442590

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
02/27/2024		
	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Rules (Brodeur) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

1 2 3

6

8

9

10

11

Delete lines 61 - 111

4 and insert: 5

one person which exceeds the sum of \$300,000  $\frac{$200,000}{}$  or any claim or judgment, or portions thereof, which, when totaled with all other claims or judgments paid by the state or its agencies or subdivisions arising out of the same incident or occurrence, exceeds the sum of \$500,000 \$300,000. However, a judgment or judgments may be claimed and rendered in excess of these amounts and may be settled and paid pursuant to this act up to \$300,000

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

30

31

32

33

34 35

36

37

38

39

40



or  $$500,000 \frac{$200,000}{000}$  or \$300,000, as the case may be; and that portion of the judgment that exceeds these amounts may be reported to the Legislature, and but may be paid in part or in whole only by further act of the Legislature.

- (b) Notwithstanding the limited waiver of sovereign immunity provided in paragraph (a):
- 1.  $\frac{\text{herein}_{r}}{\text{The state}}$  The state or an agency  $\frac{\text{or subdivision}}{\text{subdivision}}$  thereof may agree, within the limits of insurance coverage provided, to settle a claim made or a judgment rendered against it in excess of the waiver provided in paragraph (a) without further action by the Legislature.
- 2. A subdivision of the state may agree to settle a claim made or a judgment rendered against it in excess of the waiver provided in paragraph (a) without further action by the Legislature.

27 28 However, but the state or an agency or subdivision thereof may 29 shall not be deemed to have waived any defense of sovereign

immunity or to have increased the limits of its liability as a result of its obtaining insurance coverage for tortious acts in

excess of the \$200,000 or \$300,000 waiver provided in paragraph

(a). However, a party may not lobby against any agreed upon settlement brought to the Legislature as a settled claim bill

above. An insurance policy may not condition the payment of benefits, in whole or in part, on the enactment of a claim bill.

(c) The limitations of liability set forth in this subsection shall apply to the state and its agencies and subdivisions whether or not the state or its agencies or subdivisions possessed sovereign immunity before July 1, 1974.



(d) (b) A municipality has a duty to allow the municipal law enforcement agency to respond appropriately to protect persons and property during a riot or an unlawful assembly based on the availability of adequate equipment to its municipal law enforcement officers and relevant state and federal laws. If the governing body of a municipality or a person authorized by the governing body of the municipality breaches that duty, the municipality is civilly liable for any damages, including damages arising from personal injury, wrongful death, or property damages proximately caused by the municipality's breach of duty. The sovereign immunity recovery limits in paragraph (a) do not apply to an action under this paragraph.

(e) When determining liability limits for a claim, the limitations of liability in effect on the date when the claim incident occurred apply to the claim.

56 57

58

59

61

41

42

43

44

45 46

47

48

49

50 51

52

53

54

55

========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 15

60 and insert:

claim; requiring the Department of Financial