By Senator Perry

9-01562A-24 2024838

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to first offense conditional release pilot program; creating s. 947.1406, F.S.; creating a pilot program for conditional release of certain first-time offenders; providing program requirements; providing for conditions of release; requiring a report; providing for termination of admittance to the program by a specified date, unless the program is renewed by the Legislature; providing for inmates admitted to the program before the termination of admittance; amending ss. 947.1405 and 947.141, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 947.1406, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

947.1406 First offense conditional release pilot program.—
(1) A person who has served 20 years or more incarcerated in a state correctional facility, who has no other felony convictions in any jurisdiction, other than convictions that have arisen out of the same incident or transaction as the sentence currently being served, and who has not had any disciplinary reports in the past 5 years, unless otherwise provided by law, may be eligible for conditional release unless he or she has been convicted of and is currently serving a sentence for the commission of, an attempt to commit, or a

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conspiracy to commit any of the following:

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30 (a) An offense specified in s. 775.084(1)(c), excluding s. 782.04(3) relating to felony murder; or

- (b) An offense that requires a person to register as a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or a sexual offender under s. 943.0435.
- (2) Such a person may be released under the procedures and restrictions provided under s. 947.1405, except as otherwise provided in this section.
 - (3) An inmate released under this section:
- (a) Must have, for purposes of processing him or her under s. 947.1405, a provisional release date of 90 days following the completion of 20 years of confinement.
- (b) An inmate released under this section must remain at his or her residence except for employment, medical care, and other necessary activities as determined by the commission for a period of 2 years following his or her release. Such an inmate may be electronically monitored as provided in s. 947.1405. If the inmate has no violations of his or her release conditions during that period, he or she may be placed on a less restrictive release as determined by the commission.
- (4) The commission shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January 2, 2027, concerning the success of the program. Factors to be considered include successful integration of inmates into their communities and the ability of inmates to finish the remainder of their sentences under house arrest.
- (5) Admittance to this program shall terminate June 30, 2027, unless the program is reviewed and saved from repeal

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through reenactment by the Legislature. Inmates in the program as of the termination of admission date may remain in the program until they have completed their sentences as long as they comply with its terms.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 947.1405, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

947.1405 Conditional release program.-

(1) This section, s. 947.1406, and s. 947.141 may be cited as the "Conditional Release Program Act."

Section 3. Subsections (1), (2), and (7) of section 947.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

947.141 Violations of conditional release, control release, or conditional medical release or addiction-recovery supervision.—

- (1) If a member of the commission or a duly authorized representative of the commission has reasonable grounds to believe that an offender who is on release supervision under s. 947.1405, <u>s. 947.1406</u>, s. 947.146, s. 947.149, or s. 944.4731 has violated the terms and conditions of the release in a material respect, such member or representative may cause a warrant to be issued for the arrest of the releasee; if the offender was found to be a sexual predator, the warrant must be issued.
- (2) Upon the arrest on a felony charge of an offender who is on release supervision under s. 947.1405, s. 947.1406, s. 947.146, s. 947.149, or s. 944.4731, the offender must be detained without bond until the initial appearance of the offender at which a judicial determination of probable cause is made. If the trial court judge determines that there was no

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probable cause for the arrest, the offender may be released. If the trial court judge determines that there was probable cause for the arrest, such determination also constitutes reasonable grounds to believe that the offender violated the conditions of the release. Within 24 hours after the trial court judge's finding of probable cause, the detention facility administrator or designee shall notify the commission and the department of the finding and transmit to each a facsimile copy of the probable cause affidavit or the sworn offense report upon which the trial court judge's probable cause determination is based. The offender must continue to be detained without bond for a period not exceeding 72 hours excluding weekends and holidays after the date of the probable cause determination, pending a decision by the commission whether to issue a warrant charging the offender with violation of the conditions of release. Upon the issuance of the commission's warrant, the offender must continue to be held in custody pending a revocation hearing held in accordance with this section.

(7) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that an offender who is on release supervision under s. 947.1405, s. 947.1406, s. 947.146, s. 947.149, or s. 944.4731 has violated the terms and conditions of his or her release by committing a felony offense, the officer shall arrest the offender without a warrant, and a warrant need not be issued in the case.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.