1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to insurance; amending s. 624.3161, 3 F.S.; revising the entities for which the Office of 4 Insurance Regulation is required to conduct market 5 conduct examinations; revising the purpose of the 6 examination; amending s. 624.424, F.S.; requiring 7 insurers and insurer groups to file a specified 8 supplemental report on a monthly basis; requiring that 9 such report include certain information for each zip code for which policies are written; amending s. 10 11 624.4305, F.S.; authorizing the Financial Services 12 Commission to adopt rules related to notice of 13 nonrenewal of residential property insurance policies; amending s. 624.46226, F.S.; revising the requirements 14 for public housing authority self-insurance funds; 15 16 amending s. 626.9201, F.S.; prohibiting insurers from 17 canceling or nonrenewing certain insurance policies 18 under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; 19 providing construction; authorizing the commission to adopt rules and the Commissioner of Insurance 20 21 Regulation to issue orders; amending s. 627.062, F.S.; 22 specifying requirements for rate filings if certain 23 models are used; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; revising 24 requirements for certain policies that are not subject to certain rate increase limitations; amending ss. 25

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628.011 and 628.061, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 628.801, F.S.; revising requirements for rules adopted for insurers that are members of an insurance holding company; deleting an obsolete date; authorizing the commission to adopt rules; amending s. 629.011, F.S.; defining terms; revising the definition of the term "reciprocal insurance"; repealing s. 629.021, F.S., relating to the definition of the term "reciprocal insurer"; repealing s. 629.031, F.S., relating to the scope of ch. 629, F.S.; amending s. 629.051, F.S.; requiring a domestic reciprocal insurer to have and use certain names; requiring certain foreign or alien reciprocal insurers to use a fictitious name; creating s. 629.056, F.S.; requiring a reciprocal insurer to maintain a certain unearned premium reserves; defining the term "net written premiums"; requiring certain actions if the unearned premium reserves are less than a certain amount; repealing s. 629.061, F.S., relating to the term "attorney"; amending s. 629.071, F.S.; revising the surplus funds required of a reciprocal insurer; amending s. 629.081, F.S.; revising the procedure for persons to organize as a domestic reciprocal insurer; specifying requirements for the permit application; requiring that the application be

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accompanied by a specified fee; requiring the office to evaluate and grant or deny the permit application in accordance with specified provisions; amending s. 629.091, F.S.; providing requirements for the application for a certificate of authority to operate as a domestic reciprocal insurer; requiring that such certificate of authority be issued in the name of the reciprocal insurer to its attorney in fact; creating s. 629.094, F.S.; requiring a domestic reciprocal insurer to meet certain requirements to maintain its eligibility for a certificate of authority; amending s. 629.101, F.S.; revising requirements for the power of attorney given by subscribers of a domestic reciprocal insurer to the attorney in fact; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 629.111, F.S.; requiring that modifications of the terms of certain agreements, charters, and powers of attorney be made jointly by the attorney in fact and the subscribers' advisory committee; prohibiting such modifications from taking effect until approval in writing by the office; amending s. 629.121, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; revising the amount of the bond the attorney in fact of a reciprocal insurer must file with the office; amending ss. 629.131 and 629.141, F.S.; conforming

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provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 629.161, F.S.; revising the requirements for a reciprocal insurer that borrows money; providing applicability; amending s. 629.171, F.S.; revising the manner of making and filing the annual statement of a reciprocal insurer; amending s. 629.191, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 629.201, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 629.225, F.S.; prohibiting persons from acquiring certain securities or ownership interests of certain attorneys in fact and controlling companies of certain attorneys in fact; providing an exception; authorizing certain persons to request that the office waive certain requirements; providing that the office may waive certain requirements if specified determinations are made; specifying the requirements of an application to the office relating to certain acquisitions; requiring that such application be accompanied by a specified fee; requiring that amendments be filed with the office under certain circumstances; specifying the manner in which the acquisition application must be reviewed; authorizing the office, and requiring the office if a request for a proceeding is filed, to conduct a proceeding within a specified timeframe to

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consider the appropriateness of such application; requiring that certain time periods be tolled; requiring that written requests for a proceeding be filed within a certain timeframe; authorizing certain persons to take all steps to conclude the acquisition during the pendency of the proceeding or review period; requiring the office to order a proposed acquisition disapproved and that actions to conclude the acquisition be ceased under certain circumstances; prohibiting certain persons from making certain changes during the pendency of the office's review of an acquisition; providing an exception; defining the terms "material change in the operation of the attorney in fact" and "material change in the management of the attorney in fact"; requiring the office to approve or disapprove certain changes upon making certain findings; requiring that a proceeding be conducted within a certain timeframe; requiring that recommended orders and final orders be issued within a certain timeframe; specifying the circumstances under which the office may disapprove an acquisition; specifying that certain persons have the burden of proof; requiring the office to approve an acquisition upon certain findings; specifying that certain votes are not valid and that certain

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acquisitions are void; specifying that certain provisions may be enforced by an injunction; creating a private right of action in favor of the attorney in fact or the controlling company to enforce certain provisions; providing that a certain demand upon the office is not required before certain legal actions; providing that the office is not a necessary party to certain actions; specifying the persons who are deemed designated for service of process and who have submitted to the administrative jurisdiction of the office; providing that approval by the office does not constitute a certain recommendation; providing that certain actions are unlawful; providing criminal penalties; providing a statute of limitations; authorizing a person to rebut a presumption of control by filing certain disclaimers; specifying the contents of such disclaimer; specifying that, after a disclaimer is filed, the attorney in fact is relieved of a certain duty; authorizing the office to order certain persons to cease acquisition of the attorney in fact or controlling company and divest themselves of any stock or ownership interest under certain circumstances; requiring the office to suspend or revoke the reciprocal certificate of authority under certain circumstances; specifying that the attorney in

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fact is deemed to be hazardous to its policyholders if the reciprocal insurer is subject to suspension or revocation; authorizing the office to offer the reciprocal insurer the ability to cure any suspension or revocation under certain circumstances; providing applicability; creating s. 629.227, F.S.; specifying the information as to the background and identity of certain persons which must be furnished by such persons; amending s. 629.231, F.S.; authorizing the levy of assessments upon subscribers of certain assessable reciprocal insurers; requiring that assessments be approved in advance by certain entities; requiring the office to revoke the authorization to convert upon impairment of a surplus of a nonassessable reciprocal insurer; providing for policies that remain in force after such revocation and prohibiting reciprocal insurers from issuing new policies that do not require contingent assessment liability from new subscribers; amending ss. 629.241 and 629.251, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; repealing s. 629.261, F.S., relating to nonassessable policies; amending ss. 629.271 and 629.281, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 629.291, F.S.; providing that certain insurers that merge are governed by the

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insurance code; prohibiting domestic stock insurers from being converted to reciprocal insurers; requiring that specified plans be filed with the office and that such plans contain certain information; authorizing the conversion of assessable reciprocal insurers to nonassessable reciprocal insurers under certain circumstances; providing certain procedures when certain reciprocal insurers convert; prohibiting a reciprocal insurer that becomes impaired from issuing or converting certain policies; providing applicability; amending s. 629.301, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; revising the procedures that apply when an insurer becomes insolvent; repealing s. 629.401, F.S., relating to insurance exchanges; repealing s. 629.520, F.S., relating to the authority of limited reciprocal insurers; creating s. 629.525, F.S.; requiring the commission to adopt, amend, or repeal certain rules; amending ss. 163.01, 624.413, 624.45, and 626.9531, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; requiring compliance by reciprocal insurers and attorneys in fact with increased surplus requirements and bond requirements, respectively, imposed by the act by a specified date; providing an effective date.

