1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to ethics; amending s. 112.3122, F.S.;
3	increasing the maximum fine for violations of
4	specified lobbying provisions; amending s. 112.3144,
5	F.S.; authorizing attorneys who file full and public
6	disclosures of their financial interests to indicate
7	that a client meets disclosure criteria without
8	providing further information relating to such client;
9	authorizing such attorneys to designate such clients
10	as "Legal Client" on such disclosures; amending s.
11	112.3145, F.S.; deleting obsolete language;
12	authorizing attorneys who file statements of financial
13	interests to indicate that a client meets disclosure
14	criteria without providing further information
15	relating to such client; authorizing such attorneys to
16	designate such clients as "Legal Client" on such
17	statements; amending s. 112.321, F.S.; prohibiting a
18	member of the Commission on Ethics from serving more
19	than two full terms, instead of two full terms in
20	succession; making technical changes; deleting
21	obsolete language; amending s. 112.317, F.S.;
22	providing that a complainant is liable for costs plus
23	reasonable attorney fees for filing a complaint with
24	malicious intent against a candidate for public
25	office; amending s. 112.324, F.S.; requiring that
26	allegations in written complaints submitted to the
27	commission be based upon personal knowledge or
28	information other than hearsay; specifying that a
29	certain number of members of the commission are not
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30 required to make a specified determination related to written referrals submitted to the commission by 31 32 specified parties; requiring the commission to submit a copy of a certain referral to an alleged violator 33 34 within a specified timeframe; requiring the commission 35 to undertake a preliminary investigation within a 36 specified timeframe after receipt of technically and 37 legally sufficient complaints or referrals and make a certain determination; authorizing a complainant to 38 39 submit an amended complaint within a specified 40 timeframe; providing that the probable cause 41 determination concludes the preliminary investigation; 42 requiring the commission to complete a preliminary investigation, including a probable cause 43 44 determination, within a specified timeframe; requiring the commission to complete an investigatory report 45 46 within a specified timeframe; authorizing the 47 commission to extend, for a specified period, the allowable timeframe to adequately complete a 48 49 preliminary investigation if a specified number of members of the commission determine such extension is 50 necessary; requiring the commission to document the 51 52 reasons for extending such investigation and transmit 53 a copy of such documentation to the alleged violator 54 and complainant within a specified timeframe; 55 requiring the commission to transmit a copy of the 56 completed report to an alleged violator and to the 57 counsel representing the commission within a specified 58 timeframe; requiring such counsel to make a written

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59 recommendation for disposition of a complaint or 60 referral within a specified timeframe after receiving 61 the investigatory report; requiring the commission to 62 transmit such recommendation to the alleged violator 63 within a specified timeframe; providing that the 64 alleged violator has a specified timeframe to respond 65 in writing to the counsel's recommendation; requiring the commission, upon receipt of the counsel's 66 recommendation, to schedule a probable cause hearing 67 68 for the next executive session of the commission for 69 which notice requirements can be met; providing that, 70 under specified conditions, the commission may dismiss 71 complaints or referrals before completion of a 72 preliminary investigation; providing a timeframe 73 within which the commission must transmit a copy of 74 the order finding probable cause to the complainant 75 and the alleged violator after a finding of probable 76 cause; specifying that an alleged violator is entitled 77 to request a formal hearing before the Division of 78 Administrative Hearings or may select an informal hearing with the commission; providing that persons 79 80 are deemed to waive their rights to a formal or an 81 informal hearing if the request is not received within 82 a specified timeframe; providing the timeframe within 83 which the commission must conduct an informal hearing; requiring the commission to schedule a case that has 84 85 been relinquished from the Division of Administrative 86 Hearings for additional action at the next commission 87 meeting for which notice requirements can be met;

