term.

1778 If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the (I) 1779 market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the corporation other than a plan established by s. 627.3518, before 1780 a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the 1781 1782 first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing 1783 agent who submitted the application to the plan or the 1784 corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the 1785 insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy
written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of
the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

1797 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1798 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1799 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

1800

1796

(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual

### Page 72 of 119
#### 2024 Legislature

1801 agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of 1802 the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned 1803 commission on the policy, and the insurer shall: 1804 (A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and 1805 1806 customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee 1807 equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; 1808 or 1809 (B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to 1810 1811 pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 1812 1813 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1814 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1815 1816 with sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A). d.c. For purposes of determining comparable coverage under 1817 sub-subparagraphs a., and b., and c., the comparison must be 1818 1819 based on those forms and coverages that are reasonably 1820 comparable. The corporation may rely on a determination of 1821 comparable coverage and premium made by the producing agent who 1822 submits the application to the corporation, made in the agent's 1823 capacity as the corporation's agent. For purposes of comparing 1824 the premium for comparable coverage under sub-subparagraphs a., and b., and c. premium includes any surcharge or assessment that 1825

### Page 73 of 119

2024 Legislature

1826 is actually applied to such policy. A comparison may be made 1827 solely of the premium with respect to the main building or 1828 structure only on the following basis: the same Coverage A or 1829 other building limits; the same percentage hurricane deductible 1830 that applies on an annual basis or that applies to each 1831 hurricane for commercial residential property; the same 1832 percentage of ordinance and law coverage, if the same limit is 1833 offered by both the corporation and the authorized insurer or 1834 the approved surplus line insurer; the same mitigation credits, 1835 to the extent the same types of credits are offered both by the 1836 corporation and the authorized insurer or the approved surplus 1837 lines insurer; the same method for loss payment, such as 1838 replacement cost or actual cash value, if the same method is 1839 offered both by the corporation and the authorized insurer in 1840 accordance with underwriting rules; and any other form or 1841 coverage that is reasonably comparable as determined by the board. If an application is submitted to the corporation for 1842 1843 wind-only coverage on a risk that is located in an area eligible 1844 for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, 1845 as that area was defined on January 1, 2002, the premium for the 1846 corporation's wind-only policy plus the premium for the ex-wind policy that is offered by an authorized insurer to the applicant 1847 1848 must be compared to the premium for multiperil coverage offered 1849 by an authorized insurer, subject to the standards for comparison specified in this subparagraph. If the corporation or 1850

### Page 74 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

1851 the applicant requests from the authorized insurer or the 1852 approved surplus lines insurer a breakdown of the premium of the 1853 offer by types of coverage so that a comparison may be made by 1854 the corporation or its agent and the authorized insurer or the 1855 approved surplus lines insurer refuses or is unable to provide 1856 such information, the corporation may treat the offer as not 1857 being an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer at the 1858 insurer's approved rate. Must include rules for classifications of risks and 1859 6. 1860 rates. 1861 7. Must provide that if premium and investment income: a. for the Citizens an account, which are attributable to 1862 a particular calendar year, are in excess of projected losses 1863 1864 and expenses for the Citizens account attributable to that year, 1865 such excess shall be held in surplus in the Citizens account. 1866 Such surplus must be available to defray deficits in the 1867 Citizens that account as to future years and used for that 1868 purpose before assessing assessable insurers and assessable 1869 insureds as to any calendar year; or 1870 b. For the Citizens account, if established by the 1871 corporation, which are attributable to a particular calendar 1872 year are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the 1873 Citizens account attributable to that year, such excess shall be 1874 held in surplus in the Citizens account. Such surplus must be available to defray deficits in the Citizens account as to 1875

Page 75 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1876	future years and used for that purpose before assessing
1877	assessable insurers and assessable insureds as to any calendar
1878	<del>year</del> .
1879	8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be
1880	uniformly applied to all applicants in determining whether an
1881	individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making
1882	this determination and in establishing the criteria and
1883	procedures, the following must be considered:
1884	a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
1885	risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
1886	class; and
1887	b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual
1888	risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.
1889	
1890	The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall
1891	be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the
1892	provisions of chapter 120 do not apply.
1893	9. Must provide that the corporation make its best efforts
1894	to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable rates, to cover
1895	its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as determined by
1896	the board of governors. If catastrophe reinsurance is not
1897	available at reasonable rates, the corporation need not purchase
1898	it, but the corporation shall include the costs of reinsurance
1899	to cover its projected 100-year probable maximum loss in its
1900	rate calculations even if it does not purchase catastrophe

# Page 76 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

1901 reinsurance.

1902 10. The policies issued by the corporation must provide 1903 that if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains an 1904 offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its 1905 approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal 1906 through the corporation, except as otherwise provided in this 1907 subsection.

1908 11. Corporation policies and applications must include a 1909 notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, be 1910 replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer which 1911 does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by 1912 the corporation. The notice must also specify that acceptance of 1913 corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the 1914 applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.

May establish, subject to approval by the office, 1915 12. 1916 different eligibility requirements and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or 1917 1918 area if the board determines that such changes are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and 1919 1920 competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage 1921 and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain 1922 insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods 1923 continue to have access to coverage from the corporation. If 1924 coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, the requirements and procedures may not provide an effective 1925

### Page 77 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

1926 date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the 1927 transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, 1928 if applicable, the lender. 1929 13. Must provide that: 1930 a. With respect to the coastal account, any assessable 1931 insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25 million or 1932 less writing 25 percent or more of its total countrywide 1933 property insurance premiums in this state may petition the 1934 office, within the first 90 days of each calendar year, to 1935 qualify as a limited apportionment company. A regular assessment 1936 levied by the corporation on a limited apportionment company for 1937 a deficit incurred by the corporation for the coastal account 1938 may be paid to the corporation on a monthly basis as the 1939 assessments are collected by the limited apportionment company 1940 from its insureds, but a limited apportionment company must 1941 begin collecting the regular assessments not later than 90 days 1942 after the regular assessments are levied by the corporation, and 1943 the regular assessments must be paid in full within 15 months 1944 after being levied by the corporation. A limited apportionment 1945 company shall collect from its policyholders any emergency 1946 assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph (b) 3.e. The plan must 1947 provide that, if the office determines that any regular 1948 assessment will result in an impairment of the surplus of a 1949 limited apportionment company, the office may direct that all or part of such assessment be deferred as provided in subparagraph 1950

Page 78 of 119

2024 Legislature

1951 (q)4. However, an emergency assessment to be collected 1952 policyholders under sub-subparagraph (b) 3.e. may not be limited 1953 or deferred; or 1954 b. With respect to the Citizens account, if established by 1955 the corporation pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)2.b., any 1956 assessable insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25 1957 million or less and writing 25 percent or more of its total 1958 countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may 1959 petition the office, within the first 90 days of each calendar 1960 year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A limited 1961 apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any 1962 emergency assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph (b) 5.c. An 1963 emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under 1964 sub-subparagraph (b) 5.c. may not be limited or deferred.

14. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its 1965 1966 licensed agents only those agents who throughout such appointments also hold an appointment as defined in s. 626.015 1967 1968 by at least three insurers an insurer who are is authorized to 1969 write and are is actually writing or renewing personal lines 1970 residential property coverage, commercial residential property 1971 coverage, or commercial nonresidential property coverage within 1972 the state.

1973 <u>14.15.</u> Must provide a premium payment plan option to its 1974 policyholders which, at a minimum, allows for quarterly and 1975 semiannual payment of premiums. A monthly payment plan may, but

### Page 79 of 119

1993

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

1976 is not required to, be offered.

1977 <u>15.16.</u> Must limit coverage on mobile homes or manufactured 1978 homes built before 1994 to actual cash value of the dwelling 1979 rather than replacement costs of the dwelling.

1980 <u>16.17.</u> Must provide coverage for manufactured or mobile 1981 home dwellings. Such coverage must also include the following 1982 attached structures:

1983 a. Screened enclosures that are aluminum framed or 1984 screened enclosures that are not covered by the same or 1985 substantially the same materials as those of the primary 1986 dwelling;

b. Carports that are aluminum or carports that are not covered by the same or substantially the same materials as those of the primary dwelling; and

1990 c. Patios that have a roof covering that is constructed of 1991 materials that are not the same or substantially the same 1992 materials as those of the primary dwelling.

1994 The corporation shall make available a policy for mobile homes 1995 or manufactured homes for a minimum insured value of at least 1996 \$3,000.

199717.18.May provide such limits of coverage as the board1998determines, consistent with the requirements of this subsection.

199918.19.May require commercial property to meet specified2000hurricane mitigation construction features as a condition of

### Page 80 of 119

2024 Legislature

2001 eligibility for coverage.

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2002 19.<del>20.</del> Must provide that new or renewal policies issued by 2003 the corporation on or after January 1, 2012, which cover 2004 sinkhole loss do not include coverage for any loss to 2005 appurtenant structures, driveways, sidewalks, decks, or patios 2006 that are directly or indirectly caused by sinkhole activity. The 2007 corporation shall exclude such coverage using a notice of 2008 coverage change, which may be included with the policy renewal, 2009 and not by issuance of a notice of nonrenewal of the excluded 2010 coverage upon renewal of the current policy.

2011 <u>20.a.21.a.</u> As of January 1, 2012, unless the Citizens 2012 account has been established pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2013 (b)2.b., Must require that the agent obtain from an applicant 2014 for coverage from the corporation an acknowledgment signed by 2015 the applicant, which includes, at a minimum, the following 2016 statement:

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF POTENTIAL SURCHARGE AND ASSESSMENT LIABILITY:

20211. AS A POLICYHOLDER OF CITIZENS PROPERTY2022INSURANCE CORPORATION, I UNDERSTAND THAT IF THE2023CORPORATION SUSTAINS A DEFICIT AS A RESULT OF2024HURRICANE LOSSES OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON, MY POLICY2025COULD BE SUBJECT TO SURCHARGES AND ASSESSMENTS, WHICH

### Page 81 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2026 WILL BE DUE AND PAYABLE UPON RENEWAL, CANCELLATION, OR 2027 TERMINATION OF THE POLICY, AND THAT THE SURCHARGES AND 2028 ASSESSMENTS COULD BE AS HIGH AS 25 45 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE 2029 2030 FLORIDA LEGISLATURE. 2031 2. I UNDERSTAND THAT I CAN AVOID THE CITIZENS 2032 POLICYHOLDER SURCHARGE, WHICH COULD BE AS HIGH AS 15 2033 45 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM, BY OBTAINING COVERAGE FROM A 2034 PRIVATE MARKET INSURER AND THAT TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR 2035 COVERAGE BY CITIZENS, I MUST FIRST TRY TO OBTAIN 2036 PRIVATE MARKET COVERAGE BEFORE APPLYING FOR OR 2037 RENEWING COVERAGE WITH CITIZENS. I UNDERSTAND THAT 2038 PRIVATE MARKET INSURANCE RATES ARE REGULATED AND 2039 APPROVED BY THE STATE. 2040 I UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY BE SUBJECT TO 3. 2041 EMERGENCY ASSESSMENTS TO THE SAME EXTENT AS 2042 POLICYHOLDERS OF OTHER INSURANCE COMPANIES, OR A 2043 DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE FLORIDA 2044 LEGISLATURE. 2045 I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT CITIZENS PROPERTY 4. 2046 INSURANCE CORPORATION IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE FULL 2047 FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA. 2048 2049 The corporation must require, if it has established the b. 2050 Citizens account pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)2.b., that the

Page 82 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2051	agent obtain from an applicant for coverage from the corporation
2052	the following acknowledgment signed by the applicant, which
2053	includes, at a minimum, the following statement:
2054	
2055	ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF POTENTIAL SURCHARGE
2056	AND ASSESSMENT LIABILITY:
2057	
2058	1. AS A POLICYHOLDER OF CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE
2059	CORPORATION, I UNDERSTAND THAT IF THE CORPORATION SUSTAINS A
2060	DEFICIT AS A RESULT OF HURRICANE LOSSES OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON,
2061	MY POLICY COULD BE SUBJECT TO SURCHARGES AND ASSESSMENTS, WHICH
2062	WILL BE DUE AND PAYABLE UPON RENEWAL, CANCELLATION, OR
2063	TERMINATION OF THE POLICY, AND THAT THE SURCHARCES AND
2064	ASSESSMENTS COULD BE AS HICH AS 25 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM, OR A
2065	DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE FLORIDA LECISLATURE.
2066	2. I UNDERSTAND THAT I CAN AVOID THE CITIZENS POLICYHOLDER
2067	SURCHARGE, WHICH COULD BE AS HIGH AS 15 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM,
2068	BY OBTAINING COVERAGE FROM A PRIVATE MARKET INSURER AND THAT TO
2069	BE ELICIBLE FOR COVERACE BY CITIZENS, I MUST FIRST TRY TO OBTAIN
2070	PRIVATE MARKET COVERACE BEFORE APPLYING FOR OR RENEWING COVERACE
2071	WITH CITIZENS. I UNDERSTAND THAT PRIVATE MARKET INSURANCE RATES
2072	ARE RECULATED AND APPROVED BY THE STATE.
2073	3. I UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY BE SUBJECT TO EMERGENCY
2074	ASSESSMENTS TO THE SAME EXTENT AS POLICYHOLDERS OF OTHER
2075	INSURANCE COMPANIES, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE
	Dago 83 of 110