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201 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 624.3161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

624.3161 Market conduct examinations.-

- often as it deems necessary, examine each licensed rating organization, each advisory organization, each group, association, carrier, as defined in s. 440.02, or other organization of insurers which engages in joint underwriting or joint reinsurance, the attorney in fact of each reciprocal insurer, and each authorized insurer transacting in this state any class of insurance to which the provisions of chapter 627 is are applicable. The examination must shall be for the purpose of ascertaining compliance by the person examined with the applicable provisions of chapters 440, 624, 626, 627, 629, and 635.
- Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section 624.424, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 624.424 Annual statement and other information. -
 - (10) (a) Each insurer or insurer group doing business in this state shall file, on a monthly quarterly basis in conjunction with financial reports required by paragraph (1) (a), a supplemental report on an individual and group basis on a form prescribed by the commission with information on personal lines

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and commercial lines residential property insurance policies in this state. The supplemental report must shall include separate information for personal lines property policies and for commercial lines property policies and totals for each item specified, including premiums written for each of the property lines of business as described in ss. 215.555(2)(c) and 627.351(6)(a). The report must shall include the following information for each zip code for which policies are written county on a monthly basis:

- Total number of policies in force at the end of each month.
 - Total number of policies canceled. 2.

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- Total number of policies nonrenewed.
- 4. Number of policies canceled due to hurricane risk.
- 5. Number of policies nonrenewed due to hurricane risk.
- 6. Number of new policies written.
- 242 Total dollar value of structure exposure under policies 7. 243 that include wind coverage.
 - Number of policies that exclude wind coverage. 8.
 - 9. Number of claims open each month.
 - 10. Number of claims closed each month.
 - Number of claims pending each month. 11.
- 12. Number of claims in which either the insurer or 249 insured invoked any form of alternative dispute resolution, and specifying which form of alternative dispute resolution was

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251 used.

Section 3. Section 624.4305, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

624.4305 Nonrenewal of residential property insurance policies.—Any insurer planning to nonrenew more than 10,000 residential property insurance policies in this state within a 12-month period shall give notice in writing to the Office of Insurance Regulation for informational purposes 90 days before the issuance of any notices of nonrenewal. The notice provided to the office must set forth the insurer's reasons for such action, the effective dates of nonrenewal, and any arrangements made for other insurers to offer coverage to affected policyholders. The commission may adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 624.46226, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

624.46226 Public housing authorities self-insurance funds; exemption for taxation and assessments.—

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any two or more public housing authorities in the state as defined in chapter 421 may form a self-insurance fund for the purpose of pooling and spreading liabilities of its members as to any one or combination of casualty risk or real or personal property risk of every kind and every interest in such property against loss or damage from any hazard or cause and against any loss

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consequential to such loss or damage, provided the selfinsurance fund that is created:

- (d) Maintains a continuing program of excess insurance coverage and reinsurance reserve evaluation to protect the financial stability of the fund in an amount and manner determined by a qualified and independent actuary. The program must, at a minimum, this program must:
- 1. <u>Include a net retention in an amount and manner</u>

 selected by the administrator, ratified by the governing body,
 and certified by a qualified actuary;
- 2. Include reinsurance or Purchase excess insurance from authorized insurance carriers or eligible surplus lines insurers; and.
- 3. Be certified by a qualified and independent actuary as to the program's adequacy. This certification must be submitted simultaneously with the certifications required under paragraphs (b) and (c).
- 2. Retain a per-loss occurrence that does not exceed \$350,000.

A for-profit or not-for-profit corporation, limited liability company, or other similar business entity in which a public housing authority holds an ownership interest or participates in its governance under s. 421.08(8) may join a self-insurance fund formed under this section in which such public housing authority

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participates. Such for-profit or not-for-profit corporation, limited liability company, or other similar business entity may join the self-insurance fund solely to insure risks related to public housing.

Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 626.9201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.9201 Notice of cancellation or nonrenewal.-

- (2) An insurer issuing a policy providing coverage for property, casualty, surety, or marine insurance must give the named insured written notice of cancellation or termination other than nonrenewal at least 45 days before the effective date of the cancellation or termination, including in the written notice the reasons for the cancellation or termination, except that:
- (a) If cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, at least 10 days' written notice of cancellation accompanied by the reason for cancellation must be given. As used in this paragraph, the term "nonpayment of premium" means the failure of the named insured to discharge when due any of his or her obligations in connection with the payment of premiums on a policy or an installment of such a premium, whether the premium or installment is payable directly to the insurer or its agent or indirectly under any plan for financing premiums or extension of credit or the failure of the named insured to maintain membership in an organization if such membership is a condition

precedent to insurance coverage. The term also includes the failure of a financial institution to honor the check of an applicant for insurance which was delivered to a licensed agent for payment of a premium, even if the agent previously delivered or transferred the premium to the insurer. If a correctly dishonored check represents payment of the initial premium, the contract and all contractual obligations are void ab initio unless the nonpayment is cured within the earlier of 5 days after actual notice by certified mail is received by the applicant or 15 days after notice is sent to the applicant by certified mail or registered mail, and, if the contract is void, any premium received by the insurer from a third party must shall be refunded to that party in full; and

- (b) If cancellation or termination occurs during the first 90 days during which the insurance is in force and if the insurance is canceled or terminated for reasons other than nonpayment, at least 20 days' written notice of cancellation or termination accompanied by the reason for cancellation or termination must be given, except if there has been a material misstatement or misrepresentation or failure to comply with the underwriting requirements established by the insurer; and.
- (c)1. Upon a declaration of an emergency pursuant to s.

 252.36 and the filing of an order by the Commissioner of

 Insurance Regulation, an insurer may not cancel or nonrenew a

 personal residential or commercial residential property

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insurance policy covering a dwelling or residential property
located in this state which has been damaged as a result of a
hurricane that is the subject of the declaration of emergency
for a period of 90 days after the dwelling or residential
property has been repaired. A dwelling or residential property
is deemed to be repaired when substantially completed and
restored to the extent that the dwelling or residential property
is insurable by another insurer that is writing policies in this
state.
2. An insurer or agent may cancel or nonrenew such a
policy before the repair of the dwelling or residential
property:

- a. Upon 10 days' notice for nonpayment of premium; orb. Upon 45 days' notice:
- (I) For a material misstatement or fraud related to the claim;
- (II) If the insurer determines that the insured has unreasonably caused a delay in the repair of the dwelling or residential property; or
 - (III) If the insurer has paid policy limits.
- 3. If the insurer elects to nonrenew a policy covering a dwelling or residential property that has been damaged, the insurer must provide at least 90 days' notice to the insured that the insurer intends to nonrenew the policy 90 days after the dwelling or residential property has been repaired.

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4. This paragraph does not preven	t the insurer from
canceling or nonrenewing the policy 90	days after the repairs
are complete for the same reasons the i	nsurer would otherwise
have canceled or nonrenewed the policy	but for the limitation
imposed in subparagraph 1.	

- 5. The commission may adopt rules, and the Commissioner of Insurance Regulation may issue orders, necessary to implement this paragraph.
- Section 6. Paragraph (j) of subsection (2) of section 627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 627.062 Rate standards.-

- (2) As to all such classes of insurance:
- (j) With respect to residential property insurance rate filings, the rate filing:
- 1. Must account for mitigation measures undertaken by policyholders to reduce hurricane losses and windstorm losses.
- 2. May use a modeling indication that is the weighted or straight average of two or more hurricane loss projection models found by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology to be accurate or reliable pursuant to s. 627.0628. If an averaged model is used under this subparagraph, the same averaged model must be used throughout this state. If a weighted average is used, the insurer must provide the office with a justification for using the weighted average which shows that it results in a rate that is reasonable, adequate, and fair.

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The provisions of this subsection do not apply to workers' compensation, employer's liability insurance, and motor vehicle insurance.

Section 7. Paragraph (n) of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.-

(6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. -

(n)1. Rates for coverage provided by the corporation must be actuarially sound pursuant to s. 627.062 and not competitive with approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market so that the corporation functions as a residual market mechanism to provide insurance only when insurance cannot be procured in the voluntary market, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. The office shall provide the corporation such information as would be necessary to determine whether rates are competitive. The corporation shall file its recommended rates with the office at least annually. The corporation shall provide any additional information regarding the rates which the office requires. The office shall consider the recommendations of the board and issue a final order establishing the rates for the corporation within 45 days after the recommended rates are

2. In addition to the rates otherwise determined pursuant

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challenge or judicial review of the final order of the office.

filed. The corporation may not pursue an administrative

to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and collect an amount equal to the premium tax provided in s. 624.509 to augment the financial resources of the corporation.