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88	requiring the commission to complete final action on
89	such case within a specified timeframe; requiring a
90	specified percentage of commission members present at
91	a meeting to vote to reject or deviate from a
92	recommendation made by the counsel representing the
93	commission; providing that specified timeframes are
94	tolled until the completion of a related criminal
95	investigation or prosecution, excluding appeals,
96	whichever occurs later; providing that a harmless
97	error standard applies to the commission regarding
98	specified timeframes; amending s. 112.326, F.S.;
99	providing requirements for noncriminal complaint
100	procedures if a political subdivision or an agency
101	adopts more stringent standards of conduct and
102	disclosure requirements; providing that existing and
103	future ordinances and rules that are in conflict with
104	specified provisions are void; providing an effective
105	date.
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107	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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109	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
110	112.3122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
111	112.3122 Enforcement and penalties for constitutional
112	prohibition against lobbying by a public officer
113	(4) A violation of s. 8(f), Art. II of the State
114	Constitution may be punished by one or more of the following:
115	(b) A civil penalty not to exceed $\frac{20,000}{10,000}$.
116	Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section
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117 112.3144, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 118 112.3144 Full and public disclosure of financial 119 interests.-120 (6)121 (c)1. Each separate source and amount of income which exceeds \$1,000 must be identified. For the purpose of a filer 122 123 reporting income, the commission shall accept federal income tax 124 returns. If a filer submits a federal income tax return for the 125 purpose of reporting income, he or she must also include all 126 attachments and schedules associated with such federal income 127 tax return. 128 2. If disclosure of identifying information regarding a 129 source of income or secondary sources of income will violate 130 confidentiality or privilege pursuant to law or rules governing attorneys, a filer who is also an attorney may indicate that he 131 132 or she has a legal client who meets the disclosure criteria 133 without providing further information about the client. The 134 filer in such circumstance may write "Legal Client" in the 135 disclosure fields without providing further information. 136 Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 112.3145, Florida 137 Statutes, is amended to read: 138 112.3145 Disclosure of financial interests and clients 139 represented before agencies.-(3) The statement of financial interests for state 140 141 officers, specified state employees, local officers, and persons 142 seeking to qualify as candidates for state or local office shall 143 be filed even if the reporting person holds no financial 144 interests requiring disclosure in a particular category, in 145 which case that section of the statement shall be marked "not

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applicable." Otherwise, the statement of financial interests 146 147 must include the information under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b). The reporting person must indicate on the statement whether 148 he or she is using the reporting method under paragraph (a) or 149 150 paragraph (b). Beginning January 1, 2023, only the reporting 151 method specified under paragraph (b) may be used. 152 (a) 1. All sources of income in excess of 5 percent of the 153 gross income received during the disclosure period by the person 154 in his or her own name or by any other person for his or her use 155 or benefit, excluding public salary. However, this shall not be 156 construed to require disclosure of a business partner's sources 157 of income. The person reporting shall list such sources in 158 descending order of value with the largest source first; 2. All sources of income to a business entity in excess of 159 160 10 percent of the gross income of a business entity in which the 161 reporting person held a material interest and from which he or 162 she received an amount which was in excess of 10 percent of his or her gross income during the disclosure period and which 163 164 exceeds \$1,500. The period for computing the gross income of the 165 business entity is the fiscal year of the business entity which 166 ended on, or immediately prior to, the end of the disclosure 167 period of the person reporting; 168 3. The location or description of real property in this state, except for residences and vacation homes, owned directly 169 170 or indirectly by the person reporting, when such person owns in

171 excess of 5 percent of the value of such real property, and a 172 general description of any intangible personal property worth in 173 excess of 10 percent of such person's total assets. For the 174 purposes of this paragraph, indirect ownership does not include

