1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to health care; amending s. 381.4018, 3 F.S.; requiring physician licensees to provide to the 4 Department of Health specified information; requiring 5 the department to collect and compile such information 6 in consultation with the Office of Program Policy 7 Analysis and Government Accountability; amending s. 8 381.4019, F.S.; revising the purpose of the Dental 9 Student Loan Repayment Program; defining the term "free clinic"; including dental hygienists in the 10 11 program; revising eligibility requirements for the 12 program; specifying limits on award amounts for and 13 participation of dental hygienists under the program; 14 deleting the maximum number of new practitioners who 15 may participate in the program each fiscal year; 16 specifying that dentists and dental hygienists must 17 provide specified documentation; requiring 18 practitioners who receive payments under the program 19 to furnish certain information requested by the Department of Health; requiring the Agency for Health 20 21 Care Administration to seek federal authority to use 22 specified matching funds for the program; providing 23 for future repeal of the program; transferring, 24 renumbering, and amending s. 1009.65, F.S.; renaming the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment 25

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Program as the "Florida Reimbursement Assistance for Medical Education Program"; revising the types of providers who are eligible to participate in the program; revising requirements for the distribution of funds under the program; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to seek federal authority to use specified matching funds for the program; creating s. 381.4021, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to provide to the Governor and the Legislature an annual report on specified student loan repayment programs; providing requirements for the report; requiring the department to contract with an independent third party to develop and conduct a design study for evaluating the effectiveness of specified student loan repayment programs; specifying requirements for the design study; requiring the department to submit the study results to the Governor and the Legislature by dates certain; requiring the department to participate in a certain multistate collaborative for a specified purpose; providing for future repeal of the requirement; creating s. 381.9855, F.S.; requiring the department to implement a health care screening and services grant program for a specified purpose; specifying duties of the department; authorizing nonprofit entities to apply

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for grant funds to implement new health care screening, service programs, or mobile clinics or units to expand the program's delivery capabilities; specifying requirements for grant recipients; authorizing the department to adopt rules; requiring the department to create and maintain an Internetbased portal to provide specified information relating to available health care screenings and services and volunteer opportunities; authorizing the department to contract with a third-party vendor to create and maintain the portal; specifying requirements for the portal; requiring the department to coordinate with county health departments for a specified purpose; requiring the department to include a clear and conspicuous link to the portal on the homepage of its website; requiring the department to publicize and encourage the use of the portal and enlist the aid of county health departments for such outreach; amending s. 383.2163, F.S.; expanding the telehealth minority maternity care program from a pilot program to a statewide program; requiring the department to submit to the Governor and the Legislature an annual report; providing requirements for the report; amending s. 383.302, F.S.; providing and revising definitions; creating s. 383.3081, F.S.; providing requirements for

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birth centers to be designated as advanced birth centers with respect to operating procedures, staffing, and equipment; requiring an advanced birth center to enter into a written agreement with a blood bank for emergency blood bank services; requiring that a patient who receives an emergency blood transfusion at an advanced birth center be immediately transferred to a hospital for further care; requiring the agency to establish by rule a process for birth centers to be designated as advanced birth centers; amending s. 383.309, F.S.; providing minimum standards for advanced birth centers; authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to enforce specified provisions of the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code for advanced birth centers; amending s. 383.313, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 383.3131, F.S.; providing requirements for laboratory and surgical services at advanced birth centers; providing conditions for administration of anesthesia; authorizing the intrapartal use of chemical agents; amending s. 383.315, F.S.; requiring advanced birth centers to employ or maintain an agreement with an obstetrician for specified purposes; amending s. 383.316, F.S.; requiring advanced birth centers to

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provide for the transport of emergency patients to a hospital; requiring each advanced birth center to enter into a written transfer agreement with a local hospital or an obstetrician for such transfers; requiring birth centers and advanced birth centers to assess and document transportation services and transfer protocols annually; amending s. 383.318, F.S.; providing protocols for postpartum care of clients and infants at advanced birth centers; providing requirements for followup care; amending s. 394.455, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 394.457, F.S.; requiring the Department of Children and Families to adopt certain minimum standards for mobile crisis response services; amending s. 394.4598, F.S.; authorizing certain psychiatric nurses to provide opinions to the court for the appointment of guardian advocates; authorizing certain psychiatric nurses to consult with quardian advocates for purposes of obtaining consent for treatment; amending s. 394.4615, F.S.; authorizing psychiatric nurses to make certain determinations related to the release of clinical records; amending s. 394.4625, F.S.; requiring certain treating psychiatric nurses to document specified information in a patient's clinical record within a specified timeframe of his or her

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voluntary admission for mental health treatment; requiring clinical psychologists who make determinations of involuntary placement at certain mental health facilities to have specified clinical experience; authorizing certain psychiatric nurses to order emergency treatment for certain patients; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; authorizing certain psychiatric nurses to order emergency treatment of certain patients; requiring a clinical psychologist to have specified clinical experience to approve the release of an involuntary patient at certain mental health facilities; amending s. 394.4655, F.S.; requiring clinical psychologists to have specified clinical experience in order to recommend involuntary outpatient services for mental health treatment; authorizing certain psychiatric nurses to recommend involuntary outpatient services for mental health treatment; providing an exception; authorizing psychiatric nurses to make certain clinical determinations that warrant bringing a patient to a receiving facility for an involuntary examination; amending s. 394.467, F.S.; requiring clinical psychologists to have specified clinical experience in order to recommend involuntary inpatient services for mental health treatment; authorizing certain

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psychiatric nurses to recommend involuntary inpatient services for mental health treatment; amending s. 394.4781, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "psychotic or severely emotionally disturbed child"; amending s. 394.4785, F.S.; authorizing psychiatric nurses to admit individuals over a certain age into certain mental health units of a hospital under certain conditions; requiring the agency to seek federal approval for Medicaid coverage and reimbursement authority for mobile crisis response services; requiring the Department of Children and Families to coordinate with the agency to provide specified education to contracted mobile response team services providers; amending s. 394.875, F.S.; authorizing certain psychiatric nurses to prescribe medication to clients of crisis stabilization units; amending s. 395.1055, F.S.; requiring the agency to adopt rules ensuring that hospitals do not accept certain payments and requiring certain hospitals to submit an emergency department diversion plan to the agency for approval before initial licensure or licensure renewal; providing that, beginning on a date certain, such plan must be approved before a license may be issued or renewed; requiring such hospitals to submit specified data to the agency on an annual basis

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and update their plans as needed, or as directed by the agency, before each licensure renewal; specifying requirements for the diversion plans; requiring the agency to establish a process for hospitals to share certain information with certain patients' managed care plans; amending s. 395.301, F.S.; requiring a licensed facility to post on its website a consumerfriendly list of standard charges for a minimum number of shoppable health care services; providing definitions; requiring a licensed facility to provide an estimate to a patient or prospective patient and the patient's health insurer within specified timeframes; requiring a licensed facility to establish an internal grievance process for patients to dispute charges; requiring a facility to make available information necessary for initiating a grievance; requiring a facility to respond to a patient grievance within a specified timeframe; requiring licensed a facility to disclose specified information relating to cost sharing obligations to certain persons; providing a penalty; creating s. 395.3011, F.S.; defining the term "extraordinary collection action"; prohibiting certain collection activities by a licensed facility; amending s. 408.051, F.S.; requiring certain hospitals to make available certain data to the agency's Florida

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Health Information Exchange program for a specified purpose; authorizing the agency to adopt rules; amending s. 409.909, F.S.; authorizing the agency to allocate specified funds under the Slots for Doctors Program for existing resident positions at hospitals and qualifying institutions if certain conditions are met; requiring hospitals and qualifying institutions that receive certain state funds to report specified data to the agency annually; requiring certain hospitals and qualifying institutions to annually report to the agency specified data; defining the term "sponsoring institution"; requiring such hospitals and qualifying institutions, beginning on a date certain, to produce certain financial records or submit to certain financial audits; providing applicability; providing that hospitals and qualifying institutions that fail to produce such financial records to the agency are no longer eligible to participate in the Statewide Medicaid Residency Program until a certain determination is made by the agency; requiring hospitals and qualifying institutions to request exit surveys of residents upon completion of residency; providing requirements for the exit surveys; creating the Graduate Medical Education Committee within the agency; providing for membership and meetings of the

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committee; requiring the committee, beginning on a specified date, to submit to the Governor and the Legislature an annual report detailing specified information; requiring the agency to provide administrative support to assist the committee in the performance of its duties and to provide certain information to the committee; creating s. 409.91256, F.S.; creating the Training, Education, and Clinicals in Health (TEACH) Funding Program for a specified purpose; providing legislative intent; providing definitions; requiring the agency to develop an application process and enter into certain agreements to implement the program; specifying requirements to qualify to receive reimbursements under the program; requiring the agency, in consultation with the Department of Health, to develop, or contract for the development of, specified training for, and to provide assistance to, preceptors; providing for reimbursement under the program; requiring the agency to submit to the Governor and the Legislature an annual report; providing requirements for the report; requiring the agency to contract with an independent third party to develop and conduct a design study for evaluating the impact of the program; specifying requirements for the design study; requiring the agency to begin collecting

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data for the study and submit the study results to the Governor and the Legislature by dates certain; authorizing the agency to adopt rules; requiring the agency to seek federal approval to use specified matching funds for the program; providing for future repeal of the program; amending s. 409.967, F.S.; requiring the agency to produce an annual report on patient encounter data under the statewide managed care program; providing requirements for the report; requiring the agency to submit to the Governor and the Legislature the report by a date certain; authorizing the agency to contract with a third-party vendor to produce the report; amending s. 409.973, F.S.; requiring Medicaid managed care plans to continue assisting certain enrollees in scheduling an initial appointment with a primary care provider; requiring such plans to coordinate with hospitals that contact them for a specified purpose; requiring the plans to coordinate with their members and members' primary care providers for such purpose; requiring the agency to seek federal approval necessary to implement an acute hospital care at home program meeting specified criteria; creating s. 456.0145, F.S.; providing a short title; providing definitions; requiring an applicable health care regulatory board, or the

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department if there is no board, to issue a license or certification to applicants who meet specified conditions; requiring the department and the board to list on their respective websites jurisdictions that meet the minimum requirements for interstate licensure; authorizing the board or the department, as applicable, to require applicants to pass a specified examination under certain circumstances; creating a presumption that an applicant is qualified for interstate licensure, unless the board or department, as applicable, demonstrates otherwise; requiring the board or the department, as applicable, to provide applicants with a written decision within a specified timeframe; authorizing applicants to appeal certain decisions of a board or the department, as applicable; specifying that applicants granted an interstate license are still subject to the applicable laws and rules in this state and the jurisdiction of the applicable board, or the department if there is no board; providing applicability and construction; requiring the department to submit to the Governor and the Legislature an annual report by a date certain; providing requirements for the report; requiring the boards and the department to adopt rules, as applicable; amending s. 456.073, F.S.; requiring the

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Department of Health to report certain investigative information to the data system; amending s. 456.076, F.S.; requiring that monitoring contracts for certain impaired practitioners participating in treatment programs contain specified terms; creating s. 456.4501, F.S.; enacting the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact in this state; providing purposes of the compact; providing that state medical boards of member states retain jurisdiction to impose adverse action against licenses issued under the compact; providing definitions; specifying eligibility requirements for physicians seeking an expedited license under the compact; providing requirements for designation of a state of principal license for purposes of the compact; authorizing the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission to develop certain rules; providing an application and verification process for expedited licensure under the compact; providing for expiration and termination of expedited licenses; authorizing the Interstate Commission to develop certain rules; providing requirements for renewal of expedited licenses; authorizing the Interstate Commission to develop certain rules; providing for the establishment of a database for coordinating licensure data amongst

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member states; requiring and authorizing member boards to report specified information to the database; providing for confidentiality of such information; providing construction; authorizing the Interstate Commission to develop certain rules; authorizing member states to conduct joint investigations and share certain materials; providing for disciplinary action of physicians licensed under the compact; creating the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission; providing purpose and authority of the commission; providing for membership and meetings of the commission; providing public meeting and notice requirements; authorizing closed meetings under certain circumstances; providing public record requirements; requiring the commission to establish an executive committee; providing for membership, powers, and duties of the committee; authorizing the commission to establish other committees; specifying powers and duties of the commission; providing for financing of the commission; providing for organization and operation of the commission; providing limited immunity from liability for commissioners and other agents or employees of the commission; authorizing the commission to adopt rules; providing for rulemaking procedures, including public

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notice and meeting requirements; providing for judicial review of adopted rules; providing for oversight and enforcement of the compact in member states; requiring courts in member states to take judicial notice of the compact and the commission rules for purposes of certain proceedings; providing that the commission is entitled to receive service of process and has standing in certain proceedings; rendering judgments or orders void as to the commission, the compact, or commission rules under certain circumstances; providing for enforcement of the compact; specifying venue and civil remedies in such proceedings; providing for attorney fees; providing construction; specifying default procedures for member states; providing for dispute resolution between member states; providing for eligibility and procedures for enactment of the compact; providing for amendment to the compact; specifying procedures for withdrawal from and subsequent reinstatement of the compact; authorizing the Interstate Commission to develop certain rules; providing for dissolution of the compact; providing severability and construction; creating s. 456.4502, F.S.; providing that a formal hearing before the Division of Administrative Hearings must be held if there are any disputed issues of

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material fact when the licenses of certain physicians and osteopathic physicians are suspended or revoked by this state under the compact; requiring the Department of Health to notify the Division of Administrative Hearings of a petition for a formal hearing within a specified timeframe; requiring the administrative law judge to issue a recommended order; requiring the Board of Medicine or the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, as applicable, to determine and issue final orders in certain cases; providing the department with standing to seek judicial review of any final order of the boards; creating s. 456.4504, F.S.; authorizing the department to adopt rules; specifying that provisions of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact do not authorize the Department of Health, the Board of Medicine, or the Board of Osteopathic Medicine to collect a fee for expedited licensure, but rather state that fees of that kind are allowable under the compact; amending s. 457.105, F.S.; revising requirements for a person to become licensed to practice acupuncture; amending s. 458.311, F.S.; revising an education and training requirement for physician licensure; exempting certain foreign-trained applicants for physician licensure from the residency requirement; providing certain employment requirements

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for such applicants; requiring such applicants to notify the Board of Medicine of any changes in employment within a specified timeframe; repealing s. 458.3124, F.S., relating to restricted licenses of certain experienced foreign-trained physicians; amending s. 458.313; revising requirements for an applicant for licensure by endorsement to practice as a physician; amending s. 458.314, F.S.; authorizing the board to exclude certain foreign medical schools from consideration as an institution that provides medical education that is reasonably comparable to similar accredited institutions in the United States; providing construction; deleting obsolete language; amending s. 458.3145, F.S.; revising criteria for medical faculty certificates; deleting a cap on the maximum number of extended medical faculty certificates that may be issued at specified institutions; amending ss. 458.315 and 459.0076, F.S.; authorizing temporary certificates for practice in areas of critical need to be issued to physician assistants, rather than only to physicians, who meet specified criteria; amending ss. 458.317 and 459.0075, F.S.; specifying who may be considered a graduate assistant physician; creating limited licenses for graduate assistant physicians; specifying criteria a

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person must meet to obtain such licensure; requiring the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, respectively, to establish certain requirements by rule; providing for a one-time renewal of such licenses; authorizing limited licensed graduate assistant physicians to provide health care services only under the direct supervision of a physician and pursuant to a written protocol; providing requirements for, and limitations on, such supervision and practice; providing requirements for the supervisory protocols; providing that supervising physicians are liable for any acts or omissions of such graduate assistant physicians acting under their supervision and control; authorizing third-party payors to provide reimbursement for covered services rendered by graduate assistant physicians; authorizing the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, respectively, to adopt rules; amending s. 464.009, F.S.; revising requirements for an applicant for licensure by endorsement to practice by endorsement to practice professional or practical nursing; creating s. 464.0121, F.S.; providing that temporary certificates for practice in areas of critical need may be issued to advanced practice registered nurses who meet specified criteria;

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providing restrictions on the issuance of temporary certificates; waiving licensure fees for such applicants under certain circumstances; amending s. 464.0123, F.S.; requiring certain certified nurse midwives, as a condition precedent to providing outof-hospital intrapartum care, to maintain a written policy for the transfer of patients needing a higher acuity of care or emergency services; requiring that such policy prescribe and require the use of an emergency plan-of-care form; providing requirements for the form; requiring such certified nurse midwives to document specified information on the form if a transfer of care is determined to be necessary; requiring certified nurse midwives to verbally provide the receiving provider with specified information and make himself or herself immediately available for consultation; requiring certified nurse midwives to provide the patient's emergency plan-of-care form, as well as certain patient records, to the receiving provider upon the patient's transfer; requiring the Board of Nursing to adopt certain rules; amending s. 464.019, F.S.; deleting the sunset date of a certain annual report required of the Florida Center for Nursing; amending ss. 465.0075, 467.0125, 468.1705, 468.3065, 478.47, 480.041, and 491.006; revising

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licensure requirements to include licensure by endorsement to practice as a pharmacist; midwife; nursing home administrator; radiologist, radiologic technologist, and specialty technologist; electrologist; or psychologist or school psychologist, respectively; repealing ss. 468.213 and 468.358, F.S., relating to licensure by endorsement for occupational therapists and respiratory therapists, respectively; creating s. 458.3129 and 459.074, F.S.; providing that an allopathic physician or an osteopathic physician, respectively, licensed under the compact is deemed to be licensed under ch. 458, F.S., or ch. 459, F.S., as applicable; amending s. 468.1135, F.S.; requiring the Board of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology to appoint two of its board members to serve as the state's delegates on the compact commission; amending s. 468.1185, F.S.; removing provisions relating to licensure by endorsement and refusal of certification for speech-language pathologists and audiologists; exempting audiologists and speech-language pathologists from licensure requirements who are practicing in this state pursuant to a compact privilege under the compact; amending s. 468.1295, F.S.; authorizing the board to take adverse action against the compact privilege of audiologists and

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speech-language pathologists for specified prohibited acts; creating s. 468.1335, F.S.; creating the Practice of Audiology and Speech-language Pathology Interstate Compact; providing purpose, objectives, and definitions; specifying requirements for state participation in the compact and duties of member states; specifying that the compact does not affect an individual's ability to apply for, and a member state's ability to grant, a single-state license pursuant to the laws of that state; providing for recognition of compact privilege in member states; specifying criteria a licensee must meet for compact privilege; providing for the expiration and renewal of compact privilege; specifying that a licensee with compact privilege in a remote state must adhere to the laws and rules of that state; authorizing member states to act on a licensee's compact privilege under certain circumstances; specifying the consequences and parameters of practice for a licensee whose compact privilege has been acted on or whose home state license is encumbered; specifying that a licensee may hold a home state license in only one member state at a time; specifying requirements and procedures for changing a home state license designation; providing for the recognition of the practice of audiology and

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speech-language pathology through telehealth in member states; specifying that a licensee must adhere to the laws and rules of the remote state in which he or she provides audiology or speech-language pathology through telehealth; authorizing active duty military personnel and their spouses to keep their home state designation during active duty; specifying how such individual may subsequently change his or her home state license designation; authorizing member states to take adverse actions against licensees and issue subpoenas for hearings and investigations under certain circumstances; providing requirements and procedures for such adverse action; authorizing member states to engage in joint investigations under certain circumstances; providing that a licensee's compact privilege must be deactivated in all member states for the duration of an encumbrance imposed by the licensee's home state; providing for notice to the data system and the licensee's home state of any adverse action taken against a licensee; establishing the Audiology and Speech-language Pathology Interstate Compact Commission; providing for jurisdiction and venue for court proceedings; providing for membership and powers of the commission; specifying powers and duties of the commission's executive committee;

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providing for the financing of the commission; providing specified individuals immunity from civil liability under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; requiring the commission to defend the specified individuals in civil actions under certain circumstances; requiring the commission to indemnify and hold harmless specified individuals for any settlement or judgment obtained in such actions under certain circumstances; providing for the development of the data system, reporting procedures, and the exchange of specified information between member states; requiring the commission to notify member states of any adverse action taken against a licensee or applicant for licensure; authorizing member states to designate as confidential information provided to the data system; requiring the commission to remove information from the data system under certain circumstances; providing rulemaking procedures for the commission; providing for member state enforcement of the compact; authorizing the commission to receive notice of process, and have standing to intervene, in certain proceedings; rendering certain judgments and orders void as to the commission, the compact, or commission rules under certain circumstances; providing for defaults and termination of compact

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membership; providing procedures for the resolution of certain disputes; providing for commission enforcement of the compact; providing for remedies; providing for implementation of, withdrawal from, and amendment to the compact; specifying that licensees practicing in a remote state under the compact must adhere to the laws and rules of that state; specifying that the compact, commission rules, and commission actions are binding on member states; providing construction; providing for severability; specifying that the provisions of the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact do not authorize the Department of Health or the Board of Physical Therapy to collect a compact privilege fee, but rather state that fees of that kind are allowable under the compact; authorizing the Department of Health or the Board of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology to collect a compact privilege fee; amending ss. 486.028, 486.031, 486.081, 486.102, 486.107, and 490.006, F.S.; exempting from licensure requirements physical therapists and physical therapist assistants who are practicing in this state pursuant to a compact privilege under the compact; revising licensure requirements to include licensure by endorsement to practice as a physical therapist; creating s. 486.112, F.S.; creating the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact;

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providing a purpose and objectives of the compact; providing definitions; specifying requirements for state participation in the compact; authorizing member states to obtain biometric-based information from and conduct criminal background checks on licensees applying for a compact privilege; requiring member states to grant the compact privilege to licensees who meet specified criteria; specifying criteria licensees must meet to exercise the compact privilege under the compact; providing for the expiration of the compact privilege; requiring licensees practicing in a remote state under the compact privilege to comply with the laws and rules of that state; subjecting licensees to the regulatory authority of remote states where they practice under the compact privilege; providing for disciplinary action; specifying circumstances under which licensees are ineligible for a compact privilege; specifying conditions that a licensee must meet to regain his or her compact privilege after an adverse action; specifying locations active duty military personnel and their spouses may use to designate their home state for purposes of the compact; providing that only a home state may impose adverse action against a license issued by that state; authorizing home states to take adverse action based

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on investigative information of a remote state, subject to certain requirements; directing member states that use alternative programs in lieu of discipline to require the licensee to agree not to practice in other member states while participating in the program, unless authorized by the member state; authorizing member states to investigate violations by licensees in other member states; authorizing member states to take adverse action against compact privileges issued in their respective states; providing for joint investigations of licensees under the compact; establishing the Physical Therapy Compact Commission; providing for the venue and jurisdiction for court proceedings by or against the commission; providing construction; providing for commission membership, voting, and meetings; authorizing the commission to convene closed, nonpublic meetings under certain circumstances; specifying duties and powers of the commission; providing for membership and duties of the executive board of the commission; providing for financing of the commission; providing for qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification of the commission; requiring the commission to develop and maintain a coordinated database and reporting system for certain information about licensees under the

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compact; requiring member states to submit specified information to the system; requiring that information contained in the system be available only to member states; requiring the commission to promptly notify all member states of reported adverse action taken against licensees or applicants for licensure; authorizing member states to designate reported information as exempt from public disclosure; providing for the removal of submitted information from the system under certain circumstances; providing for commission rulemaking; providing construction; providing for state enforcement of the compact; providing for the default and termination of compact membership; providing for appeals and costs; providing procedures for the resolution of certain disputes; providing for enforcement against a defaulting state; providing construction; providing for implementation and administration of the compact and associated rules; providing that compact states that join after initial adoption of the commission's rules are subject to such rules; specifying procedures for compact states to withdraw from the compact; providing construction; providing for amendment of the compact; providing construction and severability; specifying that the provisions of the Physical Therapy Licensure

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Compact do not authorize the Department of Health or the Board of Physical Therapy to collect a compact privilege fee, but rather state that fees of that kind are allowable under the compact; amending s. 486.023, F.S.; requiring the Board of Physical Therapy Practice to appoint a person to serve as the state's delegate on the Physical Therapy Compact Commission; amending s. 486.125, F.S.; authorizing the board to take adverse action against the compact privilege of physical therapists and physical therapist assistants for specified prohibited acts; amending s. 624.27, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "health care provider"; amending s. 95.11, F.S.; establishing a 3year statute of limitations for an action to collect medical debt for services rendered by a health care provider or facility; creating s. 222.26, F.S.; providing additional personal property exemptions from legal process for medical debts resulting from services provided in certain licensed facilities; creating s. 627.446, F.S.; providing a definition; requiring each health insurer to provide an insured with an advanced explanation of benefits after receiving a patient estimate from a facility for scheduled services; providing requirements for the advanced explanation of benefits; amending s. 627.447,

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F.S.; prohibiting a health insurer from disclosing specified information relating to discounted cash prices to certain persons; defining the term "discounted cash price"; amending s. 627.6387, F.S.; revising definitions; requiring, rather than authorizing, a health insurer to offer a shared savings incentive program for specified purposes; requiring a health insurer to notify an insured that participation in such program is voluntary and optional; amending ss. 627.6648 and 641.31076, F.S.; providing that a shared savings incentive offered by a health insurer or health maintenance organization constitutes a medical expense for rate development and rate filing purposes; amending s. 766.1115, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "low-income" for purposes of certain government contracts for health care services; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; designating the state delegates and other members or employees of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission, the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact Commission, and the Physical Therapy Compact Commission as state agents for the purpose of applying sovereign immunity and waivers of sovereign immunity; requiring the commission to pay certain claims or judgments; authorizing the commission to maintain

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insurance coverage to pay such claims or judgments; amending s. 1002.32, F.S.; requiring developmental research schools to develop programs for a specified purpose; requiring schools to offer technical assistance to any school district seeking to replicate the school's programs; requiring schools, beginning on a date certain, to annually report to the Legislature on the development of such programs and the results, when available; amending s. 1004.015, F.S.; requiring the Commission for Independent Education and the Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida to annually report specified data for each medical school graduate; amending s. 1009.8962, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "institution" for purposes of the Linking Industry to Nursing Education (LINE) Fund; requiring the Board of Governors and the Department of Education to submit to the Governor and the Legislature a specified report; amending ss. 486.025, 486.0715, and 486.1065, F.S.; conforming crossreferences; amending ss. 395.602, 458.316, 458.3165, 468.209, 468.511, 475.01, 475.611, 517.191, and 787.061, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing appropriations; providing a directive to the department; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section 381.4018, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

381.4018 Physician workforce assessment and development.

- (3) GENERAL FUNCTIONS.—The department shall maximize the use of existing programs under the jurisdiction of the department and other state agencies and coordinate governmental and nongovernmental stakeholders and resources in order to develop a state strategic plan and assess the implementation of such strategic plan. In developing the state strategic plan, the department shall:
- (f) Develop strategies to maximize federal and state programs that provide for the use of incentives to attract physicians to this state or retain physicians within the state. Such strategies should explore and maximize federal-state partnerships that provide incentives for physicians to practice in federally designated shortage areas, in otherwise medically underserved areas, or in rural areas. Strategies shall also consider the use of state programs, such as the Florida Reimbursement Assistance for Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program pursuant to s. 381.402 s. 1009.65, which provide for education loan repayment or loan forgiveness and

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provide monetary incentives for physicians to relocate to underserved areas of the state.

- The department may adopt rules to implement this subsection, including rules that establish guidelines to implement the federal Conrad 30 Waiver Program created under s. 214(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (5) DATA COLLECTION.—To facilitate ongoing monitoring and analyses of the state's graduate medical education system, the department shall require physician licensees to provide the following information:
- (a) For each licensed resident and physician, the state in which he or she attended medical school, the state in which he or she was trained in graduate medical education programs, his or her graduate medical education specialty, and the beginning date and completion date of his or her graduate medical education training.
- (b) For each licensed resident and physician who received graduate medical education in Florida, the name of the medical school, accredited program, and sponsoring institution.

The department shall collect and compile the information required by this subsection in consultation with the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability.

Section 2. Section 381.4019, Florida Statutes, is amended

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801 to read:

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381.4019 Dental Student Loan Repayment Program.—The Dental Student Loan Repayment Program is established to <u>support the state Medicaid program and promote access to dental care by supporting qualified dentists and dental hygienists who treat medically underserved populations in dental health professional shortage areas or medically underserved areas.</u>

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Dental health professional shortage area" means a geographic area designated as such by the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
 - (b) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- (c) "Free clinic" means a provider that meets the description of a clinic specified in s. 766.1115(3)(d)14.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}_{\text{(c)}}$ "Loan program" means the Dental Student Loan Repayment Program.
- (e)(d) "Medically underserved area" means a geographic area, an area having a special population, or a facility which is designated by department rule as a health professional shortage area as defined by federal regulation and which has a shortage of dental health professionals who serve Medicaid recipients and other low-income patients.
- (f)(e) "Public health program" means a county health
 department, the Children's Medical Services program, a federally

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funded community health center, a federally funded migrant health center, or other publicly funded or nonprofit health care program designated by the department.

- (2) The department shall establish a dental student loan repayment program to benefit Florida-licensed dentists and dental hygienists who:
- (a) Demonstrate, as required by department rule, active employment in a public health program or private practice that serves Medicaid recipients and other low-income patients and is located in a dental health professional shortage area or a medically underserved area.
- (b) Volunteer 25 hours per year providing dental services in a free clinic that is located in a dental health professional shortage area or a medically underserved area or through another volunteer program operated by the state pursuant to part IV of chapter 110. In order to meet the requirements of this paragraph, the volunteer hours must be verifiable in a manner determined by the department.
- (3) The department shall award funds from the loan program to repay the student loans of a dentist <u>or dental hygienist</u> who meets the requirements of subsection (2).
- (a) An award <u>shall be 20 percent of a dentist's or dental</u>

 <u>hygienist's principal loan amount at the time he or she applies</u>

 <u>for the program but</u> may not exceed \$50,000 per year per eligible

 dentist or \$7,500 per year per eligible dental hygienist.

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(b) Only loans to pay the costs of tuition, books, dental equipment and supplies, uniforms, and living expenses may be covered.

- (c) All repayments are contingent upon continued proof of eligibility and must be made directly to the holder of the loan. The state bears no responsibility for the collection of any interest charges or other remaining balances.
- (d) A dentist <u>or dental hygienist</u> may receive funds under the loan program for at least 1 year, up to a maximum of 5 years.
- (e) The department shall limit the number of new dentists participating in the loan program to not more than 10 per fiscal year.
- (4) A dentist <u>or dental hygienist is not</u> is no longer eligible to receive funds under the loan program if the dentist or dental hygienist:
- (a) Is no longer employed by a public health program or private practice that meets the requirements of subsection (2) or does not verify, in a manner determined by the department, that he or she has volunteered his or her dental services for the required number of hours.
 - (b) Ceases to participate in the Florida Medicaid program.
- (c) Has disciplinary action taken against his or her license by the Board of Dentistry for a violation of s. 466.028.
 - (5) A dentist or dental hygienist who receives payment

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under the program shall furnish information requested by the

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877	department for the purpose of the department's duties under s.
878	381.4021.
879	(6) (5) The department shall adopt rules to administer the
880	loan program.
881	(7) (6) Implementation of the loan program is subject to
882	legislative appropriation.
883	(8) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall seek
884	federal authority to use Title XIX matching funds for this
885	program.
886	(9) This section is repealed on July 1, 2034.
887	Section 3. Section 1009.65, Florida Statutes, is amended,
888	transferred, and renumbered as section 381.402, Florida
889	Statutes, and amended, to read:
890	381.402 1009.65 Florida Reimbursement Assistance for
891	Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program
892	(1) To support the state Medicaid program and to encourage
893	qualified medical professionals to practice in underserved

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locations where there are shortages of such personnel, there is

Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program. The function

educational expenses incurred by students for studies leading to

a medical or nursing degree, medical or nursing licensure, or

established the Florida Reimbursement Assistance for Medical

of the program is to make payments that offset loans and

advanced practice registered nurse licensure or physician

901 assistant licensure.

- (2) The following licensed or certified health care practitioners professionals are eligible to participate in the this program:
- (a) Medical doctors <u>and doctors of osteopathic medicine</u>

 <u>practicing in with primary care specialties.</u>, <u>doctors of osteopathic medicine with primary care specialties</u>
- (b) Advanced practice registered nurses practicing in primary care specialties, physician assistants, licensed practical nurses and registered nurses, and advanced practice registered nurses with primary care specialties such as certified nurse midwives.
 - (c) Physician assistants.
- (d) Mental health professionals, including licensed clinical social workers, licensed marriage and family therapists, licensed mental health counselors, and licensed psychologists.
 - (e) Licensed practical nurses and registered nurses.

Primary care medical specialties for physicians include obstetrics, gynecology, general and family practice, geriatrics, internal medicine, pediatrics, psychiatry, and other specialties that which may be identified by the Department of Health.

Primary care specialties for advanced practice registered nurses include family practice, general pediatrics, general internal

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medicine, midwifery, and psychiatric nursing.

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- (3) From the funds available, the Department of Health shall make payments as follows:
- (a) 1. For a 4-year period of continued proof of practice in a setting specified in paragraph (b), up to \$150,000 for physicians, up to \$90,000 for advanced practice registered nurses registered to engage in autonomous practice under s. 464.0123, up to \$75,000 for advanced practice registered nurses, physician assistants, and mental health professionals, and up to \$45,000 up to \$4,000 per year for licensed practical nurses and registered nurses. Each practitioner is eligible to receive an award for only one 4-year period of continued proof of practice. At the end of each year that a practitioner participates in the program, the department shall award 25 percent of a practitioner's principal loan amount at the time he or she applied for the program, up to \$10,000 per year for advanced practice registered nurses and physician assistants, and up to \$20,000 per year for physicians. Penalties for noncompliance are shall be the same as those in the National Health Services Corps Loan Repayment Program. Educational expenses include costs for tuition, matriculation, registration, books, laboratory and other fees, other educational costs, and reasonable living expenses as determined by the Department of Health.
 - (b) 2. All payments are contingent on continued proof of:

 1.a. Primary care practice in a rural hospital as an area

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defined in s. 395.602(2)(b) $_{\tau}$ or an underserved area designated by the Department of Health, provided the practitioner accepts Medicaid reimbursement if eligible for such reimbursement; or

- b. For practitioners other than physicians and advanced practice registered nurses, practice in other settings, including, but not limited to, a nursing home facility as defined in s. 400.021, a home health agency as defined in s. 400.462, or an intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled as defined in s. 400.960. Any such setting must be located in, or serve residents or patients in, an underserved area designated by the Department of Health and must provide services to Medicaid patients.
- 2. Providing 25 hours annually of volunteer primary care services in a free clinic as specified in s. 766.1115(3)(d)14. or through another volunteer program operated by the state pursuant to part IV of chapter 110. In order to meet the requirements of this subparagraph, the volunteer hours must be verifiable in a manner determined by the department.
- (c) Correctional facilities, state hospitals, and other state institutions that employ medical personnel <u>must shall</u> be designated by the Department of Health as underserved locations. Locations with high incidences of infant mortality, high morbidity, or low Medicaid participation by health care professionals may be designated as underserved.
 - (b) Advanced practice registered nurses registered to

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engage in autonomous practice under s. 464.0123 and practicing in the primary care specialties of family medicine, general pediatrics, general internal medicine, or midwifery. From the funds available, the Department of Health shall make payments of up to \$15,000 per year to advanced practice registered nurses registered under s. 464.0123 who demonstrate, as required by department rule, active employment providing primary care services in a public health program, an independent practice, or a group practice that serves Medicaid recipients and other low-income patients and that is located in a primary care health professional shortage area. Only loans to pay the costs of tuition, books, medical equipment and supplies, uniforms, and living expenses may be covered. For the purposes of this paragraph:

1. "Primary care health professional shortage area" means a geographic area, an area having a special population, or a facility with a score of at least 18, as designated and calculated by the Federal Health Resources and Services

Administration or a rural area as defined by the Federal Office of Rural Health Policy.

2. "Public health program" means a county health department, the Children's Medical Services program, a federally funded community health center, a federally funded migrant health center, or any other publicly funded or nonprofit health care program designated by the department.

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$\underline{(4)}$ The Department of Health may use funds appropriated
for the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment
program as matching funds for federal loan repayment programs
such as the National Health Service Corps State Loan Repayment
Program.

- (5) A health care practitioner who receives payment under the program shall furnish information requested by the department for the purpose of the department's duties under s. 381.4021.
- (6)(3) The Department of Health may adopt any rules necessary for the administration of the Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment program. The department may also solicit technical advice regarding conduct of the program from the Department of Education and Florida universities and Florida College System institutions. The Department of Health shall submit a budget request for an amount sufficient to fund medical education reimbursement, loan repayments, and program administration.
- (7) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall seek federal authority to use Title XIX matching funds for this program.
- (8) This section is repealed on July 1, 2034.