- 3. After the public hurricane loss-projection model under s. 627.06281 has been found to be accurate and reliable by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, the model shall be considered when establishing the windstorm portion of the corporation's rates. The corporation may use the public model results in combination with the results of private models to calculate rates for the windstorm portion of the corporation's rates. This subparagraph does not require or allow the corporation to adopt rates lower than the rates otherwise required or allowed by this paragraph.
- 4. The corporation must make a recommended actuarially sound rate filing for each personal and commercial line of business it writes.
- 5. Notwithstanding the board's recommended rates and the office's final order regarding the corporation's filed rates under subparagraph 1., the corporation shall annually implement a rate increase which, except for sinkhole coverage, does not exceed the following for any single policy issued by the corporation, excluding coverage changes and surcharges:
 - a. Twelve percent for 2023.

- b. Thirteen percent for 2024.
- c. Fourteen percent for 2025.

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d. Fifteen percent for 2026 and all subsequent years.

- 6. The corporation may also implement an increase to reflect the effect on the corporation of the cash buildup factor pursuant to s. 215.555(5)(b).
- 7. The corporation's implementation of rates as prescribed in subparagraphs 5. and 8. shall cease for any line of business written by the corporation upon the corporation's implementation of actuarially sound rates. Thereafter, the corporation shall annually make a recommended actuarially sound rate filing that is not competitive with approved rates in the admitted voluntary market for each commercial and personal line of business the corporation writes.
- 8. The following New or renewal personal lines policies that do not cover a primary residence written on or after November 1, 2023, are not subject to the rate increase limitations in subparagraph 5., but may not be charged more than 50 percent above, nor less than, the prior year's established rate for the corporation:

a. Policies that do not cover a primary residence;

- b. New policies under which the coverage for the insured risk, before the date of application with the corporation, was last provided by an insurer determined by the office to be unsound or an insurer placed in receivership under chapter 631; or
 - c. Subsequent renewals of those policies, including the

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new policies in sub-subparagraph b., under which the coverage for the insured risk, before the date of application with the corporation, was last provided by an insurer determined by the office to be unsound or an insurer placed in receivership under chapter 631.

9. As used in this paragraph, the term "primary residence" means the dwelling that is the policyholder's primary home or is a rental property that is the primary home of the tenant, and which the policyholder or tenant occupies for more than 9 months of each year.

Section 8. Section 628.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

628.011 Scope of part.—This part applies only to domestic stock insurers, mutual insurers, and captive insurers, except that s. 628.341(2) applies also as to foreign and alien insurers.

Section 9. Section 628.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

628.061 Investigation of proposed organization.—In connection with any proposal to <u>organize incorporate</u> a domestic insurer, the office shall make an investigation of:

- (1) The character, reputation, financial standing, and motives of the organizers, incorporators, and subscribers organizing the proposed insurer.
 - (2) The character, financial responsibility, insurance

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experience, and business qualifications of its proposed officers.

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- (3) The character, financial responsibility, business experience, and standing of the proposed stockholders and directors.
- Section 10. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 628.801, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 628.801 Insurance holding companies; registration; regulation.—
- An insurer that is authorized to do business in this state and that is a member of an insurance holding company shall, on or before April 1 of each year, register with the office and file a registration statement and be subject to regulation with respect to its relationship to the holding company as provided by law or rule. The commission shall adopt rules establishing the information and statement form required for registration and the manner in which registered insurers and their affiliates are regulated. The rules apply to domestic insurers, foreign insurers, and commercially domiciled insurers, except for foreign insurers domiciled in states that are currently accredited by the NAIC. Except to the extent of any conflict with this code, the rules must include all requirements and standards of the Insurance Holding Company System Model Regulation and ss. 4 and 5 of the Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act and the Insurance Holding Company System

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Model Regulation of the NAIC, as adopted in December 2020 2010. The commission may adopt subsequent amendments thereto if the methodology remains substantially consistent. The rules may include a prohibition on oral contracts between affiliated entities. Material transactions between an insurer and its affiliates <u>must shall</u> be filed with the office as provided by rule.

- (2) Effective January 1, 2015, The ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration shall also file an annual enterprise risk report on or before April 1. As used in this subsection, the term "ultimate controlling person" means a person who is not controlled by any other person. The report must, to the best of the ultimate controlling person's knowledge and belief, must identify the material risks within the insurance holding company system that could pose enterprise risk to the insurer. The report must shall be filed with the lead state office of the insurance holding company system as determined by the procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the NAIC and is confidential and exempt from public disclosure as provided in s. 624.4212.
- (a) An insurer may satisfy this requirement by providing the office with the most recently filed parent corporation reports that have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission which provide the appropriate enterprise risk information.

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(b) The term "enterprise risk" means an activity, \underline{a}
circumstance, \underline{an} event, or \underline{a} series of events involving one or
more affiliates of an insurer which, if not remedied promptly,
are likely to have a materially adverse effect upon the
financial condition or liquidity of the insurer or its insurance
holding company system as a whole, including anything that would
cause the insurer's risk-based capital to fall into company
action level as set forth in s. 624.4085 or would cause the
insurer to be in a hazardous financial condition.

- (c) The commission may adopt rules for filing the annual enterprise risk report in accordance with the Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Act and the Insurance Holding Company System Model Regulation of the NAIC, as adopted in December 2020.
- (5) Effective January 1, 2015, The failure to file a registration statement, or a summary of the registration statement, or the enterprise risk filing report required by this section within the time specified for filing is a violation of this section.
- Section 11. Section 629.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 629.011 <u>Definitions</u> "Reciprocal insurance" defined.—<u>As</u> used in this part, the term:
- (1) "Affiliated person" of another person means any of the following:

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576	(a) The spouse of the other person.
577	(b) The parents of the other person and their lineal
578	descendants, or the parents of the other person's spouse and
579	their lineal descendants.
580	(c) A person who directly or indirectly owns or controls,
581	or holds with the power to vote, 10 percent or more of the
582	outstanding voting securities of the other person.
583	(d) A person who directly or indirectly owns 10 percent or
584	more of the outstanding voting securities that are directly or
585	indirectly owned or controlled, or held with the power to vote,
586	by the other person.
587	(e) A person or group of persons who directly or
588	indirectly control, are controlled by, or are under common
589	control with the other person.
590	(f) A person who is a director, an officer, a trustee, a
591	partner, an owner, a manager, a joint venturer, or an employee,
592	or another person who is performing duties similar to those of a
593	person in one of the aforementioned positions.
594	(g) If the other person is an investment company, any
595	investment adviser of such company or any member of an advisory
596	board of such company.
597	(h) If the other person is an unincorporated investment
598	company not having a board of directors, the depositor of such
599	company.
600	(i) A person who has entered into an agreement, written or

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A person who has entered into an agreement, written or

unwritten, to act in concert with the other person in acquiring or limiting the disposition of:

1. Securities of an attorney in fact or controlling company that is a stock corporation; or

- 2. An ownership interest of an attorney in fact or controlling company that is not a stock corporation.
- (2) "Attorney in fact" means the attorney in fact of a reciprocal insurer. The attorney in fact may be an individual, a corporation, or another person.
- (3) "Controlling company" means any person, corporation, trust, limited liability company, association, or other entity owning, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of one or more attorneys in fact that are stock corporations, or 10 percent or more of the ownership interest of one or more attorneys in fact that are not stock corporations.
- (4) "Reciprocal insurance" means is that resulting from an interexchange among persons, known as "subscribers," of reciprocal agreements of indemnity, the interexchange being effectuated through an "attorney in fact" common to all such persons.
- (5) "Reciprocal insurer" means an insurer that is an unincorporated aggregation of subscribers domiciled in this state operating individually and collectively through an attorney in fact to provide reciprocal insurance to such subscribers. A domestic reciprocal insurer must be licensed as