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175	ownership by a spouse or minor child; and
176	4. Every individual liability that equals more than the
177	reporting person's net worth; or
178	(b) 1. All sources of gross income in excess of \$2,500
179	received during the disclosure period by the person in his or
180	her own name or by any other person for his or her use or
181	benefit, excluding public salary. However, this shall not be
182	construed to require disclosure of a business partner's sources
183	of income. The person reporting shall list such sources in
184	descending order of value with the largest source first;
185	2. All sources of income to a business entity in excess of
186	10 percent of the gross income of a business entity in which the
187	reporting person held a material interest and from which he or
188	she received gross income exceeding \$5,000 during the disclosure
189	period. The period for computing the gross income of the
190	business entity is the fiscal year of the business entity which
191	ended on, or immediately prior to, the end of the disclosure
192	period of the person reporting;
193	3. The location or description of real property in this
194	state, except for residence and vacation homes, owned directly
195	or indirectly by the person reporting, when such person owns in
196	excess of 5 percent of the value of such real property, and a
197	general description of any intangible personal property worth in
198	excess of \$10,000. For the purpose of this paragraph, indirect
199	ownership does not include ownership by a spouse or minor child;
200	and
201	4. Every liability in excess of \$10,000.
202	(b) If disclosure of identifying information regarding a
203	source of income or secondary sources of income will violate
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204 confidentiality or privilege pursuant to law or rules governing 205 attorneys, a filer who is also an attorney may indicate that he 206 or she has a legal client who meets the disclosure criteria 207 without providing further information about the client. The 208 filer in such circumstance may write "Legal Client" in the 209 disclosure fields without providing further information. 210 Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 112.321, Florida 211 Statutes, is amended to read: 112.321 Membership, terms; travel expenses; staff.-212 213 (1) The commission shall be composed of nine members. Five 214 of these members shall be appointed by the Governor, no more 215 than three of whom shall be from the same political party, 216 subject to confirmation by the Senate. One member appointed by the Governor shall be a former city or county official and may 217 218 be a former member of a local planning or zoning board which has 219 only advisory duties. Two members shall be appointed by the 220 Speaker of the House of Representatives, and two members shall 221 be appointed by the President of the Senate. Neither the Speaker 222 of the House of Representatives nor the President of the Senate 223 shall appoint more than one member from the same political 224 party. Of the nine members of the Commission, no more than five 225 members shall be from the same political party at any one time. 226 A No member may not hold any public employment. An individual 227 who qualifies as a lobbyist pursuant to s. 11.045 or s. 112.3215 228 or pursuant to any local government charter or ordinance may not 229 serve as a member of the commission, except that this 230 prohibition does not apply to an individual who is a member of the commission on July 1, 2006, until the expiration of his or 231 232 her current term. A member of the commission may not lobby any

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233 state or local governmental entity as provided in s. 11.045 or 234 s. 112.3215 or as provided by any local government charter or 235 ordinance, except that this prohibition does not apply to an 236 individual who is a member of the commission on July 1, 2006, 237 until the expiration of his or her current term. All members 238 shall serve 2-year terms. A member may not serve more than two 239 full terms in succession. Any member of the commission may be 240 removed for cause by majority vote of the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 241 242 Representatives, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

243Section 5. Subsection (7) of section 112.317, Florida244Statutes, is amended to read:

245

112.317 Penalties.-

(7) In any case in which the commission determines that a 246 247 person has filed a complaint against a public officer or 248 employee or a candidate for public office with a malicious 249 intent to injure the reputation of such officer or employee or 250 candidate by filing the complaint with knowledge that the 251 complaint contains one or more false allegations or with 252 reckless disregard for whether the complaint contains false 253 allegations of fact material to a violation of this part, the 254 complainant shall be liable for costs plus reasonable attorney 255 fees incurred in the defense of the person complained against, 256 including the costs and reasonable attorney fees incurred in 257 proving entitlement to and the amount of costs and fees. If the 258 complainant fails to pay such costs and fees voluntarily within 259 30 days following such finding by the commission, the commission shall forward such information to the Department of Legal 260 Affairs, which shall bring a civil action in a court of 261