 Section 4. Section 381.4021, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 381.4021 Student loan repayment programs reporting.-

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1026	(1) Beginning July 1, 2024, the department shall provide
1027	to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
1028	the House of Representatives an annual report for the student
1029	loan repayment programs established in ss. 381.4019 and 381.402,
1030	which, at a minimum, details all of the following:
1031	(a) The number of applicants for loan repayment.
1032	(b) The number of loan payments made under each program.
1033	(c) The amounts for each loan payment made.
1034	(d) The type of practitioner to whom each loan payment was
1035	made.
1036	(e) The number of loan payments each practitioner has
1037	received under either program.
1038	(f) The practice setting in which each practitioner who
1039	received a loan payment practices.
1040	(2)(a) The department shall contract with an independent
1041	third party to develop and conduct a design study to evaluate
1042	the impact of the student loan repayment programs established in
1043	ss. 381.4019 and 381.402, including, but not limited to, the
1044	effectiveness of the programs in recruiting and retaining health
1045	care professionals in geographic and practice areas experiencing
1046	shortages. The department shall begin collecting data for the
1047	study by January 1, 2025, and shall submit to the Governor, the
1048	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
1049	Representatives the results of the study by January 1, 2030.
1050	(h) The department shall participate in a provider

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CODING: Words $\frac{\text{stricken}}{\text{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\frac{\text{underlined}}{\text{ore additions}}$.

L051	retention and information system management multistate
L052	collaborative that collects data to measure outcomes of
L053	education debt support-for-service programs.
L054	(3) This section is repealed on July 1, 2034.
L055	Section 5. Section 381.9855, Florida Statutes, is created
L056	to read:
L057	381.9855 Health care screening and services grant program;
L058	portal.—
L059	(1)(a) The Department of Health shall implement a health
L060	care screening and services grant program. The purpose of the
1061	program is to expand access to no-cost health care screenings or
1062	services for the general public facilitated by nonprofit
L063	entities. The department shall do all of the following:
L064	1. Publicize the availability of funds and enlist the aid
L065	of county health departments for outreach to potential
L066	applicants at the local level.
L067	2. Establish an application process for submitting a grant
L068	proposal and eligibility criteria for applicants.
L069	3. Develop guidelines a grant recipient must follow for
L070	the expenditure of grant funds and uniform data reporting
L071	requirements for the purpose of evaluating the performance of
L072	grant recipients.
L073	(b) A nonprofit entity may apply for grant funds in order
L074	to implement a new health care screening or service program that
L075	the entity has not previously implemented.

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(c) A nonprofit entity that has previously implemented a
specific health care screening or services program at one or
more specific locations may apply for grant funds in order to
provide the same or similar screenings or services at a new
location or through a mobile health clinic or mobile unit in
order to expand the program's delivery capabilities.

- (d) An entity that receives a grant under this section
 must:
- 1. Follow Department of Health guidelines for reporting on expenditure of grant funds and measures to evaluate the effectiveness of the entity's health care screening or services program.
- 2. Publicize to the general public and encourage the use of the health care screening portal created under subsection (2).
- (e) The Department of Health may adopt rules for the implementation of this subsection.
- (2) (a) The Department of Health shall create and maintain an Internet-based portal to direct the general public to events, organizations, and venues in this state from which health screenings or services may be obtained at no cost or at a reduced cost and for the purpose of directing a licensed health care practitioner to opportunities for volunteering his or her services to conduct, administer, or facilitate such health screenings or services. The department may contract for the

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1101 creation or maintenance of the portal with a third-party vendor. 1102 The portal must be easily accessible by the public, 1103 not require a sign up or login, and include the ability for a member of the public to enter his or her address and obtain 1104 localized and current data on opportunities for screenings and 1105 services and volunteer opportunities for health care 1106 1107 practitioners. The portal must include, but is not limited to, 1108 all statutorily created screening programs that are funded and 1109 operational under the department's authority. The department shall coordinate with county health departments so that the 1110 1111 portal includes information on such health screenings and services provided by county health departments or by nonprofit 1112 1113 entities in partnership with county health departments. 1114 (c) The department shall include a clear and conspicuous link to the portal on the homepage of its website. The 1115 1116 department shall publicize the portal to, and encourage the use 1117 of the portal by, the general public and shall enlist the aid of county health departments for such outreach. 1118 Section 6. Section 383.2163, Florida Statutes, is amended 1119 1120 to read: 1121 383.2163 Telehealth minority maternity care program. -pilot 1122 programs.-By July 1, 2022, The department shall establish a

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statewide telehealth minority maternity care pilot program that

in Duval County and Orange County which uses telehealth to

expand the capacity for positive maternal health outcomes in

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racial and ethnic minority populations. The department shall direct and assist the county health departments in Duval County and Orange County to implement the program programs.

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Department" means the Department of Health.

- (b) "Eligible pregnant woman" means a pregnant woman who is receiving, or is eligible to receive, maternal or infant care services from the department under chapter 381 or this chapter.
- (c) "Health care practitioner" has the same meaning as in s. 456.001.
- (d) "Health professional shortage area" means a geographic area designated as such by the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- (e) "Indigenous population" means any Indian tribe, band, or nation or other organized group or community of Indians recognized as eligible for services provided to Indians by the United States Secretary of the Interior because of their status as Indians, including any Alaskan native village as defined in 43 U.S.C. s. 1602(c), the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, as that definition existed on the effective date of this act.
- (f) "Maternal mortality" means a death occurring during pregnancy or the postpartum period which is caused by pregnancy or childbirth complications.
 - (g) "Medically underserved population" means the

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population of an urban or rural area designated by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services as an area with a shortage of personal health care services or a population group designated by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services as having a shortage of such services.

- (h) "Perinatal professionals" means doulas, personnel from Healthy Start and home visiting programs, childbirth educators, community health workers, peer supporters, certified lactation consultants, nutritionists and dietitians, social workers, and other licensed and nonlicensed professionals who assist women through their prenatal or postpartum periods.
- (i) "Postpartum" means the 1-year period beginning on the last day of a woman's pregnancy.
- (j) "Severe maternal morbidity" means an unexpected outcome caused by a woman's labor and delivery which results in significant short-term or long-term consequences to the woman's health.
- (k) "Technology-enabled collaborative learning and capacity building model" means a distance health care education model that connects health care professionals, particularly specialists, with other health care professionals through simultaneous interactive videoconferencing for the purpose of facilitating case-based learning, disseminating best practices, and evaluating outcomes in the context of maternal health care.
 - (2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the program pilot programs is

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- (a) Expand the use of technology-enabled collaborative learning and capacity building models to improve maternal health outcomes for the following populations and demographics:
 - 1. Ethnic and minority populations.
 - 2. Health professional shortage areas.
- 3. Areas with significant racial and ethnic disparities in maternal health outcomes and high rates of adverse maternal health outcomes, including, but not limited to, maternal mortality and severe maternal morbidity.
 - 4. Medically underserved populations.
 - 5. Indigenous populations.
- (b) Provide for the adoption of and use of telehealth services that allow for screening and treatment of common pregnancy-related complications, including, but not limited to, anxiety, depression, substance use disorder, hemorrhage, infection, amniotic fluid embolism, thrombotic pulmonary or other embolism, hypertensive disorders relating to pregnancy, diabetes, cerebrovascular accidents, cardiomyopathy, and other cardiovascular conditions.
- (3) TELEHEALTH SERVICES AND EDUCATION.—The <u>program pilot</u> programs shall adopt the use of telehealth or coordinate with prenatal home visiting programs to provide all of the following services and education to eligible pregnant women up to the last day of their postpartum periods, as applicable:

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1201	(a)	Referrals	to He	althy Star	rt's coor	dinated	intake	and
1202	referral	program to	offer	families	prenatal	home v	isiting	
1203	services.	•						

- (b) Services and education addressing social determinants of health, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
 - 1. Housing placement options.
- 2. Transportation services or information on how to access such services.
 - 3. Nutrition counseling.
 - 4. Access to healthy foods.
 - 5. Lactation support.

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- 1212 6. Lead abatement and other efforts to improve air and 1213 water quality.
 - 7. Child care options.
 - 8. Car seat installation and training.
 - 9. Wellness and stress management programs.
- 1217 10. Coordination across safety net and social support services and programs.
 - (c) Evidence-based health literacy and pregnancy, childbirth, and parenting education for women in the prenatal and postpartum periods.
 - (d) For women during their pregnancies through the postpartum periods, connection to support from doulas and other perinatal health workers.
 - (e) Tools for prenatal women to conduct key components of

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maternal wellness checks, including, but not limited to, all of the following:

- 1. A device to measure body weight, such as a scale.
- 2. A device to measure blood pressure which has a verbal reader to assist the pregnant woman in reading the device and to ensure that the health care practitioner performing the wellness check through telehealth is able to hear the reading.
- 3. A device to measure blood sugar levels with a verbal reader to assist the pregnant woman in reading the device and to ensure that the health care practitioner performing the wellness check through telehealth is able to hear the reading.
- 4. Any other device that the health care practitioner performing wellness checks through telehealth deems necessary.
- (4) TRAINING.—The <u>program</u> pilot programs shall provide training to participating health care practitioners and other perinatal professionals on all of the following:
- (a) Implicit and explicit biases, racism, and discrimination in the provision of maternity care and how to eliminate these barriers to accessing adequate and competent maternity care.
- (b) The use of remote patient monitoring tools for pregnancy-related complications.
- (c) How to screen for social determinants of health risks in the prenatal and postpartum periods, such as inadequate housing, lack of access to nutritional foods, environmental

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1251 risks, transportation barriers, and lack of continuity of care.

- (d) Best practices in screening for and, as needed, evaluating and treating maternal mental health conditions and substance use disorders.
- (e) Information collection, recording, and evaluation activities to:
 - 1. Study the impact of the pilot program;
 - 2. Ensure access to and the quality of care;
- 3. Evaluate patient outcomes as a result of the pilot program;
 - 4. Measure patient experience; and

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- 5. Identify best practices for the future expansion of the pilot program.
- (5) REPORT.—By October 31, 2025, and each October 31

 thereafter, the department shall submit to the Governor, the

 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of

 Representatives a program report that includes, at a minimum,

 all of the following for the previous fiscal year:
- (a) The total number of clients served and the demographic information for the population served, including race, ethnicity, age, education level, and geographic location.
 - (b) The total number of screenings performed, by type.
- (c) The number of participants identified as having experienced pregnancy-related complications, the number of participants who received treatments for such complications, and

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1276	the final outcome of the pregnancy for such participants.
1277	(d) The number of referrals made to the Healthy Start
1278	program or other prenatal home visiting programs and the number
1279	of participants who subsequently received services from such
1280	programs.
1281	(e) The number of referrals made to doulas and other
1282	perinatal professionals and the number of participants who
1283	subsequently received services from doulas and other perinatal
1284	professionals.
1285	(f) The number and types of devices given to participants
1286	to conduct maternal wellness checks.
1287	(g) The average length of participation by program
1288	participants.
1289	(h) Composite results of a participant survey that
1290	measures the participants' experience with the program.
1291	(i) The total number of health care practitioners trained,
1292	by provider type and specialty.
1293	(j) The results of a survey of the health care
1294	practitioners trained under the program. The survey must address
1295	the quality and impact of the training provided, the health care
1296	practitioners' experiences using remote patient monitoring
1297	tools, the best practices provided in the training, and any
1298	suggestions for improvements.
1299	(k) Aggregate data on the maternal and infant health
1300	outcomes of program participants.

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L301	(1) For the initial report, all available quantifiable
L302	data related to the telehealth minority maternity care pilot
L303	programs.
L304	(6)(5) FUNDINGThe pilot programs shall be funded using
L305	funds appropriated by the Legislature for the Closing the Gap
L306	grant program. The department's Division of Community Health
L307	Promotion and Office of Minority Health and Health Equity shall
L308	also work in partnership to apply for federal funds that are
L309	available to assist the department in accomplishing the
L310	program's purpose and successfully implementing the program
L311	pilot programs .
L312	(7) (6) RULES.—The department may adopt rules to implement
L313	this section.
L314	Section 7. Subsections (1) through (8), (9), and (10) of
L315	section 383.302, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections
L316	(2) through (9), (11), and (12), respectively, present
L317	subsection (4) is amended, and new subsections (1) and (10) are
L318	added to that section, to read:
L319	383.302 Definitions of terms used in ss. 383.30-383.332
L320	As used in ss. 383.30-383.332, the term:
L321	(1) "Advanced birth center" means a licensed birth center
L322	designated as an advanced birth center which may perform trial
L323	of labor after cesarean deliveries for screened patients who
L324	qualify, planned low-risk cesarean deliveries, and anticipated

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vaginal deliveries for laboring patients from the beginning of

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1326 the 37th week of gestation through the end of the 41st week of

1327	gestation.
1328	(5) (4) "Consultant" means a physician licensed pursuant to
1329	chapter 458 or chapter 459 who agrees to provide advice and
1330	services to a birth center or an advanced birth center and who
1331	either:
1332	(a) Is certified or eligible for certification by the
1333	American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology or the American
1334	Osteopathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology; $_{ au}$ or
1335	(b) Has hospital obstetrical privileges.
1336	(10) "Medical director" means a person who holds an active
1337	unrestricted license as a physician under chapter 458 or chapter
1338	<u>459.</u>
1339	Section 8. Section 383.3081, Florida Statutes, is created
1340	to read:
1341	383.3081 Advanced birth center designation
1342	(1) To be designated as an advanced birth center, a birth
1343	center must, in addition to maintaining compliance with all of
1344	the requirements under ss. 383.30-383.332 applicable to birth
1345	centers and advanced birth centers, meet all of the following
1346	<pre>criteria:</pre>
1347	(a) Be operated and staffed 24 hours per day, 7 days per
1348	week.
1349	(b) Employ two medical directors to oversee the activities
1350	of the center, one of whom must be a board-certified

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obstetrician and one of whom must be a board-certified anesthesiologist.

- (c) Have at least one properly equipped, dedicated surgical suite for the performance of cesarean deliveries.
- (d) Employ at least one registered nurse and ensure that at least one registered nurse is present in the center at all times and has the ability to stabilize and facilitate the transfer of patients and newborn infants when appropriate.
- (e) Enter into a written agreement with a blood bank for emergency blood bank services and have written protocols for the management of obstetrical hemorrhage which include provisions for emergency blood transfusions. If a patient admitted to an advanced birth center receives an emergency blood transfusion at the center, the patient must immediately thereafter be transferred to a hospital for further care.
- (f) Meet all standards adopted by rule for birth centers, unless specified otherwise, and advanced birth centers pursuant to s. 383.309.
- (g) Comply with the Florida Building Code and Florida Fire Prevention Code standards for ambulatory surgical centers.
- (h) Qualify for, enter into, and maintain a Medicaid provider agreement with the agency pursuant to s. 409.907 and provide services to Medicaid recipients according to the terms of the provider agreement.
 - (2) The agency shall establish by rule a process for

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designating a birth center that meets the requirements of this section as an advanced birth center.

Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 383.309, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (3), and a new subsection (2) is added to that section, to read:

383.309 Minimum standards for birth centers <u>and advanced</u> birth centers; rules and enforcement.—

(2) The standards adopted by rule for designating a birth center as an advanced birth center must, at a minimum, be equivalent to the minimum standards adopted for ambulatory surgical centers pursuant to s. 395.1055 and must include standards for quality of care, blood transfusions, and sanitary conditions for food handling and food service.

Section 10. Section 383.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

383.313 <u>Birth center</u> performance of laboratory and surgical services; use of anesthetic and chemical agents.—

(1) LABORATORY SERVICES.—A birth center may collect specimens for those tests that are requested under protocol. A birth center must obtain and continuously maintain certification by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted thereunder in order to perform laboratory tests specified by rule of the agency, and which are appropriate to meet the needs of the patient.

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(2) SURGICAL SERVICES.—Except for advanced birth centers
authorized to provide surgical services under s. 383.3131, only
those surgical procedures that are shall be limited to those
normally performed during uncomplicated childbirths, such as
episiotomies and repairs, may be performed at a birth center.
and shall not include Operative obstetrics or caesarean sections
may not be performed at a birth center.

- (3) ADMINISTRATION OF ANALGESIA AND ANESTHESIA.—General and conduction anesthesia may not be administered at a birth center. Systemic analgesia may be administered, and local anesthesia for pudendal block and episiotomy repair may be performed if procedures are outlined by the clinical staff and performed by personnel who have the with statutory authority to do so.
- (4) INTRAPARTAL USE OF CHEMICAL AGENTS.—Labor may not be inhibited, stimulated, or augmented with chemical agents during the first or second stage of labor unless prescribed by personnel who have the with statutory authority to do so and unless in connection with and before prior to emergency transport.
- Section 11. Section 383.3131, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 383.3131 Advanced birth center performance of laboratory and surgical services; use of anesthetic and chemical agents.—
 - (1) LABORATORY SERVICES.—An advanced birth center shall

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have a clinical laboratory on site. The clinical laboratory
must, at a minimum, be capable of providing laboratory testing
for hematology, metabolic screening, liver function, and
coagulation studies. An advanced birth center may collect
specimens for those tests that are requested under protocol. An
advanced birth center may perform laboratory tests as defined by
rule of the agency. Laboratories located in advanced birth
centers must be appropriately certified by the Centers for
Medicare and Medicaid Services under the federal Clinical
Laboratory Improvement Amendments and the federal rules adopted
thereunder.

(2) SURGICAL SERVICES.—In addition to surgical procedures

- (2) SURGICAL SERVICES.—In addition to surgical procedures authorized under s. 383.313(2), surgical procedures for low-risk cesarean deliveries and surgical management of immediate complications may also be performed at an advanced birth center. Postpartum sterilization may be performed before discharge of the patient who has given birth during that admission.

 Circumcisions may be performed before discharge of the newborn infant.
- (3) ADMINISTRATION OF ANALGESIA AND ANESTHESIA.—General, conduction, and local anesthesia may be administered at an advanced birth center if administered by personnel who have the statutory authority to do so. All general anesthesia must be administered by an anesthesiologist or a certified registered nurse anesthetist in accordance with s. 464.012. When general

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L451	anesthesia is administered, a physician or a certified
L452	registered nurse anesthetist must be present in the advanced
L453	birth center during the anesthesia and postanesthesia recovery
L454	period until the patient is fully alert. Each advanced birth
L455	center shall comply with s. 395.0191(2)(b).
L456	(4) INTRAPARTAL USE OF CHEMICAL AGENTS.—Labor may be
L457	inhibited, stimulated, or augmented with chemical agents during
L458	the first or second stage of labor at an advanced birth center
L459	if prescribed by personnel who have the statutory authority to
L460	do so. Labor may be electively induced beginning at the 39th
L461	week of gestation for a patient with a documented Bishop score
L462	of 8 or greater.
L463	Section 12. Subsection (3) is added to section 383.315,
L464	Florida Statutes, to read:
L465	383.315 Agreements with consultants for advice or
L466	services; maintenance
L467	(3) An advanced birth center shall employ or maintain an
L468	agreement with an obstetrician who must be present in the center
L469	at all times during which a patient is in active labor in the
L470	center to attend deliveries, available to respond to
L471	emergencies, and, when necessary, available to perform cesarean
L472	deliveries.
L473	Section 13. Section 383.316, Florida Statutes, is amended
L474	to read:
L475	383.316 Transfer and transport of clients to hospitals

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(1) If unforeseen complications arise during labor, delivery, or postpartum recovery, the client <u>must</u> shall be transferred to a hospital.

- (2) Each <u>birth center licensed facility</u> shall make arrangements with a local ambulance service licensed under chapter 401 for the transport of emergency patients to a hospital. Such arrangements <u>must shall</u> be documented in the <u>center's</u> policy and procedures manual of the facility if the birth center does not own or operate a licensed ambulance. The policy and procedures manual <u>shall</u> also <u>must</u> contain specific protocols for the transfer of any patient to a licensed hospital.
- transfer agreement with a local hospital licensed under chapter

 395 for the transfer and admission of emergency patients to the

 hospital or a written agreement with an obstetrician who has

 hospital privileges to provide coverage at all times and who has

 agreed to accept the transfer of the advanced birth center's

 patients.
- (4)(3) A birth center licensed facility shall identify neonatal-specific transportation services, including ground and air ambulances; list their particular qualifications; and have the telephone numbers for access to these services clearly listed and immediately available.
 - (5) (4) The birth center shall assess and document Annual

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assessments of the transportation services and transfer protocols annually shall be made and documented.

Section 14. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 383.318, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) and (4), respectively, subsection (1) is amended, and a new subsection (2) is added to that section, to read:

- 383.318 Postpartum care for birth center <u>and advanced</u> <u>birth center</u> clients and infants.—
- the requirements of subsection (2), a mother and her infant must shall be dismissed from a the birth center within 24 hours after the birth of the infant, except in unusual circumstances as defined by rule of the agency. If a mother or an infant is retained at the birth center for more than 24 hours after the birth, a report must shall be filed with the agency within 48 hours after of the birth and must describe describing the circumstances and the reasons for the decision.
- (2) (a) A mother and her infant must be dismissed from an advanced birth center within 48 hours after a vaginal delivery or within 72 hours after a delivery by cesarean section, except in unusual circumstances as defined by rule of the agency.
- (b) If a mother or an infant is retained at the advanced birth center for more than the timeframes set forth in paragraph (a), a report must be filed with the agency within 48 hours after the scheduled discharge time and must describe the

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circumstances and the reasons for the decision.

Section 15. Subsections (5), (31), and (36) of section 394.455, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

- (5) "Clinical psychologist" means a person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 490 a psychologist as defined in s. 490.003(7) with 3 years of postdoctoral experience in the practice of clinical psychology, inclusive of the experience required for licensure, or a psychologist employed by a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs that qualifies as a receiving or treatment facility under this part.
- team" means a nonresidential mental and behavioral health crisis service available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week which provides immediate intensive assessments and interventions, including screening for admission into a mental health receiving facility, an addictions receiving facility, or a detoxification facility, for the purpose of identifying appropriate treatment services.
- (36) "Psychiatric nurse" means an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under s. 464.012 who has a master's or doctoral degree in psychiatric nursing $\underline{\text{and}}_{\tau}$ holds a national advanced practice certification as a psychiatric mental health advanced practice nurse, and has 1 year $\underline{2}$ years of post-master's

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1551	clinical experience under the supervision of a physician.
1552	Section 16. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section
1553	394.457, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1554	394.457 Operation and administration.—
1555	(5) RULES.—
1556	(c) The department shall adopt rules establishing minimum
1557	standards for services provided by a mental health overlay
1558	program or a mobile crisis response service. Minimum standards
1559	for mobile crisis response services must:
1560	1. Include child, adolescent, and young adult mobile
1561	response teams established under s. 394.495(7) and ensure
1562	coverage of all counties by these specified teams.
1563	2. Create a structure for general mobile response teams
1564	which focuses on emergency room diversion and the reduction of
1565	involuntary commitment under this chapter. The structure must
1566	require, but need not be limited to, the following:
1567	a. Triage and rapid crisis intervention within 60 minutes.
1568	b. Provision of and referral to evidence-based services
1569	that are responsive to the needs of the individual and the
1570	individual's family.
1571	c. Screening, assessment, early identification, and care
1572	coordination.
1573	d. Followup at 90 and 180 days to gather outcome data on a
1574	mobile crisis response encounter to determine efficacy of the

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mobile crisis response service.

Section 17. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 394.4598, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

394.4598 Guardian advocate.-

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The administrator may petition the court for the appointment of a guardian advocate based upon the opinion of a psychiatrist or psychiatric nurse practicing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist that the patient is incompetent to consent to treatment. If the court finds that a patient is incompetent to consent to treatment and has not been adjudicated incapacitated and had a guardian with the authority to consent to mental health treatment appointed, the court must it shall appoint a guardian advocate. The patient has the right to have an attorney represent him or her at the hearing. If the person is indigent, the court must shall appoint the office of the public defender to represent him or her at the hearing. The patient has the right to testify, cross-examine witnesses, and present witnesses. The proceeding must shall be recorded, either electronically or stenographically, and testimony <u>must</u> shall be provided under oath. One of the professionals authorized to give an opinion in support of a petition for involuntary placement, as described in s. 394.4655 or s. 394.467, must testify. A guardian advocate must meet the qualifications of a guardian contained in part IV of chapter 744, except that a professional referred to in this part, an employee of the facility providing direct services to the

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patient under this part, a departmental employee, a facility administrator, or member of the Florida local advocacy council shall not be appointed. A person who is appointed as a guardian advocate must agree to the appointment.

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A facility requesting appointment of a guardian advocate must, before prior to the appointment, provide the prospective guardian advocate with information about the duties and responsibilities of guardian advocates, including the information about the ethics of medical decisionmaking. Before asking a guardian advocate to give consent to treatment for a patient, the facility shall provide to the guardian advocate sufficient information so that the guardian advocate can decide whether to give express and informed consent to the treatment, including information that the treatment is essential to the care of the patient, and that the treatment does not present an unreasonable risk of serious, hazardous, or irreversible side effects. Before giving consent to treatment, the guardian advocate must meet and talk with the patient and the patient's physician or psychiatric nurse practicing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist in person, if at all possible, and by telephone, if not. The decision of the guardian advocate may be reviewed by the court, upon petition of the patient's attorney, the patient's family, or the facility administrator.

Section 18. Subsection (11) of section 394.4615, Florida

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1626 Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4615 Clinical records; confidentiality.-

clinical records, unless such access is determined by the patient's physician or the patient's psychiatric nurse to be harmful to the patient. If the patient's right to inspect his or her clinical record is restricted by the facility, written notice of such restriction must shall be given to the patient and the patient's guardian, guardian advocate, attorney, and representative. In addition, the restriction must shall be recorded in the clinical record, together with the reasons for it. The restriction of a patient's right to inspect his or her clinical record expires shall expire after 7 days but may be renewed, after review, for subsequent 7-day periods.

Section 19. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) and subsection (5) of section 394.4625, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

394.4625 Voluntary admissions.—

- (1) AUTHORITY TO RECEIVE PATIENTS. -
- (f) Within 24 hours after admission of a voluntary patient, the <u>treating admitting</u> physician <u>or psychiatric nurse</u> <u>practicing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist</u> shall document in the patient's clinical record that the patient is able to give express and informed consent for admission. If the patient is not able to give express and informed consent for admission, the facility <u>must shall</u> either

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discharge the patient or transfer the patient to involuntary status pursuant to subsection (5).

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(5) TRANSFER TO INVOLUNTARY STATUS.—When a voluntary patient, or an authorized person on the patient's behalf, makes a request for discharge, the request for discharge, unless freely and voluntarily rescinded, must be communicated to a physician, clinical psychologist with at least 3 years of postdoctoral experience in the practice of clinical psychology, or psychiatrist as quickly as possible, but not later than 12 hours after the request is made. If the patient meets the criteria for involuntary placement, the administrator of the facility must file with the court a petition for involuntary placement, within 2 court working days after the request for discharge is made. If the petition is not filed within 2 court working days, the patient must shall be discharged. Pending the filing of the petition, the patient may be held and emergency treatment rendered in the least restrictive manner, upon the written order of a physician or a psychiatric nurse practicing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, if it is determined that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. Section 20. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.463 Involuntary examination.—

(2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION. -

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A patient must shall be examined by a physician or a clinical psychologist, or by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist at a facility without unnecessary delay to determine if the criteria for involuntary services are met. Emergency treatment may be provided upon the order of a physician or a psychiatric nurse practicing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist if the physician or psychiatric nurse determines that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. The patient may not be released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist or a clinical psychologist with at least 3 years of postdoctoral experience in the practice of clinical psychology or, if the receiving facility is owned or operated by a hospital, health system, or nationally accredited community mental health center, the release may also be approved by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, or an attending emergency department physician with experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness after completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection. A psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a patient if the involuntary examination was initiated by a psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating psychiatrist. The release may be approved through telehealth.

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Section 21. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3), paragraph (b) of subsection (7), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 394.4655, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

394.4655 Involuntary outpatient services.—

(3) INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT SERVICES.-

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(a)1. A patient who is being recommended for involuntary outpatient services by the administrator of the facility where the patient has been examined may be retained by the facility after adherence to the notice procedures provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be supported by the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical psychologist with at least 3 years of clinical experience or another psychiatrist, or a psychiatric nurse practicing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary outpatient services are met. However, if the administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist with at least 3 years of clinical experience is not available to provide the second opinion, the second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental illness, a physician assistant who has at least 3 years' experience and is supervised by such licensed physician or a psychiatrist, a clinical social worker, a clinical psychologist, or by a psychiatric nurse. Any second

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opinion authorized in this subparagraph may be conducted through a face-to-face examination, in person or by electronic means. Such recommendation must be entered on an involuntary outpatient services certificate that authorizes the facility to retain the patient pending completion of a hearing. The certificate must be made a part of the patient's clinical record.

- 2. If the patient has been stabilized and no longer meets the criteria for involuntary examination pursuant to s. 394.463(1), the patient must be released from the facility while awaiting the hearing for involuntary outpatient services. Before filing a petition for involuntary outpatient services, the administrator of the facility or a designated department representative must identify the service provider that will have primary responsibility for service provision under an order for involuntary outpatient services, unless the person is otherwise participating in outpatient psychiatric treatment and is not in need of public financing for that treatment, in which case the individual, if eligible, may be ordered to involuntary treatment pursuant to the existing psychiatric treatment relationship.
- 3. The service provider shall prepare a written proposed treatment plan in consultation with the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, if appointed, for the court's consideration for inclusion in the involuntary outpatient services order that addresses the nature and extent of the mental illness and any co-occurring substance use disorder that necessitate involuntary

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outpatient services. The treatment plan must specify the likely level of care, including the use of medication, and anticipated discharge criteria for terminating involuntary outpatient services. Service providers may select and supervise other individuals to implement specific aspects of the treatment plan. The services in the plan must be deemed clinically appropriate by a physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or clinical social worker who consults with, or is employed or contracted by, the service provider. The service provider must certify to the court in the proposed plan whether sufficient services for improvement and stabilization are currently available and whether the service provider agrees to provide those services. If the service provider certifies that the services in the proposed treatment plan are not available, the petitioner may not file the petition. The service provider must notify the managing entity if the requested services are not available. The managing entity must document such efforts to obtain the requested services.

(b) If a patient in involuntary inpatient placement meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient services, the administrator of the facility may, before the expiration of the period during which the facility is authorized to retain the patient, recommend involuntary outpatient services. The recommendation must be supported by the opinion of a

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psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical psychologist with at least 3 years of clinical experience, or another psychiatrist, or a psychiatric nurse practicing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary outpatient services are met. However, if the administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist with at least 3 years of clinical experience is not available to provide the second opinion, the second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental illness, a physician assistant who has at least 3 years' experience and is supervised by such licensed physician or a psychiatrist, a clinical social worker, a clinical psychologist, or by a psychiatric nurse. Any second opinion authorized in this subparagraph may be conducted through a face-to-face examination, in person or by electronic means. Such recommendation must be entered on an involuntary outpatient services certificate, and the certificate must be made a part of the patient's clinical record.

- (7) HEARING ON INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT SERVICES.-
- (b)1. If the court concludes that the patient meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient services pursuant to subsection (2), the court <u>must shall</u> issue an order for involuntary outpatient services. The court order must <u>shall</u> be

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for a period of up to 90 days. The order must specify the nature and extent of the patient's mental illness. The order of the court and the treatment plan must be made part of the patient's clinical record. The service provider shall discharge a patient from involuntary outpatient services when the order expires or any time the patient no longer meets the criteria for involuntary placement. Upon discharge, the service provider shall send a certificate of discharge to the court.

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The court may not order the department or the service provider to provide services if the program or service is not available in the patient's local community, if there is no space available in the program or service for the patient, or if funding is not available for the program or service. The service provider must notify the managing entity if the requested services are not available. The managing entity must document such efforts to obtain the requested services. A copy of the order must be sent to the managing entity by the service provider within 1 working day after it is received from the court. The order may be submitted electronically through existing data systems. After the order for involuntary services is issued, the service provider and the patient may modify the treatment plan. For any material modification of the treatment plan to which the patient or, if one is appointed, the patient's guardian advocate agrees, the service provider shall send notice of the modification to the court. Any material modifications of

the treatment plan which are contested by the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, if applicable, must be approved or disapproved by the court consistent with subsection (3).

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If, in the clinical judgment of a physician or a psychiatric nurse practicing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, the patient has failed or has refused to comply with the treatment ordered by the court, and, in the clinical judgment of the physician or psychiatric nurse, efforts were made to solicit compliance and the patient may meet the criteria for involuntary examination, a person may be brought to a receiving facility pursuant to s. 394.463. If, after examination, the patient does not meet the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement pursuant to s. 394.467, the patient must be discharged from the facility. The involuntary outpatient services order must shall remain in effect unless the service provider determines that the patient no longer meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient services or until the order expires. The service provider must determine whether modifications should be made to the existing treatment plan and must attempt to continue to engage the patient in treatment. For any material modification of the treatment plan to which the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, if applicable, agrees, the service provider shall send notice of the modification to the court. Any material modifications of the treatment plan which are contested by the patient or the

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patient's guardian advocate, if applicable, must be approved or disapproved by the court consistent with subsection (3).

(8) PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUED INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT SERVICES.—

- (a)1. If the person continues to meet the criteria for involuntary outpatient services, the service provider <u>must</u> shall, at least 10 days before the expiration of the period during which the treatment is ordered for the person, file in the court that issued the order for involuntary outpatient services a petition for continued involuntary outpatient services. The court shall immediately schedule a hearing on the petition to be held within 15 days after the petition is filed.
- 2. The existing involuntary outpatient services order remains in effect until disposition on the petition for continued involuntary outpatient services.
- 3. A certificate <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> be attached to the petition which includes a statement from the person's physician or clinical psychologist <u>with at least 3 years of postdoctoral</u> <u>experience in the practice of clinical psychology</u> justifying the request, a brief description of the patient's treatment during the time he or she was receiving involuntary services, and an individualized plan of continued treatment.
- 4. The service provider shall develop the individualized plan of continued treatment in consultation with the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, if applicable. When the

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petition has been filed, the clerk of the court shall provide copies of the certificate and the individualized plan of continued services to the department, the patient, the patient's guardian advocate, the state attorney, and the patient's private counsel or the public defender.

Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 394.467, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.467 Involuntary inpatient placement.-

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ADMISSION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY. - A patient may be retained by a facility or involuntarily placed in a treatment facility upon the recommendation of the administrator of the facility where the patient has been examined and after adherence to the notice and hearing procedures provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be supported by the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical psychologist with at least 3 years of clinical experience, or another psychiatrist, or a psychiatric nurse practicing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement are met. However, if the administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist with at least 3 years of clinical experience is not available to provide the second opinion, the second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and experience in

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diagnosis and treatment of mental illness, a clinical psychologist, or by a psychiatric nurse. Any opinion authorized in this subsection may be conducted through a face-to-face examination, in person, or by electronic means. Such recommendation must shall be entered on a petition for involuntary inpatient placement certificate that authorizes the facility to retain the patient pending transfer to a treatment facility or completion of a hearing.

Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 394.4781, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4781 Residential care for psychotic and emotionally disturbed children.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) (b) "Department" means the Department of Children and Families.

(b)(a) "Psychotic or severely emotionally disturbed child" means a child so diagnosed by a psychiatrist or <u>a</u> clinical psychologist with at least 3 years of postdoctoral experience in the practice of clinical psychology, who must have who has specialty training and experience with children. Such a severely emotionally disturbed child or psychotic child shall be considered by this diagnosis to benefit by and require residential care as contemplated by this section.

Section 24. Subsection (2) of section 394.4785, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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394.4785 Children and adolescents; admission and placement in mental facilities.—

hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395 may not be admitted to a bed in a room or ward with an adult patient in a mental health unit or share common areas with an adult patient in a mental health unit. However, a person 14 years of age or older may be admitted to a bed in a room or ward in the mental health unit with an adult if the admitting physician or psychiatric nurse documents in the case record that such placement is medically indicated or for reasons of safety. Such placement must shall be reviewed by the attending physician or a designee or on-call physician each day and documented in the case record.

Section 25. Effective upon this act becoming a law, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall seek federal approval for coverage and reimbursement authority for mobile crisis response services pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 1396w-6. The Department of Children and Families must coordinate with the Agency for Health Care Administration to educate contracted providers of child, adolescent, and young adult mobile response team services on the process to enroll as a Medicaid provider, encourage and incentivize enrollment as a Medicaid provider, and reduce barriers to maximizing federal reimbursement for community-based mobile crisis response services.

