

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 02/06/2024 House

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Perry) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 82.035, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

82.035 Remedy for unlawful detention by a transient occupant of residential property; recovery of transient occupant's personal belongings.-

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(1) As used in this section, the term "transient occupant"

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11 means a person whose residency in real property intended for 12 residential use has occurred for a brief length of time, is not 13 pursuant to a lease, and whose occupancy was intended as 14 transient in nature.

(a) 1. Factors that establish that a person is a transient occupant include, but are not limited to:

<u>a.1.</u> The person does not have an ownership interest, financial interest, or leasehold interest in the property entitling him or her to occupancy of the property.

b.2. The person does not have any property utility subscriptions.

<u>c.3.</u> The person cannot produce documentation, correspondence, or identification cards sent or issued by a government agency, including, but not limited to, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or the supervisor of elections, which show that the person used the property address as an address of record with the agency within the previous 12 months.

d.4. The person pays minimal or no rent for his or her stay at the property.

<u>e.5.</u> The person does not have a designated space of his or her own, such as a room, at the property.

33 f.6. The person has minimal, if any, personal belongings at 34 the property.

35 <u>g.</u>7. The person has an apparent permanent residence 36 elsewhere.

2. A person is presumed to be a transient occupant if he or she is unable to produce at least one of the following: a. A notarized lease that includes the name and signature

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40	of the owner of the property.
41	b. A receipt or other reliable evidence demonstrating that
42	the person has paid to the owner or the owner's representative
43	rent for the last rent payment period. For monthly rental
44	tenancies and rental tenancies for any lesser period of time, a
45	receipt or other reliable evidence must be dated within the last
46	60 days.
47	c. Written evidence of actual possession for at least 7
48	years based upon a written claim of a conveyance of the property
49	or a decree or judgment providing a claim of title.
50	d. Written evidence of payment of all outstanding taxes and
51	special improvement liens levied against the property by the
52	state, county, and municipality and written evidence of a return
53	filed with the Department of Revenue as required by s. 95.18.
54	(b) Minor contributions made for the purchase of household
55	goods, or minor contributions towards other household expenses,
56	do not establish residency.
57	(3) Any law enforcement officer may, upon receipt of a
58	sworn affidavit of the party entitled to possession that a
59	person who is a transient occupant is unlawfully detaining
60	residential property, direct a transient occupant to surrender
61	possession of residential property. The sworn affidavit must set
62	forth the facts, including <u>any of</u> the applicable factors listed
63	in subparagraph (1)(a)1. or the inability to produce documents
64	as provided in subparagraph (1)(a)2. paragraph (1)(a), which
65	establish that a transient occupant is unlawfully detaining
66	residential property.
67	(a) A person who fails to comply with the direction of the
68	law enforcement officer to surrender possession or occupancy



69 violates s. 810.08. In any prosecution of a violation of s. 70 810.08 related to this section, whether the defendant was 71 properly classified as a transient occupant is not an element of 72 the offense, the state is not required to prove that the 73 defendant was in fact a transient occupant, and the defendant's 74 status as a permanent resident is not an affirmative defense. 75 (b) A person wrongfully removed pursuant to this subsection 76 has a cause of action for wrongful removal against the person 77 who requested the removal, and may recover injunctive relief and 78 compensatory damages. However, a wrongfully removed person does 79 not have a cause of action against the law enforcement officer 80 or the agency employing the law enforcement officer absent a 81 showing of bad faith by the law enforcement officer. 82 Section 2. Section 82.036, Florida Statutes, is created to 83 read: 84 82.036 Limited alternative remedy to remove unauthorized 85 persons from residential real property.-86 (1) The Legislature finds that the right to exclude others 87 from entering, and the right to direct others to immediately 88 vacate, residential real property are the most important real 89 property rights. The Legislature further finds that existing 90 remedies regarding unauthorized persons who unlawfully remain on residential real property fail to adequately protect the rights 91 92 of the property owner and fail to adequately discourage theft 93 and vandalism. The intent of this section is to quickly restore 94 possession of residential real property to the lawful owner of 95 the property when the property is being unlawfully occupied and 96 to thereby preserve property rights while limiting the 97 opportunity for criminal activity.