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626	an assessable or a nonassessable reciprocal insurer.
627	(a) An assessable reciprocal insurer may require that its
628	subscribers make up any shortfall in capital and surplus to
629	cover claims and expenses, either jointly or severally.
630	(b) A nonassessable reciprocal insurer has no recourse
631	against subscribers for any shortfall in capital and surplus to
632	cover claims and expenses.
633	Section 12. <u>Section 629.021</u> , Florida Statutes, is
634	repealed.
635	Section 13. <u>Section 629.031, Florida Statutes, is</u>
636	repealed.
637	Section 14. Section 629.051, Florida Statutes, is amended
638	to read:
639	629.051 Name; suits.—A reciprocal insurer shall:
640	(1) A domestic reciprocal insurer shall have and use a
641	business name <u>that must</u> . The name shall include the word
642	"reciprocal," or "interinsurer," or "interinsurance," or
643	"exchange," $rac{d}{dt}$ "underwriters," or "underwriting $rac{dt}{dt}$ " $rac{dt}{dt}$
644	requirement shall not apply as to any insurer holding a
645	certificate of authority to transact insurance in this state
646	immediately prior to the effective date of this code.
647	(2) A foreign or alien reciprocal insurer transacting
648	business in this state, whose name does not include the word
649	"reciprocal," "interinsurer," "interinsurance," "exchange,"
650	"underwriters," or "underwriting," shall use a fictitious name,

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

651	registered in accordance with s. 865.09, which includes one of
652	those words when transacting business in this state.
653	(3) A reciprocal insurer may sue and be sued in its own
654	name.
655	Section 15. Section 629.056, Florida Statutes, is created
656	to read:
657	629.056 Premium reserves.—A reciprocal insurer shall at
658	all times maintain unearned premium reserves equal to 50 percent
659	of the net written premiums of the subscribers on policies
660	having 1 year or less to run, and pro rata on policies running
661	for longer periods, except that all premiums on any marine or
662	transportation insurance trip risk are deemed unearned until the
663	trip is terminated. For the purpose of this section, the term
664	"net written premiums" means the premium payments made by
665	subscribers plus the premiums due from subscribers, after
666	deducting the amounts specifically provided in the subscribers'
667	agreements for expenses, including reinsurance costs and fees
668	paid to the attorney in fact, provided that the power of
669	attorney agreement contains an explicit provision requiring the
670	attorney in fact to refund any unearned subscriber fees on a pro
671	rata basis for canceled policies. In the absence of such a
672	provision, the unearned premium reserves must be calculated
673	without any adjustment for fees paid to the attorney in fact. If
674	the unearned premium reserves at any time are less than
675	\$300,000, additional funds in cash or eligible securities must

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76	be maintained on deposit at the exchange at all times which,
577	together with the unearned premium reserves, equal \$300,000. In
578	calculating these reserves, the amount of the attorney in fact's
579	bond, as filed with the office and as required by s. 629.121,
580	must be included in such reserves. If at any time the unearned
81	premium reserves are less than those required, the subscribers,
82	or the attorney in fact, must advance funds to cover the
583	deficiency. Such advances may only be repaid out of the surplus
84	of the exchange and only after receiving written approval from
85	the office.
86	Section 16. Section 629.061, Florida Statutes, is
87	repealed.
88	Section 17. Section 629.071, Florida Statutes, is amended
89	to read:
590	629.071 Surplus funds required.—The surplus required of a
591	reciprocal insurer is as required in s. 624.407 as to the kind
592	of insurance proposed to be transacted.
593	(1) A domestic reciprocal insurer hereunder formed, if it
594	has otherwise complied with the applicable provisions of this
95	code, may be authorized to transact insurance if it has and
96	thereafter maintains surplus funds of not less than \$250,000.
597	(2) In addition to the surplus required to be maintained
598	under subsection (1), the insurer shall have, when first so
599	authorized, an expendable surplus of not less than \$750,000.
00	Section 18. Section 629.081, Florida Statutes, is amended

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701 to read:

629.081 Organization of reciprocal insurer.-

- who wish to organize as a domestic reciprocal insurer may make application to the office for a permit to do so. A domestic reciprocal insurer may not be formed unless the persons so proposing have first received a permit from the office may organize a domestic reciprocal insurer and make application to the office for a certificate of authority to transact insurance.
- or the proposed attorney in fact, must be in writing and made in accordance with forms prescribed by the commission. In addition to any applicable requirements of s. 628.051 or other relevant statutes, the application must include all of the following shall fulfill the requirements of and shall execute and file with the office, when applying for a certificate of authority, a declaration setting forth:
- (a) The name of the proposed reciprocal insurer, which must be in accordance with s. $629.051.\div$
- (b) The location of the insurer's principal office, which $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be the same as that of the $\underline{\text{proposed}}$ attorney $\underline{\text{in fact}}$ and $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be maintained within this state.
 - (c) The kinds of insurance proposed to be transacted. +
- (d) The names and addresses of the original $\underline{25}$ or more subscribers.÷

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(e) The <u>proposed</u> designation and appointment of the proposed attorney <u>in fact</u> and a copy of the power of attorney <u>.</u>;

- (f) The names and addresses of the officers and directors of the <u>proposed</u> attorney <u>in fact</u>, if a corporation, or of its members, if other than a corporation. \div
- for all officers, directors, managers, and those in equivalent positions of the proposed attorney in fact as well as for any person with an ownership interest of 10 percent or more in the proposed attorney in fact.
- (h) The articles of incorporation and bylaws, or equivalent documents, of the proposed attorney in fact, dated within the last year and appropriately certified.
- (i) The proposed charter powers of the subscribers' advisory committee, and the names and terms of office of the members thereof, as well as the background information as specified in s. 629.227 for each proposed member.;
- (h) That all moneys paid to the reciprocal shall, after deducting therefrom any sum payable to the attorney, be held in the name of the insurer and for the purposes specified in the subscribers' agreement;
 - $\underline{\text{(j)}}\underline{\text{(i)}}$ A copy of the <u>proposed</u> subscribers' agreement.
- (j) A statement that each of the original subscribers has in good faith applied for insurance of a kind proposed to be transacted, and that the insurer has received from each such

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751	subscriber the full premium or premium deposit required for the
752	policy applied for, for a term of not less than 6 months at an
753	adequate rate theretofore filed with and approved by the office;
754	(k) A statement of the financial condition of the insurer,
755	a schedule of its assets, and a statement that the surplus as
756	required by s. 629.071 is on hand; and
757	(1) A copy of each policy, endorsement, and application
758	form it then proposes to issue or use.
759	(1) A copy of the bond required under s. 629.121.
760	(3) The filing must be accompanied by the application fee
761	required by s. 624.501(1)(a) and such other pertinent
762	information and documents as reasonably requested by the office.
763	(4) The office shall evaluate and grant or deny the permit
764	application in accordance with ss. 628.061, 628.071, and other
765	relevant provisions of the code.
766	
767	Such declaration shall be acknowledged by the attorney before an
768	officer authorized to take acknowledgments.
769	Section 19. Section 629.091, Florida Statutes, is amended
770	to read:
771	629.091 Reciprocal certificate of authority
772	(1) To apply for a certificate of authority as a domestic
773	reciprocal insurer, the attorney in fact of an applicant who has
774	previously received a permit from the office may file an

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application in accordance with forms prescribed by the

776 commission which, in addition to applicable requirements of ss.

777 624.404, 624.411, 624.413, and other relevant statutes, consists

778 of all of the following:

(a) Executed copies of any proposed or draft documents required as part of the permit application.