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Section 26. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section

394.875 Crisis stabilization units, residential treatment
facilities, and residential treatment centers for children and
adolescents; authorized services; license required.—
(1)(a) The purpose of a crisis stabilization unit is to
stabilize and redirect a client to the most appropriate and

394.875, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

least restrictive community setting available, consistent with the client's needs. Crisis stabilization units may screen, assess, and admit for stabilization persons who present themselves to the unit and persons who are brought to the unit under s. 394.463. Clients may be provided 24-hour observation, medication prescribed by a physician, or psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, and other appropriate services. Crisis stabilization units shall provide services regardless of the client's ability to pay and shall be limited in size to a maximum of 30 beds.

Section 27. Paragraphs (i) and (j) are added to subsection (1) of section 395.1055, Florida Statutes, to read:

395.1055 Rules and enforcement.-

- (1) The agency shall adopt rules pursuant to ss.

 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this part,
 which shall include reasonable and fair minimum standards for
 ensuring that:
 - (i) A hospital does not accept any payment from a medical

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school in exchange for, or directly or indirectly related to,
allowing students from the medical school to obtain clinical
hours or instruction at that hospital.

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- (j) Each hospital with an emergency department, including a hospital-based off-campus emergency department, submits to the agency for approval a plan for assisting a patient with gaining access to appropriate care settings when the patient either presents at the emergency department with nonemergent health care needs or indicates, when receiving triage or treatment at the hospital, that the patient lacks regular access to primary care, in order to divert such patient from presenting at the emergency department for future nonemergent care. Effective July 1, 2025, such emergency department diversion plan must be approved by the agency before the hospital may receive initial licensure or licensure renewal occurring after that date. A hospital with an approved emergency department diversion plan must submit data to the agency demonstrating the effectiveness of the hospital's plan on an annual basis and must update the plan as necessary, or as directed by the agency, before each licensure renewal. An emergency department diversion plan must include at least one of the following:
- 1. A partnership agreement with one or more nearby

 federally qualified health centers or other primary care

 settings. The goals of such partnership agreement must include,

 but need not be limited to, identifying patients who present at

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the emergency department for nonemergent care, care that would be best provided in a primary care setting, or emergency care that could potentially have been avoided through the regular provision of primary care; and establishing a relationship between the patient and the federally qualified health center or other primary care setting so that the patient develops a medical home at such setting for nonemergent and preventative health care services.

2. The establishment, construction, and operation of a hospital-owned urgent care center adjacent to the hospital

hospital-owned urgent care center adjacent to the hospital emergency department location or an agreement with an urgent care center within 3 miles of the emergency department if located in an urban area as defined in s. 189.041(1)(b) and within 10 miles of the emergency department if located in a rural community as defined in s. 288.0656(2). Under the hospital's emergency department diversion plan, and as appropriate for the patients' needs, the hospital shall seek to divert to the urgent care center those patients who present at the emergency department needing nonemergent health care services and subsequently assist the patient in obtaining primary care.

For such patients who are enrolled in the Medicaid program and are members of a Medicaid managed care plan, the hospital's emergency department diversion plan must include outreach to the

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patients' Medicaid managed care plan and coordination with the managed care plan for establishing a relationship between the patient and a primary care setting as appropriate for the patient, which may include a federally qualified health center or other primary care setting with which the hospital has a partnership agreement. For such Medicaid enrollee, the agency shall establish a process for hospitals to share updated contact information for such patients, if in the hospital's possession, with the patient's managed care plan.

Section 28. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (1) of section 395.301, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c), (d), and (e), respectively, subsection (6) is renumbered as subsection (8), present paragraph (b) of subsection (1) is amended, a new paragraph (b) is added to subsection (1), and new subsections (6) and (7) are added to that section, to read:

395.301 Price transparency; itemized patient statement or bill; patient admission status notification.—

(1) A facility licensed under this chapter shall provide timely and accurate financial information and quality of service measures to patients and prospective patients of the facility, or to patients' survivors or legal guardians, as appropriate. Such information shall be provided in accordance with this section and rules adopted by the agency pursuant to this chapter and s. 408.05. Licensed facilities operating exclusively as

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2051 state facilities are exempt from this subsection.

- (b) Each licensed facility shall post on its website a consumer-friendly list of standard charges for at least 300 shoppable health care services. If a facility provides fewer than 300 distinct shoppable health care services, it shall make available on its website the standard charges for each service it provides. As used in this paragraph, the term:
- 1. "Shoppable health care service" means a service that can be scheduled by a healthcare consumer in advance. The term includes, but is not limited to, the services described in s. 627.6387(2)(e) and any services defined in regulations or guidance issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- 2. "Standard charge" has the same meaning as that term is defined in regulations or guidance issued by the United States

 Department of Health and Human Services for purposes of hospital price transparency.
- (c) (b) 1. Upon request, and Before providing any nonemergency medical services, each licensed facility shall provide in writing or by electronic means a good faith estimate of reasonably anticipated charges by the facility for the treatment of <u>a</u> the patient's or prospective patient's specific condition. Such estimate must be provided to the patient or prospective patient upon scheduling a medical service. The facility must provide the estimate to the patient or prospective

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patient within 7 business days after the receipt of the request and is not required to adjust the estimate for any potential insurance coverage. The facility must provide the estimate to the patient's health insurer, as defined in s. 627.446(1), and the patient at least 3 business days before a service is to be provided, but no later than 1 business day after the service is scheduled or, in the case of a service scheduled at least 10 business days in advance, no later than 3 business days after the service is scheduled. The estimate may be based on the descriptive service bundles developed by the agency under s. 408.05(3)(c) unless the patient or prospective patient requests a more personalized and specific estimate that accounts for the specific condition and characteristics of the patient or prospective patient. The facility shall inform the patient or prospective patient that he or she may contact his or her health insurer or health maintenance organization for additional information concerning cost-sharing responsibilities.

- 2. In the estimate, the facility shall provide to the patient or prospective patient information on the facility's financial assistance policy, including the application process, payment plans, and discounts and the facility's charity care policy and collection procedures.
- 3. The estimate shall clearly identify any facility fees and, if applicable, include a statement notifying the patient or prospective patient that a facility fee is included in the

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estimate, the purpose of the fee, and that the patient may pay
less for the procedure or service at another facility or in
another health care setting.

- 4. Upon request, The facility shall notify the patient or prospective patient of any revision to the estimate.
- 5. In the estimate, the facility must notify the patient or prospective patient that services may be provided in the health care facility by the facility as well as by other health care providers that may separately bill the patient, if applicable.
- 6. The facility shall take action to educate the public that such estimates are available upon request.
- 6.7. Failure to timely provide the estimate pursuant to this paragraph shall result in a daily fine of \$1,000 until the estimate is provided to the patient or prospective patient and the health insurer. The total fine per patient estimate may not exceed \$10,000.

The provision of an estimate does not preclude the actual charges from exceeding the estimate.

(6) Each facility shall establish an internal process for reviewing and responding to grievances from patients. Such process must allow patients to dispute charges that appear on the patient's itemized statement or bill. The facility shall prominently post on its website and indicate in bold print on

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each itemized statement or bill the instructions for initiating a grievance and the direct contact information required to initiate the grievance process. The facility must provide an initial response to a patient grievance within 7 business days after the patient formally files a grievance disputing all or a portion of an itemized statement or bill. (7) Each licensed facility shall disclose to a patient, prospective patient, or a patient's legal guardian whether a cost-sharing obligation for a particular covered health care service or item exceeds the charge that applies to an individual who pays cash or the cash equivalent, for the same health care service or item in the absence of health insurance coverage. Failure to provide a disclosure in compliance with this subsection may result in a fine not to exceed \$500 per incident. Section 29. Section 395.3011, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 395.3011 Billing and collection activities.-(1) As used in this section, the term "extraordinary

- (1) As used in this section, the term "extraordinary collection action" means any of the following actions taken by a licensed facility against an individual in relation to obtaining payment of a bill for care covered under the facility's financial assistance policy:
 - (a) Selling the individual's debt to another party.
- (b) Reporting adverse information about the individual to consumer credit reporting agencies or credit bureaus.

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(c) Deferring, denying, or requiring a payment before
providing medically necessary care because of the individual's
nonpayment of one or more bills for previously provided care
covered under the facility's financial assistance policy.
(d) Actions that require a legal or judicial process,
including, but not limited to:
1. Placing a lien on the individual's property;
2. Foreclosing on the individual's real property;
3. Attaching or seizing the individual's bank account or
any other personal property;
4. Commencing a civil action against the individual;
5. Causing the individual's arrest; or
6. Garnishing the individual's wages.
(2) A facility may not engage in an extraordinary
collection action against an individual to obtain payment for
services:
(a) Before the facility has made reasonable efforts to
determine whether the individual is eligible for assistance
under its financial assistance policy for the care provided and,
if eligible, before a decision is made by the facility on the
patient's application for such financial assistance.
(b) Before the facility has provided the individual with
an itemized statement or bill.
(c) During an ongoing grievance process as described in s.

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395.301(6) or an ongoing appeal of a claim adjudication.

2176	(d) Before billing any applicable insurer and allowing the
2177	insurer to adjudicate a claim.
2178	(e) For 30 days after notifying the patient in writing, by
2179	certified mail, or by other traceable delivery method, that a
2180	collection action will commence absent additional action by the
2181	patient.
2182	(f) While the individual:
2183	1. Negotiates in good faith the final amount of a bill for
2184	services rendered; or
2185	2. Complies with all terms of a payment plan with the
2186	facility.
2187	Section 30. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 408.051,
2188	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) and (7),
2189	respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to that section,
2190	to read:
2191	408.051 Florida Electronic Health Records Exchange Act
2192	(5) HOSPITAL DATA.—A hospital as defined in s. 395.002(12)
2193	which maintains certified electronic health record technology
2194	must make available admission, transfer, and discharge data to
2195	the agency's Florida Health Information Exchange program for the
2196	purpose of supporting public health data registries and patient
2197	care coordination. The agency may adopt rules to implement this
2198	subsection.
2199	Section 31. Subsection (8) of section 409.909, Florida
2200	Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (10), paragraph (a) of

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subsection (6) is amended, and new subsections (8) and (9) are added to that section, to read:

409.909 Statewide Medicaid Residency Program.-

- (6) The Slots for Doctors Program is established to address the physician workforce shortage by increasing the supply of highly trained physicians through the creation of new resident positions, which will increase access to care and improve health outcomes for Medicaid recipients.
- (a) 1. Notwithstanding subsection (4), the agency shall annually allocate \$100,000 to hospitals and qualifying institutions for each newly created resident position that is first filled on or after June 1, 2023, and filled thereafter, and that is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Osteopathic Postdoctoral Training Institution in an initial or established accredited training program which is in a physician specialty or subspecialty in a statewide supply-and-demand deficit.
- 2. Notwithstanding the requirement that a new resident position be created to receive funding under this subsection, the agency may allocate \$100,000 to hospitals and qualifying institutions, pursuant to subparagraph 1., for up to 200 resident positions that existed before July 1, 2023, if such resident position:
- a. Is in a physician specialty or subspecialty experiencing a statewide supply-and-demand deficit.

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- $\underline{\text{c.}}$ Is subsequently filled on or after June 1, 2024, and remains filled thereafter.
- d. Is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate

 Medical Education or the Osteopathic Postdoctoral Training

 Institution in an initial or established accredited training

 program.
- 3. If applications for resident positions under this paragraph exceed the number of authorized resident positions or the available funding allocated, the agency shall prioritize applications for resident positions that are in a primary care specialty as specified in paragraph (2)(a).
- (8) A hospital or qualifying institution that receives state funds, including, but not limited to, intergovernmental transfers, for a graduate medical education program under any of the programs established under this chapter or under the General Appropriations Act, must annually report data to the agency in a format established by the agency. To facilitate ongoing analysis of the performance of the state's graduate medical education system, the agency shall consult with the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability regarding the content of the data reported, the manner of reporting, and compilation of the data by the agency.
- (a) Hospitals and qualifying institutions must report, at a minimum, the following:

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1. For each program, the sponsoring institution, the
program level, specialty and subspecialty as applicable, the
number of approved and filled positions, and the location. As
used in this section, the term "sponsoring institution" means an
organization that oversees, supports, and administers one or
more resident positions.

- 2. For each position, the year the position was created, whether the position is currently filled and whether there has been any period of time when the position was not filled, each state and federal funding source used to create or maintain the position, and the general purpose for which the funds were used.
- 3. For each filled position, the current program year of the resident who is filling the position, the specialty or subspecialty for which the position is accredited, and whether the position is a fellowship position.
- 4. For each sponsoring institution, the number of programs, number of approved and filled positions, and sponsoring institution location.
- (b) Specific to funds allocated pursuant to subsection (5) on or after July 1, 2021, the data must include, but is not limited to, all of the following:
- 1. The date on which the hospital or qualifying institution applied for funds under the program.
- 2274 <u>2. The date on which the position funded by the program</u>
 2275 became accredited.

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3. The date on which the position was first filled and whether it has remained filled.

4. The specialty of the position created.

- (c) Beginning on July 1, 2025, each hospital or qualifying institution shall annually produce detailed financial records no later than 30 days after the end of its fiscal year, detailing the manner in which state funds allocated under this section were expended. This requirement does not apply to funds allocated before July 1, 2025. The agency may also require that any hospital or qualifying institution submit to an audit of its financial records related to funds allocated under this section after July 1, 2025.
- (d) If a hospital or qualifying institution fails to produce records as required by this section, such hospital or qualifying institution is no longer eligible to participate in any program established under this section until the hospital or qualifying institution has met the agency's requirements for producing the required records.
- (e) Upon completion of a residency, each hospital or qualifying institution must request that the resident fill out an exit survey on a form developed by the agency. The completed exit surveys must be provided to the agency annually. The exit survey must include, but need not be limited to, questions on all of the following:
 - 1. Whether the exiting resident has procured employment.

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2301		2.	Whethe	er the	e ez	xiting	resident	plan	s to	leave	the	state
2302	and,	if	so, for	r whi	ch :	reasons	S.					
2303		3.	Where	and	in v	which s	specialty	the	exit	ing re	side	nt

- 3. Where and in which specialty the exiting resident intends to practice.
- 4. Whether the exiting resident envisions himself or herself working in the medical field as a long-term career.
- (9) The Graduate Medical Education Committee is created within the agency.
- (a) The committee shall be composed of the following
 members:
- 1. Three deans, or the deans' designees, from medical schools in the state, appointed by the chair of the Council of Florida Medical School Deans.
- 2. Four members appointed by the Governor, one of whom is a representative of the Florida Medical Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association who has supervised or is currently supervising residents, one of whom is a member of the Florida Hospital Association, one of whom is a member of the Safety Net Hospital Alliance, and one of whom is a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 practicing at a qualifying institution.
- 3. Two members appointed by the Secretary of Health Care
 Administration, one of whom represents a statutory teaching
 hospital as defined in s. 408.07(46) and one of whom is a
 physician who has supervised or is currently supervising

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2326 residents.

- 4. Two members appointed by the State Surgeon General, one of whom must represent a teaching hospital as defined in s.

 408.07 and one of whom is a physician who has supervised or is currently supervising residents or interns.
- 5. Two members, one appointed by the President of the Senate and one appointed by the Speaker of the House of the Representatives.
- (b)1. The members of the committee appointed under subparagraph (a)1. shall serve 4-year terms. When such members' terms expire, the chair of the Council of Florida Medical School Deans shall appoint new members as detailed in paragraph (a)1. from different medical schools on a rotating basis and may not reappoint a dean from a medical school that has been represented on the committee until all medical schools in the state have had an opportunity to be represented on the committee.
- 2. The members of the committee appointed under subparagraphs (a) 2., 3., and 4. shall serve 4-year terms, with the initial term being 3 years for members appointed under subparagraph (a) 4. and 2 years for members appointed under subparagraph (a) 3. The committee shall elect a chair to serve for a 1-year term.
- (c) Members shall serve without compensation but are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses pursuant to s. 112.061.

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(d) The committee shall convene its first meeting by July
1, 2024, and shall meet as often as necessary to conduct its
business, but at least twice annually, at the call of the chair.
The committee may conduct its meetings though teleconference or
other electronic means. A majority of the members of the
committee constitutes a quorum, and a meeting may not be held
with less than a quorum present. The affirmative vote of a
majority of the members of the committee present is necessary
for any official action by the committee.
(e) Beginning on July 1, 2025, the committee shall submit

- (e) Beginning on July 1, 2025, the committee shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives an annual report that must, at a minimum, detail all of the following:
- 1. The role of residents and medical faculty in the provision of health care.
- 2. The relationship of graduate medical education to the state's physician workforce.
- 3. The typical workload for residents and the role such workload plays in retaining physicians in the long-term workforce.
- 4. The costs of training medical residents for hospitals and qualifying institutions.
- 5. The availability and adequacy of all sources of revenue available to support graduate medical education.
 - 6. The use of state funds, including, but not limited to,

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2376 intergovernmental transfers, for graduate medical education for 2377 each hospital or qualifying institution receiving such funds. 2378 (f) The agency shall provide reasonable and necessary 2379 support staff and materials to assist the committee in the 2380 performance of its duties. The agency shall also provide the 2381 information obtained pursuant to subsection (8) to the committee 2382 and assist the committee, as requested, in obtaining any other 2383 information deemed necessary by the committee to produce its 2384 report. 2385 Section 32. Section 409.91256, Florida Statutes, is 2386 created to read: 2387 409.91256 Training, Education, and Clinicals in Health 2388 (TEACH) Funding Program.— 2389 (1) PURPOSE AND INTENT.—The Training, Education, and 2390 Clinicals in Health (TEACH) Funding Program is created to 2391 provide a high-quality educational experience while supporting 2392 participating qualified health centers, community mental health 2393 centers, rural health clinics, and certified community 2394 behavioral health clinics by offsetting administrative costs and 2395 loss of revenue associated with training residents and students 2396 to become licensed health care practitioners. Further, it is the 2397 intent of the Legislature to use the program to support the 2398 state Medicaid program and underserved populations by expanding

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(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

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the available health care workforce.

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2401	(a) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care
2402	Administration.
2403	(b) "Preceptor" means a Florida-licensed health care
2404	practitioner who directs, teaches, supervises, and evaluates the
2405	learning experience of a resident or student during a clinical
2406	rotation.
2407	(c) "Primary care specialty" means general internal
2408	medicine, family medicine, obstetrics and gynecology,
2409	pediatrics, psychiatry, geriatric medicine, or any other
2410	specialty the agency identifies as primary care.
2411	(d) "Qualified facility" means a federally qualified
2412	health center, a community mental health center, rural health
2413	clinic, or a certified community behavioral health clinic.
2414	(3) APPLICATION FOR REIMBURSEMENT; AGREEMENTS;
2415	PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS.—The agency shall develop an
2416	application process for qualified facilities to apply for funds
2417	to offset the administrative costs and loss of revenue
2418	associated with establishing, maintaining, or expanding a
2419	clinical training program. Upon approving an application, the
2420	agency shall enter into an agreement with the qualified facility
2421	which, at minimum, must require each qualified facility to do
2422	all of the following:
2423	(a) Agree to provide appropriate supervision or precepting
2424	for one or more of the following categories of residents or
2425	students:

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2426	1. Allopathic or osteopathic residents pursuing a primary
2427	care specialty.
2428	2. Advanced practice registered nursing students pursuing
2429	a primary care specialty.
2430	3. Nursing students.
2431	4. Allopathic or osteopathic medical students.
2432	5. Dental students.
2433	6. Physician assistant students.
2434	7. Behavioral health students, including students studying
2435	psychology, clinical social work, marriage and family therapy,
2436	or mental health counseling.
2437	(b) Meet and maintain all requirements to operate an
2438	accredited residency program if the qualified facility operates
2439	a residency program.
2440	(c) Obtain and maintain accreditation from an
2441	accreditation body approved by the agency if the qualified
2442	facility provides clinical rotations.
2443	(d) Ensure that clinical preceptors meet agency standards
2444	for precepting students, including the completion of any
2445	training required by the agency.
2446	(e) Submit to the agency quarterly reports by the first
2447	day of the second month following the end of a quarter to obtain
2448	reimbursement. At a minimum, the report must include all of the
2449	following:

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The type of residency or clinical rotation offered by

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the qualified facility, the number of residents or students

participating in each type of clinical rotation or residency,

and the number of hours worked by each resident or student each

month.

- 2. Evaluations by the residents and student participants of the clinical experience on an evaluation form developed by the agency.
- 3. An itemized list of administrative costs associated with the operation of the clinical training program, including accreditation costs and other costs relating to the creation, implementation, and maintenance of the program.
- 4. A calculation of lost revenue associated with operating the clinical training program.
- (4) TRAINING.—The agency, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall develop, or contract for the development of, training for preceptors and make such training available in either a live or electronic format. The agency shall also provide technical support for preceptors.
- (5) REIMBURSEMENT.—A qualified facility may be reimbursed under this section only to offset the administrative costs or lost revenue associated with training students, allopathic residents, or osteopathic residents who are enrolled in an accredited educational or residency program based in the state.
- (a) Subject to an appropriation, the agency may reimburse a qualified facility based on the number of clinical training

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2476	hours reported under subparagraph (3)(e)1. The allowed
2477	reimbursement per student is as follows:
2478	1. A medical resident at a rate of \$50 per hour.
2479	2. A first-year medical student at a rate of \$27 per hour.
2480	3. A second-year medical student at a rate of \$27 per
2481	hour.
2482	4. A third-year medical student at a rate of \$29 per hour.
2483	5. A fourth-year medical student at a rate of \$29 per
2484	hour.
2485	6. A dental student at a rate of \$22 per hour.
2486	7. An advanced practice registered nursing student at a
2487	rate of \$22 per hour.
2488	8. A physician assistant student at a rate of \$22 per
2489	hour.
2490	9. A behavioral health student at a rate of \$15 per hour.
2491	(b) A qualified facility may not be reimbursed more than
2492	\$75,000 per fiscal year; however, if it operates a residency
2493	program, it may be reimbursed up to \$100,000 each fiscal year.
2494	(6) DATA.—A qualified facility that receives payment under
2495	the program shall furnish information requested by the agency
2496	for the purpose of the agency's duties under subsections (7) and
2497	<u>(8).</u>
2498	(7) REPORTS.—By December 1, 2025, and each December 1
2499	thereafter, the agency shall submit to the Governor, the
2500	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of

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2501	Representatives a report detailing the effects of the program
2502	for the prior fiscal year, including, but not limited to, all of
2503	the following:
2504	(a) The number of students trained in the program, by
2505	school, area of study, and clinical hours earned.
2506	(b) The number of students trained and the amount of
2507	program funds received by each participating qualified facility.
2508	(c) The number of program participants found to be
2509	employed by a qualified facility or in a federally designated
2510	health professional shortage area upon completion of such
2511	participants' education and training.
2512	(d) Any other data the agency deems useful for determining
2513	the effectiveness of the program.
2514	(8) EVALUATION.—The agency shall contract with an
2515	independent third party to develop and conduct a design study to
2516	evaluate the impact of the TEACH funding program, including, but
2517	not limited to, the program's effectiveness in both of the
2518	following areas:
2519	(a) Enabling qualified facilities to provide clinical
2520	rotations and residency opportunities to students and medical
2521	school graduates, as applicable.
2522	(b) Enabling the recruitment and retention of health care
2523	professionals in geographic and practice areas experiencing
2521	shortages

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2526	The agency shall begin collecting data for the study by January
2527	1, 2025, and shall submit the results of the study to the
2528	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
2529	House of Representatives by January 1, 2030.
2530	(9) RULES.—The agency may adopt rules to implement this

- (9) RULES.—The agency may adopt rules to implement this section.
- (10) FEDERAL FUNDING.—The agency shall seek federal approval to use Title XIX matching funds for the program.

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- (11) REPEAL.—This section is repealed on July 1, 2034.

 Section 33. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section

 409.967, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 409.967 Managed care plan accountability.-
- (2) The agency shall establish such contract requirements as are necessary for the operation of the statewide managed care program. In addition to any other provisions the agency may deem necessary, the contract must require:
- (e) Encounter data.—The agency shall maintain and operate a Medicaid Encounter Data System to collect, process, store, and report on covered services provided to all Medicaid recipients enrolled in prepaid plans.
- 1. Each prepaid plan must comply with the agency's reporting requirements for the Medicaid Encounter Data System. Prepaid plans must submit encounter data electronically in a format that complies with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act provisions for electronic claims and in

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accordance with deadlines established by the agency. Prepaid plans must certify that the data reported is accurate and complete.

- 2. The agency is responsible for validating the data submitted by the plans. The agency shall develop methods and protocols for ongoing analysis of the encounter data that adjusts for differences in characteristics of prepaid plan enrollees to allow comparison of service utilization among plans and against expected levels of use. The analysis shall be used to identify possible cases of systemic underutilization or denials of claims and inappropriate service utilization such as higher-than-expected emergency department encounters. The analysis shall provide periodic feedback to the plans and enable the agency to establish corrective action plans when necessary. One of the focus areas for the analysis shall be the use of prescription drugs.
- 3. The agency shall make encounter data available to those plans accepting enrollees who are assigned to them from other plans leaving a region.
- 4. The agency shall annually produce a report entitled "Analysis of Potentially Preventable Health Care Events of Florida Medicaid Enrollees." The report must include, but need not be limited to, an analysis of the potentially preventable hospital emergency department visits, hospital admissions, and hospital readmissions that occurred during the previous state

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fiscal year which may have been prevented with better access to primary care, improved medication management, or better coordination of care, reported by age, eligibility group, managed care plan, and region, including conditions contributing to each potentially preventable event or category of potentially preventable events. The agency may include any other data or analysis parameters to augment the report that it deems pertinent to the analysis. The report must demonstrate trends using applicable historical data. The agency shall submit the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by October 1, 2024, and each October 1 thereafter. The agency may contract with a third-party vendor to produce the report required under this subparagraph.

Section 34. Subsection (4) of section 409.973, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.973 Benefits.-

- (4) PRIMARY CARE INITIATIVE.—Each plan operating in the managed medical assistance program shall establish a program to encourage enrollees to establish a relationship with their primary care provider. Each plan shall:
- (a) Provide information to each enrollee on the importance of and procedure for selecting a primary care provider, and thereafter automatically assign to a primary care provider any enrollee who fails to choose a primary care provider.

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(b) If the enrollee was not a Medicaid recipient before
enrollment in the plan, assist the enrollee in scheduling an
appointment with the primary care provider. If possible $\underline{{\it L}}$ the
appointment should be made within 30 days after enrollment in
the plan. If an appointment is not made within such 30-day
period, the plan must continue assisting the enrollee to
schedule an initial appointment.

- (c) Report to the agency the number of enrollees assigned to each primary care provider within the plan's network.
- (d) Report to the agency the number of enrollees who have not had an appointment with their primary care provider within their first year of enrollment.
- (e) Report to the agency the number of emergency room visits by enrollees who have not had at least one appointment with their primary care provider.
- under the requirements of s. 395.1055(1)(j) for the purpose of establishing the appropriate delivery of primary care services for the plan's members who present at the hospital's emergency department for nonemergent care or emergency care that could potentially have been avoided through the regular provision of primary care. The plan shall coordinate with such member and the member's primary care provider for such purpose.
- Section 35. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall seek federal approval necessary to implement an acute

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2626 hospital care at home program in the state Medicaid program

2627	which is substantially consistent with the parameters specified
2628	in 42 U.S.C. s. 1395cc-7(a)(2)-(3).
2629	Section 36. Section 456.0145, Florida Statutes, is created
2630	to read:
2631	456.0145 Mobile Opportunity by Interstate Licensure
2632	Endorsement (MOBILE) Act
2633	(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Mobile
2634	Opportunity by Interstate Licensure Endorsement Act" or the
2635	"MOBILE Act."
2636	(2) LICENSURE BY ENDORSEMENT.—
2637	(a) An applicable board, or the department if there is no
2638	board, shall issue a license to practice in this state to an
2639	applicant who:
2640	1. Submits a complete application.
2641	2. Holds an active, unencumbered license issued by another
2642	state, the District of Columbia, or a possession or territory of
2643	the United States in a profession with a similar scope of
2644	practice, as determined by the board or department, as
2645	applicable. "Scope of practice" means the full spectrum of
2646	functions, procedures, actions, and services that a health care
2647	practitioner is deemed competent and authorized to perform under
2648	a license issued in this state.
2649	3. Has obtained a passing score on a national licensure
2650	examination, or national certification, as applicable, for which

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2651 <u>profession the applicant is seeking licensure in this state, or</u>
2652 <u>meets the requirements of paragraph (b).</u>

- 4. Has actively practiced the profession for which the applicant is applying for at least 2 of the 4 years preceding the date of submission of the application.
- 5. Attests that he or she is not, at the time of submission of the application, the subject of a disciplinary proceeding in a jurisdiction in which he or she holds a license or by the United States Department of Defense for reasons related to the practice of the profession for which he or she is applying.
- 6. Has not had disciplinary action taken against him or her in the 5 years preceding the date of submission of the application
- 7. Meets the financial responsibility requirements of s.

 456.048 or the applicable practice act, if required for the

 profession for which the applicant is seeking licensure.
- 8. Submits a set of fingerprints for a background screening pursuant to s. 456.0135, if required for the profession for which he or she is applying.
- The department shall verify information submitted by the applicant under this subsection using the National Practitioner Data Bank.
 - (b) An applicant for a profession that does not require a

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national examination or national certification is eligible for licensure if an applicable board or the department determines that the jurisdiction in which the applicant currently holds an active, unencumbered license meets established minimum education requirements and, if applicable, examination, work experience, and clinical supervision requirements that are substantially similar to the requirements for licensure in that profession in this state.

- (c) An applicant is ineligible for a license pursuant to this section if he or she:
- 1. Has a complaint, allegation, or investigation pending before a licensing entity in another state, the District of Columbia, or a possession or territory of the United States;
- 2. Has been convicted of or pled nolo contendere to,
 regardless of adjudication, any felony or misdemeanor related to
 the practice of a health care profession;
- 3. Has had a health care provider license revoked or suspended in another state of the United States, the District of Columbia, or a United States territory or has voluntarily surrendered any such license; or
- 4. Has been reported to the National Practitioner Data

 Bank, unless the applicant has successfully appealed to have his

 or her name removed from the data bank.
- (d) The board, or the department if there is no board, may revoke a license upon finding that the applicant provided false

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2701	or misleading material information or intentionally omitted
2702	material information in an application for licensure.
2703	(e) The board, or the department if there is no board,
2704	shall issue a license within 7 days after receipt of all

required documentation for an application.

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- (f) The board, or the department if there is no board, shall comply with the requirements of s. 456.025.
- (3) STATE EXAMINATION.—The board, or the department if there is no board, may require the applicant to successfully complete a jurisprudential examination specific to relevant state laws that regulate the profession, if this chapter or the applicable practice act requires such examination.
- (4) ANNUAL REPORT.—By December 31 of each year, the department shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report that provides all of the following information for the previous fiscal year:
- (a) The number of applications for licensure or certification received under this section, distinguished by profession.
- (b) The number of licenses or certifications issued under this section.
- (c) The number of applications submitted under this section which were denied and the reason for such denials.
 - (d) The number of complaints, investigations, or other

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2726 <u>disciplinary actions taken against health care practitioners who</u> 2727 are licensed or certified under this section.

- (5) RULES.—By December 1, 2024, each applicable board, or the department if there is no board, shall adopt rules to implement this section.
- Section 37. Subsection (10) of section 456.073, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 456.073 Disciplinary proceedings.—Disciplinary proceedings for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of the department.
- (10) (a) The complaint and all information obtained pursuant to the investigation by the department are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) until 10 days after probable cause has been found to exist by the probable cause panel or by the department, or until the regulated professional or subject of the investigation waives his or her privilege of confidentiality, whichever occurs first.
- (b) The department shall report any significant investigation information relating to a nurse holding a multistate license to the coordinated licensure information system pursuant to s. 464.0095; any investigative information relating to an audiologist or a speech-language pathologist holding a compact privilege under the Practice of Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact to the data system pursuant to s. 468.1335; any significant investigatory

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information relating to a psychologist practicing under the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact to the coordinated licensure information system pursuant to s. 490.0075; and any significant investigatory information relating to a health care practitioner practicing under the Professional Counselors Licensure Compact to the data system pursuant to s. 491.017, and any significant investigatory information relating to a psychologist practicing under the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact to the coordinated licensure information system pursuant to s. 490.0075.

(c) Upon completion of the investigation and a recommendation by the department to find probable cause, and pursuant to a written request by the subject or the subject's attorney, the department shall provide the subject an opportunity to inspect the investigative file or, at the subject's expense, forward to the subject a copy of the investigative file. Notwithstanding s. 456.057, the subject may inspect or receive a copy of any expert witness report or patient record connected with the investigation if the subject agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality of any information received under this subsection until 10 days after probable cause is found and to maintain the confidentiality of patient records pursuant to s. 456.057. The subject may file a written response to the information contained in the investigative file. Such response must be filed within 20 days

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of mailing by the department, unless an extension of time has been granted by the department.

(d) This subsection does not prohibit the department from providing the complaint and any information obtained pursuant to the department's investigation such information to any law enforcement agency or to any other regulatory agency.

Section 38. Subsection (5) of section 456.076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.076 Impaired practitioner programs.-

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A consultant shall enter into a participant contract with an impaired practitioner and shall establish the terms of monitoring and shall include the terms in a participant contract. In establishing the terms of monitoring, the consultant may consider the recommendations of one or more approved evaluators, treatment programs, or treatment providers. A consultant may modify the terms of monitoring if the consultant concludes, through the course of monitoring, that extended, additional, or amended terms of monitoring are required for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare of the public. If the impaired practitioner is a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant practicing under the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact pursuant to s. 486.112, a psychologist practicing under the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact pursuant to s. 490.0075, or a health care practitioner practicing under the Professional Counselors Licensure Compact

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pursuant to s. 491.017, the terms of the monitoring contract must include the impaired practitioner's withdrawal from all practice under the compact. If the impaired practitioner is a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant practicing under the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact pursuant to s. 486.112 psychologist practicing under the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact pursuant to s. 490.0075, the terms of the monitoring contract must include the impaired practitioner's withdrawal from all practice under the compact unless authorized by a member state.

Section 39. Section 456.4501, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

456.4501 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact.—The

Interstate Medical Licensure Compact is hereby enacted into law
and entered into by this state with all other jurisdictions

legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

SECTION 1 PURPOSE

In order to strengthen access to health care, and in recognition of the advances in the delivery of health care, the member states of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact have allied in common purpose to develop a comprehensive process that complements the existing licensing and regulatory authority of

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2826	state medical boards and provides a streamlined process that
2827	allows physicians to become licensed in multiple states, thereby
2828	enhancing the portability of a medical license and ensuring the
2829	safety of patients. The compact creates another pathway for
2830	licensure and does not otherwise change a state's existing
2831	medical practice act. The compact also adopts the prevailing
2832	standard for licensure and affirms that the practice of medicine
2833	occurs where the patient is located at the time of the
2834	physician-patient encounter, and therefore, requires the
2835	physician to be under the jurisdiction of the state medical
2836	board where the patient is located. State medical boards that
2837	participate in the compact retain the jurisdiction to impose an
2838	adverse action against a license to practice medicine in that
2839	state issued to a physician through the procedures in the
2840	compact.
2841	
2842	SECTION 2
2843	<u>DEFINITIONS</u>
2844	
2845	As used in this compact, the term:
2846	(1) "Bylaws" means those bylaws established by the
2847	Interstate Commission pursuant to Section 11 for its governance,
2848	or for directing and controlling its actions and conduct.
2849	(2) "Commissioner" means the voting representative
2850	appointed by each member board pursuant to Section 11.

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(3) "Convicted" means a finding by a court that an
individual is guilty of a criminal offense through adjudication
or entry of a plea of guilt or no contest to the charge by the
offender. Evidence of an entry of a conviction of a criminal
offense by the court shall be considered final for purposes of
disciplinary action by a member board.
(1) "Eypedited license" means a full and unrestricted

- (4) "Expedited license" means a full and unrestricted medical license granted by a member state to an eligible physician through the process set forth in the compact.
- (5) "Interstate Commission" means the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission created pursuant to Section 11.
- (6) "License" means authorization by a state for a physician to engage in the practice of medicine, which would be unlawful without the authorization.
- (7) "Medical practice act" means laws and regulations
 governing the practice of allopathic and osteopathic medicine
 within a member state.
- (8) "Member board" means a state agency in a member state that acts in the sovereign interests of the state by protecting the public through licensure, regulation, and education of physicians as directed by the state government.
- (9) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the Compact.
- (10) "Offense" means a felony, high court misdemeanor, or crime of moral turpitude.

