1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to transportation; amending s. 206.46, 3 F.S.; limiting the amount of certain revenues in the 4 State Transportation Trust Fund which the Department 5 of Transportation may annually commit to public 6 transit projects; providing exceptions; amending s. 7 316.003, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 8 "teleoperation system"; amending s. 316.303, F.S.; 9 authorizing a motor vehicle with a teleoperation system engaged to be operated while the vehicle is 10 11 actively displaying certain television or video content while the vehicle is in motion; amending s. 12 13 316.85, F.S.; providing construction and requirements 14 for a remote human operator of a motor vehicle when the teleoperation system is engaged; providing 15 16 automobile insurance requirements for a motor vehicle 17 while a teleoperation system is engaged; revising 18 legislative intent to preempt specified local 19 government regulations relating to teleoperation systems, motor vehicles equipped with such systems, 20 21 and remote human operators of such motor vehicles; 22 amending s. 318.14, F.S.; increasing the number of 23 times a driver may elect to attend a basic driver 24 improvement course approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in lieu of a court 25

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appearance; amending ss. 318.1451 and 322.095, F.S.; requiring the department to annually review changes made to certain laws and to require course content for specified driving courses to be modified in accordance with relevant changes; amending s. 334.30, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Transportation to enter into comprehensive agreements with private entities for certain purposes; revising provisions relating to a traffic and revenue study provided by a private entity; revising the time period during which the department will accept additional proposals after receiving an unsolicited proposal, based on project complexity; authorizing the department to enter into an interim agreement with a private entity before or in connection with negotiating a comprehensive agreement; providing requirements; authorizing the department secretary to authorize an agreement term of up to 75 years for certain projects; amending s. 337.11, F.S.; requiring the department to receive at least three letters of interest in order to proceed with a request for proposals for design-build contracts and phased design-build contracts; requiring a motor vehicle used for specified work on a department project to be registered in compliance with certain provisions; amending s. 337.18, F.S.;

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authorizing the department to determine whether to reduce bonding requirements; revising the time periods within which certain actions must be instituted by a claimant; amending s. 337.195, F.S.; providing definitions; providing a presumption that if a death, injury, or damage results from a motor vehicle crash within a construction zone in which the driver of a vehicle was under the influence of certain marijuana, the driver's operation of such vehicle was the proximate cause of his or her own death, injury, or damage; revising conditions under which a contractor is immune from liability; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; requiring the department to convene a working group for certain purposes related to utility relocation agreements; providing membership requirements; requiring a report to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; creating s. 339.28201, F.S.; creating a Local Agency Program within the department for certain funding purposes; requiring oversight by the department; providing requirements for the department's project cost estimate; providing for prioritization and budget of certain local projects; providing funding eligibility requirements; providing contract requirements; amending ss. 339.2825 and 627.06501, F.S.; conforming

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76 provisions to changes made by the act; providing an 77 effective date. 78 79 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 80 81 Section 1. Subsection (6) is added to section 206.46, 82 Florida Statutes, to read: 83 206.46 State Transportation Trust Fund.-84 (6) The department may not annually commit to public transit projects under chapter 341 more than 20 percent of the 85 86 revenues derived from state fuel taxes and motor vehicle license-related fees deposited into the State Transportation 87 Trust Fund, except: 88 89 (a) Funds used for federal matching. 90 (b) Projects included in an M.P.O.'s transportation 91 improvement program adopted pursuant to s. 339.175(8) and 92 approved by a supermajority vote of the board of county 93 commissioners of the county in which the project is located. 94 Section 2. Subsection (95) of section 316.003, Florida 95 Statutes, is amended to read: 96 316.003 Definitions.—The following words and phrases, when 97 used in this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively 98 ascribed to them in this section, except where the context 99 otherwise requires: TELEOPERATION SYSTEM.—The hardware and software 100