- (b) A statement affirming that all moneys paid to the reciprocal shall, after deducting therefrom any sum payable to the attorney in fact, be held in the name of the insurer and for the purposes specified in the subscribers' agreement.
- (c) A statement that each of the original subscribers has in good faith applied for insurance of a kind proposed to be transacted, and that the insurer has received from each such subscriber the full premium or premium deposit required for the policy applied for, for a term of not less than 6 months at the rate that was filed with and approved by the office.
 - (d) A copy of the bond required under s. 629.121.
- (e) A statement of the financial condition of the insurer, a schedule of its assets, and a statement that the surplus as required by s. 629.071 is on hand.
- (f) Such other pertinent information or documents as reasonably requested by the office.
- (2) The <u>reciprocal</u> certificate of authority <u>must</u> of a reciprocal insurer shall be issued to its attorney in the name of the <u>reciprocal</u> insurer to its attorney in fact.
 - Section 20. Section 629.094, Florida Statutes, is created

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801	to read:
802	629.094 Continued eligibility for certificate of
803	authorityIn order to maintain its eligibility for a
804	certificate of authority, a domestic reciprocal insurer must
805	continue to meet all conditions required to be met under this
806	code and the rules adopted thereunder for the initial
807	applications for a permit and certificate of authority.
808	Section 21. Section 629.101, Florida Statutes, is amended
809	to read:
810	629.101 Power of attorney.—
811	(1) The rights and powers of the attorney in fact of a
812	domestic reciprocal insurer are shall be as provided in the
813	power of attorney given it by the subscribers.
814	(2) The power of attorney must set forth $\underline{\text{all of the}}$
815	following:
816	(a) The powers of the attorney $in fact. \div$
817	(b) That the attorney $\underline{\text{in fact}}$ is empowered to accept
818	service of process on behalf of the insurer in actions against
819	the insurer upon contracts exchanged $\underline{\cdot} \cdot \hat{\boldsymbol{\tau}}$
820	(c) The place where the office of the attorney in fact is
821	maintained.
822	(d) The general services to be performed by the attorney
823	in fact.;
824	$\underline{\text{(e)}}$ (d) The maximum amount to be deducted from advance
825	premiums or deposits to be paid to the attorney in fact and the

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general items of expense in addition to losses, to be paid by the insurer. ; and

- <u>(f)</u> (e) Except as to nonassessable policies, a provision for a contingent several liability of each subscriber in a specified amount, which amount <u>may shall be</u> not <u>be</u> less than 5 <u>times</u> nor more than 10 times the premium or premium deposit stated in the policy.
 - (3) The power of attorney may:

- $\underline{(g)}$ (a) Provide for The right of substitution of the attorney \underline{in} fact and revocation of the power of attorney and rights thereunder.
- $\underline{\text{(h)}}$ (b) Impose such Restrictions upon the exercise of the power as are agreed upon by the subscribers.
- $\underline{\text{(i)}}$ (c) Provide for The exercise of any right reserved to the subscribers directly or through their advisory committee $\underline{\cdot}$; and
- (3) (d) The power of attorney may contain other lawful provisions deemed advisable.
- (4) The terms of any power of attorney or agreement collateral thereto <u>must shall</u> be reasonable and equitable, and no such power or agreement <u>may shall</u> be used or be effective in this state unless filed with the office.
- Section 22. Section 629.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 629.111 Modifications. Modifications of the terms of the

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committee, or of the power of attorney of a domestic reciprocal insurer <u>must shall</u> be made jointly by the attorney <u>in fact</u> and the subscribers' advisory committee. No such modification <u>may shall</u> be effective retroactively, nor as to any insurance contract issued prior thereto. <u>A modification may not take effect until filed with</u>, and approved in writing by, the office.

Section 23. Section 629.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

629.121 Attorney in fact's Attorney's bond.

- (1) Concurrently with the filing of the <u>permit application</u> declaration provided for in s. 629.081, the attorney <u>in fact</u> of a domestic reciprocal insurer shall file with the office a bond in favor of this state for the benefit of all persons damaged as a result of breach by the attorney <u>in fact</u> of the conditions of <u>its his or her</u> bond as set forth in subsection (2). The bond <u>must shall</u> be executed by the attorney <u>in fact</u> and by an authorized corporate surety and <u>is shall be</u> subject to the approval of the office.
- (2) The bond <u>must shall</u> be in the sum of \$300,000 \$100,000, aggregate in form, the bond conditioned that the attorney <u>in fact</u> will faithfully account for all moneys and other property of the insurer coming into <u>its</u> his or her hands, and that <u>it</u> he or she will not withdraw or appropriate to <u>its</u> his or her own use from the funds of the insurer any moneys or

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property to which $\underline{\text{it}}$ he or she is not entitled under the power of attorney.

(3) The bond $\underline{\text{must}}$ shall provide that it is not subject to cancellation unless 30 days' advance notice in writing of cancellation is given both the attorney in fact and the office.

Section 24. Section 629.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

629.131 Deposit in lieu of bond.—In lieu of the bond required under s. 629.121, the attorney in fact may maintain on deposit with the department a like amount in value of securities qualified for deposit under s. 625.52 and subject to the same conditions as the bond.

Section 25. Section 629.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

attorney's bond or to recover against any such deposit made in lieu thereof may be brought at any time by one or more subscribers suffering loss through a violation of its conditions or by a receiver or liquidator of the insurer. Amounts recovered on the bond shall be deposited in and become part of the insurer's funds. The total aggregate liability of the surety shall be limited to the amount of the penalty of such bond.

Section 26. Section 629.161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

629.161 Contributions to insurer.

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(1) A reciprocal insurer may borrow money to defray the expenses of its organization, to provide itself with surplus funds, or for any purpose of its business, upon a written agreement that such money is required to be repaid only out of the insurer's surplus in excess of that stipulated in such agreement. Any interest stipulated in such agreement may not constitute a liability of the insurer as to its funds other than such excess of surplus. Commission or promotion expense may not be paid in connection with any such loan.

- if so stipulated in the agreement, may not form a part of the insurer's legal liabilities, except as to its surplus in excess of the amount stipulated in the agreement, or be the basis of any setoff; but until repaid, financial statements filed or published by the insurer must show as a footnote to such statement the amount of the unpaid loan together with any interest accrued but unpaid.
- (3) Any such loan to a reciprocal insurer is subject to the approval of the office for the issue and the rate of interest to be paid. The reciprocal insurer shall, in advance of the loan, file with the office a statement of the purpose of the loan and a copy of the proposed loan agreement. The office shall disapprove any proposed loan or agreement if it finds that the loan is unnecessary or excessive for the purpose intended; that the terms of the loan agreement are not fair and equitable to

the parties and to other similar lenders, if any, to the reciprocal insurer; or that the information so filed by the reciprocal insurer is inadequate.

- (4) Any such loan to a reciprocal insurer, or a substantial portion of such loan, must be repaid by the reciprocal insurer when no longer reasonably necessary for the purpose originally intended. A reciprocal insurer may not repay such loan or any interest on such loan unless repayment is approved in advance by the office.
- (5) This section does not apply to loans obtained by the reciprocal insurer in the ordinary course of business from banks and other financial institutions, or to loans secured by pledge or mortgage of assets The attorney or other parties may advance to a domestic reciprocal insurer upon reasonable terms such funds as it may require from time to time in its operations. Sums so advanced shall not be treated as a liability of the insurer and, except upon liquidation of the insurer, shall not be withdrawn or repaid except out of the insurer's realized earned surplus in excess of its minimum required surplus. No such withdrawal or repayment shall be made without the advance approval of the office. This section does not apply as to bank loans or to loans made upon security.

Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 629.171, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

629.171 Annual statement.

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(1) The annual statement of a reciprocal insurer $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be made and filed by its attorney $\underline{\text{in fact in the same}}$ manner as domestic stock insurers under s. 624.424.

Section 28. Section 629.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

629.191 Who may be subscribers.—Individuals, partnerships, and corporations of this state may make applications for, enter into agreements for, and hold policies or contracts in or with, and be subscribers of, any domestic, foreign, or alien reciprocal insurer.

Section 29. Section 629.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

629.201 Subscribers' advisory committee.-

- (1) The advisory committee of a domestic reciprocal insurer exercising the subscribers' rights <u>must</u> shall be selected under such rules as the subscribers adopt.
- (2) Not less than two-thirds of such committee <u>may shall</u> be subscribers other than the attorney <u>in fact</u>, or any person <u>appointed by</u>, employed by, representing, or having a financial interest in the attorney in fact.
 - (3) The committee shall do all of the following:
 - (a) Supervise the finances of the insurer $\underline{\cdot}$;
- (b) Supervise the insurer's operations to such extent as to assure conformity with the subscribers' agreement and power of attorney.