Page 83 of 119

2076 FLORIDA LEGISLATURE.

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2077	4. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE
2078	CORPORATION IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE
2079	STATE OF FLORIDA.
2080	
2081	<u>b.</u> <del>c.</del> The corporation shall maintain, in electronic format
2082	or otherwise, a copy of the applicant's signed acknowledgment
2083	and provide a copy of the statement to the policyholder as part
2084	of the first renewal after the effective date of sub-
2085	subparagraph a. <del>or sub-subparagraph b., as applicable.</del>
2086	<u>c.d.</u> The signed acknowledgment form creates a conclusive
2087	presumption that the policyholder understood and accepted his or
2088	her potential surcharge and assessment liability as a
2089	policyholder of the corporation.
2090	21. Must provide that the income of the corporation may
2091	not inure to the benefit of any private person.
2092	(e) The corporation is subject to s. 287.057 for the
2093	purchase of commodities and contractual services except as
2094	otherwise provided in this paragraph. Services provided by
2095	tradepersons or technical experts to assist a licensed adjuster
2096	in the evaluation of individual claims are not subject to the
2097	procurement requirements of this section. Additionally, the
2098	procurement of financial services providers and underwriters
2099	must be made pursuant to s. 627.3513. Contracts for goods or
2100	services valued at or more than \$100,000 are subject to approval
	Page 84 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2101 by the board.

The corporation is an agency for purposes of s.
 287.057, except that, for purposes of s. 287.057(24), the
 corporation is an eligible user.

2105 a. The authority of the Department of Management Services 2106 and the Chief Financial Officer under s. 287.057 extends to the 2107 corporation as if the corporation were an agency.

b. The executive director of the corporation is the agency head under s. 287.057, except for resolution of bid protests for which the board would serve as the agency head. The executive director of the corporation may assign or appoint a designee to act on his or her behalf.

2113 2. The corporation must provide notice of a decision or 2114 intended decision concerning a solicitation, contract award, or 2115 exceptional purchase by electronic posting. Such notice must 2116 contain the following statement: "Failure to file a protest 2117 within the time prescribed in this section constitutes a waiver 2118 of proceedings."

2119 a. A person adversely affected by the corporation's 2120 decision or intended decision to award a contract pursuant to s. 2121 287.057(1) or (3)(c) who elects to challenge the decision must 2122 file a written notice of protest with the executive director of 2123 the corporation within 72 hours after the corporation posts a 2124 notice of its decision or intended decision. For a protest of 2125 the terms, conditions, and specifications contained in a

### Page 85 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

2126 solicitation, including provisions governing the methods for 2127 ranking bids, proposals, replies, awarding contracts, reserving 2128 rights of further negotiation, or modifying or amending any 2129 contract, the notice of protest must be filed in writing within 2130 72 hours after posting the solicitation. Saturdays, Sundays, and 2131 state holidays are excluded in the computation of the 72-hour 2132 time period.

2133 b. A formal written protest must be filed within 10 days 2134 after the date the notice of protest is filed. The formal written protest must state with particularity the facts and law 2135 2136 upon which the protest is based. Upon receipt of a formal written protest that has been timely filed, the corporation must 2137 2138 stop the solicitation or contract award process until the 2139 subject of the protest is resolved by final board action unless the executive director sets forth in writing particular facts 2140 2141 and circumstances that require the continuance of the 2142 solicitation or contract award process without delay in order to 2143 avoid an immediate and serious danger to the public health, 2144 safety, or welfare.

(I) The corporation must provide an opportunity to resolve the protest by mutual agreement between the parties within 7 business days after receipt of the formal written protest.

(II) If the subject of a protest is not resolved by mutual agreement within 7 business days, the corporation's board must transmit the protest to the Division of Administrative Hearings

### Page 86 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

2151 and contract with the division to conduct a hearing to determine 2152 the merits of the protest and to issue a recommended order. The 2153 contract must provide for the corporation to reimburse the 2154 division for any costs incurred by the division for court 2155 reporters, transcript preparation, travel, facility rental, and 2156 other customary hearing costs in the manner set forth in s. 2157 120.65(9). The division has jurisdiction to determine the facts 2158 and law concerning the protest and to issue a recommended order. 2159 The division's rules and procedures apply to these proceedings; 2160 the division's applicable bond requirements do not apply. The 2161 protest must be heard by the division at a publicly noticed 2162 meeting in accordance with procedures established by the 2163 division.

2164 c. In a protest of an invitation-to-bid or request-for-2165 proposals procurement, submissions made after the bid or 2166 proposal opening which amend or supplement the bid or proposal may not be considered. In protesting an invitation-to-negotiate 2167 2168 procurement, submissions made after the corporation announces 2169 its intent to award a contract, reject all replies, or withdraw 2170 the solicitation that amends or supplements the reply may not be 2171 considered. Unless otherwise provided by law, the burden of 2172 proof rests with the party protesting the corporation's action. 2173 In a competitive-procurement protest, other than a rejection of 2174 all bids, proposals, or replies, the administrative law judge must conduct a de novo proceeding to determine whether the 2175

### Page 87 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

2176 corporation's proposed action is contrary to the corporation's 2177 governing statutes, the corporation's rules or policies, or the 2178 solicitation specifications. The standard of proof for the 2179 proceeding is whether the corporation's action was clearly 2180 erroneous, contrary to competition, arbitrary, or capricious. In 2181 any bid-protest proceeding contesting an intended corporation 2182 action to reject all bids, proposals, or replies, the standard of review by the board is whether the corporation's intended 2183 2184 action is illegal, arbitrary, dishonest, or fraudulent.

2185 d. Failure to file a notice of protest or failure to file 2186 a formal written protest constitutes a waiver of proceedings.

3. The board, acting as agency head <u>or his or her</u>
2187 3. The board, acting as agency head <u>or his or her</u>
2188 <u>designee</u>, shall consider the recommended order of an
administrative law judge in a public meeting and take final
2190 action on the protest. Any further legal remedy lies with the
2191 First District Court of Appeal.

(o) If coverage in an account, or the Citizens account if established by the corporation, is deactivated pursuant to paragraph (p), coverage through the corporation shall be reactivated by order of the office only under one of the following circumstances:

2197 1. If the market assistance plan receives a minimum of 100 2198 applications for coverage within a 3-month period, or 200 2199 applications for coverage within a 1-year period or less for 2200 residential coverage, unless the market assistance plan provides

### Page 88 of 119

2024 Legislature

2201 a quotation from authorized admitted carriers at their approved 2202 filed rates for at least 90 percent of such applicants. Any 2203 market assistance plan application that is rejected because an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable using the 2204 2205 criteria specified in subparagraph (c)8. may shall not be 2206 included in the minimum percentage calculation provided herein. 2207 In the event that there is a legal or administrative challenge 2208 to a determination by the office that the conditions of this 2209 subparagraph have been met for eligibility for coverage in the 2210 corporation, any eligible risk may obtain coverage during the 2211 pendency of such challenge.

2212 2. In response to a state of emergency declared by the 2213 Governor under s. 252.36, the office may activate coverage by 2214 order for the period of the emergency upon a finding by the 2215 office that the emergency significantly affects the availability 2216 of residential property insurance.