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101	installed in a motor vehicle which allow a remote human operator
102	to supervise or perform aspects of, or the entirety of, the
103	dynamic driving task. The term "remote human operator" means a
104	natural person who <u>:</u>
105	<u>(a)</u> Is not physically present in the motor $\frac{1}{2}$ vehicle;
106	equipped with an automated driving system who
107	$\underline{ ext{(b)}}$ Engages or monitors the $\underline{ ext{motor}}$ vehicle from a remote
108	location <u>;</u> . A remote human operator may have
109	(c) Has the ability to perform aspects of, or the entirety
110	of, the dynamic driving task for the $\underline{\text{motor}}$ vehicle;
111	(d) Has the ability to $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$ cause the $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$ vehicle to
112	achieve a reasonably safe state, such as bringing the vehicle to
113	a complete stop and activating the vehicle's hazard lamps;
114	minimal risk condition as defined in s. 319.145(2). A remote
115	human operator must be
116	(e) Is physically present in the United States; and $rac{be}{}$
117	(f) Is licensed to operate a motor vehicle by a United
118	States jurisdiction.
119	Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 316.303, Florida
120	Statutes, is amended to read:
121	316.303 Television receivers.—
122	(1) A motor vehicle may not be operated on the highways of
123	this state if the vehicle is actively displaying moving
124	television broadcast or pre-recorded video entertainment content
125	that is visible from the driver's seat while the vehicle is in

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motion, unless the vehicle is being operated with the automated driving system or teleoperation system engaged.

Section 4. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 316.85, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 316.85 Autonomous vehicles <u>and motor vehicles equipped</u>
 with teleoperation systems; operation; compliance with traffic and motor vehicle laws; testing.—
- (5) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a motor an autonomous vehicle or a fully autonomous vehicle equipped with a teleoperation system may operate without a human operator physically present in the motor vehicle when the teleoperation system is engaged. When the teleoperation system is engaged, the remote human operator is deemed to be the driver or operator of the motor vehicle and must operate the motor vehicle in compliance with the applicable traffic and motor vehicle laws of this state.
- (b) A motor vehicle equipped with a teleoperation system, while the teleoperation system is engaged, must be covered by a policy of automobile insurance which provides:
- 1. Primary liability coverage of at least \$1 million for death, bodily injury, and property damage.
- 2. Personal injury protection benefits that meet the minimum coverage amounts required under ss. 627.730-627.7405.
- 3. Uninsured and underinsured vehicle coverage as required by s. 627.727 A vehicle that is subject to this subsection must

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meet the requirements of s. 319.145 and is considered a vehicle that meets the definition provided in s. 316.003(3)(c) for the purposes of ss. 316.062(5), 316.063(4), 316.065(5), 316.1975(3), and 316.303(1).

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It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for uniformity of laws governing autonomous vehicles and motor vehicles equipped with teleoperation systems throughout the state. A local government may not impose any tax, fee, for-hire vehicle requirement, or other requirement on automated driving systems or autonomous vehicles; teleoperation systems or motor vehicles equipped with teleoperation systems; or on a person who operates an autonomous vehicle, including, but not limited to, a person who operates an autonomous vehicle for purposes of providing passenger transportation services; or a remote human operator of a motor vehicle with a teleoperation system engaged. This subsection does not prohibit an airport or a seaport from charging reasonable fees consistent with any fees charged to companies that provide similar services at that airport or seaport for their use of the airport's or seaport's facilities, nor does it prohibit the airport or seaport from designating locations for staging, pickup, or other similar operations at the airport or seaport.

Section 5. Subsection (9) of section 318.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception;

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176 procedures.—

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- Any person who does not hold a commercial driver license or commercial learner's permit and who is cited while driving a noncommercial motor vehicle for an infraction under this section other than a violation of s. 316.183(2), s. 316.187, or s. 316.189 when the driver exceeds the posted limit by 30 miles per hour or more, s. 320.0605, s. 320.07(3)(a) or (b), s. 322.065, s. 322.15(1), s. 322.61, or s. 322.62 may, in lieu of a court appearance, elect to attend in the location of his or her choice within this state a basic driver improvement course approved by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. In such a case, adjudication must be withheld, any civil penalty that is imposed by s. 318.18(3) must be reduced by 18 percent, and points, as provided by s. 322.27, may not be assessed. However, a person may not make an election under this subsection if the person has made an election under this subsection in the preceding 12 months. A person may not make more than eight five elections within his or her lifetime under this subsection. The requirement for community service under s. 318.18(8) is not waived by a plea of nolo contendere or by the withholding of adjudication of guilt by a court.
- Section 6. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 318.1451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 318.1451 Driver improvement schools.-
 - (6) The department shall adopt rules establishing and