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2876 2877 "Physician" means any person who: 2878 (a) Is a graduate of a medical school accredited by the 2879 Liaison Committee on Medical Education, the Commission on 2880 Osteopathic College Accreditation, or a medical school listed in 2881 the International Medical Education Directory or its equivalent; 2882 (b) Passed each component of the United States Medical 2883 Licensing Examination (USMLE) or the Comprehensive Osteopathic 2884 Medical Licensing Examination (COMLEX-USA) within three 2885 attempts, or any of its predecessor examinations accepted by a state medical board as an equivalent examination for licensure 2886 2887 purposes; 2888 (c) Successfully completed graduate medical education 2889 approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical 2890 Education or the American Osteopathic Association; 2891 (d) Holds specialty certification or a time-unlimited 2892 specialty certificate recognized by the American Board of 2893 Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association's 2894 Bureau of Osteopathic Specialists; however, the specialty 2895 certification or a time-unlimited specialty certificate does not 2896 have to be maintained once a physician is initially determined 2897 to be eligible for expedited licensure through the Compact; 2898 (e) Possesses a full and unrestricted license to engage in 2899 the practice of medicine issued by a member board; 2900 (f) Has never been convicted, received adjudication,

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2901 deferred adjudication, community supervision, or deferred 2902 disposition for any offense by a court of appropriate 2903 jurisdiction; 2904 (q) Has never held a license authorizing the practice of 2905 medicine subjected to discipline by a licensing agency in any 2906 state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, excluding any action related to nonpayment of fees related to a license; 2907 2908 (h) Has never had a controlled substance license or permit 2909 suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug 2910 Enforcement Administration; and 2911 (i) Is not under active investigation by a licensing 2912 agency or law enforcement authority in any state, federal, or 2913 foreign jurisdiction. (12) "Practice of medicine" means the diagnosis, 2914 2915 treatment, prevention, cure, or relieving of a human disease, 2916 ailment, defect, complaint, or other physical or mental 2917 condition by attendance, advice, device, diagnostic test, or 2918 other means, or offering, undertaking, attempting to do, or 2919 holding oneself out as able to do any of these acts. 2920 "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate 2921 Commission adopted pursuant to section 12 of the compact which 2922 is of general applicability; implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an 2923 2924 organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the

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Interstate Commission; and has the force and effect of statutory

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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2926	law in a member state, if the rule is not inconsistent with the
2927	laws of the member state. The term includes the amendment,
2928	repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.
2929	(14) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or
2930	territory of the United States.
2931	(15) "State of principal license" means a member state
2932	where a physician holds a license to practice medicine and which
2933	has been designated as such by the physician for purposes of
2934	registration and participation in the Compact.
2935	
2936	SECTION 3
2937	<u>ELIGIBILITY</u>
2938	
2939	(1) A physician must meet the eligibility requirements as
2940	provided in subsection (11) of section 2 to receive an expedited
2941	license under the terms and provisions of the Compact.
2942	(2) A physician who does not meet the requirements as
2943	provided in subsection (11) of section 2 may obtain a license to
2944	practice medicine in a member state if the individual complies
2945	with all laws and requirements, other than the Compact, relating
2946	to the issuance of a license to practice medicine in that state.
2947	
2948	SECTION 4
2949	DESIGNATION OF STATE OF PRINCIPAL LICENSE
2950	

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2951	(1) A physician shall designate a member state as the
2952	state of principal license for purposes of registration for
2953	expedited licensure through the compact if the physician
2954	possesses a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine
2955	in that state, and the state is:
2956	(a) The state of primary residence for the physician, or
2957	(b) The state where at least 25 percent of the physician's
2958	practice of medicine occurs, or
2959	(c) The location of the physician's employer, or
2960	(d) If no state qualifies under paragraph (a), paragraph
2961	(b), or paragraph (c), the state designated as the state of
2962	residence for purpose of federal income tax.
2963	(2) A physician may redesignate a member state as the
2964	state of principal license at any time, as long as the state
2965	meets one of the descriptions under subsection (1).
2966	(3) The Interstate Commission may develop rules to
2967	facilitate redesignation of another member state as the state of
2968	principal license.
2969	
2970	SECTION 5
2971	APPLICATION AND ISSUANCE OF EXPEDITED LICENSURE
2972	
2973	(1) A physician seeking licensure through the compact must
2974	file an application for an expedited license with the member
2975	board of the state selected by the physician as the state of

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principal license.

- (2) Upon receipt of an application for an expedited license, the member board within the state selected as the state of principal license shall evaluate whether the physician is eligible for expedited licensure and issue a letter of qualification, verifying or denying the physician's eligibility, to the Interstate Commission.
- (a) Static qualifications, which include verification of medical education, graduate medical education, results of any medical or licensing examination, and other qualifications as determined by the Interstate Commission through rule, are not subject to additional primary source verification if already primary source verified by the state of principal license.
- (b) The member board within the state selected as the state of principal license shall, in the course of verifying eligibility, perform a criminal background check of an applicant, including the use of the results of fingerprint or other biometric data checks compliant with the requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with the exception of federal employees who have a suitability determination in accordance with U.S. 5 C.F.R. s. 731.202.
- (c) Appeal on the determination of eligibility must be made to the member state where the application was filed and is subject to the law of that state.
 - (3) Upon verification in subsection (2), physicians

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eligible for an expedited license must complete the registration process established by the Interstate Commission to receive a license in a member state selected pursuant to subsection (1), including the payment of any applicable fees.

- (4) After receiving verification of eligibility under subsection (2) and upon an applicant's completion of any registration process, including the payment of any applicable fees, required under subsection (3), a member board shall issue an expedited license to the physician. This license authorizes the physician to practice medicine in the issuing state consistent with the medical practice act and all applicable laws and regulations of the issuing member board and member state.
- (5) An expedited license is valid for a period consistent with the licensure period in the member state and in the same manner as required for other physicians holding a full and unrestricted license within the member state.
- (6) An expedited license obtained through the compact must be terminated if a physician fails to maintain a license in the state of principal licensure for a nondisciplinary reason, without redesignation of a new state of principal licensure.
- (7) The Interstate Commission may develop rules regarding the application process, including payment of any applicable fees, and the issuance of an expedited license.

SECTION 6

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3026	FEES FOR EXPEDIATED LICENSURE
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3028	(1) A member state issuing an expediated license
3029	authorizing the practice of medicine in that state may impose a
3030	fee for a license issued or renewed through the compact.
3031	(2) The Interstate Commission is authorized to develop
3032	rules regarding fees for expediated licenses.
3033	
3034	SECTION 7
3035	RENEWAL AND CONTINUED PARTICIPATION
3036	
3037	(1) A physician seeking to renew an expedited license
3038	granted in a member state shall complete a renewal process with
3039	the Interstate Commission if the physician:
3040	(a) Maintains a full and unrestricted license in a state
3041	of principal license;
3042	(b) Has not been convicted or received adjudication,
3043	deferred adjudication, community supervision, or deferred
3044	disposition for any offense by a court of appropriate
3045	jurisdiction;
3046	(c) Has not had a license authorizing the practice of
3047	medicine subject to discipline by a licensing agency in any
3048	state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, excluding any action
3049	related to nonpayment of fees related to a license; and
3050	(d) Has not had a controlled substance license or permit

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3051	suspended or revoked by a state or the United States Drug
3052	Enforcement Administration.
3053	(2) Physicians shall comply with all continuing
3054	professional development or continuing medical education
3055	requirements for renewal of a license issued by a member state.
3056	(3) The Interstate Commission shall collect any renewal
3057	fees charged for the renewal of a license and distribute the
3058	fees to the applicable member board.
3059	(4) Upon receipt of any renewal fees collected in
3060	subsection (3), a member board shall renew the physician's
3061	license.
3062	(5) Physician information collected by the Interstate
3063	Commission during the renewal process must distributed to all
3064	member boards.
3065	(6) The Interstate Commission may develop rules to address
3066	renewal of licenses obtained through the Compact.
3067	
3068	SECTION 8
3069	COORDINATED INFORMATION SYSTEM
3070	
3071	(1) The Interstate Commission shall establish a database
3072	of all physicians licensed, or who have applied for licensure,
3073	under Section 5.
3074	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, member
3075	boards shall report to the Interstate Commission any public

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3076	action or complaints against a licensed physician who has
3077	applied or received an expedited license through the Compact.
3078	(3) Member boards shall report to the Interstate
3079	Commission disciplinary or investigatory information determined
3080	as necessary and proper by rule of the Interstate Commission.
3081	(4) Member boards may report to the Interstate Commission
3082	any nonpublic complaint, disciplinary, or investigatory
3083	information not required by subsection (3) to the Interstate
3084	Commission.
3085	(5) Member boards shall share complaint or disciplinary
3086	information about a physician upon request of another member
3087	board.
3088	(6) All information provided to the Interstate Commission
3089	or distributed by member boards shall be confidential, filed
3090	under seal, and used only for investigatory or disciplinary
3091	matters.
3092	(g) The Interstate Commission may develop rules for
3093	mandated or discretionary sharing of information by member
3094	boards.
3095	
3096	SECTION 9
3097	JOINT INVESTIGATIONS
3098	
3099	(1) Licensure and disciplinary records of physicians are
2100	a a. i

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3101	(2) In addition to the authority granted to a member board
3102	by its respective medical practice act or other applicable state
3103	law, a member board may participate with other member boards in
3104	joint investigations of physicians licensed by the member
3105	boards.
3106	(3) A subpoena issued by a member state is enforceable in
3107	other member states.
3108	(4) Member boards may share any investigative, litigation,
3109	or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or
3110	individual investigation initiated under the compact.
3111	(5) Any member state may investigate actual or alleged
3112	violations of the statutes authorizing the practice of medicine
3113	in any other member state in which a physician holds a license
3114	to practice medicine.
3115	
3116	SECTION 10
3117	DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS
3118	
3119	(1) Any disciplinary action taken by any member board
3120	against a physician licensed through the compact is deemed
3121	unprofessional conduct which may be subject to discipline by
3122	other member boards, in addition to any violation of the medical
3123	practice act or regulations in that state.
3124	(2) If a license granted to a physician by the member
3125	board in the state of principal license is revoked, surrendered

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or relinquished in lieu of discipline, or suspended, then all licenses issued to the physician by member boards shall automatically be placed, without further action necessary by any member board, on the same status. If the member board in the state of principal license subsequently reinstates the physician's license, a license issued to the physician by any other member board must remain encumbered until that respective member board takes action to reinstate the license in a manner consistent with the medical practice act of that state.

- (3) If disciplinary action is taken against a physician by a member board not in the state of principal license, any other member board may deem the action conclusive as to matter of law and fact decided, and:
- (a) Impose the same or lesser sanctions against the physician so long as such sanctions are consistent with the medical practice act of that state; or
- (b) Pursue separate disciplinary action against the physician under its respective medical practice act, regardless of the action taken in other member states.
- is revoked, surrendered or relinquished in lieu of discipline, or suspended, any licenses issued to the physician by any other member boards, for 90 days after entry of the order by the disciplining board, to permit the member boards to investigate the basis for the action under the medical practice act of that

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3151 state. A member board may terminate the automatic suspension of 3152 the license it issued before the completion of the ninety (90) 3153 day suspension period in a manner consistent with the medical 3154 practice act of that state. 3155 3156 SECTION 11 3157 INTERSTATE MEDICAL LICENSURE COMPACT COMMISSION 3158 3159 (1) The member states hereby create the "Interstate 3160 Medical Licensure Compact Commission." 3161 The purpose of the Interstate Commission is the 3162 administration of the compact, which is a discretionary state function. 3163 3164 (3) The Interstate Commission is a body corporate and 3165 joint agency of the member states and has all the 3166 responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth in the compact, 3167 and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by a 3168 subsequent concurrent action of the respective legislatures of 3169 the member states in accordance with the terms of the compact. 3170 The Interstate Commission shall consist of two voting representatives appointed by each member state who shall serve 3171 3172 as commissioners. In states where allopathic and osteopathic 3173 physicians are regulated by separate member boards, or if the 3174 licensing and disciplinary authority is split between multiple member boards within a member state, the member state shall 3175

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appoint one representative from each member board. Each commissioner must be one of the following:

- (a) An allopathic or osteopathic physician appointed to a member board;
- (b) An executive director, an executive secretary, or a similar executive of a member board; or
 - (c) A member of the public appointed to a member board.
- each calendar year. A portion of this meeting must be a business meeting to address such matters as may properly come before the Commission, including the election of officers. The chairperson may call additional meetings and shall call for a meeting upon the request of a majority of the member states.
- (6) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate

 Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or other

 electronic means.
- (7) Each commissioner participating at a meeting of the

 Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of

 commissioners constitutes a quorum for the transaction of

 business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of

 the Interstate Commission. A commissioner may not delegate a

 vote to another commissioner. In the absence of its

 commissioner, a member state may delegate voting authority for a

 specified meeting to another person from that state who must

 meet the qualification requirements specified in subsection (4).

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3201	(8) The Interstate Commission shall provide public notice
3202	of all meetings, and all meetings must be open to the public.
3203	The Interstate Commission may close a meeting, in full or in
3204	portion, where it determines by a two-thirds vote of the
3205	Commissioners present that an open meeting would be likely to:
3206	(a) Relate solely to the internal personnel practices and
3207	procedures of the Interstate Commission;
3208	(b) Discuss matters specifically exempted from disclosure
3209	by federal statute;
3210	(c) Discuss trade secrets or commercial or financial
3211	information that is privileged or confidential;
3212	(d) Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally
3213	<pre>censuring a person;</pre>
3214	(e) Discuss information of a personal nature where
3215	disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted
3216	invasion of personal privacy;
3217	(f) Discuss investigative records compiled for law
3218	enforcement purposes; or
3219	(g) Specifically relate to the participation in a civil
3220	action or other legal proceeding.
3221	(9) The Interstate Commission shall keep minutes that
3222	fully describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall
3223	provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, including
3224	a record of any roll call votes.
3225	(10) The Interstate Commission shall make its information

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3226	and official records, to the extent not otherwise designated in
3227	the compact or by its rules, available to the public for
3228	inspection.
3229	(11) The Interstate Commission shall establish an
3230	executive committee, which shall include officers, members, and
3231	others as determined by the bylaws. The executive committee has
3232	the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission, with
3233	the exception of rulemaking, during periods when the Interstate
3234	Commission is not in session. When acting on behalf of the
3235	Interstate Commission, the executive committee shall oversee the
3236	administration of the compact, including enforcement and
3237	compliance with the compact, its bylaws and rules, and other
3238	such duties as necessary.
3239	(12) The Interstate Commission may establish other
3240	committees for governance and administration of the compact.
3241	
3242	SECTION 12
3243	POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
3244	
3245	The Interstate Commission has all of the following powers
3246	and duties:
3247	(1) Overseeing and maintaining the administration of the
3248	compact.
3249	(2) Adopting rules which shall be binding to the extent
3250	and in the manner provided for in the compact.

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3251	(3) Issuing, upon the request of a member state or member
3252	board, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or
3253	interpretation of the compact, its bylaws, rules, and actions.
3254	(4) Enforcing compliance with the compact, the rules
3255	adopted by the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, using all
3256	necessary and proper means, including but not limited to the use
3257	of judicial process.
3258	(5) Establishing and appointing committees, including, but
3259	not limited to, an executive committee as required by section
3260	10, which shall have the power to act on behalf of the
3261	Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties.
3262	(6) Paying for, or providing for the payment of the
3263	expenses related to the establishment, organization, and ongoing
3264	activities of the Interstate Commission.
3265	(7) Establishing and maintaining one or more offices;
3266	(8) Borrowing, accepting, hiring, or contracting for
3267	services of personnel.
3268	(9) Purchasing and maintaining insurance and bonds.
3269	(10) Employing an executive director who shall have such
3270	powers to employ, select or appoint employees, agents, or
3271	consultants, and to determine their qualifications, define their
3272	duties, and fix their compensation.
3273	(11) Establishing personnel policies and programs relating
3274	to conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and

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qualifications of personnel.

3275

3276	(12) Accepting donations and grants of money, equipment,
3277	supplies, materials and services, and receiving, using, and
3278	disposing of it in a manner consistent with the conflict of
3279	interest policies established by the Interstate Commission.
3280	(13) Leasing, purchasing, accepting contributions or
3281	donations of, or otherwise to owning, holding, improving, or
3282	using, any property, real, personal, or mixed.
3283	(14) Selling, conveying, mortgaging, pledging, leasing,
3284	exchanging, abandoning, or otherwise disposing of any property,
3285	real, personal, or mixed.
3286	(15) Establishing a budget and making expenditures.
3287	(16) Adopting a seal and bylaws governing the management
3288	and operation of the Interstate Commission.
3289	(17) Reporting annually to the legislatures and governors
3290	of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate
3291	Commission during the preceding year. Such reports must also
3292	include reports of financial audits and any recommendations that
3293	may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission.
3294	(18) Coordinating education, training, and public
3295	awareness regarding the compact and its implementation and
3296	operation;
3297	(19) Maintaining records in accordance with the bylaws.
3298	(20) Seeking and obtaining trademarks, copyrights, and
3299	patents.
3300	(21) Performing any other functions necessary or

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3301	appropriate to achieve the purposes of the compact.
3302	
3303	SECTION 13
3304	FINANCE POWERS
3305	
3306	(1) The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an
3307	annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of
3308	the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and
3309	its staff. The total assessment, subject to appropriation, must
3310	be sufficient to cover the annual budget approved each year for
3311	which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate
3312	annual assessment amount must be allocated upon a formula to be
3313	determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall adopt a
3314	rule binding upon all member states.
3315	(2) The Interstate Commission may not incur obligations of
3316	any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same.
3317	(3) The Interstate Commission may not pledge the credit of
3318	any of the member states, except by, and with the authority of,
3319	the member state.
3320	(4) The Interstate Commission is subject to an annual
3321	financial audit conducted by a certified or licensed public
3322	accountant and the report of the audit must be included in the
3323	annual report of the Interstate Commission.
3324	
3325	SECTION 14

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3326 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION 3327 3328 (1) The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of 3329 commissioners present and voting, adopt bylaws to govern its 3330 conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the 3331 purposes of the compact within 12 months after the first 3332 Interstate Commission meeting. 3333 (2) The Interstate Commission shall elect or appoint 3334 annually from among its commissioners a chairperson, a vice-3335 chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom shall have such 3336 authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The 3337 chairperson, or in the chairperson's absence or disability, the vice-chairperson, shall preside at all meetings of the 3338 3339 Interstate Commission. 3340 (3) Officers selected pursuant to subsection (2) shall 3341 serve without remuneration from the Interstate Commission. 3342 The officers and employees of the Interstate Commission are immune from suit and liability, either personally 3343 3344 or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss 3345 of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused 3346 or arising out of, or relating to, an actual or alleged act, 3347 error, or omission that occurred, or that such person had a 3348 reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of 3349 Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that such person is not protected from suit or 3350

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3351 liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 3352 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person. 3353 (a) The liability of the executive director and employees 3354 of the Interstate Commission or representatives of the 3355 Interstate Commission, acting within the scope of such person's 3356 employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state, may not exceed the limits of 3357 3358 liability set forth under the constitution and laws of that 3359 state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate 3360 Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action. This subsection does not 3361 3362 protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, 3363 injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and 3364 wanton misconduct of such person. 3365 The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive 3366 director and its employees, and subject to the approval of the 3367 attorney general or other appropriate legal counsel of the 3368 member state represented by an Interstate Commission 3369 representative, shall defend such persons in any civil action 3370 seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged 3371 act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of 3372 Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, 3373 or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing 3374 occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged 3375

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33/0	act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or
3377	willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.
3378	(c) To the extent not covered by the state involved, the
3379	member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives
3380	or employees of the Interstate Commission must be held harmless
3381	in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney
3382	fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an
3383	actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within
3384	the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or
3385	responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis
3386	for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission
3387	employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the
3388	actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from
3389	intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such
3390	persons.
3391	
3392	SECTION 15
3393	RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
3394	
3395	(1) The Interstate Commission shall adopt reasonable rules
3396	in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of
3397	the compact. However, in the event the Interstate Commission
3398	exercises its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond
3399	the scope of the purposes of the compact, or the powers granted
3100	horounder then such an action by the Interetate Commission is

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3401	invalid and has no force or effect.
3402	(2) Rules deemed appropriate for the operations of the
3403	Interstate Commission must be made pursuant to a rulemaking
3404	process that substantially conforms to the "Model State
3405	Administrative Procedure Act" of 2010, and subsequent amendments
3406	thereto.
3407	(3) Not later than 30 days after a rule is adopted, any
3408	person may file a petition for judicial review of the rule in
3409	the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or
3410	the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its
3411	principal offices, provided that the filing of such a petition
3412	does not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from becoming
3413	effective unless the court finds that the petitioner has a
3414	substantial likelihood of success. The court must give deference
3415	to the actions of the Interstate Commission consistent with
3416	applicable law and does not find the rule to be unlawful if the
3417	rule represents a reasonable exercise of the authority granted
3418	to the Interstate Commission.
3419	
3420	SECTION 16
3421	OVERSIGHT OF INTERSTATE COMPACT
3422	
3423	(1) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of
3424	state government in each member state shall enforce the Compact
3425	and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to

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3426	effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The compact and
3427	the rules adopted hereunder has standing as statutory law but
3428	may not override existing state authority to regulate the
3429	practice of medicine.
3430	(2) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact
3431	and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a
3432	member state pertaining to the subject matter of the compact
3433	which may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the
3434	Interstate Commission.
3435	(3) The Interstate Commission is entitled to receive all
3436	service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have
3437	standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes.
3438	Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate
3439	Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the
3440	Interstate Commission, the compact, or adopted rules, as
3441	applicable.
3442	
3443	SECTION 17
3444	ENFORCEMENT OF INTERSTATE COMPACT
3445	
3446	(1) The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise
3447	of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of the
3448	Compact.
3449	(2) The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the
3450	commissioners, initiate legal action in the United States

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District Court for the District of Columbia, or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal offices, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, and its adopted rules and bylaws, against a member state in default. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party must be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney fees.

(3) The remedies herein are not the exclusive remedies of the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission may avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of a profession.

SECTION 18

DEFAULT PROCEDURES

- (1) The grounds for default include, but are not limited to, failure of a member state to perform such obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by the compact, or the rules and bylaws of the Interstate Commission adopted under the compact.
- (2) If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact, or the bylaws or adopted

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rules, the Interstate Commission shall:

- (a) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing the default, and any action taken by the Interstate

 Commission. The Interstate Commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default; and
- (b) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
- (3) If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the commissioners and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by the compact shall terminate on the effective date of the termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of the default.
- imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to terminate must be given by the Interstate Commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member states.
- (5) The Interstate Commission shall establish rules and procedures to address licenses and physicians that are materially impacted by the termination of a member state, or the

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3501	<u>withdrawal of a member state.</u>
3502	(6) The member state which has been terminated is
3503	responsible for all dues, obligations, and liabilities incurred
3504	through the effective date of termination, including
3505	obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the
3506	effective date of termination.
3507	(7) The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs
3508	relating to any state that has been found to be in default or
3509	which has been terminated from the compact, unless otherwise
3510	mutually agreed upon in writing between the Interstate
3511	Commission and the defaulting state.
3512	(8) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the
3513	Interstate Commission by petitioning the United States District
3514	Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where
3515	the Interstate Commission has its principal offices. The
3516	prevailing party must be awarded all costs of such litigation
3517	including reasonable attorney's fees.
3518	
3519	SECTION 19
3520	DISPUTE RESOLUTION
3521	
3522	(1) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the
3523	request of a member state, to resolve disputes that are subject
3524	to the compact and that may arise among member states or member
3525	boards.

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3526	(2) The Interstate Commission shall adopt rules providing
3527	for both mediation and binding dispute resolution as
3528	appropriate.
3529	
3530	SECTION 20
3531	MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT
3532	
3533	(1) Any state is eligible to become a member state of the
3534	compact.
3535	(2) The Compact shall become effective and binding upon
3536	legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than 7
3537	states. Thereafter, it becomes effective and binding on a state
3538	upon enactment of the compact into law by that state.
3539	(3) The governors of nonmember states, or their designees,
3540	must be invited to participate in the activities of the
3541	Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis before adoption of
3542	the compact by all states.
3543	(4) The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to
3544	the compact for enactment by the member states. An amendment
3545	does not become effective and binding upon the Interstate
3546	Commission and the member states unless and until it is enacted
3547	into law by unanimous consent of the member states.
3548	
3549	SECTION 21
3550	WITHDRAWAL
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- (1) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and every member state. However, a member state may withdraw from the compact by specifically repealing the statute which enacted the Compact into law.
- enactment of a statute repealing the same, but the withdrawal may not take effect until one year after the effective date of such statute and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the withdrawing state to the governor of each other member state.
- (3) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing the compact in the withdrawing state.
- (4) The Interstate Commission shall notify the other member states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within 60 days after the receipt of notice provided under subsection (3).
- (5) The withdrawing state is responsible for all dues, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.
- (6) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or

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3576	upon such later date as determined by the Interstate Commission.
3577	(7) The Interstate Commission may develop rules to address
3578	the impact of the withdrawal of a member state on licenses
3579	granted in other member states to physicians who designated the
3580	withdrawing member state as the state of principal license.
3581	
3582	SECTION 22
3583	DISSOLUTION
3584	
3585	(1) The compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of
3586	the withdrawal or default of the member state which reduces the
3587	membership in the compact to one member state.
3588	(2) Upon the dissolution of the compact, the compact
3589	becomes null and void and shall be of no further force or
3590	effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate
3591	Commission must be concluded, and surplus funds of the
3592	Interstate Commission must be distributed in accordance with the
3593	bylaws.
3594	
3595	SECTION 23
3596	SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION
3597	
3598	(1) The provisions of the compact are be severable, and if
3599	any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision is deemed
3600	unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact remain

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3601	<u>enforceable.</u>
3602	(2) The provisions of the compact must be liberally
3603	construed to effectuate its purposes.
3604	(3) The compact does not prohibit the applicability of
3605	other interstate compacts to which the states are members.
3606	
3607	SECTION 24
3608	BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
3609	
3610	(1) Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other
3611	law of a member state which is not inconsistent with the
3612	Compact.
3613	(2) All laws in a member state in conflict with the
3614	Compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
3615	(3) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission,
3616	including all rules and bylaws adopted by the commission, are
3617	binding upon the member states.
3618	(4) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and
3619	the member states are binding in accordance with their terms.
3620	(5) In the event any provision of the compact exceeds the
3621	constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any member
3622	state, such provision is ineffective to the extent of the
3623	conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that
3624	<pre>member state.</pre>
3625	Section 40. Section 456.4502, Florida Statutes, is created

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3626 to read: 3627 456.4502 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact; 3628 disciplinary proceedings.—A physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, or s. 456.4501 whose license is 3629 3630 suspended or revoked by this state pursuant to the Interstate 3631 Medical Licensure Compact as a result of disciplinary action 3632 taken against the physician's license in another state must be 3633 granted a formal hearing before an administrative law judge from 3634 the Division of Administrative Hearings held pursuant to chapter 3635 120 if there are any disputed issues of material fact. In such 3636 proceedings: 3637 (1) Notwithstanding s. 120.569(2), the department shall 3638 notify the division within 45 days after receipt of a petition 3639 or request for a formal hearing. 3640 The determination of whether the physician has 3641 violated the laws and rules regulating the practice of medicine 3642 or osteopathic medicine, as applicable, including a 3643 determination of the reasonable standard of care, is a 3644 conclusion of law that is to be determined by appropriate board, 3645 and is not a finding of fact to be determined by an administrative law judge. 3646 3647 (3) The administrative law judge shall issue a recommended 3648 order pursuant to chapter 120. 3649 (4) The Board of Medicine or the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, as applicable, shall determine and issue the final 3650

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order in each disciplinary case. Such order sharr constitute
final agency action.
(5) Any consent order or agreed-upon settlement is subject
to the approval of the department.
(6) The department shall have standing to seek judicial
review of any final order of the board, pursuant to s. 120.68.
Section 41. Section 456.4504, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:
456.4504 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Rules.—The
department may adopt rules to implement the Interstate Medical
Licensure Compact.
Section 42. The provisions of the Interstate Medical
Licensure Compact do not authorize the Department of Health, the
Board of Medicine, or the Board of Osteopathic Medicine to
collect a fee for expedited licensure, but rather state that
such fees are allowable under the compact. The Department of
Health, the Board of Medicine, and the Board of Osteopathic
Medicine must comply with the requirements of s. 456.025.
Section 43. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
457.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
457.105 Licensure qualifications and fees
(2) A person may become licensed to practice acupuncture
if the person applies to the department and:
(c) Has successfully completed a board-approved national
certification process, meets the requirements for licensure by

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endorsement in s. 456.0145 is actively licensed in a state that has examination requirements that are substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those of this state, or passes an examination administered by the department, which examination tests the applicant's competency and knowledge of the practice of acupuncture and oriental medicine. At the request of any applicant, oriental nomenclature for the points shall be used in the examination. The examination shall include a practical examination of the knowledge and skills required to practice modern and traditional acupuncture and oriental medicine, covering diagnostic and treatment techniques and procedures; and Section 44. Subsections (3) through (8) of section

Section 44. Subsections (3) through (8) of section 458.311, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) through (9), respectively, paragraph (f) of subsection (1) and present subsections (3) and (5) are amended, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

458.311 Licensure by examination; requirements; fees.-

- (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a physician, who does not hold a valid license in any state, shall apply to the department on forms furnished by the department. The department shall license each applicant who the board certifies:
- (f) Meets one of the following medical education and postgraduate training requirements:
- 1.a. Is a graduate of an allopathic medical school or allopathic college recognized and approved by an accrediting

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agency recognized by the United States Office of Education or is a graduate of an allopathic medical school or allopathic college within a territorial jurisdiction of the United States recognized by the accrediting agency of the governmental body of that jurisdiction;

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- b. If the language of instruction of the medical school is other than English, has demonstrated competency in English through presentation of a satisfactory grade on the Test of Spoken English of the Educational Testing Service or a similar test approved by rule of the board; and
 - c. Has completed an approved residency of at least 1 year.
- 2.a. Is a graduate of an allopathic foreign medical school registered with the World Health Organization and certified pursuant to s. 458.314 as having met the standards required to accredit medical schools in the United States or reasonably comparable standards;
- b. If the language of instruction of the foreign medical school is other than English, has demonstrated competency in English through presentation of the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates English proficiency certificate or by a satisfactory grade on the Test of Spoken English of the Educational Testing Service or a similar test approved by rule of the board; and
 - c. Has completed an approved residency of at least 1 year.
 - 3.a. Is a graduate of an allopathic foreign medical school

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which has not been certified pursuant to s. 458.314 and has not been excluded from consideration under s. 458.314(8);

- b. Has had his or her medical credentials evaluated by the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates, holds an active, valid certificate issued by that commission, and has passed the examination utilized by that commission; and
- c. Has completed an approved residency of at least 1 year; however, after October 1, 1992, the applicant shall have completed an approved residency or fellowship of at least 2 years in one specialty area. However, to be acceptable, the fellowship experience and training must be counted toward regular or subspecialty certification by a board recognized and certified by the American Board of Medical Specialties.
- (3) Notwithstanding sub-subparagraphs (1) (f) 2.c. and 3.c., a graduate of a foreign medical school that has not been excluded from consideration under s. 458.314(8) is not required to complete an approved residency if he or she meets all of the following criteria:
- (a) Has an active, unencumbered license to practice medicine in a foreign country.
- (b) Has actively practiced medicine in the 4-year period preceding the date of the submission of a licensure application.
- (c) Has completed a residency or substantially similar postgraduate medical training in a country recognized by his or her licensing jurisdiction.

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3751	(d) Has an offer for full-time employment as a physician
3752	from a health care provider that operates in this state.
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3754	A physician licensed after meeting the requirements of this
3755	subsection must maintain his or her employment with the original
3756	employer under paragraph (d) or with another health care
3757	provider that operates in this state, at a location within this
3758	state, for at least 2 consecutive years after licensure, in
3759	accordance with rules adopted by the board. Such physician must
3760	notify the board within 5 business days after any change of
3761	<pre>employer.</pre>
3762	(4) (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph
3763	(1)(f)3., a graduate of a foreign medical school $\underline{\text{that has not}}$
3764	been excluded from consideration under s. 458.314(8) need not
3765	present the certificate issued by the Educational Commission for
3766	Foreign Medical Graduates or pass the examination utilized by
3767	that commission if the graduate:
3768	(a) Has received a bachelor's degree from an accredited
3769	United States college or university.
3770	(b) Has studied at a medical school which is recognized by

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foreign medical school, except the internship or social service

Medical Examiners examination or the Educational Commission for

requirements, and has passed part I of the National Board of

Has completed all of the formal requirements of the

the World Health Organization.

Foreign Medical Graduates examination equivalent.

- (d) Has completed an academic year of supervised clinical training in a hospital affiliated with a medical school approved by the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association and upon completion has passed part II of the National Board of Medical Examiners examination or the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates examination equivalent.
- (6)(5) The board may not certify to the department for licensure any applicant who is under investigation in another jurisdiction for an offense which would constitute a violation of this chapter until such investigation is completed. Upon completion of the investigation, the provisions of s. 458.331 shall apply. Furthermore, the department may not issue an unrestricted license to any individual who has committed any act or offense in any jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician pursuant to s. 458.331. When the board finds that an individual has committed an act or offense in any jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician pursuant to s. 458.331, then the board may enter an order imposing one or more of the terms set forth in subsection (9) (8).

Section 45. <u>Section 458.3124</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 46. Section 458.313, Florida Statutes, is amended

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3801 to read: 3802 458.313 Licensure by endorsement; requirements; fees.-3803 The department shall issue a license by endorsement to 3804 any applicant who, upon applying to the department on forms 3805 furnished by the department and remitting a fee set by the board 3806 not to exceed \$500, the board certifies has met the requirements 3807 for licensure by endorsement in s. 456.0145.÷ 3808 (a) Has met the qualifications for licensure in s. 458.311(1)(b)-(g) or in s. 458.311(1)(b)-(e) and (g) and (3); 3809 3810 (b) Prior to January 1, 2000, has obtained a passing score, as established by rule of the board, on the licensure 3811 3812 examination of the Federation of State Medical Boards of the 3813 United States, Inc. (FLEX), on the United States Medical 3814 Licensing Examination (USMLE), or on the examination of the 3815 National Board of Medical Examiners, or on a combination 3816 thereof, and on or after January 1, 2000, has obtained a passing 3817 score on the United States Medical Licensing Examination 3818 (USMLE); and 3819 3820 of medicine in another jurisdiction, for at least 2 of the 3821 immediately preceding 4 years, or evidence of successful 3822 completion of either a board-approved postgraduate training 3823 program within 2 years preceding filing of an application 3824 board-approved clinical competency examination within the year preceding the filing of an application for licensure. For 3825

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purposes of this paragraph, "active licensed practice of medicine" means that practice of medicine by physicians, including those employed by any governmental entity in community or public health, as defined by this chapter, medical directors under s. 641.495(11) who are practicing medicine, and those on the active teaching faculty of an accredited medical school. (2) The board may require an applicant for licensure by endorsement to take and pass the appropriate licensure examination prior to certifying the applicant as eligible for licensure. (3) The department and the board shall ensure that applicants for licensure by endorsement meet applicable criteria in this chapter through an investigative process. When the investigative process is not completed within the time set out in s. 120.60(1) and the department or board has reason to believe that the applicant does not meet the criteria, the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee may issue a 90-day licensure delay which shall be in writing and to notify the applicant of the reason for The provisions of this subsection shall control over any conflicting provisions of s. 120.60(1). (4) The board may promulgate rules and regulations, to be applied on a uniform and consistent basis, which may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

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(5) Upon certification by the board, the department shall

impose conditions, limitations, or restrictions on a license by endorsement if the applicant is on probation in another jurisdiction for an act which would constitute a violation of this chapter.