The corporation shall file with the office quarterly 2217 (p)1. 2218 statements of financial condition, an annual statement of 2219 financial condition, and audited financial statements in the 2220 manner prescribed by law. In addition, the corporation shall 2221 report to the office monthly on the types, premium, exposure, 2222 and distribution by county of its policies in force, and shall 2223 submit other reports as the office requires to carry out its oversight of the corporation. 2224

2225

2. The activities of the corporation shall be reviewed at

### Page 89 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

2226 least annually by the office to determine whether coverage shall 2227 be deactivated in an account, or in the Citizens account if 2228 established by the corporation, on the basis that the conditions 2229 giving rise to its activation no longer exist.

2230 The corporation shall certify to the office its (q)1. 2231 needs for annual assessments as to a particular calendar year, 2232 and for any interim assessments that it deems to be necessary to 2233 sustain operations as to a particular year pending the receipt 2234 of annual assessments. Upon verification, the office shall 2235 approve such certification, and the corporation shall levy such 2236 annual or interim assessments. Such assessments shall be 2237 prorated, if authority to levy exists, as provided in paragraph 2238 (b). The corporation shall take all reasonable and prudent steps 2239 necessary to collect the amount of assessments due from each 2240 assessable insurer, including, if prudent, filing suit to 2241 collect the assessments, and the office may provide such 2242 assistance to the corporation it deems appropriate. If the 2243 corporation is unable to collect an assessment from any 2244 assessable insurer, the uncollected assessments shall be levied 2245 as an additional assessment against the assessable insurers and 2246 any assessable insurer required to pay an additional assessment 2247 as a result of such failure to pay shall have a cause of action 2248 against such nonpaying assessable insurer. Assessments shall be 2249 included as an appropriate factor in the making of rates. The failure of a surplus lines agent to collect and remit any 2250

### Page 90 of 119

2024 Legislature

2251 regular or emergency assessment levied by the corporation is considered to be a violation of s. 626.936 and subjects the 2252 2253 surplus lines agent to the penalties provided in that section. The governing body of any unit of local government, any 2254 2. 2255 residents of which are insured by the corporation, may issue 2256 bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 from time to time 2257 to fund an assistance program, in conjunction with the 2258 corporation, for the purpose of defraying deficits of the 2259 corporation. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate 2260 proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance 2261 programs, any unit of local government, any residents of which 2262 are insured by the corporation, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred within 2263 2264 or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local 2265 government. Revenue bonds under this subparagraph may not be 2266 issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of 2267 emergency is declared by executive order or proclamation of the 2268 Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are 2269 necessary to determine that it is in the best interests of, and 2270 necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and 2271 general welfare of residents of this state and declaring it an 2272 essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or 2273 counties to issue such bonds as will permit relief to claimants 2274 and policyholders of the corporation. Any such unit of local 2275 government may enter into such contracts with the corporation

### Page 91 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

2276 and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as 2277 are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued 2278 under this subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by 2279 moneys received by the corporation from emergency assessments 2280 under sub-subparagraph (b)3.c. (b)3.e., and assigned and pledged 2281 to or on behalf of the unit of local government for the benefit 2282 of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and 2283 taxing power of the state or of the unit of local government may 2284 shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds.

2285 The corporation shall adopt one or more programs 3.a. 2286 subject to approval by the office for the reduction of both new 2287 and renewal writings in the corporation. Beginning January 1, 2288 2008, any program the corporation adopts for the payment of 2289 bonuses to an insurer for each risk the insurer removes from the 2290 corporation shall comply with s. 627.3511(2) and may not exceed 2291 the amount referenced in s. 627.3511(2) for each risk removed. 2292 The corporation may consider any prudent and not unfairly 2293 discriminatory approach to reducing corporation writings, and 2294 may adopt a credit against assessment liability or other 2295 liability that provides an incentive for insurers to take risks 2296 out of the corporation and to keep risks out of the corporation 2297 by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings in counties or 2298 areas in which corporation risks are highly concentrated and a 2299 program to provide a formula under which an insurer voluntarily taking risks out of the corporation by maintaining or increasing 2300

### Page 92 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

2301 voluntary writings will be relieved wholly or partially from 2302 assessments under sub-subparagraph (b) 3.a. However, any "take-2303 out bonus" or payment to an insurer must be conditioned on the property being insured for at least 5 years by the insurer, 2304 2305 unless canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder. If the policy 2306 is canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder before the end of 2307 the 5-year period, the amount of the take-out bonus must be 2308 prorated for the time period the policy was insured. When the 2309 corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out 2310 plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is 2311 entitled to retain any unearned commission on such policy, and 2312 the insurer shall either:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).

2325

b. Any credit or exemption from regular assessments

### Page 93 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

2326 adopted under this subparagraph shall last no longer than the 3 2327 years following the cancellation or expiration of the policy by 2328 the corporation. With the approval of the office, the board may 2329 extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer 2330 guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies removed from the corporation, or for 2 additional years if the 2331 2332 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 2333 policies so removed.

c. There shall be no credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment from emergency assessments to be collected from policyholders pursuant to <u>sub-subparagraph (b)3.c.</u> <del>sub-</del> <del>subparagraph (b)3.c. or sub-subparagraph (b)5.c.</del>

2338 The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or 4. 2339 in part, of the assessment of an assessable insurer, other than 2340 an emergency assessment collected from policyholders pursuant to 2341 sub-subparagraph (b) 3.e. or sub-subparagraph (b) 5.e., if the 2342 office finds that payment of the assessment would endanger or 2343 impair the solvency of the insurer. In the event an assessment 2344 assessable insurer is deferred in part, whole against or 2345 the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be assessed 2346 against the other assessable insurers in a manner consistent 2347 with the basis for assessments set forth in paragraph (b).

2348 5. Effective July 1, 2007, in order to evaluate the costs 2349 and benefits of approved take-out plans, if the corporation pays 2350 a bonus or other payment to an insurer for an approved take-out

### Page 94 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

2351 plan, it shall maintain a record of the address or such other 2352 identifying information on the property or risk removed in order 2353 to track if and when the property or risk is later insured by 2354 the corporation.

2355 <u>5.6.</u> Any policy taken out, assumed, or removed from the 2356 corporation is, as of the effective date of the take-out, 2357 assumption, or removal, direct insurance issued by the insurer 2358 and not by the corporation, even if the corporation continues to 2359 service the policies. This subparagraph applies to policies of 2360 the corporation and not policies taken out, assumed, or removed 2361 from any other entity.

<u>6.7.</u> For a policy taken out, assumed, or removed from the corporation, the insurer may, for a period of no more than 3 years, continue to use any of the corporation's policy forms or endorsements that apply to the policy taken out, removed, or assumed without obtaining approval from the office for use of such policy form or endorsement.