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maintaining policies and procedures to implement the requirements of this section. These policies and procedures may include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

- (d) Course content.—The department shall set and modify course content requirements to keep current with laws and safety information. The department shall annually review changes made to major traffic laws of this state, including s. 316.126(1)(b), and shall require course content for courses referenced in this section to be modified in accordance with changes relevant to the courses. Course content includes all items used in the conduct of the course.
- Section 7. Subsection (7) of section 322.095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 322.095 Traffic law and substance abuse education program for driver license applicants.—
- (7) Courses approved under this section must be updated at the department's request. The department shall annually review changes made to major traffic laws of this state, including s.

 316.126(1)(b), and shall require course content for courses referenced in this section to be modified in accordance with changes relevant to the courses. Failure of a course provider to update the course within 90 days after the department's request shall result in the suspension of the course approval until such time that the updates are submitted and approved by the department.

Section 8. Subsections (8) through (13) of section 334.30, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (9) through (14), respectively, subsections (1), (2), and (6) and present subsections (8), (10), and (11) are amended, and a new subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

- 334.30 Public-private transportation facilities.—The Legislature finds and declares that there is a public need for the rapid construction of safe and efficient transportation facilities for the purpose of traveling within the state, and that it is in the public's interest to provide for the construction of additional safe, convenient, and economical transportation facilities.
- (1) The department may receive or solicit proposals and, with legislative approval as evidenced by approval of the project in the department's work program, enter into comprehensive agreements with private entities, or consortia thereof, for the building, operation, ownership, or financing of transportation facilities. The department may advance projects programmed in the adopted 5-year work program or projects increasing transportation capacity and greater than \$500 million in the 10-year Strategic Intermodal Plan using funds provided by public-private partnerships or private entities to be reimbursed from department funds for the project as programmed in the adopted work program. The department shall by rule establish an application fee for the submission of unsolicited proposals

under this section. The fee must be sufficient to pay the costs of evaluating the proposals. The department may engage the services of private consultants to assist in the evaluation. Before approval, the department must determine that the proposed project:

(a) Is in the public's best interest;

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- (b) Would not require state funds to be used unless the project is on the State Highway System;
- (c) Would have adequate safeguards in place to ensure that no additional costs or service disruptions would be realized by the traveling public and residents of the state in the event of default or cancellation of the comprehensive agreement by the department;
- (d) Would have adequate safeguards in place to ensure that the department or the private entity has the opportunity to add capacity to the proposed project and other transportation facilities serving similar origins and destinations; and
- (e) Would be owned by the department upon completion or termination of the comprehensive agreement.

The department shall ensure that all reasonable costs to the state, related to transportation facilities that are not part of the State Highway System, are borne by the private entity. The department shall also ensure that all reasonable costs to the state and substantially affected local governments and

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utilities, related to the private transportation facility, are borne by the private entity for transportation facilities that are owned by private entities. For projects on the State Highway System, the department may use state resources to participate in funding and financing the project as provided for under the department's enabling legislation. Because the Legislature recognizes that private entities or consortia thereof would perform a governmental or public purpose or function when they enter into comprehensive agreements with the department to design, build, operate, own, or finance transportation facilities, the transportation facilities, including leasehold interests thereof, are exempt from ad valorem taxes as provided in chapter 196 to the extent property is owned by the state or other government entity, and from intangible taxes as provided in chapter 199 and special assessments of the state, any city, town, county, special district, political subdivision of the state, or any other governmental entity. The private entities or consortia thereof are exempt from tax imposed by chapter 201 on all documents or obligations to pay money which arise out of the comprehensive agreements to design, build, operate, own, lease, or finance transportation facilities. Any private entities or consortia thereof must pay any applicable corporate taxes as provided in chapter 220, and reemployment assistance taxes as provided in chapter 443, and sales and use tax as provided in chapter 212 shall be applicable. The private entities or

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consortia thereof must also register and collect the tax imposed by chapter 212 on all their direct sales and leases that are subject to tax under chapter 212. The <u>comprehensive</u> agreement between the private entity or consortia thereof and the department establishing a transportation facility under this chapter constitutes documentation sufficient to claim any exemption under this section.