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98	(2) A property owner or his or her authorized agent may
99	request from the sheriff of the county in which the property is
100	located the immediate removal of a person or persons unlawfully
101	occupying a residential dwelling pursuant to this section if all
102	of the following conditions are met:
103	(a) The requesting person is the property owner or
104	authorized agent of the property owner;
105	(b) The real property that is being occupied includes a
106	residential dwelling;
107	(c) An unauthorized person or persons have unlawfully
108	entered and remain or continue to reside on the property owner's
109	property;
110	(d) The real property was not open to members of the public
111	at the time the unauthorized person or persons entered;
112	(e) The property owner has directed the unauthorized person
113	to leave the property;
114	(f) The unauthorized person or persons are not current or
115	former tenants pursuant to a written or oral rental agreement
116	authorized by the property owner;
117	(g) The unauthorized person or persons are not immediate
118	family members of the property owner; and
119	(h) There is no pending litigation related to the real
120	property between the property owner and any known unauthorized
121	person.
122	(3) To request the immediate removal of an unlawful
123	occupant of a residential dwelling, the property owner or his or
124	her authorized agent must submit a complaint by presenting a
125	completed and verified Complaint to Remove Persons Unlawfully
126	Occupying Residential Real Property to the sheriff of the county

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127	in which the real property is located. The submitted complaint
128	must be in substantially the following form:
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130	COMPLAINT TO REMOVE PERSONS UNLAWFULLY OCCUPYING
131	RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY
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133	I, the owner or authorized agent of the owner of the real
134	property located at, declare under the penalty of
135	perjury that (initial each box):
136	1 I am the owner of the real property or the
137	authorized agent of the owner of the real property.
138	2 I purchased the property on
139	3 The real property is a residential dwelling.
140	4 An unauthorized person or persons have unlawfully
141	entered and are remaining or residing unlawfully on the real
142	property.
143	5 The real property was not open to members of the
144	public at the time the unauthorized person or persons entered.
145	6 I have directed the unauthorized person or persons
146	to leave the real property, but they have not done so.
147	7 The person or persons are not current or former
148	tenants pursuant to any valid lease authorized by the property
149	owner, and any lease that may be produced by an occupant is
150	fraudulent.
151	8 The unauthorized person or persons sought to be
152	removed are not an owner or a co-owner of the property and have
153	not been listed on the title to the property unless the person
154	or persons have engaged in title fraud.
155	9 The unauthorized person or persons are not
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156	immediate family members of the property owner.
157	10 There is no litigation related to the real
158	property pending between the property owner and any person
159	sought to be removed.
160	11 I understand that a person or persons removed from
161	the property pursuant to this procedure may bring a cause of
162	action against me for any false statements made in this
163	complaint, or for wrongfully using this procedure, and that as a
164	result of such action I may be held liable for actual damages,
165	penalties, costs, and reasonable attorney fees.
166	12 I am requesting the sheriff to immediately remove
167	the unauthorized person or persons from the residential
168	property.
169	13 A copy of my valid government-issued
170	identification is attached, or I am an agent of the property
171	owner, and documents evidencing my authority to act on the
172	property owner's behalf are attached.
173	
174	I HAVE READ EVERY STATEMENT MADE IN THIS PETITION AND EACH
175	STATEMENT IS TRUE AND CORRECT. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE STATEMENTS
176	MADE IN THIS PETITION ARE BEING MADE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY,
177	PUNISHABLE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 837.02, FLORIDA STATUTES.
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179	(Signature of Property Owner or Agent of Owner)
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181	(4) Upon receipt of the complaint, the sheriff shall verify
182	that the person submitting the complaint is the record owner of
183	the real property or the authorized agent of the owner and
184	appears otherwise entitled to relief under this section. If

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185 verified, the sheriff shall, without delay, serve a notice to 186 immediately vacate on all the unlawful occupants and shall put 187 the owner in possession of the real property. Service may be 188 accomplished by hand delivery of the notice to an occupant or by 189 posting the notice on the front door or entrance of the 190 dwelling. The sheriff shall also attempt to verify the identities of all persons occupying the dwelling and note the 191 192 identities on the return of service. If appropriate, the sheriff 193 may arrest any person found in the dwelling for trespass, 194 outstanding warrants, or any other legal cause.

(5) The sheriff is entitled to the same fee for service of the notice to immediately vacate as if the sheriff were serving a writ of possession under s. 30.231. After the sheriff serves the notice to immediately vacate, the property owner or authorized agent may request that the sheriff stand by to keep the peace while the property owner or agent of the owner changes the locks and removes the personal property of the unlawful occupants from the premises to or near the property line. When such a request is made, the sheriff may charge a reasonable hourly rate, and the person requesting the sheriff to stand by and keep the peace is responsible for paying the reasonable hourly rate set by the sheriff. The sheriff is not liable to the unlawful occupant or any other party for loss, destruction, or damage of property. The property owner or his or her authorized agent is not liable to an unlawful occupant or any other party for the loss, destruction, or damage to the personal property unless the removal was wrongful.