2368 (v)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Residential 2369 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association become 2370 policies of the corporation. All obligations, rights, assets and liabilities of the association, including bonds, note and debt 2371 2372 obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them 2373 become those of the corporation as of July 1, 2002. The 2374 corporation is not required to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term 2375

### Page 95 of 119

2024 Legislature

2376 of in-force transferred policies.

2377 Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida 2. 2378 Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the corporation and become policies of the corporation. All 2379 2380 obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the association, 2381 including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing 2382 documents pertaining to them are transferred to and assumed by 2383 the corporation on July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required 2384 to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds 2385 during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies.

2386 3. The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the 2387 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 2388 shall take all actions necessary to further evidence the 2389 transfers and provide the documents and instruments of further 2390 assurance as may reasonably be requested by the corporation for 2391 that purpose. The corporation shall execute assumptions and 2392 instruments as the trustees or other parties to the financing 2393 documents of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or 2394 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 2395 Association may reasonably request to further evidence the 2396 transfers and assumptions, which transfers and assumptions, 2397 however, are effective on the date provided under this paragraph 2398 whether or not, and regardless of the date on which, the 2399 assumptions or instruments are executed by the corporation. Subject to the relevant financing documents pertaining to their 2400

Page 96 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2401 outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing 2402 obligations, the moneys, investments, receivables, choses in 2403 action, and other intangibles of the Florida Windstorm 2404 Underwriting Association shall be credited to the coastal 2405 account of the corporation, and those of the personal lines 2406 residential coverage account and the commercial lines 2407 residential coverage account of the Residential Property and 2408 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be credited to the 2409 personal lines account and the commercial lines account, 2410 respectively, of the corporation.

4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property insurance coverage who would otherwise have been eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association is eligible for coverage from the corporation as provided in this subsection.

2416 5. The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, 2417 assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 2418 Association to the corporation and the renaming of the 2419 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 2420 as the corporation does not affect the coverage with respect to 2421 covered policies as defined in s. 215.555(2)(c) provided to 2422 these entities by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The coverage provided by the fund to the Florida Windstorm 2423 Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2424 2425 2002, and each June 30 thereafter, unless the corporation has

### Page 97 of 119

2024 Legislature

1	
2426	established the Citizens account, shall be redesignated as
2427	coverage for the coastal account of the corporation.
2428	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coverage
2429	provided by the fund to the Residential Property and Casualty
2430	Joint Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June
2431	30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter, unless the corporation
2432	has established the Citizens account, shall be transferred to
2433	the personal lines account and the commercial lines account of
2434	the corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
2435	coastal account, unless the corporation has established the
2436	Citizens account, shall be treated, for all Florida Hurricane
2437	Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a separate
2438	participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement
2439	premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines
2440	and commercial lines accounts, unless the corporation has
2441	established the Citizens account, shall be viewed together, for
2442	all fund purposes, as if the two accounts were one and represent
2443	a single, separate participating insurer with its own exposures,
2444	reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. The coverage
2445	provided by the fund to the corporation shall constitute and
2446	operate as a full transfer of coverage from the Florida
2447	Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential Property and
2448	Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to the corporation.
2449	(w) Notwithstanding any other provision of law:
2450	1. The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the security

Page 98 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

2451 interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 2452 corporation created or purported to be created pursuant to any 2453 financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of 2454 the corporation shall be and remain valid and enforceable, 2455 notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation 2456 of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, 2457 bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or 2458 similar proceeding against the corporation under the laws of 2459 this state.

2460 2. The proceeding does not relieve the corporation of its 2461 obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its 2462 obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, 2463 assessments, policyholder surcharges or other surcharges <del>under</del> 2464 <del>sub-subparagraph (b)3.j.</del>, or any other rights, revenues, or 2465 other assets of the corporation pledged pursuant to any 2466 financing documents.

Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security 2467 3. 2468 interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or 2469 security interest, any such assessments, policyholder surcharges 2470 or other surcharges, or other rights, revenues, or other assets 2471 which are collected, or levied and collected, after the 2472 commencement of and during the pendency of, or after, any such 2473 proceeding shall continue unaffected by such proceeding. As used 2474 in this subsection, the term "financing documents" means any agreement or agreements, instrument or instruments, or other 2475

### Page 99 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

2476 document or documents now existing or hereafter created 2477 evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness of the corporation or 2478 pursuant to which any such bonds or other indebtedness has been 2479 or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or 2480 other assets of the corporation are pledged or sold to secure 2481 the repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the 2482 payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the 2483 payment of any other obligation or financial product, as defined 2484 in the plan of operation of the corporation related to such 2485 bonds or indebtedness.

2486 4. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 2487 contract rights, or other rights or assets of the corporation 2488 shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 2489 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such 2490 assessments, revenues, or contract rights or other rights or 2491 assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the 2492 pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 2493 valid, binding, and enforceable against the corporation or other 2494 entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against 2495 and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any 2496 other person or entity, including policyholders in this state, 2497 asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, or contract 2498 rights or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and 2499 in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the applicable financing documents, whether or not any such 2500

### Page 100 of 119

#### 2024 Legislature

2501 person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without 2502 the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or 2503 other action.

2504 5. As long as the corporation has any bonds outstanding, 2505 the corporation may not file a voluntary petition under chapter 2506 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter 2507 or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, and a public 2508 officer or any organization, entity, or other person may not 2509 authorize the corporation to be or become a debtor under chapter 2510 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter 2511 or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, during any 2512 such period.

6. If ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, the corporation may assume policies or otherwise provide coverage for policyholders of an insurer placed in liquidation under chapter 631, under such forms, rates, terms, and conditions as the corporation deems appropriate, subject to approval by the office.

(x)1. The following records of the corporation are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:

a. Underwriting files, except that a policyholder or an applicant shall have access to his or her own underwriting files. Confidential and exempt underwriting file records may also be released to other governmental agencies upon written

### Page 101 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

2526 request and demonstration of need; such records held by the 2527 receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as provided 2528 herein.

2529 b. Claims files, until termination of all litigation and 2530 settlement of all claims arising out of the same incident, 2531 although portions of the claims files may remain exempt, as 2532 otherwise provided by law. Confidential and exempt claims file 2533 records may be released to other governmental agencies upon 2534 written request and demonstration of need; such records held by 2535 the receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as provided 2536 herein.

2537 Records obtained or generated by an internal auditor с. 2538 pursuant to a routine audit, until the audit is completed, or if 2539 the audit is conducted as part of an investigation, until the 2540 investigation is closed or ceases to be active. An investigation 2541 is considered "active" while the investigation is being 2542 conducted with a reasonable, good faith belief that it could 2543 lead to the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal 2544 proceedings.

2545 d. Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorney-2546 client communications.

e. Proprietary information licensed to the corporation
under contract and the contract provides for the confidentiality
of such proprietary information.