- (2) <u>Comprehensive</u> agreements entered into pursuant to this section may authorize the private entity to impose tolls or fares for the use of the facility. The following provisions shall apply to such comprehensive agreements:
- (a) With the exception of the Florida Turnpike System, the department may lease existing toll facilities through public-private partnerships. The comprehensive public-private partnership agreement must ensure that the transportation facility is properly operated, maintained, and renewed in accordance with department standards.
- (b) The department may develop new toll facilities or increase capacity on existing toll facilities through public-private partnerships. The <u>comprehensive</u> public-private partnership agreement must ensure that the toll facility is properly operated, maintained, and renewed in accordance with department standards.
- (c) Any toll revenues shall be regulated by the department pursuant to s. 338.165(3). The regulations governing the future

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increase of toll or fare revenues shall be included in the comprehensive public-private partnership agreement.

- (d) The department shall provide the analysis required in subparagraph (6)(e)2. to the Legislative Budget Commission created pursuant to s. 11.90 for review and approval <u>before</u> prior to awarding a contract on a lease of an existing toll facility.
- (e) The department shall include provisions in the comprehensive public-private partnership agreement that ensure a negotiated portion of revenues from tolled or fare generating projects is are returned to the department over the life of the comprehensive public-private partnership agreement. In the case of a lease of an existing toll facility, the department shall receive a portion of funds upon closing on the comprehensive agreements and shall also include provisions in the comprehensive agreement to receive payment of a portion of excess revenues over the life of the public-private partnership.
- investment grade traffic and revenue study prepared by a an internationally recognized traffic and revenue expert as part of the private entity proposal. The private entity shall provide a traffic and revenue study that is accepted by the national bond rating agencies for the financing that supports the comprehensive agreement at financial close for the public-private partnership project. The private entity shall also

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provide a finance plan that identifies the project cost, revenues by source, financing, major assumptions, internal rate of return on private investments, and whether any government funds are assumed to deliver a cost-feasible project, and a total cash flow analysis beginning with implementation of the project and extending for the term of the comprehensive agreement.

- department shall follow the provisions of this section. Sections 337.025, 337.11, 337.14, 337.141, 337.145, 337.175, 337.18, 337.185, 337.19, 337.221, and 337.251 shall not apply to procurements under this section unless a provision is included in the procurement documents. The department shall ensure that generally accepted business practices for exemptions provided by this subsection are part of the procurement process or are included in the comprehensive public-private partnership agreement.
- (a) The department may request proposals from private entities for public-private transportation projects or, if the department receives an unsolicited proposal, the department shall publish a notice in the Florida Administrative Register and a newspaper of general circulation at least once a week for 2 weeks stating that the department has received the proposal and will accept, between 30 and for 120 days after the initial date of publication as determined by the department based on the

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complexity of the project, other proposals for the same project
purpose. A copy of the notice must be mailed to each local
government in the affected area.

- (b) Public-private partnerships shall be qualified by the department as part of the procurement process as outlined in the procurement documents, provided such process ensures that the private firm meets at least the minimum department standards for qualification in department rule for professional engineering services and road and bridge contracting <u>before</u> prior to submitting a proposal under the procurement.
- (c) The department shall ensure that procurement documents include provisions for performance of the private entity and payment of subcontractors, including, but not limited to, surety bonds, letters of credit, parent company guarantees, and lender and equity partner guarantees. The department shall balance the structure of the security package for the public-private partnership that ensures performance and payment of subcontractors with the cost of the security to ensure the most efficient pricing.
- (d) After the public notification period has expired, the department shall rank the proposals in order of preference. In ranking the proposals, the department may consider factors that include, but are not limited to, professional qualifications, general business terms, innovative engineering or cost-reduction terms, finance plans, and the need for state funds to deliver

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the project. If the department is not satisfied with the results of the negotiations, the department may, at its sole discretion, terminate negotiations with the proposer. If these negotiations are unsuccessful, the department may go to the second-ranked and lower-ranked firms, in order, using this same procedure. If only one proposal is received, the department may negotiate in good faith and, if the department is not satisfied with the results of the negotiations, the department may, at its sole discretion, terminate negotiations with the proposer. Notwithstanding this subsection, the department may, at its discretion, reject all proposals at any point in the process up to completion of a contract with the proposer.