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(c) Pi	roci	ıre	the	audit	of	the	acco	ounts	and	rec	cord	ls	of	the
insurer	and	of	the	att	corney	<u>in</u>	fact	<u>a</u> t	the	exper	nse	of	th	.e	
insurer	. ; a r	nd													

- (d) Have such additional powers and functions as may be conferred by the subscribers' agreement.
- Section 30. Section 629.225, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

629.225 Acquisitions.-

- (1) A person may not, individually or in conjunction with an affiliated person of such person, directly or indirectly, conclude a tender offer or exchange offer for, enter into any agreement to exchange securities for, or otherwise finally acquire 10 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of an attorney in fact that is a stock corporation or of a controlling company of an attorney in fact that is a stock corporation; or conclude an acquisition of, or otherwise finally acquire, 10 percent or more of the ownership interest of an attorney in fact that is not a stock corporation or of a controlling company of an attorney in fact that is not a stock corporation, unless all of the following conditions are met:
- (a) The person or affiliated person has filed with the office and sent to the principal office of the attorney in fact, any controlling company of the attorney in fact, and the reciprocal insurer a letter of notification regarding the transaction or proposed transaction no later than 5 days after

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any form of tender offer or exchange offer is proposed, or no later than 5 days after the acquisition of the securities or ownership interest if no tender offer or exchange offer is involved. The notification must be provided on forms prescribed by the commission containing information determined necessary to understand the transaction and identify all purchasers and owners involved.

- (b) The person or affiliated person has filed with the office an application, signed under oath and prepared on forms prescribed by the commission, which contains the information specified in subsection (3). The application must be completed and filed within 30 days after any form of tender offer or exchange offer is proposed, or after the acquisition of the securities if no tender offer or exchange offer is involved.
- (c) The office has approved the tender offer or exchange offer, or acquisition if no tender offer or exchange offer is involved.
- (2) The person or affiliated person filing the notice required in paragraph (1)(a) may additionally request that the office waive the requirements of paragraph (1)(b), provided that there is no change in the ultimate controlling shareholders, no change in the ownership percentages of the ultimate controlling shareholders, and no unaffiliated parties acquire any direct or indirect interest in the attorney in fact. The office may waive the filing if it determines that there is no change in the

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ultimate controlling shareholders, no change in the ownership percentages of the ultimate controlling shareholders, and no unaffiliated parties will acquire any direct or indirect interest in the attorney in fact.

- (3) The application to be filed with the office and furnished to the attorney in fact and controlling company must contain all of the following information and any additional information as the office deems necessary to determine the character, experience, ability, and other qualifications of the person, or the affiliated person of such person, for the protection of the reciprocal insurer's subscribers and of the public:
- (a) The identity and background information specified in s. 629.227 of:
- 1. Each person by whom, or on whose behalf, the acquisition is to be made; and
- 2. Any person who controls, either directly or indirectly, such other person, including each director, officer, trustee, partner, owner, manager, or joint venturer, or another person performing duties similar to those of persons in the aforementioned positions for the person.
- (b) The source and amount of the funds or other consideration used, or to be used, in making the acquisition.
- (c) Any plans or proposals that such persons may have made to liquidate the attorney in fact or controlling company, to

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sell any of their assets or merge or consolidate them with any person, or to make any other major change in their business or corporate structure or management, and any plans or proposals that such persons may have made to liquidate any controlling company of the attorney in fact, to sell any of its assets or merge or consolidate it with any person, or to make any other major change in its business or corporate structure or management.

- which the person, or the affiliated person of such person, proposes to acquire, the terms of the proposed acquisition, and the manner in which the controlling interest is to be acquired of an attorney in fact or controlling company which is not a stock corporation.
- (e) The number of shares or other securities that the person, or the affiliated person of such person, proposes to acquire, the terms of the proposed acquisition, and the manner in which the securities are to be acquired.
- (f) Information as to any contract, arrangement, or understanding with any party with respect to any of the securities of the attorney in fact or controlling company, including, but not limited to, information relating to the transfer of any of the securities, option arrangements, puts or calls, or the giving or withholding of proxies, which information names the party with whom the contract, arrangement,

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or understanding has been entered into and gives the details thereof.

- (4) The acquisition application must be accompanied by the fee required under s. 624.501(1)(a).
- (5) If any material change occurs in the facts provided in the application filed with the office pursuant to this section, or the background information required under s. 629.227, an amendment specifying such changes must be immediately filed with the office, and a copy of the amendment must be sent to the principal office of the attorney in fact and to the principal office of the controlling company.
- (6) (a) The acquisition application must be reviewed in accordance with chapter 120. The office may conduct, or, if requested to do so in writing by a substantially affected person, shall conduct, a proceeding to consider the appropriateness of the proposed application. Time periods for purposes of chapter 120 are tolled during the pendency of the proceeding. Any written request for a proceeding must be filed with the office within 10 days after the date notice of the filing is given. During the pendency of the proceeding or review period by the office, any person or affiliated person complying with the filing requirements of this section may proceed and take all steps necessary to conclude the acquisition so long as finalization of the acquisition is conditioned upon obtaining office approval. However, at any time it finds an immediate

danger to the public health, safety, and welfare of the reciprocal insurer's subscribers exists, the office shall immediately order, pursuant to s. 120.569(2)(n), the proposed acquisition disapproved and any further steps to conclude the acquisition ceased.

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(b) During the pendency of the office's review of any acquisition subject to this section, the acquiring person may not make any material change in the operation of the attorney in fact or controlling company unless the office has specifically approved the change, and the acquiring person may not make any material change in the management of the attorney in fact unless advance written notice of the change in management is furnished to the office. The term "material change in the operation of the attorney in fact" means a transaction that disposes of or obligates 5 percent or more of the capital and surplus of the attorney in fact. The term "material change in the management of the attorney in fact" means any change in management involving officers or directors of the attorney in fact or any person of the attorney in fact or controlling company having authority to dispose of or obligate 5 percent or more of the attorney in fact's capital or surplus. The office <u>must approve a material</u> change in the operation of the attorney in fact if it finds the applicable provisions of subsection (7) have not been met. The office may disapprove a material change in management of the attorney in fact if it finds that the applicable provisions of

subsection (7) have been met, and in such case the attorney in fact shall promptly change management as acceptable to the office.

- (c) If a request for a proceeding is filed, the proceeding must be conducted within 60 days after the date the written request for a proceeding is received by the office. A recommended order must be issued within 20 days after the date of the close of the proceedings. A final order must be issued within 20 days after the date of the recommended order or, if exceptions to the recommended order are filed, within 20 days after the date the exceptions are filed.
- (7) The office may disapprove any acquisition subject to this section by any person, or any affiliated person of such person, who:
 - (a) Willfully violates this section;
- (b) In violation of an order issued by the office pursuant to subsection (11), fails to divest himself or herself of any stock or ownership interest obtained in violation of this section or fails to divest himself or herself of any direct or indirect control of such stock or ownership interest, within 25 days after such order; or
- (c) In violation of an order issued by the office pursuant to subsection (11), acquires an additional stock or ownership interest in an attorney in fact or controlling company or direct or indirect control of such stock or ownership interest, without

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1151 complying with this section.

- (8) The person filing the application required by this section has the burden of proof. The office must approve any such acquisition if it finds, on the basis of the record made during any proceeding or on the basis of the filed application if no proceeding is conducted, that:
- (a) The financial condition of the acquiring person will not jeopardize the financial stability of the attorney in fact or prejudice the interests of the reciprocal insurer's subscribers or the public.
- (b) Any plan or proposal that the acquiring person has made:
- 1. To liquidate the attorney in fact, sell its assets, or merge or consolidate it with any person, or to make any other major change in its business or corporate structure or management, is fair and free of prejudice to the reciprocal insurer's subscribers or to the public; or
- 2. To liquidate any controlling company, sell its assets, or merge or consolidate it with any person, or to make any major change in its business or corporate structure or management which would have an effect upon the attorney in fact, is fair and free of prejudice to the reciprocal insurer's subscribers or to the public.
- (c) The competence, experience, and integrity of those persons who will control directly or indirectly the operation of

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the attorney in fact indicate that the acquisition is in the
best interest of the reciprocal insurer's subscribers and in the
public interest.