- endorsement to any applicant who is under investigation in any jurisdiction for an act or offense which would constitute a violation of this chapter until such time as the investigation is complete, at which time the provisions of s. 458.331 shall apply. Furthermore, the department may not issue an unrestricted license to any individual who has committed any act or offense in any jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician pursuant to s. 458.331. When the board finds that an individual has committed an act or offense in any jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician pursuant to s. 458.331, the board may enter an order imposing one or more of the terms set forth in subsection (7).
- (7) When the board determines that any applicant for licensure by endorsement has failed to meet, to the board's satisfaction, each of the appropriate requirements set forth in this section, it may enter an order requiring one or more of the following terms:
- (a) Refusal to certify to the department an application for licensure, certification, or registration;
 - (b) Certification to the department of an application for

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licensure, certification, or registration with restrictions on the scope of practice of the licensee; or

(c) Certification to the department of an application for licensure, certification, or registration with placement of the physician on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the board may specify, including, but not limited to, requiring the physician to submit to treatment, attend continuing education courses, submit to reexamination, or work under the supervision of another physician.

Section 47. Subsection (8) of section 458.314, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.314 Certification of foreign educational institutions.—

certification under this section, the board may, at its discretion, exclude the foreign medical school from consideration as an institution that provides medical education that is reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States and that adequately prepares its students for the practice of medicine in this state.

However, a license or medical faculty certificate issued to a physician under this chapter before July 1, 2024, is not affected by this subsection Each institution which has been surveyed before October 1, 1986, by the Commission to Evaluate Foreign Medical Schools or the Commission on Foreign Medical

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Education of the Federation of State Medical Boards, Inc., and whose survey and supporting documentation demonstrates that it provides an educational program, including curriculum, reasonably comparable to that of similar accredited institutions in the United States shall be considered fully certified, for purposes of chapter 86-245, Laws of Florida.

Section 48. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 458.3145, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4) and (5), respectively, and subsection (1) and present subsection (4) of that section are amended, to read:

458.3145 Medical faculty certificate.-

- (1) A medical faculty certificate may be issued without examination to an individual who <u>meets all of the following</u> criteria:
- (a) Is a graduate of an accredited medical school or its equivalent, or is a graduate of a foreign medical school listed with the World Health Organization which has not been excluded from consideration under s. $458.314(8).\div$
- (b) Holds a valid, current license to practice medicine in another jurisdiction $\dot{\cdot}$
- (c) Has completed the application form and remitted a nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$500. \div
- (d) Has completed an approved residency or fellowship of at least 1 year or has received training that which has been determined by the board to be equivalent to the 1-year residency

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3926	requirement							
3927	(e) Is at least 21 years of age <u>.</u> ;							
3928	(f) Is of good moral character <u>.</u> ;							
3929	(g) Has not committed any act in this or any other							
3930	jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a							
3931	physician under s. 458.331 <u>.</u> ÷							
3932	(h) For any applicant who has graduated from medical							
3933	school after October 1, 1992, has completed, before entering							
3934	medical school, the equivalent of 2 academic years of							
3935	preprofessional, postsecondary education, as determined by rule							
3936	of the board, which must include, at a minimum, courses in such							
3937	fields as anatomy, biology, and chemistry .; and							
3938	(i) Has been offered and has accepted a full-time faculty							
3939	appointment to teach in a program of medicine at any of the							
3940	following institutions:							
3941	1. The University of Florida. \div							
3942	2. The University of Miami <u>.</u> ;							
3943	3. The University of South Florida <u>.</u> ;							
3944	4. The Florida State University. \div							
3945	5. The Florida International University. \div							
3946	6. The University of Central Florida. \div							
3947	7. The Mayo Clinic College of Medicine and Science in							
3948	Jacksonville, Florida <u>.</u> ;							
3949	8. The Florida Atlantic University <u>.</u> ;							
3950	9. The Johns Hopkins All Children's Hospital in St.							

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3951 Petersburg, Florida. + 3952 10. Nova Southeastern University.; or 3953 Lake Erie College of Osteopathic Medicine. 11. 3954 (4) In any year, the maximum number of extended medical 3955 faculty certificateholders as provided in subsection (2) may not 3956 exceed 30 persons at each institution named in subparagraphs 3957 (1)(i)1.-6., 8., and 9. and at the facility named in s. 1004.43 and may not exceed 10 persons at the institution named in 3958 3959 subparagraph (1)(i)7. Section 49. Section 458.315, Florida Statutes, is amended 3960 3961 to read: 3962 458.315 Temporary certificate for practice in areas of 3963 critical need.-3964 A physician or physician assistant who is licensed to practice in any jurisdiction of the United States $\underline{\text{and}}_{7}$ whose 3965 3966 license is currently valid, and who pays an application fee of 3967 \$300 may be issued a temporary certificate for practice in areas 3968 of critical need. A physician seeking such certificate must pay 3969 an application fee of \$300. 3970 A temporary certificate may be issued under this 3971 section to a physician or physician assistant who will: 3972 Will Practice in an area of critical need; 3973 Will Be employed by or practice in a county health

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department; correctional facility; Department of Veterans'

Affairs clinic; community health center funded by s. 329, s.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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330, or s. 340 of the United States Public Health Services Act; or other agency or institution that is approved by the State Surgeon General and provides health care <u>services</u> to meet the needs of underserved populations in this state; or

- (c) Will Practice for a limited time to address critical physician-specialty, demographic, or geographic needs for this state's physician workforce as determined by the State Surgeon General.
- (3) The board of Medicine may issue \underline{a} this temporary certificate under this section subject to with the following restrictions:
- (a) The State Surgeon General shall determine the areas of critical need. Such areas include, but are not limited to, health professional shortage areas designated by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- 1. A recipient of a temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need may use the certificate to work for any approved entity in any area of critical need or as authorized by the State Surgeon General.
- 2. The recipient of a temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need shall, within 30 days after accepting employment, notify the board of all approved institutions in which the licensee practices and of all approved institutions where practice privileges have been denied, as applicable.
 - (b) The board may administer an abbreviated oral

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examination to determine the physician's or physician assistant's competency, but a written regular examination is not required. Within 60 days after receipt of an application for a temporary certificate, the board shall review the application and issue the temporary certificate, notify the applicant of denial, or notify the applicant that the board recommends additional assessment, training, education, or other requirements as a condition of certification. If the applicant has not actively practiced during the 3-year period immediately preceding the application prior 3 years and the board determines that the applicant may lack clinical competency, possess diminished or inadequate skills, lack necessary medical knowledge, or exhibit patterns of deficits in clinical decisionmaking, the board may:

1. Deny the application;

- 2. Issue a temporary certificate having reasonable restrictions that may include, but are not limited to, a requirement for the applicant to practice under the supervision of a physician approved by the board; or
- 3. Issue a temporary certificate upon receipt of documentation confirming that the applicant has met any reasonable conditions of the board which may include, but are not limited to, completing continuing education or undergoing an assessment of skills and training.
 - (c) Any certificate issued under this section is valid

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only so long as the State Surgeon General determines that the reason for which it was issued remains a critical need to the state. The board of Medicine shall review each temporary certificateholder at least not less than annually to ascertain that the certificateholder is complying with the minimum requirements of the Medical Practice Act and its adopted rules, as applicable to the certificateholder are being complied with. If it is determined that the certificateholder is not meeting such minimum requirements are not being met, the board must shall revoke such certificate or shall impose restrictions or conditions, or both, as a condition of continued practice under the certificate.

- (d) The board may not issue a temporary certificate for practice in an area of critical need to any physician or physician assistant who is under investigation in any jurisdiction in the United States for an act that would constitute a violation of this chapter until such time as the investigation is complete, at which time the provisions of s. 458.331 applies apply.
- (4) The application fee and all licensure fees, including neurological injury compensation assessments, <u>are shall be</u> waived for those persons obtaining a temporary certificate to practice in areas of critical need for the purpose of providing volunteer, uncompensated care for low-income residents. The applicant must submit an affidavit from the employing agency or

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institution stating that the physician <u>or physician assistant</u> will not receive any compensation for any <u>health care services</u> <u>provided by the applicant service involving the practice of medicine</u>.

Section 50. Section 458.317, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.317 Limited licenses.—

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- (1) PHYSICIANS LICENSED IN UNITED STATES JURISDICTIONS.-
- Any person desiring to obtain a limited license under this subsection shall submit to the board an application and fee not to exceed \$300 and demonstrate that he or she has been licensed to practice medicine in any jurisdiction in the United States for at least 10 years and intends to practice only pursuant to the restrictions of a limited license granted pursuant to this subsection section. However, a physician who is not fully retired in all jurisdictions may use a limited license only for noncompensated practice. If the person applying for a limited license submits a statement from the employing agency or institution stating that he or she will not receive compensation for any service involving the practice of medicine, the application fee and all licensure fees shall be waived. However, any person who receives a waiver of fees for a limited license shall pay such fees if the person receives compensation for the practice of medicine.
 - (b) If it has been more than 3 years since active practice

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was conducted by the applicant, the full-time director of the county health department or a licensed physician, approved by the board, <u>must shall</u> supervise the applicant for a period of 6 months after he or she is granted a limited license <u>under this subsection</u> for practice, unless the board determines that a shorter period of supervision will be sufficient to ensure that the applicant is qualified for licensure. Procedures for such supervision must shall be established by the board.

- subsection may practice only in the employ of public agencies or institutions or nonprofit agencies or institutions meeting the requirements of s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which agencies or institutions are located in the areas of critical medical need as determined by the board. Determination of medically underserved areas shall be made by the board after consultation with the department of Health and statewide medical organizations; however, such determination shall include, but not be limited to, health professional shortage areas designated by the United States Department of Health and Human Services. A recipient of a limited license under this subsection may use the license to work for any approved employer in any area of critical need approved by the board.
- (d) The recipient of a limited license shall, within 30 days after accepting employment, notify the board of all approved institutions in which the licensee practices and of all

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approved institutions where practice privileges have been denied.

- (e) This subsection does not limit Nothing herein limits in any way any policy by the board, otherwise authorized by law, to grant licenses to physicians duly licensed in other states under conditions less restrictive than the requirements of this subsection section. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subsection section, the board may refuse to authorize a physician otherwise qualified to practice in the employ of any agency or institution otherwise qualified if the agency or institution has caused or permitted violations of the provisions of this chapter which it knew or should have known were occurring.
- (f)(2) The board shall notify the director of the full-time local county health department of any county in which a licensee intends to practice under the provisions of this subsection act. The director of the full-time county health department shall assist in the supervision of any licensee within the county and shall notify the board which issued the licensee his or her license if he or she becomes aware of any actions by the licensee which would be grounds for revocation of the limited license. The board shall establish procedures for such supervision.
- $\underline{(g)}$ The board shall review the practice of each licensee biennially to verify compliance with the restrictions

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prescribed in this <u>subsection</u> section and other applicable provisions of this chapter.

- (h) (4) Any person holding an active license to practice medicine in this the state may convert that license to a limited license under this subsection for the purpose of providing volunteer, uncompensated care for low-income Floridians. The applicant must submit a statement from the employing agency or institution stating that he or she will not receive compensation for any service involving the practice of medicine. The application fee and all licensure fees, including neurological injury compensation assessments, are shall be waived for such applicant.
- (2) GRADUATE ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS.— A graduate assistant physician is a medical school graduate who meets the requirements of this subsection and has obtained a limited license from the board for the purpose of practicing temporarily under the direct supervision of a physician who has a full, active, and unencumbered license issued under this chapter, pending the graduate's entrance into a residency under the National Resident Match Program.
- (a) Any person desiring to obtain a limited license as a graduate assistant physician must submit to the board an application and demonstrate that he or she meets all of the following criteria:
 - 1. Is a graduate of an allopathic medical school or

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4151 <u>allopathic college approved by an accrediting agency recognized</u>
4152 <u>by the United States Department of Education.</u>

- 2. Has successfully passed all parts of the United States Medical Licensing Examination.
- 3. Has not received and accepted a residency match from the National Resident Matching Program within the first year following graduation from medical school.
- (b) The board shall issue a graduate assistant physician limited license for a duration of 2 years to an applicant who meets the requirements of paragraph (a) and all of the following criteria:
 - 1. Is at least 21 years of age.

- 2. Is of good moral character.
- 3. Submits documentation that the applicant has agreed to enter into a written protocol drafted by a physician with a full, active, and unencumbered license issued under this chapter upon the board's issuance of a limited license to the applicant and submits a copy of the protocol. The board shall establish by rule specific provisions that must be included in a physiciandrafted protocol.
- 4. Has not committed any act or offense in this or any other jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician under s. 458.331.
- 5. Has submitted to the department a set of fingerprints on a form and under procedures specified by the department.

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6. The board may not certify to the department for limited
licensure under this subsection any applicant who is under
investigation in another jurisdiction for an offense which would
constitute a violation of this chapter or chapter 456 until such
investigation is completed. Upon completion of the
investigation, s. 458.331 applies. Furthermore, the department
may not issue a limited license to any individual who has
committed any act or offense in any jurisdiction which would
constitute the basis for disciplining a physician under s.
458.331. If the board finds that an individual has committed an
act or offense in any jurisdiction which would constitute the
basis for disciplining a physician under s. 458.331, the board
may enter an order imposing one of the following terms:

- a. Refusal to certify to the department an application for a graduate assistant physician limited license; or
- b. Certification to the department of an application for a graduate assistant physician limited license with restrictions on the scope of practice of the licensee.
- (c) A graduate assistant physician limited licensee may apply for a one-time renewal of his or her limited license by submitting a board-approved application, documentation of actual practice under the required protocol during the initial limited licensure period, and documentation of applications he or she has submitted for accredited graduate medical education training programs. The one-time renewal terminates after 1 year.

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(d) A limited licensed graduate assistant physician may
provide health care services only under the direct supervision
of a physician with a full, active, and unencumbered license
issued under this chapter.

- (e) A physician must be approved by the board to supervise a limited licensed graduate assistant physician.
- (f) A physician may supervise no more than two graduate assistant physicians with limited licenses.
- (g) Supervision of limited licensed graduate assistant physicians requires the physical presence of the supervising physician at the location where the services are rendered.
- (h) A physician-drafted protocol must specify the duties and responsibilities of the limited licensed graduate assistant physician according to criteria adopted by board rule.
- (i) Each protocol that applies to a limited licensed graduate assistant physician and his or her supervising physician must ensure that:
- 1. There is a process for the evaluation of the limited licensed graduate assistant physicians' performance; and
- 2. The delegation of any medical task or procedure is within the supervising physician's scope of practice and appropriate for the graduate assistant physician's level of competency.
- (j) A limited licensed graduate assistant physician's prescriptive authority is governed by the physician-drafted

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protocol and criteria adopted by the board and may not exceed that of his or her supervising physician. Any prescriptions and orders issued by the graduate assistant physician must identify both the graduate assistant physician and the supervising physician.

- (k) A physician who supervises a graduate assistant physician is liable for any acts or omissions of the graduate assistant physician acting under the physician's supervision and control. Third-party payors may reimburse employers of graduate assistant physicians for covered services rendered by graduate assistant physicians.
- (3) RULES.—The board may adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 51. Section 459.0075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.0075 Limited licenses.-

- (1) PHYSICIANS LICENSED IN UNITED STATES JURISDICTIONS.—
- (a) Any person desiring to obtain a limited license under this subsection must shall:
- 1.(a) Submit to the board a licensure application and fee required by this chapter. However, an osteopathic physician who is not fully retired in all jurisdictions may use a limited license only for noncompensated practice. If the person applying for a limited license submits a statement from the employing agency or institution stating that she or he will not receive

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monetary compensation for any service involving the practice of osteopathic medicine, the application fee and all licensure fees shall be waived. However, any person who receives a waiver of fees for a limited license <u>must shall</u> pay such fees if the person receives compensation for the practice of osteopathic medicine.

- 2.(b) Submit proof that such osteopathic physician has been licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in any jurisdiction in the United States in good standing and pursuant to law for at least 10 years.
- 3.(c) Complete an amount of continuing education established by the board.

- (b)(2) If it has been more than 3 years since active practice was conducted by the applicant, the full-time director of the local county health department <u>must shall</u> supervise the applicant for a period of 6 months after the applicant is granted a limited license <u>under this subsection</u> to <u>practice</u>, unless the board determines that a shorter period of supervision will be sufficient to ensure that the applicant is qualified for licensure <u>under this subsection</u> <u>pursuant to this section</u>. Procedures for such supervision <u>must shall</u> be established by the board.
- (c) (3) The recipient of a limited license <u>under this</u>

 <u>subsection</u> may practice only in the employ of public agencies or institutions or nonprofit agencies or institutions meeting the

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requirements of s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which agencies or institutions are located in areas of critical medical need or in medically underserved areas as determined pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 300e-1(7).

(d) (4) The board shall notify the director of the full-time local county health department of any county in which a licensee intends to practice under the provisions of this subsection section. The director of the full-time county health department shall assist in the supervision of any licensee within the her or his county and shall notify the board if she or he becomes aware of any action by the licensee which would be a ground for revocation of the limited license. The board shall establish procedures for such supervision.

(e)(5) The State board of Osteopathic Medicine shall review the practice of each licensee under this <u>subsection</u> section biennially to verify compliance with the restrictions prescribed in this <u>subsection</u> section and other provisions of this chapter.

(f)(6) Any person holding an active license to practice osteopathic medicine in this the state may convert that license to a limited license under this subsection for the purpose of providing volunteer, uncompensated care for low-income Floridians. The applicant must submit a statement from the employing agency or institution stating that she or he or she will not receive compensation for any service involving the

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practice of osteopathic medicine. The application <u>fee</u> and all licensure fees, including neurological injury compensation assessments, <u>are shall be waived for such applicant</u>.

- (2) GRADUATE ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS.— A graduate assistant physician is a medical school graduate who meets the requirements of this subsection and has obtained a limited license from the board for the purpose of practicing temporarily under the direct supervision of a physician who has a full, active, and unencumbered license issued under this chapter, pending the graduate's entrance into a residency under the National Resident Match Program.
- (a) Any person desiring to obtain a limited license as a graduate assistant physician must submit to the board an application and demonstrate that she or he meets all of the following criteria:
- 1. Is a graduate of a school or college of osteopathic medicine approved by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education.
- 2. Has successfully passed all parts of the examination conducted by the National Board of Osteopathic Medical Examiners or other examination approved by the board.
- 3. Has not received and accepted a residency match from the National Resident Matching Program within the first year following graduation from medical school.
 - (b) The board shall issue a graduate assistant physician

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dimited license for a duration of 2 years to an applicant who
meets the requirements of paragraph (a) and all of the following
criteria:

1. Is at least 21 years of age.

- 2. Is of good moral character.
- 3. Submits documentation that the applicant has agreed to enter into a written protocol drafted by a physician with a full, active, and unencumbered license issued under this chapter upon the board's issuance of a limited license to the applicant, and submits a copy of the protocol. The board shall establish by rule specific provisions that must be included in a physiciandrafted protocol.
- 4. Has not committed any act or offense in this or any other jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician under s. 459.015.
- 5. Has submitted to the department a set of fingerprints on a form and under procedures specified by the department.
- 6. The board may not certify to the department for limited licensure under this subsection any applicant who is under investigation in another jurisdiction for an offense which would constitute a violation of this chapter or chapter 456 until such investigation is completed. Upon completion of the investigation, s. 459.015 applies. Furthermore, the department may not issue a limited license to any individual who has committed any act or offense in any jurisdiction which would

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constitute the basis for disciplining a physician under s.

459.015. If the board finds that an individual has committed an act or offense in any jurisdiction which would constitute the basis for disciplining a physician under s. 459.015, the board may enter an order imposing one of the following terms:

- a. Refusal to certify to the department an application for a graduate assistant physician limited license; or
- b. Certification to the department of an application for a graduate assistant physician limited license with restrictions on the scope of practice of the licensee.
- apply for a one-time renewal of his or her limited licensee may submitting a board-approved application, documentation of actual practice under the required protocol during the initial limited licensure period, and documentation of applications he or she has submitted for accredited graduate medical education training programs. The one-time renewal terminates after 1 year.
- (d) A limited licensed graduate assistant physician may provide health care services only under the direct supervision of a physician with a full, active, and unencumbered license issued under this chapter.
- (e) A physician must be approved by the board to supervise a limited licensed graduate assistant physician.
- (f) A physician may supervise no more than two graduate assistant physicians with limited licenses.

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(g)	Superv	ision of	limited	d lic	censed	gra	duat	e assis	tant
physicians	s requi	res the	physical	∟ pr∈	esence	of	the	supervi	sing
physician	at the	locatio	n where	the	servi	ces	are	rendere	
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- (h) A physician-drafted protocol must specify the duties and responsibilities of the limited licensed graduate assistant physician according to criteria adopted by board rule.
- (i) Each protocol that applies to a limited licensed graduate assistant physician and his or her supervising physician must ensure that:
- 1. There is a process for the evaluation of the limited licensed graduate assistant physicians' performance; and
- 2. The delegation of any medical task or procedure is within the supervising physician's scope of practice and appropriate for the graduate assistant physician's level of competency.
- (j) A limited licensed graduate assistant physician's prescriptive authority is governed by the physician-drafted protocol and criteria adopted by the board and may not exceed that of his or her supervising physician. Any prescriptions and orders issued by the graduate assistant physician must identify both the graduate assistant physician and the supervising physician.
- (k) A physician who supervises a graduate assistant

 physician is liable for any acts or omissions of the graduate

 assistant physician acting under the physician's supervision and

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control. Third-party payors may reimburse employers of graduate assistant physicians for covered services rendered by graduate assistant physicians.

(3) RULES.—The board may adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 52. Section 459.0076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.0076 Temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need.—

- (1) A physician or physician assistant who holds a valid license is licensed to practice in any jurisdiction of the United States, whose license is currently valid, and who pays an application fee of \$300 may be issued a temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need. A physician seeking such certificate must pay an application fee of \$300.
- (2) A <u>temporary</u> certificate may be issued <u>under this</u> section to a physician or physician assistant who will:
 - (a) Will Practice in an area of critical need;
- (b) Will Be employed by or practice in a county health department; correctional facility; Department of Veterans' Affairs clinic; community health center funded by s. 329, s. 330, or s. 340 of the United States Public Health Services Act; or other agency or institution that is approved by the State Surgeon General and provides health care to meet the needs of underserved populations in this state; or

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(c) Will Practice for a limited time to address critical physician-specialty, demographic, or geographic needs for this state's physician workforce as determined by the State Surgeon General.

- (3) The board of Osteopathic Medicine may issue \underline{a} this temporary certificate subject to with the following restrictions:
- (a) The State Surgeon General shall determine the areas of critical need. Such areas include, but are not limited to, health professional shortage areas designated by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- 1. A recipient of a temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need may use the certificate to work for any approved entity in any area of critical need or as authorized by the State Surgeon General.
- 2. The recipient of a temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need shall, within 30 days after accepting employment, notify the board of all approved institutions in which the licensee practices and of all approved institutions where practice privileges have been denied, as applicable.
- (b) The board may administer an abbreviated oral examination to determine the physician's <u>or physician</u>

 <u>assistant's</u> competency, but a written regular examination is not required. Within 60 days after receipt of an application for a temporary certificate, the board shall review the application

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and issue the temporary certificate, notify the applicant of denial, or notify the applicant that the board recommends additional assessment, training, education, or other requirements as a condition of certification. If the applicant has not actively practiced during the 3-year period immediately preceding the application prior 3 years and the board determines that the applicant may lack clinical competency, possess diminished or inadequate skills, lack necessary medical knowledge, or exhibit patterns of deficits in clinical decisionmaking, the board may:

1. Deny the application;

- 2. Issue a temporary certificate having reasonable restrictions that may include, but are not limited to, a requirement for the applicant to practice under the supervision of a physician approved by the board; or
- 3. Issue a temporary certificate upon receipt of documentation confirming that the applicant has met any reasonable conditions of the board which may include, but are not limited to, completing continuing education or undergoing an assessment of skills and training.
- (c) Any certificate issued under this section is valid only so long as the State Surgeon General determines that the reason for which it was issued remains a critical need to the state. The board of Osteopathic Medicine shall review each temporary certificateholder at least not less than annually to

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ascertain that the certificateholder is complying with the minimum requirements of the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act and its adopted rules, as applicable to the certificateholder are being complied with. If it is determined that the certificateholder is not meeting such minimum requirements are not being met, the board must shall revoke such certificate or shall impose restrictions or conditions, or both, as a condition of continued practice under the certificate.

- (d) The board may not issue a temporary certificate for practice in an area of critical need to any physician or physician assistant who is under investigation in any jurisdiction in the United States for an act that would constitute a violation of this chapter until such time as the investigation is complete, at which time the provisions of s. 459.015 applies apply.
- (4) The application fee and all licensure fees, including neurological injury compensation assessments, are shall be waived for those persons obtaining a temporary certificate to practice in areas of critical need for the purpose of providing volunteer, uncompensated care for low-income residents. The applicant must submit an affidavit from the employing agency or institution stating that the physician or physician assistant will not receive any compensation for any health care services that he or she provides service involving the practice of medicine.

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Section 53. Section 464.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.009 Licensure by endorsement.-

- (1) The department shall issue the appropriate license by endorsement to practice professional or practical nursing to an applicant who, upon applying to the department and remitting a fee set by the board not to exceed \$100, demonstrates to the board that he or she meets the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s. 456.0145.÷
- (a) Holds a valid license to practice professional or practical nursing in another state or territory of the United States, provided that, when the applicant secured his or her original license, the requirements for licensure were substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those existing in Florida at that time;
- (b) Meets the qualifications for licensure in s. 464.008 and has successfully completed a state, regional, or national examination which is substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination given by the department; or
- (c) Has actively practiced nursing in another state, jurisdiction, or territory of the United States for 2 of the preceding 3 years without having his or her license acted against by the licensing authority of any jurisdiction.

 Applicants who become licensed pursuant to this paragraph must complete within 6 months after licensure a Florida laws and

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rules course that is approved by the board. Once the department has received the results of the national criminal history check and has determined that the applicant has no criminal history, the appropriate license by endorsement shall be issued to the applicant.

- (2) Such examinations and requirements from other states and territories of the United States shall be presumed to be substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those in this state. Such presumption shall not arise until January 1, 1980. However, the board may, by rule, specify states and territories the examinations and requirements of which shall not be presumed to be substantially equivalent to those of this state.
- (3) An applicant for licensure by endorsement who is relocating to this state pursuant to his or her military—connected spouse's official military orders and who is licensed in another state that is a member of the Nurse Licensure Compact shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements of subsection (1) and shall be issued a license by endorsement upon submission of the appropriate application and fees and completion of the criminal background check required under subsection (4).
- (4) The applicant must submit to the department a set of fingerprints on a form and under procedures specified by the department, along with a payment in an amount equal to the costs incurred by the Department of Health for the criminal background check of the applicant. The Department of Health shall submit

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the fingerprints provided by the applicant to the Florida

Department of Law Enforcement for a statewide criminal history check, and the Florida Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history check of the applicant. The Department of Health shall review the results of the criminal history check, issue a license to an applicant who has met all of the other requirements for licensure and has no criminal history, and shall refer all applicants with criminal histories back to the board for determination as to whether a license should be issued and under what conditions.

(5) The department shall not issue a license by endorsement to any applicant who is under investigation in another state, jurisdiction, or territory of the United States for an act which would constitute a violation of this part or chapter 456 until such time as the investigation is complete, at which time the provisions of s. 464.018 shall apply.

(6) The department shall develop an electronic applicant notification process and provide electronic notification when the application has been received and when background screenings have been completed, and shall issue a license within 30 days after completion of all required data collection and verification. This 30-day period to issue a license shall be tolled if the applicant must appear before the board due to information provided on the application or obtained through

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45/6	screening and data collection and verification procedures.
4577	(7) A person holding an active multistate license in
4578	another state pursuant to s. 464.0095 is exempt from the
4579	requirements for licensure by endorsement in this section.
4580	Section 54. Section 464.0121, Florida Statutes, is created
4581	to read:
4582	464.0121 Temporary certificate for practice in areas of
4583	<pre>critical need</pre>
4584	(1) An advanced practice registered nurse who is licensed
4585	to practice in any jurisdiction of the United States, whose
4586	license is currently valid, and who meets educational and
4587	training requirements established by the board may be issued a
4588	temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need.
4589	(2) A temporary certificate may be issued under this
4590	section to an advanced practice registered nurse who will:
4591	(a) Practice in an area of critical need;
4592	(b) Be employed by or practice in a county health
4593	department; correctional facility; Department of Veterans'
4594	Affairs clinic; community health center funded by s. 329, s.
4595	330, or s. 340 of the United States Public Health Services Act;
4596	or another agency or institution that is approved by the State
4597	Surgeon General and that provides health care services to meet
4598	the needs of underserved populations in this state; or
4599	(c) Practice for a limited time to address critical health
4600	care specialty demographic or deodraphic needs relating to

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this state's accessibility of health care services as determined by the State Surgeon General.

- (3) The board may issue a temporary certificate under this section subject to the following restrictions:
- (a) The State Surgeon General shall determine the areas of critical need. Such areas include, but are not limited to, health professional shortage areas designated by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- 1. A recipient of a temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need may use the certificate to work for any approved entity in any area of critical need or as authorized by the State Surgeon General.
- 2. The recipient of a temporary certificate for practice in areas of critical need shall, within 30 days after accepting employment, notify the board of all approved institutions in which the licensee practices as part of his or her employment.
- (b) The board may administer an abbreviated oral examination to determine the advanced practice registered nurse's competency, but may not require a written regular examination. Within 60 days after receipt of an application for a temporary certificate, the board shall review the application and issue the temporary certificate, notify the applicant of denial, or notify the applicant that the board recommends additional assessment, training, education, or other requirements as a condition of certification. If the applicant

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has not actively practiced during the 3-year period immediately preceding the application and the board determines that the applicant may lack clinical competency, possess diminished or inadequate skills, lack necessary medical knowledge, or exhibit patterns of deficits in clinical decisionmaking, the board may:

1. Deny the application;

- 2. Issue a temporary certificate imposing reasonable restrictions that may include, but are not limited to, a requirement that the applicant practice under the supervision of a physician approved by the board; or
- 3. Issue a temporary certificate upon receipt of documentation confirming that the applicant has met any reasonable conditions of the board, which may include, but are not limited to, completing continuing education or undergoing an assessment of skills and training.
- (c) Any certificate issued under this section is valid only so long as the State Surgeon General maintains the determination that the critical need that supported the issuance of the temporary certificate remains a critical need to the state. The board shall review each temporary certificateholder at least annually to ascertain that the certificateholder is complying with the minimum requirements of the Nurse Practice Act and its adopted rules, as applicable to the certificateholder. If it is determined that the certificateholder is not meeting such minimum requirements, the

4651 board must revoke such certificate or impose restrictions or 4652 conditions, or both, as a condition of continued practice under 4653 the certificate. 4654 (d) The board may not issue a temporary certificate for 4655 practice in an area of critical need to any advanced practice 4656 registered nurse who is under investigation in any jurisdiction 4657 in the United States for an act that would constitute a 4658 violation of this part until such time as the investigation is 4659 complete, at which time s. 464.018 applies. 4660 (4) All licensure fees, including neurological injury 4661 compensation assessments, are waived for those persons obtaining 4662 a temporary certificate to practice in areas of critical need 4663 for the purpose of providing volunteer, uncompensated care for 4664 low-income residents. The applicant must submit an affidavit 4665 from the employing agency or institution stating that the 4666 advanced practice registered nurse will not receive any 4667 compensation for any health care services that he or she 4668 provides. 4669 Section 55. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 4670 464.0123, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 464.0123 Autonomous practice by an advanced practice 4671 4672 registered nurse. -4673 (3) PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.— 4674 (b)1. In order to provide out-of-hospital intrapartum 4675 care, a certified nurse midwife engaged in the autonomous

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practice of nurse midwifery must maintain a written policy for the transfer of patients needing a higher acuity of care or emergency services. The policy must prescribe and require the use of an emergency plan-of-care form, which must be signed by the patient before admission to intrapartum care. At a minimum, the form must include all of the following:

a. The name and address of the closest hospital that provides maternity and newborn services.

- b. Reasons for which transfer of care would be necessary, including the transfer-of-care conditions prescribed by board rule.
- c. Ambulances or other emergency medical services that would be used to transport the patient in the event of an emergency.
- 2. If transfer of care is determined necessary by the certified nurse midwife or under the terms of the written policy, the certified nurse midwife must document all of the following information on the patient's emergency plan-of-care form:
 - a. The name, date of birth, and condition of the patient.
- b. The gravidity and parity of the patient and the gestational age and condition of the fetus or newborn infant.
 - c. The reasons that necessitated the transfer of care.
- d. A description of the situation, relevant clinical background, assessment, and recommendations.

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e. The planned mode of transporting the patient to the receiving facility.

- f. The expected time of arrival at the receiving facility.
- 3. Before transferring the patient, or as soon as possible during or after an emergency transfer, the certified nurse midwife shall provide the receiving provider with a verbal summary of the information specified in subparagraph 2. and make himself or herself immediately available for consultation. Upon transfer of the patient to the receiving facility, the certified nurse midwife must provide the receiving provider with the patient's emergency plan-of-care form as soon as practicable.
- 4. The certified nurse midwife shall provide the receiving provider, as soon as practicable, with the patient's prenatal records, including patient history, prenatal laboratory results, sonograms, prenatal care flow sheets, maternal fetal medical reports, and labor flow charting and current notations.
- 5. The board shall adopt rules to prescribe transfer-of-care conditions, monitor for excessive transfers, conduct reviews of adverse maternal and neonatal outcomes, and monitor the licensure of certified nurse midwives engaged in autonomous practice must have a written patient transfer agreement with a hospital and a written referral agreement with a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 to engage in nurse midwifery.
 - Section 56. Subsection (10) of section 464.019, Florida

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4726 Statutes, is amended to read:

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464.019 Approval of nursing education programs. -

- shall study the administration of this section and submit reports to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives annually by January 30, through January 30, 2025. The annual reports shall address the previous academic year; provide data on the measures specified in paragraphs (a) and (b), as such data becomes available; and include an evaluation of such data for purposes of determining whether this section is increasing the availability of nursing education programs and the production of quality nurses. The department and each approved program or accredited program shall comply with requests for data from the Florida Center for Nursing.
- (a) The Florida Center for Nursing shall evaluate programspecific data for each approved program and accredited program conducted in the state, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. The number of programs and student slots available.
- 2. The number of student applications submitted, the number of qualified applicants, and the number of students accepted.
 - 3. The number of program graduates.
- 4749 4. Program retention rates of students tracked from 4750 program entry to graduation.

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5. Graduate passage rates on the National Council of State Boards of Nursing Licensing Examination.

6. The number of graduates who become employed as practical or professional nurses in the state.

- (b) The Florida Center for Nursing shall evaluate the board's implementation of the:
- 1. Program application approval process, including, but not limited to, the number of program applications submitted under subsection (1), the number of program applications approved and denied by the board under subsection (2), the number of denials of program applications reviewed under chapter 120, and a description of the outcomes of those reviews.
- 2. Accountability processes, including, but not limited to, the number of programs on probationary status, the number of approved programs for which the program director is required to appear before the board under subsection (5), the number of approved programs terminated by the board, the number of terminations reviewed under chapter 120, and a description of the outcomes of those reviews.
- (c) The Florida Center for Nursing shall complete an annual assessment of compliance by programs with the accreditation requirements of subsection (11), include in the assessment a determination of the accreditation process status for each program, and submit the assessment as part of the reports required by this subsection.