- (e) The department shall provide an independent analysis of the proposed public-private partnership that demonstrates the cost-effectiveness and overall public benefit at the following times:
- 1. Before Prior to moving forward with the procurement; and
- 2. If the procurement moves forward, <u>before</u> prior to awarding the contract.
- (8) Before or in connection with the negotiation of a comprehensive agreement, the department may enter into an interim agreement with the private entity proposing the development or operation of the qualifying project. An interim agreement does not obligate the department to enter into a

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comprehensive agreement. The interim agreement is discretionary with the parties and is not required on a qualifying project for which the parties may proceed directly to a comprehensive agreement without the need for an interim agreement. An interim agreement must be limited to provisions that:

- (a) Authorize the private entity to commence activities for which it may be compensated related to the proposed qualifying project, including, but not limited to, project planning and development, design, environmental analysis and mitigation, survey, other activities concerning any part of the proposed qualifying project, and ascertaining the availability of financing for the proposed facility or facilities.
- (b) Establish the process and timing of the negotiation of the comprehensive agreement.
- (c) Contain such other provisions that the department and the private entity deem appropriate related to an aspect of the development or operation of a qualifying project.
- <u>(9) (8)</u> The department may enter into <u>a comprehensive</u> <u>agreement public-private partnership agreements</u> that <u>includes</u> <u>include</u> extended terms providing annual payments for performance based on the availability of service or the facility being open to traffic or based on the level of traffic using the facility. In addition to other provisions in this section, the following provisions shall apply:
 - (a) The annual payments under such comprehensive agreement

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shall be included in the department's tentative work program developed under s. 339.135 and the long-range transportation plan for the applicable metropolitan planning organization developed under s. 339.175. The department shall ensure that annual payments on multiyear comprehensive public-private partnership agreements are prioritized ahead of new capacity projects in the development and updating of the tentative work program.

- (b) The annual payments are subject to annual appropriation by the Legislature as provided in the General Appropriations Act in support of the first year of the tentative work program.
- (11) (10) Before Prior to entering into such comprehensive agreement where funds are committed from the State

 Transportation Trust Fund, the project must be prioritized as follows:
- (a) The department, in coordination with the local metropolitan planning organization, shall prioritize projects included in the Strategic Intermodal System 10-year and long-range cost-feasible plans.
- (b) The department, in coordination with the local metropolitan planning organization or local government where there is no metropolitan planning organization, shall prioritize projects, for facilities not on the Strategic Intermodal System, included in the metropolitan planning organization cost-feasible

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transportation improvement plan and long-range transportation plan.

(12) (11) Comprehensive Public-private partnership agreements under this section shall be limited to a term not exceeding 50 years. Upon making written findings that a comprehensive an agreement under this section requires a term in excess of 50 years, the secretary of the department may authorize a term of up to 75 years for projects that are partially or completely funded from project user fees.

Comprehensive agreements under this section shall not have a term in excess of 75 years unless specifically approved by the Legislature. The department shall identify each new project under this section with a term exceeding 75 years in the transmittal letter that accompanies the submittal of the tentative work program to the Governor and the Legislature in accordance with s. 339.135.

Section 9. Paragraph (e) of subsection (7) and subsection (13) of section 337.11, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

337.11 Contracting authority of department; bids; emergency repairs, supplemental agreements, and change orders; combined design and construction contracts; progress payments; records; requirements of vehicle registration.—

(7)

(e) <u>For design-build contracts and phased design-build</u> contracts, the department must receive at least three letters of

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interest in order to proceed with a request for proposals. The department shall request proposals from no fewer than three of the design-build firms submitting letters of interest. If a design-build firm withdraws from consideration after the department requests proposals, the department may continue if at least two proposals are received.