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262 competent jurisdiction to recover the amount of such costs and 263 fees awarded by the commission. 264 Section 6. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 112.324, 265 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 266 112.324 Procedures on complaints of violations and 267 referrals; public records and meeting exemptions.-268 (1) The commission shall investigate an alleged violation 269 of this part or other alleged breach of the public trust within 270 the jurisdiction of the commission as provided in s. 8(f), Art. 271 II of the State Constitution: 272 (a) Upon a written complaint executed on a form prescribed 273 by the commission which is based upon personal knowledge or 274 information other than hearsay and signed under oath or 275 affirmation by any person; or 276 (b) Upon receipt of a written referral of a possible 277 violation of this part or other possible breach of the public 278 trust from the Governor, the Department of Law Enforcement, a 279 state attorney, or a United States Attorney which at least six 280 members of the commission determine is sufficient to indicate a 281 violation of this part or any other breach of the public trust. 282 283 Within 5 days after receipt of a complaint or referral by the 284 commission or a determination by at least six members of the commission that the referral received is deemed sufficient, a 285 286 copy must shall be transmitted to the alleged violator. 287 (3) (a) A preliminary investigation must shall be undertaken 288 by the commission within 30 days after its receipt of each 289 technically and legally sufficient complaint or referral over which the commission has jurisdiction to determine whether there 290

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291	is probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred. \underline{A}
292	complainant may submit an amended complaint up to 60 days after
293	the commission receives the initial complaint. The probable
294	cause determination is the conclusion of the preliminary
295	investigation. The commission shall complete the preliminary
296	investigation, including the probable cause determination, no
297	later than 1 year after the beginning of the preliminary
298	investigation.
299	(b) An investigatory report must be completed no later than
300	150 days after the beginning of the preliminary investigation.
301	If, at any one meeting of the commission held during a given
302	preliminary investigation, at least six members of the
303	commission determine that additional time is necessary to
304	adequately complete such investigation, the commission may
305	extend the timeframe to complete the preliminary investigation
306	by no more than 60 days. During such meeting, the commission
307	shall document its reasons for extending the investigation and
308	transmit a copy of such documentation to the alleged violator
309	and complainant no later than 5 days after the extension is
310	ordered. The investigatory report must be transmitted to the
311	alleged violator and to the counsel representing the commission
312	no later than 5 days after completion of the report. The counsel
313	representing the commission shall make a written recommendation
314	to the commission for the disposition of the complaint or
315	referral no later than 15 days after he or she receives the
316	completed investigatory report. The commission shall transmit
317	the counsel's written recommendation to the alleged violator no
318	later than 5 days after its completion. The alleged violator has
319	14 days after the mailing date of the counsel's recommendation

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320 <u>to respond in writing to the recommendation.</u>
321 <u>(c) Upon receipt of the counsel's recommendation, the</u>
322 <u>commission shall schedule a probable cause hearing for the next</u>
323 <u>executive session of the commission for which notice</u>
324 <u>requirements can be met.</u>

325 (d) If, upon completion of the preliminary investigation, 326 the commission finds no probable cause to believe that this part 327 has been violated, or that no any other breach of the public 328 trust has been committed, the commission must shall dismiss the 329 complaint or referral with the issuance of a public report to 330 the complainant and the alleged violator, stating with 331 particularity its reasons for dismissal. At that time, the 332 complaint or referral and all materials relating to the 333 complaint or referral shall become a matter of public record.

334 (e) If the commission finds from the preliminary 335 investigation probable cause to believe that this part has been 336 violated or that any other breach of the public trust has been 337 committed, it must transmit a copy of the order finding probable 338 cause to shall so notify the complainant and the alleged 339 violator in writing no later than 5 days after the date of the 340 probable cause determination. Such notification and all 341 documents made or received in the disposition of the complaint 342 or referral shall then become public records. Upon request 343 submitted to the commission in writing, any person who the commission finds probable cause to believe has violated any 344 345 provision of this part or has committed any other breach of the 346 public trust is shall be entitled to a public hearing and may 347 elect to have a formal administrative hearing conducted by an 348 administrative law judge in the Division of Administrative