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4776 Section 57. Section 465.0075, Florida Statutes, is amended 4777 to read: 4778 465.0075 Licensure by endorsement; requirements; fee.-4779 The department shall issue a license by endorsement to 4780 any applicant who applies to the department and remits a nonrefundable fee of not more than \$100, as set by the board, 4781 4782 and whom the board certifies has met the requirements for 4783 licensure by endorsement in s. 456.0145.÷ 4784 (a) Has met the qualifications for licensure in s. 4785 465.007(1) (b) and (c); (b) Has obtained a passing score, as established by rule 4786 4787 of the board, on the licensure examination of the National 4788 Association of Boards of Pharmacy or a similar nationally 4789 recognized examination, if the board certifies that the 4790 applicant has taken the required examination; 4791 (c) 1. Has submitted evidence of the active licensed 4792 practice of pharmacy, including practice in community or public health by persons employed by a governmental entity, in another 4793 4794 jurisdiction for at least 2 of the immediately preceding 5 years 4795 or evidence of successful completion of board-approved 4796 postgraduate training or a board-approved clinical competency 4797 examination within the year immediately preceding application 4798 for licensure; or 4799 2. Has completed an internship meeting the requirements of s. 465.007(1)(c) within the 2 years immediately preceding 4800

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4801 application; and (d) Has obtained a passing score on the pharmacy 4802 4803 jurisprudence portions of the licensure examination, as required 4804 by board rule. 4805 (2) An applicant licensed in another state for a period in 4806 excess of 2 years from the date of application for licensure in 4807 this state shall submit a total of at least 30 hours of board-4808 approved continuing education for the 2 calendar years 4809 immediately preceding application. 4810 (3) The department may not issue a license by endorsement 4811 to any applicant who is under investigation in any jurisdiction 4812 for an act or offense that would constitute a violation of this 4813 chapter until the investigation is complete, at which time the 4814 provisions of s. 465.016 apply. 4815 (4) The department may not issue a license by endorsement 4816 to any applicant whose license to practice pharmacy has been 4817 suspended or revoked in another state or who is currently the 4818 subject of any disciplinary proceeding in another state. 4819 Section 58. Subsection (1) of section 467.0125, Florida 4820 Statutes, is amended to read: 467.0125 Licensed midwives; qualifications; endorsement; 4821 4822 temporary certificates.-4823 The department shall issue a license by endorsement to 4824 practice midwifery to an applicant who, upon applying to the department, demonstrates to the department that she or he meets 4825

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1826	all of the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s.
1827	456.0145 and submits following criteria:
1828	(a) Holds an active, unencumbered license to practice
1829	midwifery in another state, jurisdiction, or territory, provided
1830	the licensing requirements of that state, jurisdiction, or
1831	territory at the time the license was issued were substantially
1832	equivalent to or exceeded those established under this chapter
1833	and the rules adopted hereunder.
1834	(b) Has successfully completed a prelicensure course
1835	conducted by an accredited and approved midwifery program.
1836	(c) Submits an application for licensure on a form
1837	approved by the department and pays the appropriate fee.
1838	Section 59. Subsection (4) of section 468.1705, Florida
1839	Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (3) and subsections (1),
1840	(2), and (3) of that section are amended, to read:
1841	468.1705 Licensure by endorsement; temporary license.—
1842	(1) The department shall issue a license by endorsement to
1843	any applicant who, upon applying to the department and remitting
1844	a fee set by the board not to exceed \$500, demonstrates to the
1845	board that he or she $\underline{\text{meets}}$ the requirements for licensure by
1846	endorsement in s. 456.0145 +
1847	(a) Meets one of the following requirements:
1848	1. Holds a valid active license to practice nursing home
1849	administration in another state of the United States, provided
1850	that the current requirements for licensure in that state are

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4851	substantially equivalent to, or more stringent than, current
4852	requirements in this state; or
4853	2. Meets the qualifications for licensure in s. 468.1695;
4854	and
4855	(b)1. Has successfully completed a national examination
4856	which is substantially equivalent to, or more stringent than,
4857	the examination given by the department;
4858	2. Has passed an examination on the laws and rules of this
4859	state governing the administration of nursing homes; and
4860	3. Has worked as a fully licensed nursing home
4861	administrator for 2 years within the 5-year period immediately
4862	preceding the application by endorsement.
4863	(2) National examinations for licensure as a nursing home
4864	administrator shall be presumed to be substantially equivalent
4865	to, or more stringent than, the examination and requirements in
4866	this state, unless found otherwise by rule of the board.
4867	(2) (3) The department may shall not issue a license by
4868	endorsement or a temporary license to any applicant who is under
4869	investigation in this or another state for any act which would
4870	constitute a violation of this part until such time as the
4871	investigation is complete and disciplinary proceedings have been
4872	terminated.
4873	Section 60. Section 468.213, Florida Statutes, is
4874	repealed.
4875	Section 61. Section 468.3065, Florida Statutes, is amended

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4876 to read:

468.3065 Certification by endorsement.-

- (1) The department may issue a certificate by endorsement to practice as a radiologist assistant to an applicant who, upon applying to the department and remitting a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$50, demonstrates to the department that he or she meets the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s.

 456.0145 holds a current certificate or registration as a radiologist assistant granted by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists.
- (2) The department may issue a certificate by endorsement to practice radiologic technology to an applicant who, upon applying to the department and remitting a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$50, demonstrates to the department that he or she meets the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s.

 456.0145 holds a current certificate, license, or registration to practice radiologic technology, provided that the requirements for such certificate, license, or registration are deemed by the department to be substantially equivalent to those established under this part and rules adopted under this part.
- (3) The department may issue a certificate by endorsement to practice as a specialty technologist to an applicant who, upon applying to the department and remitting a nonrefundable fee not to exceed \$100, demonstrates to the department that he or she meets the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s.

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4901	456.0145 holds a current certificate or registration from a
4902	national organization in a particular advanced, postprimary, or
4903	specialty area of radiologic technology, such as computed
4904	tomography or positron emission tomography.
4905	Section 62. Section 468.358, Florida Statutes, is
4906	repealed.
4907	Section 63. Section 478.47, Florida Statutes, is amended
4908	to read:
4909	478.47 Licensure by endorsement.—The department shall
4910	issue a license by endorsement to any applicant who, upon
4911	submitting submits an application and the required fees as set
4912	forth in s. 478.55, demonstrates to the board that he or she
4913	meets the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s.
4914	456.0145 and who holds an active license or other authority to
4915	practice electrology in a jurisdiction whose licensure
4916	requirements are determined by the board to be equivalent to the
4917	requirements for licensure in this state.
4918	Section 64. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section
4919	480.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
4920	480.041 Massage therapists; qualifications; licensure;
4921	endorsement
4922	(5) The board shall adopt rules:
4923	(c) Specifying licensing procedures for practitioners
4924	desiring to be licensed in this state who <pre>meet the requirements</pre>
4925	for licensure by endorsement in section 456.0145 or hold an

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active license and have practiced in any other state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States or any foreign national jurisdiction which has licensing standards substantially similar to, equivalent to, or more stringent than the standards of this state.

Section 65. Section 486.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

486.081 Physical therapist; endorsement; issuance of license without examination to person passing examination of another authorized examining board; fee.

(1) The board may cause a license by endorsement to be issued through the department without examination to any applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the board of meeting the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s.

456.0145 having passed the American Registry Examination prior to 1971 or an examination in physical therapy before a similar lawfully authorized examining board of another state, the District of Columbia, a territory, or a foreign country, if the standards for licensure in physical therapy in such other state, district, territory, or foreign country are determined by the board to be as high as those of this state, as established by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter. Any person who holds a license pursuant to this section may use the words "physical therapist" or "physiotherapist" or the letters "P.T." in connection with her or his name or place of business to denote

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her or his licensure hereunder. A person who holds a license pursuant to this section and obtains a doctoral degree in physical therapy may use the letters "D.P.T." and "P.T." A physical therapist who holds a degree of Doctor of Physical Therapy may not use the title "doctor" without also clearly informing the public of his or her profession as a physical therapist.

(2) At the time of making application for licensure <u>by</u>

<u>endorsement under</u> without examination pursuant to the terms of
this section, the applicant shall pay to the department a fee
not to exceed \$175 as fixed by the board, no part of which will
be returned.

Section 66. Section 491.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

491.006 Licensure or certification by endorsement.-

- (1) The department shall license or grant a certificate to a person in a profession regulated by this chapter who, upon applying to the department and remitting the appropriate fee, demonstrates to the board that he or she meets the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s. 456.0145÷
- (a) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by rule of the board, knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of clinical social work, marriage and family therapy, and mental health counseling.
 - (b) 1. Holds an active valid license to practice and has

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actively practiced the licensed profession in another state for 3 of the last 5 years immediately preceding licensure;

2. Has passed a substantially equivalent licensing examination in another state or has passed the licensure examination in this state in the profession for which the applicant seeks licensure; and

3. Holds a license in good standing, is not under investigation for an act that would constitute a violation of this chapter, and has not been found to have committed any act that would constitute a violation of this chapter.

The fees paid by any applicant for certification as a master social worker under this section are nonrefundable.

- (2) The department shall not issue a license or certificate by endorsement to any applicant who is under investigation in this or another jurisdiction for an act which would constitute a violation of this chapter until such time as the investigation is complete, at which time the provisions of s. 491.009 shall apply.
- (2)(3) A person licensed as a clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor in another state who is practicing under the Professional Counselors Licensure Compact pursuant to s. 491.017, and only within the scope provided therein, is exempt from the licensure requirements of this section, as applicable.

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5001	Section 67. Section 458.3129, Florida Statutes, is created						
5002	to read:						
5003	458.3129 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact.—A physician						
5004	licensed to practice allopathic medicine under s. 456.4501 is						
5005	deemed to also be licensed under this chapter.						
5006	Section 68. Section 459.074, Florida Statutes, is created						
5007	to read:						
5008	459.074 Interstate Medical Licensure Compact.—A physician						
5009	licensed to practice osteopathic medicine under s. 456.4501 is						
5010	deemed to also be licensed under this chapter.						
5011	Section 69. Subsections (4), (5), and (6) of section						
5012	468.1135, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5),						
5013	(6), and (7), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to						
5014	that section, to read:						
5015	468.1135 Board of Speech-Language Pathology and						
5016	Audiology.—						
5017	(4) The board shall appoint two of its members to serve as						
5018	the state's delegates on the Speech-Language Pathology						
5019	Interstate Compact Commission, pursuant to s. 468.1335, one of						
5020	whom must be an audiologist and one of whom must be a speech-						
5021	language pathologist.						
5022	Section 70. Subsection (5) section 468.1185, Florida						
5023	Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (3), subsections (3) and						
5024	(4) are amended, and a new subsection (4) is added to that						
5025	section, to read:						

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5026	468.1185 Licensure
5027	(3) The board shall certify as qualified for a license by
5028	endorsement as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist an
5029	applicant who:
5030	(a) Holds a valid license or certificate in another state
5031	or territory of the United States to practice the profession for
5032	which the application for licensure is made, if the criteria for
5033	issuance of such license were substantially equivalent to or
5034	more stringent than the licensure criteria which existed in this
5035	state at the time the license was issued; or
5036	(b) Holds a valid certificate of clinical competence of
5037	the American Speech-Language and Hearing Association or board
5038	certification in audiology from the American Board of Audiology.
5039	(4) A person licensed as an audiologist or a speech-
5040	language pathologist in another state who is practicing under
5041	the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact
5042	pursuant to s. 468.1335, and only within the scope provided
5043	therein, is exempt from the licensure requirements of this
5044	section.
5045	(4) The board may refuse to certify any applicant who is
5046	under investigation in any jurisdiction for an act which would
5047	constitute a violation of this part or chapter 456 until the
5048	investigation is complete and disciplinary proceedings have been
5049	terminated.
5050	Section 71. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 468.1295,

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5051 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.1295 Disciplinary proceedings.-

- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2) or s. 468.1335:
- (a) Procuring, or attempting to procure, a license by bribery, by fraudulent misrepresentation, or through an error of the department or the board.
- (b) Having a license revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of another state, territory, or country.
- (c) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology.
- (d) Making or filing a report or record which the licensee knows to be false, intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or records required by state or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. Such report or record shall include only those reports or records which are signed in one's capacity as a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist.
- (e) Advertising goods or services in a manner which is fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading in form or content.

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(f) Being proven guilty of fraud or deceit or of negligence, incompetency, or misconduct in the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology.

- (g) Violating a lawful order of the board or department previously entered in a disciplinary hearing, or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the board or department.
- (h) Practicing with a revoked, suspended, inactive, or delinquent license.
- (i) Using, or causing or promoting the use of, any advertising matter, promotional literature, testimonial, guarantee, warranty, label, brand, insignia, or other representation, however disseminated or published, which is misleading, deceiving, or untruthful.
- (j) Showing or demonstrating or, in the event of sale, delivery of a product unusable or impractical for the purpose represented or implied by such action.
- (k) Failing to submit to the board on an annual basis, or such other basis as may be provided by rule, certification of testing and calibration of such equipment as designated by the board and on the form approved by the board.
- (1) Aiding, assisting, procuring, employing, or advising any licensee or business entity to practice speech-language pathology or audiology contrary to this part, chapter 456, or any rule adopted pursuant thereto.

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(m) Misrepresenting the professional services available in the fitting, sale, adjustment, service, or repair of a hearing aid, or using any other term or title which might connote the availability of professional services when such use is not accurate.

- (n) Representing, advertising, or implying that a hearing aid or its repair is guaranteed without providing full disclosure of the identity of the guarantor; the nature, extent, and duration of the guarantee; and the existence of conditions or limitations imposed upon the guarantee.
- (o) Representing, directly or by implication, that a hearing aid utilizing bone conduction has certain specified features, such as the absence of anything in the ear or leading to the ear, or the like, without disclosing clearly and conspicuously that the instrument operates on the bone conduction principle and that in many cases of hearing loss this type of instrument may not be suitable.
- (p) Stating or implying that the use of any hearing aid will improve or preserve hearing or prevent or retard the progression of a hearing impairment or that it will have any similar or opposite effect.
- (q) Making any statement regarding the cure of the cause of a hearing impairment by the use of a hearing aid.
- (r) Representing or implying that a hearing aid is or will be "custom-made," "made to order," or "prescription-made," or in

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any other sense specially fabricated for an individual, when such is not the case.

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- (s) Canvassing from house to house or by telephone, either in person or by an agent, for the purpose of selling a hearing aid, except that contacting persons who have evidenced an interest in hearing aids, or have been referred as in need of hearing aids, shall not be considered canvassing.
- (t) Failing to notify the department in writing of a change in current mailing and place-of-practice address within 30 days after such change.
- (u) Failing to provide all information as described in ss. 468.1225(5) (b), 468.1245(1), and 468.1246.
- (v) Exercising influence on a client in such a manner as to exploit the client for financial gain of the licensee or of a third party.
- (w) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law or accepting and performing professional responsibilities the licensee or certificateholder knows, or has reason to know, the licensee or certificateholder is not competent to perform.
- (x) Aiding, assisting, procuring, or employing any unlicensed person to practice speech-language pathology or audiology.
- (y) Delegating or contracting for the performance of professional responsibilities by a person when the licensee

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delegating or contracting for performance of such responsibilities knows, or has reason to know, such person is not qualified by training, experience, and authorization to perform them.

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- (z) Committing any act upon a patient or client which would constitute sexual battery or which would constitute sexual misconduct as defined pursuant to s. 468.1296.
- Being unable to practice the profession for which he or she is licensed or certified under this chapter with reasonable skill or competence as a result of any mental or physical condition or by reason of illness, drunkenness, or use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other substance. In enforcing this paragraph, upon a finding by the State Surgeon General, his or her designee, or the board that probable cause exists to believe that the licensee or certificateholder is unable to practice the profession because of the reasons stated in this paragraph, the department shall have the authority to compel a licensee or certificateholder to submit to a mental or physical examination by a physician, psychologist, clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor designated by the department or board. If the licensee or certificateholder refuses to comply with the department's order directing the examination, such order may be enforced by filing a petition for enforcement in the circuit court in the circuit in which the licensee or certificateholder resides or

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does business. The department shall be entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011. A licensee or certificateholder affected under this paragraph shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he or she can resume the competent practice for which he or she is licensed or certified with reasonable skill and safety to patients.

- (bb) Violating any provision of this chapter or chapter 456, or any rules adopted pursuant thereto.
- (2) (a) The board may enter an order denying licensure or imposing any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) against any applicant for licensure or licensee who is found guilty of violating any provision of subsection (1) of this section or who is found guilty of violating any provision of s. 456.072(1).
- (b) The board may take adverse action against an audiologist's or a speech-language pathologist's compact privilege under the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact pursuant to s. 468.1335 and may impose any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2), if an audiologist or a speech-language pathologist commits an act specified in subsection (1) or s. 456.072(1).

Section 72. Section 468.1335, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

468.1335 Practice of Audiology and Speech-language

Pathology Interstate Compact.—The Practice of Audiology and

Speech-language Pathology Interstate Compact is hereby enacted

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5201	into law and entered into by this state with all other states
5202	legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:
5203	
5204	ARTICLE I
5205	<u>PURPOSE</u>
5206	
5207	(1) The purpose of the compact is to facilitate the
5208	interstate practice of audiology and speech-language pathology
5209	with the goal of improving public access to audiology and
5210	speech-language pathology services.
5211	(2) The practice of audiology and speech-language
5212	pathology occurs in the state where the patient, client, or
5213	student is located at the time the services are provided.
5214	(3) The compact preserves the regulatory authority of
5215	states to protect public health and safety through the current
5216	system of state licensure.
5217	(4) The compact is designed to achieve all of the
5218	following objectives:
5219	(a) Increase public access to audiology and speech-
5220	language pathology services by providing for the mutual
5221	recognition of other member state licenses.
5222	(b) Enhance the states' abilities to protect public health
5223	and safety.
5224	(c) Encourage the cooperation of member states in
5225	regulating multistate audiology and speech-language pathology

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5226	practices.
5227	(d) Support spouses of relocating active duty military
5228	personnel.
5229	(e) Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and
5230	disciplinary information between member states.
5231	(f) Allow a remote state to hold a licensee with compact
5232	privilege in that state accountable to that state's practice
5233	standards.
5234	(g) Allow for the use of telehealth technology to
5235	facilitate increased access to audiology and speech-language
5236	<pre>pathology services.</pre>
5237	
5238	ARTICLE II
5239	<u>DEFINITIONS</u>
5240	
5241	(1) As used in this section, the term:
5242	(2) "Active duty military" means full-time duty status in
5243	the active uniformed service of the United States, including
5244	members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders
5245	pursuant to 10 U.S.C. chapters 1209 and 1211.
5246	(3) "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil,
5247	equitable, or criminal action permitted by a state's laws which
5248	is imposed by a licensing board against a licensee, including
5249	actions against an individual's license or privilege to practice
5250	such as revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the

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5251	licensee,	or	restriction	on	the	licensee's	practice.
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- (4) "Alternative program" means a nondisciplinary monitoring process approved by an audiology licensing board or a speech-language pathology licensing board to address impaired licensees.
- (5) "Audiologist" means an individual who is licensed by a state to practice audiology.
- (6) "Audiology" means the care and services provided by a licensed audiologist as provided in the member state's rules and regulations.
- (7) "Audiology and Speech-language Pathology Interstate

 Compact Commission" or "commission" means the national

 administrative body whose membership consists of all states that

 have enacted the compact.
- (8) "Audiology licensing board" means the agency of a state that is responsible for the licensing and regulation of audiologists.
- (9) "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a remote state to allow a licensee from another member state to practice as an audiologist or speech-language pathologist in the remote state under its rules and regulations. The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology occurs in the member state where the patient, client, or student is located at the time the services are provided.
 - (10) "Current significant investigative information,"

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"investigative materials," "investigative records," or

"investigative reports" means information that a licensing
board, after an inquiry or investigation that includes

notification and an opportunity for the audiologist or speechlanguage pathologist to respond, if required by state law, has
reason to believe is not groundless and, if proved true, would
indicate more than a minor infraction.

- (11) "Data system" means a repository of information relating to licensees, including, but not limited to, continuing education, examination, licensure, investigative, compact privilege, and adverse action information.
- (12) "Encumbered license" means a license in which an adverse action restricts the practice of audiology or speech-language pathology by the licensee and the adverse action has been reported to the National Practitioner Data Bank (NPDB).
- (13) "Executive committee" means a group of directors
 elected or appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers
 granted to them by, the commission.
- (14) "Home state" means the member state that is the licensee's primary state of residence.
- (15) "Impaired licensee" means a licensee whose
 professional practice is adversely affected by substance abuse,
 addiction, or other health-related conditions.
- (16) "Licensee" means a person who is licensed by his or her home state to practice as an audiologist or speech-language

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5301	pathologist.
5302	(17) "Licensing board" means the agency of a state that is
5303	responsible for the licensing and regulation of audiologists or
5304	speech-language pathologists.
5305	(18) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the
5306	compact.
5307	(19) "Privilege to practice" means the legal authorization
5308	to practice audiology or speech-language pathology in a remote
5309	state.
5310	(20) "Remote state" means a member state other than the
5311	home state where a licensee is exercising or seeking to exercise
5312	his or her compact privilege.
5313	(21) "Rule" means a regulation, principle, or directive
5314	adopted by the commission that has the force of law.
5315	(22) "Single-state license" means an audiology or speech-
5316	language pathology license issued by a member state that
5317	authorizes practice only within the issuing state and does not
5318	include a privilege to practice in any other member state.
5319	(23) "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who
5320	is licensed to practice speech-language pathology.
5321	(24) "Speech-language pathology" means the care and
5322	services provided by a licensed speech-language pathologist as
5323	provided in the member state's rules and regulations.
5324	(25) "Speech-language pathology licensing board" means the
5325	agency of a state that is responsible for the licensing and

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5326	regulation of speech-language pathologists.
5327	(26) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or
5328	territory of the United States of America that regulates the
5329	practice of audiology and speech-language pathology.
5330	(27) "State practice laws" means a member state's laws,
5331	rules, and regulations that govern the practice of audiology or
5332	speech-language pathology, define the scope of audiology or
5333	speech-language pathology practice, and create the methods and
5334	grounds for imposing discipline.
5335	(28) "Telehealth" means the application of
5336	telecommunication technology to deliver audiology or speech-
5337	language pathology services at a distance for assessment,
5338	intervention, or consultation.
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5340	ARTICLE III
5341	STATE PARTICIPATION
5342	
5343	(1) A license issued to an audiologist or speech-language
5344	pathologist by a home state to a resident in that state must be
5345	recognized by each member state as authorizing an audiologist or
5346	speech-language pathologist to practice audiology or speech-
5347	language pathology, under a privilege to practice, in each
5348	member state.
5349	(2) A state must implement procedures for considering the
5350	criminal history records of applicants for initial privilege to

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practice. These procedures must include the submission of
fingerprints or other biometric-based information by applicants
for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal history
records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency
responsible for retaining that state's criminal history records.

(a) A member state must fully implement a criminal history

- (a) A member state must fully implement a criminal history records check procedure, within a timeframe established by rule, which requires the member state to receive an applicant's criminal history records from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining the member state's criminal history records and use such records in making licensure decisions.
- (b) Communication between a member state, the commission, and other member states regarding the verification of eligibility for licensure through the compact may not include any information received from the Federal Bureau of Investigation relating to a criminal history records check performed by a member state under Pub. L. No. 92-544.
- (3) Upon application for a privilege to practice, the licensing board in the issuing remote state must determine, through the data system, whether the applicant has ever held, or is the holder of, a license issued by any other state, whether there are any encumbrances on any license or privilege to practice held by the applicant, and whether any adverse action has been taken against any license or privilege to practice held

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5376 by the applicant.

- (4) Each member state must require an applicant to obtain or retain a license in his or her home state and meet the home state's qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure and all other applicable state laws.
- (5) Each member state must require that an applicant meet all of the following criteria to receive the privilege to practice as an audiologist in the member state:
 - (a) One of the following educational requirements:
- 1. On or before December 31, 2007, has graduated with a master's degree or doctoral degree in audiology, or an equivalent degree, regardless of the name of such degree, from a program that is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation, or its successor, or by the United States Department of Education and operated by a college or university accredited by a regional or national accrediting organization recognized by the board; or
- 2. On or after January 1, 2008, has graduated with a doctoral degree in audiology, or an equivalent degree, regardless of the name of such degree, from a program that is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation, or its successor, or by the United States Department of Education and operated by a college or university accredited by a regional or national accrediting organization recognized by the board; or

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3. Has graduated from an audiology program that is housed
in an institution of higher education outside of the United
States for which the degree program and institution have been
approved by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable
country and the degree program has been verified by an
independent credentials review agency to be comparable to a
state licensing board-approved program.
(b) Has completed a supervised clinical practicum
experience from an accredited educational institution or its
cooperating programs as required by the commission.
(c) Has successfully passed a national examination
approved by the commission.
(d) Holds an active, unencumbered license.
(e) Has not been convicted or found guilty of, or entered
a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of
adjudication, a felony in any jurisdiction which directly
relates to the practice of his or her profession or the ability
to practice his or her profession.
(f) Has a valid United States social security number or a
national provider identifier number.
(6) Each member state must require that an applicant meet
all of the following criteria to receive the privilege to
practice as a speech-language pathologist in the member state:

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1. Has graduated with a master's degree from a speech-

(a) One of the following educational requirements:

language pathology program that is accredited by an organization recognized by the United States Department of Education and operated by a college or university accredited by a regional or national accrediting organization recognized by the board; or

- 2. Has graduated from a speech-language pathology program that is housed in an institution of higher education outside of the United States for which the degree program and institution have been approved by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable country and the degree program has been verified by an independent credentials review agency to be comparable to a state licensing board-approved program.
- (b) Has completed a supervised clinical practicum experience from an educational institution or its cooperating programs as required by the commission.
- (c) Has completed a supervised postgraduate professional experience as required by the commission.
- (d) Has successfully passed a national examination approved by the commission.
 - (e) Holds an active, unencumbered license.
- (f) Has not been convicted or found guilty of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of his or her profession or the ability to practice his or her profession.
 - (g) Has a valid United States social security number or

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national provider identifier number.

- (7) The privilege to practice is derived from the home state license.
- (8) An audiologist or speech-language pathologist

 practicing in a member state must comply with the state practice

 laws of the member state where the client is located at the time

 service is provided. The practice of audiology and speech
 language pathology includes all audiology and speech-language

 pathology practices as defined by the state practice laws of the

 member state where the client is located. The practice of

 audiology and speech-language pathology in a member state under

 a privilege to practice subjects an audiologist or speech
 language pathologist to the jurisdiction of the licensing

 boards, courts, and laws of the member state where the client is

 located at the time service is provided.
- (9) Individuals not residing in a member state shall continue to be able to apply for a member state's single-state license as provided under the laws of each member state.

 However, the single-state license granted to these individuals may not be recognized as granting the privilege to practice audiology or speech-language pathology in any other member state. The compact does not affect the requirements established by a member state for the issuance of a single-state license.
- (10) Member states may charge a fee for granting a compact privilege.

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5476	(11) Member states must comply with the bylaws and rules
5477	of the commission.
5478	
5479	ARTICLE IV
5480	COMPACT PRIVILEGE
5481	
5482	(1) To exercise compact privilege under the compact, the
5483	audiologist or speech-language pathologist must meet all of the
5484	following criteria:
5485	(a) Hold an active license in the home state.
5486	(b) Have no encumbrance on any state license.
5487	(c) Be eligible for compact privilege in any member state
5488	in accordance with Article III.
5489	(d) Not have any adverse action against any license or
5490	compact privilege within the 2 years preceding the date of
5491	application.
5492	(e) Notify the commission that he or she is seeking
5493	compact privilege within a remote state or states.
5494	(f) Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for
5495	the compact privilege.
5496	(g) Report to the commission any adverse action taken by
5497	any nonmember state within 30 days after the date the adverse
5498	action is taken.
5499	(2) For the purposes of compact privilege, an audiologist
5500	or speech-language pathologist may only hold one home state

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5501 license at a time.

- (3) Except as provided in Article VI, if an audiologist or speech-language pathologist changes his or her primary state of residence by moving between two member states, the audiologist or speech-language pathologist must apply for licensure in the new home state, and the license issued by the prior home state shall be deactivated in accordance with applicable rules adopted by the commission.
- (4) The audiologist or speech-language pathologist may apply for licensure in advance of a change in his or her primary state of residence.
- (5) A license may not be issued by the new home state until the audiologist or speech-language pathologist provides satisfactory evidence of a change in his or her primary state of residence to the new home state and satisfies all applicable requirements to obtain a license from the new home state.
- (6) If an audiologist or speech-language pathologist changes his or her primary state of residence by moving from a member state to a nonmember state, the license issued by the prior home state shall convert to a single-state license, valid only in the former home state.
- (7) Compact privilege is valid until the expiration date of the home state license. The licensee must comply with the requirements of subsection (1) to maintain compact privilege in the remote state.

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5526	(8) A licensee providing audiology or speech-language
5527	pathology services in a remote state under compact privilege
5528	shall function within the laws and regulations of the remote
5529	state.
5530	(9) A remote state may, in accordance with due process and
5531	state law, remove a licensee's compact privilege in the remote
5532	state for a specific period of time, impose fines, or take any
5533	other necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its
5534	residents.
5535	(10) If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee
5536	shall lose compact privilege in all remote states until both of
5537	the following occur:
5538	(a) The home state license is no longer encumbered.
5539	(b) Two years have lapsed from the date of the adverse
5540	action.
5541	(11) Once an encumbered license in the home state is
5542	restored to good standing, the licensee must meet the
5543	requirements of subsection (1) to obtain compact privilege in
5544	any remote state.
5545	(12) Once the requirements of subsection (10) have been
5546	met, the licensee must meet the requirements in subsection (1)
5547	to obtain compact privilege in a remote state.
5548	
5549	ARTICLE V
5550	COMPACT PRIVILEGE TO PRACTICE TELEHEALTH

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5551 5552 Member states shall recognize the right of an audiologist 5553 or speech-language pathologist, licensed by a home state in 5554 accordance with Article III and under rules adopted by the 5555 commission, to practice audiology or speech-language pathology 5556 in any member state through the use of telehealth under 5557 privilege to practice as provided in the compact and rules adopted by the commission. 5558 5559 5560 ARTICLE VI 5561 ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL AND THEIR SPOUSES 5562 5563 Active duty military personnel, or their spouses, as 5564 applicable, shall designate a home state where the individual 5565 has a current license in good standing. The individual may 5566 retain the home state designation during the period the 5567 servicemember is on active duty. Subsequent to designating a 5568 home state, the individual shall only change his or her home 5569 state only through application for licensure in the new state. 5570 5571 ARTICLE VII 5572 ADVERSE ACTIONS 5573 5574 (1) In addition to the other powers conferred by state 5575 law, a remote state may:

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	(a)	Take	adverse	action	against	an aı	ıdiologist	t's or	
speec	h-la	anguage	e pathol	ogist's	priviled	ge to	practice	within	that
membe	r st	tate.							

1. Only the home state has the power to take adverse action against an audiologist's or a speech-language pathologist's license issued by the home state.

- 2. For purposes of taking adverse action, the home state shall give the same priority and effect to reported conduct received from a member state as it would if the conduct had occurred within the home state. In so doing, the home state shall apply its own state laws to determine appropriate action.
- (b) Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a licensing board in a member state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from another member state must be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the state in which the witnesses or evidence are located.
- (c) Complete any pending investigations of an audiologist or speech-language pathologist who changes his or her primary

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state of residence during the course of the investigations. The home state also has the authority to take appropriate actions and shall promptly report to the administrator of the data system the conclusions of the investigations. The administrator of the data system shall promptly notify the new home state of any adverse actions.

- (d) If otherwise allowed by state law, recover from the affected audiologist or speech-language pathologist the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that audiologist or speech-language pathologist.
- (e) Take adverse action based on the factual findings of the remote state, provided that the member state follows the member state's own procedures for taking the adverse action.
- (2) (a) In addition to the authority granted to a member state by its respective audiology or speech-language pathology practice act or other applicable state law, any member state may participate with other member states in joint investigations of licensees.
- (b) Member states shall share any investigative,

 litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint
 or individual investigation initiated under the compact.
- (3) If adverse action is taken by the home state against an audiologist's or a speech language pathologist's license, the audiologist's or speech-language pathologist's privilege to

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626	<u>practice</u> in all other member states shall be deactivated until
627	all encumbrances have been removed from the home state license.
628	All home state disciplinary orders that impose adverse action
629	against an audiologist's or a speech language pathologist's
630	license must include a statement that the audiologist's or
631	speech-language pathologist's privilege to practice is
632	deactivated in all member states during the pendency of the
633	order.
634	(4) If a member state takes adverse action, it must
635	promptly notify the administrator of the data system. The
636	administrator of the data system shall promptly notify the home
637	state of any adverse actions by remote states.
638	(5) The compact does not override a member state's
639	decision that participation in an alternative program may be
640	used in lieu of adverse action.
641	
642	ARTICLE VIII
643	ESTABLISHMENT OF THE AUDIOLOGY
644	AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY INTERSTATE COMPACT COMMISSION
645	
646	(1) The member states hereby create and establish a joint
647	public agency known as the Audiology and Speech-language
648	Pathology Interstate Compact Commission.
649	(a) The commission is an instrumentality of the compact
650	states

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(b) Venue is proper, and judicial proceedings by or
against the commission must be brought solely and exclusively in
a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of
the commission is located. The commission may waive venue and
jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to
participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
(c) This compact does not waive sovereign immunity except
to the extent sovereign immunity is waived in the member states.
(2)(a) Each member state must have two delegates selected
by that member state's licensing boards. The delegates must be
current members of the licensing boards. One delegate must be an
audiologist and one delegate must be a speech-language
pathologist.
(b) An additional five delegates, who are either public
members or board administrators from licensing boards, must be
chosen by the executive committee from a pool of nominees
provided by the commission at large.
(c) A delegate may be removed or suspended from office as
provided by the state law from which the delegate is appointed.
(d) The member state board shall fill any vacancy
occurring on the commission within 90 days after the vacancy
occurs.
(e) Each delegate is entitled to one vote with regard to
the adoption of rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise

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have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs

5676	of the commission.
5677	(f) A delegate shall vote in person or by other means as
5678	provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates'
5679	participation in meetings by telephone or other means of
5680	communication.
5681	(g) The commission shall meet at least once during each
5682	calendar year. Additional meetings must be held as provided in
5683	the bylaws and rules.
5684	(3) The commission has the following powers and duties:
5685	(a) Establish the commission's fiscal year.
5686	(b) Establish bylaws.
5687	(c) Establish a code of ethics.
5688	(d) Maintain its financial records in accordance with the
5689	bylaws.
5690	(e) Meet and take actions as are consistent with the
5691	compact and the bylaws.
5692	(f) Adopt uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate
5693	implementation and administration of the compact. The rules
5694	shall have the force and effect of law and are binding on all
5695	member states.
5696	(g) Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in
5697	the name of the commission, provided that the standing of an
5698	audiology licensing board or a speech-language pathology
5699	licensing board to sue or be sued under applicable law is not
5700	affected.

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5701	(h) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
5702	(i) Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel,
5703	including, but not limited to, employees of a member state.
5704	(j) Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix
5705	compensation, define duties, grant individuals appropriate
5706	authority to carry out the purposes of the compact, and
5707	establish the commission's personnel policies and programs
5708	relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel,
5709	and other related personnel matters.
5710	(k) Accept any appropriate donations and grants of money,
5711	equipment, supplies, and materials and services, and receive,
5712	use, and dispose of the same, provided that at all times the
5713	commission must avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict
5714	of interest.
5715	(1) Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations
5716	of, or otherwise own, hold, improve, or use any property, real,
5717	personal, or mixed, provided that at all times the commission
5718	shall avoid any appearance of impropriety.
5719	(m) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
5720	abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, or
5721	mixed.
5722	(n) Establish a budget and make expenditures.
5723	(o) Borrow money.
5724	(p) Appoint committees, including standing committees
5725	composed of members, and other interested persons as may be

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5726	designated in the compact and the bylaws.
5727	(q) Provide and receive information from, and cooperate
5728	with, law enforcement agencies.
5729	(r) Establish and elect an executive committee.
5730	(s) Perform other functions as may be necessary or
5731	appropriate to achieve the purposes of the compact consistent
5732	with the state regulation of audiology and speech-language
5733	pathology licensure and practice.
5734	(4) The executive committee shall have the power to act on
5735	behalf of the commission according to the terms of the compact.
5736	(a) The executive committee must be composed of 10 members
5737	as follows:
5738	1. Seven voting members who are elected by the commission
5739	from the current membership of the commission.
5740	2. Two ex officio members, consisting of one nonvoting
5741	member from a recognized national audiology professional
5742	association and one nonvoting member from a recognized national
5743	speech-language pathology association.
5744	3. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized
5745	membership organization of the audiology licensing and speech-
5746	language pathology licensing boards.
5747	(b) The ex officio members must be selected by their
5748	respective organizations.
5749	(c) The commission may remove any member of the executive

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committee as provided in the bylaws.

5751	(d) The executive committee shall meet at least annually.
5752	(e) The executive committee has the following duties and
5753	responsibilities:
5754	1. Recommend to the entire commission changes to the rules
5755	or bylaws and changes to this compact legislation, fees paid by
5756	member states such as annual dues, and any commission compact
5757	fee charged to licensees for the compact privilege.
5758	2. Ensure compact administration services are
5759	appropriately provided, contractual or otherwise.
5760	3. Prepare and recommend the budget.
5761	4. Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission.
5762	5. Monitor compact compliance of member states and provide
5763	compliance reports to the commission.
5764	6. Establish additional committees as necessary.
5765	7. Other duties as provided by rule or bylaw.
5766	(f) All meetings must be open to the public, and public
5767	notice of meetings must be given in the same manner as required
5768	under the rulemaking provisions in Article X.
5769	(g) If a meeting or any portion of a meeting is closed
5770	under this subsection, the commission's legal counsel or
5771	designee must certify that the meeting may be closed and must
5772	reference each relevant exempting provision.
5773	(h) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and
5774	clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall

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provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the

reasons therefore, including a description of the views
expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action
must be identified in minutes. All minutes and documents of a
closed meeting must remain under seal, subject to release by a
majority vote of the commission or order of a court of competent
jurisdiction.