- (13) A motor vehicle used Each contract let by the department for the performance of road or bridge construction or maintenance work on a department project must shall require all motor vehicles that the contractor operates or causes to be operated in this state to be registered in compliance with chapter 320.
- Section 10. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1) of section 337.18, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 337.18 Surety bonds for construction or maintenance contracts; requirement with respect to contract award; bond requirements; defaults; damage assessments.—
- (1)(a) A surety bond shall be required of the successful bidder in an amount equal to the awarded contract price. However, the department may choose, in its discretion and applicable only to multiyear maintenance contracts, to allow for incremental annual contract bonds that cumulatively total the full, awarded, multiyear contract price.
- 1. The department may waive the requirement for all or a portion of a surety bond if:

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a. The contract price is \$250,000 or less and the department determines that the project is of a noncritical nature and that nonperformance will not endanger public health, safety, or property;

- b. The prime contractor is a qualified nonprofit agency for the blind or for the other severely handicapped under s. 413.036(2); or
- c. The prime contractor is using a subcontractor that is a qualified nonprofit agency for the blind or for the other severely handicapped under s. 413.036(2). However, the department may not waive more than the amount of the subcontract.
- 2. If the <u>department</u> Secretary of Transportation or the secretary's designee determines that it is in the best interests of the department to reduce the bonding requirement for a project and that to do so will not endanger public health, safety, or property, the department may waive the requirement of a surety bond in an amount equal to the awarded contract price for a project having a contract price of \$250 million or more and, in its place, may set a surety bond amount that is a portion of the total contract price and provide an alternate means of security for the balance of the contract amount that is not covered by the surety bonding and provide an alternate means of security for the balance of the contract amount that is not covered by the surety

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bond. Such alternative means of security may include letters of credit, United States bonds and notes, parent company guarantees, and cash collateral. The department may require alternate means of security if a surety bond is waived. The surety on such bond shall be a surety company authorized to do business in the state. All bonds shall be payable to the department and conditioned for the prompt, faithful, and efficient performance of the contract according to plans and specifications and within the time period specified, and for the prompt payment of all persons defined in s. 713.01 furnishing labor, material, equipment, and supplies for work provided in the contract; however, whenever an improvement, demolition, or removal contract price is \$25,000 or less, the security may, in the discretion of the bidder, be in the form of a cashier's check, bank money order of any state or national bank, certified check, or postal money order. The department shall adopt rules to implement this subsection. Such rules shall include provisions under which the department shall refuse to accept bonds on contracts when a surety wrongfully fails or refuses to settle or provide a defense for claims or actions arising under a contract for which the surety previously furnished a bond.

(d) An action, except an action for recovery of retainage, must be instituted by a claimant, regardless of whether in privity with the contractor or not, against the contractor or the surety on the payment bond or the payment provisions of a

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combined payment and performance bond within 365 days after the performance of the labor or completion of delivery of the materials or supplies. An action for recovery of retainage must be instituted against the contractor or the surety within 365 days after final acceptance of the contract work by the department. A claimant may not waive in advance his or her right to bring an action under the bond against the surety. In any action brought to enforce a claim against a payment bond under this section, the prevailing party is entitled to recover a reasonable fee for the services of his or her attorney for trial and appeal or for arbitration, in an amount to be determined by the court, which fee must be taxed as part of the prevailing party's costs, as allowed in equitable actions.

Section 11. Section 337.195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

337.195 Limits on liability.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Contract documents" means those contract documents

 defined in Section 1-3 of the department's Standard

 Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction which are
 applicable under the contract between the department and the
 contractor.
- (b) "Contractor" means a person or entity at any contractual tier, including any member of a design-build team, who, pursuant to s. 337.11, constructs, maintains, or repairs a

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highway, road, street, bridge, or other transportation facility for the department or in connection with a department project.