2550

f. All information relating to the medical condition or

### Page 102 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

2551 medical status of a corporation employee which is not relevant 2552 to the employee's capacity to perform his or her duties, except 2553 as otherwise provided in this paragraph. Information that is 2554 exempt shall include, but is not limited to, information 2555 relating to workers' compensation, insurance benefits, and 2556 retirement or disability benefits.

2557 Upon an employee's entrance into the employee q. 2558 assistance program, a program to assist any employee who has a 2559 behavioral or medical disorder, substance abuse problem, or 2560 emotional difficulty that affects the employee's job 2561 performance, all records relative to that participation shall be 2562 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and 2563 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as otherwise 2564 provided in s. 112.0455(11).

h. Information relating to negotiations for financing,
reinsurance, depopulation, or contractual services, until the
conclusion of the negotiations.

2568 i. Minutes of closed meetings regarding underwriting 2569 files, and minutes of closed meetings regarding an open claims 2570 file until termination of all litigation and settlement of all 2571 claims with regard to that claim, except that information 2572 otherwise confidential or exempt by law shall be redacted.

2573 2. If an authorized insurer is considering underwriting a 2574 risk insured by the corporation, relevant underwriting files and 2575 confidential claims files may be released to the insurer

### Page 103 of 119

2024 Legislature

2576 provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized and under 2577 oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. If a file 2578 is transferred to an insurer, that file is no longer a public 2579 record because it is not held by an agency subject to the 2580 provisions of the public records law. Underwriting files and 2581 confidential claims files may also be released to staff and the 2582 board of governors of the market assistance plan established 2583 pursuant to s. 627.3515, who must retain the confidentiality of 2584 such files, except such files may be released to authorized 2585 insurers that are considering assuming the risks to which the 2586 files apply, provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized 2587 and under oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. 2588 Finally, the corporation or the board or staff of the market 2589 assistance plan may make the following information obtained from 2590 underwriting files and confidential claims files available to an 2591 entity that has obtained a permit to become an authorized 2592 insurer, a reinsurer that may provide reinsurance under s. 2593 624.610, a licensed reinsurance broker, a licensed rating 2594 organization, a modeling company, a licensed surplus lines 2595 agent, or a licensed general lines insurance agent: name, 2596 address, and telephone number of the residential property owner 2597 or insured; location of the risk; rating information; loss 2598 history; and policy type. The receiving person must retain the 2599 confidentiality of the information received and may use the information only for the purposes of developing a take-out plan 2600

### Page 104 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

or a rating plan to be submitted to the office for approval or otherwise analyzing the underwriting of a risk or risks insured by the corporation on behalf of the private insurance market. A <u>licensed surplus lines agent or</u> licensed general lines insurance agent may not use such information for the direct solicitation of policyholders.

2607 3. A policyholder who has filed suit against the 2608 corporation has the right to discover the contents of his or her 2609 own claims file to the same extent that discovery of such 2610 contents would be available from a private insurer in litigation as provided by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, the Florida 2611 2612 Evidence Code, and other applicable law. Pursuant to subpoena, a 2613 third party has the right to discover the contents of an 2614 insured's or applicant's underwriting or claims file to the same extent that discovery of such contents would be available from a 2615 2616 private insurer by subpoena as provided by the Florida Rules of 2617 Civil Procedure, the Florida Evidence Code, and other applicable 2618 law, and subject to any confidentiality protections requested by 2619 the corporation and agreed to by the seeking party or ordered by 2620 the court. The corporation may release confidential underwriting 2621 and claims file contents and information as it deems necessary 2622 and appropriate to underwrite or service insurance policies and claims, subject to any confidentiality protections deemed 2623 2624 necessary and appropriate by the corporation.

2625

4. Portions of meetings of the corporation are exempt from

### Page 105 of 119

2024 Legislature

2626 the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State 2627 Constitution wherein confidential underwriting files or 2628 confidential open claims files are discussed. All portions of 2629 corporation meetings which are closed to the public shall be 2630 recorded by a court reporter. The court reporter shall record 2631 the times of commencement and termination of the meeting, all 2632 discussion and proceedings, the names of all persons present at 2633 any time, and the names of all persons speaking. No portion of 2634 any closed meeting shall be off the record. Subject to the 2635 provisions hereof and s. 119.07(1)(d)-(f), the court reporter's 2636 notes of any closed meeting shall be retained by the corporation 2637 for a minimum of 5 years. A copy of the transcript, less any exempt matters, of any closed meeting wherein claims are 2638 2639 discussed shall become public as to individual claims after 2640 settlement of the claim.

2641 (Z) In enacting the provisions of this section, the 2642 Legislature recognizes that both the Florida Windstorm 2643 Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and 2644 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association have entered into 2645 financing arrangements that obligate each entity to service its 2646 debts and maintain the capacity to repay funds secured under 2647 these financing arrangements. It is the intent of the 2648 Legislature that nothing in this section be construed to 2649 compromise, diminish, or interfere with the rights of creditors under such financing arrangements. It is further the intent of 2650

### Page 106 of 119

2024 Legislature

2651 the Legislature to preserve the obligations of the Florida 2652 Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential Property and 2653 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association with regard to 2654 outstanding financing arrangements, with such obligations 2655 passing entirely and unchanged to the corporation and, 2656 specifically, to the Citizens applicable account of the 2657 corporation. So long as any bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other 2658 financing obligations of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 2659 Association or the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 2660 Underwriting Association are outstanding, under the terms of the 2661 financing documents pertaining to them, the governing board of 2662 the corporation shall have and shall exercise the authority to 2663 levy, charge, collect, and receive all premiums, assessments, 2664 surcharges, charges, revenues, and receipts that the associations had authority to levy, charge, collect, or receive 2665 2666 under the provisions of subsection (2) and this subsection, 2667 respectively, as they existed on January 1, 2002, to provide 2668 moneys, without exercise of the authority provided by this 2669 subsection, in at least the amounts, and by the times, as would 2670 be provided under those former provisions of subsection (2) or this subsection, respectively, so that the value, amount, and 2671 2672 collectability of any assets, revenues, or revenue source 2673 pledged or committed to, or any lien thereon securing such 2674 outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations will not be diminished, impaired, or adversely 2675

### Page 107 of 119

2024 Legislature

2676 affected by the amendments made by this act and to permit compliance with all provisions of financing documents pertaining 2677 2678 to such bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing 2679 obligations, or the security or credit enhancement for them, and 2680 any reference in this subsection to bonds, notes, indebtedness, 2681 financing obligations, or similar obligations, of the 2682 corporation shall include like instruments or contracts of the 2683 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the Residential 2684 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to the 2685 extent not inconsistent with the provisions of the financing 2686 documents pertaining to them.

(ii) The corporation shall revise the programs adopted pursuant to sub-subparagraph (q)3.a. for personal lines residential policies to maximize policyholder options and encourage increased participation by insurers and agents. After January 1, 2017, a policy may not be taken out of the corporation unless the provisions of this paragraph are met.