- (d) The natural persons for whom background information is required to be furnished pursuant to this section have such backgrounds as to indicate that it is in the best interests of the reciprocal insurer's subscribers and in the public interest to permit such persons to exercise control over the attorney in fact.
- (e) The directors and officers, if such attorney in fact or controlling company is a stock corporation, or the trustees, partners, owners, managers, or joint venturers, or other persons performing duties similar to those of persons in the aforementioned positions, if such attorney in fact or controlling company is not a stock corporation, to be employed after the acquisition have sufficient insurance experience and ability to ensure reasonable promise of successful operation.
- (f) The management of the attorney in fact after the acquisition will be competent and trustworthy and will possess sufficient managerial experience so as to make the proposed operation of the attorney in fact not hazardous to the insurance-buying public.
- (g) The management of the attorney in fact after the acquisition will not include any person who has directly or indirectly through ownership, control, reinsurance transactions,

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or other insurance or business relations unlawfully manipulated
the assets, accounts, finances, or books of any insurer or
otherwise acted in bad faith with respect thereto.

- (h) The acquisition is not likely to be hazardous or prejudicial to the reciprocal insurer's subscribers or to the public.
- (i) The effect of the acquisition would not substantially lessen competition in the line of insurance for which the reciprocal insurer is licensed or certified in this state or would not tend to create a monopoly therein.
- (9) A vote by the stockholder of record, or by any other person, of any security acquired in contravention of this section is not valid. Any acquisition contrary to this section is void. Upon the petition of the attorney in fact, the controlling company, or the reciprocal insurer, the circuit court for the county in which the principal office of the attorney in fact is located may, without limiting the generality of its authority, order the issuance or entry of an injunction or other order to enforce this section. There is a private right of action in favor of the attorney in fact or controlling company to enforce this section. A demand upon the office that it perform its functions is not required as a prerequisite to any legal action by the attorney in fact or controlling company against another person, and the office may not be deemed a necessary party to any action by the attorney in fact or

1226 controlling company to enforce this section. Any person who 1227 makes or proposes an acquisition requiring the filing of an 1228 application pursuant to this section, or who files such an 1229 application, is deemed to have designated the Chief Financial 1230 Officer, or his or her assistant or deputy or another person in 1231 charge of his or her office, as such person's agent for service 1232 of process under this section and is deemed to have submitted 1233 himself or herself to the administrative jurisdiction of the 1234 office and to the jurisdiction of the circuit court. 1235 (10) Any approval under this section by the office does 1236 not constitute a recommendation by the office of the tender 1237 offer or exchange offer, or the acquisition, if no tender offer 1238 or exchange offer is involved. It is unlawful for a person to 1239 represent that the office's approval constitutes a 1240 recommendation. A person who violates this subsection commits a 1241 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 1242 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. The statute-of-limitations 1243 period for the prosecution of an offense committed under this 1244 subsection is 5 years. 1245 (11) A person may rebut a presumption of control by filing 1246 with the office a disclaimer of control with the office on a 1247 form prescribed by the commission. The disclaimer must fully 1248 disclose all material relationships and bases for affiliation 1249 between the person and the attorney in fact as well as the basis for disclaiming the affiliation. In lieu of such form, a person 1250

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or acquiring party may file with the office a copy of a Schedule 13G filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Rule 13d-1(b) or (c), 17 C.F.R. s. 240.13d-1, under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. After a disclaimer has been filed, the attorney in fact is relieved of any duty to register or report under this section which may arise out of the attorney in fact's relationship with the person unless the office disallows the disclaimer.

(12) If the office determines that any person, or any affiliated person of such person, has acquired 10 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of an attorney in fact or controlling company that is a stock corporation, or 10

- affiliated person of such person, has acquired 10 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of an attorney in fact or controlling company that is a stock corporation, or 10 percent or more of the ownership interest of an attorney in fact or controlling company that is not a stock corporation, without complying with this section, the office may order that the person, and any affiliated person of such person, cease acquisition of the attorney in fact or controlling company and, if appropriate, divest itself of any stock or ownership interest acquired in violation of this section.
- (13) (a) The office shall, if necessary to protect the public interest, suspend or revoke the reciprocal certificate of authority of the reciprocal insurer whose attorney in fact or controlling company is acquired in violation of this section.
- (b) If a reciprocal insurer is subject to suspension or revocation pursuant to paragraph (a), the attorney in fact is

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deemed to be in such condition, or to be using or to have been subject to such methods or practices in the conduct of its business, as to render its further transaction of insurance hazardous to its subscribers, creditors, or stockholders or to the public. In such case, the office may offer the reciprocal insurer, through its subscriber representatives, the ability to cure any suspension or revocation by procuring another attorney in fact acceptable to the office.

voting securities or ownership interest of an attorney in fact or of a controlling company by any person who is the owner of a majority of the voting securities or ownership interest with the approval of the office under this section or s. 629.091.

Section 31. Section 629.227, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 629.227 Background information.—The information as to the background and identity of each person for whom information is required to be furnished pursuant to s. 629.081 or s. 629.225 must include, but need not be limited to, all of the following:
- (1) A sworn biographical statement, on forms adopted by the commission, which must include, but need not be limited to, the following information:
- (a) Occupations, positions of employment, and offices held during the past 10 years, including the principal business and address of any business, corporation, or organization where each

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1301 occupation, position of employment, or office occurred. 1302 Whether, during such 10-year period, the person was 1303 convicted of any crime other than a traffic violation. Whether, during such 10-year period, the person has 1304 1305 been the subject of any proceeding for the revocation of any license and, if so, the nature of the proceeding and the 1306 1307 disposition of the proceeding. 1308 Whether, during such 10-year period, the person has (d) 1309 been the subject of any proceeding under the bankruptcy code. 1310 Whether, during such 10-year period, any person or 1311 other business or organization in which the person was a 1312 director, officer, trustee, partner, owner, manager, or other 1313 official has been subject to any proceeding under the bankruptcy 1314 code, either during the time of that person's tenure with the business or organization or within 12 months thereafter. 1315 1316 Whether, during such 10-year period, the person has 1317 been enjoined, either temporarily or permanently, by a court of 1318 competent jurisdiction from violating any federal or state law 1319 regulating the business of insurance, securities, or banking, or 1320 from carrying out any particular practice or practices in the course of the business of insurance, securities, or banking, 1321 1322 together with details as to any such event. 1323 (2) The fingerprints of each person. 1324 (3) An authorization for release of information necessary 1325 to investigate such person's background.

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(4) Any additional information that the office deems necessary to determine the character, experience, ability, and other qualifications of the person, or affiliated person of such person, for the protection of the reciprocal insurer's subscribers and of the public.

Section 32. Subsection (1) of section 629.231, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

629.231 Assessments.-

- (1) Assessments may from time to time be levied upon subscribers of an assessable a domestic reciprocal insurer who are liable for such assessments therefor under the terms of their policies by the attorney in fact. Any such assessment must be approved upon approval in advance by the subscribers' advisory committee and the office, or by the department as receiver of the insurer.
- ciprocal insurer, the office shall revoke the authorization under s. 629.291(5) to convert to a nonassessable reciprocal insurer. After such revocation, any policy in force at the time the revocation occurs remains in force for the remainder of the period for which the premium has been paid, but the reciprocal insurer may not issue new policies without requiring contingent assessment liability from the new subscriber.

Section 33. Section 629.241, Florida Statutes, is amended

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1351 to read:

629.241 Time limit for assessments.—Every subscriber of a domestic reciprocal insurer having contingent liability shall be liable for, and shall pay his or her share of, any assessment, as computed and limited in accordance with this chapter, if:

- (1) While his or her policy is in force or within 4 years after its termination, the subscriber is notified by either the attorney in fact or the office of its intentions to levy such assessment; or
- (2) An order to show cause why a receiver, conservator, rehabilitator, or liquidator of the insurer should not be appointed is issued while the subscriber's policy is in force or within 4 years after its termination.