- (c) "Design engineer" means a person or entity, including the design consultant of a design-build team, who contracts at any tier to prepare or provide engineering plans, including traffic control plans, for the construction or repair of a highway, road, street, bridge, or other department transportation facility.
- (d) "Traffic control plans" means maintenance of traffic plans designed by a professional engineer, or otherwise in accordance with the department's standard plans, and approved by the department.
- (2)(1) In a civil action for the death of or injury to a person, or for damage to property, against the department of Transportation or its agents, consultants, or contractors for work performed on a highway, road, street, bridge, or other transportation facility when the death, injury, or damage resulted from a motor vehicle crash within a construction zone in which the driver of one of the vehicles was under the influence of alcoholic beverages as set forth in s. 316.193, under the influence of any chemical substance as set forth in s. 877.111, under the influence of marijuana authorized by s. 381.986, excluding low-THC cannabis, or illegally under the influence of any substance controlled under chapter 893 to the extent that her or his normal faculties were impaired or that

she or he operated a vehicle recklessly as defined in s. 316.192, it is presumed that the driver's operation of the vehicle was the sole proximate cause of her or his own death, injury, or damage. This presumption can be overcome if the gross negligence or intentional misconduct of the department of Transportation, or of its agents, consultants, or contractors, was a proximate cause of the driver's death, injury, or damage.

- (3) (a) (2) A contractor is immune from liability for who constructs, maintains, or repairs a highway, road, street, bridge, or other transportation facility for the Department of Transportation is not liable to a claimant for personal injury, property damage, or death arising from the performance of the construction, maintenance, or repair if, at the time of the personal injury, property damage, or death, the contractor was in compliance with contract documents material to the condition that was the proximate cause of the personal injury, property damage, or death arising from:
- 1. The performance of the construction, maintenance, or repair of the transportation facility if, at the time the personal injury, property damage, or death occurred, the contractor was in compliance with the contract documents material to the personal injury, property damage, or death.
- 2. Acts or omissions of a third party who furnishes, or contracts at any contractual tier to furnish, services or materials to the transportation facility, including a

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subcontractor; sub-subcontractor; laborer; materialman; owner, lessor, or operator of a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, truck, heavy truck, truck tractor, or commercial motor vehicle as those terms are defined in s. 320.01; or person who performs services as an architect, a landscape architect, an interior designer, an engineer, or a surveyor and mapper.

- 3. Acts or omissions of a third party who trespasses within the limits of the transportation facility or otherwise is not authorized to enter the area of the transportation facility in which the personal injury, property damage, or death was caused.
- 4. Acts or omissions of a third party who damages, modifies, moves, or removes a traffic control device, warning device, barrier, or any other facility or device used for the public's safety and convenience.
- (b)(a) The <u>limitations</u> <u>limitation</u> on liability contained in this subsection <u>do</u> <u>does</u> not apply when the proximate cause of the personal injury, property damage, or death is a latent condition, defect, error, or omission that was created by the contractor and not a defect, error, or omission in the contract documents; or when the proximate cause of the personal injury, property damage, or death was the contractor's failure to <u>perform, update, or</u> comply with the <u>maintenance of the</u> traffic <u>control plans</u> <u>safety plan</u> as required by the contract documents.

(c) (b) Nothing in This subsection does not relieve shall

be interpreted or construed as relieving the contractor of any obligation to provide the department of Transportation with written notice of any apparent error or omission in the contract documents.

- (d)(e) Nothing in This subsection does not shall be interpreted or construed to alter or affect any claim of the department of Transportation against such contractor.
- (e)(d) This subsection does not affect any claim of any entity against such contractor, which claim is associated with such entity's facilities on or in department of Transportation roads or other transportation facilities.
- (4)(3) In all cases involving personal injury, property damage, or death, a design engineer person or entity who contracts to prepare or provide engineering plans for the construction or repair of a highway, road, street, bridge, or other transportation facility for the Department of Transportation shall be presumed to have prepared such engineering plans using the degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised by other engineers in the field under similar conditions and in similar localities and with due regard for acceptable engineering standards and principles if the engineering plans conformed to the department's Department of Transportation's design standards material to the condition or defect that was the proximate cause of the personal injury, property damage, or death. This presumption can be overcome only