1. The corporation must publish a periodic schedule of cycles during which an insurer may identify, and notify the corporation of, policies that the insurer is requesting to take out. A request must include a description of the coverage offered and an estimated premium and must be submitted to the corporation in a form and manner prescribed by the corporation.

2699 2. The corporation must maintain and make available to the 2700 agent of record a consolidated list of all insurers requesting

Page 108 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

2701 to take out a policy. The list must include a description of the 2702 coverage offered and the estimated premium for each take-out 2703 request.

2704 3. If a policyholder receives a take-out offer from an 2705 authorized insurer, the risk is no longer eligible for coverage 2706 with the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the 2707 authorized insurer is more than 20 percent greater than the 2708 renewal premium for comparable coverage from the corporation 2709 pursuant to sub-subparagraph (c) 5.d.  $\frac{(c) 5.c}{(c) 5.c}$ . This subparagraph 2710 applies to take-out offers that are part of an application to 2711 participate in depopulation submitted to the office on or after 2712 January 1, 2023. This subparagraph only applies to a policy that covers a primary residence. 2713

4. The corporation must provide written notice to the policyholder and the agent of record regarding all insurers requesting to take out the policy. The notice must be in a format prescribed by the corporation and include, for each takeout offer:

- a. The amount of the estimated premium;
- 2720

2719

b. A description of the coverage; and

c. A comparison of the estimated premium and coverage
offered by the insurer to the estimated premium and coverage
provided by the corporation.

2724(nn) The corporation may share its claims data with the2725National Insurance Crime Bureau, provided that the National

Page 109 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2726	Insurance Crime Bureau agrees to maintain the confidentiality of
2727	such documents as otherwise provided for in paragraph (x).
2728	(7) TRADEMARKS, COPYRIGHTS, OR PATENTSNotwithstanding
2729	any other law, the corporation is authorized, in its own name,
2730	to:
2731	(a) Perform all things necessary to secure letters of
2732	patent, copyrights, or trademarks on any work products and
2733	enforce its rights therein.
2734	(b) License, lease, assign, or otherwise give written
2735	consent to any person, firm, or corporation for the manufacture
2736	or use thereof, on a royalty basis or for such other
2737	consideration as the corporation deems proper.
2738	(c) Take any action necessary, including legal action, to
2739	protect trademarks, copyrights, or patents against improper or
2740	unlawful use or infringement.
2741	(d) Enforce the collection of any sums due the corporation
2742	for the manufacture or use thereof by any other party.
2743	(e) Sell any of its trademarks, copyrights, or patents and
2744	execute all instruments necessary to consummate any such sale.
2745	(f) Do all other acts necessary and proper for the
2746	execution of powers and duties herein conferred upon the
2747	corporation in order to administer this subsection.
2748	Section 3. Subsection (3) and paragraphs (d), (e), and (f)
2749	of subsection (6) of section 627.3511, Florida Statutes, are
2750	amended to read:

Page 110 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

### 2024 Legislature

2751	627.3511 Depopulation of Citizens Property Insurance
2752	Corporation
2753	(3) EXEMPTION FROM DEFICIT ASSESSMENTS
2754	(a) The calculation of an insurer's assessment liability
2755	under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. shall, for an insurer that in any
2756	calendar year removes 50,000 or more risks from the Citizens
2757	Property Insurance Corporation, either by issuance of a policy
2758	upon expiration or cancellation of the corporation policy or by
2759	assumption of the corporation's obligations with respect to in-
2760	force policies, exclude such removed policies for the succeeding
2761	<del>3 years, as follows:</del>
2762	1. In the first year following removal of the risks, the
2763	risks are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 100
2764	percent.
2765	2. In the second year following removal of the risks, the
2766	risks are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 75
2767	percent.
2768	3. In the third year following removal of the risks, the
2769	risks are excluded from the calculation to the extent of 50
2770	percent.
2771	
2772	If the removal of risks is accomplished through assumption of
2773	obligations with respect to in-force policies, the corporation
2774	shall pay to the assuming insurer all unearned premium with
2775	respect to such policies less any policy acquisition costs
	Page 111 of 119

ENROLLED

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2776	agreed to by the corporation and assuming insurer. The term
2777	"policy acquisition costs" is defined as costs of issuance of
2778	the policy by the corporation which includes agent commissions,
2779	servicing company fees, and premium tax. This paragraph does not
2780	apply to an insurer that, at any time within 5 years before
2781	removing the risks, had a market share in excess of 0.1 percent
2782	of the statewide aggregate gross direct written premium for any
2783	line of property insurance, or to an affiliate of such an
2784	insurer. This paragraph does not apply unless either at least 40
2785	percent of the risks removed from the corporation are located in
2786	Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties, or at least 30
2787	percent of the risks removed from the corporation are located in
2788	such counties and an additional 50 percent of the risks removed
2789	from the corporation are located in other coastal counties.
2790	(b) An insurer that first wrote personal lines residential
2791	property coverage in this state on or after July 1, 1994, is
2792	exempt from regular deficit assessments imposed pursuant to s.
2793	627.351(6)(b)3.a., but not emergency assessments collected from
2794	policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.e., of the Citizens
2795	Property Insurance Corporation until the earlier of the
2796	following:
2797	1. The end of the calendar year in which it first wrote
2798	0.5 percent or more of the statewide aggregate direct written
2799	premium for any line of residential property coverage; or
2800	2. December 31, 1997, or December 31 of the third year in
	Page 112 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2801 which it wrote such coverage in this state, whichever is later. 2802 (c) Other than an insurer that is exempt under paragraph 2803 (b), an insurer that in any calendar year increases its total 2804 structure exposure subject to wind coverage by 25 percent or 2805 more over its exposure for the preceding calendar year is, with 2806 respect to that year, exempt from deficit assessments imposed 2807 pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b) 3.a., but not emergency assessments 2808 collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.e., 2809 of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation attributable to 2810 such increase in exposure. 2811 (d) Any exemption or credit from regular assessments 2812 authorized by this section shall last no longer than 3 years 2813 following the cancellation or expiration of the policy by the 2814 corporation. With the approval of the office, the board may 2815 extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer 2816 quarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies

2817 removed from the corporation, or for 2 additional years if the 2818 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 2819 policies so removed.