Section 34. Section 629.251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

629.251 Aggregate liability.—No one policy or subscriber as to such policy shall be assessed or charged with an aggregate of contingent liability as to obligations incurred by a domestic reciprocal insurer in any one calendar year in excess of the amount provided for in the power of attorney or in the subscribers' agreement, computed solely upon premium earned on such policy during that year.

Section 35. <u>Section 629.261, Florida Statutes, is repealed.</u>

Section 36. Subsection (2) of section 629.271, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

629.271 Distribution of savings.-

(2) In addition to the option provided in subsection (1), a domestic reciprocal insurer may, upon the prior written approval of the office, pay to its subscribers a portion of unassigned funds of up to 10 percent of surplus, with distribution limited to 50 percent of net income from the previous calendar year. Such distribution may not unfairly discriminate between classes of risks or policies, or between subscribers, but may vary as to classes of subscribers based on the experience of the classes.

Section 37. Section 629.281, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

629.281 Subscribers' share in assets.—Upon the liquidation of a domestic reciprocal insurer, its assets remaining after discharge of its indebtedness and policy obligations, the return of any contributions of the attorney in fact or other persons to its surplus made as provided in s. 629.161, and the return of any unused premium, savings, or credits then standing on subscribers' accounts shall be distributed to its subscribers who were such within the 12 months prior to the last termination of its reciprocal certificate of authority, according to such reasonable formula as the office approves.

Section 38. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 629.291, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (5) is

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1401 added to that section, to read:

629.291 Merger or conversion.-

- of not less than two-thirds of its subscribers who vote on such merger pursuant to due notice, subject to and the approval by of the office of the terms therefor, may merge with another reciprocal insurer or be converted to a stock or mutual insurer, to be thereafter governed by the applicable sections of the Florida Insurance Code. However, a domestic stock insurer may not be converted to a reciprocal insurer.
- another reciprocal insurer or for conversion of the reciprocal insurer to a stock or mutual insurer must be filed with the office on forms adopted by the commission and must contain such information as the office reasonable requires to evaluate the transaction Such a stock or mutual insurer shall be subject to the same capital or surplus requirements and shall have the same rights as a like domestic insurer transacting like kinds of insurance.
- (4) Reinsurance of all or substantially all of the insurance in force of a domestic reciprocal insurer in another insurer <u>is shall be</u> deemed to be a merger for the purposes of this section.
- (5) (a) An assessable reciprocal insurer may be converted to a nonassessable reciprocal insurer if:

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1426	1. The subscriber's advisory committee approves the
1427	application for conversion;
1428	2. The attorney in fact submits the application on the
1429	required application form; and
1430	3. The office finds that the application meets the minimum
1431	statutory requirements.
1432	(b) If the office approves the application, the assessable
1433	reciprocal insurer may be converted to a nonassessable
1434	reciprocal insurer by:
1435	1. Extinguishing the contingent liability of subscribers
1436	under all policies then in force in this state;
1437	2. Omitting contingent liability provisions in all
1438	policies delivered or issued in this state after the conversion;
1439	and
1440	3. Otherwise extinguishing the contingent liability of all
1441	of its subscribers. However, if the reciprocal insurer is
1442	transacting insurance as an authorized insurer in another state
1443	and that state's laws require the insurer to issue policies with
1444	contingent liability provisions, the insurer may issue
1445	contingent liability policies in that other state.
1446	(c) If the surplus of the reciprocal insurer becomes
1447	impaired, the insurer may no longer issue nonassessable policies
1448	or convert assessable policies to nonassessable policies, and s.
1449	629.301 applies.

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Section 39. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 629.301,

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1451 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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629.301 Impaired reciprocal insurers.-

- any time insufficient to discharge its liabilities, other than any liability on account of funds contributed by the attorney in fact or others, and to maintain the required surplus, its attorney in fact shall forthwith make up the deficiency or levy an assessment upon the subscribers for the amount needed to make up the deficiency, but subject to the limitation set forth in the power of attorney or policy.
- deficiency or to make the assessment within 30 days after the office orders him or her to do so, or if the deficiency is not fully made up within 60 days after the date the assessment was made, the insurer <u>must shall</u> be deemed insolvent and <u>shall</u> be proceeded against <u>in the same manner as any other domestic insurer under chapter 631 and the insurance as authorized by this code.</u>
- Section 40. <u>Section 629.401, Florida Statutes, is</u> repealed.
- Section 41. <u>Section 629.520, Florida Statutes, is</u> repealed.
- Section 42. Section 629.525, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 1475 629.525 Rulemaking authority.—The commission shall adopt,

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amend, or repeal rules pursuant to chapter 120 which are necessary to implement this chapter.

Section 43. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 163.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.01 Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969.-

(3) As used in this section:

(h) "Local government liability pool" means a reciprocal insurer as defined in <u>s. 629.011</u> <u>s. 629.021</u> or any self-insurance program created pursuant to s. 768.28(16), formed and controlled by counties or municipalities of this state to provide liability insurance coverage for counties, municipalities, or other public agencies of this state, which pool may contract with other parties for the purpose of providing claims administration, processing, accounting, and other administrative facilities.

Section 44. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 624.413, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 624.413 Application for certificate of authority.-
- (1) To apply for a certificate of authority, an insurer shall file its application therefor with the office, upon a form adopted by the commission and furnished by the office, showing its name; location of its home office and, if an alien insurer, its principal office in the United States; kinds of insurance to be transacted; state or country of domicile; and such additional information as the commission reasonably requires, together with

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1501 the following documents:

(c) If a foreign or alien reciprocal insurer, a copy of the power of attorney of its attorney in fact and of its subscribers' agreement, if any, certified by the attorney in fact; and, if a domestic reciprocal insurer, the <u>permit application declaration</u> provided for in s. 629.081.

Section 45. Section 624.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 624.45 Participation of financial institutions in reinsurance and in insurance exchanges.—Subject to applicable laws relating to financial institutions and to any other applicable provision of the Florida Insurance Code, any financial institution or aggregation of such institutions may:
- (1) own or control, directly or indirectly, any insurer that which is authorized or approved by the office, that which insurer transacts only reinsurance in this state, and that which actively engages in reinsuring risks located in this state.
- (2) Participate, directly or indirectly, as an underwriting member or as an investor in an underwriting member of any insurance exchange authorized in accordance with s. 629.401, which underwriting member transacts only aggregate or specific excess insurance over underlying self-insurance coverage for self-insurance organizations authorized under the Florida Insurance Code, for multiple-employer welfare arrangements, or for workers' compensation self-insurance

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1526 trusts, in addition to any reinsurance the underwriting member 1527 may transact. 1528 Nothing in However, this section may not shall be deemed to 1529 prohibit a financial institution from engaging in any presently 1530 authorized insurance activity. 1531 Section 46. Subsection (3) of section 626.9531, Florida 1532 Statutes, is amended to read: 626.9531 Identification of insurers, agents, and insurance 1533 1534 contracts.-1535 For the purposes of this section, the term "risk 1536 bearing entity" means a reciprocal insurer as defined in s. 1537 629.011 s. 629.021, a commercial self-insurance fund as defined in s. 624.462, a group self-insurance fund as defined in s. 1538 1539 624.4621, a local government self-insurance fund as defined in 1540 s. 624.4622, a self-insured public utility as defined in s. 1541 624.46225, or an independent educational institution self-1542 insurance fund as defined in s. 624.4623. For the purposes of 1543 this section, the term "risk bearing entity" does not include an 1544 authorized insurer as defined in s. 624.09. 1545 Section 47. Reciprocal insurers licensed before July 1, 1546 2025, shall increase their surplus as required by the amendments 1547 made by this act to s. 629.071, Florida Statutes, by January 1, 1548 2026. The attorney in fact of a reciprocal insurer licensed 1549 before July 1, 2025, shall increase its bond as required by the amendments made by this act to s. 629.121, Florida Statutes, by 1550

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1551	Janua	ary 1, 20)26 <u>.</u>								
1552		Section	48.	This	act	shall	take	effect	July	1,	2025.

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