(5) Relating to the financing of the commission, the commission:

- (a) Shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
- (b) May accept any and all appropriate revenue sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
- (c) May levy on and collect an annual assessment from each member state or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.
- (d) May not incur obligations of any kind before securing the funds adequate to meet the same and may not pledge the

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credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.

- (e) Shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements of funds. The receipts and disbursements of funds of the commission are subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission must be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit must be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.
- (6) Relating to qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification:
- (a) The members, officers, executive director, employees, and representatives of the commission are immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that this paragraph does not protect any person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
 - (b) The commission shall defend any member, officer,

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executive director, employee, or representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that this paragraph may not be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.

(c) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

ARTICLE IX

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5851	DATA SYSTEM
5852	
5853	(1) The commission shall provide for the development,
5854	maintenance, and use of a coordinated database and reporting
5855	system containing licensure, adverse action, and current
5856	significant investigative information on all licensed
5857	individuals in member states.
5858	(2) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a
5859	member state shall submit a uniform data set to the data system
5860	on all individuals to whom the compact is applicable as required
5861	by the rules of the commission, including all of the following
5862	<pre>information:</pre>
5863	(a) Identifying information.
5864	(b) Licensure data.
5865	(c) Adverse actions against a license or compact
5866	<pre>privilege.</pre>
5867	(d) Nonconfidential information related to alternative
5868	program participation.
5869	(e) Any denial of application for licensure, and the
5870	reason for such denial.
5871	(f) Other information that may facilitate the
5872	administration of the compact, as determined by the rules of the
5873	commission.
5874	(3) Current significant investigative information
5875	pertaining to a licensee in a member state must be available

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only to other member states.

- (4) The commission shall promptly notify all member states of any adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual applying for a license. Adverse action information pertaining to a licensee or an individual applying for a license in any member state must be available to any other member state.
- (5) Member states contributing information to the data system may designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the contributing state.
- (6) Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently required to be expunged by the laws of the member state contributing the information must be removed from the data system.

ARTICLE X

RULEMAKING

- (1) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria provided in this article and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments become binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.
- (2) If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact within 4 years after the date of adoption of the rule, the rule has no further force and

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5901	effect in any member state.
5902	(3) Rules or amendments to the rules must be adopted at a
5903	regular or special meeting of the commission.
5904	(4) Before adoption of a final rule or rules by the
5905	commission, and at least 30 days before the meeting at which the
5906	rule shall be considered and voted upon, the commission shall
5907	file a notice of proposed rulemaking:
5908	(a) On the website of the commission or other publicly
5909	accessible platform; and
5910	(b) On the website of each member state audiology
5911	licensing board and speech-language pathology licensing board or
5912	other publicly accessible platform or the publication where each
5913	state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
5914	(5) The notice of proposed rulemaking must include all of
5915	the following:
5916	(a) The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting
5917	in which the rule will be considered and voted upon.
5918	(b) The text of and reason for the proposed rule or
5919	amendment.
5920	(c) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any
5921	interested person.
5922	(d) The manner in which interested persons may submit
5923	notice to the commission of their intention to attend the public
5924	hearing and any written comments.

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Before the adoption of a proposed rule, the commission

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5925

5926	shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
5927	arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
5928	(a) The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public
5929	hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is
5930	requested by:
5931	1. At least 25 persons;
5932	2. A state or federal governmental subdivision or agency;
5933	<u>or</u>
5934	3. An association having at least 25 members.
5935	(b) If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or
5936	amendment, the commission must publish the place, time, and date
5937	of the scheduled public hearing. If the hearing is held via
5938	electronic means, the commission must publish the mechanism for
5939	access to the electronic hearing.
5940	(c) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall
5941	notify the executive director of the commission or other
5942	designated member in writing of their desire to appear and
5943	testify at the hearing not less than 5 business days before the
5944	scheduled date of the hearing.
5945	(d) Hearings must be conducted in a manner providing each
5946	person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity
5947	to comment orally or in writing.
5948	(e) All hearings must be recorded. A copy of the recording

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This article does not require a separate hearing on

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must be made available on request.

5949

5950

each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this article.

- (8) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.
- (9) If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is received, the commission may proceed with adoption of the proposed rule without a public hearing.
- (10) The commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
- (11) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this article retroactively apply to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, but in no event later than 90 days after the effective date of the rule. For purposes of this subsection, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to:
- (a) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;

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5976	(b) Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds; or
5977	(c) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an
5978	administrative rule that is established by federal law or rule.
5979	(12) The commission or an authorized committee of the
5980	commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or
5981	amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors,
5982	errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors.
5983	Public notice of any revisions must be posted on the website of
5984	the commission. The revisions are subject to challenge by any
5985	person for a period of 30 days after posting. A revision may be
5986	challenged only on grounds that it results in a material change
5987	to a rule. A challenge must be made in writing and delivered to
5988	the chair of the commission before the end of the notice period.
5989	If no challenge is made, the revision takes effect without
5990	further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may
5991	not take effect without the approval of the commission.
5992	
5993	ARTICLE XI
5994	DISPUTE RESOLUTION
5995	AND ENFORCEMENT
5996	
5997	(1)(a) Upon request by a member state, the commission
5998	shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact that
5999	arise among member states and between member and nonmember
6000	states.

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5001	(b) The commission shall adopt a rule providing for both
5002	mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as
5003	appropriate.
5004	(2)(a) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
5005	discretion, shall enforce the compact.
5006	(b) By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal
5007	action in the United States District Court for the District of
5008	Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its
5009	principal offices against a member state in default to enforce
5010	compliance with the compact and its adopted rules and bylaws.
5011	The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and
5012	damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the
5013	prevailing member must be awarded all costs of litigation,
5014	including reasonable attorney fees.
5015	(c) The remedies provided in this subsection are not the
5016	exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission may pursue
5017	any other remedies available under federal or state law.
5018	
5019	ARTICLE XII
5020	EFFECTIVE DATE, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT
5021	
5022	(1) The compact becomes effective and binding on the date
5023	of legislative enactment of the compact by no fewer than 10
5024	member states. The provisions, which become effective at that
5025	time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the commission

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relating to assembly and the adoption of rules. Thereafter, the commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to implement and administer the compact.

- (2) Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the commission's initial adoption of the rules is subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which the compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the commission has the full force and effect of law on the day the compact becomes law in that state.
- (3) A member state may withdraw from the compact by enacting a statute repealing the compact.
- (a) A member state's withdrawal does not take effect until
 6 months after enactment of the repealing statute.
- (b) Withdrawal does not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's audiology licensing board or speech-language pathology licensing board to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of the compact before the effective date of withdrawal.
- (4) The compact does not invalidate or prevent any audiology or speech-language pathology licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a nonmember state that does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.
- (5) The compact may be amended by the member states. An amendment to the compact does not become effective and binding

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6051 upon any member state until it is enacted into the laws of all 6052 member states. 6053 6054 ARTICLE XIII 6055 CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY 6056 6057 The compact must be liberally construed so as to effectuate 6058 its purposes. The provisions of the compact are severable and if 6059 any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is 6060 declared to be contrary to the constitution of any member state 6061 or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any 6062 government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the 6063 validity of the remainder of the compact and the applicability 6064 thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is 6065 not affected. If the compact is held contrary to the 6066 constitution of any member state, the compact shall remain in 6067 full force and effect as to the remaining member states and in 6068 full force and effect as to the member state affected as to all 6069 severable matters. 6070 6071 ARTICLE XIV 6072 BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS 6073 6074 (1) The compact does not prevent the enforcement of any 6075 other law of a member state that is not inconsistent with the

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compact.
(2) All laws of a member state in conflict with the
compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
(3) All lawful actions of the commission, including all
rules and bylaws adopted by the commission, are binding upon the
member states.
(4) All agreements between the commission and the member
states are binding in accordance with their terms.
(5) In the event any provision of the compact exceeds the
constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any member
state, the provision is ineffective to the extent of the
conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that
member state.
Section 73. The provisions of the Audiology and Speech-
Language Pathology Interstate Compact do not authorize the
Department of Health or the Board of Speech-Language Pathology
and Audiology to collect a compact privilege fee, but rather
state that fees of this kind are allowable under the compact.
The Department of Health and the Board of Speech-Language
Pathology and Audiology must comply with the requirements of s.
<u>456.025.</u>
Section 74. Section 486.028, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:
486.028 License to practice physical therapy required.— \underline{A}
$\frac{1}{100}$ person $\frac{1}{100}$ may not $\frac{1}{100}$ practice, or hold herself or himself out

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6101 as being able to practice, physical therapy in this state unless 6102 she or he is licensed under in accordance with the provisions of 6103 this chapter or holds a compact privilege in this state under 6104 the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact as specified in s. 6105 486.112.; however, Nothing in This chapter does not shall prohibit any person licensed in this state under any other law 6106 6107 from engaging in the practice for which she or he is licensed. 6108 Section 75. Section 486.031, Florida Statutes, is amended 6109 to read: 486.031 Physical therapist; licensing requirements; 6110 6111 exemption.-(1) To be eliqible for licensing as a physical therapist, 6112 6113 an applicant must: 6114 (a) $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$ Be at least 18 years old; 6115 (b) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ Be of good moral character; and 6116 (c)1.(3)(a) Have been graduated from a school of physical therapy which has been approved for the educational preparation 6117 6118 of physical therapists by the appropriate accrediting agency 6119 recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation or 6120 its successor Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary 6121 Accreditation or the United States Department of Education at 6122 the time of her or his graduation and have passed, to the 6123 satisfaction of the board, the American Registry Examination 6124 before prior to 1971 or a national examination approved by the board to determine her or his fitness for practice as a physical 6125

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6126	therapist under this chapter as hereinafter provided;
6127	2.(b) Have received a diploma from a program in physical
6128	therapy in a foreign country and have educational credentials
6129	deemed equivalent to those required for the educational
6130	preparation of physical therapists in this country, as
6131	recognized by the appropriate agency as identified by the board,
6132	and have passed to the satisfaction of the board an examination
6133	to determine her or his fitness for practice as a physical
6134	therapist under this chapter as hereinafter provided; or
6135	3.(c) Be entitled to licensure without examination as
6136	provided in s. 486.081.
6137	(2) A person licensed as a physical therapist in another
6138	state who is practicing under the Physical Therapy Licensure
6139	Compact pursuant to s. 486.112, and only within the scope
6140	provided therein, is exempt from the licensure requirements of
6141	this section.
6142	Section 76. Section 486.102, Florida Statutes, is amended
6143	to read:
6144	486.102 Physical therapist assistant; licensing
6145	requirements; exemption
6146	$\underline{(1)}$ To be eligible for licensing by the board as a
6147	physical therapist assistant, an applicant must:
6148	(a) (1) Be at least 18 years old;
6149	(b) (2) Be of good moral character; and
6150	(c)1. (3)(a) Have been graduated from a school <u>providing</u>

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therapist assistants, which has been approved for the educational preparation of physical therapist assistants by the appropriate accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation or its successor Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation or the United States Department of Education, at the time of her or his graduation and have passed to the satisfaction of the board an examination to determine her or his fitness for practice as a physical therapist assistant under this chapter as hereinafter provided;

- 2.(b) Have been graduated from a school providing giving a course for physical therapist assistants in a foreign country and have educational credentials deemed equivalent to those required for the educational preparation of physical therapist assistants in this country, as recognized by the appropriate agency as identified by the board, and passed to the satisfaction of the board an examination to determine her or his fitness for practice as a physical therapist assistant under this chapter as hereinafter provided;
- 3.(c) Be entitled to licensure without examination as provided in s. 486.107; or
- $\underline{4.}$ (d) Have been enrolled between July 1, 2014, and July 1, 2016, in a physical therapist assistant school in this state which was accredited at the time of enrollment; and
 - a.1. Have been graduated or be eligible to graduate from

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6176 such school no later than July 1, 2018; and

- $\underline{\text{b.2.}}$ Have passed to the satisfaction of the board an examination to determine his or her fitness for practice as a physical therapist assistant as provided in s. 486.104.
- (2) A person licensed as a physical therapist assistant in another state who is practicing under the Physical Therapy

 Licensure Compact pursuant to s. 486.112, and only within the scope provided therein, is exempt from the licensure requirements of this section.

Section 77. Section 486.107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 486.107 Physical therapist assistant; <u>endorsement</u> <u>issuance</u> of license without examination to person licensed in another <u>jurisdiction</u>; fee.—
- (1) The board may cause a license by endorsement to be issued through the department without examination to any applicant who presents evidence to the board, under oath, of meeting the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s.

 456.0145 licensure in another state, the District of Columbia, or a territory, if the standards for registering as a physical therapist assistant or licensing of a physical therapist assistant, as the case may be, in such other state are determined by the board to be as high as those of this state, as established by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter. Any person who holds a license pursuant to this section may use the

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words "physical therapist assistant," or the letters "P.T.A.,"
in connection with her or his name to denote licensure
hereunder.

- (2) At the time of <u>filing an</u> making application for licensing <u>by endorsement under</u> without examination pursuant to the terms of this section, the applicant shall pay to the department a <u>nonrefundable</u> fee not to exceed \$175, as <u>determined</u> fixed by the board, no part of which will be returned.
- (3) A person licensed as a physical therapist assistant in another state who is practicing under the Physical Therapy

 Licensure Compact pursuant to s. 486.112, and only within the scope provided therein, is exempt from the licensure requirements of this section.

Section 78. Section 490.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

490.006 Licensure by endorsement.-

- (1) The department shall license a person as a psychologist or school psychologist who, upon applying to the department and remitting the appropriate fee, demonstrates to the department or, in the case of psychologists, to the board that the applicant meets the requirements for licensure by endorsement in s. 456.0145.÷
- (a) Is a diplomate in good standing with the American Board of Professional Psychology, Inc.; or
 - (b) Possesses a doctoral degree in psychology and has at

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least 10 years of experience as a licensed psychologist in any jurisdiction or territory of the United States within the 25 years preceding the date of application.

- (2) In addition to meeting the requirements for licensure set forth in subsection (1), an applicant must pass that portion of the psychology or school psychology licensure examinations pertaining to the laws and rules related to the practice of psychology or school psychology in this state before the department may issue a license to the applicant.
- (3) The department shall not issue a license by endorsement to any applicant who is under investigation in this or another jurisdiction for an act which would constitute a violation of this chapter until such time as the investigation is complete, at which time the provisions of s. 490.009 shall apply.
- (2)(4) A person licensed as a psychologist in another state who is practicing pursuant to the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact under s. 490.0075, and only within the scope provided therein, is exempt from the licensure requirements of this section.
- Section 79. Section 486.112, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 486.112 Physical Therapy Licensure Compact.—The Physical Therapy Licensure Compact is hereby enacted into law and entered into by this state with all other jurisdictions legally joining

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6251	therein in the form substantially as follows:
6252	
6253	ARTICLE I
6254	PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES
6255	
6256	(1) The purpose of the compact is to facilitate interstate
6257	practice of physical therapy with the goal of improving public
6258	access to physical therapy services. The compact preserves the
6259	regulatory authority of member states to protect public health
6260	and safety through their current systems of state licensure. For
6261	purposes of state regulation under the compact, the practice of
6262	physical therapy is deemed to have occurred in the state where
6263	the patient is located at the time physical therapy is provided
6264	to the patient.
6265	(2) The compact is designed to achieve all of the
6266	following objectives:
6267	(a) Increase public access to physical therapy services by
6268	providing for the mutual recognition of other member state
6269	<u>licenses.</u>
6270	(b) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's
6271	health and safety.
6272	(c) Encourage the cooperation of member states in
6273	regulating multistate physical therapy practice.
6274	(d) Support spouses of relocating military members.
6275	(e) Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and

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62.76 disciplinary information between member states. (f) Allow a remote state to hold a provider of services 6277 6278 with a compact privilege in that state accountable to that 6279 state's practice standards. 6280 6281 ARTICLE II 6282 DEFINITIONS 6283 6284 As used in the compact, and except as otherwise provided, 6285 the term: 6286 (1) "Active duty military" means full-time duty status in 6287 the active uniformed service of the United States, including 6288 members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders 6289 pursuant to 10 U.S.C. chapter 1209 or chapter 1211. 6290 "Adverse action" means disciplinary action taken by a 6291 physical therapy licensing board based upon misconduct, 6292 unacceptable performance, or a combination of both. 6293 (3) "Alternative program" means a nondisciplinary 6294 monitoring or practice remediation process approved by a state's 6295 physical therapy licensing board. The term includes, but is not 6296 limited to, programs that address substance abuse issues. 6297 (4) "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by 6298 a remote state to allow a licensee from another member state to 6299 practice as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant

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in the remote state under its laws and rules.

6300

5301	(5) "Continuing competence" means a requirement, as a
5302	condition of license renewal, to provide evidence of
5303	participation in, and completion of, educational and
5304	professional activities relevant to the practice of physical
5305	therapy.
5306	(6) "Data system" means the coordinated database and
5307	reporting system created by the Physical Therapy Compact
5308	Commission for the exchange of information between member states
5309	relating to licensees or applicants under the compact, including
5310	identifying information, licensure data, investigative
5311	information, adverse actions, nonconfidential information
5312	related to alternative program participation, any denials of
5313	applications for licensure, and other information as specified
5314	by commission rule.
5315	(7) "Encumbered license" means a license that a physical
5316	therapy licensing board has limited in any way.
5317	(8) "Executive board" means a group of directors elected
5318	or appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted
5319	to them by, the commission.
5320	(9) "Home state" means the member state that is the
5321	licensee's primary state of residence.
5322	(10) "Investigative information" means information,
5323	records, and documents received or generated by a physical
5324	therapy licensing board pursuant to an investigation.
5325	(11) "Jurishrudence requirement" means the assessment of

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6326	an individual's knowledge of the laws and rules governing the
6327	practice of physical therapy in a specific state.
6328	(12) "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an
6329	authorization from a state to practice as a physical therapist
6330	or physical therapist assistant.
6331	(13) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the
6332	compact.
6333	(14) "Physical therapist" means an individual licensed by
6334	a state to practice physical therapy.
6335	(15) "Physical therapist assistant" means an individual
6336	licensed by a state to assist a physical therapist in specified
6337	areas of physical therapy.
6338	(16) "Physical therapy" or "the practice of physical
6339	therapy" means the care and services provided by or under the
6340	direction and supervision of a licensed physical therapist.
6341	(17) "Physical Therapy Compact Commission" or "commission"
6342	means the national administrative body whose membership consists
6343	of all states that have enacted the compact.
6344	(18) "Physical therapy licensing board" means the agency
6345	of a state which is responsible for the licensing and regulation
6346	of physical therapists and physical therapist assistants.
6347	(19) "Remote state" means a member state other than the
6348	home state where a licensee is exercising or seeking to exercise
6349	the compact privilege.

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"Rule" means a regulation, principle, or directive

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6350

(20)

6351	adopted by the commission which has the force of law.
6352	(21) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or
6353	territory of the United States of America which regulates the
6354	practice of physical therapy.
6355	
6356	ARTICLE III
6357	STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT
6358	
6359	(1) To participate in the compact, a state must do all of
6360	the following:
6361	(a) Participate fully in the commission's data system,
6362	including using the commission's unique identifier, as defined
6363	by commission rule.
6364	(b) Have a mechanism in place for receiving and
6365	investigating complaints about licensees.
6366	(c) Notify the commission, in accordance with the terms of
6367	the compact and rules, of any adverse action or the availability
6368	of investigative information regarding a licensee.
6369	(d) Fully implement a criminal background check
6370	requirement, within a timeframe established by commission rule,
6371	which uses results from the Federal Bureau of Investigation
6372	record search on criminal background checks to make licensure
6373	decisions in accordance with subsection (2).
6374	(e) Comply with the commission's rules.
6375	(f) Use a recognized national examination as a requirement

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5376	for licensure pursuant to the commission's rules.
5377	(g) Have continuing competence requirements as a condition
5378	for license renewal.
5379	(2) Upon adoption of the compact, a member state has the
5380	authority to obtain biometric-based information from each
5381	licensee applying for a compact privilege and submit this
5382	information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a
5383	criminal background check in accordance with 28 U.S.C. s. 534
5384	and 34 U.S.C. s. 40316.
5385	(3) A member state must grant the compact privilege to a
5386	licensee holding a valid unencumbered license in another member
5387	state in accordance with the terms of the compact and rules.
5388	(4) Member states may charge a fee for granting a compact
5389	privilege.
5390	
5391	ARTICLE IV
5392	COMPACT PRIVILEGE
5393	
5394	(1) To exercise the compact privilege under the compact, a
5395	licensee must satisfy all of the following conditions:
5396	(a) Hold a license in the home state.
5397	(b) Not have an encumbrance on any state license.
5398	(c) Be eligible for a compact privilege in all member
5399	states in accordance with subsections (4), (7), and (8).
5400	(d) Not have had an adverse action against any license or

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compact privilege within the preceding 2 years.

- (e) Notify the commission that the licensee is seeking the compact privilege within a remote state.
- (f) Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for the compact privilege.
- (g) Meet any jurisprudence requirements established by the remote state in which the licensee is seeking a compact privilege.
- (h) Report to the commission adverse action taken by any nonmember state within 30 days after the date the adverse action is taken.
- (2) The compact privilege is valid until the expiration date of the home license. The licensee must continue to meet the requirements of subsection (1) to maintain the compact privilege in a remote state.
- (3) A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state under the compact privilege must comply with the laws and rules of the remote state.
- (4) A licensee providing physical therapy in a remote state is subject to that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in accordance with due process and that state's laws, remove a licensee's compact privilege in the remote state for a specific period of time, impose fines, and take any other necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its citizens. The licensee is not eligible for a compact privilege

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6426	in any member state until the specific period of time for
6427	removal has ended and all fines are paid.
6428	(5) If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee
6429	loses the compact privilege in any remote state until the
6430	following conditions are met:
6431	(a) The home state license is no longer encumbered.
6432	(b) Two years have elapsed from the date of the adverse
6433	action.
6434	(6) Once an encumbered license in the home state is
6435	restored to good standing, the licensee must meet the
6436	requirements of subsection (1) to obtain a compact privilege in
6437	any remote state.
6438	(7) If a licensee's compact privilege in any remote state
6439	is removed, the licensee loses the compact privilege in all
6440	remote states until all of the following conditions are met:
6441	(a) The specific period of time for which the compact
6442	privilege was removed has ended.
6443	(b) All fines have been paid.
6444	(c) Two years have elapsed from the date of the adverse
6445	action.
6446	(8) Once the requirements of subsection (7) have been met,
6447	the licensee must meet the requirements of subsection (1) to
6448	obtain a compact privilege in a remote state.
6449	
6450	ARTICLE V

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5451	ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL AND THEIR SPOUSES
5452	
5453	A licensee who is active duty military or is the spouse of
5454	an individual who is active duty military may choose any of the
5455	following locations to designate his or her home state:
5456	(1) Home of record.
5457	(2) Permanent change of station location.
5458	(3) State of current residence, if it is different from
5459	the home of record or permanent change of station location.
5460	
5461	ARTICLE VI
5462	ADVERSE ACTIONS
5463	
5464	(1) A home state has exclusive power to impose adverse
5465	action against a license issued by the home state.
5466	(2) A home state may take adverse action based on the
5467	investigative information of a remote state, so long as the home
5468	state follows its own procedures for imposing adverse action.
5469	(3) The compact does not override a member state's
5470	decision that participation in an alternative program may be
5471	used in lieu of adverse action and that such participation
5472	remain nonpublic if required by the member state's laws. Member
5473	states must require licensees who enter any alternative programs
5474	in lieu of discipline to agree not to practice in any other
5475	member state during the term of the alternative program without

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prior authorization from such other member state.

- violations of the laws and rules for the practice of physical therapy committed in any other member state by a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant practicing under the compact who holds a license or compact privilege in such other member state.
 - (5) A remote state may do any of the following:
- (a) Take adverse actions as set forth in subsection (4) of article IV against a licensee's compact privilege in the state.
- which require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a physical therapy licensing board in a member state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or for the production of evidence from another member state must be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service laws of the state where the witnesses or evidence is located.
- (c) If otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the licensee the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that licensee.

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6501	(6)(a) In addition to the authority granted to a member
6502	state by its respective physical therapy practice act or other
6503	applicable state law, a member state may participate with other
6504	member states in joint investigations of licensees.
6505	(b) Member states shall share any investigative,
6506	litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint
6507	or individual investigation initiated under the compact.
6508	
6509	ARTICLE VII
6510	ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PHYSICAL THERAPY COMPACT COMMISSION
6511	
6512	(1) COMMISSION CREATED.—The member states hereby create
6513	and establish a joint public agency known as the Physical
6514	Therapy Compact Commission:
6515	(a) The commission is an instrumentality of the member
6516	states.
6517	(b) Venue is proper, and judicial proceedings by or
6518	against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively
6519	in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office
6520	of the commission is located. The commission may waive venue and
6521	jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to
6522	participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
6523	(c) The compact may not be construed to be a waiver of
6524	sovereign immunity.
6525	(2) MEMBERSHIP VOTING AND MEETINGS —

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<u>(a)</u>	Each	member	state	has	and	is	limite	ed to	one	dele	<u>gate</u>
selected	by tha	at membe	er sta	te's	phys	sica	ıl the	rapy .	licer	nsing	board
to serve	on the	e commis	ssion.	The	dele	egat	e must	t be	a cu:	rrent	
member of	the p	hysical	ther	apy]	Licer	nsin	ıg boaı	rd wh	o is	a ph	ysical
therapist	, a ph	nysical	thera	pist	assi	ista	ınt, a	publ.	ic me	ember	<u>, or</u>
the board	admir	nistrato	or.								

- (b) A delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the law of the state from which the delegate is appointed. Any vacancy occurring on the commission must be filled by the physical therapy licensing board of the member state for which the vacancy exists.
- (c) Each delegate is entitled to one vote with regard to the adoption of rules and bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the commission.
- (d) A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication.
- (e) The commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings may be held as set forth in the bylaws.
- (f) All meetings must be open to the public, and public notice of meetings must be given in the same manner as required under the rulemaking provisions in article IX.

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(g) The commission or the executive board or other
committees of the commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic
meeting if the commission or executive board or other committees
of the commission must discuss any of the following:
1. Noncompliance of a member state with its obligations
under the compact.

- 2. The employment, compensation, or discipline of, or other matters, practices, or procedures related to, specific employees or other matters related to the commission's internal personnel practices and procedures.
- 3. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation against the commission, executive board, or other committees of the commission.
- 4. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods, services, or real estate.
- 5. An accusation of any person of a crime or a formal censure of any person.
- 6. Information disclosing trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential.
- 7. Information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
- 8. Investigatory records compiled for law enforcement purposes.
- 9. Information related to any investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the commission or

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other committee charged with responsibility for investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the compact.

- 10. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or member state statute.
- (h) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this subsection, the commission's legal counsel or designee must certify that the meeting may be closed and must reference each relevant exempting provision.
- (i) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action must be identified in the minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting must remain under seal, subject to release only by a majority vote of the commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - (3) DUTIES.—The commission shall do all of the following:
 - (a) Establish the fiscal year of the commission.
 - (b) Establish bylaws.

- (c) Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws.
- (d) Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of the compact and the bylaws.
 - (4) POWERS.—The commission may do any of the following:

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	<u>(a)</u>	Adop	ot unifo	orm	rule	es to	fac	cili	itate	and	CC	ord	<u>inate</u>	
impl	.ementa	atior	n and a	dmiı	nistı	ratio	n o	f th	ne com	pac	t.	The	rules	have
the	force	and	effect	of	law	and	are	be	bindi	.ng	in	all	member	<u>:</u>
stat	es.													

- (b) Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission, provided that the standing of any state physical therapy licensing board to sue or be sued under applicable law is not affected.
 - (c) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
- (d) Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member state.
- (e) Hire employees and elect or appoint officers; fix compensation of, define duties of, and grant appropriate authority to such individuals to carry out the purposes of the compact; and establish the commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters.
- (f) Accept any appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services and receive, use, and dispose of the same, provided that at all times the commission avoids any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest.
- (g) Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise own, hold, improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed, provided that at all times the commission

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6626	avoids any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest.
6627	(h) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
6628	abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal,
6629	or mixed.
6630	(i) Establish a budget and make expenditures.
6631	(j) Borrow money.
6632	(k) Appoint committees, including standing committees
6633	composed of members, state regulators, state legislators or
6634	their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such
6635	other interested persons as may be designated in the compact and
6636	the bylaws.
6637	(1) Provide information to, receive information from, and
6638	cooperate with law enforcement agencies.
6639	(m) Establish and elect an executive board.
6640	(n) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or
6641	appropriate to achieve the purposes of the compact consistent
6642	with the state regulation of physical therapy licensure and
6643	practice.
6644	(5) THE EXECUTIVE BOARD.—
6645	(a) The executive board may act on behalf of the
6646	commission according to the terms of the compact.
6647	(b) The executive board shall consist of the following
6648	nine members:
6649	1. Seven voting members who are elected by the commission
6650	from the current membership of the commission.

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6651	2. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized
6652	national physical therapy professional association.
6653	3. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized
6654	membership organization of the physical therapy licensing
6655	boards.
6656	(c) The ex officio members shall be selected by their
6657	respective organizations.
6658	(d) The commission may remove any member of the executive
6659	board as provided in its bylaws.
6660	(e) The executive board shall meet at least annually.
6661	(f) The executive board shall do all of the following:
6662	1. Recommend to the entire commission changes to the rules
6663	or bylaws, compact legislation, fees paid by compact member
6664	states, such as annual dues, and any commission compact fee
6665	charged to licensees for the compact privilege.
6666	2. Ensure compact administration services are
6667	appropriately provided, contractually or otherwise.
6668	3. Prepare and recommend the budget.
6669	4. Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission.
6670	5. Monitor compact compliance of member states and provide
6671	compliance reports to the commission.
6672	6. Establish additional committees as necessary.
6673	7. Perform other duties as provided in the rules or
6674	bylaws.

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FINANCING OF THE COMMISSION. -

(a) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

- (b) The commission may accept any appropriate revenue sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
- assessment from each member state or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the commission and its staff. Such assessments and fees must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount must be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the commission, which shall adopt a rule binding upon all member states.
- (d) The commission may not incur obligations of any kind before securing the funds adequate to meet such obligations; nor may the commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
- (e) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission are subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission must be

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audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit must be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.

- (7) QUALIFIED IMMUNITY, DEFENSE, AND INDEMNIFICATION.—
- (a) The members, officers, executive director, employees, and representatives of the commission are immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities. However, this paragraph may not be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of that person.
- (b) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities.

 However, this subsection may not be construed to prohibit any

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member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission from retaining his or her own counsel or to require the commission to defend such person if the actual or alleged act, error, or omission resulted from that person's intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct.

(c) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of that person.

6743 ARTICLE VIII

DATA SYSTEM

- (1) The commission shall provide for the development,
 maintenance, and use of a coordinated database and reporting
 system containing licensure, adverse action, and investigative
 information on all licensees in member states.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to

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6751	the data system on all individuals to whom the compact is
6752	applicable as required by the rules of the commission, including
6753	all of the following:
6754	(a) Identifying information.
6755	(b) Licensure data.
6756	(c) Investigative information.
6757	(d) Adverse actions against a license or compact
6758	privilege.
6759	(e) Nonconfidential information related to alternative
6760	program participation.
6761	(f) Any denial of application for licensure and the reason
6762	for such denial.
6763	(g) Other information that may facilitate the
6764	administration of the compact, as determined by the rules of the
6765	commission.
6766	(3) Investigative information in the system pertaining to
6767	a licensee in any member state must be available only to other
6768	member states.
6769	(4) The commission shall promptly notify all member states
6770	of any adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual
6771	applying for a license in a member state. Adverse action
6772	information pertaining to a licensee in any member state must be
6773	available to all other member states.
6774	(5) Member states contributing information to the data

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system may designate information that may not be shared with the

6776 <u>public without the express permission of the contributing state.</u>
6777 (6) Any information submitted to the data system which is

subsequently required to be expunged by the laws of the member state contributing the information must be removed from the data

6780 system.

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ARTICLE IX

RULEMAKING

- (1) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments become binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.
- (2) If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact within 4 years after the date of adoption of the rule, such rule does not have further force and effect in any member state.
- (3) Rules or amendments to the rules must be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the commission.
- (4) Before adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and at least 30 days before the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the commission must file a notice of proposed rulemaking on all of the following:
- (a) The website of the commission or another publicly accessible platform.

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6801	(b) The website of each member state physical therapy
6802	licensing board or another publicly accessible platform or the
6803	publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed
6804	rules.
6805	(5) The notice of proposed rulemaking must include all of
6806	the following:
6807	(a) The proposed date, time, and location of the meeting
6808	in which the rule will be considered and voted upon.
6809	(b) The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the
6810	reason for the proposed rule.
6811	(c) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any
6812	interested person.
6813	(d) The manner in which interested persons may submit
6814	notice to the commission of their intention to attend the public
6815	hearing and any written comments.
6816	(6) Before adoption of a proposed rule, the commission
6817	must allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
6818	arguments, which must be made available to the public.
6819	(7) The commission must grant an opportunity for a public
6820	hearing before it adopts a rule or an amendment if a hearing is
6821	requested by any of the following:
6822	(a) At least 25 persons.
6823	(b) A state or federal governmental subdivision or agency.
6824	(c) An association having at least 25 members.
6825	(8) If a scheduled public hearing is held on the proposed

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rule or amendment, the commission must publish the date, time, and location of the hearing. If the hearing is held through electronic means, the commission must publish the mechanism for access to the electronic hearing.

- (a) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing must notify the executive director of the commission or another designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing at least 5 business days before the scheduled date of the hearing.
- (b) Hearings must be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing.
- (c) All hearings must be recorded. A copy of the recording must be made available on request.
- (d) This section may not be construed to require a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this section.
- (9) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.
- (10) If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is received, the commission may proceed with adoption of the proposed rule without a public

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- (11) The commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
- (12) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this section are retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than 90 days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this subsection, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to do any of the following:
- (a) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare.
 - (b) Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds.
- (c) Meet a deadline for the adoption of an administrative rule established by federal law or rule.
 - (d) Protect public health and safety.
- (13) The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors.

 Public notice of any revisions must be posted on the website of

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the commission. The revision is subject to challenge by any person for a period of 30 days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge must be made in writing and delivered to the chair of the commission before the end of the notice period. If a challenge is not made, the revision takes effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the commission.

ARTICLE X

OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT

(1) OVERSIGHT.—

- (a) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member state shall enforce the compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to carry out the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of the compact and the rules adopted pursuant thereto shall have standing as statutory law.
- (b) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of the compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the commission.
 - (c) The commission is entitled to receive service of

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process in any such proceeding and has standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the commission renders a judgment or an order void as to the commission, the compact, or the adopted rules.

- (2) DEFAULT, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, AND TERMINATION. -
- (a) If the commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under the compact or the adopted rules, the commission must do all of the following:
- 1. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states of the nature of the default, the proposed means of curing the default, and any other action to be taken by the commission.
- 2. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
- (b) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by the compact may be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
- (c) Termination of membership in the compact may be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. The commission shall give notice of intent to

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suspend or terminate a defaulting member state to the governor and majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature and to each of the member states.

- (d) A state that has been terminated from the compact is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.
- (e) The commission does not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from the compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the defaulting state.
- (f) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.
 - (3) DISPUTE RESOLUTION.—

- (a) Upon request by a member state, the commission must attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact which arise among member states and between member and nonmember states.
- (b) The commission shall adopt a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

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6951	(4) ENFORCEMENT.—
6952	(a) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
6953	discretion, shall enforce the compact and the commission's
6954	rules.
6955	(b) By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal
6956	action in the United States District Court for the District of
6957	Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its
6958	principal offices against a member state in default to enforce
6959	compliance with the provisions of the compact and its adopted
6960	rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive
6961	relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is
6962	necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of
6963	such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.
6964	(c) The remedies under this article are not the exclusive
6965	remedies of the commission. The commission may pursue any other
6966	remedies available under federal or state law.
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6968	ARTICLE XI
6969	DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PHYSICAL THERAPY COMPACT AND
6970	ASSOCIATED RULES; WITHDRAWAL; AND AMENDMENTS
6971	(1) The compact becomes effective on the date that the
6972	compact statute is enacted into law in the tenth member state.
6973	The provisions that become effective at that time are limited to
6974	the powers granted to the commission relating to assembly and
6975	the adoption of rules. Thereafter, the commission shall meet and

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exercise rulemaking powers necessary for the implementation and administration of the compact.