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upon a showing of the design engineer's person's or entity's gross negligence in the preparation of the engineering plans and does shall not be interpreted or construed to alter or affect any claim of the department of Transportation against such design engineer person or entity. The limitation on liability contained in this subsection does shall not apply to any hidden or undiscoverable condition created by the design engineer. This subsection does not affect any claim of any entity against such design engineer or engineering firm, which claim is associated with such entity's facilities on or in department of Transportation roads or other transportation facilities. (4) In any civil action for death, injury, or damages against the Department of Transportation or its agents, consultants, engineers, or contractors for work performed on a highway, road, street, bridge, or other transportation facility, if the department, its agents, consultants, engineers, or contractors are immune from liability pursuant to this section or are not parties to the litigation, they may not be named on the jury verdict form or be found to be at fault for the injury, death, or damage that gave rise to the damages. Section 12. (1) The Department of Transportation shall convene a working group for the purpose of streamlining the process of developing, executing, and revising utility relocation agreements authorized under ss. 337.401 and 337.403, Florida Statutes, to facilitate timely relocation of utilities

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726	that are in conflict with the department's construction
727	projects.
728	(2) The working group shall consist of the following
729	members:
730	(a) Eight members designated by department, one of whom is
731	a representative of the department's central office and seven of
732	whom each represent one of the department's districts.
733	(b) One member designated by each investor-owned electric
734	utility in this state.
735	(c) One member designated by the Florida Municipal
736	Electric Association who is a representative of municipal
737	electric and gas utilities.
738	(d) One member designated by the Florida Electric
739	Cooperatives Association, Inc., who is a representative of the
740	electric cooperative industry.
741	(e) Two members designated by the telecommunications
742	industry, one of whom is a wireless provider.
743	(f) One member designated by Florida Internet & Television
744	Association, Inc., who is a representative of the cable and
745	television industry.
746	(g) One member designated by the department who provides
747	broadband services.
748	(h) One member designated by the Florida Natural Gas

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Association who provides natural gas distribution.

_	(i)	Four	members	desig	nated	d by	the	Florida	Trar	nspo	ortat	ion
Builde	ers'	Assoc	ciation,	Inc.,	who	are	rep	resentati	ves	of	the	road
and bridge contractor industry.												

- (3) By January 2, 2025, the Department of Transportation shall provide a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which contains a list of recommendations mutually agreed upon by the department and the working group, including, but not limited to, recommendations regarding any changes to current law or administrative rules, in furtherance of the purpose provided in subsection (1).
- Section 13. Section 339.28201, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

339.28201 Local Agency Program. -

- (1) There is created within the department a Local Agency Program for the purpose of providing assistance to subrecipient agencies, which include counties, municipalities, intergovernmental agencies, and other eligible governmental entities, to develop, design, and construct transportation facilities using funds allocated by federal agencies to the department which are then suballocated by the department to local agencies.
- (2) The department is responsible for oversight of funded projects on behalf of the Federal Highway Administration. The department shall update the project cost estimate in the year

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the project is granted to the local agency and shall include a contingency amount as part of the project cost estimate.

- (3) Local agencies shall prioritize and budget local projects through their respective metropolitan planning organizations or governing boards that are eligible for reimbursement for the services provided to the traveling public through compliance with applicable federal statutes, rules, and regulations.
- (4) Federal-aid highway funds are available only to local agencies that are certified by the department based on their qualifications, experience, ability to comply with federal requirements, and ability to undertake and satisfactorily complete the work.
- (5) At a minimum, such local agencies shall include in their contracts to develop, design, or construct transportation facilities the department's Division I General Requirements and Covenants for local agencies and a contingency amount in the project cost to account for unforeseen conditions.
- Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 339.2825, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 339.2825 Approval of contractor-financed projects.-
- (3) This section does not apply to a <u>comprehensive</u> public- private partnership agreement authorized in s. 334.30(2)(a).
- Section 15. Subsection (4) of section 627.06501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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627.06501	Insurance	discounts	for	certain	persons
completing drive	er improver	ment course	e.—		

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- (4) This section does not apply if the driver improvement course is taken in lieu of a court appearance for a traffic infraction as provided for in s. 318.14(9). However, the <u>eight-election</u> restriction enumerated in that section is not applicable to taking the course for the purposes of receiving insurance premium reductions.
 - Section 16. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

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