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A bill to be entitled An act relating to child maintenance restitution; providing a short title; creating s. 775.088, F.S.; defining the term "child maintenance restitution"; authorizing a court to order a defendant to pay child maintenance restitution to the surviving parent or quardian of a minor if the defendant is convicted of violating specified provisions of law and the deceased victim of the offense was the parent or quardian of a child; requiring monthly payments; providing an exception; requiring the court to determine an amount that is reasonable and necessary based on specified relevant factors if it sentences the defendant to pay child maintenance restitution; providing for the resolution of disputes as to the proper amount of child maintenance restitution; providing for the collection, disbursement, and enforcement of child maintenance restitution; providing requirements for the issuance of income deduction orders with an order for restitution; specifying requirements for a notice that is required to accompany income deduction orders; providing for enforcement of income deduction orders; authorizing payors to collect a fee for income deduction orders; prohibiting a person from discharging, refusing to employ, or taking

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2.6 disciplinary action against an employee subject to 27 child maintenance restitution; providing civil 28 penalties; providing requirements for payors; 29 providing civil penalties; providing for payments after a defendant's incarceration; providing 30 circumstances under which child maintenance 31 32 restitution may not be ordered or under which there 33 must be an offset by a judgment award; providing that 34 a court may modify an order of child maintenance restitution; providing for jurisdiction of the 35 36 defendant; providing an effective date. 37 38 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 39 40 Section 1. This act may be cited as "Bentley's Law." Section 775.088, Florida Statutes, is created 41 Section 2. 42 to read: 43 775.088 Child maintenance restitution.-(1) "Child maintenance restitution" means a court-ordered 44 45 obligation for monetary support for the care, maintenance, 46 training, and education of a child younger than 18 years of age 47 whose parent or guardian is a deceased victim of an offense 48 specified in subsection (2).

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defendant convicted of a violation of s. 316.193(3)(c)3. or s.

(2) In addition to any punishment, the court may order a

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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327.35(3)(c)3. to make child maintenance restitution to the	
surviving parent or guardian of a minor child, if the deceased	<u>k</u>
victim of the offense was the parent or guardian of such child	d.
Such obligation must be paid monthly, unless otherwise ordered	<u>k</u>
by the court, until such child reaches 18 years of age.	

- (3) If a sentencing court orders the defendant to pay child maintenance restitution, the court must determine an amount that is reasonable and necessary for the support of each child of the deceased victim after considering all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
 - (a) The financial needs and resources of the child.
- (b) The financial needs and resources of the surviving parent or guardian of the child, including the state if the child is in the custody of the Department of Children and Families.
- (c) The standard of living to which the child is accustomed.
- (d) The physical and emotional condition of the child and the child's educational needs.
 - (e) The child's physical and legal custody arrangements.
- (f) The reasonable work-related child care expenses of the surviving parent or guardian.
- (4) Any dispute as to the proper amount of child maintenance restitution must be resolved by the court by the preponderance of the evidence. The court may consider hearsay

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evidence for this purpose, provided that it finds that the hearsay evidence has a minimal indicia of reliability. The burden of demonstrating an amount that is reasonable and necessary for the support of the victim's child or children is on the state attorney.

- (5) The court may order the clerk of the court to collect, enforce, and dispense child maintenance restitution payments.
- (6)(a) Issuance of income deduction order with an order for restitution.—
- 1. Upon the entry of an order for restitution, the court shall enter a separate order for income deduction if one has not been entered.
- 2. The income deduction order shall direct a payor to deduct from all income due and payable to the defendant the amount required by the court to meet the defendant's obligation.
- 3. The income deduction order must be effective as long as the order for restitution upon which it is based is effective or until further order of the court.
- 4. When the court orders the income deduction, the court shall furnish to the defendant a statement of his or her rights, remedies, and duties in regard to the income deduction order.

 The statement must include all of the following:
 - a. All fees or interest imposed.
- b. The total amount of income to be deducted for each pay period.

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c. A statement that the income deduction order applies to current and subsequent payors and periods of employment.