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349	Hearings. If the person does not elect to have a formal
350	administrative hearing by an administrative law judge, the
351	person is entitled to an informal hearing conducted before the
352	<u>commission</u> . Such person <u>is</u> shall be deemed to have waived the
353	right to a <u>formal or an informal</u> public hearing if the request
354	is not received within 14 days following the mailing <u>date</u> of the
355	probable cause notification required by this paragraph
356	subsection. However, the commission may, on its own motion,
357	require a public hearing <u>.</u>
358	(f) If the commission conducts an informal hearing, it must
359	be held no later than 75 days after the date of the probable
360	cause determination.
361	(g) If the commission refers a case to the Division of
362	Administrative Hearings for a formal hearing and subsequently
363	requests that the case be relinquished back to the commission,
364	or if the administrative law judge assigned to the case
365	relinquishes jurisdiction back to the commission before a
366	recommended order is entered, the commission must schedule the
367	case for additional action at the next commission meeting for
368	which notice requirements can be met. At the next subsequent
369	commission meeting, the commission must complete final action on
370	such case.
371	(h) The commission, may conduct such further investigation
372	as it deems necessary, and may enter into such stipulations and
373	settlements as it finds to be just and in the best interest of
374	the state. The commission is without jurisdiction to, and no
375	respondent may voluntarily or involuntarily, enter into a
376	stipulation or settlement which imposes any penalty, including,
377	but not limited to, a sanction or admonition or any other
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378 penalty contained in s. 112.317. Penalties <u>may shall</u> be imposed 379 only by the appropriate disciplinary authority as designated in 380 this section.

381 (i) At least two-thirds of the members of the commission 382 present at a meeting must vote to reject or deviate from a 383 recommendation of the counsel representing the commission.

(j) If a criminal complaint related to an investigation pursuant to this section is filed, the timeframes in this subsection are tolled until completion of the criminal investigation or prosecution, excluding any appeals from such prosecution, whichever occurs later.

(k) The failure of the commission to comply with the time limits provided in this subsection constitutes harmless error in any related disciplinary action unless a court finds that the fairness of the proceedings or the correctness of an action may have been impaired by a material error in procedure or a failure to follow prescribed procedure.

395 Section 7. Section 112.326, Florida Statutes, is amended to 396 read:

397 112.326 Additional requirements by political subdivisions
398 and agencies not prohibited; certain procedures preempted.-

399 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), Nothing in this 400 part does not act shall prohibit the governing body of any 401 political subdivision, by ordinance, or agency, by rule, from 402 imposing upon its own officers and employees additional or more 403 stringent standards of conduct and disclosure requirements than 404 those specified in this part, provided that those standards of 405 conduct and disclosure requirements do not otherwise conflict with the provisions of this part. 406

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407	(2) If a political subdivision or an agency adopts by
408	ordinance or rule additional or more stringent standards of
409	conduct and disclosure requirements pursuant to subsection (1),
410	any noncriminal complaint procedure must:
411	(a) Require a complaint to be written and signed under oath
412	or affirmation by the person making the complaint;
413	(b) Require a complaint to be based upon personal knowledge
414	or information other than hearsay;
415	(c) Prohibit the initiation of a complaint or investigation
416	by the governing body of the political subdivision, agency, or
417	any entity created to enforce the standards; and
418	(d) Include a provision establishing a process for the
419	recovery of costs and attorney fees for public officers, public
420	employees, or candidates for public office against a person
421	found by the governing body of the political subdivision,
422	agency, or entity created to enforce the standards to have filed
423	the complaint with a malicious intent to injure the reputation
424	of such officer, employee, or candidate by filing the complaint
425	with knowledge that the complaint contains one or more false
426	allegations or with reckless disregard for whether the complaint
427	contains false allegations of fact material to a violation.
428	(3) Any existing or future ordinance or rule adopted by a
429	political subdivision or an agency which is in conflict with
430	subsection (2) is void.
431	Section 8. This act shall take effect October 1, 2024.

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