2820

(6) COMMERCIAL RESIDENTIAL TAKE-OUT PLANS.-

(d) The calculation of an insurer's regular assessment
2821 (d) The calculation of an insurer's regular assessment
2822 liability under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a., but not emergency
2823 assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to s.
2824 627.351(6)(b)3.e., shall, with respect to commercial residential
2825 policies removed from the corporation under an approved take-out

Page 113 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2826	plan, exclude such removed policies for the succeeding 3 years,
2827	as follows:
2828	1. In the first year following removal of the policies,
2829	the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of
2830	100 percent.
2831	2. In the second year following removal of the policies,
2832	the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of
2833	<del>75 percent.</del>
2834	3. In the third year following removal of the policies,
2835	the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of
2836	50 percent.
2837	(e) An insurer that first wrote commercial residential
2838	property coverage in this state on or after June 1, 1996, is
2839	exempt from regular assessments under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a., but
2840	not emergency assessments collected from policyholders pursuant
2841	to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.e., with respect to commercial residential
2842	policies until the earlier of:
2843	1. The end of the calendar year in which such insurer
2844	first wrote 0.5 percent or more of the statewide aggregate
2845	direct written premium for commercial residential property
2846	coverage; or
2847	2. December 31 of the third year in which such insurer
2848	wrote commercial residential property coverage in this state.
2849	(f) An insurer that is not otherwise exempt from regular
2850	assessments under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. with respect to
	Page 114 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2851	commercial residential policies is, for any calendar year in
2852	which such insurer increased its total commercial residential
2853	hurricane exposure by 25 percent or more over its exposure for
2854	the preceding calendar year, exempt from regular assessments
2855	under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a., but not emergency assessments
2856	collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.e.,
2857	attributable to such increased exposure.
2858	Section 4. Subsections (5), (6), and (7) of section
2859	627.3518, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2860	627.3518 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation
2861	policyholder eligibility clearinghouse program.—The purpose of
2862	this section is to provide a framework for the corporation to
2863	implement a clearinghouse program by January 1, 2014.
2864	(5) Notwithstanding s. 627.3517, any applicant for new
2865	coverage from the corporation is not eligible for coverage from
2866	the corporation if provided an offer of coverage from an
2867	authorized insurer through the program at a premium that is at
2868	or below the eligibility threshold for applicants for new
2869	coverage of a primary residence established in s.
2870	627.351(6)(c)5.a., or for applicants for new coverage of a risk
2871	that is not a primary residence established in s.
2872	<u>627.351(6)(c)5.b.</u> Whenever an offer of coverage for a personal
2873	lines risk is received for a policyholder of the corporation at
2874	renewal from an authorized insurer through the program which is
2875	at or below the eligibility threshold for primary residences of
	Page 115 of 110

Page 115 of 119

2024 Legislature

policyholders of the corporation established in s.
627.351(6)(c)5.a., or the eligibility threshold for risks that
are not primary residences of policyholders of the corporation
established in s. 627.351(6)(c)5.b., the risk is not eligible
for coverage with the corporation. In the event an offer of
coverage for a new applicant is received from an authorized
insurer through the program, and the premium offered exceeds the
eligibility threshold for applicants for new coverage <u>of a</u>
primary residence established in s. 627.351(6)(c)5.a., or the
eligibility threshold for applicants for new coverage on a risk
that is not a primary residence established in s.
<u>627.351(6)(c)5.b.,</u> the applicant or insured may elect to accept
such coverage, or may elect to accept or continue coverage with
the corporation. In the event an offer of coverage for a
personal lines risk is received from an authorized insurer at
renewal through the program, and the premium offered exceeds the
eligibility threshold for primary residences of policyholders of
the corporation established in s. 627.351(6)(c)5.a., or exceeds
the eligibility threshold for risks that are not primary
residences of policyholders of the corporation established in s.
627.351(6)(c)5.b., the insured may elect to accept such
coverage, or may elect to accept or continue coverage with the
corporation. Section 627.351(6)(c)5.a.(I) and b.(I) does not
apply to an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer
obtained through the program. <u>As used in this subsection, the</u>

Page 116 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

2024 Legislature

2901	term "primary residence" has the same meaning as in s.
2902	627.351(6)(c)2.a.
2902	(6) Independent insurance agents submitting new
2903	applications for coverage or that are the agent of record on a
2904	
	renewal policy submitted to the program:
2906	(a) Are granted and must maintain ownership and the
2907	exclusive use of expirations, records, or other written or
2908	electronic information directly related to such applications or
2909	renewals written through the corporation or through an insurer
2910	participating in the program, notwithstanding s.
2911	627.351(6)(c)5.a.(I)(B) and (II)(B) <u>or s.</u>
2912	<u>627.351(6)(c)5.b.(I)(B) and (II)(B)</u> . Such ownership is granted
2913	for as long as the insured remains with the agency or until sold
2914	or surrendered in writing by the agent. Contracts with the
2915	corporation or required by the corporation must not amend,
2916	modify, interfere with, or limit such rights of ownership. Such
2917	expirations, records, or other written or electronic information
2918	may be used to review an application, issue a policy, or for any
2919	other purpose necessary for placing such business through the
2920	program.
2921	(b) May not be required to be appointed by any insurer
2922	participating in the program for policies written solely through
2923	the program, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 626.112.
2924	(c) May accept an appointment from any insurer
2925	participating in the program.
	Page 117 of 119

CS/CS/HB1503, Engrossed 2

#### 2024 Legislature

2926 May enter into either a standard or limited agency (d) 2927 agreement with the insurer, at the insurer's option. 2928 2929 Applicants ineligible for coverage in accordance with subsection 2930 (5) remain ineligible if their independent agent is unwilling or 2931 unable to enter into a standard or limited agency agreement with 2932 an insurer participating in the program. 2933 Exclusive agents submitting new applications for (7) 2934 coverage or that are the agent of record on a renewal policy 2935 submitted to the program: Must maintain ownership and the exclusive use of 2936 (a) 2937 expirations, records, or other written or electronic information 2938 directly related to such applications or renewals written 2939 through the corporation or through an insurer participating in 2940 the program, notwithstanding s. 627.351(6)(c) 5.a.(I)(B) and 2941 (II) (B) or s. 627.351(6)(c) 5.b.(I)(B) and (II)(B). Contracts 2942 with the corporation or required by the corporation must not 2943 amend, modify, interfere with, or limit such rights of 2944 ownership. Such expirations, records, or other written or 2945 electronic information may be used to review an application, 2946 issue a policy, or for any other purpose necessary for placing 2947 such business through the program. 2948 May not be required to be appointed by any insurer (b) 2949 participating in the program for policies written solely through 2950 the program, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 626.112.

### Page 118 of 119

2024 Legislature

2951	(c) Must only facilitate the placement of an offer of
2952	coverage from an insurer whose limited servicing agreement is
2953	approved by that exclusive agent's exclusive insurer.
2954	(d) May enter into a limited servicing agreement with the
2955	insurer making an offer of coverage, and only after the
2956	exclusive agent's insurer has approved the limited servicing
2957	agreement terms. The exclusive agent's insurer must approve a
2958	limited service agreement for the program for any insurer for
2959	which it has approved a service agreement for other purposes.
2960	
2961	Applicants ineligible for coverage in accordance with subsection
2962	(5) remain ineligible if their exclusive agent is unwilling or
2963	unable to enter into a standard or limited agency agreement with
2964	an insurer making an offer of coverage to that applicant.
2965	Section 5. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
2966	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
2967	becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

Page 119 of 119