- d. A statement that a copy of the income deduction order will be served on the defendant's payor or payors.
- e. A statement that the defendant is required to notify the clerk of the court within 7 days after changes in the defendant's address or payors, or the addresses of his or her payors.
 - (b) Enforcement of income deduction orders.-
- 1. The clerk of the court or the defendant's probation officer shall serve an income deduction order and the notice described in subparagraph 4. to each of the defendant's payors, unless the defendant has applied for a hearing to contest the enforcement of the income deduction order.
- 2.a. Service by or upon any person who is a party to a proceeding under this paragraph must be made in the manner prescribed in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure for service upon parties.
- b. Service upon the defendant's payor or successor payor under this paragraph must be made by prepaid certified mail, return receipt requested, or in the manner prescribed in chapter 48.
- 3. Within 15 days after having an income deduction order entered against him or her, the defendant may apply for a hearing to contest the enforcement of the income deduction order

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on the ground of mistake of fact regarding the amount of restitution owed. The timely request for a hearing stays the service of an income deduction order on all payors of the defendant until a hearing is held and a determination is made as to whether the enforcement of the income deduction order is proper.

- 4. The notice to each payor may contain only that information necessary for the payor to comply with the income deduction order. The notice must:
- a. Require the payor to deduct from the defendant's income the amount specified in the income deduction order and to pay that amount to the clerk of the court.
- b. Instruct the payor to implement the income deduction order no later than the first payment date that occurs more than 14 days after the date the income deduction order was served on the payor.
- c. Instruct the payor to forward within 2 days after each payment date to the clerk of the court the amount deducted from the defendant's income and a statement as to whether the amount totally or partially satisfies the periodic amount specified in the income deduction order.
- d. Specify that, if a payor fails to deduct the proper amount from the defendant's income, the payor is liable for the amount the payor should have deducted plus costs, interest, and reasonable attorney fees.

e. Provide that the payor may collect up to \$5 from the defendant's income to reimburse the payor for administrative costs for the first income deduction and up to \$2 for each deduction thereafter.

- f. State that the income deduction order and the notice to payor are binding on the payor until further notice by the court or until the payor no longer provides income to the defendant.
- g. Instruct the payor that, when he or she no longer provides income to the defendant, the payor must notify the clerk of the court and must also provide the defendant's last known address and the name and address of the defendant's new payor, if known, and that, if the payor violates this subsubparagraph, the payor is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation.
- h. State that the payor may not discharge, refuse to employ, or take disciplinary action against the defendant because of an income deduction order and that a violation of this sub-subparagraph subjects the payor to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation.
- i. Inform the payor that, when he or she receives income deduction orders requiring that the income of two or more defendants be deducted and sent to the same clerk of the court, the payor may combine the amounts that are to be paid to the

depository in a single payment as long as he or she identifies the portion of the payment attributable to each defendant.

- j. Inform the payor that if the payor receives more than one income deduction order against the same defendant, including an income deduction order or notice for child support, the payor must allocate payments equally for all such orders or notices if there is not enough disposable income to fully satisfy each order or notice.
- 5. The clerk of the court shall enforce income deduction orders against the defendant's successor payor who is located in this state in the same manner prescribed in this subsection for the enforcement of an income deduction order against an original payor.
- 6. A person may not discharge, refuse to employ, or take disciplinary action against an employee because of the enforcement of an income deduction order. An employer who violates this subparagraph is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation.
- 7. When a payor no longer provides income to a defendant, the payor must notify the clerk of the court and must provide the defendant's last known address and the name and address of the defendant's new payor, if known. A payor who violates this subparagraph is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for a subsequent violation.

(/) A defendant who is ordered to pay child maintenance
restitution and is incarcerated and unable to pay such
restitution may have up to 1 year after release from
incarceration to begin payment. Such defendant must enter into a
payment plan with the clerk of the court to address any
arrearage. If a defendant's child maintenance restitution
payments are set to terminate but the defendant's obligation is
not paid in full, such payments must continue until the entire
arrearage is paid.
(8)(a) If the surviving parent or guardian of the child
brings a civil action against the defendant before the
sentencing court orders child maintenance restitution and the
surviving parent or guardian obtains a judgment in a civil suit,
child maintenance restitution may not be ordered under this
section.
(b) If the court orders the defendant to make child
maintenance restitution under this section and the surviving
parent or guardian subsequently brings a civil action and
obtains a judgment, the child maintenance restitution order must
be offset by the amount of the judgment awarded in the civil
action.
(9) The court may modify an order of child maintenance
restitution upon finding that such modification is reasonable

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The court may retain jurisdiction over a defendant

and necessary, based on a substantial change in circumstance.

226	whom the court has ordered to pay child maintenance restitution
227	until such restitution order is satisfied or until the court
228	orders otherwise.
229	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

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