212 (6) A person may bring a civil cause of action for wrongful 213 removal under this section. A person harmed by a wrongful

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214	removal under this section may be restored to possession of the
215	real property and may recover actual costs and damages incurred,
216	statutory damages equal to triple the fair market rent of the
217	dwelling, court costs, and reasonable attorney fees. The court
218	shall advance the cause on the calendar.
219	(7) This section does not limit the rights of a property
220	owner or limit the authority of a law enforcement officer to
221	arrest an unlawful occupant for trespassing, vandalism, theft,
222	or other crimes.
223	Section 3. Present subsections (4) through (11) of section
224	806.13, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5)
225	through (12), respectively, a new subsection (4) is added to
226	that section, and present subsection (10) of that section is
227	amended, to read:
228	806.13 Criminal mischief; penalties; penalty for minor
229	(4) A person who unlawfully detains or occupies or
230	trespasses upon a residential dwelling and who intentionally
231	damages the dwelling causing \$1,000 or more in damages commits a
232	felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
233	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
234	<u>(11)</u> A minor whose driver license or driving privilege
235	is revoked, suspended, or withheld under subsection (10) (9) may
236	elect to reduce the period of revocation, suspension, or
237	withholding by performing community service at the rate of 1 day
238	for each hour of community service performed. In addition, if
239	the court determines that due to a family hardship, the minor's
240	driver license or driving privilege is necessary for employment
241	or medical purposes of the minor or a member of the minor's
242	family, the court shall order the minor to perform community

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243 service and reduce the period of revocation, suspension, or 244 withholding at the rate of 1 day for each hour of community 245 service performed. As used in this subsection, the term 246 "community service" means cleaning graffiti from public 247 property.

Section 4. Section 817.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

817.03 Making false statement to obtain property or credit or to detain real property.-

(1) Any person who shall make or cause to be made any false statement, in writing, relating to his or her financial condition, assets or liabilities, or relating to the financial condition, assets or liabilities of any firm or corporation in which such person has a financial interest, or for whom he or she is acting, with a fraudulent intent of obtaining credit, goods, money or other property, and shall by such false statement obtain credit, goods, money or other property, <u>commits</u> <u>shall be guilty of</u> a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(2) Any person who, with the intent to detain or remain upon real property, knowingly and willfully presents to another person a false document purporting to be a valid lease agreement, deed, or other instrument conveying real property rights commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

268 Section 5. Section 817.0311, Florida Statutes, is created 269 to read:

270 <u>817.0311 Fraudulent sale or lease of residential real</u> 271 property.—A person who lists or advertises residential real

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272	property for sale knowing that the purported seller has no legal
273	title or authority to sell the property, or rents or leases the
274	property to another person knowing that he or she has no lawful
275	ownership in the property or leasehold interest in the property,
276	commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in
277	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
278	Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.
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280	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
281	And the title is amended as follows:
282	Delete everything before the enacting clause
283	and insert:
284	A bill to be entitled
285	An act relating to property rights; amending s.
286	82.035, F.S.; providing that a person is presumed to
287	be a transient occupant if he or she is unable to
288	produce specified documentation; making a technical
289	change; creating s. 82.036, F.S.; providing
290	legislative findings; authorizing property owners or
291	their authorized agents to request assistance from the
292	sheriff from where the property is located for
293	immediately removing unauthorized occupants from a
294	residential dwelling under certain conditions;
295	requiring such owners or agents to submit a specified
296	completed and verified complaint to the sheriff of the
297	county in which the real property is located;
298	specifying requirements for the form of the complaint;
299	requiring the sheriff to verify the identity of the
300	person submitting the complaint; requiring the sheriff
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301 to hand deliver a notice to immediately vacate to the 302 unlawful occupant or to post such notice in a 303 specified manner and to attempt to verify and note the 304 identity of all occupants; authorizing a sheriff to 305 arrest an unauthorized occupant for legal cause; 306 providing that sheriffs are entitled to a specified 307 fee for service of such notice; authorizing the owner 308 or agent to request that the sheriff stand by while 309 the owner or agent takes possession of the property; 310 authorizing the sheriff to charge a reasonable hourly 311 rate; providing that the sheriff is not liable to any 312 party for loss, destruction, or damage; providing that 313 the property owner or agent is not liable to any party 314 for the loss or destruction of, or damage to, personal 315 property unless it was wrongfully removed; providing 316 civil remedies; providing construction; amending s. 317 806.13, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for a person who unlawfully detains, or occupies or 318 319 trespasses upon, a residential dwelling and who 320 intentionally damages the dwelling causing at least a 321 specified amount damages; amending s. 817.03, F.S.; 322 providing criminal penalties for any person who 323 knowingly and willfully presents a false document 324 purporting to be a valid lease agreement, deed, or 325 other instrument conveying real property rights; 326 creating s. 817.0311, F.S.; providing criminal 327 penalties for a person who lists or advertises for 328 sale, or rents or leases, residential real property 329 under certain circumstances; providing criminal



330 penalties; providing an effective date.