- (2) Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the commission's initial adoption of the rules is subject to the rules as they exist on the date that the compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the commission has the full force and effect of law on the day the compact becomes law in that state.
- (3) Any member state may withdraw from the compact by enacting a statute repealing the same.
- (a) A member state's withdrawal does not take effect until 6 months after enactment of the repealing statute.
- (b) Withdrawal does not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's physical therapy licensing board to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this act before the effective date of withdrawal.
- (4) The compact may not be construed to invalidate or prevent any physical therapy licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a nonmember state which does not conflict with the provisions of the compact.
- (5) The compact may be amended by the member states. An amendment to the compact does not become effective and binding upon any member state until it is enacted into the laws of all

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member states.

ARTICLE XII

CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

The compact must be liberally construed so as to carry out the purposes thereof. The provisions of the compact are severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of the compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any member state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is not affected thereby. If the compact is held contrary to the constitution of any member state, the compact remains in full force and effect as to the remaining member states and in full force and effect as to the member state affected as to all severable matters.

Section 80. The provisions of the Physical Therapy
Licensure Compact do not authorize the Department of Health or
the Board of Physical Therapy to collect a compact privilege
fee, but rather state that fees of this kind are allowable under
the compact. The Department of Health and the Board of Physical
Therapy must comply with the requirements of s. 456.025.

Section 81. Subsection (5) is added to section 486.023, Florida Statutes, to read:

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7026 486.023 Board of Physical Therapy Practice.

(5) The board shall appoint a person to serve as the state's delegate on the Physical Therapy Compact Commission, as required under s. 486.112.

Section 82. Section 486.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 486.125 Refusal, revocation, or suspension of license; administrative fines and other disciplinary measures.—
- (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2) or s. 486.112:
- (a) Being unable to practice physical therapy with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness or use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other type of material or as a result of any mental or physical condition.
- 1. In enforcing this paragraph, upon a finding of the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee that probable cause exists to believe that the licensee is unable to practice physical therapy due to the reasons stated in this paragraph, the department shall have the authority to compel a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant to submit to a mental or physical examination by a physician designated by the department. If the licensee refuses to comply with such order, the department's order directing such examination may be enforced by filing a petition for enforcement

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in the circuit court where the licensee resides or serves as a physical therapy practitioner. The licensee against whom the petition is filed <u>may shall</u> not be named or identified by initials in any public court records or documents, and the proceedings <u>must shall</u> be closed to the public. The department shall be entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011.

- 2. A physical therapist or physical therapist assistant whose license is suspended or revoked pursuant to this subsection shall, at reasonable intervals, be given an opportunity to demonstrate that she or he can resume the competent practice of physical therapy with reasonable skill and safety to patients.
- 3. Neither the record of proceeding nor the orders entered by the board in any proceeding under this subsection may be used against a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant in any other proceeding.
- (b) Having committed fraud in the practice of physical therapy or deceit in obtaining a license as a physical therapist or as a physical therapist assistant.
- (c) Being convicted or found guilty regardless of adjudication, of a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of physical therapy or to the ability to practice physical therapy. The entry of any plea of nolo contendere is shall be considered a conviction for purpose of

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7076 this chapter.

- (d) Having treated or undertaken to treat human ailments by means other than by physical therapy, as defined in this chapter.
- (e) Failing to maintain acceptable standards of physical therapy practice as set forth by the board in rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
- (f) Engaging directly or indirectly in the dividing, transferring, assigning, rebating, or refunding of fees received for professional services, or having been found to profit by means of a credit or other valuable consideration, such as an unearned commission, discount, or gratuity, with any person referring a patient or with any relative or business associate of the referring person. Nothing in This chapter may not shall be construed to prohibit the members of any regularly and properly organized business entity which is comprised of physical therapists and which is recognized under the laws of this state from making any division of their total fees among themselves as they determine necessary.
- (g) Having a license revoked or suspended; having had other disciplinary action taken against her or him; or having had her or his application for a license refused, revoked, or suspended by the licensing authority of another state, territory, or country.
 - (h) Violating a lawful order of the board or department

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7101 previously entered in a disciplinary hearing.

- (i) Making or filing a report or record which the licensee knows to be false. Such reports or records shall include only those which are signed in the capacity of a physical therapist.
- (j) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law or accepting and performing professional responsibilities which the licensee knows or has reason to know that she or he is not competent to perform, including, but not limited to, specific spinal manipulation.
- (k) Violating any provision of this chapter or chapter 456, or any rules adopted pursuant thereto.
- (2) (a) The board may enter an order denying licensure or imposing any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) against any applicant for licensure or licensee who is found guilty of violating any provision of subsection (1) of this section or who is found guilty of violating any provision of s. 456.072(1).
- (b) The board may take adverse action against a physical therapist's or a physical therapist assistant's compact privilege under the Physical Therapy Licensure Compact pursuant to s. 486.112, and may impose any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2), if a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant commits an act specified in subsection (1) or s. 456.072(1).
- (3) The board \underline{may} shall not reinstate the license of a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant or approve

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cause a license to be issued to a person it has deemed unqualified until such time as it is satisfied that she or he has complied with all the terms and conditions set forth in the final order and that such person is capable of safely engaging in the practice of physical therapy.

Section 83. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 624.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

624.27 Direct health care agreements; exemption from code.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 464, or chapter 466, chapter 490, or chapter 491, or a health care group practice, who provides health care services to patients.

Section 84. Subsections (4) through (12) of section 95.11, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (13), respectively, paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraph (n) of subsection (3), paragraphs (f) and (g) of present subsection (5), and present subsection (10) are amended, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

- 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real property.—Actions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows:
 - (2) WITHIN FIVE YEARS.—

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(b) A legal or equitable action on a contract, obligation, or liability founded on a written instrument, except for an action to enforce a claim against a payment bond, which shall be governed by the applicable provisions of paragraph (6)(e) paragraph (5)(e), s. 255.05(10), s. 337.18(1), or s. 713.23(1)(e), and except for an action for a deficiency judgment governed by paragraph (6)(h) paragraph (5)(h).

(3) WITHIN FOUR YEARS.-

- (n) An action for assault, battery, false arrest, malicious prosecution, malicious interference, false imprisonment, or any other intentional tort, except as provided in subsections (5), (6), and (8) subsections (4), (5), and (7).
- (4) WITHIN THREE YEARS.—An action to collect medical debt for services rendered by a facility licensed under chapter 395, provided that the period of limitations shall run from the date on which the facility refers the medical debt to a third party for collection.
 - $(6) \frac{(5)}{(5)}$ WITHIN ONE YEAR.—
- (f) Except for actions described in subsection (9) (8), a petition for extraordinary writ, other than a petition challenging a criminal conviction, filed by or on behalf of a prisoner as defined in s. 57.085.
- (g) Except for actions described in subsection (9)(8), an action brought by or on behalf of a prisoner, as defined in s. 57.085, relating to the conditions of the prisoner's

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7176 confinement.

(11) (10) FOR INTENTIONAL TORTS RESULTING IN DEATH FROM ACTS DESCRIBED IN S. 782.04 OR S. 782.07.—Notwithstanding paragraph (5)(e) paragraph (4)(e), an action for wrongful death seeking damages authorized under s. 768.21 brought against a natural person for an intentional tort resulting in death from acts described in s. 782.04 or s. 782.07 may be commenced at any time. This subsection shall not be construed to require an arrest, the filing of formal criminal charges, or a conviction for a violation of s. 782.04 or s. 782.07 as a condition for filing a civil action.

Section 85. Section 222.26, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 222.26 Additional exemptions from legal process concerning medical debt.—If a debt is owed for medical services provided by a facility licensed under chapter 395, the following property is exempt from attachment, garnishment, or other legal process in an action on such debt:
- (1) A debtor's interest, not to exceed \$10,000 in value, in a single motor vehicle as defined in s. 320.01(1).
- (2) A debtor's interest in personal property, not to exceed \$10,000 in value, if the debtor does not claim or receive the benefits of a homestead exemption under s. 4, Art. X of the State Constitution.

Section 86. Section 627.446, Florida Statutes, is created

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7201 to read: 7202 627.446 Advanced explanation of benefits.-7203 (1) As used in this section, the term "health insurer" 7204 means a health insurer issuing individual or group coverage or a 7205 health maintenance organization issuing coverage through an 7206 individual or a group contract. 7207 (2) Each health insurer shall prepare an advanced 7208 explanation of benefits upon receiving a patient estimate from a 7209 facility pursuant to s. 395.301(1). The health insurer must 7210 provide the advanced explanation of benefits to the insured no 7211 later than 1 business day after receiving the patient estimate 7212 from the facility or, in the case of a service scheduled at least 10 business days in advance, no later than 3 business days 7213 7214 after receiving such estimate. 7215 (3) At a minimum, the advanced explanation of benefits must include detailed coverage and cost-sharing information 7216 7217 pursuant to the No Surprises Act, Title I of Division BB of the 7218 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, Pub. L. No. 116-260. 7219 Section 87. Section 627.447, Florida Statutes, is created 7220 to read:

627.447 Disclosure of discounted cash prices.—A health insurer may not prohibit a provider from disclosing to an insured the option to pay the provider's discounted cash price for health care services. For purposes of this section, the term "discounted cash price" means:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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(1) With respect to a hospital facility, the same meaning
as in 45 CFR 180.20. The term does not include the amount
charged to an individual pursuant to a facility's financial
assistance policy.

- (2) With respect to a provider that is not a hospital, the charge that is applied to an individual who paid for a health care service without filing an insurance claim.
- Section 88. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2), subsection (3), and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 627.6387, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 627.6387 Shared savings incentive program.-
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:

- (b) "Health insurer" means an authorized insurer offering health insurance as defined in s. $627.446 ext{ s. } 624.603$.
- (c) "Shared savings incentive" means a voluntary and optional financial incentive that a health insurer <u>provides</u> may provide to an insured for choosing certain shoppable health care services under a shared savings incentive program which and may include, but is not limited to, the incentives described in s. 626.9541(4)(a).
- (3) A health insurer <u>must</u> <u>may</u> offer a shared savings incentive program to provide incentives to an insured when the insured obtains a shoppable health care service from the health insurer's shared savings list. An insured may not be required to participate in a shared savings incentive program. A health

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7251 insurer that offers a shared savings incentive program must:

- (a) Establish the program as a component part of the policy or certificate of insurance provided by the health insurer and notify the insureds and the office at least 30 days before program termination.
- (b) File a description of the program on a form prescribed by commission rule. The office must review the filing and determine whether the shared savings incentive program complies with this section.
- (c) Notify an insured annually and at the time of renewal, and an applicant for insurance at the time of enrollment, of the availability of the shared savings incentive program, and the procedure to participate in the program, and that participation by the insured is voluntary and optional.
- (d) Publish on a web page easily accessible to insureds and to applicants for insurance a list of shoppable health care services and health care providers and the shared savings incentive amount applicable for each service. A shared savings incentive may not be less than 25 percent of the savings generated by the insured's participation in any shared savings incentive offered by the health insurer. The baseline for the savings calculation is the average in-network amount paid for that service in the most recent 12-month period or some other methodology established by the health insurer and approved by the office.

(e) At least quarterly, credit or deposit the shared savings incentive amount to the insured's account as a return or reduction in premium, or credit the shared savings incentive amount to the insured's flexible spending account, health savings account, or health reimbursement account, or reward the insured directly with cash or a cash equivalent.

- (f) Submit an annual report to the office within 90 business days after the close of each plan year. At a minimum, the report must include the following information:
- 1. The number of insureds who participated in the program during the plan year and the number of instances of participation.
- 2. The total cost of services provided as a part of the program.
- 3. The total value of the shared savings incentive payments made to insureds participating in the program and the values distributed as premium reductions, credits to flexible spending accounts, credits to health savings accounts, or credits to health reimbursement accounts.
- 4. An inventory of the shoppable health care services offered by the health insurer.
- (4)(a) A shared savings incentive offered by a health insurer in accordance with this section:
- 1. Is not an administrative expense for rate development or rate filing purposes and shall be counted as a medical

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- 2. Does not constitute an unfair method of competition or an unfair or deceptive act or practice under s. 626.9541 and is presumed to be appropriate unless credible data clearly demonstrates otherwise.
- 7306 Section 89. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 7307 627.6648, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 627.6648 Shared savings incentive program. -
 - (4)(a) A shared savings incentive offered by a health insurer in accordance with this section:
 - 1. Is not an administrative expense for rate development or rate filing purposes and shall be counted as a medical expense for such purposes.
 - 2. Does not constitute an unfair method of competition or an unfair or deceptive act or practice under s. 626.9541 and is presumed to be appropriate unless credible data clearly demonstrates otherwise.
 - Section 90. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 641.31076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 641.31076 Shared savings incentive program.-
 - (4) A shared savings incentive offered by a health maintenance organization in accordance with this section:
 - (a) Is not an administrative expense for rate development or rate filing purposes and shall be counted as a medical expense for such purposes.

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7326	Section 91. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section
7327	766.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
7328	766.1115 Health care providers; creation of agency
7329	relationship with governmental contractors
7330	(3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
7331	(e) "Low-income" means:
7332	1. A person who is Medicaid-eligible under Florida law;
7333	2. A person who is without health insurance and whose
7334	family income does not exceed 300 200 percent of the federal
7335	poverty level as defined annually by the federal Office of
7336	Management and Budget; or
7337	3. Any client of the department who voluntarily chooses to
7338	participate in a program offered or approved by the department
7339	and meets the program eligibility guidelines of the department.
7340	Section 92. Subsection (14) of section 768.28, Florida
7341	Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (j), (k) , and (1) are added
7342	to subsection (10) of that section, to read:
7343	768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions;
7344	recovery limits; civil liability for damages caused during a
7345	riot; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations;
7346	exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs
7347	(10)
7348	(j) For purposes of this section, the representatives
7349	appointed from the Board of Medicine and the Board of

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Osteopathic Medicine, when serving as commissioners of the

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Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission pursuant to s. 456.4501, and any administrator, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact Commission, when acting within the scope of their employment, duties, or responsibilities in this state, are considered agents of the state. The commission shall pay any claims or judgments pursuant to this section and may maintain insurance coverage to pay any such claims or judgments. (k) For purposes of this section, the individuals appointed under s. 468.1135(4) as the state's delegates on the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Interstate Compact Commission, when serving in that capacity under s. 468.1335, and any administrator, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission, when acting within the scope of his or her employment, duties, or responsibilities in the state, is considered an agent of the state. The commission shall pay any claims or judgments under this section and may maintain insurance coverage to pay any such claims or judgments. (1) For purposes of this section, the individual appointed under s. 486.023(5) as the state's delegate on the Physical Therapy Compact Commission, when serving in that capacity under s. 486.112, and any administrator, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the Physical Therapy Compact Commission, when acting within the scope of his or her

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employment, duties, or responsibilities in this state, is

considered an agent of the state. The commission shall pay any claims or judgments pursuant to this section and may maintain insurance coverage to pay any such claims or judgments.

(14) Every claim against the state or one of its agencies or subdivisions for damages for a negligent or wrongful act or omission pursuant to this section shall be forever barred unless the civil action is commenced by filing a complaint in the court of appropriate jurisdiction within 4 years after such claim accrues; except that an action for contribution must be commenced within the limitations provided in s. 768.31(4), and an action for damages arising from medical malpractice or wrongful death must be commenced within the limitations for such actions in $\underline{s. 95.11(5)}$ $\underline{s. 95.11(4)}$.

Section 93. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (3) of section 1002.32, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 1002.32 Developmental research (laboratory) schools.-
- (3) MISSION.—The mission of a lab school shall be the provision of a vehicle for the conduct of research, demonstration, and evaluation regarding management, teaching, and learning. Programs to achieve the mission of a lab school shall embody the goals and standards established pursuant to ss. 1000.03(5) and 1001.23(1) and shall ensure an appropriate education for its students.
- (f) Each lab school shall develop programs that accelerate the entry of students into articulated health care programs at

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postsecondary institution, with the approval of the university president. Each lab school shall offer technical assistance to any school district seeking to replicate the lab school's programs and must annually report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the development and results of such programs, when available.

Section 94. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (6) of section 1004.015, Florida Statutes, to read:

1004.015 Florida Talent Development Council.-

- (6) The council shall coordinate, facilitate, and communicate statewide efforts to meet supply and demand needs for the state's health care workforce. Annually, by December 1, the council shall report on the implementation of this subsection and any other relevant information on the Florida Talent Development Council's web page located on the Department of Economic Opportunity's website. To support the efforts of the council, the Board of Governors and the State Board of Education shall:
- (c) Require the Commission for Independent Education and the Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida to annually report, for each medical school graduate, by institution and program, the graduates' accepted postgraduation residency programs, including location and specialty. For graduates who accepted a residency program in this state, reported data shall

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7426 <u>identify the accredited program and sponsoring institution of</u> 7427 the residency program.

Section 95. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 1009.8962, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.8962 Linking Industry to Nursing Education (LINE) Fund.—

(3) As used in this section, the term:

- (b) "Institution" means a school district career center under s. 1001.44; a charter technical career center under s. 1002.34; a Florida College System institution; a state university; or an independent nonprofit college or university located and chartered in this state and accredited by an agency or association that is recognized by the database created and maintained by the United States Department of Education to grant baccalaureate degrees; or an independent school, college, or university with an accredited nursing education program as defined in s. 464.003 which is located in and chartered by the state and is licensed by the Commission for Independent Education pursuant to s. 1005.31, which has a nursing education program that meets or exceeds the following:
- 1. For a certified nursing assistant program, a completion rate of at least 70 percent for the prior year.
- 7449 2. For a licensed practical nurse, associate of science in 7450 nursing, and bachelor of science in nursing program, a first-

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time passage rate on the National Council of State Boards of Nursing Licensing Examination of at least $\frac{75}{70}$ percent for the prior year <u>based on at least 10 testing participants</u>.

(9)

(b) Annually, by February 1, each institution awarded grant funds in the previous fiscal year shall submit a report to the Board of Governors and the er Department of Education shall submit to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives a report, as applicable, that demonstrates the expansion as outlined in each the proposal and the use of funds. At minimum, the report must include, by program level, the number of additional nursing education students enrolled; if scholarships were awarded using grant funds, the number of students who received scholarships and the average award amount; and the outcomes of students as reported by the Florida Talent Development Council pursuant to s. 1004.015(6).

Section 96. Section 486.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

486.025 Powers and duties of the Board of Physical Therapy Practice.—The board may administer oaths, summon witnesses, take testimony in all matters relating to its duties under this chapter, establish or modify minimum standards of practice of physical therapy as defined in s. 486.021, including, but not limited to, standards of practice for the performance of dry

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needling by physical therapists, and adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this chapter. The board may also review the standing and reputability of any school or college offering courses in physical therapy and whether the courses of such school or college in physical therapy meet the standards established by the appropriate accrediting agency referred to in $\underline{s.\ 486.031(1)(c)}\ \underline{s.\ 486.031(3)(a)}$. In determining the standing and reputability of any such school and whether the school and courses meet such standards, the board may investigate and personally inspect the school and courses.

Section 97. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 486.0715, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

486.0715 Physical therapist; issuance of temporary permit.—

- (1) The board shall issue a temporary physical therapist permit to an applicant who meets the following requirements:
- (b) Is a graduate of an approved United States physical therapy educational program and meets all the eligibility requirements for licensure under ch. 456, s. 486.031(1)(a), (b), and (c)1. s. 486.031(1)-(3)(a), and related rules, except passage of a national examination approved by the board is not required.

Section 98. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 486.1065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

486.1065 Physical therapist assistant; issuance of

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7501 temporary permit.

- (1) The board shall issue a temporary physical therapist assistant permit to an applicant who meets the following requirements:
- (b) Is a graduate of an approved United States physical therapy assistant educational program and meets all the eligibility requirements for licensure under ch. 456, \underline{s} . 486.102(1)(a), (b), and (c)1. \underline{s} . 486.102(1)-(3)(a), and related rules, except passage of a national examination approved by the board is not required.

Section 99. Subsection (3) of section 395.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.602 Rural hospitals.-

(3) USE OF FUNDS.—It is the intent of the Legislature that funds as appropriated shall be utilized by the department for the purpose of increasing the number of primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, nurse practitioners, and nurses in rural areas, either through the Florida Reimbursement Assistance for Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program established in s.

381.402 as defined by s. 1009.65 or through a federal loan repayment program which requires state matching funds. The department may use funds appropriated for the Florida Reimbursement Assistance for Medical Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program as matching funds for federal loan

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repayment programs for health care personnel, such as that authorized in Pub. L. No. 100-177, s. 203. If the department receives federal matching funds, the department shall only implement the federal program. Reimbursement through either program shall be limited to:

- (a) Primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, nurse practitioners, and nurses employed by or affiliated with rural hospitals, as defined in this act; and
- (b) Primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, nurse practitioners, and nurses employed by or affiliated with rural area health education centers, as defined in this section. These personnel shall practice:
- 1. In a county with a population density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile; or
- 2. Within the boundaries of a hospital tax district which encompasses a population of no greater than 100 persons per square mile.

If the department administers a federal loan repayment program, priority shall be given to obligating state and federal matching funds pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b). The department may use federal matching funds in other health workforce shortage areas and medically underserved areas in the state for loan repayment

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programs for primary care physicians, physician assistants, certified nurse midwives, nurse practitioners, and nurses who are employed by publicly financed health care programs that serve medically indigent persons.

Section 100. Subsection (1) of section 458.316, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.316 Public health certificate.-

(1) Any person desiring to obtain a public health certificate shall submit an application fee not to exceed \$300 and shall demonstrate to the board that he or she is a graduate of an accredited medical school and holds a master of public health degree or is board eligible or certified in public health or preventive medicine, or is licensed to practice medicine without restriction in another jurisdiction in the United States and holds a master of public health degree or is board eligible or certified in public health or preventive medicine, and shall meet the requirements in s. 458.311(1)(a)-(g) and $\underline{(6)}$ $\underline{(5)}$.

Section 101. Section 458.3165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.3165 Public psychiatry certificate.—The board shall issue a public psychiatry certificate to an individual who remits an application fee not to exceed \$300, as set by the board, who is a board-certified psychiatrist, who is licensed to practice medicine without restriction in another state, and who meets the requirements in s. 458.311(1)(a)-(g) and (6)

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recipient of a public psychiatry certificate may use the certificate to work at any public mental health facility or program funded in part or entirely by state funds.

(1) Such certificate shall:

- (a) Authorize the holder to practice only in a public mental health facility or program funded in part or entirely by state funds.
- (b) Be issued and renewable biennially if the State Surgeon General and the chair of the department of psychiatry at one of the public medical schools or the chair of the department of psychiatry at the accredited medical school at the University of Miami recommend in writing that the certificate be issued or renewed.
- (c) Automatically expire if the holder's relationship with a public mental health facility or program expires.
- (d) Not be issued to a person who has been adjudged unqualified or guilty of any of the prohibited acts in this chapter.
- (2) The board may take disciplinary action against a certificateholder for noncompliance with any part of this section or for any reason for which a regular licensee may be subject to discipline.
- Section 102. Subsection (3) of section 468.209, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 468.209 Requirements for licensure.-

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(3) If the board determines that an applicant is qualified to be licensed by endorsement under $\underline{s.\ 456.0145}\ \underline{s.\ 468.213}$, the board may issue the applicant a temporary permit to practice occupational therapy until the next board meeting at which license applications are to be considered, but not for a longer period of time. Only one temporary permit by endorsement shall be issued to an applicant, and it shall not be renewable.

Section 103. Subsection (5) of section 468.511, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.511 Dietitian/nutritionist; temporary permit.-

(5) If the board determines that an applicant is qualified to be licensed by endorsement under s. 468.513, the board may issue the applicant a temporary permit to practice dietetics and nutrition until the next board meeting at which license applications are to be considered, but not for a longer period of time.

Section 104. Paragraphs (a) and (j) of subsection (1) of section 475.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

475.01 Definitions.-

- (1) As used in this part:
- (a) "Broker" means a person who, for another, and for a compensation or valuable consideration directly or indirectly paid or promised, expressly or impliedly, or with an intent to collect or receive a compensation or valuable consideration therefor, appraises, auctions, sells, exchanges, buys, rents, or

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offers, attempts or agrees to appraise, auction, or negotiate the sale, exchange, purchase, or rental of business enterprises or business opportunities or any real property or any interest in or concerning the same, including mineral rights or leases, or who advertises or holds out to the public by any oral or printed solicitation or representation that she or he is engaged in the business of appraising, auctioning, buying, selling, exchanging, leasing, or renting business enterprises or business opportunities or real property of others or interests therein, including mineral rights, or who takes any part in the procuring of sellers, purchasers, lessors, or lessees of business enterprises or business opportunities or the real property of another, or leases, or interest therein, including mineral rights, or who directs or assists in the procuring of prospects or in the negotiation or closing of any transaction which does, or is calculated to, result in a sale, exchange, or leasing thereof, and who receives, expects, or is promised any compensation or valuable consideration, directly or indirectly therefor; and all persons who advertise rental property information or lists. A broker renders a professional service and is a professional within the meaning of s. 95.11(5) (b) s. 95.11(4)(b). Where the term "appraise" or "appraising" appears in the definition of the term "broker," it specifically excludes those appraisal services which must be performed only by a state-licensed or state-certified appraiser, and those appraisal

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services which may be performed by a registered trainee appraiser as defined in part II. The term "broker" also includes any person who is a general partner, officer, or director of a partnership or corporation which acts as a broker. The term "broker" also includes any person or entity who undertakes to list or sell one or more timeshare periods per year in one or more timeshare plans on behalf of any number of persons, except as provided in ss. 475.011 and 721.20.

(j) "Sales associate" means a person who performs any act specified in the definition of "broker," but who performs such act under the direction, control, or management of another person. A sales associate renders a professional service and is a professional within the meaning of \underline{s} . 95.11(5)(b) \underline{s} .

Section 105. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section 475.611, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.611 Definitions.

- (1) As used in this part, the term:
- (h) "Appraiser" means any person who is a registered trainee real estate appraiser, a licensed real estate appraiser, or a certified real estate appraiser. An appraiser renders a professional service and is a professional within the meaning of $\underline{s. 95.11(5)(b)}$ $\underline{s. 95.11(4)(b)}$.

Section 106. Subsection (7) of section 517.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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517.191 Injunction to restrain violations; civil penalties; enforcement by Attorney General.—

- (7) Notwithstanding <u>s. 95.11(5)(f)</u> <u>s. 95.11(4)(f)</u>, an enforcement action brought under this section based on a violation of any provision of this chapter or any rule or order issued under this chapter shall be brought within 6 years after the facts giving rise to the cause of action were discovered or should have been discovered with the exercise of due diligence, but not more than 8 years after the date such violation occurred.
- Section 107. Subsection (4) of section 787.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 787.061 Civil actions by victims of human trafficking.-
- (4) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—The statute of limitations as specified in $\underline{s. 95.11(8)}$ or $\underline{(10)}$ $\underline{s. 95.11(7)}$ or $\underline{(9)}$, as applicable, governs an action brought under this section.

Section 108. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025

fiscal year, the sum of \$30 million in recurring funds from the

General Revenue Fund is appropriated in the Grants and Aids
Health Care Education Reimbursement and Loan Repayment Program

category to the Department of Health for the Florida

Reimbursement Assistance for Medical Education Program

established in s. 381.402, Florida Statutes.

Section 109. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025

fiscal year, the sum of \$8 million in recurring funds from the

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7701 General Revenue Fund is appropriated in the Dental Student Loan 7702 Repayment Program category to the Department of Health for the 7703 Dental Student Loan Repayment Program established in s. 7704 381.4019, Florida Statutes. 7705 Section 110. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 7706 fiscal year, the sum of \$23,357,876 in recurring funds from the 7707 General Revenue Fund is appropriated in the Grants and Aids -7708 Minority Health Initiatives category to the Department of Health 7709 to expand statewide the telehealth minority maternity care 7710 program established in s. 383.2163, Florida Statutes. The 7711 department shall establish 15 regions in which to implement the 7712 program statewide based on the location of hospitals providing 7713 obstetrics and maternity care and pertinent data from nearby 7714 counties for severe maternal morbidity and maternal mortality. 7715 The department shall identify the criteria for selecting 7716 providers for regional implementation and, at a minimum, 7717 consider the maternal level of care designations for hospitals 7718 within the region, the neonatal intensive care unit levels of 7719 hospitals within the region, and the experience of community-7720 based organizations to screen for and treat common pregnancy-7721 related complications. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 7722 Section 111. 7723 fiscal year, the sum of \$25 million in recurring funds from the 7724 General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the Agency for Health 7725 Care Administration to implement the Training, Education, and

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7726 Clinicals in Health (TEACH) Funding Program established in s. 7727 409.91256, Florida Statutes, as created by this act. 7728 Section 112. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 7729 fiscal year, the sum of \$2 million in recurring funds from the 7730 General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the University of 7731 Florida, Florida State University, Florida Atlantic University, 7732 and Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University for the 7733 purpose of implementing lab school articulated health care 7734 programs required by s. 1002.32, Florida Statutes. Each of these 7735 state universities shall receive \$500,000 from this 7736 appropriation. 7737 Section 113. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 7738 fiscal year, the sum of \$5 million in recurring funds from the 7739 General Revenue Fund is appropriated in the Aid to Local 7740 Governments Grants and Aids - Nursing Education category to the 7741 Department of Education for the purpose of implementing the 7742 Linking Industry to Nursing Education (LINE) Fund established in 7743 s. 1009.8962, Florida Statutes. 7744 Section 114. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 7745 fiscal year, the sums of \$21,315,000 in recurring funds from the 7746 General Revenue Fund and \$28,685,000 in recurring funds from the 7747 Medical Care Trust Fund are appropriated in the Graduate Medical 7748 Education category to the Agency for Health Care Administration 7749 for the Slots for Doctors Program established in s. 409.909, 7750 Florida Statutes.

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7751 Section 115. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 7752 fiscal year, the sums of \$42,630,000 in recurring funds from the 7753 Grants and Donations Trust Fund and \$57,370,000 in recurring 7754 funds from the Medical Care Trust Fund are appropriated in the 7755 Graduate Medical Education category to the Agency for Health 7756 Care Administration to provide to statutory teaching hospitals as defined in s. 408.07(46), Florida Statutes, which provide 7757 7758 highly specialized tertiary care, including comprehensive stroke 7759 and Level 2 adult cardiovascular services; NICU II and III; and 7760 adult open heart; and which have more than 30 full-time 7761 equivalent (FTE) residents over the Medicare cap in accordance 7762 with the CMS-2552 provider 2021 fiscal year-end federal Centers 7763 for Medicare and Medicaid Services Healthcare Cost Report, HCRIS 7764 data extract on December 1, 2022, worksheet E-4, line 6 minus 7765 worksheet E-4, line 5, shall be designated as a High Tertiary 7766 Statutory Teaching Hospital and be eligible for funding 7767 calculated on a per Graduate Medical Education resident-FTE 7768 proportional allocation that shall be in addition to any other 7769 Graduate Medical Education funding. Of these funds, \$44,562,400 7770 shall be first distributed to hospitals with greater than 500 7771 unweighted fiscal year 2022-2023 FTEs. The remaining funds shall 7772 be distributed proportionally based on the total unweighted fiscal year 2022-2023 FTEs. Payments to providers under this 7773 7774 section are contingent upon the nonfederal share being provided 7775 through intergovernmental transfers in the Grants and Donations

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Trust Fund. In the event the funds are not available in the Grants and Donations Trust Fund, the State of Florida is not obligated to make payments under this section.

Section 116. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the sums of \$57,402,343 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and \$77,250,115 in recurring funds from the Medical Care Trust Fund are appropriated to the Agency for Health Care Administration to establish a Pediatric Normal Newborn, Pediatric Obstetrics, and Adult Obstetrics Diagnosis Related Grouping (DRG) reimbursement methodology. The fiscal year 2024-2025 General Appropriations Act shall establish the DRG reimbursement methodology for hospital inpatient services as directed in s. 409.905(5)(c), Florida Statutes.

Section 117. Effective October 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the sums of \$14,888,903 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and \$20,036,979 in recurring funds from the Medical Care Trust Fund are appropriated to the Agency for Health Care Administration to provide a Medicaid reimbursement rate increase for dental care services. The funding shall be held in reserve. The agency shall develop a plan to increase Medicaid reimbursement rates for preventive dental care services by September 1, 2024. The agency may submit a budget amendment pursuant to chapter 216, Florida Statutes, requesting release of the funding. The budget amendment must include the final plan to increase Medicaid reimbursement rates for preventive dental care

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services. Health plans that participate in the Statewide Medicaid Managed Care program shall pass through the fee increase to providers in this appropriation.

Section 118. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the sums of \$83,456,275 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and \$112,312,609 in recurring funds from the Operations and Maintenance Trust Fund are appropriated in the Home and Community-Based Services Waiver category to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities to provide a uniform iBudget Waiver provider rate increase.

Section 119. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the sum of \$11,525,152 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is appropriated in the Grants and Aids - Community Mental Health Services category to the Department of Children and Families to enhance crisis diversion through mobile response teams established under s. 394.495, Florida Statutes, by expanding existing or establishing new mobile response teams to increase access, reduce response times, and ensure coverage in every county.

Section 120. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025
fiscal year, the sum of \$10 million in recurring funds from the
General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the Department of Health
to implement the Health Care Screening and Services Grant
Program established in s. 381.9855, Florida Statutes, as created
by this act.

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Section 121. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the sums of \$150,000 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and \$150,000 in nonrecurring funds from the Medical Care Trust Fund are appropriated to the Agency for Health Care Administration to contract with a vendor to develop a reimbursement methodology for covered services at advanced birth centers. The agency shall submit the reimbursement methodology and estimated fiscal impact to the Executive Office of the Governor's Office of Policy and Budget, the chair of the Senate Appropriations Committee, and the chair of the House Appropriations Committee no later than December 31, 2024. Effective October 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 Section 122. fiscal year, the sums of \$12,365,771 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund, \$127,300 in recurring funds from the Refugee Assistance Trust Fund, and \$16,514,132 in recurring funds from the Medical Care Trust Fund are appropriated to the Agency for Health Care Administration to provide a Medicaid reimbursement rate increase for private duty nursing services provided by licensed practical nurses and registered nurses. Health plans that participate in the Statewide Medicaid Managed Care program shall pass through the fee increase to providers in this appropriation. Section 123. Effective October 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the sums of \$14,580,660 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and \$19,622,154 in recurring funds from the

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Medical Care Trust Fund are appropriated to the Agency for
Health Care Administration to provide a Medicaid reimbursement
rate increase for occupational therapy, physical therapy, and
speech therapy providers. Health plans that participate in the
Statewide Medicaid Managed Care program shall pass through the
fee increase to providers in this appropriation.

Section 124. Effective October 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the sums of \$5,522,795 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund and \$7,432,390 in recurring funds from the Medical Care Trust Fund are appropriated to the Agency for Health Care Administration to provide a Medicaid reimbursement rate increase for Current Procedural Terminology codes 97153 and 97155 related to behavioral analysis services. Health plans that participate in the Statewide Medicaid Managed Care program shall pass through the fee increase to providers in this appropriation.

Section 125. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, the sums of \$585,758 in recurring funds and \$1,673,421 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund, \$928,001 in recurring funds and \$54,513 in nonrecurring funds from the Health Care Trust Fund, \$100,000 in nonrecurring funds from the Administrative Trust Fund, and \$585,758 in recurring funds and \$1,573,421 in nonrecurring funds from the Medical Care Trust Fund are appropriated to the Agency for Health Care Administration, and 20 full-time equivalent positions with the

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associated salary rate of 1,247,140 are authorized for the 7877 purpose of implementing this act. 7878 Section 126. Effective July 1, 2024, for the 2024-2025 7879 fiscal year, the sums of \$2,389,146 in recurring funds and 7880 \$1,190,611 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund 7881 and \$1,041,578 in recurring funds and \$287,633 in nonrecurring 7882 funds from the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund are 7883 appropriated to the Department of Health, and 25 full-time 7884 equivalent positions with the associated salary rate of 7885 1,739,740, are authorized for the purpose of implementing this 7886 act. 7887 Section 127. Except as otherwise expressly provided in 7888 this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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